SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

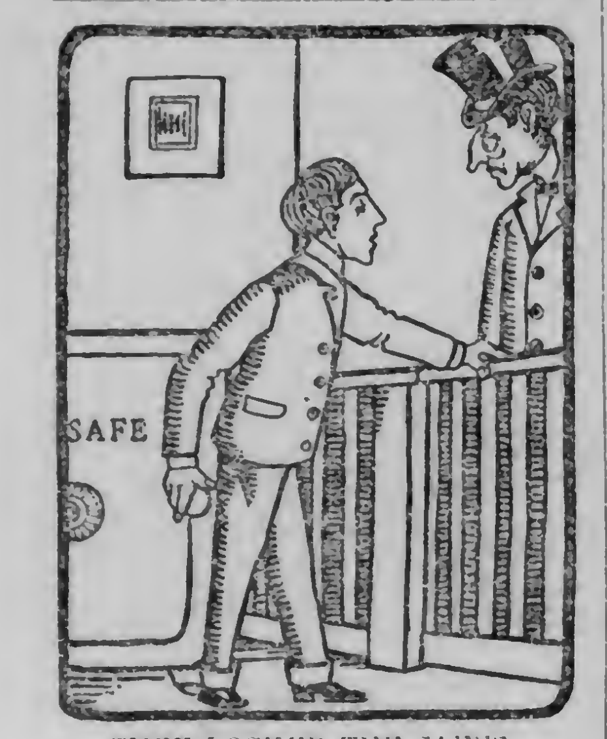
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1902.

Fables By George Ade.

The Modern Fable of the Effort to Convert the Work Horse Into a High Stepper.

(Copyright, 1902, by R. H. Russell.)

Once there was a plain, unvarnished Yank who made his Pile in a Scrub Town situated midway between the Oats Belt and the Tall Timber. He was a Large and sandy Mortal with a steel-trap Jaw and a cold glittering Eye. He made his first Stack a Dollar at a Time on straight Deals, but after awhile he learned a few Things. He organized Stock Companies and then crawled out, after hooking up with the Velvet. Everyone called him Mister and treated him with Politeness, but, just the same, when he walked into an Office Building they all wondered what he had come after and there was more or less locking of Safes. It is only fair to remark, on the Side, that he wouldn't take anything which was securely spiked down and the Grand Jury never bothered him, because he worked under a Contract.


THEY LOCKED THE SAFES.

The Financier was the high Center Pole of a Bank and a Department Store and several Factories that gave Young People a Start in the World at something like $2.75 per Week.

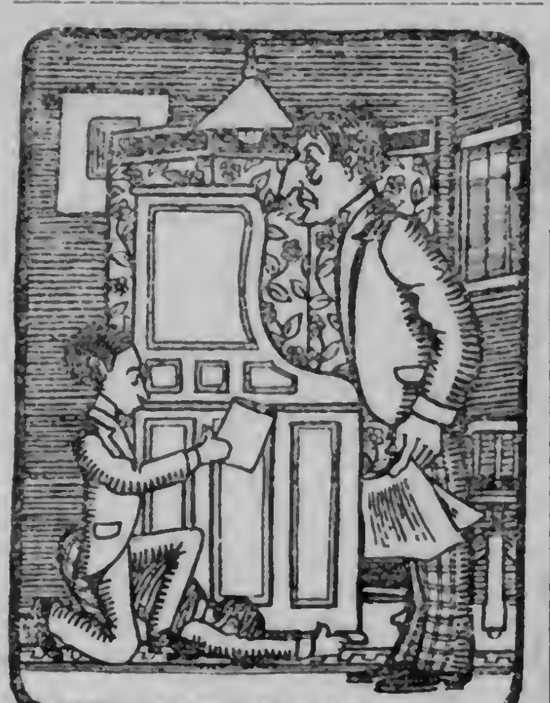
He was accustomed to having all the Subordinates stand on one Foot and tremble whenever he showed up. In fact, he was a very hefty Proposition all through the Business District. But when he struck the Street leading to his Home he began to reef his Sails and lower all of his Flags.

In his own Domicile he did not even play Second Fiddle. He simply trailed along at the fag end of the Parade and carried the Music. The Piercing Eye and the Peremptory Manner that caused all the Bookkeepers to fall off from their High Perches and prostrate themselves had no visible effect on Laura and the Girls. Popey was a High Guy at the Directors' Meeting but a mighty cheap Souffle at his own Fireside. Any time that his Plans did not coincide with those of the Feminine Bunch, they passed him a back-handed Veto that would cause him to lie quiet for Days at a time.

The Financier loved the boundless West, where the Sack Coat abounds and the Cuss-Word is a common Heritage. Domestic Cigars were good enough for him and he figured that one good, reliable Hired Girl who knew how to cook Steak was all the Help that was needed in any House. But Mother had seen Fifth avenue in a Dream, and the Girls had attended a Boarding School at which nearly everyone knew some one who was Prominent Socially. They had done a lot of Hard Work at the Piano and taken a side-hold on the French Language, and it seemed to them that they were wasting their Time in loitering on the Outskirts of Civilization when they might be up at Headquarters cutting more or less of a Gash. All the Young Men in this Reub Town wore Derbies with their Evening Clothes and came to Dances with their White Gloves smelling of Gasoline, in addition to which they lacked Repose. If they had stopped to cultivate Repose, most of them would have landed in the Villa set aside for Paupers.

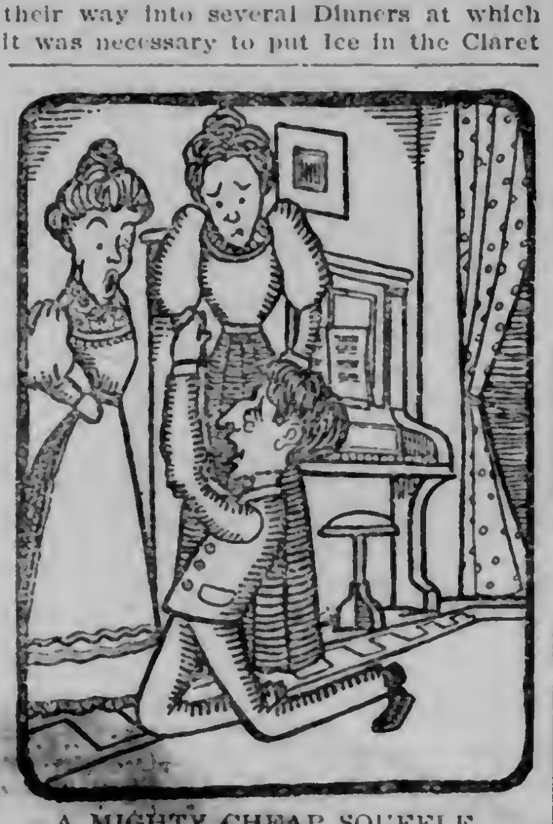
When Laura and the Girls first advocated pulling up Stakes and doing a tall Hike to the East, the Producer emitted a Roar that would have frightened any one except Laura and the Girls. They closed in on him from three Directions and beat down his Defense. When they got through with the living Meal Ticket he was as meek as an English Servant and ready to take orders from any one.

So the Caravansary moved away toward the Rising Sun. At Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, the Heavens opened and a Great Light struck down upon them, transforming all except the one who happened to carry the Letter of Credit. Laura and the Girls suddenly forgot that there was any Land west of Pittsburg and they dropped their R's and got the Kangaroo Walk and began to order their Food in Foreign Languages. After that all that Father had to do was follow along and look Pleasant and dig every few Minutes.


THE BOOKKEEPERS PROSTRATED THEMSELVES.

The Outfit stopped at the Waldorf three days so as to obtain a Residence and after that they Registered as being from New York. Then they threw Papa on a Boat and took him to the Other Side, the Place where Americans are so Popular, if you don't care what you say. By paying off the Mortgage they obtained a Suite at a Hotel patronized by the Nobility and Gentry and supported by People from Iowa. After which they began to present Letters of Introduction and try to butt in. Laura and the Girls felt that if only they could eat a Meal once or twice in the gloomy Presence of those who had Handles to their Names, they would be ready to fall back and die Happy. They had some Trouble about getting into the Tall Game on account of their Money. In the States the general Run of People worship the Almighty Dollar but in England they hate the Sight of it.

In spite of the Fact that they were sinfully Rich they succeeded in Elbowing their way into several Dinners at which it was necessary to put Ice in the Claret in order to keep it at the Temperature of the Room. The Financier, in his First Part Clothes with an Ice-Cream Weskit, was a Picture that no Artist could paint. His Hair would not stay combed and he hardly ever knew what to do with his Hands.


A MIGHTY CHEAP SOUFFLE.

Laura and the Girls could forget that they had ever seen the Missouri River but not so with old Ready Money. Right at the Table, sitting opposite the Earl of Hammersmith or the Marquis of Stoke-on-Trent, while Laura and the Girls would be talking about their Country Place and trying to smother the American Accent, the Lobsterine would come in and tell about something that happened to him once when he was plowing Corn. Then Laura and the Girls would want to duck right under the Table and die of Mortification then and there.

The only Reason they put up with him was that he seemed to be useful when it came to signing Checks.

In England they met a great many Nice People. The Financier knew that they were Nice because they wore Dark Clothes and Seldom Smiled.

Then the two shapely Daughters went and married a couple of shelf-worn Titles.

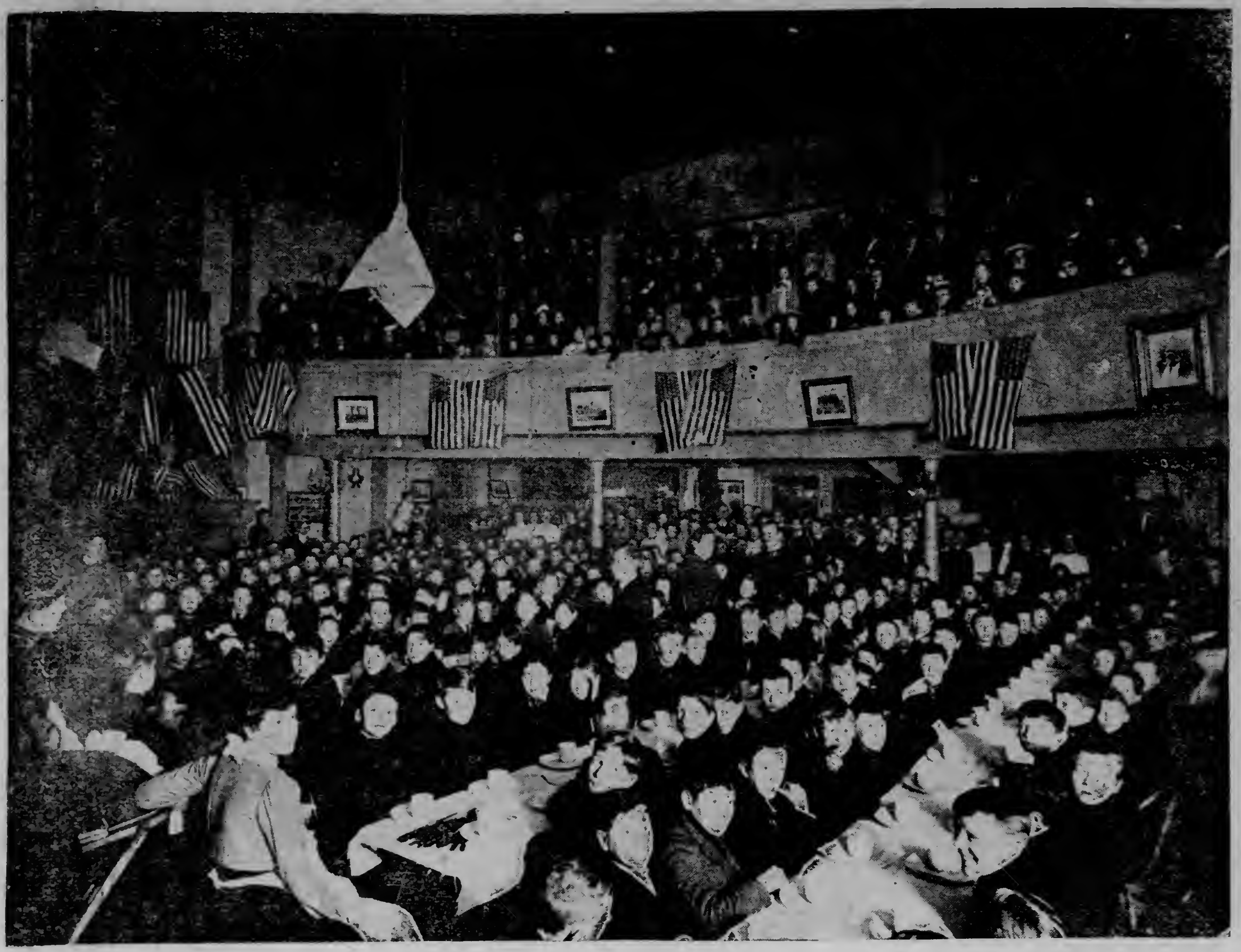
The Financier had the Novel Experience of putting up for a Brace of Sons-in-Law who would not speak to him when any one was around. Which served him right, for he had no Business to be in Trade. It was very careless of him not to have inherited his Stuff.

Still, it was a great Satisfaction to him to be a Blood Relation of two Howling Swells who had Pedigrees reaching back almost as far as their Debts.

Very often he would take them into a Back Room and turn them around and look them over and recognize the cold, undeniable Fact that they were cheap at any Price.

MORAL: Bunker Hill has been Avenged, over and over.

NEWSBOYS' THANKSGIVING DINNER


—Flashlight by Crandall & Fletcher.

The need of an addition to the Bethel was forcibly illustrated at this dinner. Jammed as the room is seen to be with hungry boys, a hundred more were forced to wait until this crowd was through, when the tables were reset and the others were fed. Their misgivings as they watched the first crowd stowing away the turkey and good things may well be imagined, but fortunately there was enough to go around and every young stomach was filled to the limit.

The Husband Arrived

Just As the Sleeper Tickets Were Purchased and the Eloping Wife Went Quietly Back to the Flat.

New York, Nov. 29.--There is a school of drama represented by numerous playwrights and stage folks which scorns anything approaching the strenuous as a means of conveying impressions and emotions. Disciples of this school seek to suggest by one or another subtlety more than they say or do in the presence of the audience. Their curtain usually falls just at the point when the absorbed spectator is on the qui vive for something to happen that will stir the blood. It is somewhat like the "continued in our next" of the sensational serial, except that the serial never fails to make good its promise. The suppressed emotion play never does anything of the sort. It leaves the working out of the climax to the imagination of the spectator, and in the next act plunges him into a situation that makes him spend a minute or so in wondering whether he worked out the previous disaster on the right lines.

This is not intended as an essay on play writing or a criticism of the suppressed emotion drama. I like that sort of thing myself once in a while. As a boy I always was fond of conundrums and riddles. They have their fascination still. But I was about to suggest that writers of the intense but subdued drama might get a hint from a scene that was acted with all due attention to the canons of the art in the Grand Central station a few evenings ago.

The scene takes place near midnight. A cab halts at the west entrance to the station and a man gets out. His first act is to pay the cabman. Then he helps a woman from the cab and they enter the station hurriedly. She wears a heavy veil. Up to this there hase been nothing out of the common, to all appearances, in their actions. The last trains for the East, North and West are nearly due to start, and there are other passengers than these two preparing to travel by one or the other. He takes her into the waiting room where comparatively few benches are occupied, leads her to one and proceeds himself to the ticket window.

Here is where a subtle difference begins to manifest itself. The woman looks after him, turns her head toward the door through which they came in, looks again to him as he takes his place in the short line before the ticket window, and takes a wad of bills from a pocketbook, and then up she gets and goes over to him. She attracts his attention by laying her hand slightly on his arm. He turns at once in surprise. Whether there is a little anxiety mingled with it must be left, after the manner of the suppressed emotion drama, to the imagination of the observer. She, with her hand still on his arm, looks around again at the entrance. At that he smiles, says something evidently of a reassuring nature, and counts out a portion of his money. He has meantime moved up one degree nearer the window. There are yet two ahead of him, and he seems to advise her to return to a bench, but she shakes her head and edges along beside him until the tickets are bought.

During this it is perfectly plain that she resists the temptation to glance again at the entrance. When transportation has been engaged there remains another transaction before the journey begins, for well-to-do travelers at night like to have precise train quarters assigned to them. He leads the way a few paces along the wall and halts at another window. "Parlor and Sleeping Car" is the legend painted on it.

She accompanies him as far as the window, glances at the legend and steps suddenly away. While he engages their places she stands with her back to him and now she looks frankly toward the entrance. It is only for a moment. The transaction is completed quickly, and side by side, they go to the "concourse," as the upper end of the train shed is called by the Grand Central people. The man has his several tickets in hand and the conductor of their train meets them and proceeds to make the necessary examination and meorandum on his train sheet.

Meantime another cab has driven up to the west entrance and another man has got out. This one does not stop to settle with his driver, who waits for his return, but goes at once and rapidly into the station. He does not waste time in the waiting room, but enters the concourse and strides toward the gate, where the first man and the woman are standing, held up temporarily by the conductor. As if she had rehearsed her part a hundred times and knew to a nicety just how to prepare for effects, the woman did not look around again toward the entrance. The subtle climax would have been marred if she had. So it was not until the newcomer stood before them that either she or her companion knew of his propinquity. Then the woman started. Her hand fell from her companion's arm and went to her veiled lips to stifle the scream that threatened.

The newcomer lifted his hat most politely in a greeting intended for both.

"There need be no trouble," he said, and added with quiet force, "here." An infinitesimal pause, just long enough, you know, to let the effect sink in. Then, "I will take my wife home," and he offered his arm to the woman.

She shuddered visibly, looked (with what emotion must be guessed, for the veil was impenetrable) at her late companion, dropped her hand upon her husband's arm and walked away with him, her head bowed a bit, but not noticeably so to any who had not witnessed the working up to the climax. They traversed the concourse, passed through the exit and got into the cab, which immediately started away. Up till pretty near their actual departure from the station the man who had bought two tickets for somewhere, stood like a statue in front of the conductor. The latter had not quite finished punching and marking when the climax came on, and he was so interested in it that he abandoned his work for a moment; but presently he clipped out a few more triangles from the pasteboard strips and handed them to him. He had to force the tickets upon the man who had bought them, for his attention was riveted elsewhere.

At last the would-be traveler understood, took the tickets and looked at them a bit absently. "I thought you took them up here," he said.

"Well," responded the conductor, embarrassed, "I had an idea that perhaps you wouldn't have any use for them this evening."

The intending traveler stared at him.

"Quite right," he said; "thank you." and dropped the tickets on the pavement. Then he jammed his hands in his pockets, stalked away through the waiting room and disappeared at the east entrance.

WAS A WISE GUY.

One Upon a time there was a Thickset Man with a Small Thinktank whose stock-in-trade consisted of a Pack of Cards, three Mulnut Shells and a Pea, says the New York Telegraph. He had Kellar, the magician Charmed to a Foam on the slight-of-hand end of the Game, and verily he could make a Pack of Cards talk. He was in demand at all the County Fairs and Cattle Shows, wherefore he did wear Scintillating Ornaments on his cuffs, his fingers and his manly bosom. He could do Russell Sage out of a dollar and could Skin a Rabbit alive without the latter's knowledge.

In sooth, he was the Real Thing and an Alexander in his line, until one day he cleaned his pincenez and rubbered for More Worlds to Conquer. He hungered with a great hunger for More Money, and did thirst for a Refined Employment. So, smiting his chest with a Great Smite, he strode off, saying: "Horse Racing for mine." He thought he saw his Sphere, and traveled on through the days he did come to a Place where Flags flew and Literary Persons sat upon high stools and Read from Books. And he did receive Many Tips, and did burn the Midnight Oil while performing sunory Mathematical Stunts with books and charts.

But as the Tips did increase and the Days Multiplied, his Spirits did sink with a Gurgling Sound and his Purse did grow mighty small. And he did indulge in Condensed, but Strong Language, until one day when he had but Carfare left he shook his head with a resigned look, and did exclaim unto himself:

"Nay, nay, Pauline, not the Horse Race—the Human Race for Mine."

And once again the Cards shuffled, the Green Pea rattled and the Sharper smiled.

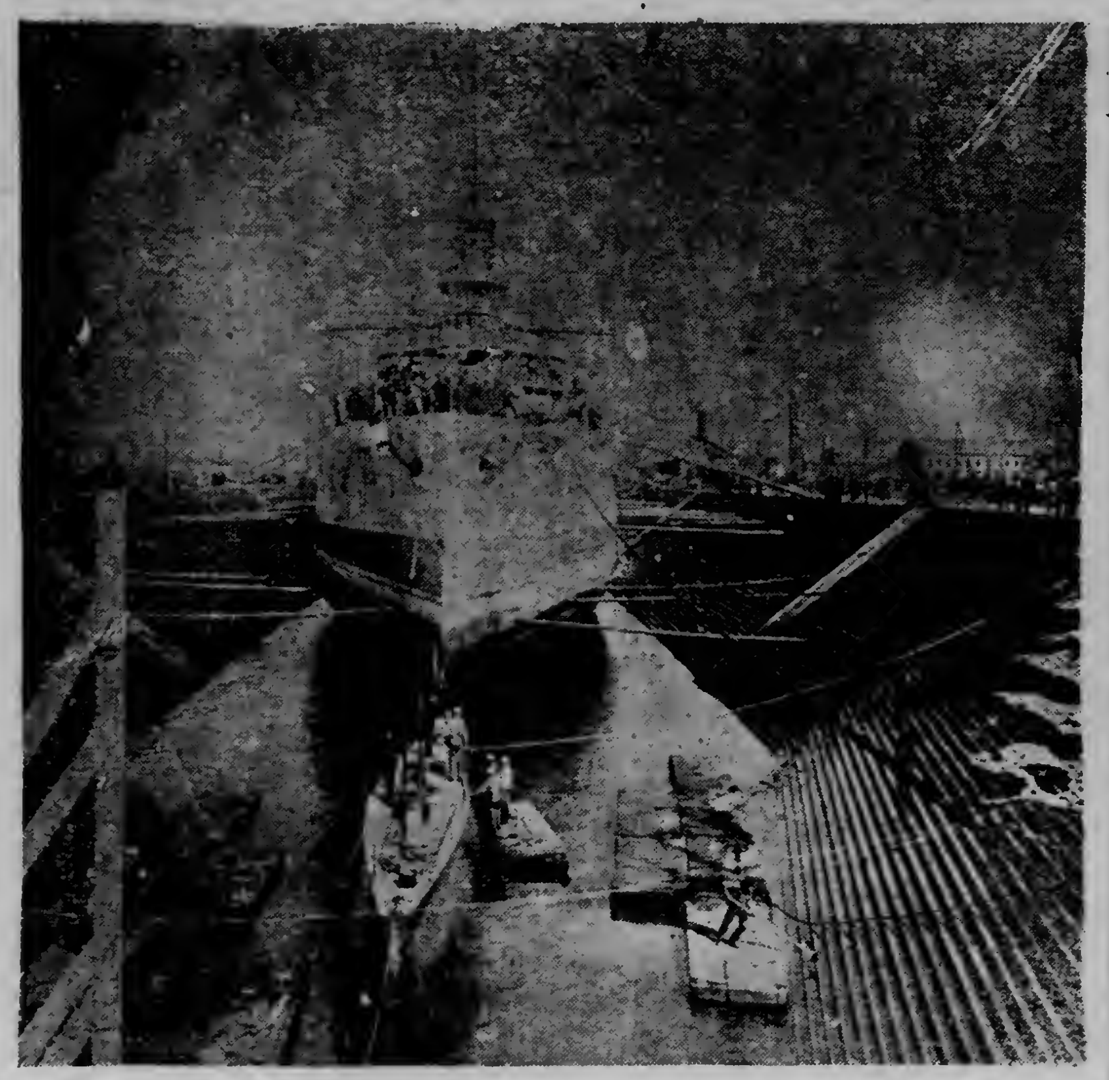
Moral: Every man to his own trade.

The New Submarine Boats.

Tests of the Moccasin and Adder Were Thorough--Both Developed Greater Speed Than Contracts Called For.

Washington, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald)—The army and navy officers who witnessed the recent tests of the new sub-marine torpedo boats, Moccasin and Adder, held this month in Peconic bay, agree that the tests were most thorough and comprehensive, and instructive, as they were calculated to bring out any defects or weaknesses of these crafts. The delicate machinery of the submarine boats was called upon to endure more than the powerful engines of battleships and cruisers. Power, air and dirigibility are the three most important factors entering into the construction of submarine boats, and the specifications for the tests were framed so as to develop the abilities of the boats in these directions. From the time of David Bushnell, who undertook to operate a submarine torpedo boat during the war of the revolution to the destruction of the Housatonic by the Confederate submarine David down to the present time, the question of obtaining enough air to guarantee the safety of the crew and of obtaining a dirigible vessel and engage the attention of all interested in the art of submarine warfare, according to the members of the trial board, has been that it was proven a diving boat that could be controlled in the horizontal plane. Even the French, admittedly the most advanced in the art of submarine warfare, have experienced great difficulty in obtaining a dirigible boat of the diving type susceptible to easy control in a horizontal plane, and one of the strongest points made by the opposition to this type of boat has been that it is impossible to control them in a horizontal plane. It appears this difficulty has been overcome in the new submarines constructed for the United States navy for Naval Constructor Woodward, of the trial board, found the boat was controlled in a horizontal plane apparently as perfectly as in a vertical plane, and Lieut. White, of the bureau of steam engineering, who was on almost every run, states that no difficulty was experienced in maintaining an even keel. The members of the army board are also on record as having stated that from their observation the boats were controlled as readily in one plane as in the other. Little information can be obtained as to the methods employed in perfecting the control of the boat in the horizontal plane, as the contractors declined further information than that it was accomplished by certain changes in the arrangement of the ballast tanks and alterations and adjustments.

Rear Admiral Hichborn, for years chief constructor of the United States navy, predicted that the new boats would exceed their contracts in regard to speed, and to the surprise of almost everyone Admiral Hichborn's predictions were verified. The Adder showed a maximum speed submerged, according to the official observers, of seven and twenty-three-hundredths knots, while the Moccasin showed up an official maximum speed of seven and twenty-eight-hundredths knots per hour, making her, as far as official figures go, the fastest submarine in the world. The trials included eight runs, submerged, awash, and surface to standardize the screws; ten know runs for each boat, surface and awash and a three hours' submerged run at full speed and a twelve hours' surface run at full speed for the Adder. Where the contract called for seven knots per hour awash and eight knots per hour on the surface, the boats made seven and one-half knots per hour and eight and one-half knots per hour, respectively, developing a speed of one-half knot per hour in excess of the contract requirements. On the three hours submerged run the Adder began with batteries charged to 1900 ampere hours with a voltage of 120 volts, and ended with nearly 400 amperes and a voltage of 100 volts. On this run it made six and eighty-eight-hundredths knots per hour, official figures, a total of twenty and sixty-four-hundredths knots and finished with sufficient power to run for three-quarters of an hour longer at the same speed. It is estimated that at a speed of three knots per hour under the electric motor a maximum of 125 knots could be made. Naval Constructor Woodward states that at the end of the three hours' submerged run the air of the boat was perfectly good, although no fresh air had been admitted. By an ingenious contrivance the gasoline engines in the new boats can be coupled onto the electric motor and the batteries can be recharged while the boats are proceeding on the surface at a speed of six knots per hour, so that they can operate independently of a base as long as the liquid fuel lasts. By a similar arrangement the air compressor carried by the boat can be harnessed to the engine and the compressed air tanks filled.


"DAVID AND GOLIATH."

The Russian Battleship Retvisan and a Submarine In Dock

The surface test of twelve hours at full speed, which is three times as long as that required of battleships and cruisers, was calculated to break down the engines or exhaust the crew, or the supply of fuel. But Lieut. White, who had charge of the Adder during this trial, states that the machinery worked perfectly, and at the end of the run the bearings were comparatively cool. Although she steamed constructively 96 knots at full speed, there was an abundant supply of fuel at the end and she could have proceeded much further if necessary. Mr. White also reported that the air at the end of the run was very good, and that he was unable to detect the presence of any noxious gases. The explosions of hydrogen gas developed by the batteries in the Holland and the Fulton have led to alterations in the new boats by which the gas from the battery, as well as that from the gasoline engine and the tanks, are drawn off through tubes by means of electric fans, and this difficulty, which promised at one time to cause so much trouble, has been, it is believed, satisfactorily overcome.

The members of the trial board are quite outspoken in their praise of the submarines, and Capt. C. J. Train, president of the board, has stated that the boats exceeded all of the requirements of the contract and were eminently satisfactory. Constructor Woodward was equally well pleased, and Lieut. Caldwell, who has commanded the submarine torpedo boat Holland for over two years, stated that he had not thought it possible to make such improvements over the Holland in the few years which had elapsed between its construction and the recent trials.

The trials have shown that it is possible to construct a boat which can navigate the surface, awash and submerged at a fair rate of speed. They have shown that great improvement can be made over the Holland, and justified the belief that the next group of boats will be as superior to the Adder and Mocassin as they were to the Holland. It has been shown that under the gasoline engine the boats can be run for twelve hours at full speed, and can be completely submerged, running at full sped for three hours, and that it has never been necessary to call upon the supply of compressed air for breathing purposes.

Out of deference to the wishes of the navy department the contractors have refused to permit more than a cursory inspection of the boats. It may be said, however, that the boats are modelled after the design of a giant fish with the fins placed at the tail. The Adder is 63 feet 4 inches in length, and 11 feet 9 inches in diameter with a submerged displacement of about 122 tons. It carries a torpedo tube, the outer end of which is concealed by a cap in the nose of the boat, and is armed with five automobile torpedoes eleven feet in length, and carrying a charge of 100 pounds of gun cotton each. One of the torpedoes is carried in the tube and two are carried on either side of the boat. The gasoline engine of 160 horse power has been condensed in size, until it occupies a space of scarcely more than five feet square and its four cylinders, which may be used separately or coupled in pairs, or all four together, giving the engineer practically four engines.

The electric motor is of 70 horse power, and two giant batteries of thirty cells each are carried under the main deck. The gasoline tanks are at the forward end of the boat, as far from the engine as possible, and in addition the vessels carry tanks for the storage of compressed air, ballast tank, and tanks into which water is admitted to compensate for the weight of the torpedoes when discharged. The compressed air capacity for torpedo and tank service is forty cubic feet at 2000 pounds pressure, suitably reduced for various uses. The speed and radia of action of the Adder is given as 460 knots in a light condition, at a speed of six knots; in the semi-awash condition under the gasoline engine, 340 knots at a speed of 7 knots, and in the submerged condition, under the electric motor, as 27 knots at a speed of 7 knots, and something over 35 knots at a speed of 5½ knots. A crew of seven men is carried, one at the diving and one at the horizontal rudder, two in charge of the air and ballast tanks, two at the engines, and one in charge of the torpedo tube. The commander directs the movements of the boat from a conning tower of toughened brass, the windows of which are "dead lights," one inch wide and four inches long. Gauges suitably arranged in different parts of the vessel show the amount of air and the pressure, the capacity of the batteries and the voltage, the amount of ballast, the quality of liquid fuel and its flow, the speed at which the vessel is moving, the plane of the rudders, and the depth at which the vessel is submerged.

Like every other weapon of modern warfare, submarine boats have been compelled to fight for recognition. From the time when the Bushnell attempted to employ them during the war of the revolution, down to the peace conference at The Hague, humanitarians opposed to submarine mines and torpedoes, and consequently to submarine torpedo boats, denounced them as instruments of assassins, and the question was seriously debated during the earlier years of the nineteenth century whether the crews of submarine boats were entitled to be treated as prisoners of war or should be hung as pirates. The last attempt to forbid their employment in warfare was made at The Hague, and was defeated, and the success of the American built submarines will doubtless lead to the construction of more boats of this type. Arnold Foster, parliamentary secretary to the British admiralty, after the successful trials of the British submarines, stated that England would now begin the construction of such boats in earnest, and it is probable the United States will follow suit. Some writers claim the speed of a submarine has necessarily a low limit, because the resistance is always the same, but others equally well informed maintained that the water displaced flows in behind, and by pushing them forward materially increases the speed. The perfection of the storage battery, for which so many inventors are now striving, promises to be attained in the near future, and it is believed no difficulty should be experienced in constantly increasing the speed of the submarine boats

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

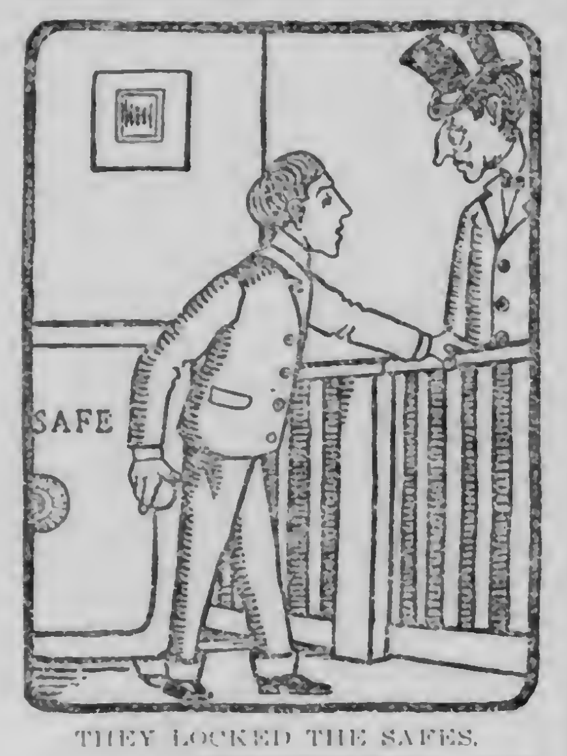
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1902.

Fables By George Ade.

The Modern Fable of the Effort to Convert the Work Horse Into a High Stepper.

(Copyright, 1902, by R. H. Russell.)

Once there was a plain, unvarnished Yank who made his Pile in a Scrub Town situated midway between the Oats Belt and the Tall Timber. He was a large and sandy Mortal with a steel-trap Jaw and a cold glittering Eye. He made his first Stack a Dollar at a Time on straight Deals, but after awhile he learned a few



THEY LOCKED THE SAFES.

Things. He organized Stock Companies and then crawled out, after hooking up with the Velvet. Everyone called him Mister and treated him with Politeness, but, just the same, when he walked into an Office Building they all wondered what he had come after and there was more or less locking of Safes. It is only fair to remark, on the Side, that he wouldn't take anything which was securely spiked down and the Grand Jury never bothered him, because he worked under a Contract.

The Financier was the high Center Pole of a Bank and a Department Store and several Factories that gave Young People a Start in the World at something like $2.75 per Week.

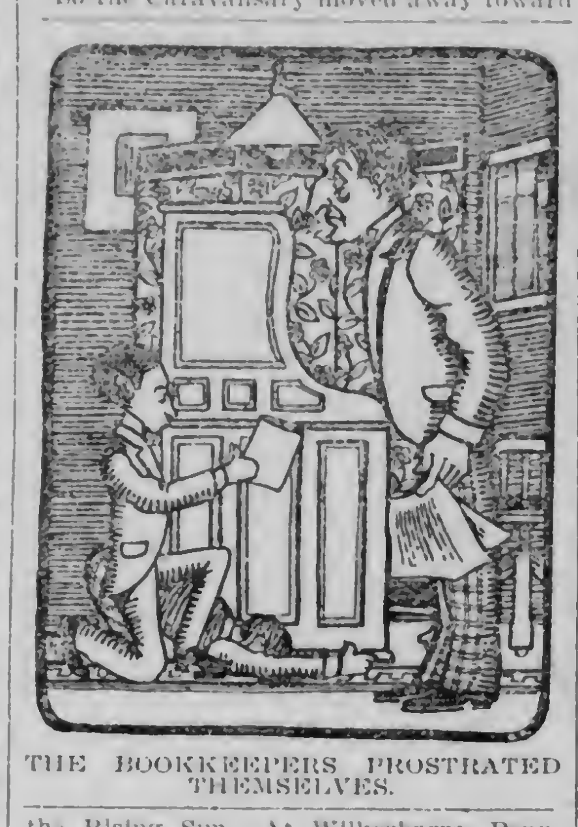
He was accustomed to having all the Subordinates stand on one Foot and tremble whenever he showed up. In fact, he was a very hefty Proposition all through the Business District. But when he struck the Street leading to his Home he began to reef his Sails and lower all of his Flags.

In his own Domicile he did not even play Second Fiddle. He simply trailed along at the fag end of the Parade and carried the Music. The Piercing Eye and the Peremptory Manner that caused all the Bookkeepers to fall off from their High Perches and prostrate themselves had no visible effect on Laura and the Girls. Popey was a High Guy at the Directors' Meeting but a mighty cheap Souffle at his own Fireside. Any time that his Plans did not coincide with those of the Feminine Bunch, they passed him a back-handed Veto that would cause him to lie quiet for Days at a time.

The Financier loved the boundless West, where the Sack Coat abounds and the Cuss-Word is a common Heritage. Domestic Cigars were good enough for him and he figured that one good, reliable Hired Girl who knew how to cook Steak was all the Help that was needed in any House. But Mother had seen Fifth avenue in a Dream, and the Girls had attended a Boarding School at which nearly everyone knew some one who was Prominent Socially. They had done a lot of Hard Work at the Piano and taken a side-hold on the French Language, and it seemed to them that they were wasting their Time in loitering on the Outskirts of Civilization when they might be up at Headquarters cutting more or less of a Gash. All the Young Men in this Reub Town wore Derbies with their Evening Clothes and came to Dances with their White Gloves smelling of Gasoline, in addition to which they lacked Repose. If they had stopped to cultivate Repose, most of them would have landed in the Villa set aside for Paupers.

When Laura and the Girls first advocated pulling up Stakes and doing a tall Hike to the East, the Producer emitted a Roar that would have frightened any one except Laura and the Girls. They closed in on him from three Directions and beat down his Defense. When they got through with the living Meal Ticket he was as meek as an English Servant and ready to take orders from any one.

So the Caravansary moved away toward

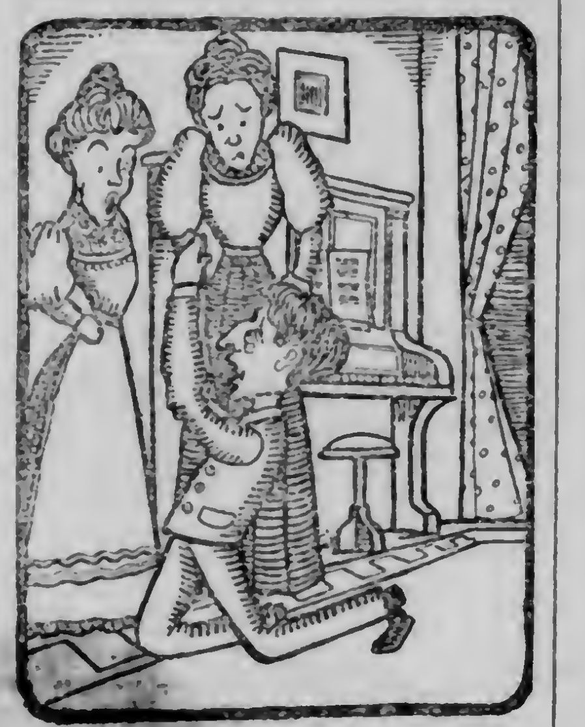


THE BOOKKEEPERS PROSTRATED THEMSELVES.

the Rising Sun. At Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, the Heavens opened and a Great Light struck down upon them, transforming all except the one who happened to carry the Letter of Credit. Laura and the Girls suddenly forgot that there was any Land west of Pittsburg and they dropped their R's and got the Kangaroo Walk and began to order their Food in Foreign Languages. After that all that Father had to do was follow along and look Pleasant and dig every few Minutes.

The Outfit stopped at the Waldorf three days so as to obtain a Residence and after that they Registered as being from New York. Then they threw Papa on a Boat and took him to the Other Side, the Place where Americans are so Popular, if you don't care what you say. By paying off the Mortgage they obtained a Suite at a Hotel patronized by the Nobility and Gentry and supported by People from Iowa. After which they began to present Letters of Introduction and try to butt in. Laura and the Girls felt that if only they could eat a Meal once or twice in the gloomy Presence of those who had Handles to their Names, they would be ready to fall back and die Happy. They had some Trouble about getting into the Tall Game on account of their Money. In the States the general Run of People worship the Almighty Dollar but in England they hate the Sight of it.

In spite of the Fact that they were sinfully Rich they succeeded in Elbowing their way into several Dinners at which it was necessary to put Ice in the Claret



A MIGHTY CHEAP SOUFFLE.

in order to keep it at the Temperature of the Room. The Financier, in his First Part Clothes with an Ice-Cream Weskit, was a Picture that no Artist could paint. His Hair would not stay combed and he hardly ever knew what to do with his Hands.

Laura and the Girls could forget that they had ever seen the Missouri River but not so with old Ready Money. Right at the Table, sitting opposite the Earl of Hammersmith or the Marquis of Stoke-on-Trent, while Laura and the Girls would be talking about their Country Place and trying to smother the American Accent, the Lobsterine would come in and tell about something that happened to him once when he was plowing Corn. Then Laura and the Girls would want to duck right under the Table and die of Mortification then and there.

The only Reason they put up with him was that he seemed to be useful when it came to signing Checks.

In England they met a great many Nice People. The Financier knew that they were Nice because they wore Dark Clothes and Seldom Smiled.

Then the two shapely Daughters went and married a couple of shelf-worn Titles.

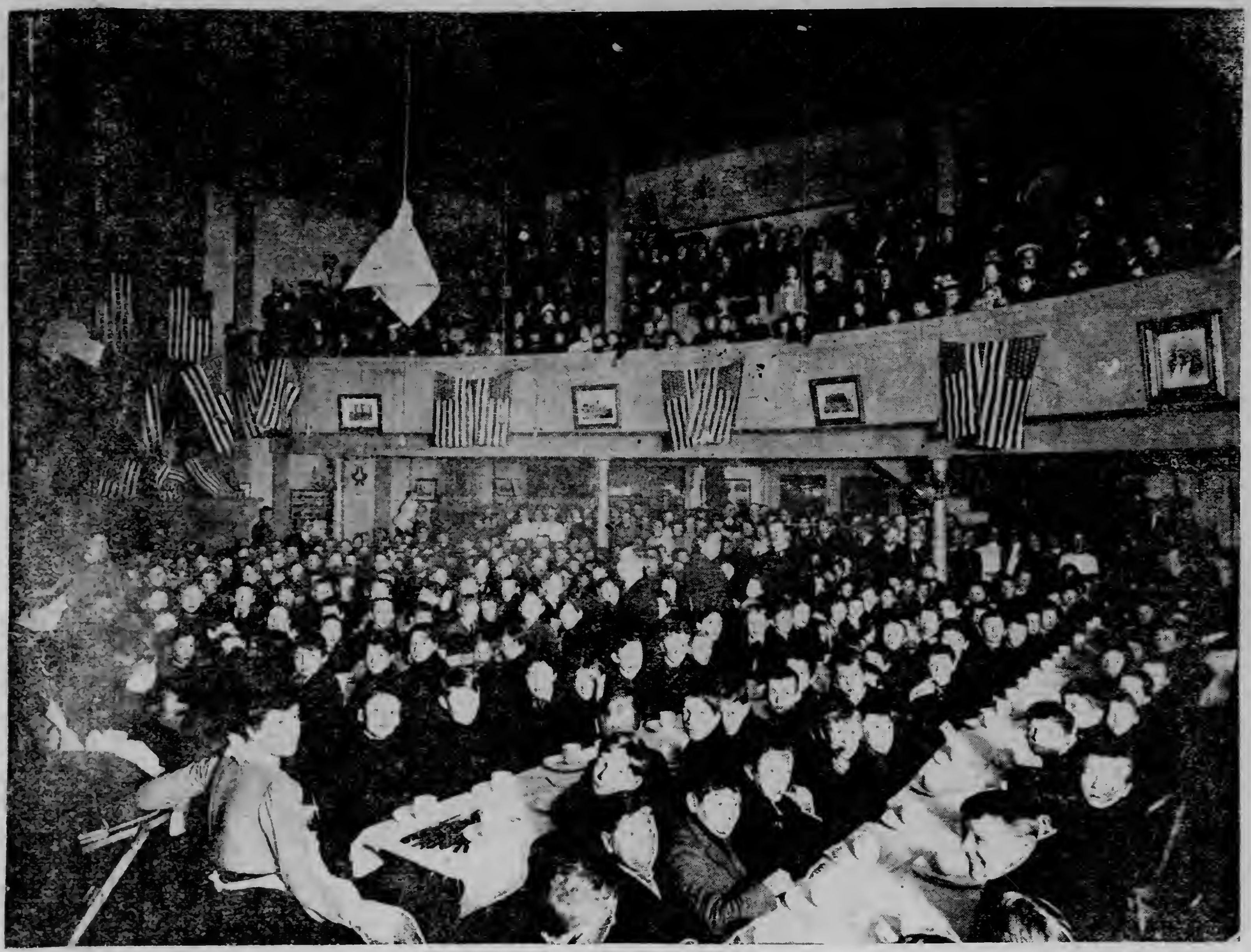
The Financier had the Novel Experience of putting up for a Brace of Sons-in-Law who would not speak to him when any one was around. Which served him right, for he had no Business to be in Trade. It was very careless of him not to have inherited his Stuff.

Still, it was a great Satisfaction to him to be a Blood Relation of two Howling Swells who had Pedigrees reaching back almost as far as their Debts.

Very often he would take them into a Back Room and turn them around and look them over and recognize the cold, undeniable Fact that they were cheap at any Price.

MORAL: Bunker Hill has been Avenged, over and over.

NEWSBOYS' THANKSGIVING DINNER



—Flashlight by Crandall & Fletcher.

The need of an addition to the Bethel was forcibly illustrated at this dinner. Jammed as the room is seen to be with hungry boys, a hundred more were forced to wait until this crowd was through, when the tables were reset and the others were fed. Their misgivings as they watched the first crowd stowing away the turkey and good things may well be imagined, but fortunately there was enough to go around and every young stomach was filled to the limit.

The Husband Arrived

Just As the Sleeper Tickets Were Purchased and the Eloping Wife Went Quietly Back to the Flat.

New York, Nov. 29.—There is a school of drama represented by numerous playwrights and stage folks which scorns anything approaching the strenuous as a means of conveying impressions and emotions. Disciples of this school seek to suggest by one or another subtlety more than they say or do in the presence of the audience. Their curtain usually falls just at the point when the absorbed spectator is on the qui vive for something to happen that will stir the blood. It is somewhat like the "continued in our next" of the sensational serial, except that the serial never fails to make good its promise. The suppressed emotion play never does anything of the sort. It leaves the working out of the climax to the imagination of the spectator, and in the next act plunges him into a situation that makes him spend a minute or so in wondering whether he worked out the previous disaster on the right lines.

This is not intended as an essay on play writing or a criticism of the suppressed emotion drama. I like that sort of thing myself once in a while. As a boy I always was fond of conundrums and riddles. They have their fascination still. But I was about to suggest that writers of the intense but subdued drama might get a hint from a scene that was acted with all due attention to the canons of the art in the Grand Central station a few evenings ago.

The scene takes place near midnight. A cab halts at the west entrance to the station and a man gets out. His first act is to pay the cabman. Then he helps a woman from the cab and they enter the station hurriedly. She wears a heavy veil. Up to this there hase been nothing out of the common, to all appearances, in their actions. The last trains for the East, North and West are nearly due to start, and there are other passengers than these two preparing to travel by one or the other. He takes her into the waiting room where comparatively few benches are occupied, leads her to one and proceeds himself to the ticket window.

Here is where a subtle difference begins to manifest itself. The woman looks after him, turns her head toward the door through which they came in, looks again to him as he takes his place in the short line before the ticket window, and takes a wad of bills from a pocketbook, and then up she gets and goes over to him. She attracts his attention by laying her hand slightly on his arm. He turns at once in surprise. Whether there is a little anxiety mingled with it must be left, after the manner of the suppressed emotion drama, to the imagination of the observer. She, with her hand still on his arm, looks around again at the entrance. At that he smiles, says something evidently of a reassuring nature, and counts out a portion of his money. He has meantime moved up one degree nearer the window. There are yet two ahead of him, and he seems to advise her to return to a bench, but she shakes her head and edges along beside him until the tickets are bought.

During this it is perfectly plain that she resists the temptation to glance again at the entrance. When transportation has been engaged there remains another transaction before the journey begins, for well-to-do travelers at night like to have precise train quarters assigned to them. He leads the way a few paces along the wall and halts at another window. "Parlor and Sleeping Car" is the legend painted on it.

She accompanies him as far as the window, glances at the legend and steps suddenly away. While he engages their places she stands with her back to him and now she looks frankly toward the entrance. It is only for a moment. The transaction is completed quickly, and side by side, they go to the "concourse," as the upper end of the train shed in called by the Grand Central people. The man has his several tickets in hand and the conductor of their train meets them and proceeds to make the necessary examination and meorandum on his train sheet.

Meantime another cab has driven up to the west entrance and another man has got out. This one does not stop to settle with his driver, who waits for his return, but goes at once and rapidly into the station. He does not waste time in the waiting room, but enters the concourse and strides toward the gate, where the first man and the woman are standing, held up temporarily by the conductor. As if she had rehearsed her part a hundred times and knew to a nicety just how to prepare for effects, the woman did not look around again toward the entrance. The subtle climax would have been marred if she had. So it was not until the newcomer stood before them that either she or her companion knew of his propinquity. Then the woman started. Her hand fell from her companion's arm and went to her veiled lips to stifle the scream that threatened.

The newcomer lifted his hat most politely in a greeting intended for both.

"There need be no trouble," he said, and added with quiet force, "here." An infinitesimal pause, just long enough, you know, to let the effect sink in. Then, "I will take my wife home," and he offered his arm to the woman.

She shuddered visibly, looked (with what emotion must be guessed, for the veil was impenetrable) at her late companion, dropped her hand upon her husband's arm and walked away with him, her head bowed a bit, but not noticeably so to any who had not witnessed the working up to the climax. They traversed the concourse, passed through the exit and got into the cab, which immediately started away. Up till pretty near their actual departure from the station the man who had bought two tickets for somewhere, stood like a statue in front of the conductor. The latter had not quite finished punching and marking when the climax came on, and he was so interested in it that he abandoned his work for a moment; but presently he clipped out a few more triangles from the pasteboard strips and handed them to him. He had to force the tickets upon the man who had bought them, for his attention was riveted elsewhere.

At last the would-be traveler understood, took the tickets and looked at them a bit absently. "I thought you took them up here," he said.

"Well," responded the conductor, embarrassed, "I had an idea that perhaps you wouldn't have any use for them this evening."

The intending traveler stared at him.

"Quite right," he said; "thank you," and dropped the tickets on the pavement. Then he jammed his hands in his pockets, stalked away through the waiting room and disappeared at the east entrance.

WAS A WISE GUY.

One Upon a time there was a Thickset Man with a Small Thinktank whose stock-in-trade consisted of a Pack of Cards, three Walnut Shells and a Pea, says the New York Telegraph. He had Kellar, the magician Charmed to a Foam on the slight-of-hand end of the Game, and verily he could make a Pack of Cards talk. He was in demand at all the County Fairs and Cattle Shows, wherefore he did wear Scintillating Ornaments on his cuffs, his fingers and his manly bosom. He could do Russell Sage out of a dollar and could Skin a Rabbit alive without the latter's knowledge.

In sooth, he was the Real Thing and an Alexander in his line, until one day he cleaned his pincenez and rubbered for More Worlds to Conquer. He hungered with a great hunger for More Money, and did thirst for a Refined Employment. So, smiting his chest with a Great Smite, he strode off, saying: "Horse Racing for mine." He thought he saw his Sphere, and traveled on through the days he did come to a Place where Flags flew and Literary Persons sat upon high stools and Read from Books. And he did receive Many Tips, and did burn the Midnight Oil while performing sundry Mathematical Stunts with books and charts.

But as the Tips did increase and the Days Multiplied, his Spirits did sink with a Gurgling Sound and his Purse did grow mighty small. And he did indulge in Condensed, but Strong Language, until one day when he had but Carfare left he shook his head with a resigned look, and did exclaim unto himself:

"Nay nay, Pauline, not the Horse Race—the Human Race for Mine."

And once again the Cards shuffled, the Green Pea rattled and the Sharper smiled.

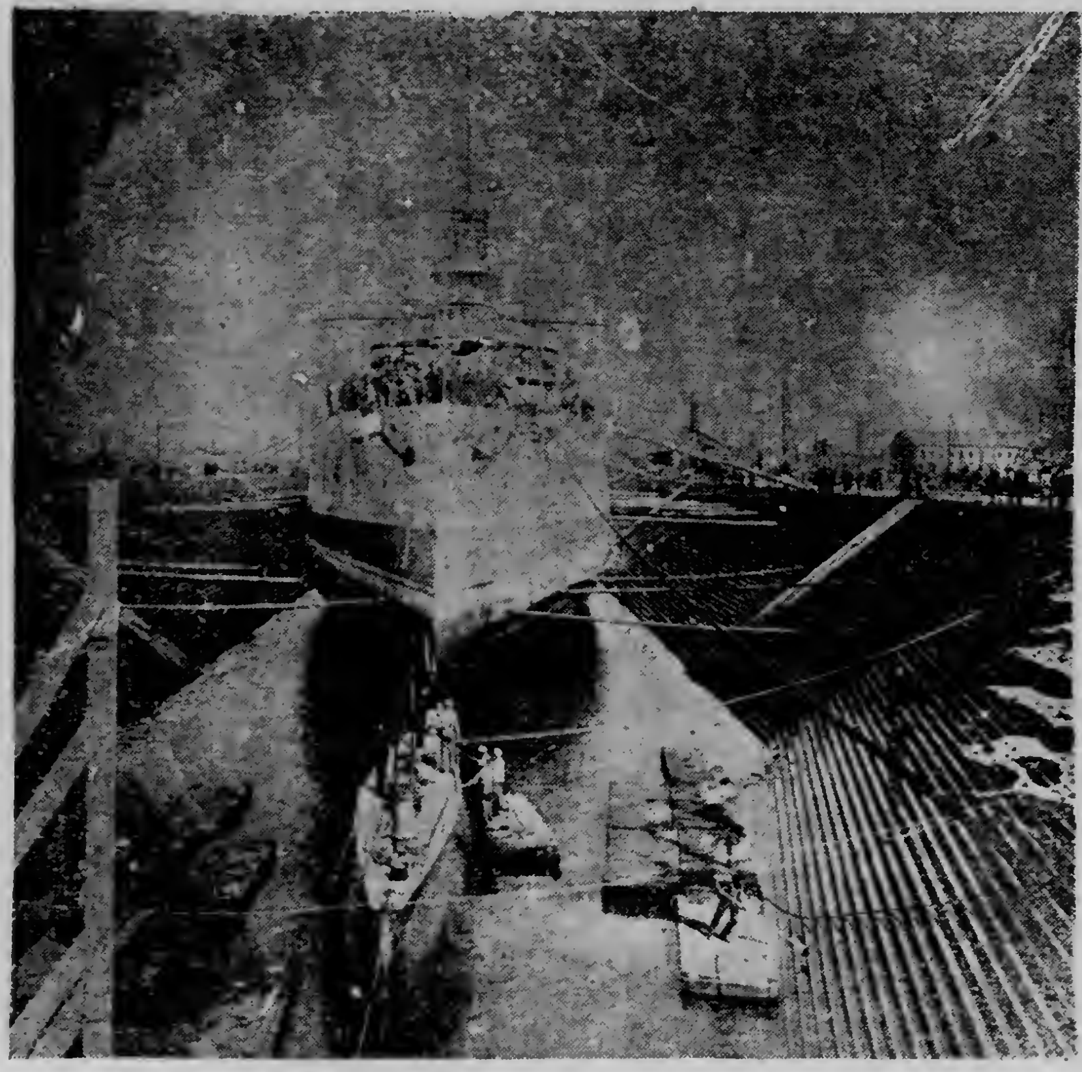
Moral: Every man to his own trade.

The New Submarine Boats.

Tests of the Moccasin and Adder Were Thorough—Both Developed Greater Speed Than Contracts Called For.

Washington, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald)—The army and navy officers who witnessed the recent tests of the new sub-marine torpedo boats, Moccasin and Adder, held this month in Peconic bay, agree that the tests were most thorough and comprehensive, and instructive, as they were calculated to bring out any defects or weaknesses of these crafts. The delicate machinery of the submarine boats was called upon to endure more than the powerful engines of battleships and cruisers. Power, air and dirigibility are the three most important factors entering into the construction of submarine boats, and the specifications for the tests were framed so as to develop the abilities of the boats in these directions. From the time of David Bushnell, who undertook to operate a submarine torpedo boat during the war of the revolution to the destruction of the Housatonic by the Confederate submarine David down to the present time, the question of obtaining enough air to guarantee the safety of the crew and of obtaining a dirigible vessel and engage the attention of all interested in the art of submarine warfare, according to the members of the trial board, has been that it was proven a diving boat that could be controlled in the horizontal plane. Even the French, admittedly the most advanced in the art of submarine warfare, have experienced great difficulty in obtaining a dirigible boat of the diving type susceptible to easy control in a horizontal plane, and one of the strongest points made by the opposition to this type of boat has been that it is impossible to control them in a horizontal plane. It appears this difficulty has been overcome in the new submarines constructed for the United States navy for Naval Constructor Woodward, of the trial board, found the boat was controlled in a horizontal plane apparently as perfectly as in a vertical plane, and Lieut. White, of the bureau of steam engineering, who was on almost every run, states that no difficulty was experienced in maintaining an even keel. The members of the army board are also on record as having stated that from their observation the boats were controlled as readily in one plane as in the other. Little information can be obtained as to the methods employed in perfecting the control of the boat in the horizontal plane, as the contractors declined further information than that it was accomplished by certain changes in the arrangement of the ballast tanks and alterations and adjustments.

Rear Admiral Hichborn, for years chief constructor of the United States navy, predicted that the new boats would exceed their contracts in regard to speed, and to the surprise of almost everyone Admiral Hichborn's predictions were verified. The Adder showed a maximum speed submerged, according to the official observers, of seven and twenty-three-hundredths knots, while the Moccasin showed up an official maximum speed of seven and twenty-eight-hundredths knots per hour, making her, as far as official figures go, the fastest submarine in the world. The trials included eight runs, submerged, awash, and surface to standardize the screws; ten know runs for each boat, surface and awash and a three hours' submerged run at full speed and a twelve hours' surface run at full speed for the Adder. Where the contract called for seven knots per hour awash and eight knots per hour on the surface, the boats made seven and one-half knots per hour and eight and one-half knots per hour, respectively, developing a speed of one-half knot per hour in excess of the contract requirements. On the three hours submerged run the Adder began with batteries charged to 1900 ampere hours with a voltage of 120 volts, and ended with nearly



"DAVID AND GOLIATH."

The Russian Battleship Retvisan and a Submarine In Dock

400 amperes and a voltage of 100 volts. On this run it made six and eighty-eight-hundredths knots per hour, official figures, a total of twenty and sixty-four-hundredths knots and finished with sufficient power to run for three-quarters of an hour longer at the same speed. It is estimated that at a speed of three knots per hour under the electric motor a maximum of 125 knots could be made. Naval Constructor Woodward states that at the end of the three hours' submerged run the air of the boat was perfectly good, although no fresh air had been admitted. By an ingenious contrivance the gasoline engines in the new boats can be coupled onto the electric motor and the batteries can be recharged while the boats are proceeding on the surface at a speed of six knots per hour, so that they can operate independently of a base as long as the liquid fuel lasts. By a similar arrangement the air compressor carried by the boat can be harnessed to the engine and the compressed air tanks filled.

The surface test of twelve hours at full speed, which is three times as long as that required of battleships and cruisers, was calculated to break down the engines or exhaust the crew, or the supply of fuel. But Lieut. White, who had charge of the Adder during this trial, states that the machinery worked perfectly, and at the end of the run the bearings were comparatively cool. Although she steamed constructively 96 knots at full speed, there was an abundant supply of fuel at the end and she could have proceeded much further if necessary. Mr. White also reported that the air at the end of the run was very good, and that he was unable to detect the presence of any noxious gases. The explosions of hydrogen gas developed by the batteries in the Holland and the Fulton have led to alterations in the new boats by which the gas from the battery, as well as that from the gasoline engine and the tanks, are drawn off through tubes by means of electric fans, and this difficulty, which promised at one time to cause so much trouble, has been, it is believed, satisfactorily overcome.

The members of the trial board are quite outspoken in their praise of the submarines, and Capt. C. J. Train, president of the board, has stated that the boats exceeded all of the requirements of the contract and were eminently satisfactory. Constructor Woodward was equally well pleased, and Lieut. Caldwell, who has commanded the submarine torpedo boat Holland for over two years, stated that he had not thought it possible to make such improvements over the Holland in the few years which had elapsed between its construction and the recent trials.

The trials have shown that it is possible to construct a boat which can navigate the surface, awash and submerged at a fair rate of speed. They have shown that great improvement can be made over the Holland, and justified the belief that the next group of boats will be as superior to the Adder and Mocassin as they were to the Holland. It has been shown that under the gasoline engine the boats can be run for twelve hours at full speed, and can be completely submerged, running at full sped for three hours, and that it has never been necessary to call upon the supply of compressed air for breathing purposes.

Out of deference to the wishes of the navy department the contractors have refused to permit more than a cursory inspection of the boats. It may be said, however, that the boats are modelled after the design of a giant fish with the fins placed at the tail. The Adder is 63 feet 4 inches in length, and 11 feet 9 inches in diameter with a submerged displacement of about 122 tons. It carries a torpedo tube, the outer end of which is concealed by a cap in the nose of the boat, and is armed with five automobile torpedoes eleven feet in length, and carrying a charge of 100 pounds of gun cotton each. One of the torpedoes is carried in the tube and two are carried on either side of the boat. The gasoline engine of 160 horse power has been condensed in size, until it occupies a space of scarcely more than five feet square and its four cylinders, which may be used separately or coupled in pairs, or all four together, giving the engineer practically four engines.

The electric motor is of 70 horse power, and two giant batteries of thirty cells each are carried under the main deck. The gasoline tanks are at the forward end of the boat, as far from the engine as possible, and in addition the vessels carry tanks for the storage of compressed air, ballast tank, and tanks into which water is admitted to compensate for the weight of the torpedoes when discharged. The compressed air capacity for torpedo and tank service is forty cubic feet at 2000 pounds pressure, suitably reduced for various uses. The speed and radia of action of the Adder is given as 460 knots in a light condition, at a speed of six knots; in the semi-awash condition under the gasoline engine, 340 knots at a speed of 7 knots, and in the submerged condition, under the electric motor, as 27 knots at a speed of 7 knots, and something over 35 knots at a speed of 5½ knots. A crew of seven men is carried, one at the diving and one at the horizontal rudder, two in charge of the air and ballast tanks, two at the engines, and one in charge of the torpedo tube. The commander directs the movements of the boat from a conning tower of toughened brass, the windows of which are "dead lights," one inch wide and four inches long. Gauges suitably arranged in different parts of the vessel show the amount of air and the pressure, the capacity of the batteries and the voltage, the amount of ballast, the quality of liquid fuel and its flow, the speed at which the vessel is moving, the plane of the rudders, and the depth at which the vessel is submerged.

Like every other weapon of modern warfare, submarine boats have been compelled to fight for recognition. From the time when the Bushnell attempted to employ them during the war of the revolution, down to the peace conference at The Hague, humanitarians opposed to submarine mines and torpedoes, and consequently to submarine torpedo boats, denounced them as instruments of assassins, and the question was seriously debated during the earlier years of the nineteenth century whether the crews of submarine boats were entitled to be treated as prisoners of war or should be hung as pirates. The last attempt to forbid their employment in warfare was made at The Hague, and was defeated, and the success of the American built submarines will doubtless lead to the construction of more boats of this type. Arnold Foster, parliamentary secretary to the British admiralty, after the successful trials of the British submarines, stated that England would now begin the construction of such boats in earnest, and it is probable the United States will follow suit. Some writers claim the speed of a submarine has necessarily a low limit, because the resistance is always the same, but others equally well informed maintained that the water displaced flows in behind, and by pushing them forward materially increases the speed. The perfection of the storage battery, for which so many inventors are now striving, promises to be attained in the near future, and it is believed no difficulty should be experienced in constantly increasing the speed of the submarine boats.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NAVAL SERVICE

Secretary Moody Tells of Work of Training.

More Officers and Vessels Are Required.

Washington, Nov. 29.—The annual report of the secretary of the navy has been presented to the president by Secretary Moody, who succeeded Hon. John D. Long at the head of the department on May 1, 1902. The secretary says that a statement of the operations of the fleet reveals an activity characteristic ot all branches of the naval service of today. Such a statement may be found in the report of the chief of the bureau of navigation. The co-operation of the army and navy has everywhere been cordial. The navy has done its share in restoring order in the Philippines. The conditions throughout the islands have so far improved that the constant presence of a large naval force is no longer necessary. Five gunboats have been put out of commission or laid up for repairs. The disturbed conditions in the West Indies and Caribbean have required the constant presence of our ships, charged with the duties of maintaining order by moral influence, protecting the interests of our citizens and those of other nations committed to us, and of preserving the treaty rights of the government. These duties have been performed in harmonious cooperation with the department of state. The navy rendered essential aid in the relief furnished to the inhabitants of the islands of Martinique and St. Vincent afflicted by the volcanic eruption occuring in May last. Ocean surveys have been continued to the extent which the number of available officers, men and ships would permit.

The task which is employing the highest energies of the navy, and receiving the greatest attention from the heads of bureaus, the commanders in chief of stations, the commanding and subordinate officers of squadrons, divisions, and single vessels everywhere, is the work of training. To the development of the greatest efficiency in all branches of the service the attention, zeal, and thought of those in charge is mainly directed. This is an era of training. The reports of the several bureaus are largely made up of criticisms upon and plans for the improvement of present systems of practice, drill and instructions.

THE WORK OF TRAINING.

The training of apprentice boys and landsmen entering for the first time the enlisted force in the navy in all that is comprehended by the term "the sea habit;" the training of seamen who have acquired this, but need greater familiarity with the specialized work of a modern ship of war; the training of officers and men of the marine corps in the military and naval duties of that organization; the training of officers and men, sailors and marines in the essential matter of marksmanship with all arms, great and small, including machine and rapid-fire guns, in the care and handling of ordnance, and, particularly, in "gun pointing;" training in developing and maintaining the efficiency of the main engines of ships, as well as of all auxiliary machinery and devices, steam, electrical, and other; the training of young officers of the staff corps in the specialties of their profession, as well as in its general obligations and duties; the training of junior officers in torpedo work of all kinds, and in the handling of the smaller vessels, and the training of more experienced officers in the capacity to bring out and utilize the full powers of the vessels under their command, whether operating singly or in squadrons, appears to be the important present business of the navy.

For these purposes schools of instruction have been established wherever practicable, among them being the school for petty officers of the seaman branch at Newport, and for the artificer branch at the navy yards, Portsmouth, Va., and New York; the school at the medical museum, and the torpedo school at Newport. At the same time the work of the naval war college has received increased attention.

It is needless to say that the purpose of all this instruction and training is to make the navy fit for its ultimate design as an instrument of warfare. The navy serves many useful purposes in times of peace which should by no means be minimized. Nevertheless it would not exist in anything like its present form if the possibility of war were not in contemplation. It is believed to be the duty of the department to employ the means which congress has placed at its disposal to develop every latent power of material and personnel and see that all branches of the service operate in intilligent harmony. This constitutes that preparedness for war which is the best guaranty of the continuance of peace. It has been remembered at every step that the people desire peace and not war, and that the navy should be potent that peace may be preserved. This preparedness for war should be complete; a partial or half-way preparation will not insure us against attack, may even invite it.

THE NEW VESSELS.

At the close of the last fiscal year there were under construction for the navy, by contract, the following vessels: Eight battle ships, 6 armoured cruisers, 9 protected cruisers, 4 monitors, 13 torpedo-boat destroyers, 7 torpedo boats and 7 sub-marine torpedo boats. The general progress of work upon these vessels, particularly those of the larger class, has not been found to be satisfactory. The battle ships were, on the 30th of June, 1902, from 10 to 29 months behind contract time; the armored cruisers from 4 to 13 months; the protected cruisers from 6 to 18 months, while the monitors were from 16 to 19 months in arrears.

At the last session of congress, by act of July 1, 2190, the construction of the following additional vessels of the navy was authorized: Two battle ships, one to be built at such navy-yard as the secretary might designate; two armored cruisers, and two gunboats. In pursuance of this act the department without delay approved plans for the construction of the two battle ships and directed that work on one of them, the Connecticut, be commenced at once at the navy yard, New York. The contract for the construction of the other battle ship, the Louisiana, has been awarded to the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, after competition, for the sum of $3,990,000. The plans and specifications for two 14,500-ton armored cruisers, the Tennessee and the Wasnington, are completed. Bids for their construction will be opened on January 6, 1903. The plans and specifications of the 1,000-ton gunboats, the Dubuque and the Paducah, will soon be ready.

FUTURE OF THE NAVY.

Among the most important lessons learned in the war with Spain was that a modern navy can not be improvised during a war or upon the threshold of a war. Much money was then expended in the purchase of ships. Many of them served useful auxiliary purposes, but it may well be doubted whether they added materially to the fighting efficiency of our fleet. The time best suited to the development and protection of our navy is the time when there i sneither war nor threat of war. Happily the present is such a time, and it permits a dispassionate consideration of the future. The country approves, with hardly a dissenting voice, the policy of strengthening our power upon the sea. What would have been an adequate navy some years ago is totally inadequate for the performance of the duties growing out of our new possessions in the Pacific and Atlantic and the determination of congress to construct a canal across the isthmus. If, then, the policy of strengthening our power upon the sea to the point where it can respond to the national needs be not abandoned, the navy has manifold needs. There must be additional naval and coaling stations; more ships, fighting and auiliary; and an increase of officers and men. In all of these respects, congress in the past has dealt with the navy wisely and generously, and I doubt not that in the future it will as accurately register the will of the people.

The most imperative need of the navy today is of additional officers. I can not overstate this need. It invites the instant attention of congress. The administration of the department is embarrassed almost daily by the lack of officers below command rank. This condition has been approaching for some years, and was clearly apprehended and stated by my predecessor in office. It is acute today, and, when the ships already authorized are completed, it will be desperate unless there is early action. The deficiency in the number of officers required for the full complement of naval duty at the end of four years will be 1369. Under existing conditions 355 graduates of the naval academy may be expected during these four years. There is no other source of supply except a number, not exceeding 6 per annum, which may be obtained by the promotion of enlisted men. I recommend that the law be amended so as to permit the promotion of not more than twelve warrant officers per annum, and that without a year's delay the number of midshipmen at the academy be increased sufficiently to meet present and prospective needs of the service. It has sometimes been suggested that the insufficiency of officers is due part, at least, to the number detailed for the performance of shore duty. This suggestion demands careful consideration. The number of officers on shore duty is to some extent within the control of the secretary of the navy, and to that extent is a question of administration merely. The efforts of my predecessors and myself have diminished the number of line officers on shore duty from 275 on Jan. 1 last to 195 on Nov. 15 current, being a reduction of 80, or 29.9 per cent. The percentage of officers on shore duty on Jon. 1 was 26.8, and on Nov. 15 was 18.6. This reduction has not been accomplished without the protest of some of the ablest officers, especially those at the heads of the several bureaus. The weight of this protest is not overlooked, and it is recognized that in some cases the action of the department can only be justified by the fact that officers have been detached from stations on shore for the performance of more essential duties at sea.

THE ENLISTED MEN.

The number of enlisted men in the naval service on June 30, 1902, was 21,433. Of these 8032 were landsmen for training and apprentices. Many of these came from the Middle Western states, and at ½½½½ $9afflILd lartiesd! cmfwy vbgkqz the time of their enlistment were unacquainted with the new life upon which they had entered. Their progress has been eminently satisfactory. All men now enlisted are required to be either citizens or to have declared their intention to become such. Eighty-nine per cent of the enlisted force are now citizens and 78 per cent are native born. Ninety-three and three-tenths per cent of the landsmen for training and 94 per cent of the apprentices are native born. The advance in general intelligence and education of the enlisted men presents new problems which, with all other questions concerning them, are receiving the critical attention of the department. It is believed that in intelligence, education, adaptability to the service, and fidelity to its interests our men will compare favorably with those of any other navy.

The present number of enlisted men authorized by law is 28,000. By enlistment since the close of the fiscal year, the number of men in the service has been brought up to 25,258 on Nov. 15, current, and it is believed that by February next the full number authorized will be enlisted. The same reasons which demonstrate the necessity for an increase of officers call for the increase of men. The increase can be made gradually, and I recommend that an addition of 3000 be authorized during the next fiscal year.

INCREASE OF SHIPS.

After most careful consideration, I believe it to be my duty to recommend a continuance without interruption of the increase of ships. The precise type of ships authorized must, of course, like the authorization itself, be referred to the wisdom of congress, to whose committees recommendations in detail may be made. Differences of opinion exist among naval authorities, but all agree that not less than two battleships should be among the number authorized. Whether the others should be of the armored-cruiser type or of the unarmored cruiser and gunboat type which have proved so useful, may well be left for future discussion.

A permanent ambulance or hospital ship designed for hospital purposes only, and having the right to fly the flag of the Geneva conference, would undoubtedly prove an important adjunct to extended naval maneuvers, whether in time of war or peace. The work of the Solace and Bay State throughout the period of the Spanish war, in the West Indies and during subsequent activities in the Far East, established the value of hospital ships in time of war.

In time of peace such a vessel should accompany each large squadron in the more serious evolutions as a hospital, and also as a recreation asylum for debilitated members of the ships' companies. But their most important service would be as ambulance vessels, to carry the sick and disabled from the fleets or from tropical island stations to naval hospitals, giving them while in transit intelligent and wholesome care. Two vessels of this type, one for the Atlantic and one for the Pacific, to be equipped for the work outlined in time of peace, and ready for instant service in time of war, are earnestly recommended.

NAVAL STATIONS.

There is no subject which deserves more careful consideration than that of naval stations. Their situation and development have sometimes been controlled more by accident and local wishes than by the broader consideration of national needs. We surely have an abundance of them within the United States, but there is imperative demand for the establishment of a naval station in the Philippines and in the West Indian islands or the Caribbean. My own experience leads me to express the hope that congress will make some provision which will enable the committees especially charged with the consideration of naval affairs to inspect our naval stations. I can not but believe that such an examination would result in very considerable economy in public expenditures. If the examination could be extended, as it should be, beyond the seas, it would insure the selection of proper sites and their development on wise and economical lines.

As the result of investigations thus far conducted the chief of the bureau of steam engineering recommends the installation of liquid-fuel appliances without delay in at least a third of the torpedo boats and destroyers. With respect to the larger war vessels, and particularly the battle ships, the installation of liquid fuel presents serious difficulties, entirely apart from the question of the satisfactory use of oil under boilers. The safe and convenient storage of a sufficient supply of liquid fuel beneath the protective decks of large ships of war, and the question of replenishing exhausted fuel supply, whether in time of war or peace, in case of vessels liable to be sent without warning to unfrequented harbors, are grave matters. Inasmuch as such obstacles are more easily dealt with in the case of commercial steamers, the problem of installing liquid fuel upon fighting vessels differs in importnat features from the same problem as applied to transports or to the mercantile marine.

LEGISLATION RECOMMENDED.

Section 3648 of the revised statutes forbids the "advance of public money" in any case whatever. The comptroller of the treasury and the paymaster general of the navy unite in urging such modification of this provision of law as will permit advance payments to be made in cases where required by commercial usage. It has been found in practice that the statute as it stands sometimes interposes a bar to the prompt procurement by the government of certain services, such as expressage, the furnishing of light and water for public buildings, telephone service, and subscriptions to daily, weekly and monthly publications. Persons furnishing these things frequently decline to supply them to the government on a different basis from that on which they are obtained by their individual patrons. It is urged that "the government should accommodate itself and its laws to the business and usages of trade when it enters the field of trade." Believing that the modification of existing law necessary to avoid the practical inconveniences complained of could be samely made, the department concurs in the recommendation that congress be asked to amend section 3648 as suggested.

Among the recommendations of the judge advocate general which receive the approval of the department are:

1. The enactment of a measure providing for the use of depositions before naval courts-martial and courts of inquiry. A bill conferring such authority (S. 1103) passed the senate on March 3 last.

2. The simplification of the procedure of naval examining and retiring boards by consolidating their functions, as proposed in measures now pending in the senate (S. 64) and in the house of representatives (H. R. 8120). The proposed change, the several features of which have been suggested by the operation of the present systems of examination and retirement in the army and navy, respectively, would result in material advantage to the service.

3. The pasage of a measure making provision for convening general courts-martial in the island possessions of the United States. The need for this legislation is the outgrowth of new conditions arising since 1898. A measure (S. 1102) authorizing the president to empower commanding officers of naval stations in the island possessions of the United States to convene general courts-martial was introduced in the senate and passed by that body on March 3 last.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

Amount of Mail Handled During Fiscal Year.

Washington, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Superintendent Machin, in charge of the rural free delivery service, issued a statement showing the amount of mail collected and delivered by the rural free delivery service in the United States during the past fiscal year. There are 8413 rural free delivery routes and 349,204,211 pieces of mail were delivered and collected. In Minnesota there are 269 rural free routes which collected and delivered 10,963,890 pieces, a daily average of 125 pieces per route.

DOMINION LINE

British-Mediterranean Service.

Mammoth, modern, twin screw S. S. "Commonwealth" and S. S. "New England," Boston to Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa and Alexandria, Egypt. Sailings Dec. 6, Jan. 3-17, Feb. 14-28, March 28. T. H. Larke, general Northwestern agent, 127 Guaranty building, Minneapolis.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

GOLD DUST
GOLD DUST

This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used

GOLD DUST

It **Multiplies**—your pleasures; **Divides**—your efforts; **Subtracts**—from your cares; **Adds**—to your life.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.
Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend**, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Jim Burwick to Inaugurate Noon and Evening Evangelistic Meetings at the West End---Y. M. C. A. Platform Meeting.

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, the morning service will be held at 10:30 a. m.. It will be foreign mission day, the pastor will speak. The evening service will be at 7:30 p. m. and Jim Burwick, the Brotherhood railway evangelist, will speak. This will begin a series of evangelistic meetings of two weeks' duration, under the leadership of Mr. Burwick. Meetings will be held every noon hour in the workshops and in the church every night at 8 p. m. Mr. Gilbert will be in charge of the singing. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. Mr. Darby, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon, there will be a platform meeting. A. G. Bonsfield, A. B. Siewert and B. N. Wheeler will be the speakers. The subject will be "Some Things That Profit."

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White, at the morning service, will speak on "A Rational Statement of the Doctrine of the Incarnation, and Its Implications."

At the vesper service at 5 o'clock Mr. White will speak on Joubert, and will translate and comment on some of his "Pensees" on religion. The music for this service will be as follows:

Paraphrase of "Lorelei" .... Nesvabda
Professor J. H. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Kritchmar, clarinet; Mr. Erickson, cornet; Mr. Huse, trombone; Miss Simond, piano.
"Sanctus" .... Gounod
Professor Flaaten, Mr. Kretschmar, Mr Erickson, Mr. Huse, Miss Simonds.
"Pilgrims' Song of Hope"........ Baptiste
Professor Flaaten, Mr. Kretschmar, Mr. Erickson, Mr. Huse, Miss Simonds.
"Postlude" .... Selected
Professor Flaaten, Mr. Kretschmar, Mr. Erickson, Mr. Huse, Miss Simonds.

* * *

Tomorrow being Advent Sunday and also St. Andrews' day, the services at St. Paul's church will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., choral celebration of holy communion; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong. The following are the musical programs:

MORNING.

Processional—"Rejoice, Rejoice Believers" .... Aurelia
Introit—"O Saving Victim"........ Uglow
Comunion service in A Flat.... Custance
Hymn—"Lo, He comes" .... Webbe
Anthem—"Hark, a Thrilling Voice".. .... Custance
Communion hymn—"O Lamb of God, I Come" .... Elvey
"Nunc Dimittis" .... Gregorian
Recessional—"The Son of God Gies Forth to War" .... Anon

EVENING.

Processional—"Hark, the Sound of Holy Voices" .... Dykes
"Psalter" .... Chanted
"Canticles" .... Chanted
Hymn—"O Jesus, Thou Art Standing" .... Knecht
Anthem—"The Sun Shall be No More Thy Light" .... Woodward
Orison—"Softly Now the Light of Day" .... Weber
Recessional—"The Son of God Gies Forth to War" .... Anon

A. F. M. Custance is the organist and choirmaster.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Rev. S. C. Davis will preach a Thanksgiving sermon in the morning, the subject being "God's Wonderful Dealing." The evening subject is "Character in Deeds." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude..............................
Response—"Blessed Art Thou, O Lord" .... Rogers
Quartet.
Anthem—"I Will Give Thanks"..J. Barnby
Quartet.
Solo—Selected ....
Miss Bailey.
Organ prelude ....

EVENING.

Organ prelude ....
Anthem—"Must Jesus Bear the Cross Alone" ....Havens
Quartet.
Anthem—"Jesus Lover of My Soul'.. ....Williams
Quartet.
Organ postlude ....

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach in the morning on the theme: "A Forward Look." His evening subject will be "The Way to Real Wealth." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Intermezzo" ..Josef Rheinberger
Anthem—"Sanctus, Holy, Holy, Holy," ....Gounod
Solo by Paul Gilbert.
Sentence—"Hear Our Prayer"..Hanscom
Offertory ....Gounod
Postlude—"March".. .. .. E. Guiraud

EVENING.

Organ—"Melody," in a flat.Alex Guilmant
Anthem—"The Day Is Past and O'er" ....William Reed
Solo and quartet—"Oh, Sacred Head Now Wounded" ....Liszt
Solo by Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
Solo......... ....
Paul Gilbert.

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; tenor, Paul Gilbert; alto, Miss Antoinette West; bass, Philip Gordon Brown; organist, Miss Margaret McLean.

* * *

At the First M. E. church, Rev. S. P. Long will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Greatest of the Gracious." His evening subject will be "Blessings of Labor." The music will be us follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Communion in E Minor".. .... Batiste
Solo—"Day of Peace" .... Bally
Miss Bradshaw.
Offertory .... Freyer
Solo—"Flee As a Bird" .... Dana
Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—"Festal March"........ Merkel

EVENING.

Prelude ....
Solo—"The Better Land"......... Cowen
Miss Bradshaw.
Offertory in G .... Batiste
Solo—"The Everlasting Day"...... Bwan
C. W. Weeks.
Solo—"O Jesus, Thou Art Standing"
Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude .... Wagner

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "A Searching Question and a Solemn Charge;" in the evening on "The True Witness." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—Prelude .... Guilmant
Quartet—"I Waited for the Lord".... .... Mendelssohn
Offertory solo—"These Are They"... ....A. R Gaul
Mrs. Homer Collins.
Quartet—"Choral Hymn" .... Brahms

EVENING.

Organ voluntary ....
Quartet—"O Savior Bless Us"......... ....W. E. Brown
Solo—"One Sweetly Solemn Thought" .... Ambrose
J. R. Martin.

The choir consists of: Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Clara Hector, alto; J. R. Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Ruth Rogers, organist.

* * *

At the Bethel, Lake avenue at 7:30 p. m., Charles F. Robel will give the first of a series of talks on the "Life of Christ." Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meets at 6:30 p. m. Monday evening Mr. Robel's subject will be, "Elijah and the Fire From Heaven." Gospel meeting every night, except Saturday.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the members of the Swedish Baptist church. Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Gospel meeting every night.

* * *

At Grace Methodist church tomorrow morning Rev. Harry Knowles will preach in the morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Greater Joy"—a Thanksgiving sermon. In the evening he will preach on "The Heavenly Vision—Lessons from the Visit of Gen. Booth." Prelude on "The Professor's Happiness on Three Hundred Per Annum."

* * *

At the First Christian church tomorrow morning boys and girls rally day will be observed. This is the annual rally of the Sunday school in the interest of Home mission. The exercises will begin at 10:45. Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30. The pastor will speak on the topic, "Life's Record."

* * *

At the Star of Hope Mission, 617 West Superior street, there are meetings every night. Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a consecration meeting will be held; John Callahan will speak. Subject, "Lay Aside Every Weight." Special singing. The program for the evening service is as follows: 7 p. m., Star of Hope praying band meets for half an hour of prayer; 7:30, graphophone concert; 7:45, song service; 8 p. m., John Callahan will speak, subject, "The Spiritual Banquet." Special singing by the Bowery trio and others.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, Rev. J. Sether, of West Superior, Wis., will preach at 10:30 a. m. The evening service will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. N. B. Thvedt, at 7:45. The choir will sing. Sunday school, Norwegian and English at 9 a. m.

* * *

At Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church Sunday school will meet at 2 p. m. W. Wheeler, superintendent. Church service will be held at 3 p. m. by Jim Burwick, the railroad evangelist.

* * *

Bethany Mission Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. Mrs. A. C. Manson, superintendent.

* * *

At Lester Park M. E. church, the pastor, Charles Fox Davis, will preach tomorrow morning and evening. After the sermon in the morning, the Sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered. The musical program is as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—Selected ....
Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau.
Tenor solo—"A Prayer".Coleridge Taylor
Milton B. Griffith.
Organ offertory—Selected ....
Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau.
Tenor solo—"Alone With Thee ....Bailey
Milton B. Griffith.
Organ postlude—Selected ....
Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau.

EVENING.

Organ prelude—Selected ....
Miss Gertrude Carey.
Male quartet—Selected.... ....
Mr. Brooks, first tenor; Mr. Brown, second tenor; Mr. Stoller, first bass; Mr. Le Tourneau, second bass.
Organ offertory—Selected ....
Miss Gertrude Carey.

The Epworth league will observe Missionary Sunday in the evening service at 6:30. Mrs. J. A. Pinkerton, leader.

* * *

Rev John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church Suiday at 10:45 a. m., on the subject "The Pure in Heart," and at 7:45 p. m., on the subject "The Light of Her Glory." At the morning service the trio "Lift Thine Eyes," from Mendelssohn's "Elijah," will be rendered. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock; Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, services will be held at 10:45 a. m. The subject will be "God, the Only Cause and Creator." Sunday school will meet at the close of service.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Morning there will be "The Herald of Christ." In the evening he will preach a special sermon appropriate to the season, taking for his subject "Some Lessons Gathered From the Thanksgiving Season." Sunday school at 10 a. m.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. J. C. Hartley will preach at both services. A communion service will be held in the morning at 15:30 o'clock. Sermon subject, "The Gospel Recalled in God's Love." At the evening service at 7:30 the subject will be "A Universal Call, a Close Inspection and a Limited Selection."

* * *

In St. Luke's church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, the Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the morning service will be held at 11 o'clock. Rev. Louis T. Belden, rector.

* * *

At the Holy Apostles church in West Duluth, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., and the evening service will be held at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. Louis T. Belden, rector.

* * *

Rev. N. B. Thvedt will be present during the morning service commencing at 10 o'clock at the Norwegian Lutheran church on Twenty-ninth avenue west and Third street. The sermon will be by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Hjortholm. Evening service at 7:45 is conducted by the pastor. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

Rev. P. Ryden, recently arrived from Sweden, will preach at the First Swedish Baptist church both morning and evening. Sunday school will meet at 11:30 a m.

* * *

The Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; morning service at 11 a. m.; junior meeting at 2:30 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7:15 p. m.; evening service at 8 p. m. There will be music by the choir, ladies' quartet and male quartet. Rev. L. S. Stapf, pastor.

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, services will be held in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:10. I. G. Aschim, astor.

* * *

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salveson, pastor.

* * *

The Brand of Light Spiritualists, will hold services Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. A lecture and spirit messages will be given. Medium, Mrs. Elizabeth Holmes.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Chicago Record-Herald: One of the Chicago churches is to have a brass band to help at the regular services. It is to be hoped that the trombone artist will be careful never to let the congregation, in an outburst of enthusiasm, mistake his efforts for those of Gabriel.

Philadelphia Leader: Bishop Potter refunds to the Duluth people $150 paid him for a lecture because of the criticisms of the townspeople. They were dissatisfied because the lecture was only thirty-five minutes long. If it's length they want there are over 1,000,000 people who could meet their wants ably.

Chicago Chronicle: Having previously consigned to eternal perdition the doctors, the druggists, the lawyers, the preachers and the reporters, Brother Dowie has now put Gen. Booth and the Salvation Army on the blacklist. If al the people whom Brother Dowie proscribes are really lost forever paradise will be so sparsely populated that "Zion's general manager" will have flats to rent in the heavenly mansions.

New York Outlook: We do not advise our ministerial readers to lecture in the pulpit on economics. The minister rarely knows more about economics than the better informed in his congregation, and often not as much. What he knows he has probably gathered from books or newspapers, and the man of affairs listens with either an irritated or an amused contempt to what he regards as a purely academic discourse. The man of affairs may be wrong and the preacher may be right, but though right he is not effectual.

Baltimore American: "Sin in rags is harmless; it is the gilded vice that is dangerous to humanity," says Dr. Parkhurst. Taking this dictum literally, it would follow that morality is a question of wearing apparel, to be shifted at pleasure. But such conclusion was not intended by the eminent preacher. He simply wished to emphasize that the chief danger of vice is its attractiveness, and not the innate tendency of man to sin. It is by making immorality so repugnant and ugly that we can hope for any amelioration of the conditions so apparent in certain places.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Big guns do not always get the big game.

Justice seeks those who will not seek mercy.

Blank cartridges will often make the most noise.

True humility bows lower as prosperity rises higher.

A gloomy religion is as misleading as a glistening sin.

It is hard to believe in a clear religion in a dirty church.

It takes two to make a quarrel, but only one may make peace.

Better to endure Satan's buffeting than to enjoy his banqueting.

Many trust God for a crown and go right on worrying over crumbs.

God makes the gates of heaven and man cannot even measure them.

Long wind with God will not counterbalance short weight with men.

DUN'S REVIEW

Weather Conditions Have Generally Good Effect on Business.

New York, Nov. 29.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Weather conditions have provided the only important developments of the past week in the business world. Excessive rains in some sections, notably the Southwest, facilitated distribution of heavy footwear, overshoes and kindred lines, while seasonably low temperature at other points include the movement of winter wearing apparel. The influences, together with a large Thanksgiving trade in foods, stimulated retail dealings very materially. Jobbing and wholesale trade is fully maintained, and manufacturing plants have orders far ahead, but in many cases the coke shortage retards operations.

Railway officials are making every effort to relieve the freight congestion, especially in the vicinity of Pittsburg, but thus far there is little evidence of improvement. Gross earnings are fully maintained, those for November thus far exceeding last year's by 6.3 per cent and those of 1900 by 16.4 per cent, while it is anticipated that higher freight rates will offset the advance in wages, sustaining net earnings.

Inquiries for pig iron become more urgent as the scarcity grows more acute. Furnaces are added to the idle list when there is full occupation for every plant, but the fuel shortage is not perceptibly improved. Coke commands high premiums, according to the needs of consumers, and iron is similarly held at an abnormal position by the insufficient supply. Even foreign pig iron has not arrived at specified dates, while new orders have been placed abroad covering distant deliveries. It is fully apparent that domestic needs will continue to exceed available supplies for many months to come. The pressure is less severe in the various finished lines, aside from structural steel and railway equipment. Numerous projected additions to mileage, improved terminals and increased rolling stock insure activity at the shops for months to come. Machinery houses, boiler works and makers of heavy hardware are all far behind with orders, and practically every section of the iron and steel industry is entirely in control of sellers, prospective purchasers naving to make all the concessions. Minor metals, on the other hand, are generally weaker, tin being especially depressed. Silver bullion has fallen to much the lowest price on record, the intrinsic value of a silver dollar now being about 39 cents.

A distinctly firmer tone pervades the market for footwear, orders coming forward freely for spring goods. The leading shoe manufacturers have taken large lots of leather, especially hemlock sole, giving a firmer tone to the market and reducing stocks.

Foreign dry hides are in limited supply and well held. There is still no inclination to place large orders for distant delivery of cotton goods, but a steady current demand fully absorbs the limited stocks, and buyers are often compelled to hunt for desired lines of staple cloths. Printed and woven patterned goods for spring are selling freely on forward business. The better tone that appeared some weeks ago in woolens has finally caused a moderate advance in staple lines for spring.

Failures for the week number 213 in the United States, against 182 last year, and 16 in Canada, compared with 25 a year ago.

RHEUMATISM CURED

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS" is a positive cure for this disease. It makes no difference how severe the case may be, "5-DROPS," if used as directed will give quick relief and effect a permanent cure. Rheumatism is caused by an acid poison which accumulates in the system, settling in the joints, nerves or muscles, and causing the most intense pain. It is a blood disease and can only be cured by cleansing the blood of its impurities. No liniment can ever cure rheumatism, although if the right kind is used it will stop the pains for the time being. Swanson's "5-DROPS" is both an internal and external remedy. Applied externally it will prevent those horrible pains with which a rheumatic victim suffers. Taken internally it will effect a permanent cure of the disease by going directly to the seat of the trouble and removing the cause. "5-DROPS" purifies the blood by dissolving all poisonous matter and removing it from the system. This is the only correct method of treating this disease, and the only one whereby instant relief is given and a complete cure obtained. "5-DROPS" is the only remedy that will thoroughly and permanently cure rheumatism in all of its forms and stages of development. All bodily aches and pains stop immediately when "5-DROPS" is used. "5-DROPS" applied externally stops those awful backaches, removes instantly the inflammation and soreness caused by sprains or bruises, and quickly affords relief to those who are suffering with nervous or neuralgic headache. It is the greatest pain killer ever discovered.

5 DROPS [TRADE MARK.]

FREE COUPON
No. 212.
Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.

Had to use crutches when he walked. Didn't think "5-DROPS" would help him any, but it cured him.

M. D. Bayley, Anamosa, Iowa, writes: "I have been laid up all winter since last November with rheumatism, being confined to the bed part of the time and often walking on crutches. When I did try to get around I suffered enough to die a hundred times. I began to use "5-DROPS" without any expectations or hopes that it would help me, but it did, and I have not experienced any pains since I have been using it."

Large Size Bottle (300 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.
Ask Your Druggist for the "SWANSON PILL," a Sure Cure For Constipation, PRICE 25 CTS.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

A full set of the best artificial teeth.... $10
And no extra charge for extracting
Gold Crowns (22K)............$7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from........$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.........75c
Painless Extracting..............50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays—10 to 12.
JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

AFTER THE PLAY.
FITGER'S BEER
ALWAYS

Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.

Peachey & Lounsberry,
The Printers.
Zenith 'Phone 336.
Duluth 'Phone 166-5.
New Address Providence Bldg.

Photographed from Life.
1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

COIFFURE FASHIONS

This Year the Hair Must Be Done In Very Elaborate Ways.

The Forehead Must Also Be Dressed—A Maiden's Pretty Frocks That Are Charmingly Ingenue In Style.

New York, Nov. 26.—The coiffure which the duchess of Manchester wore at a theater party given in honor of the christening of the Manchester heir is still the talk of London society.

The boy had been named Alexander, and the gracious queen had consented to guard him through his immature life, and then came the festivities.

The duchess, young, beautiful as ever, exquisitely dressed and groomed until she seemed a miracle of feminine grace, sat in a box adjoining the royal one. In the back hovered the duke, a sable background for the richness of the robes of his duchess.

But it was not upon the duke, nor upon the ducal party, nor yet upon the royal box itself, that the attention of the audience was bent. But upon the duchess. And particularly upon the ornament which she wore in her hair. This was a shimmering thing of green and pearls, emeralds with a creamy background.

The whole was shaped in oval fashion and hung pendent from a chain, right upon the forehead of the duchess. Her hair, which was dressed high, was waved in front, and a generous wave was pulled down in the middle. Over this were slipped the chain of gold and the ornament of emeralds.

The duchess, who could take little part in the coronation two months ago, and who was deprived of the honor of assisting the queen, was thus rewarded for her deprivation. In the old church the queen had "stood" for the child; and before all London the christening party had appeared at the theater, while all eyes were bent upon the duchess and upon the coiffure which surmounted her pretty head. Surely there are recompensatory moments.

Fashions in hairdressing take queer and quick moves; and this year there is a law that says that the hair must be done in very elaborate ways. The back is arranged with combs, the top with flowers and aigrettes and with bows and pins.

And now it is the forehead which must also be dressed.

Woman, busy though she is, has been compelled to consider the adorning of the neck, the wrists, the instep and the ears. But until latterly the forehead escaped attention. A few stray hairs were curled upon it, or that which was already a low pompadour was coaxed to lie still lower.

But this season the forehead will be distinctly dressed, and not carelessly, either, but in a certain and very definite way. It will be conspicuously adorned and you will see its decoration from afar.

It was a beautiful Washington belle who dressed her shoulders low and placed a wreath of roses over each shoulder strap. Then she coiled her hair way down on her neck. And over the top of her head she placed a narrow strap of white ribbon. The hair which was parted in a Cleo de Merode style, was brushed down each side in such a plain and simple way that both ears were covered. There was not the suspicion of a wave in the hair.

Across the forehead there was banded a strap of white ribbon and over each ear, just where the ribbons met, there was sentineled a white rose.

This white rose, standing guard over each ear, coming at each side of the head, low and a little front, made a charming ornament. And so did the strap of ribbon across the forehead, which was the feature of the coiffure.

Any forehead looks well banded in this manner, and the plainest girl is assisted by it. Take such a band and wind it around your head, pin another piece over the top of your head and secure the whole with a rose at each side and you will see yourself most charmingly coiffured.

There are many women who cling to the low pompadour and, really, they are not to be blamed for that. The low pompadour, drawn so far down that it conceals any little irregularities in the forehead, is universally becoming.

For the girl who wants to wear her hair this way there are very nice possibilities, and one of these is seen in the princess' hairdressing.

The girl who assumes this style must carry her head high, as though she wore a crown. She must puff her hair over each ear and make it full at each side of the head. There is to be a puff on the forehead, and the top is also to be very full.

Across the front there is a little band of ribbon, which is carried from side to side, and at the end of the band, at each side, there is set a little bunch of winter chrysanthemums. To do this coiffure correctly place the bunch of chrysanthemums first in the hair and then connect them with a narrow strap of ribbon. Use for the ribbon any color that matches the style of hair. With golden hair use a pale yellow, and with brunette hair use pink or scarlet, and the chrysanthemums will look very nice with either color.

Dressing the forehead offers such possibilities that the girl who wishes to study the subject will find not only a wide field for study, but also a very nice reward for her trouble. She will certainly get good results for such attention as she may pay to her forehead treatment.

Miss Helen Gould, who is looking remarkably pretty these days in a suit of navy blue with black strappings and black braid, wears her brunette hair in a curiously becoming manner.

Miss Gould, who is very fastidious, has her hair shampooed until it glistens. The hair is then waved from the roots to the very ends. There is a natural wave in her hair, which is accentuated by the tongs. The hair is then parted in the middle of the head, across the crown. The front is thrown up in pompadour fashion, with wisps curling over the face, looking as though they had blown there. The back is twisted low and loose, so that the waves show in the coil.

There is a tendency to make the hair conform to the season. In June the rose, in autumn the chrysanthemum, at Christmas the holly. They take holly now and stand it upright in the hair, as though it were an aigrette. The holly is tied in a stiff little sprig and is fastened back of the pompadour or in the top of it. The prickly leaves and the gorgeous red berries make a very nice ornament for the hair.

The holly wreath is also seen in the coiffures of the season. This is a wreath of the leaves trained to lie around the knot at the back of the neck. The wreath should be a very slender one, and it should be twisted around the knot and fastened with pins invisibly rather than conspicuously. The effect is a pretty artlessness.

Women who can wear an ornament over the ears are taking bunches of holly berries, with a leaf or two, and placing them so that the berries come just back of the ear lobes. There is something almost Oriental in this effect and suggestive of the hairdressing of the Mikado.

Mrs. Robert Collier, formerly Van Alen, has the honor of having originated a coiffure.

The hair is parted in the middle and drawn down over both ears. The peculiarity of this is that the hair is draped in such a manner as to preserve the oval of the face. If the face be without an oval it creates one.

This style is very necessary to the Dutch matrons of whom New York boasts and it becomes well all of those who have wide faces. But it looks best of all upon the girl of spirituelle type, rather long of nose and with sweet features.

To finish this coiffure there must be a little chain caught around the head and a small ornament must be hung upon this chain.

In selecting the ornament be sure to get one that will lie flat upon the forehead, not a locket with a tendency to turn over.

The French make a pendant which has eyelets at each side, through which the chain is hooked. This when fastened upon the forehead must remain immovable. The same can be done with a ribbon.

Mrs. Howard Gould has also a coiffure of her own. There is a strapping of roses in the hair, while from the middle hang a few roses in a soft spray, coming right down from the pompadour and over the forehead where they are fastened by a few locks of waved hair. The hair is separated at the side and the roses have a curiously classic look as they fall in their studied disorder.

Two party frocks shown by a shop dedicated to juvenile wear are charmingly ingenue in style. Both cost a pretty penny in their present shape, but if you have a sharp eye for bargains in summer gauzes you may copy them for a song.

Embroidered batiste in the fashionable shade of butter yellow embodies the more elegant of the two. It is trimmed with fancy bands of the same, one shaping a swirling heading for the deep skirt flounce; the other a bertha for the low cut bodice. On the sleeves a matching band forms a shoulder cap, under which loose puffs extend to pointed waistbands of the embroidery. A lacing of black velvet ribbon fastens the waist at the left front; a similar treatment ornaments the sleeve caps. The girdle is also of black velvet ribbon, but in a 4-inch width. At the back the sash strips are finished in the new way at the bottom with big bows.

Quaintly old-fashioned is the second frock. Made of pure white blonde net, with narrow satin ribbons and shirrings for ornament, it seemed especially suited to the girl of quiet tastes, whom the world calls "old-fashioned."

The model is almost little girl, so youthful is the effect of the low puffed bodice and frilled skirt. Edging these ruffles, which are cut straight, are three in number, and heading the group, is the ribbon in straight rows. The top of the skirt is shirred in a straight girdle band. A shirred body yoke and the finish of the short sleeves match. A look almost babyish is secured by a narrow guimpe of plain net.

Simplicity of material and modesty of cut are things for your young daughter and see to it that some sort of a sleeve appears in her party waist. When this reaches no further than the elbow, long gloves of suede or silk should cover the lower arm.

Among the lesser frivolities for young girls are very charming evening girdles in pompadour ribbons with slides and buckles of tinted enamel. These also show the plaited and shaped postillion tails and the designs of all are so simple that they can easily be copied at home for less than half the cost of the ready-made models.

In the way of jewelry, pretty bowknot brooches are seen in colored enamels, which quite successfully imitate the tied ribbons. Then coral is much worn by young girls, in long chains of the broken twig sort, and in round beads, in bracelets, brooches and back combs.

Some of these are the basest imitation, in a substance which more nearly resembles red sealing-wax than coral. But never was real coral cheaper than now, and since it is the birthright of youth, let every girl own at least one rosy trinket as long as the fad lasts.

A natty gown for a girl of 18 is of white and brown checked tweed in one of the newest models designed for young persons not yet "out." Trimmed with golden brown velvet and six medallions of white cloth embroidered with brown, a skirt yoke and shoulder cape in deep tucks were its most effective features. Aside from this narrow yoke the skirt, which was in seven gores, was perfectly plain. The tucked bodice was in blouse shape with velvet forming the round yoke, the suffs and girdle. One of the square cloth medallions was placed at the front of the stock like a brooch. Three others, poised at the same diamond angle, ornamented the front of the bodice, which is fastened under the left arm. The baggy puff sleeves were very small at the top, with a single medallion on the velvet cuffs, and the crush belt hooked little girl fashion under a "chou" at the back. Last, but far from least, the costume was lined throughout with brown taffetaline, a lining cheaper and warranted more durable than the taffetas once used.

Made in all the colors of the season, taffetaline can be had at thirty-nine cents the yard. It is lighter in weight and a little less lustrous than pure taffeta, but the effect is equally elegant, and a goodly rustle is obtained.

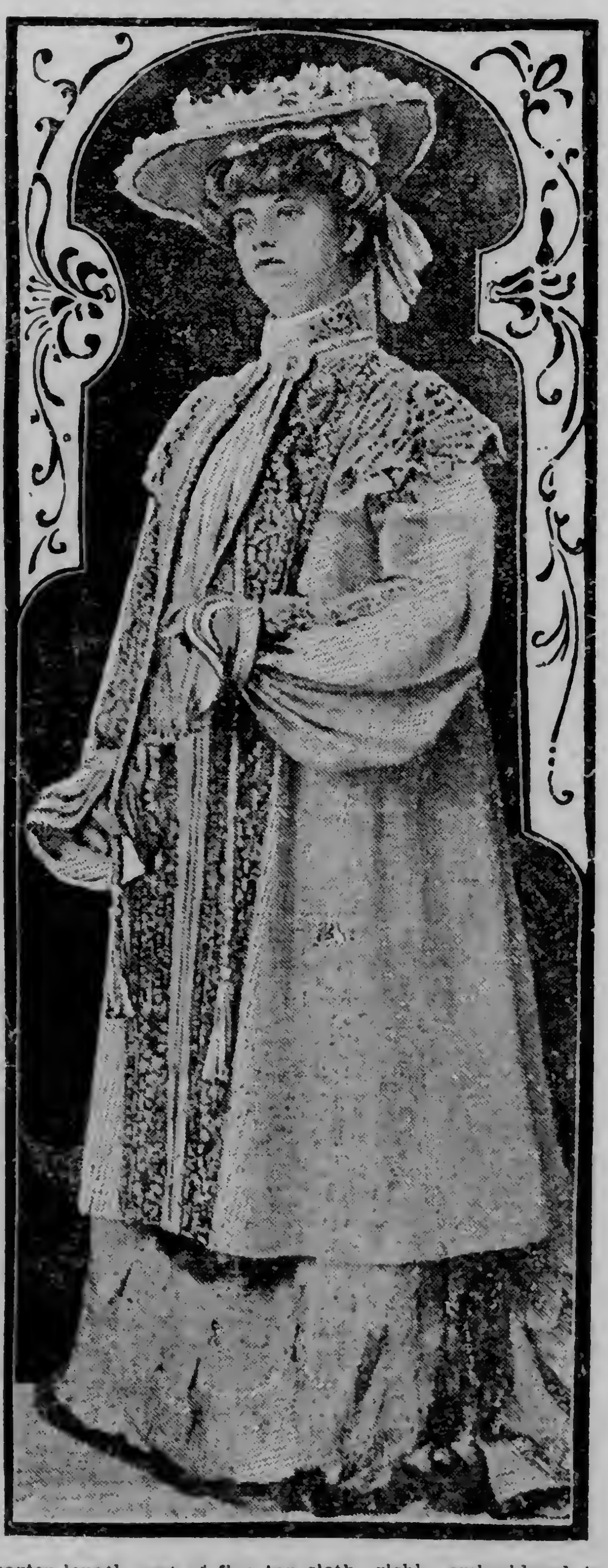
Very charming were other gowns for maidens who have passed the little girl stage, and yet must cling to the simplicity good taste requires for golden youth. Some tartan wools of rich coloring were subdued with black braids and black taffeta bands, put on in many odd ways. The popular puffed sleeve and the equally popular postillion belt were everywhere visible; the latter takes all the shapes the mind of mortal can devise. A V-shaped fan in plaits, the V upside down, was one rear appendage found more than passable. It was part of a wool canvas gown in the brightest blue—that sparkling mazarinish shade which suggests the ball that the washwoman drops into her rinsing water. The mode was delightfully simple, a habit skirt with three narrow foot folds and a blouse jacket plainly stitched. With all this modesty the postillion fan at the back of the belt seemed veritable magnificence.

Three dainty little waists gave other hints for effects to be obtained by simple methods. A bodice in Sevres blue delaine was made raidiant by a black embroidery outlining its scattered round flowers. The only other trimming was a bias band in plain blue, which running completely around the shoulders of the bodice took a jagged, lightning-like line at the side busts. At the front this band dipped very low, with the falling-off look of the present style of decolletage. A smoked pearl button fastened one lapping end.

Black satin pipings trimmed several simple flannel waists with good effect. On a little skirt in art green diagonal the black edged two suspender plaits, a glistening round braid did some scroll work on the bottom one.

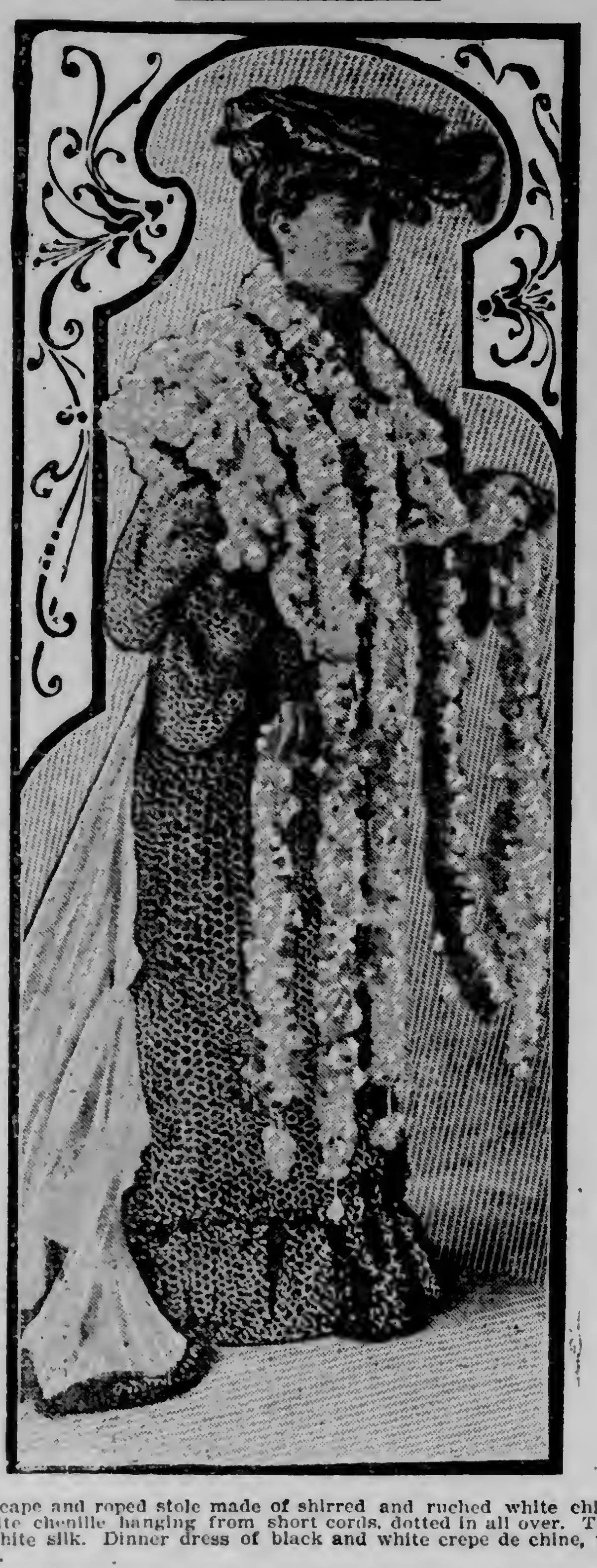
Epaulette shoulder treatments abound, and, since the shoulders are the hardest part of the waist to fit, these seem a good device for hiding indifferent work. Down the bias bands, which are used on some of them, tiny silk or velvet buttons, put on in a close row, are sometimes employed with stylish results. But when it comes to the really dressy waist, neither buttons nor satin piping are adequate decorations. Something genuinely elegant is necessary, though the trimming may be only the slightest "touch," as the modistes put it. On a blouse bodice of ivory white gros-grain silk this touch took the form of a bertha of Irish guipure—raised grapes with leaves and tendrils—applied to a pointed yoke band of the silk. The lace was dead white, a narrow edge and some rings in the same lace trimming the high stock and the bottoms of the open sleeves. Under these, which fell a little below the elbow, were wrist puffs in vure white mousseline.

THE "ELEGANTE" COAT.



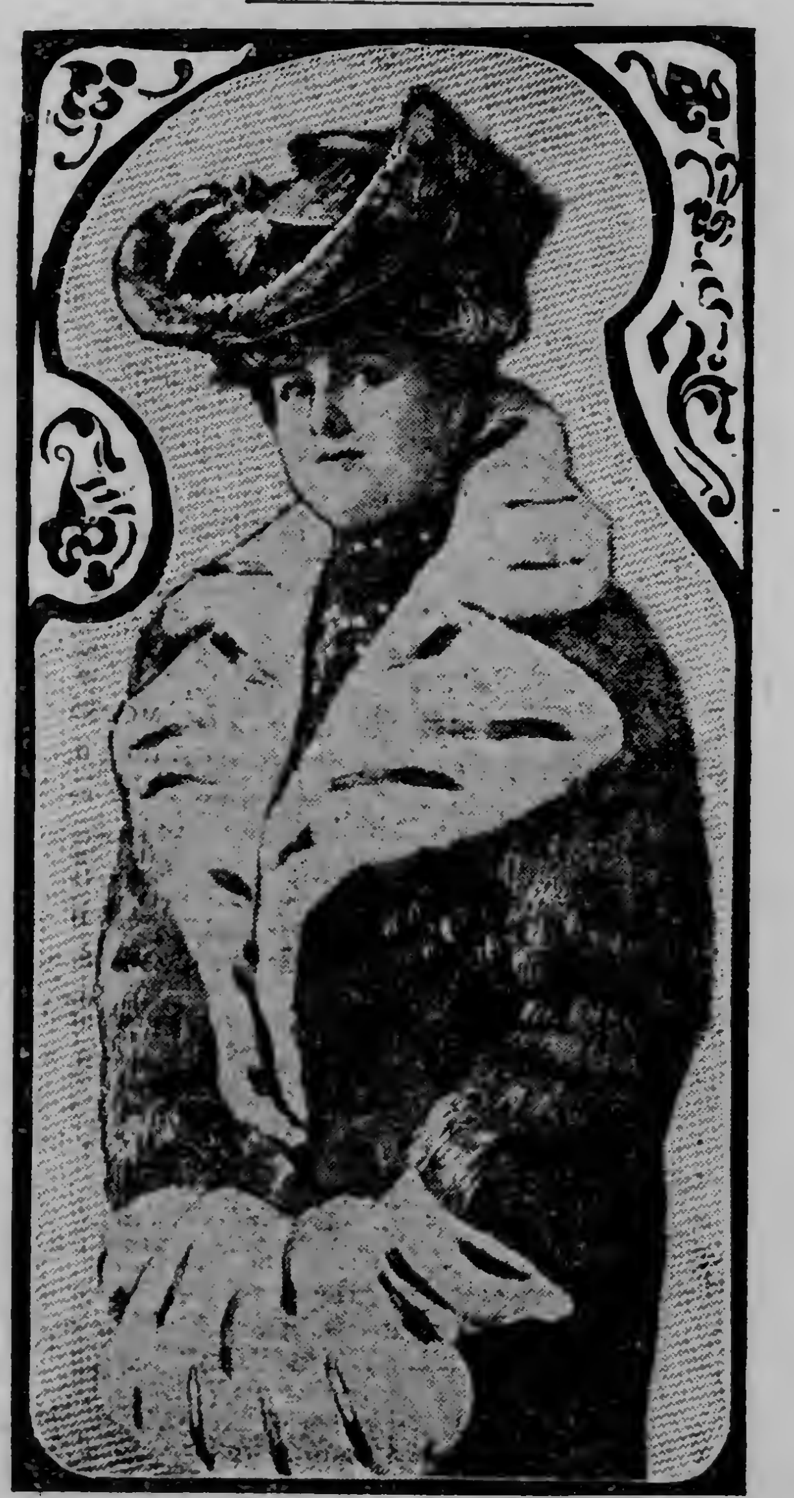
Three-quarter length coat of fine tan cloth, richly embroidered in the same color in taffeta and silk, with lace stitches between the design. The shoulder cape is of heavy Russian lace matching in color. A band of embroidery runs down the sleeve to the triple cuff that falls over the hand.

OF WHITE CHIFFON AND CHENILLE.



Evening cape and roped stole made of shirred and ruched white chiffon, with balls of white chenille hanging from short cords, dotted in all over. The founuation is of white silk. Dinner dress of black and white crepe de chine, with white chiffon sash.

OF SQUIRREL AND ERMINE.



The coat is of grey squirrel, fitting well over the hips. Revers, collar, cuffs and large bag-shaped muff of ermine. Hat of squirrel, trimmed with grey velvet and pearls. Two furs in combination are a popular fancy.

The Home And Its Mistress

By Emma Irene McLagan.

An experience we have all had is the one wherein a whole evening has been spoiled and our enjoyment of some favorite musical number hindered by "enfant terrible, that dreadful child! The concert for which we have planned and saved, scrimped, maybe, turns to dead sea fruit on account of, and owing to, somebody's spoiled infant.

You, to whom such an experience has come, did you not feel a keen desire to see that same infant summarily spanked into good behavior? Perhaps you agreed then with the old bachelor, who said he "always liked children best when they cried!" Upon the query as to why he so differed, he grimly added: "Because they are usually taken out of the room!"

Just why it is that parents permit their children to draw such opprobrium down upon themselves has always seemed to me a difficult thing to understand. You, dear mother of that sturdy, independent boy, or that dear little mite of a daughter, should surely wish for them the good will and respect of all with whom they may come in contact. You do not wish to have it said of you, as it was of a mother I once knew whose children, two boys, 3 and 5 years, respectively, were such terrors that her friends dreaded to see them: "I do so like Mrs. B.," said one long-suffering acquaintance, "but simply cannot have her visit me when she persists in bringing those two dreadful children with her; I cannot stand their tantrums." You know you would rather secure unbounded love for those little ones than such dislike.

This is not a difficult result to bring about, if you care enough to strive intelligently for it; if you are not impervious to frowns and illy concealed aversion on the part of acquaintances; if you so dearly love that precious son and daughter that you cannot bear to have them flouted. I never yet saw the who did not like a well-behaved child. Churls there are, all over the world, who pride themselves upon gruffness of demeanor; yet even such melt before the sweet, sunny glance of a happy and amiable little one; grudgingly maybe, but, nevertheless, melting and yielding to the charming influence.

And how can you expect that small son and daughter to learn how to comport themselves properly away from home unless you teach them proper deportment at home? It is just here that the trouble lies. You take your little daughter shopping with you; she cries, begs for everything she sees, handles everything she can reach, keeps you in a state of anxiety, and so on. Instead of teaching her to be better behaved, you leave her at home next time; so how can she ever learn? Why not impress upon her most forcefully when you reach home that such conduct will not be tolerated; then take her again and again, until she learns the right thing to do in the right place. I may illustrate: A careful mother was mortified by the behavior of her 6-year-old little maid one day, when the child most ungraciously returned the pleasant greeting of a caller. Not a word did the prudent parent utter until the caller had gone; then did that small girl receive a lesson that she never forgot. The mother seated her in the parlor, bade her say just what the visitor had said, while she (the mother) entered as had the child, received and asknowledged, as the child should have done, the greeting, and emphasized the lesson with a good switching. There was never again a churlish manner shown by that little daughter.

A point of importance is to reserve the reprimand and the lesson until you are alone with your little one; it does not improve matters to administer correction before anybody; on the contrary, it embarrasses the visitor, discourages the child, puts you into an unpleasant frame of mind, and it is not the right thing to do. But admonish, instruct and command as soon thereafter as possible, with the promise, to be strictly kept, of punishment on the next offense. I know it is very hard to keep such things in mind, too, in cold blood, as it were, hold the culprit to justice; but if you will remember that you wish your little ones to be tolerated, do it as a stern, unpleasant, yet peremptory duty. And a child can be taught anything.

Old-fashioned things come to the fore, it is said, once in every seven years, so there is no apology needed for telling you of an old-fashioned handkerchief case, than which I have seen nothing prettier among late inventions.

Purchase a piece of soft kid, bronze, gray or black, whic hyou can find at any sadlery establishment; you will need it twelve inches square. If gray, buy enough soft gray silk to line the square, allowing a margin for the taking up in quilting; a couple of spools of sewing silk the color of the lining, a couple of yards of No. 5 ribbon, the color of the kid—that is all. Put a layer of of batting, with sachet powder generously sprinkled, on the wrong side of the kid; baste evenly along the edges; bind with the ribbon; turn the four corners to the center; put a tiny button and loop on two and you will have a perfectly simple yet most desirable Christmas present for somebody dear to you.

But, oh, my dear! Don't give the wrong thing to the wrong person; don't give a Scripture text of "Take up thy bed and walk" to a cripple who has lost both legs! Nor a bust of Byron to a strait-laced, narrow bigot; nor a pearl-handled penknife to a brawny son of toil; nor a hand-painted satin tobacco pouch to a business man; nor a bit of bric-a-brac to the friend who already has more than she can cope with. Just put a little common sense in your purse to expend with the dollars therein when you do your Christmas shopping.

As cold weather comes you may serve cornbread to your family safely, as it is a more heat-producing food than the wheat. I saw a squib to the effect that the colored "mammy" always set her cornbread butter aside an hour after mixing, before baking; this is one of those half truths that is misleading. Mammy does set the corn meal aside for an hour or until it has had time to cool, after she has mixed it into a stiff batter with a proper allowance of salt and boiling water; nothing else. Then she adds the milk, the eggs and baking powder, or soda, as the case may be; the batter, when the milk is slightly turned, and the very hot grease. This last is most important. The lard should be put in the bread pan, heated almost to boiling and beaten into the batter the last thing, enough being left in the pan to insure the turning out of the loaf without sticking. The quicker the batter is poured into the pan and slipped into the oven after the melted grease is added, the better will be the cornbread. Only try and see.

Delicious Drinks and Dainty Dishes
ARE MADE FROM
BAKER'S BREAKFAST COCOA

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Unequaled for Smoothness, Delicacy, and Flavor

Examine the package you receive and make sure that it bears our trade-mark.
Under the decisions of the U. S. Courts no other Cocoa is entitled to be labeled or sold as "BAKER'S COCOA."

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

Free Medical Advice to Women.

All Letters
Are Strictly Confidential

Every sick and ailing woman,
Every young girl who suffers monthly,
Every woman who is approaching maternity,
Every woman who feels that life is a burden,
Every woman who has tried all other means to regain health without success,
Every woman who is going through that critical time — the change of life —
is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., in regard to her trouble, and the most expert advice telling exactly how to obtain a CURE will be sent absolutely free of cost.

The one thing that qualifies a person to give advice on any subject is experience — experience creates knowledge.

No other person has so wide an experience with female ills nor such a record of success as Mrs. Pinkham has had.

Over a hundred thousand cases come before her each year. Some personally, others by mail. And this has been going on for twenty years, day after day, and day after day.

Twenty years of constant success — think of the knowledge thus gained! Surely women are wise in seeking advice from a woman with such an experience, especially when it is free.

Mrs. Hayes, of Boston, wrote to Mrs. Pinkham when she was in great trouble. Her letter shows the result. There are actually thousands of such letters in Mrs. Pinkham's possession.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I have been under doctors' treatment for female troubles for some time, but without any relief. They now tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, I cannot wear my clothes with any comfort. Womb is dreadfully swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time.

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor, given in your little book, accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice." — MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Boston), Roxbury, Mass.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I wrote to you describing my symptoms, and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully for several months, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** together with your advice, carefully followed, entirely expelled the tumor, and strengthened the whole system. I can walk miles now.

"Your Vegetable Compound is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all woman who are afflicted with tumors, or any female trouble, to write you for advice, and give it a faithful trial." — MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Boston), Roxbury, Mass.

Mrs. Hayes will gladly answer any and all letters that may be addressed to her asking about her illness, and how Mrs. Pinkham helped her.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letter and signature of above testimonial, which will prove its absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Prescriptions

We don't guarantee to cure your cold in one day, but we DO guarantee to fill your prescription as the doctor wrote it, and to use only the best and purest drugs.

Smith & Smith,
Druggists.
101 West Superior Street.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

J. H. Stoddart In the "Bonnie Brier Bush" At the Lyceum Monday Night.

Dramatized From the Popular Novel By Rev. John Watson--West's Minstrels To Appear Here Tuesday Night.

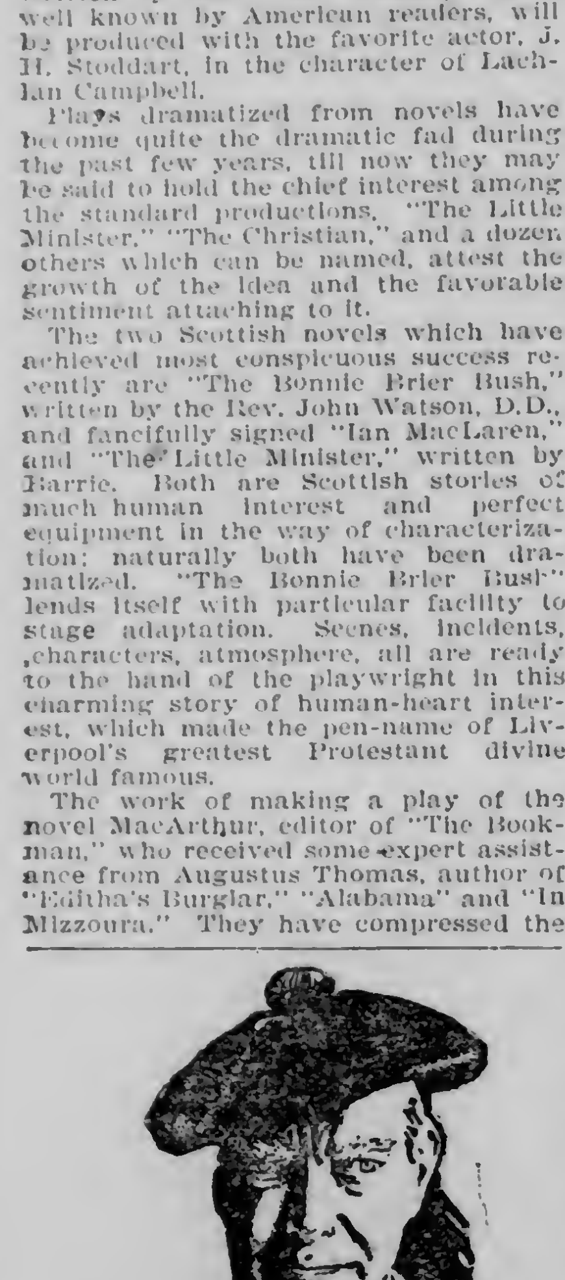
The theater-going people of Duluth will find an entertaining repast awaiting their attention at the Lyceum next Monday evening. A new play here, but exceedingly popular elsewhere, is to be presented, and by a cast which will arouse keen eagerness among all the "old stagers" and kindle the imaptience of the younger element in the amusement patronizing world.

"The Bonnie Brier Bush," taken from the celebrated story of that name, written by Rev. John Watson, who is well known by American readers, will be produced with the favorite actor, J. H. Stoddart, in the character of Lachlan Campbell.

Plays dramatized from novels have become quite the dramatic fad during the past few years, till now they may be said to hold the chief interest among the standard productions. "The Little Minister," "The Christian," and a dozen others which can be named, attest the growth of the idea and the favorable sentiment attaching to it.

The two Scottish novels which have achieved most conspicuous success recently are "The Bonnie Brier Bush," written by the Rev. John Watson, D.D., and fancifully signed "Ian MacLaren," and "The Little Minister," written by Barrie. Both are Scottish stories of much human interest and perfect equipment in the way of characterization; naturally both have been dramatized. "The Bonnie Brier Bush" lends itself with particular facility to stage adaptation. Scenes, incidents, characters, atmosphere, all are ready to the hand of the playwright in this charming story of human-heart interest, which made the pen-name of Liverpool's greatest Protestant divine world famous.

The work of making a play of the novel MacArthur, editor of "The Bookman," who received some expert assistance from Augustus Thomas, author of "Editha's Burglar," "Alabama" and "In Mizzoura." They have compressed the story into four acts, taking for the basic theme the incidents attending the transformation of Lachlan Campbell, from a bigoted, rigorous adherent of a fearful Presbyterian theology to a father, whose heart first throbs in unison with the broader humanities after the mishap which befalls his daughter. The love story of Flora Campbell and Lord Hay was sufficiently tragic to make the main thread of a melodrama in itself, but with the comedy touches contributed by the character of the bibulous postman, Archie McKittrick, and the genial Dr. McClure, with the lighter comedy strain furnished by the courting of the Rev. Mr. Carmichael and Kate Carnegie, "The Bonnie Brier Bush" is sufficiently far removed from the realms of either melodrama or tragedy.



J. H. STODDART.
In the "Bonnie Brier Bush."

"A drama of human interest" is probably as descriptive as any other phrase could be of the play. Mr. Stoddart, who will be remembered by local theater-goers for his excellent work in a dozen great "old men" characters, should make an ideal Lachlan Campbell. His art is beyond comparison in his particular line, and the role is one which offers as rich opportunities as "King Lear" or the "Deemster." The play will be given a superb scenic investiture, it is promised; Artist Joseph Physioc having made a special trip abroad to copy the scenes in the identical glen in which Dr. Watson located the village of Drumtochty. The stage production will be under the supervision of John Stapleton, formerly of Daly's theater.

"The Bonnie Brier Bush," as a novel, it is said, received the enthusiastic and unqualified indorsement of the American clergy of all the different creeds. Strange to say, some of the clergymen who commented favorably on the book have seen fit to sharply criticise its presentation in dramatic form upon the stage. Their strictures do not apply to the play, as an artistic creation, nor do they discuss the question of its morality; what they have said, however, with some violence, is that an orthodox Calvanistic preacher has no right to write plays, or to have anything whatever to do with the stage, in which they assume to see a dangerous alliance of the world, the flesh and the devil. Notwithstanding which, two hundred representative clergymen of all denominations attended a recent matinee performance of "The Bonnie Brier Bush" during its long run at the Theater Republic, New York, and more than 100 of them wrote either to Mr. Stoddart or to Dr. Watson, expressing their approbation of the play, its performance and their hopes of its high mission in an educational scene.

The character of Lachlan Campbell, it is said, affords a strong commentary on what such opposition is, and an illustration of how it is broken down by the influence of broad humanity. The role has been compared to that of Dunstan Kirke, of Couldock's day, by some of the reviewers, but all have joined in praise of Mr. Stoddart's intellectual conception of marvelously forceful interpretation of the character of the 'dour' old Scottish elder, who interprets the 'guid book' according to his own stern ideas, and only becomes a loving, grieving, human father when he is bereft of his only daughter, whom his own hyper-righteousness casts forth in a moment of suspicion.

The story of the play briefly told is this: Flora Campbell, daughter of a shepherd, is married to an earl's son, according to the Scottish rite—that is, the scion has declared her his wife and placed the ring upon her finger. The union is legal if the declaration is made in the presence of a witness. Flora keeps her wedding a secret, and is cast from her home by her father, Lachlan Campbell (Mr. Stoddart) because he believes she has brought shame upon his name. The couple are separated by hardened fathers, and the wretched girl fears she has been deserted. Then her father learns of the marriage, which was witnessed by the tippling "post-carrier" of Drumthohy from behind a hayrick. The young lovers are brought together. Flora Campbell's name, which her father had blotted from the family Bible, is re-entered.

Mr. Stoddart will present "The Bonnie Brier Bush," with all the magnificence which made Mr. Kirke's La Shelle's New York production amous in a day of stage extravagance and opulence. The excellent supporting company announced includes the following well-known artists: Reuben Fax, Katherine Mulkins, Helen Holmes, Russell Bassett, Augustine Duncan, Adelaide Cumming, Charles MacDonald, Bessie Baldwin, Al Phillips, R. C. Easton, Thomas P. Jackson, Edith Taliaferre, Gertryde Robinson, James Anderson, Lawrence Maxwell, William Maxwell, William Hall and M. D. Stepner.

WEST MINSTRELS.

The William H. West Big Minstrel Jubilee will entertain the patrons of the Lyceum next Tuesday with what is claimed to be one of the most brilliant performances in the minstrel line ever conceived by the late Mr. West. The company includes many performers and vocalists of distinction on the minstrel stage, and will preesnt what is promised as an entertainment full of novelty and merit, replete with high class comedy acts, vocalists of sterling merit, and olio featuuures of the best. In the later half of the program will be seen in the Zarrow Trio, trick and comedy cyclists; Billy Van, in a brand new monologue; McMahon and King, eccentric black face comedians and dancers; Swift and Huber; Ford Brothers and Tom Moore. The musical part of the program will introduce several singers now to the city, as well as Clement Stewart, the famous English tenor; George Jones, the Engomenal boy baritone; Harry Sylvester, Wilson N. Miller and others.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Signora Duse's Tour to be Extended.

New York, Nov. 29.—St. Louis and Cincinnati have an opportunity of seeing Signora Duse soon after the holidays if the pending negotiations are successfully completed. Her contract with Liebler & Co. called for fifty performances and her tour as originally designed was to end in Chicago. The route mapped out for her embraced of necessity several short stands, and this is the only objection that the Italian actress has found through her American tour. She has indicated her willingness to extend the contracts somewhat provided longer runs can be managed, and so far has agreed definitely to practically a week in St. Louis and one or two weeks in this city before sailing for home. Liebler & Co. are now endeavoring to gain her consent to playing in the large cities between St. Louis and New York and Cincinnati has a prominent place on the list.

* * *

FOOD FOR A YEAR.

Meats	300 lbs.
Milk	240 qts.
Butter	100 lbs.
Eggs	27 doz.
Vegetables	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for one man for one year.

But some people eat and eat and yet grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. To the notice of such persons we present Scott's Emulsion, famous for its tissue building. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

It is curious that just at this time New York's theaters are to be largely devoted to plays of strongly religious character. "Everyman" opened the way which has been successfully followed up by Viola Allen in "The Eternal City," and by Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala." On Monday night Miss Eleanor Robson opens in "Audrey," and the reports from Virginia indicate that already considerable discussion has arisen over a church scene which has a prominent place in the play.

* * *

Both Miss Allen and Miss Fiske have no cause to regret pining their fate upon their new plays. The former is packing the Victoria theater, and the latter her own playhouse further down the street. It is Mrs. Fiske's play, however, which is completely filled with religious subjects, and that to a degree which at first is somewhat startling. Were it not for the brilliant authorship of Paul Hayes "Mary of Magdala" would have come under the head of an ordinary passion play, for which New York is not yet prepared. With remarkable deftness he evades all direct suggestion of Christ, while His influence is felt in nearly every line. As a matter of fact, only one Apostle, Judas, has a part in the cast. It was this role, as interpreted by Tyrone Power, which has almost eclipsed the remarkable work of Mrs. Fiske herself.

* * *

Mrs. Annie Yeamans has had her benefit, is comfortably composed after the excitement and is the owner of a considerable bank account as a result. To an observer at the Casino it is quite hard to distinguish whether that occasion was the birthday of Miss Feamans or Adele Richie, who cut loose from the libretto of "A Chinese Honeymoon," and played as she has never done before in this town. In this she was ably seconded by Thomas Seabrooke, who, when he sang his "Mr. Dooley" song, added this verse:

"She says her age is sixty-seven, don't believe a word;
She is an Irish nightingale—of course, she is a bird.
She's growing younger every day, instead of growing old;
Her hair is turned to silver, but her heart has changed to gold."

"Oh, Mrs. Yeamans, Mrs. Yeamans,
Every word I'm singing, it is true;
She's always smiling and so beguiling,
Is Mrs. Annie Yeamans, ooly-oo."

* * *

But it took Annie Yeamans to give the occasion the one touch that brought more applause than anything the authors had written. After the performance she made her way from the stage in her costume and walked as hurriedly as she could to the rear of the orchestra, where she was surrounded by friends who struggled to shake hands with her. But none of this would she have. "Where's Ned?" she cried, trying to push her way through those about her. At that Ned Harrington advanced to greet her and said: "Annie, God bless you, I am going to kiss you, and I don't care if my wife and daughter are looking on." And he did.

* * *

Richard Harding Davis, no doubt inspired by the career of his brother, at Weber & Field's, has decided that it is about time the Davis family was more closely identified with the stage. He has expressed his determination to write a piece for Henry Miller, and has agreed to get to work on it in a few days. While the subject is well mapped out in his own mind, he will say nothing more about it than that it will be a really true American play and not a bit like one by Clyde Fitch.

* * *

Miss Mary Mannering's success in "The Stubbornness of Geraldine," at the Garrick, is due in a considerable degree to the exceedingly clever staging of the first two acts. Frank McKee has given the public two novelties. The first, a realistic picture of an ocean liner's deck, to which an occasional roll of the entire stage adds a tolch of striking realism. In the second act the scene is laid in a large square hallway, barren of furniture, but this is speedily forgotten as the arrival of the young mistress is followed by enough trunks to fill the stage, block all the doors and the stairway. Nearly the entire act is played upon the tops of these trunks and in a manner that is far more effective than words could possibly have been.

* * *

In the coming to town of James K. Hackett and William Faversham the honors were not quite evenly divided, for to date Favorsham has a shade the best of it. There is an incident in "Impudence" which makes quite as much of a hit as anything done by the star. It is when his valet refuses money for disclosing what woman it was who had shared his master's flat. At first the fellow is set down as a palm-rubbing, well trained blackmailer, who intends turning to account the secrets he learned while in the service. Consequently, when he has told all that he has to tell and politely takes his leave with the explanation that it would be against his principles to accept money for what he has done, the audience almost gasps with astonishment.

* * *

For a woman with a remarkably fine head of raven hair, Miss Viola Allen is unfortunate in that all her roles require a very different shade. When she was playing in "Sowing the Wind" she was a blonde of the most pronounced Broadway type. As Glory Quayle, in "The Christian" and as Dolores in "The Palace of the King" her hair was red enough to excite comment. Now in "The Eternal City" she is once more a brunette, but not as nature made her. She wears a wig solely, as she explained the other day, because it is much easier to keep in condition than to have her own hair dressed for every performance.

* * *

Hall Caine, who started back for England last Saturday, is not at all pleased with his latest visit to America. One of his chief causes of complaint is the fact that the critics here were unanimous in calling his new production a melodrama, but underneath that lay a deeper feeling of resentment directed against the managers of hotels in this city. Although Mr. Caine is possessed of considerable fortune and an income that would more than satisfy the average man, he has not forgotten the thrift of his early Manx days. In fact, when he arrived here he shopped around for lodgings with a greater amount of enthusiasm than the average woman displays in a department store. He finally located on the top floor at the rear of the Plaza, and for two rooms he paid, I understand $1.50 a day. It was the 50 cents that caused the trouble. Caine thought it was just half a dollar too much, but the management was unrelenting and he had to pay the exorbitant figure.

When the old Lyceum closed its doors the temporary end was put to Thursday matinees. That had always been a feature of that playhouse, and it was not revised until the Princess opened its doors on Broadway. Mrs. Osborne has fallen into line, and now comes the announcement that when E. S. Willard begins his New York engagement at the Garden Theater on December 1 he will inaugurate the series of Thursday matinees. His record of performances will be devoted to "The Cardinal," while his extra ones will be a series of revivals of his past successes. The first of these will be "David Garrick."

* * *

December 1 will also mark the return of Nat Goodwin and his wife, who are to appear in "The Altar of Friendship," at the Knickerbocker. Goodwin has written that his new play has been most successful on the road, and he expects to repeat it here.

* * *

One of Weedon Grosmith's actors, Herbert Smith, has bought a three-act farce entitled "The Adoption of Archibald." The author is Edgar Selden, and Mr. Smith intends to produce it first at the Avenue Theater, London, and then if it succeeds he will give Americans a chance at it.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Tyree is making ready for "Gretna Greene," a romatic comedy, by Grace Livingstone Furniss, in which she will make her debut as a star, under the management of Henry B. Harris. She will give her first performance in this city at the Madison Square Theater, on January 25.

* * *

One of the conditions which Rich and Harris insisted upon in signing the contract with Mr. Robert Hilliard is that that gentleman shall hereafter as a star be known simply as Bob. No "Mr." or "Robert" will be permitted on any signboard or program. The managers' idea is that he is much better known by the abbreviation, and, although he objected vigorously, his consent was finally gained.

* * *

Mrs. Patrick Campbell will come back to town for a week at the Harlem Opera House, and, rumor along Broadway has it that here she will be seen with a leading man freshly imported from England. Her determination to have only an American in that part has evidently been weakened by her recent experience in this city.

* * *

Fay Tmpleton had one delighted auditor at a Weber and Fields matinee recently. This was Miss Ethel Barrymore who went there to see herself as Carrots. Miss Templeton's impersonation caused the original manifest delight, and the latter expressed her complete satisfaction back of the scenes.

* * *

Rumor is busy again with the happy household at Weber and Fields, and this time it has it that Fay Templeton is to give her talents a wider field by leaving that playhouse and starring next season in a musical comedy under the management of Mr. Shubert. Neither affirmation nor denial of this is obtainable at present, as all the parties concerned are dumb on the subject.

* * *

Charles Frohman received the following from Mrs. Langtry, whose engagement will follow that of Miss Mary Mannering, at the Garrick Theater: "I am here in Paris ordering my American trousseau, and I think I shall have the most beautiful dresses ever seen on the stage. Paquin, the dressmaker a la mode in Paris, is making them and is giving himself infinite pains to surprise even his American clients. One evening dress in particular, with wate lilies embroidered on it, will be wonderful and novel."

* * *

Clay M. Green entertained the members of the Lambs' club on Sunday evening with a comedy under the title of "The Stage Door of the Broadway Theater." Greene has since assured his friends that it was written from an incident in real life. The first act is laid in New Haven, where Yale boys besiege the stage door of the Hyperion theater on the night of the opening of "The Silver Slipper." It told of how one youth fell in love with a chorus girl and decided to follow her to New York. A delegation of his classmates tried to take him back, but he would not go until one of them sought out Mr. Greene and asked him to save the girl from the clutches of the wicked student. The playwright hired a carriage himself, whisked the girl into it and drove her away, while the other students carried off their friend in safety.

* * *

Theodore Kremer has completed his melodrama founded in the famous Molineux poison mystery, and it is announced for an early production by Managers Sullivan, Harris and Woods, who control all of the new Kremer plays. The drama will, it is said, picture the most graphic scenes in this famous trial, and follows the theory that Molineux was a victim of the law, the climax being reached in his acquittal on the second trial, after having been found guilty and sentenced to death in the electric chair. One of the striking scenes will be the death chamber at Sing Sing, where Molineux spent the time pending his rehearing. The piece is to be seen in the East early in January.

* * *

Johnstone Bennett says there is no truth in the reports that she is to abandon vaudeville to become a star under the management of W. A. Brady. Miss Bennett, on the other hand, is reported to be negotiating with Manager Fischer with a view of taking up one of the leading roles in his recent musical comedy production, "The Silver Slipper," now running at the Broadway theater, New York.

* * *

Eddie Redway, the funny little comedian of the Chaperons company, is still laid up with a badly swollen leg, as the result of an acident during one of his scenes in Brooklyn recently. At first it was thought that he would have to submit to an operation that would have meant the amputation of his leg. He is recovering, however, and hopes to be as well as ever in a short time.

* * *

"The Fatal Wedding," the big American melodramatic success of the season in London, has been withdrawn from the Princess theater, owing to differences between Burt Coote and the theater managers. It has most likely been placed in another house by this time.

* * *

Helen Grantley will close her tour in "Her Lord and Master" at the end of this month, as she is to take up Annie Russell's present play, "The Girl and the Judge," about this time. Miss Russell will close her road tour in Cincinnati, when she plays her engagement here next week, and returns to New York to appear in the first American presentation of "Mice and Men," the English comedy in which Forbes Robertson and Gertrude Elliott were seen during their last London engagement.

* * *

The new theater Manager Kernan is to build in Baltimore will be named the Maryland. It is said that when completed it will be one of the finest houses in the country, as the plans call for an expenditure of $250,000 on the new house.

* * *

"A Chinese Honeymoon" has turned its two hundredth performance in New York last week, the occasion being made a jolly one on that account. The musical comedy has also passed the 450 mark in London, and in both cities it continues to draw audiences that give no sign of its popularity wearing out this season.

* * *

Chicago critics seem to have started out to decry all the big Eastern musical comedy productions sent to that city. This was particularly noticeable in their comments on "The Wild Rose," which was so bitterly assailed that the notices have created quite a stir in theatrical circles all over the country.

* * *

Charles Frohman has five stars and two other productions filling metropolitan theaters at the present time. This is said to be the largest number of companies ever seen on the New York stage at one time under the individual management of any producer.

* * *

Mabel Bouton, the little singer, through the effort of her friends in the theatrical profession, has been removed from Blackwell's island, which is the penal institution of New York, to Flower hospital, where she is receiving the best of care. The physicians at the latter institution, however, say there is slight hope for her recovery, as she is in the last stages of consumption.

* * *

Willie Collier's illy named comedy, "Would You For Five Millions?" is to go on the road again. A Wall street angel has been dug up, but he does not like the personal suggestion in the title, and hence it will be given a new name. The latest suggestion for its second title is "A Turkish Texan," whatever sort of a person that may be. The tour will be resumed next month, with George Parsons and Isabella Urquhart in the leading roles.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Chauncey Olcott is building a $40,000 residence at Saratoga, N. Y.

Richard Harding Davis' novel, "Capt. Macklin," is to be dramatized by Franklyn Fyles.

Joe Welch, the Hebrew comedian, will make his debut in "The Peddler" at the Fourteenth Street theater, New York city, on Dec. 15.

"Beau Hickman," a four-act comedy of Washington life before the civil war, by Willard Holcomb, will receive an early production.

For once the New York critics are practically unanimous, and that is in respect of "Mary of Magdala," Mrs. Fiske's new play, which they praise without stint.

Aubrey Boucicault has adapted the German play, "Alt Heidelberg," recently shown at the Irving Place theater, and will present his version at the Princess theater on Dec. 15.

"The Darling of the Gods," a Japanese play, by David Belasco and John Luther Long, was given its premiere at the National theater, Washington, D. C., on Nov 20, by Blanche Bates and her company.

"Starr's Girl," a new American drama by Alice E. Ives, was produced at Southhead, England, for the first time on Nov. 17, with May Edouin in the title role. Cable reports state that play and star scored a success.

Richard Harding Davis has written a new play, in which Henry Miller will appear in New York later this season. The play treats of high class Bohemia in London, and as yet it is not named. Charles B. Dillingham is interested with Mr. Miller in the production.

Henry V. Donnelly, the founder and proprietor of the Donnelly Stock company at the Murray Hill theater, is appearing with his organization this week as Falstaff in "The Merry Wives of Windsor." Mr. Donnelly plays so rarely nowadays that his appearances are worthy of especial attention.

Mrs. Annie Yeamans celerated last Wednesday not only her sixty-seventh birthday, but also the fifty-seventh anniversary of her stage debut. The managers of "A Chinese Honeymoon," in which Mrs. Yeamans appears at the Casino, made the matinee a benefit for her and it netted a mighty comforting sum, beside bringing out a representative gathering of friendly play-folk.

Fay Templeton will make her reappearance as a star next season under the management of the Messrs. Shubert. She will open at the Casino early in the fall, in a musical play called "Major Andre," written by Clyde Fitch. The piece was originally intended for Anna Held, but there was some hitch in the matter of choosing a composer of the music, and Mr. Fitch retained the play.

This glorification of the chorus girl is growing stronger every day. Heaven only knows where and when it will end, probably with the extinction of everything and everybody save the comedian. Already two-thirds of these shows are give over to chorus work. With plenty of comedy to fill up the niches there could still be further encroachment to the pleasure of the great body of theatergoers. It will be interesting to await future developments.

Nance O'Neill, who reetntly returned from a starring tour abroad, will begin a six weeks' engagement at San Francisco on Dec. 8, opening in "Elizabeth, Queen of England." James W. Morrissey has been engaged as her business manager.

"The Bold Soger Boy," a military comedy drama, in three acts, by Theodore Burt Sayre, was produced for the first time on any stage at the Columbia theater, Washington, D. C., on Nov. 20, by Andrew Mack and his company.

A. M. Palmer is in poor health and has been obliged to give up his active duties with Richard Mansfield and return to his home in this city. Mr. Mansfield denies the stories that have been published to the effect that he had quarrelled with Mr. Palmer. It is feared that Mr. Palmer5s illness is of such a nature that he will not be able to resume theatrical work. If his retirement is permanent it would seem to be a suitable time to sugest a public testimonial to a manager who for thirty years stood among the leaders of the theaters, and who is the only remaining member of the trio of famous managers which included Lester Wallack and Augustin Daly.

There is trouble in store for the comedians who make a living by impersonating Irishmen with faces made up like exaggerated babboons, and using a dialect that sounds as though the performer had a large wet sponge in his mouth. At a recent national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians a resolution was passed advising the members of the order to dihcourage the portrayal of the monkey-faced Irishman on the stage, and it was adopted with a hurrah. The first action taken by any of the lodges occurred recently at the Jacques Opera house, in Waterbury, Conn., when a delegation of the local lodge of the A. O. H. hissed from the stage a team of Irish comedians, who depended on the monkey make-up and the sponge dialect as strong aids in winning laughs from the audience. As soon as they made their appearance the A. O. H. men began their work and carried it out so effectively that the performers were forced to retire.

Sweetness and Strength are qualities desired in a smoking tobacco. These are prominent features, but not by any means the only recommendation of

T & B
Cut and Plug Smoking Tobacco
(Strictly Union Make.)

Convenient, compact, an incomparable smoking tobacco.
Manufactured by
JOHN E. TUCKETT & SON. Freeport, Ill.

PARACAMPH NEWS

ARE YOU SORE?
Sore Head, Sore Nose, Sore Throat?
Sore Lips, Sore Face, Sore Chest?
Sore Muscles, Sore Back, Neuralgia?
COLDS IN THE HEAD?
Catarrh, Fever Blisters?
Sore Joints, Sore Feet?
Frost Bites, Soft Corns?
MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM?
Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises?
Swellings and Inflammations?
Use Paracamph
It Cools, It Soothes, It Cures.
Unequaled for use after Shaving. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
25c., 50c., and $1.00 Bottles. All Druggists.

For Sale by LYCEUM PHARMACY, Cor. Fifth Av. and W. Superior St.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
Monday, Dec. 1.
Kirk La Shelle Presents the Favorite Actor
MR. J. H.
STODDART
In the surpassingly beautiful scenic production of the exquisite comedy-drama
"The Bonnie Brier Bush"
Dramatized by James Macarthur from the Scottish stories of "Ian Maclaren" (Dr. John Watson.)
Dress circle $1.50, parquet $1.00, family circle 75c, balcony 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
One Night—Tuesday, Dec. 2,
The WM. H. WEST
Big MINSTREL JUBILEE
Orchestra under the direction of Carl Shilling.
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Star Lecture Course
FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DULUTH.
The Famous Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers
Champions of England, assisted by E. Stanley Nichols, Humorist and Entertainer.
Wednesday, Dec. 3.
Matinee 2:30 p. m.—not in course. Price, 50c; children 25c.
Evening Performance Price 50c. No children's tickets. Reserved seats for either entertainment at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Nov. 29. Children may reserve seats for matinee.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
Saturday, Dec. 6—Matinee and Night.
MARY ELIZABETH FORBES
—IN—
BARBARA FRIETCHIE
Dress circle $1, parquet $1 and 50c, family circle and balcony 50c. Matinee—dress circle and parquet 50c, family circle and balcony 25c.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
For Kidney & Bladder troubles.
Cures in 48 Hours
URINARY DISCHARGES
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Minnie Baker,
Plaintiff,
vs.
William Baker,
Defendant.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota, to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed with the clerk of said court at his office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office, Suite 506 Providence Bldg., in the city of Duluth, said county and state, within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint and take judgment accordingly, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

ALEXANDER MARSHALL,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Suite 506 Providence Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-25-Nov-1-8-15-22-29-1902.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 25th day of October, 1902, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein The State Bank of Duluth, was plaintiff and Emil Hartman and S. F. White, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of thirteen hundred forty-two and 29-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly delivered and I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 8th day of December, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor Emil Hartman had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 7th day of December, 1892, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, and which he may have subsequently acquired, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼), of section twenty-seven (27), township sixty-three (63), north of range twelve (12), west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, St. Louis County, Minnesota, also known as Pioneer and Zenith Addition to Ely, according to the plat thereof, on file or of record, in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., October, 25th, 1902.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-25-Nov-1-8-15-22-29—1902.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.
50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Burlington Route

Reclining Chair Cars

Are in service on all our through passenger trains. They are the most roomy and comfortable that can be built.

The aisles are carpeted. The chairs are luxuriously upholstered. Toilet rooms are provided at each end of the car. Are lighted by gas (on the Limited by electricity), and heated by steam in cold weather.

A porter is in attendance to care for the comfort of passengers. It would seem that you could travel very comfortably in one of these cars, would it not?

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT TO MAKE YOUR TICKET READ BY THIS LINE.......

HOME SETTLER'S
Excursions,
VIA THE
Southern Railway

To points in Alabama, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee and Virginia, on Tuesdays, October 21st, November 4th and 18th, December 2nd and 16th, at the low rate of one fare for the round trip plus $2.00 to $5.00.

Tickets are good going fifteen days, and for stop-over on the Ohio river, with final limit for return of twenty days from date of sale.

On same dates

One Way Settlers' Tickets

will be sold to points in same territory, including certain points in Florida, at half rates, plus $2.00, from Ohio River Gateways. Lines north thereof will add one fare.

For information about rates, etc., call on your nearest ticket agent, or write
J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For information about farm lands, business locations, etc., write
J. F. OLSON,
Agent, Land and Industrial Department, Chicago, Ill.
G. B. ALLEN,
A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

WHIST AT A GLANCE

Being the conventional leads of the modern scientific game as practiced by all of its masters with hints to beginners. A beautiful booklet of thirty-two pages, printed in two colors, black and red, on enameled paper with the card arrangements appearing in their natural colors. The cover is in three colors with a very attractive design on the title page. This is a work of interest to all whist players and will be sent to any address upon receipt of six cents in postage.

C. L. STONE
GEN'L PASSENGER AGENT
Louisville & Nashville R. R.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE ARENA OF SPORTS

Michigan Now the Undisputed Football Champion of the West--Yost Anxious to Defeat Best Eastern Team Next Year.

Michigan is undisputed football champion of the West, but "Hurry Up" Yost is not satisfied.

A year ago he decided to produce a team that would beat Wisconsin and Minnesota this year. The conquest was completed Thursday.

Now he says he will produce a team next year that will not only win the championship of the West but also defeat the strongest team of the Eastern big four.

He will lose Sweeley, Herrnstein, Cole and McGugin, all of whom have played intercollegiate football the alloted time of four years.

* * *

The receipts for the Minnesota-Michigan game amounted to $25,000.

* * *

Michigan gained 285 yards during the game to Minnesota's 255.

* * *

Chicago's victory over Wisconsin lends color to the announcement that Phil King will practice law from this time on.

* * *

Minnesota lost through a lack of good generalship, absence of strategy in formations and inability to charge quickly.

* * *

Duluth lost to Minneapolis through inability to charge quickly, absence of finesse in formations, and poor generalship.

* * *

The university of Nebraska during the season scored 188 to their opponents' nothing.

* * *

Today's game between St. Cloud and St. Paul Central should decide the state championships so far as high schools is concerned.

* * *

Ishpeming won the championship of Michigan Wednesday, defeating Benton Harbor 35 to 12.

Ishpeming scored five touchdowns on those old-style revolving mass plays—frequently making 25 yards.

Football men vow that this season several interesting complications have arisen regarding football scores. Two of these happened in the West Point vs. Union game. They do not remember of them ever happening before. In the recollection of such old authorities as Billy Bull and Harmon Graves, of Yale, and Davis, of West Point, such plays never occurred previous to this game.

In one of Daly's tries for a goal from the field, on or about Union's 3-yard line, the kick got off safely, but in going over the Union rush line a Union tackle, in endeavoring to stop the ball, just managed to strike the leather with one hand. This caused the ball to drop to the ground. It bounced high up, over and between the goal posts. When it fell to the ground a West Pointer dropped on it. Now the question to decide was whether it was a goal from the field or a touchdown.

Search as you will, the rules do not give the slightest clew. Rule 8 is the only statement on that point. It reads: "A goal is made by kicking the ball in any way, except by a punt, from the field of play over the cross-bar of the opponent's goal." Then a note follows: "If the ball, after being kicked, strikes an opponent and then passes over the cross-bar, it still counts a goal." Arguments pro and con were advanced without positive evidence. The fact is the rules are inadequate.

Some said the spirit of the rule was against having the ball touch the ground any time after it leaves the kicker's toe until it crosses the goal-bar. But the rule does not say it must continue in the air.

The words, "A goal is made by kicking the ball in any way," allows a very wide interpretation. The ball is the game at all times, so what matter if it touches the ground one hundred times.

Another critic wished to know whether it must not be kicked over, and, if so, how can a bounce be considered a kick? To that one can only ask, what gave the ball the impetus—the bounce or the kicker? Surely the toe of the man's shoe sent the ball over the posts; so it must have been kicked over in some way. For a precedent another critic cites how a fair catch can not touch the ground without vitiating the value of the play. But that is another story.

The fact remains the ball was kicked, and the ball went over the goal bar; therefore, it meets all the requirements of a goal from the field. The law may be wrong; nevertheless, lawyers very early learn to study the law and do not waste time arguing as to its being right or wrong.

Another point to be considered was when the West Point captain claimed it was a touchdown. His man had it and the umpire said he had been onside. The general public and football players were unacquainted with the bouncing ball and seemed naturally to rebel against it. So Capt. Bozer chose the touchdown.

The spirit of the game seemed that the ball should touch the ground once; so a touchdown was allowed. Until further laws are enacted to definitely cover the play it will afford an excellent topic for a cold winter evening's argument. Luckily it was only a question of one point, and that in a very large score.

The other play was just as complex. Daly made a long run for a touchdown, following his catching a punt. He ran behind the goal line and without ever stopping for a moment ran on out from behind the goal posts and placed the ball for a try for goal. The rule says' "The ball must be declared dead" to be a touchdown.

The referee was following his run from a distance of ten yards away and expected him to place the ball upon the ground from where he would try for a goal. He crossed the goal line near the side line and ran behind the goal posts, and came out so quickly it was impossible to blow the whistle.

Even then there was a decided question whether it was fair to either team to blow the whistle. Surely the officials are not to make touchdowns. They are judges of when plays are made correctly, and they are a court of appeals.

It is the player's duty to make the play and declare the ball down, whereupon the referee decides what the play has resulted in.

Neither team realized the play until the goal was kicked and the referee called their attention to it when he legally had the right—when the ball wa sdeclared dead after the goal. The decision was that as the ball had never been declared dead, or downed on, over, or behind the goal line, it was not a touchdown.

But as West Point had kicked a ball over the goal-bar from a place kick the points scored and allowed were five.

Such a play in a close game would cause any amount of trouble if one captain would see the value of protesting the time.

This is an account of a football game as seen by the editor of the Wellington (Kan.) News:

"The hardest fight the high school team has had this year was handed to them yesterday by the Roberts team from Mayfield. It was a royal contest and wound up with the contest at 6 to 0 in favor of Mayfield.

"We couldn't tell much about it, but in the first place some men from Mayfield went up to the ball and gave it a vicious kick, and everybody in town started after it. Some man from Wellington got hold of it, and every man that was registered in the First ward and a few people from the rural routes jumped right square on top of him. We never saw him again, but when everybody got up the ball was lying there all right.

"Then some man jumped over and put his hands on the ball and dared anybody to take it away from him before he could count twenty. When he had counted up to about ten he tried to play a dirty trick on the whole gang and handed the ball back between his legs to a red-headed fellow who had a chunk of liver tied over his nose. The red-headed cuss tried to sneak off up into the Bowers pasture with the ball, and he didn't have a friend in the crowd.

They downed him in about a second, even his own side jumped on him just like the people on the other side. They took the ball away from him and a man they called the umpire asked a man from Mayfield if he could kick the darned thing over the fence and they would get another one and start over again. And then it was only a repetition of what they had done before. It seemed like as if they wasn't willing anybody should have the ball but the man they called the umpire.

"When he would get the ball he would carry it around just as he darned pleased and they didn't dare to touch him, but just let anybody else take that ball and begin to count and it made everybody else so dog gone mad it looked all the time as if there was going to be a riot. And so after they had tried for an hour to tear the ball to pieces, the umpire said he guessed they had better knock off for the day and try it again some time, and everybody went home."

More Power From Niagara.

It has been decided to build a large power plant on the Canadian side of Niagara Falls, which, when completed, will furnish 200,000 horse power. A few years ago the idea of using Niagara's power would have seemed ridiculous, but the progress of invention during the past century has now made it possible. There has also been wonderful progress made in medicine during that time, the most noticeable being the introduction of Hostetters' Stomach Bitters about fifty years ago. This family medicine is for everybody, but more especially for those who are weak and sickly. It will strengthen the stomach and nerves and cure indigestion, dyspepsia, insomnia, constipation and malaria, fever and ague. Try it and see for yourself.

What to Do Until the Doctor Arrives.

"One of my children was taken with cramp colic and suffered severely," says S. B. Elzee, of Monett, Mo. "I telephoned for a doctor, then gave a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a few minutes later a second dose. Before the doctor came the child was relieved." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

DISEASES OF MEN!

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature. Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, Constitutional BLOOD POISONING, speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., DULUTH, MINN.

LUCK OF HUNTERS

Odd Things That Befell Men With Guns—Bear In Bullet-Proof Coat—Human Inventors Forestalled By Bruin.

David Russell, of Milwaukee, had a recent experience with a she-bear that reminded him for a few moments of the Biblical story about "Go up, thou bald head!"

He is past 60, and when the adventure ended he was standing on top of a stump seven feet and some inches high and wondering what it was all about. The bear was dead all right, but he had some doubts as to which one of them was up a stump. It came about in this way:

Mr. Runssell, in company with companions, had been camped for some days on the Flambeau river looking for deer signs. They had had reasonable success and were waiting for the season to open.

Late one afternoon, when some four miles from camp, Mr. Russell ran into the bear. The animal was within ten rods of him, leisurely making her way through the woods, and she paid no attention to the hunter. Russell promptly threw up his rifle and fired, and the bear wheeled and ran.

The woods were thick and the ground dry and he would have had difficulty in following the trail, but was guided by a queer choking sound coming from the bear. She had been shot through the lower part of the throat, not deep enough to injure the windpipe, but sufficiently to interfere with her breathing.

He followed the bear for a thousand yards and then lost the sound. Believing that the bear had fallen dead a few yards further on he pressed forward hastily and came to the edge of a small clearing. The bear was near the center of it, sitting up and pulling with her paws at the wound. She was then not more than thirty yards away.

Russell promptly fired again and struck the bear in the breast. The bear made two steps forward and looked about as if to learn from what direction the noise came.

Russell fired again. The bear then saw him and started toward him, walking upon her hind legs deliberately, holding her paws loosely in front. Russell fired four more shots, aiming at the breast, and the bear continued her advance, showing no signs of having been hurt.

Some ten yards intervened between the foemen in this strange duel, and then Russell found himself upon the stump. From this vantage ground he fired carefully. The bear, still apparently not badly off, continued her advance. At Russell's last shot she reeled and fell.

This shot entered the head just below the eye and penetrated the brain. Russell was not sure that the animal was dead, and was standing on the stump trying to make up his mind whether or not the bear was playing possum, when he saw on the far edge of the clearing a black object which he took to be the bear's consort.

He fired at it instantly and it disappeared. That was the cub and it had been killed, as was discovered afterward.

Dusk was falling, and he had made up his mind to go back to camp alone and tell all about it and come out next day for the bear, but his companions had heard the rapid firing and, thinking him in need of assistance, went to him. They took the bear into camp and examined the body. None of Russell's shots had missed. The bear had been struck once through the throat, once through the head, and all of the other bullets, twelve in number, were in the breast. It was discovered, however, that these had not penetrated deeper than an inch below the skin.

He was using a 42-80 rifle, which is to say that the bullets were of [illegible] caliber, driven by eighty grains of powder. The skin upon the breast of this bear was nearly a quarter of an inch thick, protected by hair two inches long, that had become massed and twisted, making a practically solid mat.

The failure of the gun to penetrate is remarkable evidence of the stopping capacity of hair. It has been suggested that possibly the cartridges used were slightly defective, but Mr. Russell has had no trouble with them before, and unused ones tried subsequently gave the proper penetration. The cub, in fact, was found next day stone dead from the single shot, the bullet having passed through its body. There was another cub, its trail being found afterward, but it was not caught.

The mother was an old animal, her flesh being uneatable. Merely as a test of its toughness a piece of it was boiled for six hours, and one of the party tried it on the dog, but the dog gave it up. She weighed, when dressed, 460 pounds. The cub weighed twenty-two pounds and was delicious.

The extraordinary determination of the animal is explained, of course, by her possession of the cubs. As their trails showed, they had accompanied her, one on each side, and some twenty yards away. All three of them would have escaped but for her coughing betraying her.

They were both in hiding when she was discovered and when Russell fired the second time she thought her offspring were in danger and started toward him. The little fellow that was killed lost his life through curiosity.

He had poked his nose first over a log on the far side of the clearing to find out what it was all about, and then started to come over the log to go to his mother. It was then that he was struck, the bullet going through the head from side to side and taking out both eyes.

The twelve bullets in the breast stung the mother bear, but only served to increase her anger. Mr. Russell had used the gun for some years and had grown fond of the weapon, having almost perfect faith in it, but there were a few moments when his trust was slightly shaken. He could not tell whether he was missing the bear or the gun had gone crazy.

They had some fun with him in camp. One of the party asked:

"How old are you Mr. Russell?"

He said: "62."

"Where were you born?"

"At home."

"How——"

"Don't know."

"How did you get up that stump?"

Mr. Russell pondered over this interrogatory for a few moments. He inspected himself carefully, took hold o fhis trousers on each side and tried to lift himself up. Then he gave the only explanation that occurred to him.

"Must have flown up."

The black bear are not plentiful in the north woods of Wisconsin. They are seen only rarely by the many hunters who are out in the deer-shooting season.

They are more easily found in summer than in the fall, because in the summer they are feeding upon berries and are in the patches or close to them. Many of the hunters have not lost any bears, anyhow, and therefore they are not looking for them. Mr. Russell is naturally proud of his trophy and is glad now that the stump was there.

ERRORS ABOUT GRIZZLIES.

Don't Attack Man, Says An Old Hunter.

Quebec, Nov. 26.—A good many popular theories about the habits of big game in British Columbia are exploded by the stories told by the well-known guide, W. G. Manson, a son of the former Hudson Bay factor at Lillooet. The blood of many centuries of Indian hunters runs in Manson's veins, and as he is a man of education as well as of keen insight, and has been a hunter since he was 10 years old, his stories of the grizzlies and mountain sheep and goats of the Pacific province are entitled to credit.

It was in the company of F. S. Boden that Manson recently had a remarkable experience with a huge grizzly, probably one of the largest ever killed. When discovered, the big brute was quietly standing on his hind legs, biting a tender branch from a tree far above a man's reach.

He did not attempt to tackle the hunters, nor yet to run away, but gave his immediate attention to two valuable dogs, Tom and Jerry, which were used by Manson for hunting mountain sheep. They both paid with their lives the penalty of venturing too near the dying grizzly after he had been brought to the ground by the bullets of the hunters.

They were literally torn to pieces by Bruin's big five-inch claws during his death struggles. This particular grizzly measured 10½ feet in length and had a reach of 12 feet.

Manson was never threatened by a grizzly but once in his experience of thirty years, and therefore does not believe that this animal is likely to attack a man. On the contrary, the grizzly makes every effort to avoid man, and to the hunters it becomes a question of stalking him.

After camping at night on the side of a hill in the Rocky mountains, with English hunters, Manson has frequently pointed out the bears browsing in full view, when his party had risen for breakfast in the morning. It then, of course, became a problem how to approach near enough to get a shot. Grizzlies are always ready to show fight to dogs, and usually succeed in killing them, if they get into anything like close quarters with them.

Another popular impression respecting bears which Manson would have discredited is that they live all winter upon the fat which they put on during the summer, and come out of their sleeping caves gaunt and hungry in the spring.

"This is all wrong," says the famous hunter. "Bears crawl into their retreats in November. These sleeping chambers are nothing more than big cracks in the rocks, so far as the grizzlies of British Columbia are concerned, and are generally from ten to twenty feet deep.

"I have often seen them and examined them. They are usually at the top of the precipice, where they cannot be affected by snow and landslides.

"The bear makes a bed of grass in this retreat, and after feeding himself up as fat as a Yorkshire hog, he crawls into his cave and sleeps for six months, coming out, however, in April, as fat as he went in."

Manson says he has killed bears immediately after they have wakened out of a six months' sleep and has taken as much as 180 pounds of fat from one carcass. He is positive that bears are always in a fine, fat condition immediately after their long sleep, and believes that most of the functions of their bodies cease through it.

"Sheep," says Mr. Manson, "are rare sport to the true sportsman, one mountain ram being worth two grizzlies, while the amateur who can bring him down has reason to be proud of himself.

"Another popular blunder is that mountain goats are hard to shoot or to catch alive. If one professional hunter in British Columbia wishes to speak disparagingly of another, he calls him 'only a goat hunter.' In a recent trip with Mr. Burton, an enthusiastic young English hunter, I came upon a herd of 300 goats and Mr. Burton charged them with a bludgeon, driving them right and left. Numbers of them could have been killed with a spear.

"Last year I saw ninety rams together, though this is a rare sight. It is curious, however, that the killing of sheep and goats is prohibited by the law in July and August, when they are so wild that you cannot get near them, and it is next to impossible to kill them in any case, and that you are permitted to kill them at other seasons when they are so tame that they can be knocked over with a stick. The mountain ram leads the hunter a perilous chase along the side of precipices and over chasms which are sheer drops to certain death."

Sleighing Time

The sleighing season may hold off until January, or it may come next week. But whenever it comes, you do not want to miss it. The only way to keep from missing it is to be prepared for it. Our stock of seighs and cutters is complete just now, but it will represent mighty poor picking after the first snow storm. Make your selection today. We'll deliver when needed.

Portland Cutter... $22.00 and up
Business Sleighs... $18.00 and up
Two Seat Surrey Sleigh
$70.00 and up

L. Hammel Co.
300-8 E. First St.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Best Lake Mines In Position to Meet Lower Prices.

The Adventure's New Mill to Be Overhauled at Once.

Baltic, Trimountain and Champion Increasing Their Output.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 29.—Special to The Herald.)—With copper selling at 11 to 12 cents, it is a case of survival of the fittest, for while the metal has sold as low as 9 cents, within a decade, the added cost of production, due to increased wages and higher prices for machinery and supplies, is not less than 20 per cent and probably 25 per cent, rendering copper selling at 11 cents no more profitable in production now than metal sold at 9 cents in 1894. A great many figures have been made, some of which have shown that the Lake Superior mines would all have to shut down, because richer mines elsewhere could make cheaper copper. Such figures of percentage of metal returned by the mines are most misleading, unless considered in connection with other gacts of equal importance. While the Lake mines are the lowest in grade of any active copper mines of the world, they have the great advantage of securing the native metal, which merely requires melting down in a furnace to eliminate gangue rock adhering to the particles of metal, and is then finished copper commanding the highest price in the world's market. Ore mines may be divided into two classes—the high grade and the low grade properties. The high grade mines produce oxide and carbonate ores and the richest sulphides, such as chalrocite and covellite. Such mines average from 1 to as high as 60 per cent copper in their ore. They would close all the other mines, were it not that these rich ores are merely surface deposits as a rule. No copper mine of either first or second rank, at any point on the globe, is making its production mainly from ores of this grade. The other class of copper ore mines includes all the great producers, except the Lake Superior native copper mines, numbering such mines as the Boston & Montana, Anaconda, Mountain, United Verde, Copper Queen, Greene, Boleo, Rio Tinto, Tharsis, Mansfield, Asshio, etc. All of these make the bulk of their production from medium and low grade sulphide ores, mainly from chalcopyrite, returning 3 to 8 per cent refined metal. Such a grade of ore must be brought up by several successive concentrations, where the ore will concentrate previous to smelting, and, when smelted, three to four times as much ore must be run through the furnaces to make a ton of copper, as is the case with the Lake mines. In the case of the Rio Tinto semlting is out of the question, except for a limited percentage of 5 to 6 per cent are, hand selected. The great bulk of the ore is treated by lixiviation processes, requiring eight to ten years for complete etraction of values.

The mere matter of percentage of copper is inconclusive. The prime factor is quantity of ore, secondly, grade—and all of the big ore bodies are low grade—and last, but not least, are the questions of wages, transportation, capital equipment and management. At the present time the Boston & Montana and Calumet & Hecla mines are making cheaper copper than any other mines of the first rank. The former is owned by the Amalgamated Coper company, and the latter by independent interests. There are other and smaller mines that are making copper as cheaply, if not cehaper. Among these is the Wolverine, a little Michigan mine that was a failure twelve years ago, and is now making about 10,000,000 pounds refined copper annually. The Wolverine made copper, at the mine, for 5½ cents per pound last month. The costs of smelting, marketing and all miscellaneous charges averaged a little less than 1¼ cents per pound last year, on a production of less than 5,00,000 pounds. As fixed charges are the same, with the output doubled, the present cost, outside of mine and mill, is not more than 1⅛ cents per pound, giving the Wolverine copper made at an actual net cost of about 6⅝ cents per pound, in October, 1902, or at the rate of upwards of 30 per cent annual profit on shares of $25 par value and $13 per share actually paid in. These figures do not bear out the theory that the Lake mines can be closed by their competitors elsewhere. As a plain matter of fact some of the lake mines are in a bad way financially, and are likely to get in a worse way before they get in a better, but the best mines are in a position to meet any cut in price, and to earn dividends and maintain wages at even lower figures for the metal than ever have been made in the past.

Charles J. Devereaux has succeeded the late Thomas H. Mason as president of the Quincy Mining company, and John L. Harris, who has been acting superintendent since his father's resignation, has been appointed to his place permanently. Mr. Devereaux has been connected with the management of the Quincy for many years, while Mr. Harris has grown up in the mine, and knows it better than any man now living, except his father, Capt. S. B. Harris, who recently resigned the managemetn after serving during the period in which the mine made its greatest advances and paid its largest dividends.

The Adventure mill, which has not been giving satisfaction, is to be overhauled. While it is to be regretted that a brand new mill should work so poorly, it is better to make it right now than to putter along with an equipment that is not giving satisfaction. The changes, while numerous, will not be radical, the principal need seeming to be a general readjustment and harmonizing of the various features from the rock-bins to the slime-tables. Who is to succeed P. P. Robert as superintendent is not known as yet.

Baltic, Trimountain and Champion, the three great new mines of the South Range, are increasing their output, and are already factors of great importance in the copper situation. Beginning with January the combined output of these three mines will be greater than the entire copper prodiction of any country, except Australia, Canada, Chile, Germany, Japan, Mexico, Spain, Portugal and the United States, and exceeding the total production of any of such well-known districts as Bolivia, Cape Colony, Italy, Norway, Peru, Russia and Tasmania. The South Range mines have been denounced as partial humbugs at any times during the past three years, and their managements censured for making inflated claims. While such criticism may not be without effect in the stock market, the final result depends on the mines themselves, and they are beginning to speak in such a strong voice that the critics must speedily turn their attention elsewhere. These three properties combined can be compared only with the Calumet & Hecla, Rio Tinto and Anaconda, among the giant copper mines of the globe.

The Phoenix is getting its new mill in shape to start in this spring. While nobody expects the Phoenix to make a large producer, there is good reason to believe that a small output will be secured from fissure veins at a good profit per pound.

The Baltic and Champion mines have fissure veins of chalcocite cutting their amygdaloid bed, from which considerable ore is secured. This is sent to the mill and stamped, dressed and smelted with the native copper.

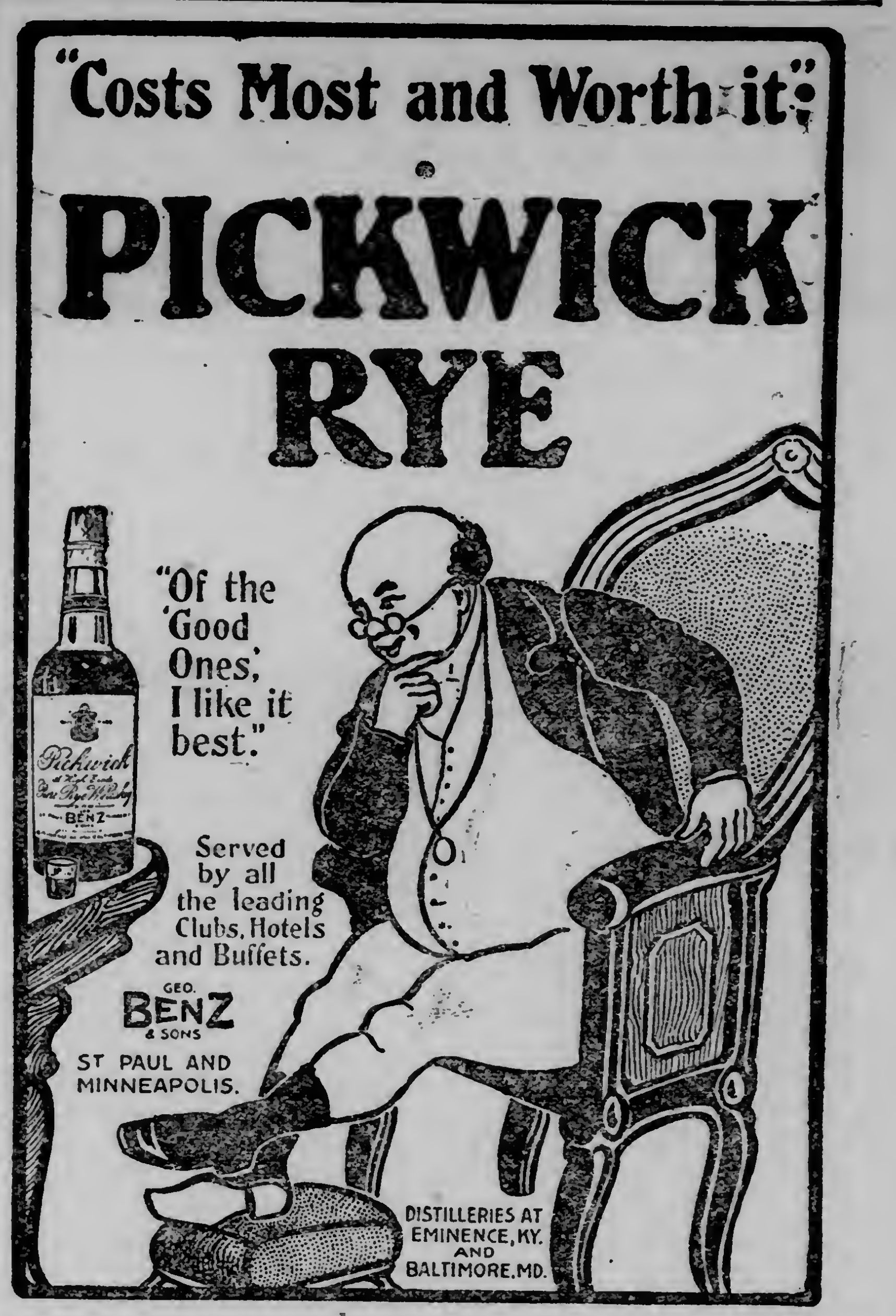
Recent developments on the Sibilsky tract indicates that the lode now being opened is the Kearsarge. The showing in copper is excellent.

The Franklin will soon break ground for a second shaft on the conglomerate, at the Junior mine. The Junior is now making about fourteen or fifteen pounds ingot per ton from the conglomerate, and is producing on a large scale.

There is more or less unrest among the shareholders of the Osceola, and considerable matter has appeared in print regarding the situation. Eastern announcements that control of the stock is now held by the Amalgamated interests are erroneous, as is the statement that the writer of this article has secured proxies for the next annual meeting, and is to be made president of the company. I have solicited no proxies, and have not authorized the use of my name as a candidate for the presidency of the Osceola company.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.


"Costs Most and Worth it"
PICKWICK RYE
"Of the Good Ones, I like it best."
Pickwick
BENZ
Served by all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.
GEO. BENZ & SONS
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. AND BALTIMORE, MD.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. [illegible] Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

Always the Same Good Old

BLATZ BEER

The Pride of Milwaukee

Send Postal Card for New Brochure, Which Tells Why

BLATZ BEER IS RIGHT

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(NON-INTOXICANT)
TONIC FOR THE WEAK
All Druggists or Direct.

Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch:
Lake Avenue South and Railroad Street.
Telephone 62.

FREE TO WOMEN

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address

WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY,
329 NO. 15th ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 25th day of October, 1902, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein the State Bank of Duluth was plaintiff and Richmond D. Mallet, Emil Hartman and S. F. White defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of Thirteen Hundred Twenty-two and 85-100ths dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 10th day of December, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtors, Richmond D. Mallet and Emil Hartman, had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 14th day of December, 1892, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment and which they may have subsequently acquired, the description of the property being as follows, towit:

The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼), section twenty-seven (27), in township sixty-three (63), north of range twelve (12), west of the fourth principal meridian in St. Louis county, Minnesota, also known as Pioneer and Zenith addition to Ely, according to the plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., October 25th, 1902.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 25, Nov. 1-8-15-22-29, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, November 14, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas Quinn, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Patrick Quinn of Oelwein, in the State of Iowa representing, among other things, that Thomas Quinn, late of the County of St. Louis in the State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of February A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Mary Reynolds granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court, on Monday the 8th day of December A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of November A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court,
St. Louis Co., Minn.)
J. H. WHITELY,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov 15-22-29-1902.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

Aitkin.

Aitkin, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Minerva Smith has returned from St. Paul and will spend the winter here with her sister, Mrs. G. W. Knox.

A daughter was born Sunday to Hon. and Mrs. T. R. Foley.

Mrs. F. M. Shook has returned from Minneapolis, her health being somewhat improved.

Mrs. J. F. Avery has returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Minneapolis.

Mrs. Tripp and daughter, of Moorhead, are visiting Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Griffith.

E. H. Burne is now employed as station agent at Elma, Iowa, by the Great Western railway.

C. E. Beckman started Monday for Seattle and Tacoma and expects to select a house in one of those cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Fajder and Gus Johnson leave Dec. 1 for a three months' visit in Sweden. Mr. Fajder has been here seventeen years and will enjoy a visit to his old home.

Charles Westerberg and wife, of Cloquet, are visiting Alfred Olson, of Glen.

Miss Jennie Hanson is now employed in H. A. Sweetman's store.

Miss Kate Mearow has closed a successful term of school three miles east of town.

Midland, the new town on Mille Lacs lake, is making an effort to secure a postoffice, which would probably mean the discontinuance of the Garrison office. H. F. Mann, of Minneapolis, is building a hotel there, and his brother, William Mann will build a store and put in a $15,000 stock.

Mrs. Anna Estey has completed a successful term of school at Glory, at the close of which a program was given by the pupils.

Sievert Sandburg, who is attending the St. Paul high school, came home last week to visit his father. He was accompanied by his cousin, Arthur Peterson.

John Nelson, a woodsman, was brought down from a camp Monday with a badly injured foot.

W. G. McMath went to Duluth last week to meet his wife and son, who have been spending the summer on the St. Clair river near Detroit. They accompanied him to Aitkin and remained until Monday, when they left for their home in St. Paul.

The Aitkin W. R. C. was inspected Monday evening by Mrs. Cora Wright, of Minneapolis, department president of the state, who declared the work of the corps to be second to none in the state. Mrs. Wright was accompanied by three members of the Brainerd W. R. C., who returned home on the evening train. A 6 o'clock dinner was served in the hall for the visitors, and later in the evening refreshments were served for the corps and their guests. A very pleasant social time was enjoyed.

The first of a series of piano recitals was given at the rooms of Miss Wright on Ash street Saturday afternoon. The pupils taking part were: Misses Markaret Shook, Marvel Ballies, Anna and Katie Phillips, Irene Hodgeden, Anna Melin, Helen Hense, Alice McQuillin, and Roy Raymond.

Mr. and Mrs. M. I. Wagner visited in Brainerd last week.

A. D. Davidson and F. E. Buell, of the Bank of Aitkin, spent several days here last week, looking over matters pertaining to the bank.

Henry Lozway, of McGregor, had a narrow escape from a serious injury last week. While hunting, a shell exploded in his face, a piece of the brass jacket about the size of a silver quarter striking him in the upper lip near the left nostril, plowing its way up under the skin, and lodging under the left eye. A physician removed the piece of brass and found the eye uninjured.

Charles H. Marr, of Grand Rapids, has been here spending a few days with his brothers, W. B. and J. N. Marr.

Nelson Bros. have moved into their new building on Fifth street, and have opened a general repair shop.

Capt. George Houghton, who recently died in Minneapolis, was a pioneer resident of Aitkin, and a lumberman operating on the Upper Mississippi in the early seventies.

The dining room girls at the Willard went out on a strike last week, but their places were quickly filled by other help.

The ladies of the Catholic church gave a supper in Odd Fellows' hall Thanksgiving evening for the benefit of the church.

Charlie Rogers, brother of the famous left end of the University of Minnesota football team, has returned to Aitkin after several months' absence.

J. W. Clark, of McGregor, was in town Monday.

Mrs. C. B. Moran and Misses Reddick and Madden pleasantly entertained a party of friends last Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Moran.

Rev. E. P. Savage, superintendent of the Children's Home society, of Minnesota, made his annual visit here last week and received funds to help on the good work. Mr. Savage reports the Hypes children, who were taken from here two years' ago, as having been placed in comfotable homes.

A few days ago F. G. Schadegg picked up a letter on the street which was open and contained a check for $100. It was addressed to a Chicago traveling man, and was returned to the owner.

J. L. Spaulding, C. H. Warner and W. O. Eddy came in Monday with a buck and doe, having had several days' sport on the runways.

The killing of deer has not been as heavy this year as in past seasons. The first of the week the express agent reported the shipment of only about fifty deer and five moose from here.

W. B. Gwathmey has so far recovered from a long and serious illness that he is now seen on the street.

Mrs. C. T. Newman and two children had an exciting experience in a runaway last Saturday. Mrs. Newman lost control of the horses that were frightened by the breaking of the harness, and falling from the carriage was draged quite a distance, but received only slight bruises. The horses were caught and the children were unharmed.

John Borg, the man who was shot recently by Bennett, is still living with a good chance for recovery.

The first of the week Peter Jackson, who lives near Rabbit Lake, started to drive to Imer's camp near McGregor, where he was to work during the winter. When not far from the camp his team became mired in a swamp and was drowned before they could be rescued.

Thanksgiving services were held in the Methodist church and were participated in by the various denominations.

Mrs. C. B. Moran gave a silver tea last Saturday afternoon for the benefit of the Episcopal congregation.

The football game played here Thursday between Madella and West Superior, resulted in favor of Medalla.

W. A. Coulthard has resigned his position as cashier in the Bank of Aitkin.

E. P. Batchlelder, who met with an accident while engaged on bridge work near Crookston some time ago is still at St. Joseph's hospital in St. Paul, but is able to be out of his room a part of the time

Sparta.

Sparta, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sparta business men are congratulating themselves on the outcome of Sanday morning's fire.

The Malta Iron company shipped four cars of ore to the furnace at Spring Valley, Wis., Saturday.

Ore shipments from the Sparta and Malta mine have been completed for this season.

Harry Smead, of Duluth, transacted business here Thursday.

Edward Robb, the civil engineer, will open an office in Sparta in the near future.

The Genoa mine paid their employes Saturday.

E. M. Osborn, of Eveleth, transacted business here the fore part of the week.

Mrs. W. E. Bender returned from Two Harbors Saturday night, where she has been spending a week visiting friends.

An entertainment was given at Sparta Opera house Tuesday evening by local talent under the direction of Mrs. A. V. Jones, for the benefit of the M. E. church. The audience was large and the exercise was pronounced the best eved given in Sparta.

Professor A. V. Jones, the Misses Jedawan, Kyle, McNevins and Oland are attending a teachers' meeting in Duluth today.

Capt. E. J. Felkner made a business trip to Duluth, Thursday.

John N. Carlson was an Eveleth visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. McClure are visiting relatives in Duluth this week.

C. C. Rafn has moved his jewelry store to Buhl, where he will engage in business.

Mesaba.

Mesaba, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Johhn Anderson, who has been in Denver, Colo., returned to spend Thanksgiving with his family.

John Carlson was in Ely on Saturday.

Mr. Stuart, of Duluth, was at the Molman's last week. He also was at Tower.

John Wallace was in Tower on business Tuesday.

Fabien, Gibean and Louie Keeling were at Wyman on Wednesday.

William Munroe was visiting his family his family at Superior, Wis., this week.

Frank Reunnel was in Tower this week.

Frank Schur, who has recently moved to Biwabik, was in town this week. He intends starting business at the Stevens.

Edward Stokes has been quite successful in killing deer this season. He has qilled three, the most that have been killed here.

Miss Marie Kuchta, now of the Sacred Heart convent of Duluth, spent Thanksgiving with her parents at Allen Junction. The dinner was attended by a number of young people from Waldo.

Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. C. Barrett, of Fargo, visited with his family here a few days this week.

Mrs. John Stevens is visiting with relatives at Staples.

Miss Alma Cobb is now employed in the Enterprise office.

Rev. Lafayette Dodds, of Crookston, occupied the M. E. pulpit here Sunday morning.

Mrs. T. E. Wilcox visited with friends at Akeley a few days this week.

G. D. Weekley, of Maltby, is visiting with relatives here.

W. A. Zimbrick and David Ogilvie returned Friday from a hunting expedition near Two Harbors.

James and Frank Parker, of Sisseton, S. D., are visiting at the home of G. H. Cram.

Miss Linda Smythe returned from Wadena Wednesday.

Mrs. Bert Kirtland returned Monday from a visit with relatives at Hewitt.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Davis returned Monday from Minneapolis.

Mrs. Connor returned to her home at Sacred Heart Monday after a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. A. P. Henrionette.

Mrs. Charles Gage is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Brearly, at Wadena, this week.

Mrs. L. W. Bills returned Saturday from an extended visit with relatives in Iowa and Wisconsin.

John Farris transacted business at Monticello the first of the week.

Wesley Dickinson is visiting with relatives in Iowa.

T. S. Finney transacted business at Crookston last week.

B. C. Barrett, of Maltby, was in this city the first of the week.

J. A. Pullar, of Grand Forks, is visiting with relatives here.

Arthur Pickard, of Duluth is spending the holidays with his parents here.

The firemen will give their annual ball at the Athletic hall Thursday evening.

A. D. Cram transacted business in Minneapolis this week.

Mr. Henrionette was called to Long Prairie Saturday by the serious illness of his mother.

F. A. Fuller is able to be around again after a serious illness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. O'Neil are in St. Paul this week.

Mrs. E. E. Bonham is reported quite ill.

S. W. Usher returned from Walker Thursday.

MEDERINE
TRADE MARK

WE GIVE A
Written Guarantee
TO CURE
Eczema, Itch.

SKIN DISEASES COME FROM THE
BLOOD.

We wish you to write us.
All letters answered.

MEDERINE cures all poisons of the Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Skin Diseases. We guarantee to reach the cause and cure these diseases with

MEDERINE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5.
Sent express prepaid if yor druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
DULUTH, MINN.
Our authorized Agent is

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St.
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Superior St,
Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Superior St.
Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Superior St.
S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.
Emile Peterson, 19th and 21st ave. west.

Shun
Mineral Medicines

THE use of minerals is unnatural. No animal in its natural state, turns to minerals when stricken by sickness, but to the green herb, the healing leaf, the tonic bark, and the medicinal root. Mineral medicines stimulate for a time but never cure. To eradicate disease you must reach the root of the trouble and this can only be done by vegetable preparations.

KICKAPOO SAGWA
A PURELY VEGETABLE TONIC

is the most potent and valuable of all remedies, being the product of centuries of experience and experiment. It [illegible] diseases by going to the root of the trouble. It makes the stomach sound, regulates the liver, strengthens the weak heart, cleanses the clogged system and enables the kidneys and bowels to perform their proper functions. "I was a great sufferer from a disordered liver, which was accompanied with various stomach troubles and most severe sick headaches. I took Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and it cured me. I cannot say enough in its praise."—Mrs. Carrie B. Newell, Vernon, Minn." The Kickapoo Remedies are guaranteed to do as claimed or money refunded. Sold by all druggists.

New Duluth.

New Duluth, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Fred Phelps, of Duluth, spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wege.

Herbert Thayer, Charles Bartz and Wilbert Mahoney attended a card party given by Miss Florence Brink and Miss Blanche Narveson, of Smithville, Saturday evening.

Among those who spent Friday in Duluth were Mrs. L. S. McKay, Larette McKay, Mrs. Salter, C. Christopherson, Arthur Mahoney and Ernest Bushel.

A number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. Dorm gave them a very pleasant surprise party Saturday evening. The evening was spent in dancing and card playing. Everyone reported a most enjoyable time. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. L. S. McKay, A. Herbert, Charles Wills and Mr. Bieble; Mrs. Showers and Mrs. Fischer; Misses Mary Fischer, Luella Lockhart, Kate Norveill, Isabelle Thayer, May Thayer, Kate Gilbertson, Essie McKay; Messrs. Frank Noaeill, Michael Noaeill, John Hennes, Martin Hennes, Arthur Mahoney, Ernest Bushel, Louis Fischer, James Salter and Scott Middleton.

Christ Larsen called on friends in West Superior Friday.

George Gilbertson and family have moved into one of Miss Smith's houses on 97th avenue west.

Miss Smith, Miss Wilner and Miss Miller attended teachers' meeting at the Duluth High School Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs George E. Tupper are on the sick list this week.

Rev. and Mrs. Knutson returned from a week's visit with friends in Pine City Saturday.

Mrs. Charles Morris entertained a few friends very pleasantly Saturday afternoon. Those present were Mesdames Gustavson, Widell, Wills and Jacobson.

Mrs. Pasicott, of West Duluth, spent Monday with Mrs. Frank Brand.

Louis and Charles La Salle, of Duluth, spent Thanksgiving as the guests of Arthus Mahoney.

Miss Almeda Safford, of Duluth, called on Miss Bertha Jarisch Monday.

Among Saturday's Duluth visitors were George Reindl, Rudolph Dietz, August Grochau, Frank Wacha and William Campbell.

Frank Widell, of Duluth, spent Sunday with his family at this place.

Andrew Olsen and George Gilbertson spent Sunday in Fond du Lac.

Fred Jordan, of Thompson, called on friends in New Duluth Saturday.

John Schmidt spent Sunday in Duluth.

The pipils of Stowe school celeprated Thanksgiving Wednesday afternoon. The following program was rendered:

Song—"We Thank Thee" .... School.
"Story of Thanksgiving" .... By Fifteen Pupils.
Recitation—"Thanksgiving" .... Otto Domm.
Recitation—"Popping Corn" .... Willie Rieckhoff.
"Thanksgiving Song" .... Winnifred Tower, Edith Krueger, Betsy Duelette, May Thayer and Luella Lockhart.
Recitation—"Thanksgiving at Grandma's" .... Harry Olson.
Song .... School.
Recitation—"Thanksgiving" .... Louisa Domm.
Recitation—"Daisy's Thanksgiving"... Hulda Erickson.
Song—"Watch Your World" .... Betsy Duclette, May Thayer, Luella Lockhart, Winnifred Tower and Edith Krueger.
Recitation—"Wreck of the Hesperus".. Louise Smith.
Recitation—"Grandma's Opinion of Thanksgiving" .... Irene Glazier.
Song—"Now the Day is Over"........ School.

Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell entertained Rev. and Mrs. Knutson and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson at dinner Thanksgiving day.

Miss Keney and Ed Kenney spent Sunday in Duluth.

Wilbert Mahoney has accepted a position at Brund's store for the Christmas holidays.

Frank Brand transacted business in Duluth Monday.

Jerome Mahoney was brought home from St. Mary's hospital Tuesday night. Jerome is very much better than he was.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger entertained Mr. and Mrs. C. Giddings and family, of Duluth, Thanksgiving day.

August Grochau spent Thursday at his home in Duluth.

J. J. Mohaney, Arthur Mahoney and Wilbert Mahoney transacted business in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. Hanson and son, of Duluth, were in New Duluth Saturday looking at houses. Mrs. Hanson thinks of moving here.

Melvin Becklinger returned home from a business trip to North Dakota, Wednesday.

Misses Ethel Mahoney, Mable Bartz, Essie McKay and Ethel Becklinger, all of whom are attending school in Duluth, are spending the Thanksgiving holidays with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Salter entertained Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brand and family Thanksgiving day.

Miss Constance Wilner is spending the holidays with her relatives in West Duluth.

Miss Miller entertained a few friends Thursday evening at a card party. Those present were Misses Ethel Mahoney, Isabel Thayer, May Thayer; Messrs. Wilbert Mahoney, Arthur Mahoney, Herbert Thayer and Louis and Charles La Salle, of Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gustavson spent Thanksgiving day with Mr. and Mrs. Jacobson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Miller entertained Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wills and family Thanksgiving day.

Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. William Edwards are visiting with relatives at LaCrosse, Wis., for a couple of months.

The village officials have taken up the dog tax matter and those refusing to pay hereafter are likely to be severely dealt with. Andrew Hendrickson was arrested and fined $10 last week for refusing to pay tax on his dog.

Thanksgiving day passed away very quietly and was generally observed, all the stores being closed during the day and work at the shops was suspended. Men were kept at work at the docks, however, loading boats, on account of the freezing weather and the necessity of getting the ore from the cars promptly.

Mrs. O. J. Tennant and daughter have returned from a six weeks' visit with relatives at Burlington, Iowa.

The fair and social given at the Norden hall Saturday evening by the ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church, was well patronized and was a success both socially and financially. The proceeds will be used to pay for their new parsonage.

J. H. Davis, expert accountant of Duluth, has been engaged by the city fathers to check up the village books and balance them up.

Word received this week from Col. A. N. Ogle, who is undergoing treatment at the Kellogg sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich., states that he is improving slowly and it will be some time before he will be able to be around again.

Mrs. E. J. Van Hook departed Friday for Crookston, Minn., where she will spend the winter.

The steamers Beatty, Gettysburg, Toltec and Prentiss cleared this week with about 2,100,000 feet of lumber from the Tower and Drummond mills for Chicago, on their last trip for the season. The steamer Ogarita arrived and will take on about 500,000 feet from the Tower mill. The C. M. Hill company will ship the balance of lumber they have in stock to Duluth, having finished work at Drummond.

Rev. H. F. Gilt preached at Virginia Sunday, exchanging pulpits with Rev. Todd, of that place.

About all the deer hunters have returned to town, very few having secured any game, and all report ill luck on account of lack of snow and noisiness of the woods. H. Filey and party, who have been camping near Skibo, are among the lucky ones, having secured three moose.

R. J. Tubman has gone to Duluth, where he will look after his skating rink during the winter.

F. J. Lins was called to Winona Minn., this week by the death of a brother's son at that place.

The Loyal Legion lodge met with Miss McPhee at the Commercial hotel parlors Tuesday evening.

Oscar Lazier went to Duluth Sunday to meet his father, R. O. Lazier, who was on his way from Nome City, Alaska, to New York, on a business trip.

Martin L. Miller, of this place, was married at Compton, Ill., Wednesday, the 26th, to Miss Georgiana Bradshaw, a prominent young society lady of that place. Martin's many friends here extend their best wishes to the young couple.

Ore business has been about completed, and with the exception of some ore which is being brought in as mined, to fill out boats, and some hard ore from Tower, all mines have practically stopped shipments. Exact figures are not yet obtainable, but the total shipments are somewhat over 5,500,000 tons, an increase of 500,000 tons over last year's record.

John Rice moved his family to West Supearior this week, where Mr. Rice is employed at the Great Northern shops.

It is again reported that the steel corporation will put in an ore crusher here the coming winter and crush all the ore from the different mines at the one plant.

Wm. Weese was up from Endion to attend the election of officers at the O. R. C. lodge Sunday.

J. M. Hickox is making repairs to his residence on Poplar street. Contractor Carlson is doing the work.

The special election held Tuesday for the purpose of voting for bonding the village for $24,000 for moving the water and light plant and enlarging its facilities, passed off quietly and resulted in a vote of 265 for and 98 against. The bonds are to be 20 year, 5 per cent, and will be issued in amounts of $1000 each.

J. W. Holmes departed Friday for Key West, Florida, for a couple of months visit.

The steamer J. J. McWilliams discharged a cargo of 4000 tons of coal here this week, which was loaded into cars for storage. About 5000 tons more of coal are expected before the season's shipments are completed. The total receipts will reach about 185,000 tons, about 40,000 more than last year. This is a new record.

The city fathers at their regular meeting Monday evening accepted the Second avenue macadam contract as completed by Contractors Runquist and Ecklund, and ordered the balance, $2,914.06, due on same, paid, and passed a resolution assessing against the property improved the cost of improvement, which amounted to $89.65 for each abutting 50 feet. The total cost of the work was $3,220.43.

Application for liquor license from A. Levine was received and ordered published.

Poundmaster reported collection of $4 fines during the week.

Application was received from L. Bergstrom for license to auction off his stock, license to be for five days, between the hours of 7 and 9 p. m. Same was granted at a rate of $2 per day.

Under recommendation from the mayor, E. F. Krelwitz was employed at a salary of $75 per month to make a thorough inspection of all water connections, and canvass of the water users in village and report on same.

Communication from state health officer asking that the village send a representative to the sanitary convention to be held at St. Paul, Dec. 17th and 18th, was filed.

The mayor reported that he had appointed B. F. Griffin to succeed E. Magnuson as chief engineer at the water and light plant, and this action was approved by the council. Bills amounting to $919.59 were allowed.

C. F. Bonham departed Thursday for St. Augustine, Fla., where he will run an engine on the Florida East Coast railway during the winter.

W. W. Scott visited with his parents at Duluth over Sunday.

The fire department had got out Sunday morning before 6 o'clock and had considerable exercise before they ascertained it was but a false alarm caused by a boat at the docks whistling for some men. The department first took a run towards the docks, and unable to find any fire, some one reported it was on Ninth avenue, and after running a few blocks in that direction met parties running in the opposite direction, and learned there was no fire at all.

Misses D. Ette Lowe and Eethel Belland went to Eveleth Monday to attend the wedding of Miss Lurette at that place.

The dance given Thursday evening by the local ladies' lodge, B. of L. F., was a very successful affair, both socially and financitly, and an enjoyable time was had by those attending.

E. S. Blood transacted business at Duluth on Wednesday.

C. F. Josien has moved into the Poplar street residence recently vacated by F. E. Evans.

Contractors Ecklund and Runquist expect to finish their West Second avenue grading next week. This will be the last street work done for the year.

The local lodge K. of P. contemplate organizing a brass band among members of their lodge in the near future.

Woolsey Bros. are getting their new rink into shape and expect to have it running in about two weeks, if weather is cold enough.

It is reported that ore dock No. 3 is to be rebuilt and much enlarged in the near future, so as to about double its present capacity of 22,000 tons.

T. E. McCarthy returned this week from Oregon, where he went some time ago to take up a timber claim. He reports it impossible to file on any lands there, as the timber frauds resulted in the closing of the land offices to land lookers for the present, and all those who have not proved up on claims taken will have to file again, and reports an instance where one man filed on claims for twenty different parties, they intending to make only one trip to the land office when they made final proof.

The following is a list of jurors selected for the adjourned term of district court, Dec. 8, when Carrivean, the man who killed Allen at Knife River, will be tried: Grand jurors—H. O. Olson, C. A. Anderson, C. A. Wickstrom, G. H. Good, of Winton, Jos. Therrien, Frank Swanson, John Swanstrom, H. Bangsund, C. A. Anderson, J. Wratten, M. McLead, M. Archdeacon, John Stenmark, M. W. Allen, John Eckholm, C. W. Dawson, C. Christenson, Chas. Anderson, Emil Anderson, Chas. Gustafson, D. Doves, L. Larson, John Stein. Petit jurors—L. Belland, W. L. Patterson, M. Beckman, D. Gordan, F. McTercy, J. E. Chandler, Louis Anderson, Nick Olson, A. E. Long, Axel Olson, F. Kempffer, L. D. Rose, O. Birkholz, J. H. Harrison, C. Billingsley, R. J. Tubman, E. M. Owens, A. A. Scott, H. Gusdorf, Wm. Stark, A. Gidding, J. A. Roab, Otto Ohlund, Axel Lindgren.

The city fathers have advertised for bids on their new $24,000 worth of five per cent water and light bonds. Bids will be received up to 7:30 p. m., Dec. 29, 1902.

Regular monthly services in English will be held at the Norwegian Lutheran church tomorrow evening.

Mrs. Chas. Cotter and daughter Dollie visited friends at Biwabik last week.

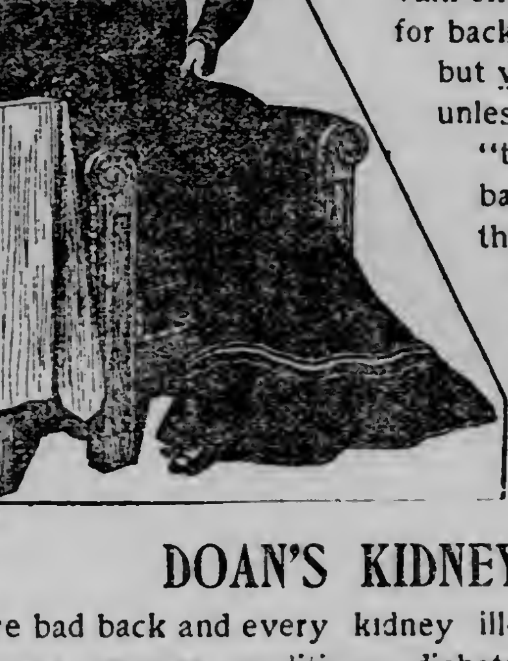
The D. & I. R. are sending some of their larger locomotives to Pittsburg, Penn., again, where they have been leased to the Union Terminal railroad for the winter months. Iron Range engineers will take them as far as Chicago.

The local lodge I. O. G. T. will give a dime social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Rothfus next Friday evening.

Contractor Jas. Redy will commence loading logs Monday at his new landings near mile post 33, for the Alger, Smith Co., Duluth. He expects to load about 70,000 feet per day.

M. Woollen, H. Riley and party, who have been hunting at Hornby the past week, had the misfortune to have the too cabooses they were living in burned up Tuesday, the fire catching from a gasoline stove which exploded. Most of their outfit and the meat of three moose they had shot were burned also.

Contractor Spurbeck has about completed work on the new Swedish Lutheran parsonage.



Will It Ever Stop?

Will the never-ceasing aches of the back ever stop? Many a sufferer mentally asks this question after vain efforts to find relief and cure for backache. There is a cure, but you can't expect to find it unless you know the cause of "that bad back." Most backache pains come from the kidneys, and the seat of the trouble must be attacked. Plasters, liniments, and lotions may relieve the ache, but will not cure, as they fail to reach the cause —the kidneys.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure bad back and every kidney ill—rheumatic pains, sleeplessness, nervous conditions, diabetes, dropsy, gravel and all complaints of the Kidneys and bladder down to that dread destroyer, Bright's disease. A safe and sure remedy, endorsed by friends and neighbors.

Can you ask for better proof than this—

DULUTH PROOF:

Mrs. John Pitts, of 123 West First street, says: "As the result of an attack of typhoid fever I suffered severely during a year with kidney complaint, and although I was treated by physicians I did not get any better. There was a constant dull aching across my back, so severe at times that I could hardly stoop or straighten. I did not rest comfortably at night, and in the morning felt tired and worn out. I also suffered a good deal from dull and persistent headaches. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and unnatural and my limbs were greatly puffed and swollen. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store. I soon felt better and before long the aches and pains left me entirely, the kidneys were active and healthy and I felt as well as ever I did in my life."

A FREE TRIAL.

All druggists—50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., Sole Proprietors.

Virginia.

Virginia, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Virginia high school football eleven defeated the Hibbing highs on the local gridiron Thanksgiving day by a score of 16 to 5. This is the second defeat the Hibbing boys received from our champions this fall. The first game was played last month at Hibbing and our boys rolled up 103 to their opponents 0. Hibbing has improved wonderfully since the first game and by adding several heavy boys to the team has practically built up the team. In fact, they are heavier now than the locals, but they lack the knowledge of the game. The boys from the western city, together with about twenty-five rooters came over here on the 2 o'clock train and retudned at 6 o'clock. They are a fine crowd of young fellows and play a good "clean" game. This was the last football game to be seen here this year, and owing to this fact a large crowd was present.

The city was thrown into an excitement Tuesday afternoon upon receiving the intelligence of the accidental shooting of Nels P. Fordham, on his claim in the Little Forks country some twenty-five miles north of here, and of which The Herald has given the details in full. The five men appointed by Deputy Coroner Christopher to go and get the body of the unfortunate man, did as directed and after two days of hardship in the woods finally arrived with the remains over the Iron Range road Thursday noon. The funeral takes place timorrow, Sunday afternoon, and will be under the auspices of the local lodge of Odd Fellows, while the Modern Woodmen and Scandinavian lodges will attend in a body. Mr. Fordham was a very popular young man and has been a resident of Virginia since 1893. He was a partner in the hardware business with Andrew Hawkinson.

The Maccabees gave a very delightful ball Thanksgiving night at the Opera house. The Virginia orchestra furnished the music and was much enjoyed and applauded. Supper was served by the Lady Maccabees at midnight in the storeroom in the Fay block, formerly used by Marks & Son as a furniture store. The ladies came out on the safe side financially.

The officers of the Bank of Virginia last month applied to the government for a permit to reorganize the local bank into a national affair. Word was received this week that the application was accepted and the new name of our only banking institution will, shortly, be changed to the First National bank of Virginia. The capital stock is quoted at $25,000. The officers will be O. D. Kinney, president; E. J. Griggs, vice president, and B. F. Britts, cashier. The directors will be O. D. Kinney, E. B. Hawkins, E. J. Griggs, J. R. James and B. F. Britts. Mr. Britts was for several years an employe of the First National bank at Duluth and has been assistant cashier at the local bank the past two years.

John Demgen and Miss Julia Fahay, of Mountain Iron, were united in marriage Monday morning at 8 o'clock at the Catholic church, Rev. Bilbon officiating. Miss Eva Demgen, postmistress here, and a sister of the groom acted as bridesmaid, and David Coffey was groomsman. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of Mrs. James Sullivan, also a sister of the groom, where the wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Demgen are quite well known here, especially the groom, as he has lived in this city the past seven years, and up to a few months ago when he went to the Mountain to work. The young couple will reside at Mountain Iron.

Thomas Trezona, of Borse City, Idaho, spent Thanksgiving day with Capt. James Trezona, his brother. This was the first meeting of the brothers for thirty-six years. Superintendent R. R. Trezona, of the Fayal, is also a brother, and it had been twenty-five years since they met, while Superintendent Charles Trezona, of the Pioneer at Ely, and Thomas, have met, at the present time, ever seen each other, the former having been born after Thomas left home. At one time he was reported as dead. This was fifteen years ago, and now that the brothers again come together, pleasant meetings are certainly had.

Revival meetings are being held every night by Rev. Brandt, of Barnum, in the Dowling building in the rear of the Virginia pharmacy. They will continue for a few weeks.

Work is progressing as rapidly as possible on the new sawmill here. The portable mill which will saw the large timbers for the new institution, is now in shape to execute that part of the work. The mill site will not be the same as that used by the Moon-Kerr company, but will be a trifle to the west and across the creek.

On account of no quorum being present Tuesday evening, the councilmen did not meet in regular session and on adjournment was taken util next Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Fay were Duluth visitors Tuesday.

Henry J. Wessinger, formerly superintendent of the Sauntry mine here, but now mechanical engineer for the steel corporation, was in the city Monday.

Lumberman W. T. Bailey was up from Duluth Wednesday.

Capt. A. H. Stevens, of the Stevenson mine, spent Thanksgiving at his home here.

Contractor D. T. Denton, of Duluth, had business on the range the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lerch entertained a company of young people at The Fay Monday evening in honor if their guest, Dr. Helrick, of Chicago. At "hearts" Miss Effie Crawshaw and A. F. Rogers won the honors. Those present were the Misses Crawshow, Stevens, Reid, Wilmot and Smith, and Messrs. Helrick, Bailey, Barrett, Kendall and Rogers.

Charles E. Fay was on the Vermilion range this week looking over some iron lands recently optioned by Capt. Fay. It is understood two diamond drills will be put on the property soon.

Ed Finch is visiting his parents in Michigan this week and on Thanksgiving day took in the Minnesota-Michigan football game at Ann Arbor.

The elegant new residence of Albert Coates, on Walnut street, is nearing completion.

Superintendent C. T. Fairbairn, of the Lincoln, had business at Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. D. E. Cuppernull and sister, Miss Peare Wilmot, were at Duluth Wednesday and took in the opera, "Foxy Quiller" in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Nathanson, of Eveleth, Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Nathanson in this city.

It is rumored here that at the expiration of his term of judge of probate on Jan. 1, Walter G. Bonham will open up law offices here, at the first of the year. Attorney Palmer, register of deeds-elect, will take up his duties at Duluth, and a vacancy will thereby be caused. For the past three years there has been but little legal work here, on account of the local hard times, but with the present splendid future for our city one or two attorneys should find a lucrative practice here.

Miss Addie Eaton spent Thanksgiving day at Duluth, a guest at the home of Capt. and Mrs. E. F. Sweeney, formerly of Virginia.

Miss Abbie Smith and sister, Bertha, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank D. Orr, at Minneapolis.

Capt. John Doyle and son, Joseph, came over from the Stevens mine to spend Thanksgiving day. Mr. Doyle returns Monday, but Joe will stay home for the winter.

Victor Peterson, bookkeeper and Lixen Peterson, timekeeper at the Laura mine, near Hibbing, were home for Thanksgiving dinner.

Miss Mabel Case visited with Duluth friends Thursday.

Hersleb Gratheim, who has been appointed general traveling agent for the Sprague wholesale company, of Chicago, left here Tuesday for Carlton, where he takes up his work. He appoints local agents for the company. In this city he appointed Miss Clara Dahl.

Sam A. Love, formerly agent for the Missabe road at this point, but now city ticket agent for the Omaha road, was here all day Sunday.

Work on the new Lenroot hospital is progressing rapidly and it is expected that in six weeks the institution will be occupied. The mechanical work on this building is of a very high order and when completed will be one of the very best built frame structures in the city. The building will be heated by a hot water plant and, although a small hospital, it will be the best appointed north of Duluth.

Excellent skating was afforded on our two lakes the fore part of the week, but the snow of Wednesday broke it up for Thanksgiving. By a little work on the part of the skaters good skating could be maintained all through the winter months, but that tired feeling seems to exist among the boys. Hibbing and Eveleth people would be only too glad to have the opportunity we have here and would not mind turning out en masse to maintain a natural rink.

Nels P. Fordham, who was accidentally shot in the woods this week, carried $9000 life insurance; $5000 in the Hartford and $2000 in the Modern Woodmen. The entire sum had been taken out in the name of his mother, who resides in Norway.

New locomotives for the new railroad are expected Monday to take care of the logging traffic this winter. The train crews will be doubled.

Proctorknott.

Proctorknott, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Proctorknott basket ball team was defeated by the team from the Duluth Y. M. C. A. last Tuesday evening by a score of 22 to 8. Two 20-minute halves were played, the score at the end of the first half being 14 to 4 in favor of the Duluth boys. The game was interesting to the crowd that turned out to witness the event. Although the Proctor boys feel a little down-hearted over their defeat, they deserve credit for their good playing, as they had never played together before. The team is also weak on baskets, as only four fouls were made during the entire game, while nearly three times that many were missed. The boys will play a return game at the Y. M. C. A. Thursday. The following is the line-up of last Tuesday's game:

Proctor—		Y. M. C. A.—
J. Jollymore	forward	Valley
M. Kemp	guard	Smith
W. Edwards	center	Deighton
D. Kemp	guard	Berini
H. Trempe	forward	Peterson

The regular meeting of the village fireman was held last Wednesday evening and officers for the coming year were elected. The village fireman have about thirty members in good standing and meet once a month. Although they have been organized for the last five years and have done good work in a number of fires, they have never as yet received a word of thanks from anybody. Proctorknott has a good fire department and all it wants is a little encouragement. They have fought fires since the department was organized, without water to amount to anything, but still they did good work.

Mr. and Mrs. George McEwen, of Duluth, visited friends and relatives in Proctor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Riddle, of Duluth, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Riddle several days this week.

There was no little excitement when Dedrick, a farmer living about a mile north of Proctor, pulled a gun and shot a prominent farmer living near here. It seems that the victim was out looking for deer. He started one and chased it onto Dedrick's land, and, having a good shot, he fired on the running animal, but had no sooner done so than he saw Dedrick come out of the house with a gun in his hands. He grabbed his own gun when he saw Dedrick intended to shoot, but Dedrick pulled the trigger and the ball passed through the farmer's forefinger, making an ugly wound.

Mrs. Keating visited friends in Superior Sunday.

The new sidewalks between Bay View Heights and Proctorknott were completed a few days ago. The new walk is three feet wide the entire length. Some of the planks on the high ground did not have to be replaced, but those along the low ground were decayed. It now makes it safe to travel after dark.

Bemidji.

Bemidji, Nov. 29.—Mayor Steidl returned Sunday from Bend, Ore., where he has invested in timber lands. He will be in the city a week or ten days. While here Mr. Steidl disposed of part of the machinery and the mill property formerly owned and operated by Steidl, Tweet & Co.

Thomas Given, of Manchester, Ia., arrived in the city last Friday en route for Tenstrike, where he will make his future home. While here he called on his old friend, M. F. Cunningham. Mr. Given will operate a cedar camp this winter.

Con Baldwin, who was taken to the poor farm in a delirious condition last week, died before reaching there. He was buried at the poor farm cemetery. His relatives live at Winona, Minn., which was his home.

Conductor A. W. Hanersack was injured by falling off of an extra freight on the Great Northern last Wenesday in the yards here. He was painfully lacerated about the face, but not seriously injured.

The Methodist parsonage is very nearly completed and when finally finished will be one of the most handsome residences in the city.

A. M. Greely, former editor of the Bemidji Pioneer, arrived here Friday morning after an absence of five weeks spent on his claim on the Big Fork.

E. G. Williams, formerly Sunday school missionary of the Presbyterian society, Sundayed in Bemidji, returning to his school near Shevlin Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kaiser and son left last Monday morning for Winona, for a short visit with the former's parents at that place.

The carpenter work on the court house is practically completed and the painters are at work on the interior decorating and finishing.

Samuel Simpson, who will have charge of the new mill when it is completed, returned last Saturday from a business trip to the Twin Cities.

Ed Feldman is on the gain, being able to sit up in bed. He has been suffering with typhoid fever since last August.

Rowe McConner arrived in this city, his old home, last Friday, from Hurley, Wis., where he has been working at his trade.

Martin Galchutt returned home last Thursday night after an absence of two months in North Dakota.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nangle, a 12-pound girl, on Saturday last.

Mrs. Knopke was reported as being quite ill the latter part of the week.

William Foote, of Nangle, is reported on the gain after a siege of pneumonia.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Lerch has closed the labratory here for the winter and has gone to Virginia to remain until shipping commences here again.

Mrs. Charles McDermit returned Saturday from a short business visit at Duluth.

Miss Clem Smith is visiting among relatives at Virginia and Eveleth this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Goldthrope are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter at their home last Sunday.

Misses Denison, Brant and Mrs. Shank spent Saturday at Elba, visiting the lumber camps.

Inez Graham returned Saturday from a short visit with friends at Virginia.

James Enright who is employed at the scales of Highland, was in town a few days visiting with relatives.

Mrs. Frank Heisel and daughter were over from Mesaba Saturday visiting relatives.

Edwin Sperry left here Saturday for the South, after having spent the summer looking after the interests of the Williams Mining company. He does not expect to return here. He met Mrs. Sperry and little daughter at Duluth and they left for Georgia. The drills which he had charge of have been taken away.

The Ladies' Clio club held their meeting as usual Saturday at the Knights of Pythias hall. The subject being "Travels," Mammoth Cave by Miss Ober; Wyandotte Cave, Mrs. John S. Lutes; Natural bridges and caves, Miss Clara Olstad. Current Events was "News from the countries" with Miss Laura Mau, leader.

Mr. and Mrs. Hildibrand are making their home here now. Mr. Hilbrand has accepted a position at the office of the Biwabik mine as bookkeeper.

Mrs. Joe Robinson and son returned Tuesday from a short visit with friends at Hibbing.

Willie Onara was over at Virginia Sunday calling on friends.

Mesdames William and Charles Merrill were over at Eveleth a few days this week, calling on friends.

Mrs. Thomas returned Monday from Ely where she spent a few days visiting at the home of her son.

Henry Apitz was over from Stephenson a few days this week visiting relatives.

Mrs. Crane has returned from an extended visit and will make her home for the winter here with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Myers.

Mr. and Mrs. Potanle, of Elba, was in town Sunday visiting among friends.

Miss Myrtle Bishop has left for an extended visit with relatives at Bemidji.

Jay Stafford left Saturday for a few weeks visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kinney have moved into the house occupied by Jerow and family.

Fred Anderson returned to Eveleth Thursday, after a few days visit with relatives.

Miss McNevines, of Sparta, was in town Wednesday visiting friends, leaving Thursday for Duluth.

Tom Mewhinney, of Stevenson, was in town a few days this week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Mewhinney. He expects to leave for Cleveland in a few days, where he has accepted a position with Drake & Stratton company.

A crew of lumberjacks arrived here Tuesday from Duluth and were taken to camp by Mr. Campbell, who has charge of the camps here for the Cloquet Lumber company.

Mrs. Frank Klink and daughter were Biwabik visitors on Wednesday.

Mr. Hopkins was over from Sparta and spent the holiday visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Myers.

Miss Johnson is visiting here with her sister, Mrs. Goldthrope.

Mrs. Henry Stearns has been on the sick list this week.

Miss Pearl Stanton was over at Eveleth several days this week visiting friends.

Miss Ethel Ford was over from McKinley a few days this week visiting friends.

Robert Paterson was over from Stephenson a few days shaking hands with old friends. He expects to leave soon for his home in Canada, where he will spend the winter with his parents.

Dr. Adams was over from Hibbing and spent Thanksgiving with Dr. and Mrs. Bray.

Master Dan Cameron has returned from a few weeks visit with relatives at Tower.

Fred Seeley was over at Virginia Sunday seeing the sights.

Charles Verrill is able to be out again after a few weeks illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Colvin returned Monday from a few days visit to the Twin Cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael and children of Hibbing spent a few days in town visiting relatives.

Miss Denison left Thursday for Duluth where she spent the holiday.

The young people of the Finnish Temperance society gave their monthly fair and social at their hall Sunday evening.

Will Clue, of Sparta, was a Biwabik visitor Wednesday.

William McGraw came over from Virginia Wednesday and spent a few days here with his parents.

Joe Doyle was over from Stevens Wednesday calling on old friends.

Charles McDunnno, of McKinley was a Biwabik caller Wednesday.

Mr. Brown of Two Harbors was in town a few days this week.

Ed Evans of Two Harbors, was in town a few days this week shaking hands with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Sampson and family, of Duluth, were in town Thursday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kulander.

Mrs. John Lutes and son Teddy were down to Duluth a few days this week on business.

Miss Gustaveson, of Two Harbors, was in town Wednesday visiting with friends.

Mrs. M. Stott was up from Two Harbors a few days this week visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schur.

The Knights of Pythias gave their fifth annual Thanksgiving ball Wednesday evening at the hall. The hall was prettily decorated in their flags, the stage was also decorated. The Carlyle orchestra of five pieces furnished very good music and all enjoyed themselves. A very dainty supper consisting of coffee, cake and sandwiches and cheese, were served by Robert Cumby. The dancing continued until three in the morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Poole were over from Eveleth Thursday and spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Nick Shank.

Miss Tillie Hill was over from Eveleth Thursday, calling on acquaintances.

Miss Mary Tornatz was over from Elba Thursday visiting relatives.

Miss Agatha Cotter, of Two Harbors, was in town a few days the guest of Misses Mayme and Eva McGraw.

Mrs. Strom and children of Elba, were in town a few days this week visiting with friends.

Frank Faber and daughter, Mary, left Monday for Chicago, where they will see a specialist to cure Miss Mary of lameness.

Mr. Swain was in town a few days visiting with relatives.

A number of young Finnish people drove over to McKinley Thursday evening and attended a dance given by the young people of that place, returning early in the morning after having had a pleasant time.

Mr. and Mrs. Patton have returned to their home at Duluth after a few days visit here with friends.

W. W. Browne transacted business in the Zenith City this week.

Rev. Cooke was over from Mountain Iron and held services at the Methodist church Sunday.

Thanksgiving services were held in the Congregational church Thursday evening.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Hattie Allen, who was last year teaching here, is visiting with Mrs. and Miss Johnstone.

George Taylor bought what is considered the biggest moose head that has come to this town. The moose was shot not far from town and was the possessor of twelve very large prongs on his big horns The fur on it is glossy and a fine black at the neck.

The extension of the water system is being rapidly pushed.

So great is the railway traffic through Cass Lake division that the company has requested the contractors for the extension of the sewerage to wait until the traffic is less before underming the tracks to put in the sewerage pipes.

The big viaduct over the tracks, about four hundred feet long and sixteen feet wide has greatly added to the dispatch of business between the south side and the town.

Contractor Pastoret returned from Two Harbors this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Sutor, owners of the Endion hotel, returned Wednesday morning from Duluth.

The Tuesday club met with Mrs. B. Whetstone and a fine program was rendered.

The congregational society will hold their annual bazaar on the 6th of December and the Methodists will have theirs on the 20th.

The Catholic society had a sale and supper this week, which was a great success both financially and numerically.

Miss Campbell and Miss Ella Johnson were kept indoors by sickness a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Olson are visiting in Minneapolis for a few days.

Miss Mabel Hart returned from the Bemidji high school for a short visit with her parents this morning.

Attorney and Postmaster F. W. Smith and H. E. Reed, banker, returned yesterday from Wadena, where they took the Royal Arch degree in Masonry.

J. E. Nelson has sold his residence to Mr. Hanson, of North Dakota, who will moved into it a few days hence. Mr. Nelson and wife will visit Minneapolis and also take a pleasure trip to the west coast. Jim needs a much deserved rest. The town is sorry to lost him and his wife.

L. H. Burns is the most elated man in town and has cause. He has two big deer hung up.

F. Milton Fowble, who is in charge of the government survey near Lake Winnibigoshish and Cass Lake, returned to the Twin Cities for Thanksgiving. He took with him a fine black bear skin of a big two year old bear, which he shot the other day near the survey line. The surveyors came across the bear in his den and sent for their chief, who shot him as he was peeping out of the hole to see who was near.

The Nells Lumber company, which recently closed down for the winter after sawing about twenty-five million feet of lumber, began yesterday to pull down the recnt band saw and to make additional room for a new gang saw. This will greatly increase the output of the mill.

A. G. Bernard went to St. Paul on Friday to visit Senator Moses Clapp before the latter returned to Washington.

Chief Inspector of the Chippewa Lands E. L. Warren, has been busy this week interviewing lumbermen who want to be on his staff as cruisers and examiners.

The quarterly conference of the Methodist episcopal church was held on the 25th. Dr. Dodds, presiding elder of the Crookston district, in the chair. It was reported that the leaded windows were paid for and an effort was being made to meet pastoral expenses. Membership and congregations were increasing.

C. M. Taylor and Miss E. Phelps are visiting with Mrs. H. Tuller at Grand Rapids through thanksgiving.

Max Zemke is visiting his numerous friends here, he is employed by C. M. Taylor and company at Walker.

Zella Gardner returned from her visit with Miss Schriener at Walker yesterday.

Mrs. J. E. Cobb and Miss Ellen Davidson, of Kingston, Ont., are visiting with Village Recorder Cobb. They are mother and cousin respectively of their host. They will go to Minot, N. D., from here.

Dr. Whetstone and wife have taken up their quarters at the Endion for the winter.

The Indian agent, Maj. Scott, has given permission for the Indians to cut the dead and down off the reservation and the white men permission to haul it to town, because the town is on the verge of a wood famine and is living on the edge of the timber and in the midst of the reservation.

Indian Agent Dr. Rodwell believes with Maj. Scott that the Indians are taking more to liquor and that energetic steps are necessary to put a stop to the selling and giving of liquor to the Chippewas. They certainly get a lot of intoxicants somewhere and the majority of the saloonkeepers wish the laws to be enforced against those who barter with the Indians for liquor and thus get them all under suspicion.

George Spencer, of Duluth, was visiting with Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Hartley for Thanksgiving. He returned Friday.

Miss G. Stein returned to Shakopee Saturday, after visiting with her brother, George Stein.

Mrs. W. Foss, wife of the editor of the Thirteen Towns, Fosston, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Sam Sutro, over Thanksgiving.

H. E. Gipson of Scanlon, Gipson & Co. was in town for several days this week, but no news about the rumored sale of the site could be obtained.

George R. Cleveland resumed his old position as night clerk at the Endion this week.

R. J. Parks, of Alaska, was visiting with Walter Johnson over Thanksgiving. They were in partnership in Alaska. He went to New York to interest capitalists in a new venture which he is promoting.

The Woodlands Rebekah lodge gave a dance and supper at Strawbridge hall on Thanksgiving eve. It was well attended.

Trustees and officers of the board were elected at the M. E. church on Tuesday: President, C. M. Taylor; treasurer, G. Birth; secretary, B. A. Strawbridge; trustees—C. A. Duff, E. M. Stanton, James Hough, Dr. R. F. Whetstone, C. Sarffe, and ex-officio chairman, Rev. J. T. B. Smith, pastor of the church.

Mr. Hartley and wife returned to Duluth to have Thanksgiving with Hon. G. G. Hartley. They have visited here for a few weeks.

Ironwood.

Ironwood, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. M. Miles, of Rockfield, Ill., was in the city on business Thursday.

Joseph Winn, one of Ironwood's oldest settlers, was killed suddenly Monday afternoon while digging a drain at the cemetery. The drain was about eight feet deep and Mr. Winn was working at the bottom when the ground caved in on him. The deceased was 65 years of age and leaves a family of grown-up children. The funeral ocurred Thursday from the M. E. church, Rev. W. C. Clemo officiating.

Miss A. Doner, of Antogo, was in Ironwood Thursday visiting her many friends.

C. Carlson, of Bessemer, made a short business trip to Ironwood Thursday.

A. G. Harmes, of Ashland, was in Ironwood Thursday, visiting friends and relatives.

A dance was given Wednesday night at the Armory by the Norrie band, and was very largely attended. Music was furnished by the Norrie Band orchestra and supper was served by the women of C. O. F.

Miss C. O'Brien, of Antigo, visited with friends in Ironwood Wednesday and Thursday.

W. J. Slausen, of Minneapolis, was in town on business Wednesday.

P. Engelhardt, of Milwaukee, was in Ironwood Tuesday on a short visit with relatives.

J. F. Celsler, was in Ironwood from Beaver Dam, Wis., on business Tuesday.

A concert was given at the M. E. church Thursday night, and a very large crowd were in attendance.

E. H. Leiberthal, of Bay City, was in Ironwood on business Monday.

Mr. Thomas Daley visited with friends in Kaukauna all week.

A large crowd of Ironwood's young folks attended the dance at Bessemer given by the Clerks' union of that city Thursday night.

W. R. Hopkins, of St. Louis, was in Ironwood on business Monday.

Cloquet.

Cloquet, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—George Johnson left today for Virginia, and expects to be absent about six weeks.

John Stapleton, Joe McCarthy and John Kennedy have just returned from a deer hunt at Pine River and Grand Lake. They report seeing many deer but say their cartridges must have been blanks, as they did not bag any game whatever.

Joe and Bert Savord, of Highland Park, shot a fine buck on the outskirts of the town, and while bringing it in sighted two fine does and brought them both down, making a nice haul of three animals.

Miss Hannecamp, of Scanlon, was in the city yesterday.

John Hogan left Tuesday evening for Buhl, Minn., in the employe of the Cloquet Lumber company.

William McKinnon is out on a deer hunting trip.

Mrs. John Chism was among the arrivals on the noon train.

Archie Boyd returned from his hunting trip and brought home a fine deer.

Guy Cookson was the guest of his mother on Thanksgiving day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sarazin spent yesterday with friends in Duluth.

The Sunday school class of the M. E. church tendered a farewell party to Miss Cassie Caneste on Friday evening. The evening was spent at cards, games, etc., after which refreshments were served and an enjoyable evening spent.

Mrs. Nevins, of Willow River, is the guest of Mrs. Faust.

Fred Hunter just returned from Blackhorf and brought home a deer.

Franklin Stevenson visited his friends in Duluth yesterday.

Quite a number of Cloquet people attended the play, "The Gambler's Daughter," given at the Lyceum in Duluth Wednesday evening.

Ed Sloan, of Scanlon, was in the city Thursday.

Ed Peterman has returned to Cloquet.

John McDonald was among the arrivals on the afternoon train Thursday.

The Brooks-Scanlon saw mill shut down last week after a successful season's run. They are now putting in a hot pond and will be ready to start on Monday next to run day and night during the winter months.

The Washington league of Scanlon gave a dance Tuesday night in Clement's hall, with Ed Sloan as manager. A number of Cloquet young people attended.

Jennie Watt, of Carlton, visited friends here on Thursday.

Agnes Neering, Mae Walsh and Marie Lee spent Thursday with friends in Cloquet.

J. F. O'Brien spent Thanksgiving with her family here.

Miss A. Anderson spent Thanksgiving with her parents in Duluth.

A. M. Olson and Alfred Bengtson have just returned with a few deer from Pou-Pore's siding, where they had gone hunting.

Wright Dunning, of Marshall-Wells Hardware company, Duluth, spent Thanksgiving with his friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, of Duluth, spent Thanksgiving with their sisters, Mrs. Loisel and Mrs. Delyea.

McKinley.

McKinley, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Colvin & Robb started shipments of mining timber from Skibo Thursday to the Fayal mine, Eveleth. They expect to ship between twelve and fifteen thousand pieces.

Mrs. Ed Olson visited friends at Biwabik on Saturday.

General Manager H. C. Dalton, of the Pickards Mathia Company's mines, looked over their properties on the ranges Friday and Saturday. They expect to increase the output of their mines considerably next season.

H. Jarchow has taken out his diamond drills in this vicinity and shipped them to Grand Rapids, Minn., where some exploring will be done.

A number from here attended the Colvin-Carmichael wedding at Biwabik last Wednesday.

Frank Klink transacted business at Sparta Tuesday.

A. L. Wolfer and party are among the lucky hunters this season, having killed three moose near the Whiteface river.

The Wills mine will be among the last of the shippers, they are still loading the ore mined and will have shipped about 1500 tons at the close of the season. The Fayal has finished their stockpile, and pit loading with shovels and are now shipping only the ore hoisted.

Four men narrowly escaped serious injury by a wreck on the D. & I. R. at Allen Junction Sunday evening. A work train with some boarding cars was standing at the tank taking water when a light engine coming along on a parallel track went through an open cross over switch and into one of the cars and under them the side of two cars were crushed in and the four men thrown from their bunks and the bunks crushed.

Tower.

Tower, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. A. Nordstrom, of St. Paul, and some Duluthians came off the Crane Lake portage with seven deer and two moose, one weighing 1200 pounds.

D. Graham and George Hunter, of the Pioneer hotel and Iron Range brewery, killed nine deer and one moose at Sturgeon river.

There were shipped from Tower yesterday fifteen deer, one bear and four moose in full carcass.

William, Edward and O. A. Wiseman and John Ohles went to Rice river to finish the hunting season.

J. W. Park, of Two Harbors, spent several days here this week.

Some miscreant set fire to the outside casing of the floor of the house where Paul Bowlea and his cousin were keeping house while working at the sawmill. The fire which started near midnight did about $50 damage.

While on the river Tuesday afternoon Robert Burton skated into an air hole. His companions gave the alarm and a number of men who were working near by rescued him after he had gone down the third time. He was taken to the Tower hospital, where he regained consciousness and in about two hours had sufficiently recovered to walk home.

Mrs. Amos Shepard and family, of Hibbing, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Congdon.

Capt. John Pengilly returned Wednesday from a trip East.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Philip, of Duluth spent Thanksgiving in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. Bentson.

The Misses Westaway and Hopkins spent Thanksgiving in Duluth.

E. O. Loveland was a southbound passenger Thursday afternoon.

Miss Wedmark visited the Zenith City Thursday.

Miss Phoebe Gates went to Duluth Friday morning to attend the Northwestern Teachers' association.

Miss Bertha Brube, of Duluth, is in the city, a guest of Miss Mayme Mahady.

Miss Katheryn Mead returned Friday from Virginia.

Mrs. M. McMahon, of Two Harbors, is the guest of Mrs. A. D. Fuller this week.

Mrs. W. H. Congdon arrived in the city Wednesday after an extended visit with relatives at Hibbing.

Iron River.

Iron River, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. John W. Barker, of Franklin Falls, N. H., arrived in this city last Friday morning and will make this their future home. Mr. Barker is a brother of N. W. Barker of this city. Mr. Barker appears to be well satisfied with this part of the country and believes it to be a better country to live in than the East.

Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Forsyth are the proud parents of a 12-pound baby girl born to them last Monday afternoon.

Raymond Pierce and Lydia Jarvis were married last Monday morning by Father Kieffer, of St. Michael's Catholic church.

The masked ball given at Ellerman's hall was well attended, the hall being filled to its full capacity.

Mrs. T. F. Macmiller left last Wednesday for Frontenac, Minn., to visit her daughter Lillian, who is attending the Villa seminary there.

Douglas County Treasurer M. J. Bell was in this city on business last Thursday.

The I. O. O. R. gave a Thanksgiving dinner to the members of the order and their families. The evening was spent in recitations and other amusements until the hour of 12 was passed.

Martin Hendrickson, proprietor of the Tremont house in Lake Nebagamon, was in this city yesterday on business.

Martin Lund, is visiting relatives and friends in this city this week.

Charles Simpson, the sheriff-elect, was in this city last Thursday morning on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Heughns are the parents of a bouncing baby boy born to them last Sunday.

J. J. McGeehan, of Ashland, was in this city last Thursday on business.

J. W. Taylor and wife, of Lake Nebagamon, was in this city last Thursday to attend the Odd Fellows' gathering.

Hibbing.

Hibbing, Nov. 29.—Frank Lumbergar, aged 21, and Joseph Vodnik, aged 32, both Austrians, were killed last Tuesday at the Chisholm mine by a cave-in. Lumbergar was buried for eighteen hours under a mass of ore, while Vodnik was instantly killed by a blow on the head. The funeral took place Thursday morning from the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, where high mass was said by the Rev. Father Gamache, under the auspices of the St. Barbara society.

In the fire on Wednesday, Editor Atkinson of the Mesaba Ore lost nearly his entire stock of paper and the streams of water played havoc with the type. D. E. Haskins, who had a paint shop next door lost nearly all his stock and places his loss at $2000 which includes a large stock of wall paper. John Heberlee, the harnessmaker, was more successful and saved a lot of his goods which were thrown into the street. The five families upstairs did not save a single article.

About seventy-five couple attended the Thanksgiving ball given by the Iron King tent, No. 35, K. O. T. M. The hall was the finest ever given in Hibbing, everyone enjoyed themselves immensely. Ross' orchestra furnished the music for the occasion.

About 150 people attended the Conundrum social given by the Epworth league of the M. E. church last Tuesday evening, which proved a great success.

Miss Winnifred Godfrey, of this city, has been seriously ill this week suffering from a severe attack of sciatic rheumatism.

The Catholic fair which was held last week proved a great success, netting the church about $1000.

W. J. Powers is enjoying a visit from his mother and sister, of Ontonagon, Mich.

Mrs. E. G. Bush, of Virginia, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. B. J. McDonald.

One of the most delightful parties that Hibbing has seen for some time was given last Wednesday evening at the Opera house by the Ping Pong club. A program of twenty-four numbers was rendered by the Ross orchestra.

Ely.

Ely, Nov. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Richard Getty, a cook in the employ of Anton Kotchevar, dropped dead in the lumber comp, where he was employed, early on Sunday morning. Getty had been drinking heavily for a week past and only commenced working again Saturday morning. He was taken to Gleason's undertaking rooms, where Deputy Coroner Gleason viewed the body and ordered interment without the formality of an inquest. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon. Deceased had no relatives here and nothing is known concerning him.

The S. H. & E. of America gave a dance in the Turf hall on Thanksgiving night. Wagner's orchestra supplying the music. A large crowd was in attendance.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave a dinner and supper in the basement of the church on Thanksgiving day.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cowling, of Hibbing, are in the city visiting relatives.

Mrs. Andrew Mason was a Tower visitor Thursday.

Miss Bessie Trevadan of Soudan, is up for a visit with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. John Cowling.

Miss aMBrgaret McLaughlin returned Saturday from her week's visit to Tower.

Mrs. Frank Thomas, of Biwabik, is up on a few day's visit with her son, Frank Zune and family.

Rev. S. M. Marsh, of the Presbyterian church, left Saturday for rPeston, this state. In his absence C. L. Newberry, principal of the public school, officiated.

Mrs. William Mack left Tuesday morning for a few day's visit in Duluth.

Mrs. John Pengilly, of Tower, and daughter, Florence, spent Sunday in Ely at the home of Mrs. Pengilly's mother, Mrs. Canning.

Mrs. Frank Thomas was in Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday on a shopping excursion.

Henry Velth has disposed of his property here and gone to Hibbing, where he will reside in the future.

The young people's dancing club gave an invitation dance at Turf hal on Thanksgiving eve. The music was furnished by Prof Brown's orchestra.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Cowen and children left for Duluth Wednesday afternoon to spend Thanksgiving with Mrs. Cowen's parents. They will remain over Sunday.

Mayor Gleason is smiling over the arrival of a new daughter, which event occurred on Tuesday morning, the 25th.

In municipal court Monday, John Sijatoviea was fined $90 and costs for selling liquor to miners.

DISMISSED.

Fire Chief Croker of New York Is to Go Dec. 1.

New York, Nov. 29.—Edward F. Croker, chief of the fire department, who recently was tried on a series of charges, was declared guilty by Commissioner Sturgis and was dismissed from the service, the dismissal to take place on Dec. 1.

Chief Croker was found guilty on the charge of "failure to enforce the requirements of law for properly safeguarding the Park Avenue hotel; "of the conversion of public property to his private use;" of "conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline in persecuting and unjustly discriminating against certain members of the uniformed force," and of "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman and prejudicial to good order and discipline."

On the charges of "incompetency as chief of the fire department in the management of great fires," and of "sending false reports," he was acquitted.

Chief Croker declined to make any comment on the sentence, but it is known he will fight the matter to the end. On being informed of Commissioner Sturgis' action, Mayor Low issued a statement sustaining the commissioner, and expressing the belief that he had acted in accordance with the law and with the dictation of his conscience.

In his statement, Mayor Low says: "The charter places upon the fire commissioner and not upon the mayor the duty of conducting all trials in the fire department, and it is the sworn duty of the commissioner to make his findings upon evidence, according to his conscience. It is due to the provisions of the charter itself that the commissioner has been obliged both to formulate the charges and to try them. The circumstances in this case have been such that I have thought it incumbent upon the mayor to assure himself that the chief has had a fair trial, and that every opportunity was given to him to make his defence in the fullest possible way. Being satisfied as I am upon these points, there seemed to be no reason why this trial should not take its course, like any other trial held by the commissioners. The discipline of the department, in fact, required that this matter should be disposed of in the usual way."

Chief Edward F. Croker is 39 years of age and has been connected with the department for eighteen years. He is the nephew of Richard Croker. In 1898 he became deputy chief, and on May 1, 1899, he succeeded Hugh Bonner as chief of the department. He is also president of the National Association of Fire Chiefs.

Feed wrinkles, lines, creases, wating parts with Satin-Skin Cream, a tissue-builder, and true skin food. 25c.

WHIRLING SPRAY

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO.,
Room 308, Times Bldg., New York.
—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.
MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Handy Classified List Of Duluth and West Superior Representative Firms

FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL.

Abstract of Title.
THE CONS. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.
UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale Bldg.
H. H. HOYT (Lake and Cook Counties), Manhattan Bldg.

Accident and Health Insurance.
UNION MUTUAL INS. CO., Palladio bldg

Accident and Liability Insurance.
AETNA LIFE INS. CO., Wendell P. Mosher, Mgr., Providence bldg.

Architects.
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale bldg
I. V. HILL, Palladio bldg.

Attorneys at Law.
M. DOUGLAS, 312 First Nat. Bk. Bldg.
N. H. WILSON, 508 Torrey Building.
F. W. HARGREAVES, 715 Torrey Bldg.
CHAS. A. McPHERRIN, 709 Torrey Bldg.
DAVID M. DEVORE, 614 Manhattan Bldg
I. GRETTUM, 421 Manhattan Bldg.

Banks.
AMERICAN ECHANGE, Exchange bldg.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
MERCHANTS Bank, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Civil Engineers.
PATTON & FRANK, 613 Palladio.

Collections.
BRIGHT MERC. AGENCY, 909 Torrey.
NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT CO. (Inc.), 513 Palladio.

Dentist.
H. C. SPENGLER, 3 West Superior.
F. H. BURNETT, 303 West Superior.
R. E. NIXON, New Jersey building.

Electrical Contractor.
J. H. McLAUGHLIN, Palladio building.

Farm Lands.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 4-8 West Superior.
FRANK C. DESCENT, W. Sup., Wis.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON-McRAE & Co., Exchange.
LANE McGREGOR & CO., Exchange bldg

Furnaces, Cornices, Roofing.
BURRELL & HARMON, 3 S. 1st Ave. E.

Land Attorney.
H. L. SHEPHERD, 225 Manhattan bldg.

Life Insurance Companies.
NEW YORK LIFE INS. CO., Manhattan bldg. Jesse R. Sharp, manager.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.
PENN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Henry I. Pineo & Co., Mgr.

Lots and Dock Property, West Duluth
W. DULUTH LAND CO., Trust bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.
R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale.

Optician.
C. C. STAACKE, New Jersey building.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks
JAMES T. WATSON, Palladio Building.

Pine and Iron Lands.
EATON BROS., 412 Providence Building.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG (Est. 1880), New Jersey bldg.

Pine Lands and Pulp Wood.
BROWN BROS., 511 Torrey bldg.

Real Estate.
STRATTON & HAMMOND, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Farm and Iron Lands.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO., Providence bldg.
O. G. OLSON, 415 Burrows bldg.

Real Estate and Investments.
A. M. MORISON, 212 Trust building.

Real Estate and Iron Lands.
SHARP & RYAN, 406 Palladio Building.

Real Estate and Loans.
WM. C. SHERWOOD & CO., Torrey Bldg.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Bldg.
N. J. UPHAM & CO., 400 Burrows Bldg.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
PULFORD, HOW & CO., Trust bldg.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
O. H. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
CHAS. A. STARK, 213 Palladio bldg.
E. P. ALEXANDER, JR., Torrey bldg.
ALFRED KJELLIN, 306 Burrows bldg.
W. B. GETCHELL, 407 Central Av., W. D
N. J. MILLER, 433 Manhattan bldg.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange.
WALTER FOWLER, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Municipal Bonds, Loans
A. C. VOLK, Palladio building.

Real Estate and Renting.
LITTLE & NOLTE (Est. 1886), Ex. bldg.
HARFORD L. BILLSON, Torrey bldg.

Safety Deposit.
NAT. SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 1st Nat. Bank Bldg, boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

WHOLESALE.

Art, Leaded Glass, Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Art M'f'ls, Picture Frames, Mirrors.
DECKER MFG. CO., 16 Second Ave. W.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Bag Manufacturers and Paper Dealers.
LAKE SUPERIOR BAG CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Bakeries.
SCANDINAVIAN BAKERY, 110 Garf'd.

Bakery and Ice Cream.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.

Blank Book Manufacturers and Binders.
R. C. MAST & CO., Providence bldg.

Boiler and Marine Work.
NORTHWEST BOILER WKS., 600 Gar.
GOGEBIC BOILER WKS., 409 Lake.

Breweries.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior St.

Brownstone Deaeirs.
WM. PENN & CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Michigan.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Mich.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.
TUCKER, TOBEN & CO., 212 W. Mich.
SANDERS & CO., 201 West Michigan.

Car Hauling, Engines and Machinery
SUPERIOR IRON WORKS, W. Sup. Wis.

Carriages, Wagons and Harness.
M. W. TURNER, 3d Ave. E. and Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
CUTLER & GILBERT, Providence bldg.

Chain Manufacturers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 430 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 East First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Contractors.
L. D. CAMPBELL & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
MACLEOD & SMITH, Torrey bldg.
WATTERWORTH & FEE, Lonsdale bldg.
P. McDONNELL, McDonnell blk.
THEO NAUFFTS, Torrey bldg.
THOS. THORBURN, Palladio bldg.

Cut Stone and Masonry.
N. F. NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

Doors, Sash and Mouldings.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO., 110-112 E. Mich.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., 37th Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
F. A. PATRICK & CO., South 5th A. W.

Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Engines and Boilers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Everything Electrical.
CROWLEY ELECTRIC CO., 3d A. Mich.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Td.
GREGORY COOK CO., W. Superior, Wis.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Flour, Grain, Hay and Feed.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 20th Ave. W.
H F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Mich.
D S. McKAY & CO., 102 S. 1st Avenue.
J. E. LEES & CO., 120 E. Superior.
J. P. ENGSTROM & CO., 20 W First.
THEO. BARTHOLDI, 520 East Fourth.
THE J. L. ROSS CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Foundry.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Glass Plate and Window.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Grain Commission Merchants.
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd.Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Bd. of Trade.
AMES-BROOKS CO., Board of Trade.
G. S. Barnes & CO., Board of Trade.
ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Board Trade.
WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Bd. of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.
W. J. BETTINGEN & CO., Board Trade.
W. C. MITCHELL & CO., Board of Trade.
SPENCER, MOORE & CO., Bd. Trade.
THOS. GIBSON, Board of Trade.
McKINDLEY & NICHOLLS, Bd. Trade.
GEO. H. DAGGETT CO., Board Trade.
McCABE BROS., Board of Trade.
KENKEL-TODD CO., Board of Trade.
CARGILL COMMISSION CO., B'd Trade.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grocers.
GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO., S. 5th.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS, 103 S. 5th
DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 West Michigan.
TWOHY-EIMON MERC. CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Hardware.
MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Lake avenue south.

Harness and Saddlery.
J. H. CONSTANTINE, 104 W. 1st.

Horses, Vehicles and Harness.
L. HAMMEL CO., 300 E. First.

Hotels.
SPALDING HOTEL, Superior 5th Ave.W.
ST. LOUIS HOTEL, W. Superior street.
HOTEL McKAY, 1st and Fifth Ave. W.
ARLINGTON HOTEL, 521 W. Michigan.
MERCHANTS HOTEL, Superior 2d A. W.
ST. JAMES HOTEL, 215 W. Superior St.

Ice Cream Manufacturer.
DULUTH ICE CREAM CO., 28 E. Sup.

Ice Dealer.
DULUTH ICE COMPANY, 15 E. Sup. St.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Knitting Mills.
NELSON BROS., 2101 E. Superior.

Laundries.
TROY LAUNDRY.
YALE LAUNDRY CO., 30-32 East First.
DULUTH STEAM LAUNDRY, 57th A. W.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Sup.
LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 808 E. 2d.

Leather—Findings—Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROS. Co., 302 W. MICH.

Lithographers and Printers.
DUL. LITHOGRAPH & PRINTING CO.

Logging Tools and Sleighs.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Lumbermen's Supplies.
KELLEY-HOW-THOMPSON, CO., S. 5th.

Machinists.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Machinists and Founders, Propeller Wheels.
STROTHMAN IRON CO., W. Sup., Wis.

Men's Furnishing Goods, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Millinery and Silks.
LA FERTE, 17 West Superior.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

Mill Work and House Materials.
OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., 209 Lake.

Office and Store Fixtures.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
ANDERSON & GOW, 123 Third Ave. W.

Oil—Lubricating and Illuminating.
BUFFALO OIL CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. 1st.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER CO., 108 W. Superior.
ZENITH PAPER CO., W. Superior St.

Pine and Hardwood Lumber.
E. J. BUNKER, 401 Lake avenue south.

Plumbing and Heating.
D. R. BLACK, 20 Third Ave. W.
FARRELL & TURNBULL, 125 E. Sup.
WAUGH, KEALY & CO., 321 W. First.
AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.
DULUTH PLUMBING CO., 307 W. Mich.

Printers and Binders.
J. J. LETOURNEAU & CO., 221 W. First.

Produce Commission Merchants.
GAMBLE-ROBINSON-SHELDON CO., 210 West Michigan.
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS THOMPSON, 126 W. Michigan.
NEWMAN MERC. CO., W. Sup., Wis.

Rubber Stamps and Stencils.
CONSOLIDATED STAMP & PRINTING CO., 323 West First.

Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Steam and Plumbing Supplies.
CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
NORTHERN SUPPLY CO., 14 W. Mich.

Towing and Wrecking Contractors.
WHITNEY BROS., W. Superior, Wis.

Vegetable Growers.
FENDEL & SWOPE, 116 W. Michigan.

Wines and Liquors.
SATTLER LIQUOR CO., 20 East Sup.
I. L. LAMM & CO., W. Superior, Wis.
J. D. ZIEN, 409 West Michigan.

Woolens.
DULUTH WOOLEN CO., 308 W. First St.

RETAIL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Candies and Ice Cream.
SMITH'S, 307 W. Sup. Zenith phone 195.

Clothing, Furnishings, Etc.
GREAT EASTERN, W. Dul., 210 55th Ave
M. A. FEDJE, 2016-2018 W. Superior.

Crockery, Glassware, Housefurnishings.
N. O. NELSON, 2017 W. Superior.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.
J. GRUESEN, 31 West Superior.
O. G. HULBERG, 1925 W. Superior.

Druggists.
S. F. BOYCE, 4th Ave. W. Superior.
WM. A. ABBETT, 201 W. Superior.
SMITH & SMITH, 101 W. Superior.
KUGLER DRUG STORE, 127 E. Superior.
S. J. NYGREN, 232 55th avenue west.
C. J. TUFTE, 2015 W. Superior.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Etc.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 W. Superior
HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO., 302-4 55th avenue west.

Dyers, French Dry Cleaners.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKE, 6 E. Sup

Photographer.
COOK ELY, 7 East Superior.

Florist and Confectioner.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

Grocers.
MILNER & EBERT, 302-304 W. Fourth.
MEDEN & MORTON, 228 W. First.
MOIR & WALKER, 2020 W. Superior.
MARKET GROCERY, 106 W. First.

Groceries, Clothing, Etc.
C. H. OPPEL & SONS, 115-117 E. Superior.

Hardware, Stoves, Etc.
BENSON & GUSTAVSON, 2023 W. Sup.

Labor Agents.
NATIONAL CO. (Richards & Birch, 431 W. Michigan.
DULUTH EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Michigan.
GLOBE EMPLOYMENT CO., 425 W. Michigan.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
TOTMAN BROS., 206-208 E. Superior.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY, 315 W. 1st.

Manufacturing Furrier.
ROBERT KROJANKER, 12 W. Superior.

Meat, Fish and Poultry.
I. G. FOTEREK, 527 E. Fourth.
MORK BROS., 609 W. Sup. St. 109 W. 1st.

Merchant Tailors.
NELSON & SWANSON, 404 W. Superior.
A. STOLTZ, 525 E. Fourth street.

Money Loaned on Jewelry.
UNCLE IKE, 324 W. Superior.

Moving and Storage.
DULUTH VAN CO., 210-410 W. Sup. St.

New and Second Hand Furniture.
BLOOM & CO., 1st St. and 1st Ave. W.
M. SHAPIRA, 12-14 First avenue west.

Newspapers and Periodicals.
J. G. SEECAMP, 215 W. Superior.

Pictures, Frames and Wall Paper.
ENGELS & CO., 17-19 Third Ave. W.
H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior.

Sample Rooms.
LOUIS ANDERSON, 10 Lake avenue.

Sewing Machines and Supplies.
C. W. HOWARD, 12 W. Sup. Phone 687-2.

Upholstering and Mattress Making.
BRAZEAN & THIES CO., 504 E. Fourth.

Undertaker.
DURKAN & CRAWFORD, 18 2d Ave. W.

BOOKS AND THEIR MAKERS

"The Shadow of the Czar," by John R. Carling, is one of the autumn publications by Little, Brown & Co. The scene of this strong, absorbing story of adventure is first in Dalmatia and afterwards at Slavowitz, the picturesque capital of the old Polish principality of Czernova. The romance deals with the claim of the Princess Barbara to the throne, and the conspiracy of the duke of Bora, aided by Russia, to dispossess her of it. The story has a plot of the most engrossing character, with many surprises; the characters are vigorous and lifelike.

* * *

A memorial volume to "Daniel Ricketson and His Friends," edited by Anna and Walton Ricketson (Houghton, Mifflin & Co.), derives much of its interest from the letters of Thoreau, Alcott and William Ellery Channing. Ricketson was a Quaker of New Bedford, Mass., who lived to a venerable age and numbered among his friends many distinguished men. The allusions to these lend additional interest to the extracts from Ricketson's Journals, which are of themselves interesting for the events and movements they describe. The book also contains extracts from the Journals of Thoreau, who was one of Ricketson's most intimate friends. The volume opens with a brief sketch of Ricketson by Frank B. Sanborn, and contains also a sketch of Thoreau and a number of poems by Ricketson. It is embellished with several fine photogravure portraits, and with views and facsimile manuscript letters of Thoreau and his sister.

* * *

John A. Mitchell, the author of that quaint and absorbing story, "The Pines of Lory," is at work on another story, which will be published early next season. Although Mr. Mitchell is the responsible editor of Life, he manages to find time to give to his very original stories a literary polish and finish unusual in these days of harum-scarum writing.

* * *

"Franceezka," by Mollie Elliott Sewall, published by the Bowen-Merrill company, is the tale of Babache, a Tartar prince, concerning Franceezka Capello and her lover, Gaston Cheverny. The scene of the story is laid principally in France during the first half of the eighteenth century. Mademoiselle Franceezka Capello, under the guardianship of her aunt, is in Paris when the reader is first made acquainted with her. While taking part in the children's play, in an outdoor theater, she first comes to the notice of Babache. The owner of the place is arrested on a charge of conducting a theater without a license, and the children taken to the governor's palace. Franceezka there distinguishes herself by her acting, and comes to the notice of Gaston. Later he and Babache engage in a duel over her, in which Gaston is seriously wounded. When he recovers he joins forces under Count Saxe, of whom Babache is secretary, and the two become fast friends.

Gaston's courtship is then told in detail; how he and Franceezka rode alone through the forests in an attempt to keep from being taken prisoners; how Gaston wooed and won her at the Villa of Capello, and how later he was wounded in the head and disappeared. Gaston and his brother Richard are as alike in appearance as two peas in a pod. Gaston disappears, and Richard, ignorant of their secret marriage, proposes to Franceezka, and is repulsed.

After this Richard also disappears. Five years later Gaston supposedly returns, and lives with Franceezka for two years. Later when the real Gaston returns, it develops that Richard was the man who first returned. He and Gaston have a dramatic meeting in the Cappello house, and fight a duel, in which Gaston is killed. Franceezka, when the truth is made apparent to her, drowns herself in the lake.

The story is well told, and progresses without a hitch. The beauty and attractiveness of Franceezka is made apparent as the story progresses, and her many escapades are well treated. Many forceful characters are introduced, including Voltaire, Madame Riano, a fiery Scotch woman, Count Maurice of Saxe, "the greatest man that ever lived," and the incomparable wit, Jacques Haret, likewise a scoundrel of the deepest dye. The book possesses many good points, not usually found in a story of this kind.

* * *

One of Houghton, Mifflin & Co.'s most attractive holiday books is "Grimm Tales Made Gay," by Guy Wetmore Carryl, whose art of writing droll and merry verses has already given him a reputation in his earlier books, "Fables for the Frivolous" and "Mother Goose for Grown-ups." The present volume, as its title indicates, is based upon Grimm's fairy tales. These Mr. Carryl travesties in a very clever and amusing metrical version. In addition to Grimm's tales, he has used one or two of different origin, such as "Blue Beard" and "Aladdin." The elaborate form of illustration is a noteworthy feature of the book. It consists of grotesque marginal sketches and a full-page illustration for each verse, all being the work of Albert Levering, whose drawings in Life, Harper's, Scribner's and elsewhere have won him reputation.

* * *

"On Guard," by John Preston True (Little, Brown & Co., Boston), is a story of army camps and battlefields, with plenty of action of the sort that appeals to youthful readers. Boys with a healthful liking for bravery and dauntless heroes will be delighted with the story, while it will also appeal to older readers—as all good books for the young do.

* * *

Henry Altemus company, of Philadelphia, announce that they will publish early next year a historical novel having Benjamin Franklin as the central figure, which will be written by Charles Felton Pidgin, the author of "Quincy Adams Sawyer," "Blennerhassett," "Stephen Holton" and "The Climax." The title of the book has not yet been announced, but the work will deal with the long residence of Benjamin Franklin in Paris, as ambassador to the court of Louis XVI. The historical page at that time was full of prominent characters, and the ill-fated king, his indomitable queen, Vergennes, the French minister of foreign affairs; Neckar, the great financier; that erratic genius Beaumarchais, and the celebrated Voltaire, will move through the pages of the coming volume. The subject is one which gives the author greater scope than he has found in any of his previous works, and the publishers express the opinion that it will be a more attractive work and will appeal to a wider constituency of readers than any book published in recent years.

* * *

It would not be easy to name a more charming book in the whole range of English literature than "The Adventures of Ulysses," by Charles Lamb. As a book for boys this wonderful story of the old Greek hero is positively without a rival, and yet it appeals equally to mature minds. The simple, vigorous style of Lamb's work recalls the best prose of the seventeenth century, and, indeed, this setting of the old Homeric story can only be compared with Chapman's splendid translation. Certain incidents, such as the wooing of Penelope, are set forth with a convincing fidelity and power that can be matched only in the Odyssey itself. The book, which is one of the finest of R. H. Russell's new publications, is beautifully illustrated with sixteen full-page drawings in color by M. H. Squire and E. Mars. It is artistically printed and bound, with a design in color by the illustrators. (R. H. Russell, New York.)

* * *

Sir Gilbert Parker, author of "The Right of Way," is engaged with the playwright in putting the finishing touches to a dramatization of his story, "When Valmond Came to Pontiac," which has been done by an American woman, Mrs. Genevra Ingersoll Nash. Sir Gilbert thoroughly approves Mrs. Nash's work, which in its method is based on her own experience as an actress. Mrs. Nash is the American woman who has made a hit in London drawing rooms reciting the rhymes of Oliver Herford, who has recently written a humorous poem especially for her use. She will probably dramatize other stories of Sir Gilbert Parker's. His novel, "The Right of Way," has achieved the unusual distinction among novels of the day of still being one of the best-selling books a year after publication.

* * *

Rumor is busy with the names of likely successors to the Theological Chair in Canada left vacant by the death of Professor Halliday Douglas. Rev. John Kelman, M. A., of Edinburg, who has recently been in America, is prominently mentioned, but it is hardly expected that he would accept the position, even if he had the offer of it. In Edinburgh Mr. Kelman is becoming a pulpit force of a high order, and the success with which he is continuing Professor Henry Drummond's religious work among the university students might of itself be sufficient to retain him in Scotland meantime. He has just published a handsome volume on "The Holy Land," which is illustrated with many colored reproductions of Fullylove's well known water colors of scenes and places in Palestine. This is perhaps the most sumptuous work on the Holy Land that has appeared for many years and is published by the Macmillan company.

* * *

"Bayou Triste: A Story of Louisiana," by Josephine Hamilton Nicholls. (A. S. Barnes & Co., 12 mo., cloth, illustrated. Price $1.50). Here is a very original and entertaining story wherein the cordial good feeling existing between the plantation negro and his old master's children and grand-children is interestingly and convincingly portrayed. The time of the narrative is since the war, the scene being laid at Southmeade plantation, on Bayou Triste, near the creole village of Vieuxtemps, and deals with the fortunes of the young master of the broken-down old home and of his humor-loving sister. It is grave and gay by turns, the love story of both the young people being interwoven with the portrayal of the free and joyous life of the plantation. Miss Nichols is the daughter of Chief Justice Nicholls, of the Louisiana supreme court, and is thoroughly familiar with her subject. The negro characters described are evidently drawn from life, there being nothing of the traditional negro of fiction about the group of old family servants that holds the reader's attention from first to last. Uncle Ephr'um, the negro coachman and gardener, with his family pride and elastic conscience; "Mammy," stately and exacting, but loving withal, and Priscilla, the voluble old negro cook, are types that any one who has visited a Southern plantation will readily recognize.

* * *

A second edition of Miss Alice Woods' novel, "Edges," is on the press and will soon be ready. The demand that made it necessary may be understood by a glance at some of the author's own sayings:

"Why don't people, instead of trying to be equal to one another, come outside and try being equal to the trees?"

"Neither of the women was foil to the other, because it was so well done that each did the service to the other without losing first place for herself."

"Lying in the dark with one's face to the land of dreams, one takes on a vast courage with no little wit. Every man is a Napoleon, and never a Waterloo, the man beaten in life for petty honors struts like the king he really is."

"Her eyes filled as she stood looking into the sunset, the great burying ground of every one's past and the open field for every one's future."

"The only people who are really bad off in this world are the ones without imagination, and they don't know it."

* * *

In "The Long Straight Road" George Horton has tried to follow his ideals in novel writing, ideals developed through many years of study. He had sought to make his characters act and talk, as people act and talk in life and to let them step out of the picture when they have played their parts and said their say. Although "The Long Straight Road" is not a purpose novel, still the lessons are obvious—the winning qualities of truth and moral courage and the beauty of old-fashioned domestic virtue. Mr. Horton is spending the winter quietly in Washington, which city, by the way, is attracting many literary people by its picturesque and hospitable cosmopolitanism, as well as by its cheerful winter climate.

* * *

"The Four Feathers," by A. E. W. Mason, has run into its second edition within two weeks of its publication. According to the prophesies which are being freely made by the critics about this novel, it is destined to achieve a remarkable success. "A novel of many aspects, and all of them beguiling," is the verdict of the New York Tribune.

* * *

"Our Lady of the Beeches" and "The Confessions of a Wife," both just published, are arousing considerable discussion over their respective merits. Both first appeared serially in prominent magazines, both treat with a rare frankness the questions of marriage and divorce, and are full of a penetrating philosophy of life, and both have interesting names on their title-pages. The first is by the Baroness von Hutten, an American girl who married a German noble, and the second is by "Mary Adams," the anonymity of which everyone is trying to solve.

* * *

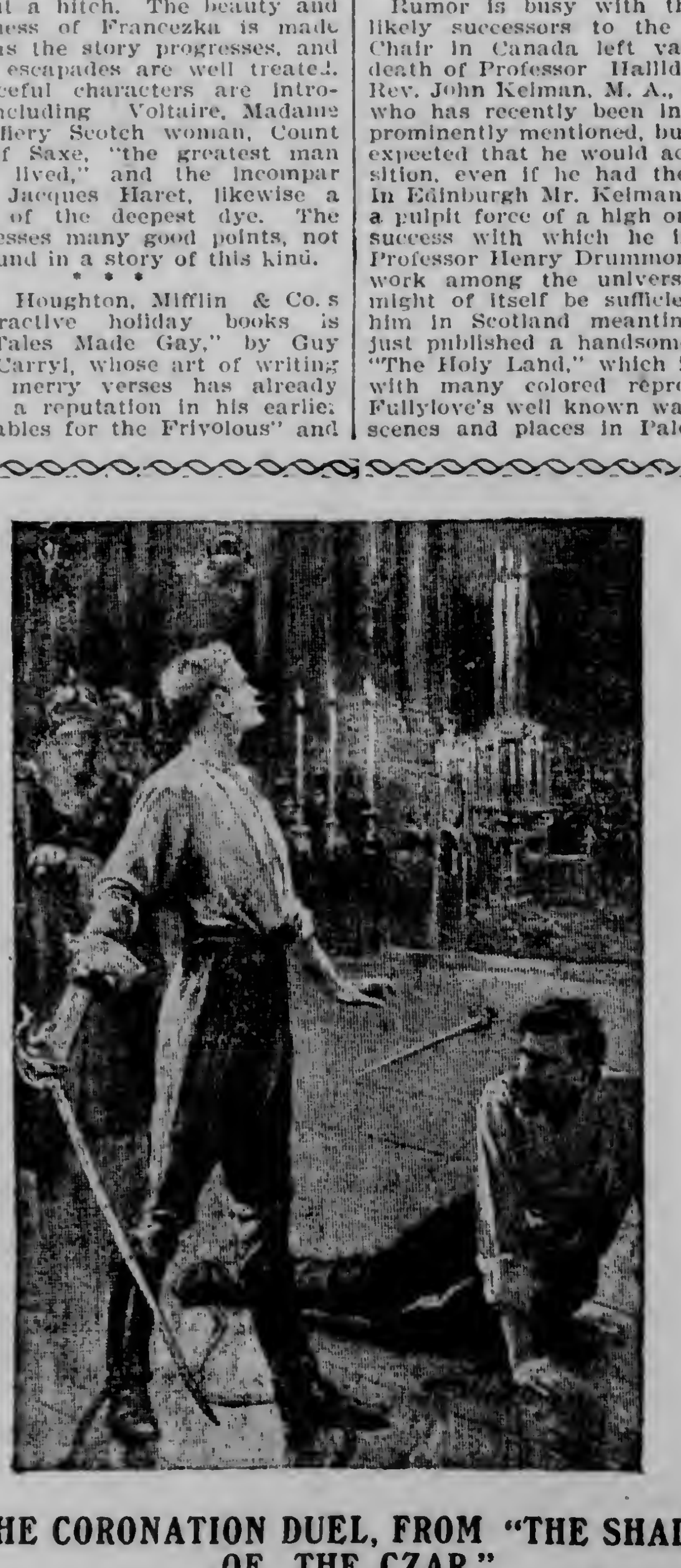
In William Henry Carson's new novel, "Tito," which will soon reach the public from the pen of the author of "Hester Blair," the description of the hero's wonderful singing and of his natural, although uncultivated voice, will probably lead to no end of discussion. Those who have read the author's description of this Italian youth, Tito, are inclined to take exceptions to the probability of a youth, even though possessing natural gifts of a high order, being able to use his voice with such masterly effect. Mr. Carson, however, is a musician of considerable experience, as well as a lawyer and a writer of books, and has individual opinions on such matters which he upholds with warmth. Quoting Gray's line, "Full many a flower was born to blush unseen," he maintains that the world has never heard of its greatest voices, nor have all talents in any of the arts made their appeal to the world for recognition. Mr. Carson believes that were a Beethoven or a Mozart to make his advent today he would be regarded by a skeptical world with scoffing, disgust and even disdain. Tito's steady courage brought to the notice of the world a voice which, before a hearing, would not have been thought possible. Perhaps the world will hear more of it and believe—for Tito is a character from life.

* * *

Mrs. Archibald Colquhoun, the wife of the distinguished traveler, administrator and author, has not only accompanied her husband on many of his travels, but has helped him in his work, and supplied illustrations for his last book, "The Mastery of the Pacific," which were much admired. "Two on Their Travels" (A. S. Barnes & Co., New York), is her own first book, and she has copiously illustrated it with pencil and brush. Mrs. Colquhoun originally intended to make art her profession, and studied for some years in London and France, exhibiting at several galleries. She is also greatly interested in philanthropy, and has worked in London slums and organized classes for factory girls. Since her marriage she and her husband have traveled almost continuously, and she is one of the few English ladies who have traveled across Asia by the trans-Siberian line. Her account of this journey will come as a surprise to many people, and is the first detailed description written by an English woman. She is also the first English woman to travel in the Philippines, and her account of those islands and the people she met there is of peculiar interest to Americans.

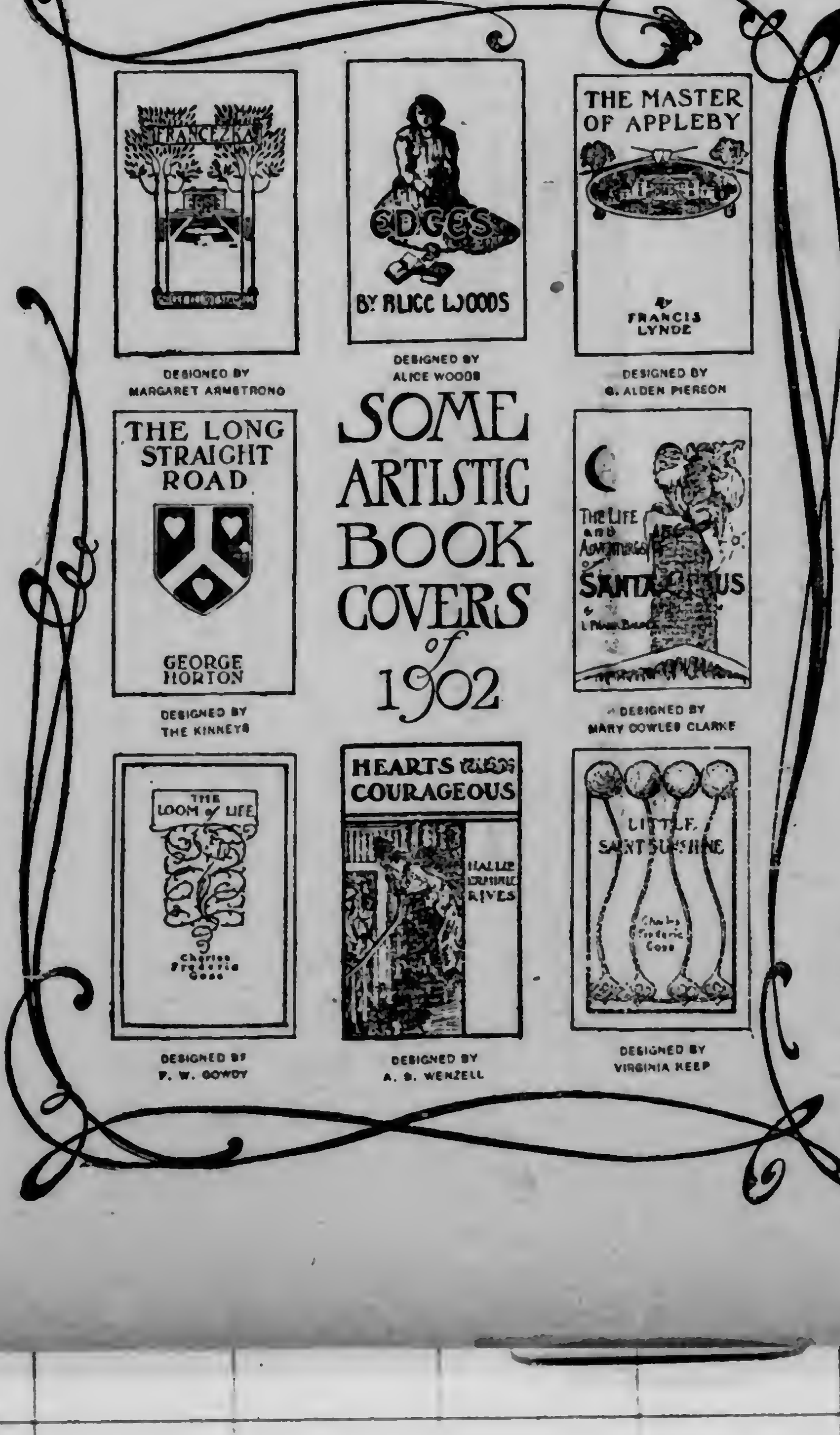
* * *

The December issue of 10 Story Book comes out under by far the most pretentious cover yet used on this magazine. The well-known actress, Edna Wallace Hopper, holds the place of honor in the magazine with a story entitled "The Flower of the Morgue." There is a very clever Christmas story by Ernest Jerrold, entitled "Christmas Eve in Bohemia." Mrs. George E. Pickett, widow of the Confederate officer who led the famous charge at Gettysburg, contributes a story entitled "The Last Act." Two very clever bits of comedy work are done by Hayden Carruth, under the title "Old Hank," and William A. Osborne, under the title "The Next Morning." Dorothy Dix contributes a pathetic story entitled "Her Revenge." Other stories are by Adam C. Haeselbarth and Elliott Morgan Willett. In the series of Short Story Masterpieces the one selected for this issue is "The Signal Man," by Charles Dickens, one of the most effective ghost stories ever written.



THE CORONATION DUEL, FROM "THE SHADOW OF THE CZAR."

GEN. LEW WALLACE, Author of "The First Christmas."



CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Stratton's Independence Mine Making Better Record.

Colorado Springs, Col., Nov. 29.—The Stratton's Independence mine at Cripple Creek is making a better record at this time than at any period for the past two years. The mine is outputting almost 300 tons of ore a day, yielding a gross value of $45,000 a week, making it possible to send a remittance of $50,000 quarterly to the London stockholders. Reports from the mine this week indicate that an important ore chute is being developed in the 550-foot level and the 1150-foot level south of the shaft, this being the first discovery of ore of importance in that section of he mine.

The Portland Gold Mining company has just completed installing a new battery of boilers of the capacity of 1200 horse power at the No. 1 shaft on the south end of the property; this plant being supplemented by a 1000-horse power boiler at the No. 2 shaft in the center of the property. Both of these workings are down 1100 feet, the new equipment of boilers having been installed to permit mining to a depth of 2500 feet.

The special water committee having in hand the matter of devising ways and means of draining the Cripple Creek district reports that good progress is being made in raising the $80,000 needed to run the 1-mile bore. The big mines on the west rim of the district are contributing liberally, and the tunnel is now an assured fact.

One of the most notable instances of money-making by leasing in Cripple Creek district is evidenced by what the Cripple Creek Mining company is doing in handling the old Hull City placer. This placer, which is in reality one of the deepest mines in Cripple Creek, produced $1,500,000 in gold before the ore chute was lost at 700 feet three years ago. Since that time it has been operated with indifferent success. But a year ago the Cripple Creek Mining company took hold, sunk the shaft to 1050 feet and rediscovered the ore chute. They are being handsomely rewarded in that they are producing $100,000 a month from the tenth level alone.

Lessee Granfield, operating the Raaler mine of the C. K. & N. company, is making handsome profits from his venture. Since the unwatering of this property by the pumping in the El Paso mine adjoining, Granfield has resumed sinking in his shaft, which he will put immediately to 600 feet, opening new levels at 400, 500 and 600 feet and opening the rich ore chute disclosed in the level above at these various depths.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, November 14th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of E. Grace Graves, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of E. Grace Graves, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Charles H. Graves, of Duluth, Minnesota, has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said E. Grace Graves died in said county, on the 25th day of October, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Charles H. Graves.

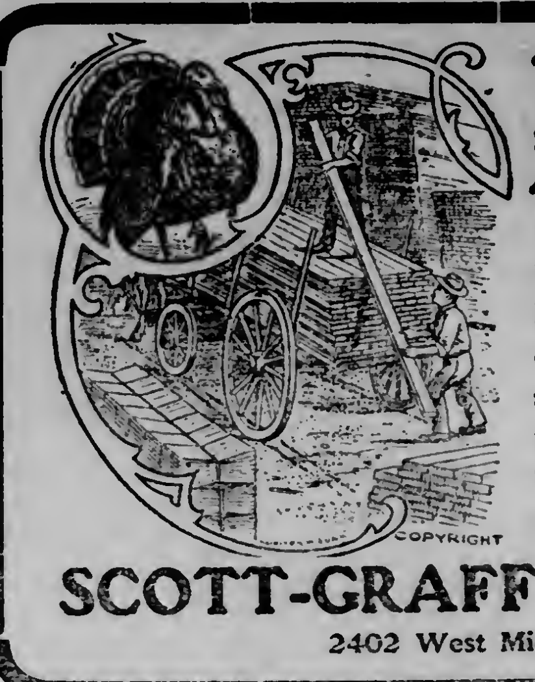
It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate office in the city of Duluth in said county, on Monday, the 8th day of December, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 11th day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Nov. 15-22-29, 1902.

Did You Know That
Edna Wallace Hopper
Could write a Story?
She Can. She Has.
It appears in
December Number
10 Story Book
entitled
"The Flower of the Morgue"
With nine other sparkling stories.
10 CENTS
If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office
10 STORY BOOK,
263-269 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year.



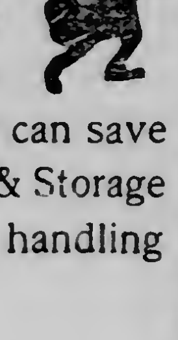
The Coming of Thanksgiving
Heralds the arrival of winter, when outside work in the building line must stop. Buy your Interior Finish where you can get the best at the right prices. Selections from our stock are bound to prove satisfactory.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.,
2402 West Michigan Street.

THE JOLLY MEN OF OLD
Knew what was best to drink.
The beer they loved we're making now,
So let the glasses clink.

Be merry friends, and forget your cares,
In the froth of the cheering glass,
In a bumper of pure and delicious beer,
That is healthful for swain or lass,

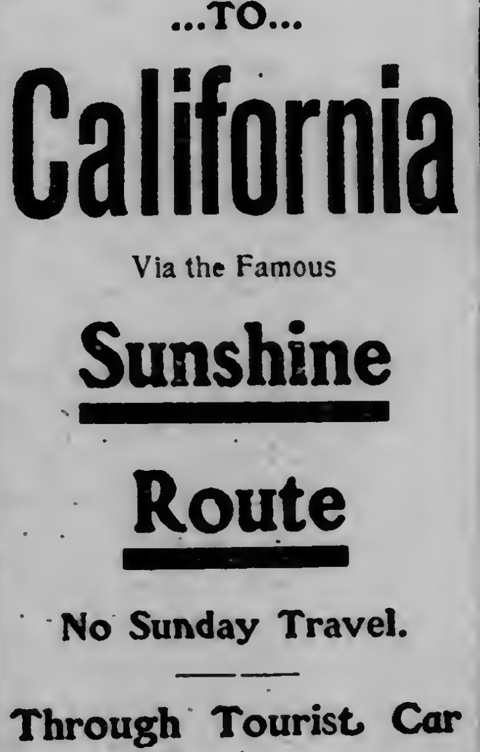
Away with care, fatigue and woe,
When you dring of "Moose Brand Beer."
Fill high the cup and drink it up,
To the weal of the glad year.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Company.
EITHER PHONE, 241.



Parties Moving To the West....
Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.
Duluth Van & Storage Co.
210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.... BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT........**
Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.
Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 293



Holiday Goods.
In the "wet" line assuredly add to the general rejoicing. What would your Xmas dinner be without a half dozen bottles of superior champagnes, clarets or Burgundies, preceded by cocktails or straight whisky, topped off with some fine cordial? Oh, we'll make your Christmas festivities long to be remembered if you give us an order.
Manhattan Wine House
15 West Superior Street.
'Phones: Zenith 661, Long Distance 1000.

...TO...
California
Via the Famous
Sunshine Route
No Sunday Travel.
Through Tourist Car Service.
For Excursion Rates to All Points, Write to
W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A., C. M. & St. P.,
St. Paul.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.
Your Fortune Told Free
BY THE ZODIAC. Astrology reveals your life. We will send you a Horoscope Reading of your life and a most interesting Book on Astrology, if you send the date of your birth and stamp for return postage. Our readings have made people happy and full of hope and success. Address
MAGAZINE OF MYSTERIES, 22 N. William St., N. Y. City.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal: not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

December
1902
Complete

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1902. TWO CENTS.

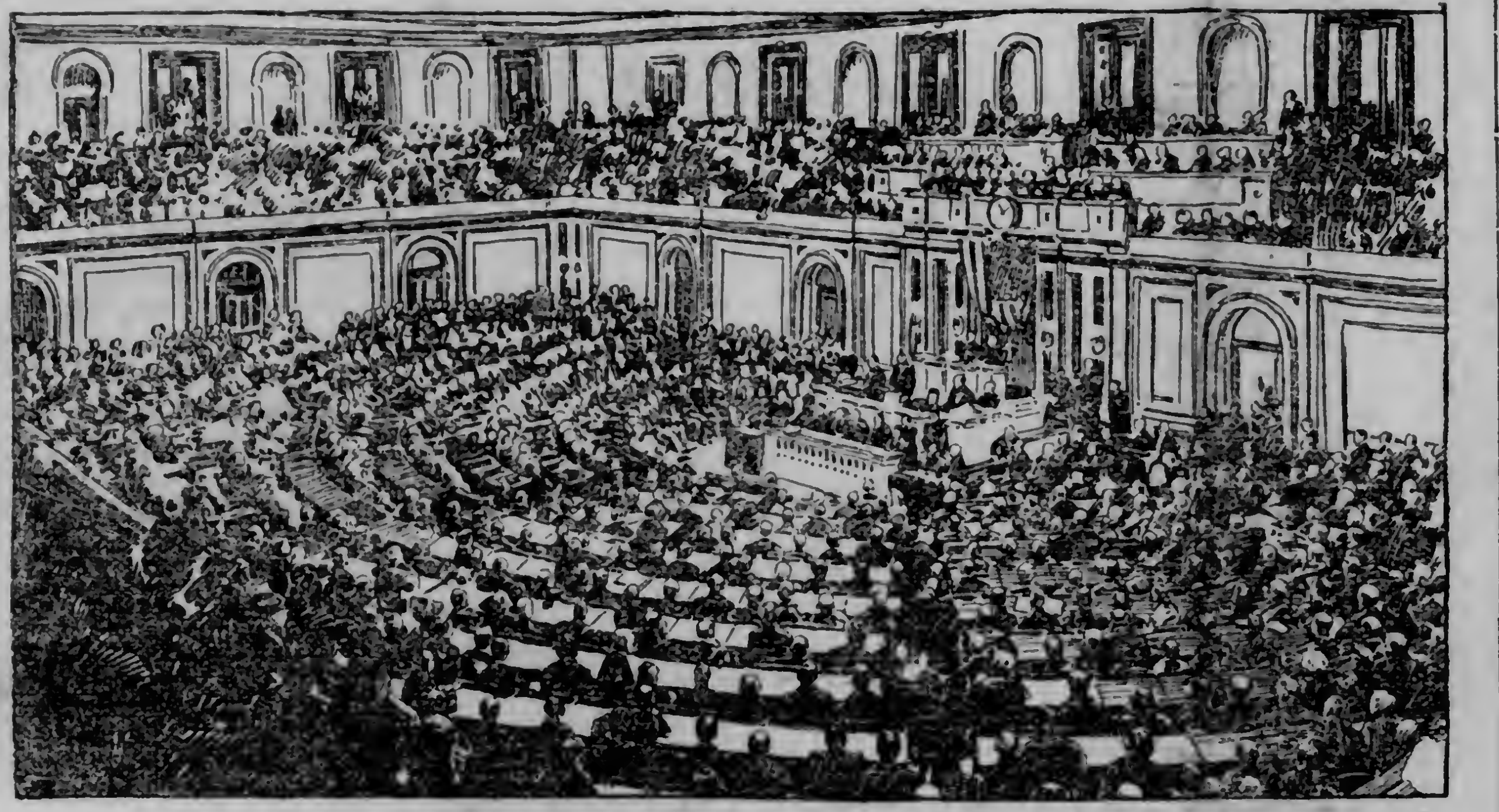
FINAL SESSION OF FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES HAS BEGUN AT WASHINGTON

OPENING SESSION OF CONGRESS PRESENTED A BRILLIANT SCENE

The Galleries Were Filled With Many Prominent People.

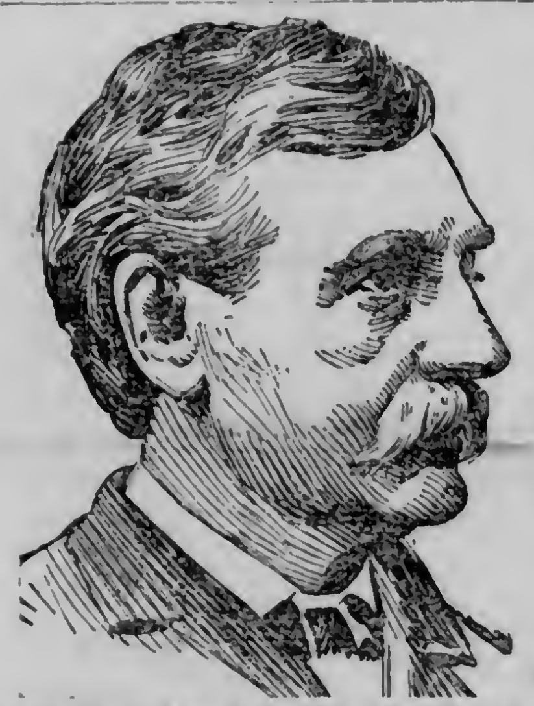
Handsome Floral Pieces Adorned Desks of the Members.

Senate Adjourns Out of Respect to Late Senator McMillan.



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES IN SESSION

Washington, Dec. 1.—The hall of representatives presented a brilliant scene for the opening of the session today. During the recess the chamber had been redecorated throughout. The old color scheme of gold and carmine was preserved, but the fresh colors served to lighten the general effect. The famous paintings of Bierstadt, "The Discovery of the Hudson," and the "Landing of the Verbain Expedition at Monterey, Cal., in 1601," which formerly hung in panels on either side of the speaker's rostrum, have been removed to the lobby in the rear of the hall and in their places now hang the full length portraits of Washington and Lafayette. Although the gavel was not to fall until noon, the public galleries were packed soon after they were thrown open at 10 o'clock and the sections reserved for the families of members also filled early. The opening of congress is a society as well as a political event, and in the galleries were many handsomely gowned women. There was the usual display, although it was, perhaps, not as elaborate as upon similar occasions in the past. It was noticeable that the victorious party in the recent campaign did not monopolize the entire flower show. By 11 o'clock the air was heavy with the odor of perfumes and the hall buzzed with the steady hum of conversation from the throngs in the surrounding galleries.



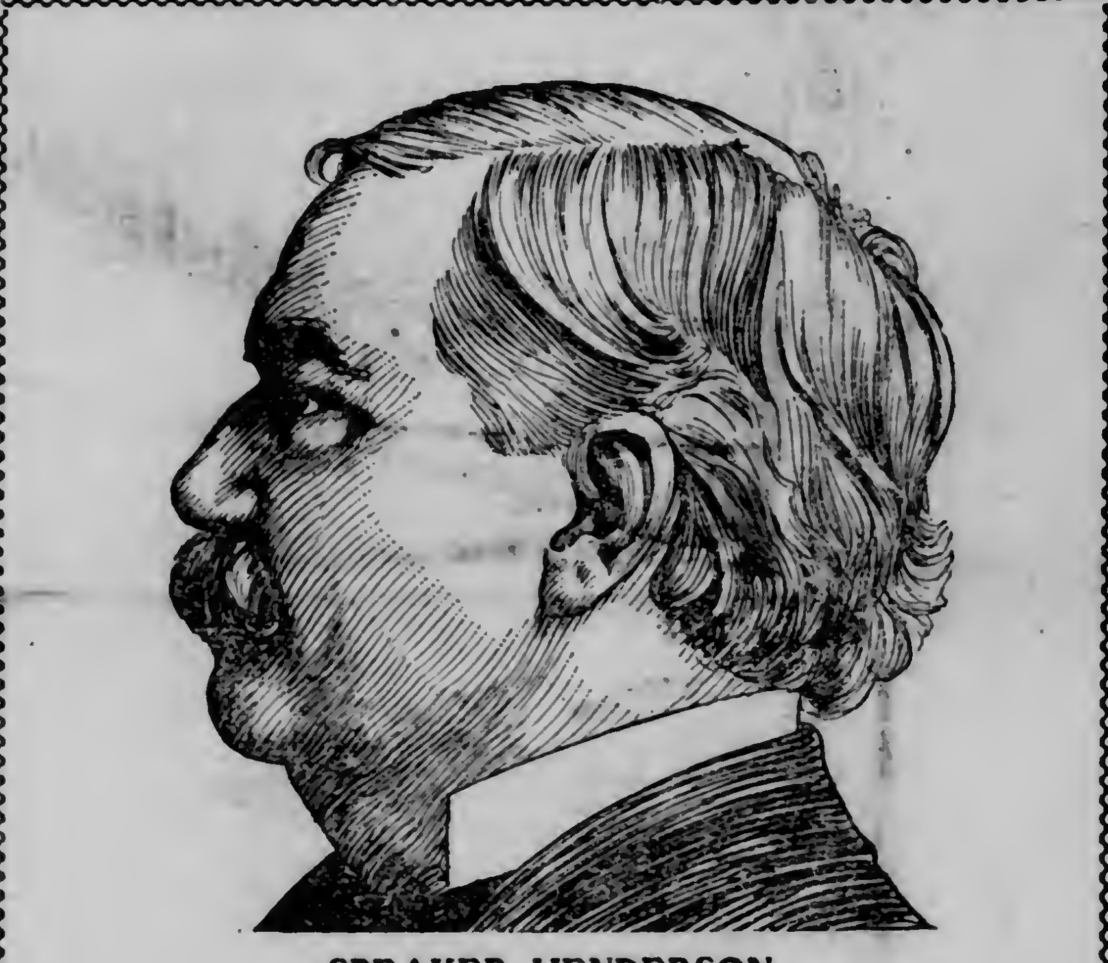
PRESIDENT PRO TEM. FRYE.

Shortly after 11 o'clock the members began arriving, the greetings exchanged seemingly being equally cordial whether they were between political friends or enemies. The Democrats, who are returning after their fifth successive defeat, took the railery of the Republicans good naturedly.

It was generally remarked upon in the gallery that the most elaborate floral pieces were on the desks of Mr. Connell, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Loud, of California, two Republicans who were defeated for re-election.

At 11:45 the doorkeeper directed his assistants to clear the floor of all persons not entitled to remain during the session. Meantime members were entering the floor from the lobbies and there was much confusion. The leaders on both sides were surrounded and greeted as they found their way to their desks, but there were no demonstrations. Mr. Cannon (Ill.), whose election as speaker of the next house is already assured, was besieged by his colleagues with congratulations and could with difficulty force a way to his desk. Mr. Payne (N. Y.), the floor leader of the majority, Mr. Dalzell (P.), Mr. Richardson, the minority

(Continued on Page 2.)



SPEAKER HENDERSON.

VIOLENT

Winds and Waves Caused Hard Passage For St. Louis.

New York, Dec. 1.—The American line steamer St. Louis arrived in port early today from Southampton and Cherbourg, one day late, after a very stormy passage. The St. Louis left the channel with moderate breezes, which later became a whole gale with violent squalls and a very high, dangerous sea. The gales continued in violence until Friday, when they fell. Among the passengers were J. Allison Bowen, deputy United States consul general at Paris and Gen. Ben I. Viljoen, formerly of the South African republic.

As the steamer came into her dock, she showed the effects of the rough sea. Her funnels were salt encrusted, where the spray had been dashed against them and one of the forward starboard boats hung a wreck on the davits. Others on the same side were marked by dents where the heavy seas had struck them. During the height of the storm on Wednesday afternoon, one seaman, Charles Johnson, a Norwegian, was washed overboard and lost. During almost all of the trip the captain was obliged to remain on the bridge, and most of that time the officers were lashed to supports to keep the seas from carrying them away.

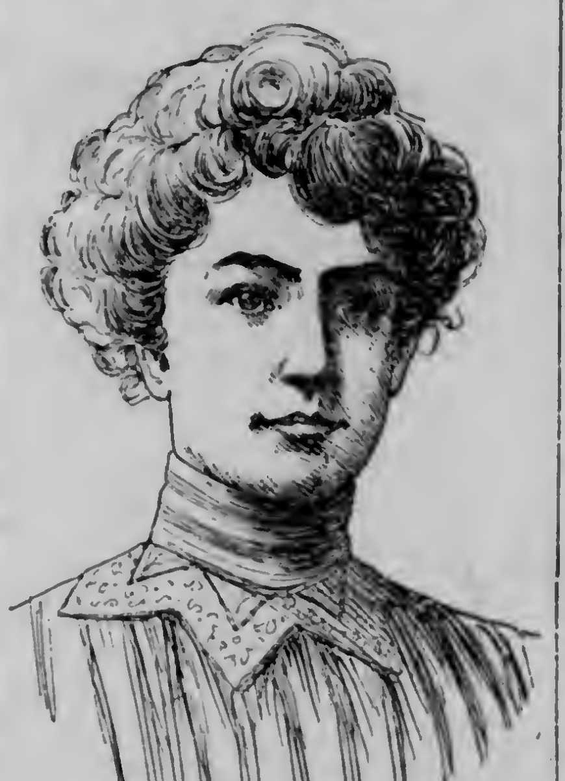
On Saturday the St. Louis ran into a violent hail storm and the hail stones were so large that the officers had hard work navigating the ship. For days they ran the vessel under reduced speed with the passengers behind storm doors and the sea continually breaking over thes hip and sweeping the decks.

On Wednesday, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, thes torm was so fierce and the sea, which was high, was breaking over the bow with such force, it was feared that some of the forward boats on the starboard side would be carried away. Orders were given to have the boats made more secure and a detail of seven men were sent up to fasten them.

The seamen who undertook the work crept along the side of the deck to the forward boat. They had been working but a few minutes to make it secure, when a heavy sea came curling over the rail. There was a shout of warning and all of the men held fast, except Johnson, who was dashed overboard. The boat was stopped, but so wild was the sea that no aid could be given to the man and the boat resumed her journey.

CASE OF MRS. GORE.

American Physicians Agree With French Expert.



Paris, Dec. 1.—Consul General Gowdy has received the report of the commission of four American doctors appointed to make an independent postmortem examination of the remains of Mrs. Ellen Gore. The report is signed by each of the physicians. It is in harmony with and in no way differs from the report of the French expert. Dr. Soquet.

MERGER COMPLETED.

Sharon and Union Steel Companies Now as One.

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—The merger of the Sharon Steel company and the Union Steel company became operative today. The new combination will start with a capital of $40,000,000. It will be known as the Union Steel company. Through the absorption of the Sharon company, many of the offices now at Sharon will be brought to Pittsburg, where it is expected the general office will be located. The sales, purchasing, traffic and part of the auditing departments will be concentrated here.

TOWER PRAISES RUSSIA

Ambassador to Germany Says the Czar's Country Has Been Grossly Maligned---Its Train Service Is Great.

New York, Dec. 1.—Charlemagne Tower, the newly appointed ambassador to Germany, who is in Paris, is quoted in a dispatch from that city to the Herald as having said: "Stories one hears about the difficulty and danger of traveling in Russia are, like most sensational things written and spoken about that country, absolutely invention. It is true that one requires a passport, but if it is properly used it is never looked at after one passes the border. Traveling in Russia is the most comfortable of all the countries in Europe and is attended with almost as great a degree of comfort as in the United States. Indeed on some long distance trains they even have bath rooms. In a short time the service of the Russian railways will be as good as our own. Prince Khilkoff, minister of ways and means, had practical experience in the railroad shops at Altoona, Pa., and has thoroughly studied American methods. The train service of Russia is modeled closely on American lines and whatever is best in ours is being adopted there.

"It is amazing even to the Russians themselves to behold the development of Siberia. Since the building of the Trans-Siberian railroad, it is becoming a great grazing country. Dairies are springing up almost innumerable and of butter such vast quantities are being made that ships have to be chartered to transport it to other countries. Refrigerator cars are in the service, built on the American plan and Prince Khilkoff told me the other day that shipments of meat and poultry would soon be begun. Even now they send in eggs by the carload to St. Petersburg and thence to other points to be shipped abroad."

DEATH IN PITTSBURG RESORT

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—Miss Lizzie Wilson was shot and killed and Ruth Stein, it is thought, fatally wounded in a Colwell street resort, about 4 o'clock this morning. The shooting was done, it is alleged, by an unknown man, who a few minutes after fled the house, half robed and has not since been seen. The other inmates of the house said the couple had quarreled. Four shots were fired, the first killing Miss Wilson instantly and another entering Miss Stein's breast.

SOMALILAND NEWS SERIOUS

New York, Dec. 1.—News from Somaliland is becoming serious, according to the London correspondent of the Tribune. Not only have the Somali levies proved themselves cowards and malingners, but the outpost at Bohole is in a bad way, owing to deaths from malaria. The Mullah is adopting a threatening attitude, and though his efforts are not expected to achieve much, still it is quite conceivable that the garrison may be so reduced as to succumb to an attack. The new expedition under Gen. Manning is likely to start about the end of the month.

MURDER MANY ARMENIANS

New York, Dec. 1.—Private telegrams received in Geneva at the headquarters of the American refugees in Europe confirm the report of a massacre in Macedonia, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. Most of the leaders in the recent insurrection have been killed under various pretexts. Turkish troops formed cordons around villages, cutting off their communications. It is feared a majority of the villagers have perished.

SOUTH AMERICAN TROUBLES BRIGHTEN

COLOMBIA RECALLS CONCHA CASTRO PACIFIES GERMANY

ESTIMATED COST OF GOVERNMENT FOR 1904.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The secretary of the treasury today transmitted to congress the estimates of the appropriations required for the government service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904 as furnished by the heads of the several executive departments. The total appropriations asked for are $589,189,112, which is $21,63,8576 less than the estimates for 1903 and $33,050,014 less than the appropriations for that year. Following is a recapitulation of the estimates by departments, cents omitted:

Legislative	$ 11,508,483
Executive	319,500
State department	2,676,825
Treasury department	172,313,526
War department	130,986,605
Navy department	84,725,798
Interior department	163,018,616
Postoffice department	10,363,486
Department of agriculture	5,060,150
Department of labor	184,220
Department of justice	7,431,900
Grand totals	$ 589,189,112

Following are the principal items under the several departments which show increases or decreases as compared with the appropriations for the year 1903:

Legislative: Salaries and expenses, increase $393,913; public printing, increase $718,000.

Executive proper: Salaries and expenses, increase $13,000. Salaries and expenses civil service commission, increase, $75,000.

State department, foreign intercourse, increase $211,100.

Treasury department: Public works increase, $7,000,000; miscellaneous increase, $3,000,000.

District of Columbia, increase, $2,700,000. Permanent annual appropriations, decrease, $3,600,000.

War department—military establishment, derease, $14,000,000. Public works, decrease, $4,683,000.

Navy department—Naval establishment, increase, $6,000,000.

Interior department—Public works, decrease, $273,000.

Miscellaneous, increase $1,650,000.

Permanent annual appropriations, increase $470,000.

Postoffice department—Salaries and expenses, increase $115,000.

Department of agriculture—Salaries and expenses, increase $462,000.

Department of justice—Miscellaneous, increase, $472,000.

Following is a recapitulation by titles showing estimates for 1904 and appropriations for 1903, cents omitted:

Objects	Estimates for 1904	Appropriations for 1903.
Legislative establishment	$ 5,267,845	$ 5,290,617
Executive establishment	26,061,653	27,491,680
Judicial establishment	756,270	909,971
Foreign intercourse	2,145,415	2,672,763
Military establishment	77,986,515	92,794,619
Naval establishment	74,884,540	75,049,781
Indian affairs	7,685,790	9,491,299
Pensions	139,846,480	149,053,467
Public works	61,277,921	67,401,867
Postal service	8,242,856	102,486
Miscellaneous	52,444,073	64,731,251
Permanent annual appropriations	132,589,820	125,799,820
Grand totals	$ 589,189,112	$ 622,239,126

Objectionable Minister From Isthmian Government Relieved.

The Chances For Canal Treaty Are Thereby Bettered.

The Claims of Germany Are Accepted By Venezuela.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Senor Concha has been relieved as minister for Colombia, by orders from Bogota, and it is believed that Dr. Thomas Herran, the present secretary of legation here, will be accredited as minister to succeed Minister Concha within a few days. Meanwhile Dr. Herran has been clothed with full authority to prosecute the negotiations looking to a canal treaty, with much enlarged powers.

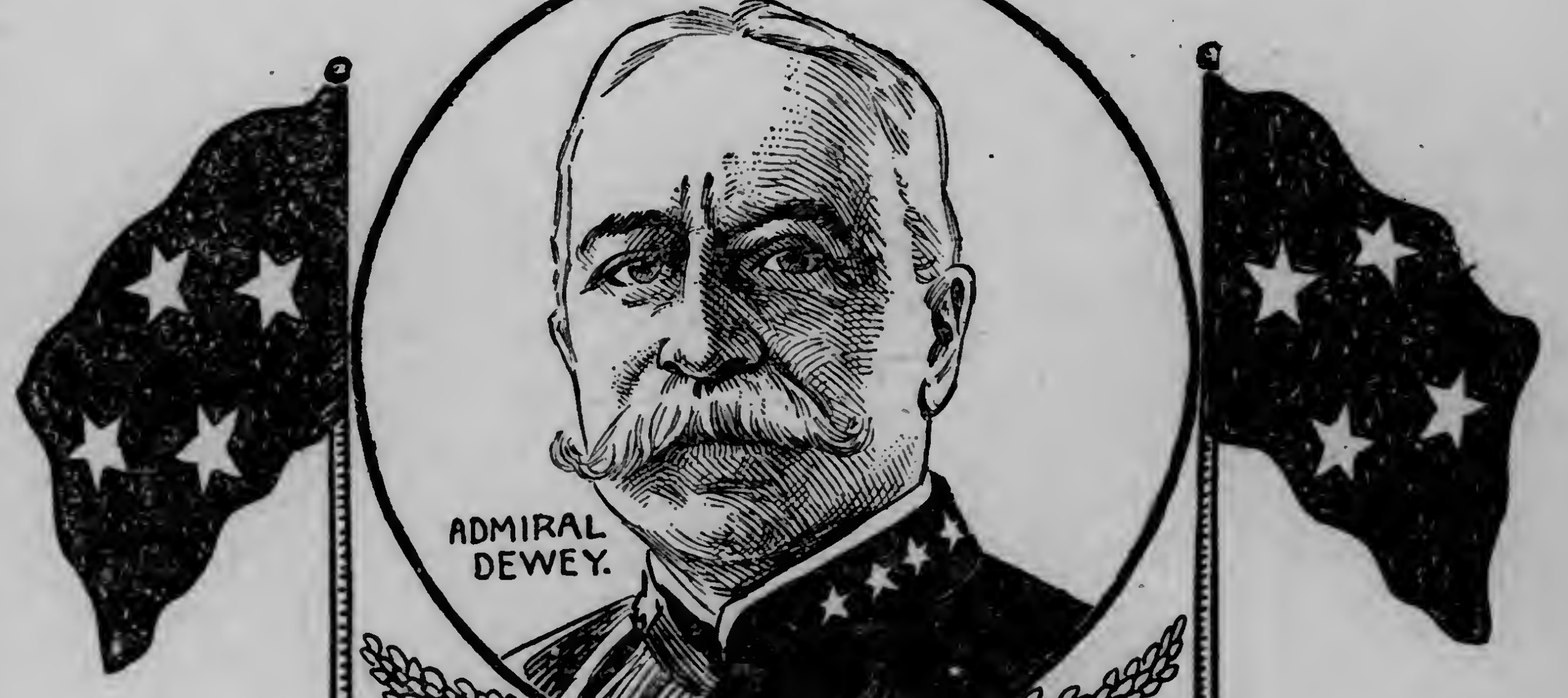
Minister Concha having stood fast against several strong representations from his own government favoring a treaty, the latter decided to place the further negotiations in the hands of Dr. Herran. It is, of course, assumed from this change that the chances for the treaty have been bettered.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—President Castro of Venezuela handed, probably on Thursday last, to the German minister at

(Continued on Page 2.)

ADMIRAL DEWEY RESUMES SEA DUTY

The Hero of Manila Bay Hoists His Four Starred Flag on the Mayflower.


ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Admiral Dewey resumed active sea duty this morning for the first time since his return to the United States from his ever-memorable cruise in Philippine waters. His four-starred pennant was hoisted on the president's yacht, Mayflower, at the Washington nay yard, about 9 o'clock, and, accompanied by the members of his staff, the admiral sailed away to assume direct command of the large fleet engaged in the maneuvers in the Caribbean sea. His staff included Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, chief of staff; Capts. Swift and Pillsbury, assistant chiefs of staff, and Commander Sargent personal aide. The departure of the party was devoid of display and the customary salute to the admiral was omitted at his request.

The Mayflower will set her cruise direct for Culebra island, off Porto Rico, and is due there next Saturday.

POISONED OYSTERS

Said to Be Cause of Mrs. Olson's Death.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Julius E. Olson, wife of the professor of Scandinavian languages and literature in the State university, died at the city hospital last night from the effects of poisoned oysters, which she ate several weeks ago.

Dr. J. A. Jackson, assisted by other physicians, performed an operation Saturday. Soon after the operation Mrs. Olson was taken with sinking spells.

Professor and Mrs. Olson returned two months ago from an extended trip abroad. Mrs. Olson is about 30 years old and was married five years ago. Her father is a well known building contractor, of St. Paul. A sister is Mrs. Peter O. Stromme, of this city. The Olsons have a child, 3 years old.

COREAN CABINET RESIGNS.

Seoul, Dec. 1.—The Corean cabinet has resigned owing to the refusal of the emperor to authorize the impeachment of the war minister on charges which have not been disclosed. The populace is incensed against the court.

SAVED IN A SALT BAG

Whole Family on Canal Boat Rescued From a Watery Grave By Means of Hastily Improvised Breeches Buoy.

New York, Dec. 1.—Four persons have narrowly escaped death in the sinking of a canal boat on Long Island sound. The boat was in town of the tug Hattie B. The wind was blowing a gale, and after leaving Hell Gate, bound east, the decks of the tug and canal boat were awash of a rolling, heavy sea. When near the north end of North Brother island, the hawser parted, sending the boat adrift. Efforts were made to get an we line to it. The tug approached as closely as it could with safety, the boat bobbing u pand down like a cork. Suddenly the tide swept it against a rock, which tore a big hole in its side, and it began to fill and settle.

All attempts to save the boat were given up and every effort was directed to rescuing the family of Capt. Bentley, who sought safety in the little cabin in the upper deck, where they locked themselves in. Line after line was thrown to them, but Capt. Bentley could not catch them. Finally, with the aid of a life saving gun, a line was shot across the roof of the cabin within reach of Bentley, who tied the end to the hatches. Quickly improvising a pulley and a breeches buoy out of an old salt bag, Bentley gave the signal to the crew of the tug, which pulled one member of the family over after the other. Children were first, then the mother and last of all Bentley. As the line was cut the canal boat went down.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

December
1902
Complete.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

10 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. 10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1902. TWO CENTS.

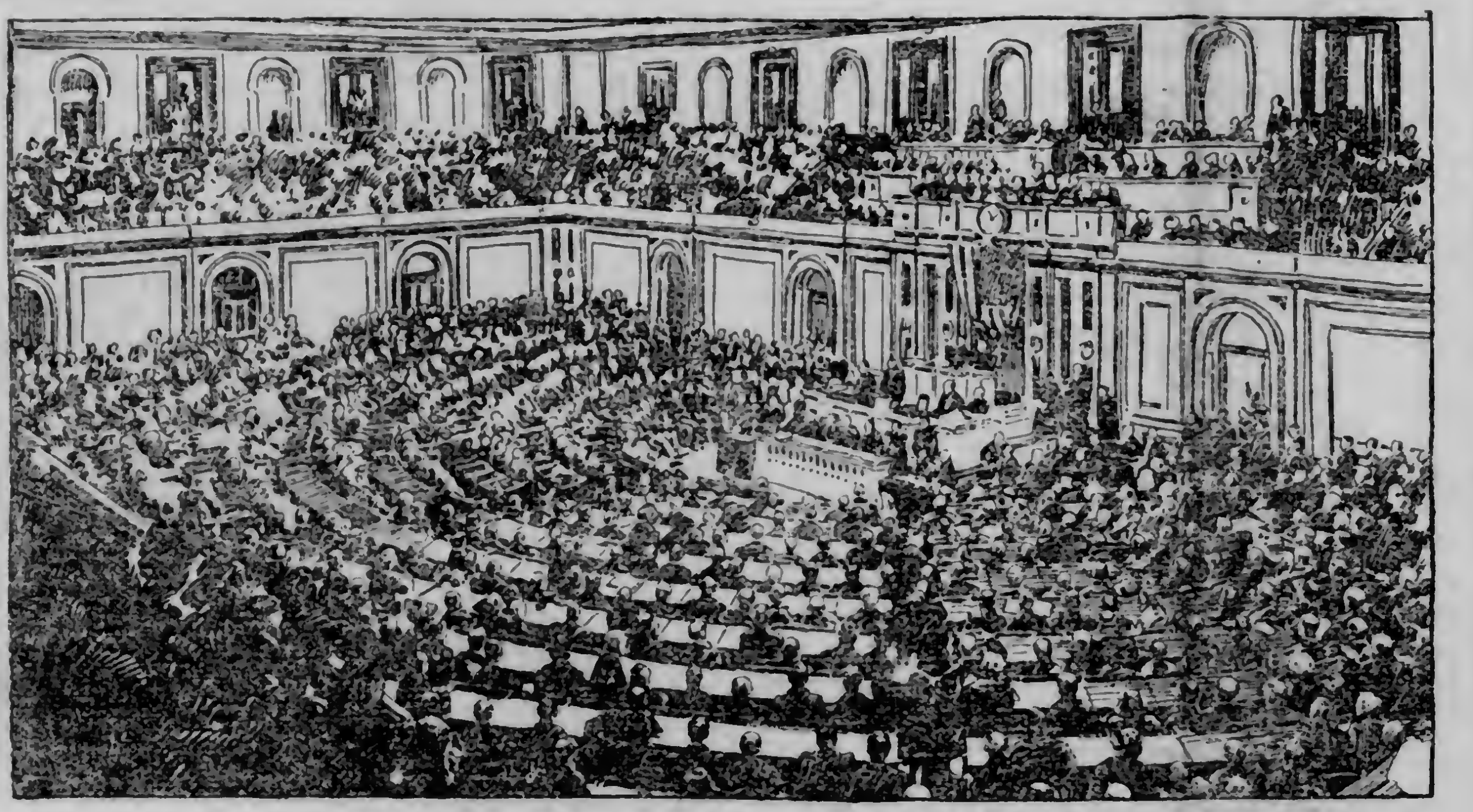
FINAL SESSION OF FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES HAS BEGUN AT WASHINGTON

OPENING SESSION OF CONGRESS PRESENTED A BRILLIANT SCENE

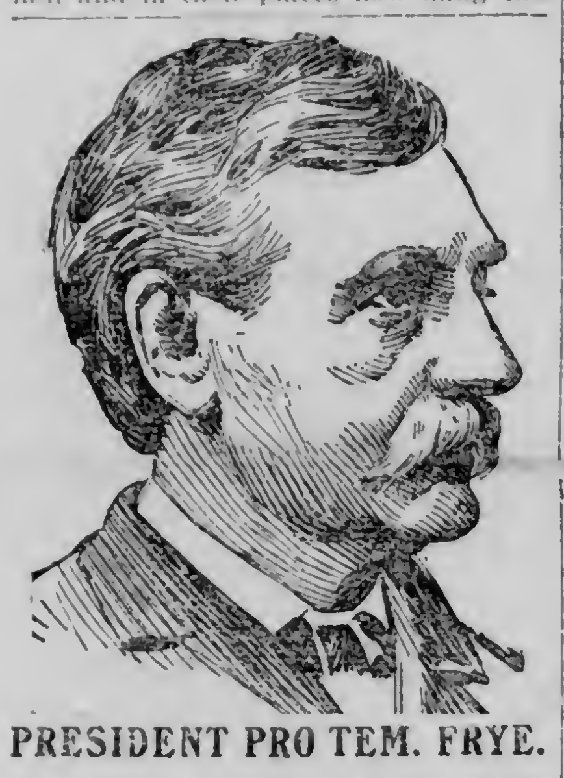
The Galleries Were Filled With Many Prominent People.

Handsome Floral Pieces Adorned Desks of the Members.

Senate Adjourns Out of Respect to Late Senator McMillan.


HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES IN SESSION

Washington, Dec. 1.—The hall of representatives presented a brilliant scene for the opening of the session today. During the recess the chamber had been redecorated throughout. The old color scheme of gold and carmine was preserved, but the fresh colors served to lighten the general effect. The famous paintings of Bierstadt, "The Discovery of the Hudson," and the "Landing of the Verbain Expedition at Monterey, Cal., in 1601," which formerly hung in panels on either side of the speaker's rostrum, have been removed to the lobby in the rear of the hall and in their places now hang the full length portraits of Washington and Lafayette. Although the gavel was not to fall until noon, the public galleries were packed soon after they were thrown open at 10 o'clock and the sections reserved for the families of members also filled early. The opening of congress is a society as well as a political event, and in the galleries were many handsomely gowned women. There was the usual display, although it was, perhaps, not as elaborate as upon similar occasions in the past. It was noticeable that the victorious party in the recent campaign did not monopolize the entire flower show. By 11 o'clock the air was heavy with the odor of perfumes and the hall buzzed with the steady hum of conversation from the throngs in the surrounding galleries.

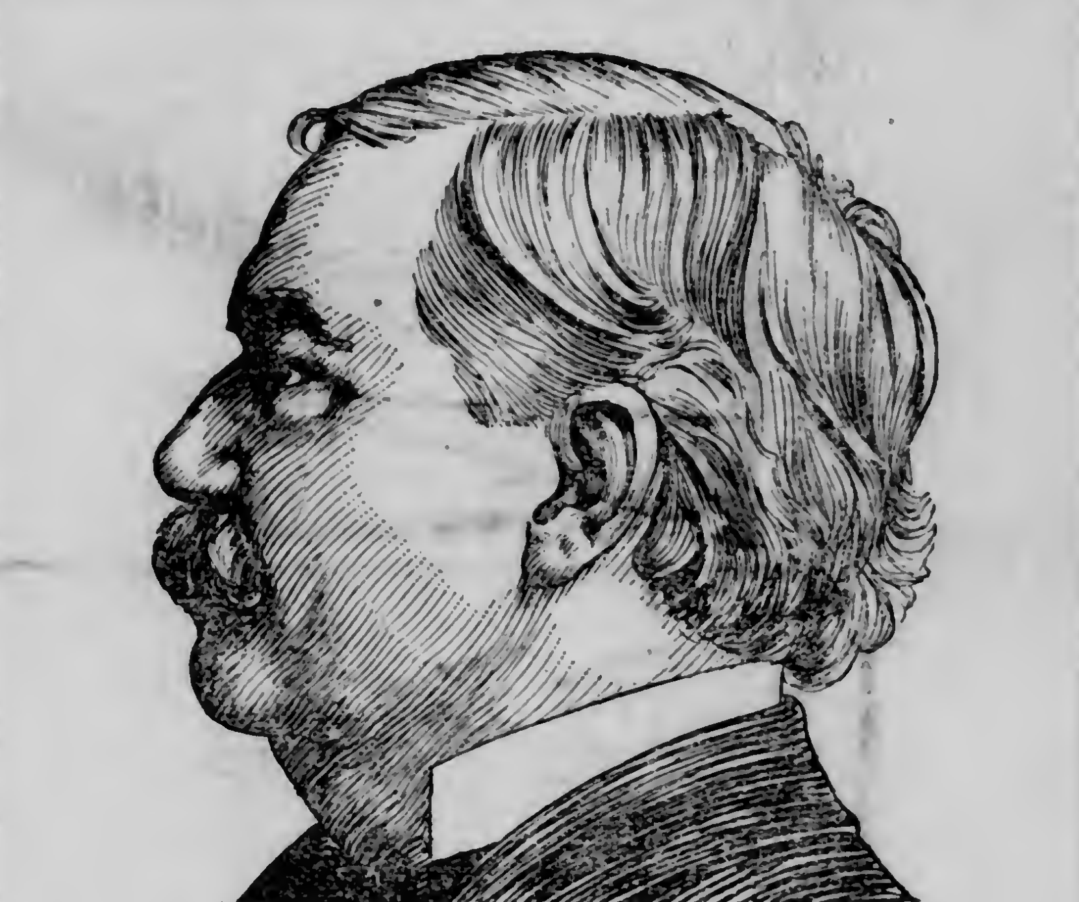

PRESIDENT PRO TEM. FRYE.

Shortly after 11 o'clock the members began arriving, the greetings exchanged seemingly being equally cordial whether they were between political friends or enemies. The Democrats, who are returning after their fifth successive defeat, took the raillery of the Republicans good naturedly.

It was generally remarked upon in the gallery that the most elaborate floral pieces were on the desks of Mr. Connell, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Loud, of California, two Republicans who were defeated for re-election.

At 11:45 the doorkeeper directed his assistants to clear the floor of all persons not entitled to remain during the session. Meantime members were entering the floor from the lobbies and there was much confusion. The leaders on both sides were surrounded and greeted as they found their way to their desks, but there were no demonstrations. Mr. Cannon (Ill.), whose election as speaker of the next house is already assured, was besieged by his colleagues with congratulations and could with difficulty force a way to his desk. Mr. Payne (N. Y.), the floor leader of the majority, Mr. Dalzell (P.), Mr. Richardson, the minority

(Continued on Page 2.)


SPEAKER HENDERSON.

VIOLENT

Winds and Waves Caused Hard Passage For St. Louis.

New York, Dec. 1.—The American line steamer St. Louis arrived in port early today from Southampton and Cherbourg, one day late, after a very stormy passage. The St. Louis left the channel with moderate breezes, which later became a whole gale with violent squalls and a very high, dangerous sea. The gales continued in violence until Friday, when they fell. Among the passengers were J. Allison Bowen, deputy United States consul general at Paris and Gen. Ben I. Viljoen, formerly of the South African republic.

As the steamer came into her dock, she showed the effects of the rough sea. Her funnels were salt encrusted, where the spray had been dashed against them and one of the forward starboard boats hung a wreck on the davits. Others on the same side were marked by dents where the heavy seas had struck them. During the height of the storm on Wednesday afternoon, one seaman, Charles Johnson, a Norwegian, was washed overboard and lost. During almost all of the trip the captain was obliged to remain on the bridge, and most of that time the officers were lashed to supports to keep the seas from carrying them away.

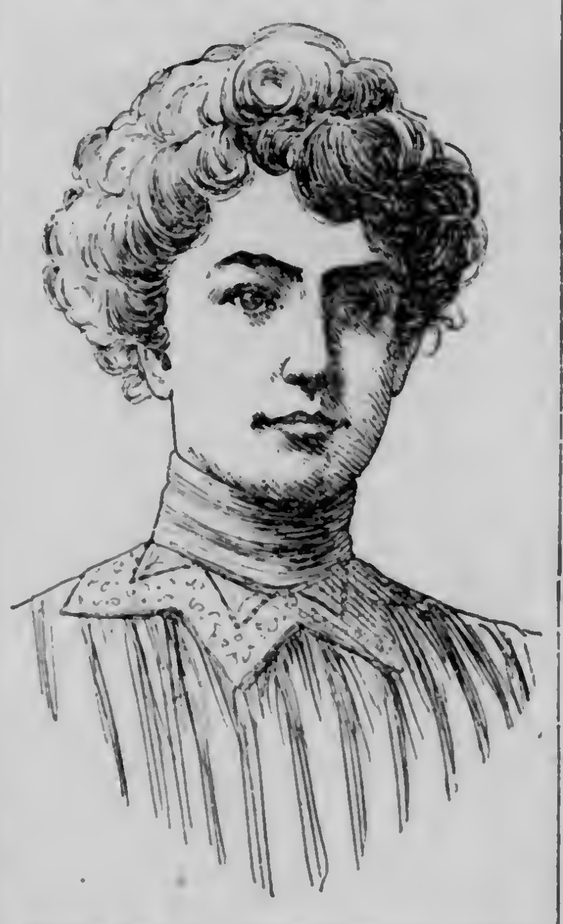
On Saturday the St. Louis ran into a violent hail storm and the hail stones were so large that the officers had hard work navigating the ship. For days they ran the vessel under reduced speed with the passengers behind storm doors and the sea continually breaking over thes hip and sweeping the decks.

On Wednesday, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, thes torm was so fierce and the sea, which was high, was breaking over the bow with such force, it was feared that some of the forward boats on the starboard side would be carried away. Orders were given to have the boats made more secure and a detail of seven men were sent up to fasten them.

The seamen who undertook the work crept along the side of the deck to the forward boat. They had been working but a few minutes to make it secure, when a heavy sea came curling over the rail. There was a shout of warning and all of the men held fast, except Johnson, who was dashed overboard. The boat was stopped, but so wild was the sea that no aid could be given to the man and the boat resumed her journey.

CASE OF MRS. GORE.

American Physicians Agree With French Expert.



Paris, Dec. 1.—Consul General Gowdy has received the report of the commission of four American doctors appointed to make an independent postmortem examination of the remains of Mrs. Ellen Gore. The report is signed by each of the physicians. It is in harmony with and in no way differs from the report of the French expert, Dr. Socquet.

MERGER COMPLETED.

Sharon and Union Steel Companies Now as One.

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—The merger of the Sharon Steel company and the Union Steel company became operative today. The new combination will start with a capital of $40,000,000. It will be known as the Union Steel company. Through the absorption of the Sharon company, many of the offices now at Sharon will be brought to Pittsburg, where it is expected the general office will be located. The sales, purchasing, traffic and part of the auditing departments will be concentrated here.

TOWER PRAISES RUSSIA

Ambassador to Germany Says the Czar's Country Has Been Grossly Maligned---Its Train Service Is Great.

New York, Dec. 1.—Charlemagne Tower, the newly appointed ambassador to Germany, who is in Paris, is quoted in a dispatch from that city to the Herald as having said: "Stories one hears about the difficulty and danger of traveling in Russia are, like most sensational things written and spoken about that country, absolutely invention. It is true that one requires a passport, but if it is properly used it is never looked at after one passes the border. Traveling in Russia is the most comfortable of all the countries in Europe and is attended with almost as great a degree of comfort as in the United States. Indeed on some long distance trains they even have bath rooms. In a short time the service of the Russian railways will be as good as our own. Prince Khilkoff, minister of ways and means, had practical experience in the railroad shops at Altoona, Pa., and has thoroughly studied American methods. The train service of Russia is modeled closely on American lines and whatever is best in ours is being adopted there.

"It is amazing even to the Russians themselves to behold the development of Siberia. Since the building of the Trans-Siberian railroad, it is becoming a great grazing country. Dairies are springing up almost innumerable and of butter such vast quantities are being made that ships have to be chartered to transport it to other countries. Refrigerator cars are in the service, built on the American plan and Prince Khilkoff told me the other day that shipments of meat and poultry would soon be begun. Even now they send in eggs by the carload to St. Petersburg and thence to other points to be shipped abroad."

DEATH IN PITTSBURG RESORT

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—Miss Lizzie Wilson was shot and killed and Ruth Stein, it is thought, fatally wounded in a Colwell street resort, about 4 o'clock this morning. The shooting was done, it is alleged, by an unknown man, who a few minutes after fled the house, half robed and has not since been seen. The other inmates of the house said the couple had quarreled. Four shots were fired, the first killing Miss Wilson instantly and another entering Miss Stein's breast.

SOMALILAND NEWS SERIOUS

New York, Dec. 1.—News from Somaliland is becoming serious, according to the London correspondent of the Tribune. Not only have the Somali levies proved themselves cowards and malingners, but the outpost at Bohole is in a bad way, owing to deaths from malaria. The Mullah is adopting a threatening attitude, and though his efforts are not expected to achieve much, still it is quite conceivable that the garrison may be so reduced as to succumb to an attack. The new expedition under Gen. Manning is likely to start about the end of the month.

MURDER MANY ARMENIANS

New York, Dec. 1.—Private telegrams received in Geneva at the headquarters of the American refugees in Europe confirm the report of a massacre in Macedonia, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. Most of the leaders in the recent insurrection have been killed under various pretexts. Turkish troops formed cordons around villages, cutting off their communications. It is feared a majority of the villagers have perished.

SOUTH AMERICAN TROUBLES BRIGHTEN

COLOMBIA RECALLS CONCHA CASTRO PACIFIES GERMANY

Objectionable Minister From Isthmian Government Relieved.

The Chances For Canal Treaty Are Thereby Bettered.

The Claims of Germany Are Accepted By Venezuela.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Senor Concha has been relieved as minister for Colombia, by orders from Bogota, and it is believed that Dr. Thomas Herran, the present secretary of legation here, will be accredited as minister to succeed Minister Concha within a few days. Meanwhile Dr. Herran has been clothed with full authority to prosecute the negotiations looking to a canal treaty, with much enlarged powers.

Minister Concha having stood fast against several strong representations from his own government favoring a treaty, the latter decided to place the further negotiations in the hands of Dr. Herran. It is, of course, assumed from this change that the chances for the treaty have been bettered.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—President Castro of Venezuela handed, probably on Thursday last, to the German minister at

(Continued on Page 2.)

ESTIMATED COST OF GOVERNMENT FOR 1904.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The secretary of the treasury today transmitted to congress the estimates of the appropriations required for the government service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904 as furnished by the heads of the several executive departments. The total appropriations asked for are $589,189,112, which is $21,63,8576 less than the estimates for 1903 and $33,050,014 less than the appropriations for that year. Following is a recapitulation of the estimates by departments, cents omitted:

Legislative	$ 11,508,483
Executive	319,500
State department	2,676,825
Treasury department	172,313,526
War department	130,986,605
Navy department	84,725,798
Interior department	163,018,616
Postoffice department	10,363,486
Department of agriculture	5,669,150
Department of labor	184,220
Department of justice	7,431,900
Grand totals	$ 589,189,112

Following are the principal items under the several departments which show increases or decreases as compared with the appropriations for the year 1903:

Legislative: Salaries and expenses, increase $393,913; public printing, increase $718,000.

Executive proper: Salaries and expenses, increase $13,000. Salaries and expenses civil service commission, increase, $75,000.

State department, foreign intercourse, increase $211,100.

Treasury department: Public works increase, $7,000,000; miscellaneous increase, $3,000,000.

District of Columbia, increase, $2,700,000. Permanent annual appropriations, decrease, $3,600,000.

War department—military establishment, dcrease, $14,000,000. Public works, decrease, $4,683,000.

Navy department—Naval establishment, increase, $6,000,000.

Interior department—Public works, decrease, $273,000.

Miscellaneous, increase $1,650,000.

Permanent annual appropriations, increase $470,000.

Postoffice department—Salaries and expenses, increase $115,000.

Department of agriculture—Salaries and expenses, increase $462,000.

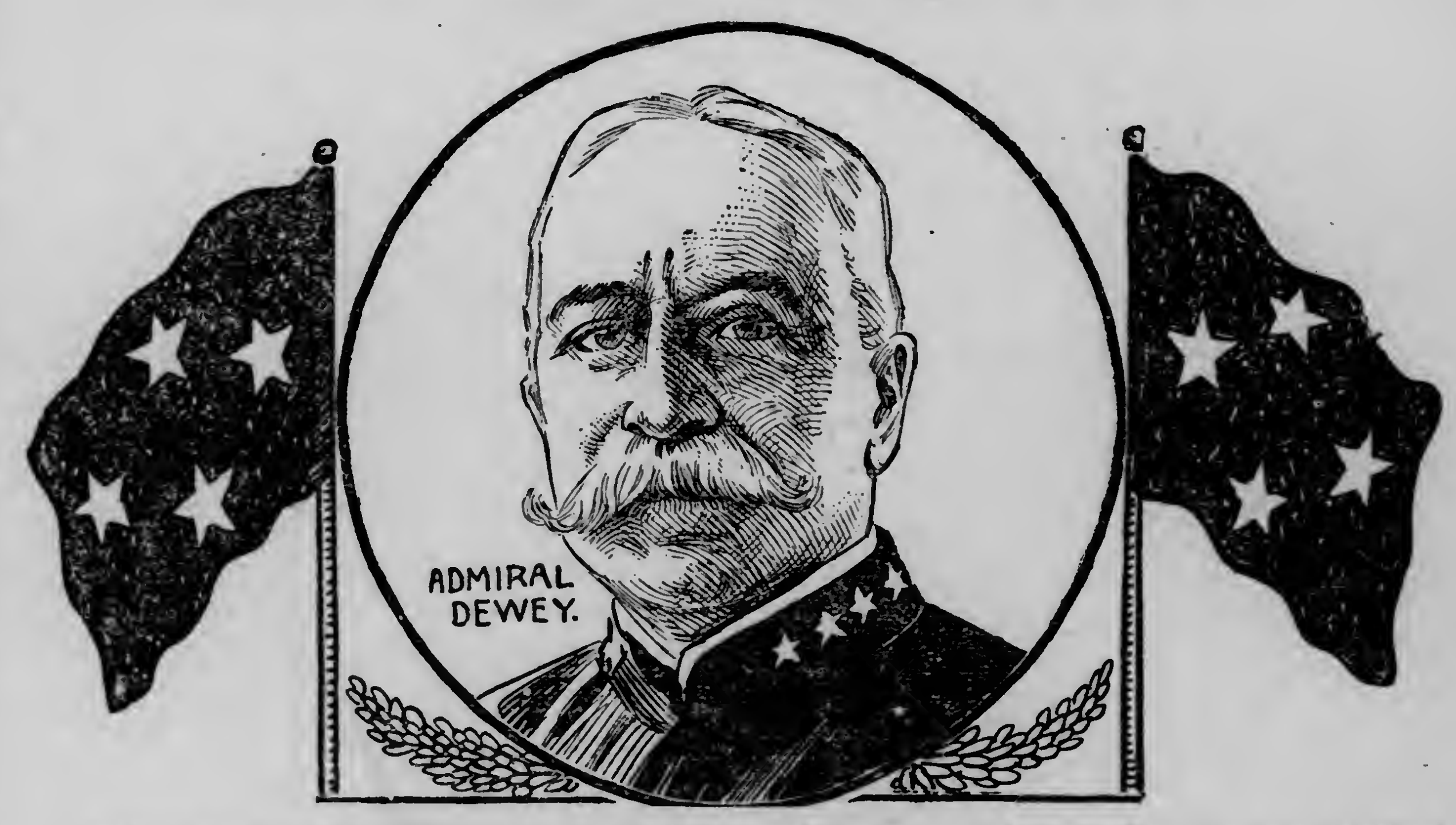
Department of justice—Miscellaneous, increase, $472,000.

Following is a recapitulation by titles showing estimates for 1904 and appropriations for 1903, cents omitted:

Objects	Estimates for 1901	Appropriations for 1903.
Legislative establishment	$ 5,267,845	$ 5,290,617
Executive establishment	26,061,653	27,491,680
Judicial establishment	756,270	909,971
Foreign intercourse	2,145,415	2,672,763
Military establishment	77,986,515	92,794,619
Naval establishment	74,884,540	75,049,781
Indian affairs	7,685,790	9,491,239
Pensions	139,846,480	149,063,467
Public works	61,277,921	67,401,867
Postal service	8,242,856	102,486
Miscellaneous	52,444,073	64,731,251
Permanent annual appropriations	132,589,820	125,799,820
Grand totals	$ 589,189,112	$ 622,239,126

ADMIRAL DEWEY RESUMES SEA DUTY

The Hero of Manila Bay Hoists His Four Starred Flag on the Mayflower.


ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Admiral Dewey resumed active sea duty this morning for the first time since his return to the United States from his ever-memorable cruise in Philippine waters. His four-starred pennant was hoisted on the president's yacht, Mayflower, at the Washington nay yard, about 9 o'clock, and, accompanied by the members of his staff, the admiral sailed away to assume direct command of the large fleet engaged in the maneuvers in the Caribbean sea. His staff included Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, chief of staff; Capts. Swift and Pillsbury, assistant chiefs of staff, and Commander Sargent personal aide. The departure of the party was devoid of display and the customary salute to the admiral was omitted at his request.

The Mayflower will set her cruise direct for Culebra island, off Porto Rico, and is due there next Saturday.

POISONED OYSTERS

Said to Be Cause of Mrs. Olson's Death.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Julius E. Olson, wife of the professor of Scandinavian languages and literature in the State university, died at the city hospital last night from the effects of poisoned oysters, which she ate several weeks ago.

Dr. J. A. Jackson, assisted by other physicians, performed an operation Saturday. Soon after the operation Mrs. Olson was taken with sinking spells.

Professor and Mrs. Olson returned two months ago from an extended trip abroad. Mrs. Olson is about 30 years old and was married five years ago. Her father is a well known building contractor, of St. Paul. A sister is Mrs. Peter O. Stromme, of this city. The Olsons have a child, 3 years old.

COREAN CABINET RESIGNS.

Seoul, Dec. 1.—The Corean cabinet has resigned owing to the refusal of the emperor to authorize the impeachment of the war minister on charges which have not been disclosed. The populace is incensed against the court.

SAVED IN A SALT BAG

Whole Family on Canal Boat Rescued From a Watery Grave By Means of Hastily Improvised Breeches Buoy.

New York, Dec. 1.—Four persons have narrowly escaped death in the sinking of a canal boat on Long Island sound. The boat was in town of the tug Hattie B. The wind was blowing a gale, and after leaving Hell Gate, bound east, the decks of the tug and canal boat were awash of a rolling, heavy sea. When near the north end of North Brother island, the hawser parted, sending the boat adrift. Efforts were made to get an we line to it. The tug approached as closely as it could with safety, the boat bobbing u pand down like a cork. Suddenly the tide swept it against a rock, which tore a big hole in its side, and it began to fill and settle.

All attempts to save the boat were given up and every effort was directed to rescuing the family of Capt. Bentley, who sought safety in the little cabin in the upper deck, where they locked themselves in. Line after line was thrown to them, but Capt. Bentley could not catch them. Finally, with the aid of a life saving gun, a line was shot across the roof of the cabin within reach of Bentley, who tied the end to the hatches. Quickly improvising a pulley and a breeches buoy out of an old salt bag, Bentley gave the signal to the crew of the tug, which pulled one member of the family over after the other. Children were first, then the mother and last of all Bentley. As the line was cut the canal boat went down.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Christmas Smoking Jackets and Lounging Robes.....

Have one laid away while assortments are complete.

Smoking Jackets---$6 to $15
Bath Robes--------$4 to $25
Lounging Robes $7.50 to $20

M. S. Burrows

SUNDAY CONCERT.

Flaaten's Orchestra Gives First of Winter Series.

The first concert of the series to be given Sunday afternoons during the winter was given by Flaaten's orchestra yesterday at the Lyceum and a large audience was in attendance. The change from the Armory to the Lyceum is a most commendable one. The former place was poorly adapted for the hearing of music the accoustic properties being wretched. In the theater the orchestra will be better able to satisfy its patrons and can appear with more justice to itself.

The program was a brilliant one and the numbers throughout met with much appreciation. The work of the orchestra was unusually fine. It is not an organization that rests content with its present standard, but constantly strives onward improvement and thus each new year sees it better able to present the works of the masters and more deserving of the patronage of the people.

The soloists of the afternoon were Signor Valenza, who gave a superb harp number and Milton B. Griffith, the new tenor, who had already appeared with much success in Duluth. He sang two pleasing numbers. Mrs. Frederick G. Bradbury accompanied.

Sixty-Five Fine Oriental Rugs at One-Third Off Tomorrow.

The Silberstein & Bondy company offer to lovers of Oriental rugs an opportunity of purchasing fine Oriental rugs tomorrow at one-third less than regular ruling prices. This special lot consists of sixty-five pieces of choice Persian, Turkish, Mousuls, Kermanshaws and Kayoks, the average sizes of which run from 3 feet wide by 6 feet long to 5 feet wide by 15 feet long; also ome hall runners averaging from 3 feet wide by 12 feet long to 4 feet wide by 20 feet long, the prices of which have been $25 to $85, at exactly one-third off. The sale will be for tomorrow only, and they will lay by any purchases made as holiday gifts until wanted. The sale will begin tomorrow morning at 9.

Ladies' Dance.

The ladies of the Degree of Honor No. 6, A. O. U. W., West End, will give a dance at Sloane's hall Dec. 2. Lady committee and floor managers. Ladies take gentlemen's part all evening, and the gentlemen will be well entertained. Everyone invited. Tickets 25 cents each.

MUCH COTTON BURNED.

Genoa, Italy, Dec. 1.—A pontoon containing 2000 bales of cotton which had been discharged by the Italian steamer Mongibello, from Pensacola and New Orleans, caught fire today, and it is probable that the cotton will be totally lost.

TRAFFIC ABOUT NORMAL.

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—The Pennsylvania officials were busy again from Saturday night until this morning clearing the yards of freight and today for the first time in many weeks traffic on the lines east and west was about normal. Baltimore & Ohio officials stated today that their line was cleared and the road was now in shape to handle more freight than it could get.

RAILROAD RUMBLES

Chair Car Rate Between Duluth and Twin Cities Doubled.

Passengers Will Be Required to Pay Fifty Cents.

Protest Against Advanced Flour Rates Is Without Result.

The rate for the use of parlor cars on the lines connecting Duluth with the Twin Cities will be materially increased on Jan. 1, according to an announcement just made by those roads, roads, the Omaha, Great Northern and Northern Pacific. Taking effect the first of the year, the new schedule will be 25 cents for any distance up to fifty and 100 miles, and 50 cents for distances over 100 miles. The present rate is 25 cents for the entire distance. As the schedule only applies to the lines giving service between Duluth and the Twin Cities, the 50-cent rate will be the limit. This is doubling the price between Duluth and St. Paul and Minneapolis. All three roads are running very fine trains now, and the chair cars and parlor cars are handsome and comfortable. The rate of 25 cents was considered quite a low one. The Northern Pacific has been charging 50 cents for the chair car between Duluth and Ashland, a much shorter distance than from Duluth to the Twin Cities.

PROTEST UNAVAILING.

Raise In Flour Rates Allowed to Stand.

The protest against the proposed increase in flour freight rates was unavailing. The committee of the Eastern roads which had under consideration the application of the Minnesota roads for postponement of the new schedule on flour from Minneapolis and Duluth to the Atlantic seaboard has decided to maintain the schedule, and the rate will be advanced 2½ cents per 100 pounds Jan. 1.

The millers and the shippers will bear the extra expense, for flour to Eastern markets must pass by way of Chicago, and the trunk lines. The rate to Cincinnati and Ohio river points will be unaffected by the advance.

Notice of an increase of 2½ cents per 100 pounds in the tariff on grain from Chicago to New York was filed with the interstate commerce commission Saturday. The new grain freight basis, which will be observed by the lines eastbound out of Chicago and other points in the territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio, is 20 cents per hundred weight. This rate applies to the domestic freight on grain products. The export rate is advanced from 15 cents to 17½ cents, except that the rate on export grain consigned to a vessel is advanced from 13½ cents to 16 cents. The new tariff will be effective Dec. 8.

The latest issue of the Railway Age contains an editorial on the proposed rate increases, and it goes on to show that the increases are necessary because the cost of everything, including labor, has increased, and because while the railroads are enjoying great prosperity now, a reaction is inevitable, and in order to be prepared against the day of reckoning and to pay for new equipments made necessary by the heavy increase in business, rates must be pushed up.

IMMIGRATION REPORT.

Great Increase Found In Number of Immigrants.

The Western Passenger association has sent out a summary of the report of the immigration bureau for the year ending June 30. It shows that the ports of the United States and Canada admitted for the year 648,743 immigrants, an increase of 160,825 over the previous year. The number coming from Ireland showed a decrease of 1423 from the year previous, while most of the other European countries showed large increases, as follows: Austro-Hungary, 58,506; Italy, 42,379; Russia and Finland, 22,000; Norway and Sweden, 12,799. There was an increase of 9000 Japanese and a decrease of 810 Chinese.

These thousands of foreigners were distributed all over the United States, but as usual the Northwestern states came in for their share. Minnesota got 13,984; Wisconsin got 9551, North Dakota got 4203, South Dakota got 3433, and Iowa got 5064. Most of the immigrants remained in the Eastern states, New York retaining 204,000; Pennsylvania, 139,000; Massachusetts, 51,000; while Illinois got 46,000.

New Short Line.

The Great Northern railroad recently built a short line, which will add much to the business of the Minnesota customs district, which has its headquarters in St. Paul. A line from St. Vincent, Minn., to Emerson, Canada, has just been completed. This connects with the Canadian Pacific, and it is expected to carry grain brought to Emerson from the Northwest on the Canadian line into the United States, where it will either be sold or shipped through to the Atlantic coast and thence to Europe. Several thousand cars of wheat will be shipped through there Monday. It will be bonded and then go on to Duluth, where it will be distributed, most of it going to Europe, however.

Come Quick

Save $1.00 on a pair of Fine Shoes.

SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW—
Men's welt sole Box Calf Shoes worth $3.50, one day only, for

$2.50

EDWARD EHLE SHOE CO.,
Torrey Building, Ground Floor.
Repairing Neatly Done.

REMARKABLE.

Bad Case of Stammering Cured In One Day.

Dr. E. L. Riverberg, a specialist in the treatment of stuttering, stammering and other vocal defects, who is stopping at the McKay hotel, has, even during the short time he has been here, accomplished some remarkable cures.

Miss Sophie Grevious, a young lady formerly of Claire Falls, but now living with Mrs. H. Christian, 318 Twenty-fifth avenue west, is one of the most enthusiastic admirers of the doctor's work in the city. Her case was well known to residents in the West End as one of the worst that could possibly be, but after one treatment she is practically entirely cured. A Herald reporter, who saw the young lady when she first presented herself to the doctor, can testify that it was positively distressing to listen to her speech. When the reporter called next day, at an invitation from both doctor and patient, he was amazed to find her speech perfectly free from any sort of impediment, and the young lady very happy and enthusiastic in the doctor's praise.

The best indorsement of the doctor's wonderful methods is undoubtedly that which comes from one who has been completely cured, and Miss Grevious would be delighted to have anyone afflicted as she was write or call on her personally.

AT ASHLAND.

Fund For Ore Dock Fire Sufferers---Social Events.

Ashland, Wis., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The committee appointed by Mayor Williams to solicit aid for the ore dock fire sufferers are meeting with great success. Two of this committee commenced work Friday afternoon, and on Saturday, about 9 a. m., they turned over $250 to the city treasurer, Mr. Keenan, who is custodian of the fund. Rev. Mr. Humphries and John F. Scott also collected $140. The highest contribution was from the Ashland Brewing company. The largest individual subscription was made by H. Hengen, sawyer at Murrey's mill, $10. The committee are still hard at work, inhopes of securing several hundred dollars more. The entertainment at the Opera house Sunday evening to raise money for the same purpose was entirely of choice music. Two fine orchestras assisted. Songs were given by outside actors and by the performers at the Palm Garden. The performance was given for the families of Gus Anderson, Linbon and Fone. Manager Segan donated the use of the house, Tucker and Chapman's orchestra, as well as the performers of the Palm Garden and other actors who spent Sunday in Ashland on their way to Duluth volunteered their services.

One of the finest parties ever given in the city was last Wednesday evening at the Knight Music hall by the Order of Railroad Conductors. The affair was a great success. The celebrated Arion orchestra, of Oshkosh, furnished the music. There were a large number of music-loving people who attended as listeners aside from the participants in the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnham, former residents of Duluth, entertained the Pedro club at their home Wednesday evening.

The Assembly Dancing club expects to have the most successful series of dances the coming winter ever conducted by this popular club. The first dance was in every way a brilliant affair, and the ladies were beautifully gowned.

Another brilliant party was given in the Masonic Temple by Judge and Mrs. Parish and Mr. and Mrs. McKee. The dining room decorations were yellow and white chrysanthemums. Mrs. Paris hand Mrs. McKee were assisted by Augusta Kennedy and Mrs. Rodman.

RECOUNT BEGINS

Ballots on Fifth Amendment In Hands of Commission.

In Seven Precincts Today, Amendment Gained Two.

Started With a Lead of Slightly Better Than Two.

The recount of ballots in the "fifth" charter amendment contest began this morning.

In the first seven precincts it is claimed the amendment has made a net gain of two.

The "fifth" amendment, one of the eight adopted at the special election of Oct. 23, carried by but two and a fraction votes.

It was drafted for the purpose of giving authority to levy 80 per cent of the estimated cost of improvements and for collecting the same as soon as the contract should be let.

Local real estate men fought against the amendment, claiming that the tendency would be to promote municipal extravagance.

When the votes were counted it was found that 909 had voted for the "fifth" amendment and 410 against it. An affirmative vote of 907 was required to ratify it, and the amendment was declared adopted.

The real estate men thought it possible that the judges of election had made errors in the counting of ballots and asked for a recount.

This recount, which is being conducted in the council chamber at the city hall, is attended by Victor Stearns and A. W. Hunter, representing the contestants; Clarence B. Miller and J. D. Holmes, representing the city. Frank Crassweller was chosen as the neutral representative.

The amendment gained one vote on the count in the Woodland precinct of the First ward and lost one on the count in the Second precinct of the First ward.

Then in the Second ward the recount revealed two ballots where the intention of the voter to vote in the affirmative was very clear, but the judges did not count these ballots. This is where the city representatives claim a net gain of two.

The scene in the council chamber reminds a person of the two famous Hugo-Truelsen recounts.

RECIPROCITY.

Duluth Asked to Participate In Convention at Detroit.

Duluthians are asked to participate in an international convention to bring about reciprocity with Canada.

The invitation came to Mayor Hugo this morning from the National Reciprocity league.

The convention will be held Dec. 10 and 11 in Detroit, and as many representatives as possible from Duluth are desired.

Mayor Hugo will turn the invitation over to the Commercial club and let the business men act on it rather than the city officers.

Governor Cummins of Iowa will be the principal representative of the United States and for Canada, Hon. John Charlton, M. P., will appear before the convention.

The reciprocity program also includes addresses by E. N. Foss, of Boston; Frank D. Pavey, of New York, and Campbell Shaw, of Buffalo.

It is not likely that Duluth will be very largely represented in the convention, but the consensus of opinion was that if any representative business or professional men from here should be in Detroit at that time they will be asked to represent Duluth and watch the lumber, grain and mining interests of this section of the country.

ONE MORE DEAD.

Fatalities of Swift Explosion Now Number Fourteen.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Moses Berryman, a victim of Saturday's explosion at the plant of Swift & Co., died at Mercy hospital today, making the list of dead fourteen. Berryman was a coal wheeler employed in the engine room of the ill-fated plant and was taken to the hospital soon after the explosion in an unconscious condition. He did not regain consciousness and his relatives and address are unknown to the authorities.

BROTHERS DROWNED.

Millersburg, Mich., Dec. 1.—Nelson and Frank Hamlin, brothers, aged 12 and 10 years respectively, were drowned here while skating yesterday. Their bodies were recovered in ten feet of water.

CONGRESS IS OPENED

(Continued From Page 1.)

leader and other prominent members also held impromptu receptions.

Three minutes before the hour of noon the doors from the rear lobby swung open and Speaker Henderson entered. He was immediately surrounded by members and held a reception upon the marble steps of the rostrum until the hands of the clock met. Then, exactly at 12 o'clock, noon, he ascended to his place. A great outburst of applause greeted him as he faced the house and galleries. With vigorous whacks of the gavel the speaker stilled the demonstration in his honor. In the hush that followed, the blind chaplain, Rev. Couden, offered prayer. When he had concluded the speaker directed the clerk to call the roll. Immediately a babble of voices broke out afresh and in the volume of sound that filled the hall, the calls of the clerk could hardly be distinguished. So great was the confusion that the speaker was obliged to bring the house to order and to admonish both the members and the spectators in the galleries to preserve order. The roll call then proceeded.

When the roll call was finished, the speaker announced a quorum present. The resignations of Representatives Ray (N. Y.) and Hall (Pa.) were laid before the house. The following members, elected during the recess to fill vacancies caused by death or resignation, then appeared before the bar of the house and took the oath of office:

Augustus B. Garner, Sixth Massachusetts, vice Secretary Moody (resigned); Alexander Billmyer, Seventeenth Pennsylvania, vice Rufus K. Polk, deceased; Frank B. Brandege, Third Connecticut, vice Charles A. Russell, deceased; John W. D. Wight, Twenty-sixth New York, vice George Ray, resigned; De Witt C. Flannigan, Fourth New Jersey, vice J. S. Salmon, deceased; Carter Glass, Sixth Virginia, vice Peter J. Otey, deceased; Morris Shephard, deceased; James J. Butler, Twelfth Missouri, vice himself, he having been unseated at the last session.

Immediately after the swearing in of these members, Mr. Taylor (Ohio) created a flurry by offering a resolution to investigate the election of Carter Glass, in the Sixth Virginia district. Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, challenged action upon the resolution, but as Mr. Taylor did not ask action upon it, but only that it be referred to the committee on elections No. 1, it was so referred without objection.

A resolution was then adopted for the appointment of a committee of three members to join a similar committee from the seate to wait upon the president and inform him there was a quorum and that it was ready to receive any communication he might desire to make. The speaker appointed Messrs. Bingham (Pa.), Hitt, (Ill.), and Richardson, (Tenn.).

The customary resolutions instructing the clerk to inform the senate that the house was ready to do business and fixing the hour of meeting at noon were adopted. Mr. Brandege, of Connecticut, then announced the death of Mr. Russell, his predecessor and presented the usual resolutions of regret. These were adopted and at 12:56 p. m., as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The scene in the senate chamber today when that body met to begin the work of the second session of the Fifty-seventh congress was a brilliant one. Long before noon, when President Pro Tem. Frye brought his gavel down and opened the proceedings, the galleries began filling up. Every seat was soon occupied and hundreds stood outside in the corridors clamoring for admission. The floor of the senate was a veritable garden of flowers, roses and violets spreading their fragrance throughout the chamber. Many of the floral pieces were magnificent and completely hid the desks from view. Without distinction of party, senators moved from one side of the chamber to the other and renewed old acquaintances. The old sores which had been made in the heat of debate during the last session seemed healed, and everywhere it was noticed that the best of feeling prevailed. The familiar figure of Senator James McMillan, of Michigan, who was beloved by his associates, was missing, and universal sorrow was again expressed over his demise.

Instead of the customary black drapery, there was placed on the desk formerly occupied by the late Senator McMillan a sheaf of bridal roses and palms tied with white satin ribbon.

A number of the diplomatic corps occupied seats in the gallery reserved for them.

Mr. Frye ascended the rostrum at noon and a hush fell upon the assemblage while Rev. J. F. Prettyman, who took the place of Rev. Dr. Milburn, pronounced the invocation. The clerk called the roll and sixty-eight senators responded to their names.

The customary resolutions were adopted notifying the house that the senate was ready to proceed to business, appointing a committee to join with one from the house to wait upon the president and inform him that congresss was assembled, and also fixing the hour of meeting at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Burrows (Mich.) then announced the death of his colleague, James McMillan. He spoke with great emotion and briefly referred to the life and services of the dead senator. Resolutions of regret were offered and adopted, and as a further mark of respect the senate at 12:12 p. m. adjourned until 12 o'clock tomorrow.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

J. S. LANE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Moved to 228½ W. First St.
Pleased to see all my old customers in my new quarters

Orders Receive prompt attention.
MERRITT & HECTOR,
Printers and Binders.
32 W. First Street.

AT WEST DULUTH

The Irving Tigers closed their football season yesterday by defeating the Central avenue team by the score of 13 to 0.

Irving won the toss and chose to kick with the wind. After a period of line bucking and end plays, the ball was carried around the end for a touchdown by Dunleavy. Schinlaub kicked the goal.

In the second half Irving kicked the ball to the Central's two-yard line, and Carey downed the ball before it was advanced from where it fell. Irving forced a touch back. Score, 8 to 0.

Central kicked off, the ball was carried back to the Central's 10-yard line by a series of plays, and Dunleavy was put over for his second touchdown. Schinlaub failed to convert.

The players were as follows:

Irving—Schinlaub, Anderson, Price, Noland, Lemieux, Olson, Dunleavy, Arnold, Cary, Harvey, Ehr.

Central—Trembly, Broasa, Moore, Olson, Lallair, Sennet, McAllan, Baker, Sennett, Trembly, La Brage.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Graves returns to Menominee today after a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

Miss Hazel Fisher is seriously ill at her home at Fifty-second avenue west and Ramsey street.

Euclid lodge, 198, A. F. and A. M., will hold a special meeting Wednesday evening. Election of officers will be held and a banquet served.

T. J. Thompson, D. Gauther and J. Gauther leave today for their claims near Tower. They will spend the winter there.

O. Hocquail is in West Duluth today from the range.

J. Faulkner and D. Butler have returned from a hunting trip.

John Eldridge leaves for the range today.

The ladies of the Episcopal church meet tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. A. Scott for the purpose of organizing a ladies' auxiliary.

V. A. Misch and H. P. Riley, of Connersville, Ind., are registered at the Philips.

F. McDonnell, of Aitkin, a former West Duluth resident and an old settler in this town, is visiting his old friends in the city. This is Mr. McDonnell's first visit to West Duluth since he left here, eight years ago.

J. Rossiter has returned from a hunting trip. He had poor luck and did not succeed in bringing back any deer.

A hunting party, composed of I. Detheridge, M. J. Filiatrault, Charles Silger, R. Catel, R. Fleischer, W. Pollock, T. F. Wielund, W. F. Kern and R. E. Moore have returned from a hunting trip to Pine Station. Nine deer were brought back. Some of the members of the party have been out since the beginning of the season.

Alexander Belmeur, of Montreal, is visiting his son, Joseph Belmeur.

John Eldred will return to his home in Tower today.

John McDougall arrived Saturday from Montreal and is visiting his brother, Joseph McDougall.

Richard Wade, of Two Harbors, is visiting his brother, F. H. Wade. He will return to his home this afternoon.

J. F. King, of Brainerd, is a visitor in West Duluth.

Edward Williet, of Ashland, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Mrs. Kakbrenner died at the Red Cross hospital yesterday.

Mason Forbes, who was home to spend Thanksgiving, leaves for Wisconsin today.

CONCHA IS RETIRED

(Continued From Page 1.)

Caracas a written acceptance of part of Germany's claims, sufficiently comprehensive to delay the presentation of a joint ultimatum by Germany and Great Britain, if not rendering it altogether unnecessary. It is also understood that Great Britain's demands will be satisfied.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—Foreign Secretary Von Richstofen and the British foreign secretary, Lord Lansdowne, are now in correspondence over Venezuela's change of front. This government considers that a peaceful setttlement of the questions in dispute is quite probable, and attributes President Castro's yielding to the fact that he has become aware that the United States would not interpose any obstacle to the forcible collection of the claims of Germany and Great Britain.

A MILLION VOICES

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes—"It completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung trouble. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Abbett's Drug store.

PENSION AND POSTMASTER.

Washington, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $8 per month has been granted to Ambrose M. Cox, of Duluth.

L. M. Linnell has been appointed postmaster at Embarrass, St. Louis county, vice E. K. Hughes, resigned.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.
Drink .....
ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
Ideal Beer Hall.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.
PATENTS
and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof
JAMES T WATSON.
P. O. Box 573, or Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.
Call or send for information.
Contracts. Licenses. Designs.

SKATING RINKS

Great bargains in stoves and stove supplies.
No. 5 Radiant Home only
$33.00.

Open this week and we have a complete line of all kinds and sizes of skates. Barney & Berry and Klipper Klub are our leading lines.

HOCKEY SKATES
75c to $5.

Christmas goods arriving every day. If you want a useful present, you can find it here at the right price.

WIELAND & WADE,
Hardware, Stoves and Sporting Goods.

Henry Disston's cook says of Presto

Very nice indeed. I made cakes from Presto and they was delicious, 'deed they was, and the pie crust was elegant too.
1305 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa. October 27, 1902. (Signed) Alice Booker, with Henry Disston.

P 37
The H-O {Hornby's Oatmeal} Company

What does your cook say?

BUY ONE OF THESE LOTS

SIZE 50x140 FEET.

They are at **Lakeside, Woodland, Hunter's Park** and **West End.** Also a few right in the **center of Duluth, on Seventh street.** All nice lots, near school and street cars. **Now,** this is the way you can make a purchase: You pay **only $25.00 cash,** then you pay **20c a day,** or $6.00 per month, until the lot is paid for. **Price** of the lots are **from $150 to $400,** just as cheap as they can be bought for all cash, and many of them are ***great bargains.* When the lot is paid for we will loan** you money to build a small house with **at 6 per cent interest.**

Now, if you do not care to build, **the same lots** will sell for a **much larger sum** than you pay for them inside of one year.

We will **guarantee** the title to every lot we sell.

Office open nights until 9 p. m., **Monday, Wednesday** and **Saturday all** this month.

We have clerks in office that speak **German and Scandinavian,** as well as English languages.

Come early and get your choice! **We will** show the lots to you. **We only** have a few lots that we can sell on these terms! **Start a home** for yourself or begin to **save** money. **Most** of the **large fortunes** are made from **real estate investments!**

DULUTH real estate is the best that can be purchased! **DULUTH** has a **good future! DULUTH IS GREAT!** Call on us.

GEORGE H. CROSBY

Nos. 106-7-8 Ground Floor Providence Building.

ITEMS FOR DULUTH

Contained In Estimates By Secretary of the Treasury.

Double Keeper's Dwelling For the Range Light Station.

Small Steam Tender For Use In the Bay Wanted.

From The Herald
Washington Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the letter from the secretary of the treasury, transmitting the estimates of appropriations required for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, are the following, of interest to Minnesota:

To build a double keeper's dwelling at Duluth range light station, $10,000. There are three keepers at this station, where there are two lights and a fog signa. There is only one dwelling, and that is only large enough for the keeper and his family. The two assistants occupy rented quarters at their own expense. It is proposed to purchase a site and build a double dwelling for the assistant keepers and their families.

Construction of small steam tender for use in Superior and St. Louis bays, entrance to Duluth harbor, $13,000. This tender is needed to keep in order the lights and buoys of these waters, a work now inadequately done in part by contract.

To establish a lighthouse depot at or near Duluth, $14,000. This depot is needed to provide proper storage for the shore buoys, which must be kept on hand to replace those lost or injured, and to furnish a place for their manufacture and repair, that they may may be had when required, and that the efficiency of the service may not be impaired by the delay which would take place if they had to be procured from any long distance.

To complete improvements on Sturgeon bay and harbor of refuge, $44,000.

ROBBERS

Get In Their Work In Wisconsin and South Dakota.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 1.—A special to the Republican and Leader from Tomah, Wis., says: The postoffice at this place was robbed by three men about 2 o'clock this morning, who blew open the safe and escaped with what stamps it contained,, amounting to about $1500. The robbers entered the building by removing a panel from the rear door. The explosion awakened Dr. Bartell, who lives upstairs in the building next to the postoffice. He hunted up the town marshal, who scared the robbers away. They escaped and he is following after them.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—A Brookings, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The Bank of Aurora was burglarized this morning, but the electric alarm sounded and three burglars were caught. One of them was shot twice in the leg. They are local toughs.

PITIFUL CONDITION

Of Woman Who Has Been Sadly Bereaved.

Louisville, Dec. 1.—After seeing the lives of eight of her children snuffed out by the great Galveston tidal wave of September, 1901, and her husband, Richard Choate, foully murdered, Mrs. Betty Choate, after two years of mental darkness, is on her way back to her old home in Ludlow, Ky. With the two children remaining to her she traveled overland in a small wagon from Galveston to Louisville, making the journey in ten weeks. On arriving here yesterday afternoon the horse that brought them the entire distance gave out and they were compelled to apply to the police for assistance. The horse and wagon were sheltered at the Central station patrol stable. The penniless woman and her children were given food and lodging. Today Mrs. Choate will be taken before Mayor Grainger and an effort will be made to procure transportation for the family by boat to Ludlow.

WORKMEN TO STRIKE.

Houston, Texas, Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the street car workmen held this morning, it was resolved at once to go on strike as a result of the refusal of the Houston Electric company to grant an increase in wages from 19 to 21 cents an hour and recognition of the union. No cars are running this morning. One hundred and thirty-five motormen and conductors are out.

BLONDIN ON TRIAL.

Alleged Wife Murderer Faces Charge In Court.

Boston, Dec. 1.—J. Wilfrid Blondin was today placed on trial here charged with the murder of his wife, whose dismembered body was found at Chelmsford on June 10 last. Two murder indictments stand against Blondin, one in Suffolk county, on which trial was begun today, and one in Middlesex county, in which Chelmsford is situated. The theory that the woman was killed in this city rather than that the murder took place in Chelmsford being considered the better supported by the evidence obtained, it was decided to bring the trial in the Suffolk court. Judges Stevens and Braley presided and Attoney Harker appeared as prosecutor. He was assisted by Assistant District Attorney John McLaughlin. Blondin had three lawyers, John H. Morrison and James F. Owens, of Lowell, and J. G. B. Jacques, of Salem.

DIGNITARIES

Of Protestant Episcopal Church Meet In New York.

New York, Dec. 1.—Church dignitaries, headed by six bishops, are assembled here to take part in the week of advent missionary meetings, to be held in the Protestant Episcopal churches of the city and at Carnegie hall.

The meeting will continue afternoon and evening through the week. Twenty-two million are needed annually, churchmen say, to defray the expenses of sendign white missionaries to foreign lands, and the present meetings of the clergy are for the purpose of discussing means for raising the churches' share of funds for the work, and for making public ideas to the people of New York city, showing how the work is carried on.

Among those attending the conferences are Rt. Rev. Lord Bishop of Thetford, England; Bishop Partridge, of Kyote, Japan; Bishop Burgess, of Long Island; Bishop Tuttle, of Missouri; Bishop Hall, of Vermont; Bishop Gallor, of Tennessee, and Bishop Caler, of South Carolina.

A PUPPY DOG CASE

Brought Before President In Application For a Pardon.

Ex-Attorney General Garland Tells a Story About Pardons.

The Annual Work of Distributing Seeds Has Begun.

From The Herald
Washington Bureau

Washington, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—President Roosevelt has pardoned a man imprisoned in Alaska upon conviction of stealing a puppy valued at $15. The president has all sorts of cases of convicts to consider. Thousands of applications for pardon are filed with the president every year, but it is seldom that he has $15 puppy dog case to consider.

Some years ago a Western man of great prominence was convicted of a technical violation of the postal laws. He naturally desired a pardon and he employed ex-Attorney General Garland as his attorney. Mr. Garland was a Confederate veteran. He represented the state of Arkansas when he was selected for the head of the department of justice by President Cleveland. Like all Southerners he was somewhat slow in his movements, and some of the friends of the Western man came on to Washington to "hurry him up." These Western friends of the "man behind the bar" were somewhat persistent in their attempts to force Mr. Garland to "hurry up." Finally the former attorney general said to one of these friends, who is not a lawyer:

"Your associates don't seem to realize that I have had something more in the way of experience in pardon cases than they possibly could. In the first place, I have defended men convicted of capital crimes. Sometimes I have succeeded in securing a verdict of acquittal for a man charged with murder. Later, I was district attorney in Arkansas and helped to convict men accused of like crimes. Later I joined in recommending the condemned for pardons. I have served as a judge on the bench, and in that capacity have sentenced more than one man to death upon convictions under the charge of murder, and I have joined in an appeal to the governor of Arkansas to pardon the condemned man. I have served as governor and in that capacity have granted pardons myself. Finally I have been pardoned for my part in a capital crime and consequently I believe that I am better qualified to talk on the subject of pardons than most men.'

"Great Scott, senator," exclaimed his caller, "were you ever convicted of murder?"

"No," replied Senator Garland, but I was convicted of treason and I was the first man in the South pardoned by President Johnson.'

• • •

The work of distributing 39,000,000 of seeds by the government has begun. B. F. Brown, the inventor of various machines used in the preparation of the seed packages, has the contract this year for preparing the seed for distribution. The country has been divided into six divisions, and by Dec. 20 seeds will have been sent to Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, South Carolina and Texas. By Dec. 31 Arkansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, Tennessee and Washington will be reached. The other states are reached in January, February and March. Idaho, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming come last and seeds to this, the sixth, division will be sent by March 31.

At the building 221 Thirteen and a Half street, used for the distribution of government seeds, workmen are busy remodeling the plant. Another set of bins to hold the seed is being added, and there will be another row of machines to count and sack the seeds. The process is so accurate and so complete that the scales show every package of lettuce seed to weigh one hundred and twenty-eighth of a pound and every package of tomato seed to weigh the two hundred and fortieth part of a pound. But what is more remarkable, package after package of flower seeds after going through bins, chutes and machines weigh exactly the same, the weight in the instance of one flower being one-thousandth of a pound and in another one twelve-hundredth of a pound. Starting at the top of the building the seeds descend to the mail carts sorted, sacked, tagged and routed for the postoffice authorities, almost all by machinery.

On the upper floor there is a row of small bins, with chutes to the machines just below. Boys fill these bins with seeds from the sacks as it comess to the department from the various sources. Automatically it is fed to the machines, each operated by one girl. These machines measure the quantity, put the seed in the small sacks and seal the sacks. A chute carries these sealed sacks to the large bins on the next floor below, bins large enough to hold 200,000 of these packages. Belts run around the outside of these bins, sixteen in number, and a larger sack is used here. The belt carries the sack along the bin, and the girls stationed along place in the sacks the varieties needed. No mistake can be made. An operator cannot pick up any other variety, and she cannot well miss the sack as it slowly passes on the wide belt. Col. James Morrison, inspector in chief, also looks after that.

• • •

Thomas P. Ohiltree is dead. He was a Confederate soldier, and a great one. He served one term as United States marshal in Texas, and later was elected as a Republican to congress from the same state. He was best known in Washington as a story teller and a friend of the late John Chamberlain. Ochiltree always "put up" at Chamberlain's hotel, and most people thought he owned at least one-half of the place. When John would growl over the gout and order two birds and a small bottle, Tom would increase the order to four birds and a quart—and Chamberlain would sign the check.

On one occasion Ochiltree was morose and gouty. "What's the matter, Tom?" inquired the host. "Matter enough," growled the Texan, "I am just in from New York. Last night I sat in a poker game with John Mackay and a couple of other fellows, and I lost $2300, and the worst of it is that $6 was cash."

Ochiltree once attempted to run a daily paper in Texas. I think it was called the Houston Telegraph. It was not a paper of long life, and the reason for its demise was explained by Ochiltree in Chamberlain's one night. "I was in Paris," said Tom, "and one night I ran across a lot of English dukes and German princes in company with Jim Bennett, of the Herald. We took in the Jardin Mabille and a few other Parisian resorts, and we had all imbibed a few bottles, when Bennett excused himself, saying that he had an important cablegram to send to the Herald. I followed him outside and asked what he had.

" 'I am sending a dispatch concerning the Balkan troubles and the probable war in Europe as a result of that trouble?' "

" 'Say, Jim,' said I, 'may I duplicate the cablegram to the Houston Telegraph?'

" 'Sure,' responded Bennett. I sent the cablegram without reading it. When the draft for the tolls reached the business office of my paper," concluded Ochiltree, "it was deemed best to make an assignment, and that's the reason the Houston Telegraph failed."

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | *SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.*

Some Fine Oriental Rugs at a Third Off.

As a special inducement to Oriental Rug lovers we will *place on sale tomorrow only*—sixty-five pieces of fine Oriental Rugs in choice Persian, Turkish, Mousils, Kazaks and Kermanshaws, the sizes of which run from 3 feet wide by 6 feet long to 5 feet wide and 15 long—also Hall Runners, 3 feet wide by 12 feet long to 4 feet wide by 20 feet long—the prices—which run from about $25.00 to $85.00 each—*at exactly one-third off.*

Thus a $25 rug will be on sale at....$16.67
$30 rugs at....$20 $40 rugs at....$26.67
$45 rugs at....$30 $50 rugs at....$45.00
And so on throughout the lot—

The sale of this special lot will take place tomorrow only—and any selections made can be laid aside until wanted, or we will deliver them on Christmas Eve for those desiring to purchase them as Christmas gifts—

The sale begins promptly at 9 and none will be sold before that hour.

(Take elevator to third floor.)

P. S.—We will include in this sale for tomorrow only, *twenty choice pieces of Bokara Rugs*—sizes of which run from 2½ x 4 feet to about 3½ x 6 feet—*at one-third off.*

Silberstein & Bondy Company
DRY GOODS

Orange Grove Sale

Get your Xmas remembrances, dolls, and all useful and fancy articles at parlors of First M. E. church tomorrow, Dec. 2, day and evening. Candy, pies, cakes, plum pudding, doughnuts and other home cooking for sale. Roast beef dinner from 12 to 2., turkey dinner from 6 to 8 p. m., 35 cents each. Orchestra in evening.

SEAMEN

Hold Their Annual Convention at City of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Dec. 1.—The annual convention of the International Seamen's union opened in this city today. Only routine business was transacted at the opening session. E. W. Clark, who has been in prison at Thomaston, Me., for thirty years, convicted of mutiny, sent a gavel to be used by the presiding officer.

Accompanying the gift was a touching letter, asking the convention to seek a pardon in his behalf. There are thirty-two delegates present, six of whom are from the Pacific coast. Many questions relating to the betterment of the seaman's condition will come up for consideration. The delegates are opposed to a ship subsidy bill. Boston is in the lead for the next convention.

LITIGATION

Arises Over the Formation of County of Denver.

Denver, Dec. 1.—Governor Orman today issued a proclamation announcing the passage of the Rush amendment to the state constitution, abolishing the county of Arapahoe and creating the city and county of Denver and South Araphoe and Adams counties.

The purpose of this amendment is to give this city home rule, the dual offices of city and county being consolidated, but the change will not be effected without litigation.

City Treasurer Paul J. Sours refused to turn over the funds in his office to County Treasurer Elder, and Sheriff Serev refused to surrender his office to Hamilton Amstrong, chief of police, who is the new sheriff of the city and county. The municipal league, assisted by District Attorney Linsley will immediately begin proceedings to enforce the new law.

AUTO RECORDS LOWERED.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—Barney Oldfield of this city, driving Tom Coopers gasoline racing automobile, today at the Grosse Pointe track, lowered the world's one mile automobile record for a circular track to 1.01 1-5 and the five mile record to 5.20. Oldfield's five miles is eight seconds under the previous world's record. The trials were official and were made under the auspices of the Detroit Automobile Racing association.

FALLS OFF.

Port Business In November Shows Usual Decline.

The month of November witnessed the usual falling off in the business of the port of Duluth for the closing season of navigation. The total tonnage received during the month was but 101,393 tons, over half of which was coal. The coal receipts were several thousand tons heavier than during October. Lumber shipments were also considerable lighter than for the preeding month, and ore shipments were not so heavy as in October.

This week will witness the close of navigation so far as the lower lake ports are concerned as hull insurance expires Friday noon of this week.

Following is a statement of the business of the port for November:

RECEIPTS.	
Coal, tons	60,276
Sugar, barrels	19,360
Salt, barrels	36,586
Cider, barrels	2,020
Vinegar, barrels	890
Apples, barrels	20,802
Stone, tons	3,674
Cement, tons	3,795
Nails, kegs	7,616
Wire, bundles	10,702
Fresh fish, barrels	640
Salt fish, barrels	55,000
Merchandise, tons	14,690
Total tonnage	101,393
Number of arrivals	224

SHIPMENTS.	
Wheat, bushels	2,112,028
Corn, bushels	1,000
Oats, bushels	2,950
Barley, bushels	138,880
Flax, bushels	1,460,000
Flour, barrels	344,425
Lumber, feet	19,163,000
Shingles, number	2,360,[illegible]
Lime, barrels	2,000
Ore, tons	601,579
Total tonnage	782 968
Number of clearances	224

The figures on the ore shipments are those secured from the dock, not all the reports having been sent to the customs office up to this noon.

INCREASE.

Wheat Stocks Jump Considerably --- Season's Receipts to Date.

Wheat stocks last week showed an unexpected increase. About 250,000 bushels was looked for to be added to the stocks at the head of the lakes, but the amount gained was more than 1,200,000 bushels.

The total receipts and shipments of grain for the month of November were as follows:

	Receipts.	Shipm'as.
Wheat	8,025,858	6,399,520
Corn	822	822
Oats	203,404	228,961
Barley	1,473,330	1,479,771
Rye	136,252	100,313
Flax	4,447,028	4,408,927
	14,286,794	12,609,314

The total receipts of all grains from the beginning of the crop year to Nov. 30 were about 5,000,000 bus larger than those of the previous year in the same period. The receipts of wheat were about 600,000 bus more this year and the receipts of flax about a million and three-quarters more. The barley and oats receipts showed the largest gains in percentage. The figures are as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Wheat	27,995,013	27,307,388
Corn	822	69,585
Oats	1,083,402	361,596
Barley	5,046,840	2,796,283
Rye	694,777	685,783
Flax	12,894,318	11,170,031
	47,665,172	42,390,666

Still on Jury Cases.

There was very little prospect in district court this morning that the court cases on the present calendar will be reached tomorrow morning. There are two jury cases still on trial and neither appear to be near their close. In Judge Ensign's room testimony is still being introduced in the action brought by Ole Mattson against the Martin Tie and Timber company, and in Judge Dibell's the plaintiff is still putting in testimony in the personal injury case of Arthur Marcotte, administrator, against the Duluth-Superior Traction company.

Railroad Appointments.

Word was received here today of the appointments for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, which has lately reached the Twin Cities, and which began freight business today. Passenger business began a month ago. R. G. Brown is to be general Northwestern agent, with headquarters at Minneapolis. John B. Ryan, who as traveling freight agent for the Minneapolis & St. Louis has often visited Duluth, will have a similar position with the new system. C. A. Hunter has been appointed commercial agent at St. Paul.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE MARKS.

PATENTS!

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

Jewelry for Men

Men can wear but little jewelry. The little they do wear must be in the best taste.

It need not be expensive, but it must be correct.

We make a specialty of gentlemen's jewelry. We can suit

**Any Fancy—
Any Pocketbook.**

Our stock of jewe'ry has never been better than now. Designs were never more varied —prices were never lower. Everything worn or used by men is here.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,
334 West Superior Street,
Providence Building.

The only perfectly equipped jewelry manufacturing plant at the Head of the Lakes.

WATCHING FOR QUEER

Federal Authorities Said to Be Expecting Bad Dollars.

Are Expected to Show Up In This Section.

Report That Secret Service Is on Watch For Them.

A St. Paul paper publishes a story to the effect that federal officers are now on the lookout for counterfeit dollars in this section of the state.

According to this report they are expected to make their appearance from an outfit that has been hidden in the woods near Hibbing for four years.

More than four years ago bad dollars made their appearance in the range towns, and Capt. J. W. Lawrence, of the United States secret service, started on a still hunt that resulted in the arrest of one Mike Kinney and James King on a charge of counterfeiting. They were convicted and served their sentence. King, it will be remembered, was arrested again shortly after his release, this time for murder, and he is now serving a life sentence.

The counterfeiting apparatus was never found. It was thought to have been hidden in the woods near Hibbing, and according to the St. Paul paper, the secret service agents have made strenuous efforts to locate it ever since, but without result.

While King is in state prison yet, Kinney, his partner in crime, is at large. It is said that he has been seen at Hibbing, and it is thought that he has dug up the chest of tools, which is also claimed to be full of bad dollars. In view of these reports, federal officers are said to be on the lookout for the reappearance of counterfeit dollars in the northern part of the state.

The St. Paul paper states that the counterfeit dollars were very good ones, and that they were dangerous counterfeits. As a matter of fact, it was developed at the time of the hearing of the two men in Duluth that the work they were convicted of doing was not particularly smooth. The dollars were made of Babbitt metal and were light in weight. They could be passed in many places, and they were passed quite freely before King and Kinney were arrested and convicted. But they would hardly fool anybody accustomed to the handling of coin.

WITHOUT A RIPPLE.

Vast Sums Paid Over on the Shipping Deal.

London, Dec. 1.—The Morgans' payment in connection with the purchases of the International Mercantile Marine company are being carried out today without a ripple of excitement in the city. About 300 shareholders of the White Star and Dominion lines presented themselves at the Morgans' office before noon and were all paid by check. No gold was specially imported to meet the payments, the whole transaction having been arranged weeks ago. No statement is available regarding the propostion of shareholders wishing to accept bonds of the underwriting syndicate in lieu of cash. No bonds have yet been delivered because they will not be ready for several days to come.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ABSORPTION COMPLETED.

London, Dec. 1.—The absorption of the Nickel corporation by the International Nickel corporation, an American concern, practically has been completed. Up to today 93 per cent of the shareholders of the British concern had accepted the offer made to them.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE IVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

IN MICHIGAN.

Deck Hand Meets Instant Death at Escanaba Docks.

Escanaba—Pat Downy, aged 32 years, a deckhand on the steamer Maryland, met instant death as the result of a scuffle with two other deckhands on the boat. The three men were fooling on the deck of the boat, which was unloading coal on the St. Paul dock, when they all fell to the deck below. Downy had his neck broken and died instantly. George Belerol, of Grand Rapids, Mich., one of the trio, had his collar bone broken; Joe Malarkey, of Carnegie, Pa., the other, suffered a serious scalp wound.

Marquette—A Negaunee man has the contract for one of the most extensive operations of its kind ever undertaken in the peninsula. It is the demolition of the big Hurtis saw mill plant at Munising and its removal to Ontario, where he is to set it up again, ready to turn out lumber. The mill is one of the largest in this region, the main building being 150x50 feet. It is figured that forty or fifty freight cars will be required to transport the machinery and building material.

Eugene St. Onge, a 14-year-old DeTour, Chippewa county lad, went out to hunt rabbits with a gun loaded with bird shot. He had gone but a few rods from town when looking in the direction of a noise in the woods he saw a large buck deer pawing the ground. Both deer and boy discovered each other about the same time. The buck looked ugly, and the boy, not being prepared for big game, started on a run to a tree. The deer on a mad run gave chase. It was realized by the lad he could not make the haven before the animal would be on him, and suddenly turning he took hasty aim and pulled the trigger. The deer was but a few feet distant. The shot was a lucky one. The bird shot struck the animal in the neck, bringing it to the ground. Before it could get up young St. Onge picked up a club and hit it over the head several times, killing it.

Bessemer—The Wakefield Advocate will make its bow this week. It will be published by Hasbrouk & Silverman, present publishers of the Bessemer Free Press. It will be an eight-page, six column weekly to boom the bright prospects of that rejuvenated mining town, only three years ago looked upon as ripe for abandonment.

Iron Mountain—Residents living at the Chapin mine location have been helping themselves liberally to the mining company's timber. Logging and lumber have been taken not only for fuel but for sidewalk purposes. In excess of fifty cords have been stolen. Several arrests have been made.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

THE DAKOTAS.

Woman Confesses to the Robbery of Fargo Farmer.

NORTH DAOKTA.

Fargo—Sheriff Twitchell has arrested four men and two women implicated in the robbery of Farmer Boynton near Fargo Thanksgiving morning. Several hundred dollars worth of silver and the hired man's watch were recovered. This stuff was found at the Delmonico restaurant on lower Front street, run by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Troyer. Mrs. Toyer confessed and showed the officers where the silver was hidden in the clear. That couple and William Mullen and "Boston" Fitzgerald were arrested here and an alleged accomplice named Burke and a woman named Lottie were arrested at Valley City, where they had gone, last night. Indications are that the restaurant was a fence for stolen property and the woman's confession implicated all the persons under arrest.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Redfield—The barn of Frank Wheeler, in Packard's addition, was destroyed by fire, also stacks of grain and hay standing near the barn. The fire department was called but could do nothing, there being no water in that part of town. Mr. Wheeler had just built his house and barn and the people of the town have raised a purse to assist him.

Lead—Horace Ross was instantly killed in the Pluma mine. He fell forty feet. He was the first white child born at Vermillion, S. D., where his parents reside.

Rockford—Fire destroyed nearly all the business portion of this place. The loss is $7000; insurance, $1000. D. S. Ammermau lost a drug store and residence. Michael Hill's saloon, John Casey's saloon and several intervening buildings were destroyed with all their contents. Conway's saloon was the only property insured.

Spearfish—Raymond H. Carman has been adjudged insane and will be taken to Yankton. Religion is his theme. He has shown symptoms of an unbalanced mind for some time. After being placed in jail he became unmanageable, and it required six men to put him in a straight jacket to prevent his doing himself serious injury.

Lake Preston—Frank E. Smiff's farm residence, eight miles south, was destroyed by fire. Most of the furniture was saved. No insurance.

Work has been resumed on the old city well. There is every indication that a good well will be secured.

Keystone—A sentence of one year in the state reform school and a fine of $500 was imposed by the county court on Roy Preston, a minor, for malicious mischief. His guardian, R. T. Schuton, paid the fine and the rest of the sentence was remitted pending good behavior. Young Preston was convicted of destroying the dam of an ice pond.

NOT PIKE'S WIFE.

Eatinghouse Marriage Proves to Be Insecure.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Judge Clifford frowned upon the energetic aspirations of Miss Josephine Moffitt to become the separately maintained common law wife of William Wallace Pike, a son of Eugene S. Pike, the millionaire real estate dealer, and terminated the odorous Pike-Moffit proceedings in his court by reading a decision adverse to the contentions of the complainant.

He held that there was insufficient proof of any matrimonial agreement between the parties concerned; that their relations were meretricious in their inception and continued so to be, and that there was nothing to show that Miss Moffitt had any claim whatsoever to financial relief from her erstwhile admirer. Miss Moffitt was not in the court room when the decision was read. Neither was Mr. Pike.

The discouraging intelligence of the failure of her suit was conveyed to Miss Moffitt over the telephone by Mr. Bishop a few minutes after he heard the result. Mr. Pike was at the University club at luncheon when the glad news was conveyed to him. Attorney Bishop, on behalf of Miss Moffit, prayed an appeal, which was granted, and it is said the case will not be abandoned until the supreme court has passed upon its merits.

BANKS AND CURRENCY

Annual Report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Lack of Elasticity Serious Defect In Our Bank Notes.

Plan to Make the Circulation More Expansible Recommended.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The annual report of William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, has been prepared for transmission to congress. The report starts with a table giving a detailed statement of the resources and liabilities of all the national banks of the United States, as shown by the five reports of condition made in response to the call of the comptroller.

From this table it appears that on Sept. 15, 1902, the date of the last call, 4601 associations reported, with aggregate resources of $6,113,928,912.50. The loans and discounts amounted to $3,288,127,489.69, or more than 50 per cent of the total resources of the banks. The items of surplus and undivided profits amounted, respectively, to $326,393,953.66 and $169,216,512.03. The individual deposits reached the highest point in the existence of the national banking system, $3,209,273,893.93. There was due to approved reserve agents, other national banks, state banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks, the sum of $1,200,341,233.39.

From Sept. 30, 1901, to Sept. 15, 1902, there was an increase of $418,581,617.54 in the aggregate resources of the reporting banks, the principal items of interest being, loans and discounts, $261,511,562.29; United States bonds, $12,570,520; due from national and other banks, $35,217,372.29. There was an increase in capital stock of $50,193,537; in surplus and other profits of $65,048,357.81; and in individual deposits of $271,520,669.60.

Comparing conditions on September 30, 1892, with those shown in the last report, it will be seen that the number of active associations has increased from 3773 to 4601, or a net increase of 828. The aggregate resources of the associations increased during the decade $2,693,834,015; loans and discounts, $1,109,086,393; bonds on deposit as security for circulation, $160,978,460, and specie and legal-tender notes, $157,119,741 and $37,489,673, respectively. While the capital of the associations increased only to the extent of $18,962,402, the surplus and undivided profits are now greater than in 1892 by $155,086,287. The volume of individual deposits increased from $1,765,422,981 to $3,209,273,894, or nearly 82 per cent. While the outstanding circulation has increased $174,568,511, or over 122 per cent, there was no material increase until subsequent to March 14, 1900, the date of the act authorizing the issue of circulation to the par value of bonds on deposit.

The deposits on which reserve was required amounted to $3,844,365,538.57. The banks held in cash with reserve agents and in redemption fund $989,433,995.26, but the available reservethat is, the proportion of deposits with reserve agents, not exceeding the percentage of reserve required after deducting the redemption fund and cash on hand—amounted to $804,333,904.09, which was $17,563,177.76 in excess of the legal requirement, being an average reserve of 20.92 per cent. The banks located in the central reserve cities, New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, held a reserve of $250,684,716.24 on deposits amounting to $1,040,587.79, an average of 24.09 per cent. The average reserve of New York city banks was 24.70, of Chicago banks 21.89, of St. Louis 24.15. The banks located in other reserve cities held $258,015,769.41 against deposits of $1,060,571.71, the average per cent being 24.33 per cent. Banks located outside of the reserve cities held reserve funds to the amount of $295,603,418.41, or 16.91 per cent, on deposits aggregating $1,743,206,583.04.

During the year ended October 31, 1902, 470 banks were chartered, with an aggregate capital of $31,300,000, of which number 302, with capital of $7,905,000, were of the smaller class, and 168, with capital of $23,225,000, had individual capital of $50,000 and over. There was an average of one and one-half banks organized on every secular day of the year.

The comptroller has made a careful investigation into the question of cost of operating the national banks. From the data gathered it was shown that the cost of operation, based on the average volume of loans and discounts, ranged from a minimum of 1.33 per cent for the largest class of banks to a maximum of 4.26 per cent for banks with the minimum amount of capital stock. Commenting upon the result of this investigation, the comptroller says: "There, of course, is no question as to the greater relative expense of operating banks with the minimum amount of capital stock than of associations with the larger volume, but by comparing the percentage of cost of operation based on the average amount of loans and discounts, with cost based on capital, it would appear that the higher rates of interest obtained by the smaller banks in a large measure offset the smaller relative cost of operation of the large banks. The cost of operation of the smallest class of banks, based on loans and discounts, is shown to be about three and one-fifth times greater than that of the largest class, while the cost of operation, exclusive of taxes, based on capital stock of the smallest class of banks, is but 3.16 per cent greater than that of the largest class."

In regard to the necessity of providing a more elastic currency, the comptroller says:

There can be no denial of the fact, and there is really none made, that the lack of elasticity is a serious defect in our bank notes, which greatly reduces their usefulness not only under normal business conditions, but when there is danger of financial difficulty. If this defect can be remedied or lessened without impairing the safety of the notes it should be done, and done at once.

All bank-note circulation is asset currency, and depends for its value upon the assets of the issuing bank. In most countries the banks are allowed to keep the assets, maintaining a certain reserve in coin and using the remainder for loans, or in any other way. Our national banks are required to use their assets, to the full amount of the circulation issued, in the purchase of bonds to be deposited with the treasurer of the United States. This requires an amount of assets in excess of the circulation received. It makes a very safe circulation, but is a very wasteful use of the assets. The resulting notes fulfill none of the requirements of an efficient and satisfactory circulation, but in their safety and uniformity in value.

If, in addition to the amount of notes they are now allowed to issue by law on bonds deposited in the treasury, the national banks were allowed to issue an additional amount of uncovered notes, beginning with 20 per cent and gradually increasing to 50 per cent, it would make the circulation more expansible. A graduated tax on the amount issued, joined with ample provisions for their redemption and return to the issuing bank, would result in the necessary contraction when the circulation became redundant and the notes not needed in business. The safety of the notes can be made absolute by a reserve fund raised by a very small tax. During the almost forty years the national banking system has been in existence, the total amount of the notes of the bank which have failed, outstanding at the time of their failure, has been less than $21,000,000. During this same period the banks have paid in taxes on circulation above $90,000,000, or four and one-half times as much as would have been required to pay all these notes if the bonds had not done so. If there had been outstanding the full 50 per cent of uncovered notes suggested above, or $10,000,000 above those covered by the bonds, the taxes which have been paid would have been nine times the amount required to pay them, if, as would of course have been the case, the bonds had paid for the covered notes.

It has been urged against the idea of a guarantee fund that the strong banks would not take out the notes and pay the the taxes for the benefit of the weaker banks. If the inducements to issue notes in the past have been sufficient to secure nine times the amount of taxes required, it is certainly a safe calculation that they will be sufficient in the future. In further confirmation of these figures, it is shown in the table prepared in this office for Mr. Fowler, chairman of the committee on banking and currency of the house of representatives, and included in his able report on H. R. 13363, that a tax of 0.22 per cent would have been sufficient to pay the notes of all failed national banks if the bonds had been lost or destroyed.

The safety of the notes should be further increased by provisions that only banks with a minimum of unimpaired capital and surplus could issue the uncovered notes, and that the comptroller of the currency, or the comptroller and the secretary of the treasury, should have discretion to refuse any bank, or all the banks, authority to issue additional uncovered notes. The period covering the whole history of the national banks is long enough to have established reliable averages, which can be as safely counted upon as the averages upon which the vast insurance business of the world is done. Any unusual variation would be amply provided for by the factor of safety of nine, which the figures given above show in the taxes paid during this whole period.

The present capital of all the national banks would permit the issue of about $140,000,000 of uncovered notes for the first issue of 20 per cent and the ultimate issue of $350,000,000 if the amount was increased to 50 per cent. These maximum figures would probably be increased in the number of national banks.

The people in the country who do this enormous business and produce the great wealth are entitled to better service than they get, are in fact entitled to the very best facilities which can be devised and supplied to them. It can not be any undue inflation of credit to supply these people who have just raised such quantities of the most readily saleable staples the money they require in that form of bank credits represented by circulating notes. As the tables show, these people own land worth $13,674,000,000, farm implements forth $761,000,000, live stock worth $3,078,000,000, and raise over $4,000,000,000 worth of products. In the farming states there are banks with over $600,000,000 of capital and $70,000,000 of surplus. They have on hand in cash $370,000,000, and due from other banks $802,000,000. Here are agencies enough to perform this work and abundant bases for credits if the law permit it. We place no limit on the loans they make, but that supplied by reserve requirements on the depisits; why should they not supply a limited amount of notes secured by two-thirds their value in bonds and made absolutely safe to the note holder by the guarantee fund raised by the tax on circulation? Such a change in the currency would not only supply the needs for crop moving, but also the currency needed for other business.

Each bank could supply what it found was necessary for its own customers. The demand which generally begins in the late summer months would gradually be met as it came. In every community the supply would be in the hands of men who are familiar with local needs and conditions, and the distribution would be made where and when needed without reference to conditions elsewhere or dependence on the money market in the reserve cities and financial centers.

This would be of great benefit, not only to the people in farming districts and those handling farm products, but to the vast number of business men engaged in mining, manufacturing, mercantile, and commercial lines. Instead of the whole business public dreading the approach of the crop-moving time for fear there might come some stringency in the money market to upset their calculations and interfere with their financial arrangements, the banks would be in position to furnish the currency needed for the crops when and where it was to be used without disturbing business in other lines.

In times of panic the power to issue additional notes would be an element of great strength to the banks and not of weakness. It would enable the banks to protect themselves and their customers when protection is most needed. Panics or financial crisis come generally very suddenly and as the result of fear which spreads among the people that they will not be able to get money to meet their payments and conduct their business. This spreads and forces liquidation of credits which otherwise would have remained outstanding. There never is a time when the liquidation of all credits, or any large proportion of those outstanding, is possible without producing a crisis.

As long as there is confidence, and each individual feels secure that he can get what money he needs upon usual terms and security, there is no necessity for it. If our bank circulation can be made more automatically elastic so that the banks can supply more or less of circulation as needed, which is so safe and reliable that it is readily accepted and used for all business transactions, we will have a force at work in our financial affairs which will diminish the liability of a money panic, and will be an efficient aid when we shall have an actual condition of panic.

This plan for the modification of the national bank currency is not offered as anything new. It has been suggested often before, widely discussed, and bills embodying these general features have been before congress for several years. It is not claimed that this plan would remedy all the defects in our currency system, but it is urged as a practical and simple method of improving the national-bank currency by giving it the much-needed quality of elasticity without impairing its safety. If we wait until there is agreement on all points before we make a change in our currency laws, we will never make any reform.

With Hoops of Steel

By Wm. H. Osborn.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Hardwicke sat on the sofa, as near to his sweetheart as it was possible to get. The lamp burned low. It was late in the evening, and I was nearing Hardwicke's usual hour of departure. The girl's head rested upon his shoulder. She remarked casually that she would like it to rest there forever. Of course, this was merely figurative, for Hardwicke would have a good time going to business and up and down Broadway, with a young woman's head affixed to his shoulder. Over and above that, just as like as not, it would cause some comment. But nevertheless, he assented, and said, something unoriginally that he too would like it always to rest there, and nowhere else. From the tenor of these remarks and also from the fact that these were the only audible remarks for an hour, at least, it is apperent that both Hardwicke and the girl were pretty hard hit.

But Hardwicke had been restless all the evening—as restless as he was on the night that he proposed, and that is saying a good deal. The girl made up her mind that he had something on his mind, so she removed her head from his shoulder, and taking him by the lappels and looking him squarely in the face, demanded of him what it was. He hemmed and hawed and hesitated for a time, declared it was nothing—and finally blurt out the truth.

"Well, now," he began, "you'll think I'm a beast and all that, but I—well, here, now, if I tell you the exact truth will you believe all that I say—all, mind?"

She said she would. "Now, first, then," went on Hardwicke, "Do you believe with all your heart that I love you with all my heart, that I never loved anybody else, and that if I can't marry you, I won't marry anybody? It's all true. Do you believe it?"

The girl—nice little girl she was too—leaned down and put her arms around his neck (he was sitting at her feet) and kissed him.

"Of course I do," she replied, "if you say so."

"I did say so," returned he. "Well say so again," she suggested. He obeyed. "Now," he went on, "I can tell you the rest. It's—it's about another—another girl. She's a woman, a good deal older than you are. I—I'm engaged to—to her—"

The girl gave a sort of smothered shriek. Her mother upstairs, must have heard it, for there was a rap fom the ceiling above which indicated that it was time to adjourn the session of the lower house.

"Well," went on Hardwicke, "I—I couldn't realy help it. It happened last summer. She was a girl with—with money, and she seemed to like me, and I suppose I was flattered by it. And though she's not young—she's six months six months older than I am, and though she's not pretty—not at all like you—, why, one night the moon must have struck her face just right, or the band must have been playing sentimental pieces or something, but I—I kissed her, and then I proposed to her. And she didn't seem so bad, until I met you. I—I didn't know there was anybody like you in the whole world before, and when I met you I—I fell in love for the only time in my life, and I knew then that I didn't love the other girl. And then," he proceeded miserably, "I proposed to you, and you accepted me, and I haven't had a chance to break with the other girl, and—and I don't know how, and here I am, engaged to two girls. And what am I to do." Now it mustn't be supposed that Hardwicke proceeded in a steady stream as set forth above. His confession was interlarded with exclamations, sighs, tears, groans, kisses, caresses and so forth, as his mood or the mood of his listener varied. And after he had finished, Hardwicke found that it hadn't been so hard to tell it, after all. And the little girl—well, she was such a matter of fact little personage, and so very much infatuated with Hardwicke, and so determined not to give him up that she didn't lose a a minute's time in solving the problem.

"Do," she replied lightly, "why break your engagement with her. That's easy."

"Yes, but how?" protested Hardwicke, "she—she's so sensitive, and I've never done anything to hurt her, except that I don't pay her much attention, but she keeps right on loving me and—and I'm in a devil of a pickle anyhow."

But the little girl shut up her lips good and tight and puckered up her brow—and thought.

"What's her name?" she finally inquired.

"Charlotte Burnett," promptly responded the youth, "she's old Burnett's daughter, the steam pipe man."

"And she's sensitive, is she?" went on the girl.

"Awfully," responded Hardwicke.

"Well, then, I'll tell you what," continued she, "let her break the engagement—"

"She!" exclaimed Hardwicke, "but she wouldn't!"

"Oh, yes, she would," confidently replied the young lady, "you say she's rich, and she's sensitive. Suppose she thought you wanted her only for her money—suppose you make her think that you're only a fortune hunter—what then? How about that?

"By George," exclaimed the young man, "that's so, I didn't think of that. But how can I make her think that without—"

The little girl arose, took him by the coat collar in a coy sort of way and sat him down in front of a desk.

"Take a pen and a piece of paper," she commanded. He obeyed.

"Now," she continued, "who are your tailors?"

"W—what's that got to do with it," asked Hardwicke.

"Never mind," she replied, "who are they?" He told her.

"Very well, now you write and I'll dictate. Now put down just what I say: Messrs. Lord & Lord:

"Gentlemen—I received your very urgent letter requesting immediate payment of my account, which as you say, has been running so long—"

"But I don't owe 'em a cent," he protested.

"Go on," she commanded.

"In that connection I want to say to you that if you sue as you threaten to, you will have your trouble for your pains, as I have nothing. But on the other hand, I am able to state to you confidentially, that I am about to marry Miss Charlotte Burnett, daughter of the wealthy steam pipe man, and if you can hold off for a while, I shall have plenty of money from that source, and besides, afterwards I can throw a good deal of business your way. In fact, I will do all I can to hurry up the wedding to accommodate you—and my other numerous creditors. Think it over.

"Very truly,
"F. B. HARDWICKE.

"Now, address an envelope just as I tell you—

"Miss Carlotte Burnett,
"231 Parker Ave., City.

and mail it, and there you are."

"But—but," gasped the young man, "am I to send that to her?" "Of course you are," she replied, "don't you see that she will think that you have mixed up two letters and sent your tailor's to her and her's to your tailors. And when she gets it—my won't she be mad."

Hardwicke was radiant. The idea was superb. He was proud of it, and proud of the acute little intellect that concocted it. It was only after the thirteenth repetition of the knock from above that he was able to tear himself away.

Next day he ascended the steps of 231 Parker avenue, with a palpitating heart. He was admitted. The parlor was empty. He was just taking a good big brace upon his spirits, when he heard a rustle of skirts and Miss Charlotte Burnett was upon him. She carried a square bit of paper in her hand. She literally sailed up to him, clasped her arms around his neck and showered him with kisses. "You poor, dear boy," she exclaimed. Then she pulled his letter out, and explained to him his own mistake. He accepted the explanation meekly. "And to think, you poor thing," she went on, "that you have been in financial straits all this time and bore up bravely as you have. My dear, dear boy, don't let it worry you. I've sent to Lord & Lord for the amount of your bill, which I intend to pay, and then, we will just hurry up that wedding and you can use all of my money that you like—you'll have a right to, then, my dear, dear boy!"

"Yes ma'am," replied Hardwiche. In the exuberance of his spirits he didn't know just what else to say.

Hardwicke and Miss Burnett were married in December—a winter bride and groom. It was a rather frosty day—for Hardwicke.

And the little girl—oh! she has another sweetheart and is just as happy as she's ever been. There are always plenty of fish swimming around unhooked.

SUSPENDED.

Trouble Between Miller and Government Binders Is Serious.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The trouble between W. A. Miller, of Minneapolis, and formerly of Duluth, an assistant foreman in the binding division of the government printing office, and the Bookbinders' union, has assumed a rather serious turn.

Miller, although out of his position for a couple of weeks, is in the classified civil service and will make a fight to remain.

Hints that there will be a congressional investigation into the methods of doing business in the government printing office are heard as the time draws nigh for assembling of the national legislature.

It is known that Congressman Joel Heatwole, chairman of the house committee on printing, has been requested to call for an investigation, but whether or not he will take any action is a question. Mr. Heatwole is very popular with the printing fraternity, but the investigation proposed grows out of the trouble existing between the Bookbinders' union and W. A. Miller, an assistant foreman in the government bindery.

By some the difficulty has been magnified to such an extent that it involves as much in principle as the trouble between the coal operators and the miners, which resulted in the long protracted strike now in process of arbitration.

The printing office and bindery for some time has been behind in its work. Some time early in October Mr. Miller urged speed in getting out bound volumes. It is said that he exacted that each binder bind four additional books per day in addition to the schedule as agreed upon. The binders refused to comply and Miller's case was taken up before the union, with the result that he was suspended.

The forecast of sudden changes in the weather serves notice that a hoarse voice and a heavy cough may invade the sanctity of health in your own home. Cautious people always have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure always at hand. It cures Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and all Throat and Lung troubles. Max Wirth.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

BUY NOW!

Do not delay your holiday purchasing. Later you'll be bothered by the crowds. *Now* you can buy in comfort and select from complete assortments.

Glass Block prices are always lowest.

Glass Block qualities are always the best to be had.

The Glass Block prices are the same to all.

The Glass Block satisfies you, or your money back, without question.

La Fleur corsets.

Special demonstration and exposition of the latest success in the corset world. In Boston, New York and Chicago, the La Fleur corsets have come to the front in popularity within the past year. The largest and most fashionable stores have scored pronounced success in the introduction of these stays.

As the Glass Block is looked to for the latest and best in all that makes for style and dressiness, we have added the La Fleur, in all its best numbers.

Miss Merriam, of Boston,

Has been specially engaged to oversee the introduction of the La Fleur corsets in Duluth. She has had large experience as a corsetiere and will be delighted to give the benefit of her knowledge to all women who visit the corset department. Points on fitting, or hygiene, or securing long life to the corset, or perfecting the figure—will be freely given to all interested.

YOU ARE INVITED.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Removed. Removed.

S. Goldberg, the fashionable ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 15 Phoenix block to larger and more commodious quarters at 101 West Superior street, where he has a new stock of the latest styles in winter suitings and overcoatings never before shown to the public. Those who want style, fit and workmanship should call and inspect our stock.

S. GOLDBERG, 101 W. Sup. St

Prescriptions

We don't guarantee to cure your cold in one day, but we DO guarantee to fill your prescription as the doctor wrote it, and to use only the best and purest drugs.

Smith & Smith,
Druggists.
101 West Superior Street.

SEASON CLOSES

Deer Hunting Is Now Unlawful For Another Year.

No Duluth Person Killed or Wounded This Year.

Wisconsin and Michigan Report Several Persons Killed.

The deer hunting season closed yesterday.

One thousand seven hundred and thirteen Duluthians took out licenses.

It is estimated that these 1713 killed about 500 deer and 20 moose.

No person from this city was killed or even wounded while hunting, which speaks well for the campaign of precaution waged by the county authorities.

The only fatality in St. Louis county was that of Nelson Fordham, the young Virginia hardware merchant, who accidentally killed himself up on the Little Fork.

In Upper Michigan there seemed to be about the usual number of fatal shooting accidents, and Wisconsin also reported some. It is estimated that twelve persons were killed in those two states and only three in Minnesota.

Many local people got out for the last day's shooting Saturday and yesterday, and quite a lot of venison came in on the early morning trains.

The law only allows venison to be in the possession of those killing it for five days after the close of the season.

The hunters now have to get back to duck hunting, and only have one month more left for that. Ducks are very plentiful, however, and the shooting promises to be good up to the first of the year.

ASSAULTED.

Officer Walter Murray Terribly Beaten Saturday Evening.

Officer Walter Murray of the police department was the victim of a terrific assault Saturday evening.

He was off duty at the time and on his way to his home on Park Point, when he was waylaid by John Creighton at the Lake avenue ferry dock.

Creighton stepped up from behind and jerked the officer off the boat and then struck him over the head with a piece of cast-iron pipe.

Officer Murray, although well along in years, got to his feet again quickly and succeeded in worsting his antagonist.

Bystanders separated them, and the officer walked all the way back to police headquarters, bleeding terribly.

At the station he gave way, and for a time it was feared that he would not live. Dr. Graham made an examination and found that his injuries were very severe, but the skull was not fractured.

Several year ago Creighton was employed by Officer Murray in a piledriving contract. The two men had some difference about wages and they have not been on good terms since.

Saturday afternoon Creighton had been drinking, and he decided it was about time to settle his old score with Mr. Murray.

The officer was unable to be on duty last night, but his injuries are not considered serious.

Creighton will be arrested later on, but up to a late hour today Mr. Murray did not feel able to get up town and swear out a warrant for him.

The Bishop's Club.

The Bishop's club is much interested in its study of the Netherlands. The year's work opened most auspiciously by an instructive talk on Dutch art, given by Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour. The next program was devoted to "History of Holland and Belguim." Miss Shannon leader. The following program proved to be most profitable, and the subject for the evening brought about discussion, and much history was learned. The topics were, "History of the Revolution and Martin Luther," "Erasmus" and "The Origin of Printing." Miss Gertrude Miller was leader. The fourth program was given to "Early Flemish Art," and papers on the Van Eycks, Wemling, Quentin Watsys and Weyden. Miss McHugh was leader. Current events have been a prominent feature in this year's work.

The program for the meeting tomorrow evening will be as follows:

Roll call—Quotations from Knickerbocker's "History of New York"..

Religious reading .. .. Miss Hays.

Dutch West Indian company ......

Dutch East India company .... Miss L. Poirier.

Dutch colonies of America .... Mrs. Corcoran.

Federation paper .. .. Miss Poirier.

Current events .. .. Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. McCahill, leader.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment At any drug store.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

Cleans as well as polishes

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

The most economical in use.
Contains no injurious substance.

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

THE STAGE

Duluth people will see this evening one of the most interesting of the personalities of the stage of the present day, J. H. Stoddart. Joseph Jefferson is recognized as the dean of the American stage today, but Stoddart is not far behind him in deserving that appellation. The country generally does not know him so well as Jefferson, for he has never been before the people as a star until within a couple of years, but for years and years he has been the creator of parts in the most famous dramas the country has known. The famous Lester Wallack Stock company, a school which brought forth some of the most famous stars America has known, numbered him as one of its foremost members and he served there in the time of John Gilbert, E. L. Davenport, Mary Gannon and Mrs. Vernon, and other noted people. Later he joined the Union Theater Stock company, in which Stuart Robson was the comedian and Rose Eytinge, Frederick Robinson and others were members. For twenty years he remained with A. M. Palmer and later was with Charles Frohman, creating many interesting roles.

This is Mr. Stoddart's first experience as a star, despite his long service on the stage, and he declares that he will finish his active career as Lachlan Campbell in "The Bonnie Brier Bush." The bronzed, hale, hearty old gentleman, who is known all along the Jersey Coast as the most expert catboat skipper of the lower bay fleet, and in Sea Warren, N. J., as a burgess and a church warden, is now about 71 years of age. He has sufficient of this world's goods, and in "Lachlan Campbell" he hopes to achieve a place in the annals of the American stage that might satisfy a more ambitious soul than his, all of which is called from Mr. Stoddart's own story of his long career just published in book form.

* * *

The William H. West Big Minstrel Jubilee will appear at the Lyceum tomorrow evening. In the company are such well-known comedians as Billy Van, John H. King, Tom Moore, and F. H. Hammond, while the olio features will include several acts of reputation, among which are the Ford Brothers, McMahon and King, Billy Van, Swift & Huber, and the Zarrow Trio, comedy and trick cyclists. The singing features of the show are promised as being up to the usual high-class standard always maintained by the late Mr. West.

* * *

At the First Methodist church Wednesday evening in the Star Lecture course, will appear the Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers, champions of England in their particular line. There are six bell ringers in the company and they have a peal of 162 bells. They are assisted by E. Stanley Nichols ,humorist and entertainer, of whom the Boston Record says:

"The bright particular star of the evening, however, was E. S. Nichols, who gave a musical monologue in Part 2. His arrangement of 'A Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight,' first as an anthem, and then as a dirge, was decidedly clever, and altogether the audience could not get enough of him, recalling him again and again."

THEY WANT IT

Merchants For Cold Snap For It Means Business.

The cold snap will prove a big boon to Duluth merchants if it continues. During the past two or three weeks business has been far from satisfactory on account of the continued warm weather. There was little to remind people that they needed winter clothing, and all sale for autumn goods was, of course, over.

Dealers in lumbermen's clothing will also be benefited by the arrival of colder weather. Much of the work in the woods has been delayed until the first sharp frost. This coming week will doubtless see a big rush to the woods.

Merchants are beginning to prepare for the Christmas trade and are laying in large stocks of holiday goods.

If you feel ill and need a pill
Why not purchase the best?
DeWitt's Early Risers
Are little surprisers,
Take one—they do the rest.
—Max Wirth.

DROWNED.

George Flazell, Watcher of Monarch, Falls Into Bay.

George Flazell, of the steamer Monarch was drowned at Northern Pacific dock, No. 3, early yesterday morning.

The steamer had just arrived in port, and was feeling her way up to the dock in the darkness.

Mr. Flazell slipped over the side to make a line fast, misjudging the distance and dropped into the water.

A line was thrown him, but in the water he benumbed quickly and was unable to hold it.

The body was recovered three hours after the drowning, and removed to Stewart's undertaking rooms.

When the man shipped with the Monarch he gave the name of George Flazell, of Pontiac, Mich., but in his pocket was found the address of W. Smith, of Goodrich, Ont.

Local authorities are endeavoring to locate the dead man's relatives.

Not the Praying Kind.

With a wicked looking revolver flourishing threateningly, Mike Ingalls walked into a colored resort Saturday afternoon and ordered all present to say their prayers.

Instead of complying they went though windows and even up through the skylight, yelling in terror.

Officer Grandmaison arrested the big woodsman and, after he had taken his gun away from him, the colored folk returned and insisted on taking a smash at the big fellow.

For the Club House.

The members of the Duluth Boat club met Saturday evening and decided to go ahead with the building of the new club house on Park Point when the club shall have $7000 available for that purpose. There is on hand at the present time $4500.

A subscription paper was opened at the meeting and nearly $1000 was at once subscribed.

LUMBER MARKET

Buyers Not Coming to Head of the Lakes Now.

Little to Buy Except the Cut of Coming Year.

Every Sawmill at Head of Lakes Is Closed Down.

From now on until the spring season, the activities of the local lumbermen will be largely directed toward logging operations. The buyers have ceased coming here for stocks and negotiations this winter, if any, will probably be along the line of contracting for the cut of 1903 of local mills, if the manufacturers can be convinced that an advance sale is preferable to waiting the next summer market prices.

There are said to be no changes in sawed lumber. Prices on all grades are holding firm. On account of the mild weather that has continued so late in the fall and into the early winter, there has been a comparatively light demand for seasonable commodities and this, it is claimed, has worked to the advantage of the lumber dealers, as building operations over the Northwest, generally, have continued much longer than in ordinary years. Retailers report a prosperous fall trade. Lumber shipments from the head of the lake to supply stocks at large retailing centers would be heavier were it not for the continued car shortage.

Predictions have been made that some of the large wholesale markets will be short of stocks this winter, unless large shipments are made by rail, particularly those markets which have been depending on the lumber supply from the head of the lakes.

There are but few lumber boats now loading for their last trip down the lakes. The rates have been maintained throughout the season at $2.50, yet some of the vesselmen claim that it has not been a profitable year to the lumber carriers owing to a prevalence of high prices for labor, provisions and fuel. The season has been a long one, but there have been some serious delays.

There is not one sawmill plant operating at the head of the lakes at the present time. Necessary repairs are being made at the Alger-Smith mill, the Red Cliff Lumber company's mill, the Scott-Graff mill and the St. Louis Lumber company's mill before starting up on a winter cut.

One of the most important sawmill and timber transfers of the year, outside of this city, was closed last week, the sale of the Johnson-Wentworth interests at Cloquet to the Weyerhaeusers. The purchase by the Weyerhaeusers gives them control over the entire output of lumber from Cloquet.

A new concern organized for the purpose of manufacturing and selling white cedar products, has started in business at the new town of Tenstrike, north of Bemidji. The concern is known as the Samuel C. Jackson company. The mill property of the Kidder-Wright Lumber company has been remodeled and thoroughly equipped for the cedar business. The company is incorporated at $50,000 and will have its principal office in this city. The three members of the company are Samuel C. Jackson, who has been well known in lumber circles at the head of the lakes for years, L. C. Nolan, a widely known St. Paul lumberman and C. L. Kidder, formerly of the Kidder-Wright Lumber company, at Tenstrike. The company will make cedar shingles, and handle white cedar posts and poles. It controls a supply that will last for some years. The mill will operate summer and winter and produce about 50,000,000 shingles annually.

Dealers in poles report an unusually heavy trade this year in short poles throughout the Northwest, to be used in stringing telephone wires from their houses to the adjoining towns. It is claimed that in some of the well settled counties of this state nearly every farm house has its 'phone. The poles used are generally of white cedar, about twenty feet in length and with a five or six-inch top. Many dealers are laying in a good-sized stock of these kind of poles to meet the demand which they anticipate another year.

The Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company and the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, of Minneapolis, and Scanlon, Minn., have the contract for the piling at the Great Northern's new ore dock at Allouez bay. The contract calls for 6,000,000 feet, or about 1000 carloads of piling, most of which will be sxity feet long. The timber is being delivered already and the Great Northern company started preliminary work on the new dock today. It is claimed the construction of the new dock will not be let by contract, as has been the former custom, but that the railway company will build its own dock. It is the intention of the company to have the structure ready to receive ore by the middle of next April. The piling is being furnished by the two lumber companies from their timber tracts at Scanlon and Nickerson. They have furnished piling for most of the ore docks at the head of the lakes, but this is their largest contract.

Alexander & Edgar Lumber Co. has started its mill at Iron River, Wis., for a winter's run. The capacity of the plant has been increased by new machinery to 75,000,000 per year.

The Coolidge-Schussler company, at Floodwood, will log about 7,000,000 feet this year, besides contracts for other people.

The Hashek Lumber company will bank about 4,000,000 feet of logs near Chisholm this winter.

F. J. Wilson and Angus Chisholm have formed a company and will take out 5,000,000 feet this season, to be landed at Gull Lake, Minn.

It has been estimated that the Du- about 90,000,000 feet of pine this winter, and that the log and pulp wood business will require 225 cars for each luth & Iron Range road will handle day's shipments.

NEED TEETH.

Serious Failure of Body Comes From Lack of a Good Grinding Mill.

"A few years ago mother had her teeth all taken out, hoping in that way to relieve her suffering, but failed, and it left her gums so sensative that the wearing of her false teeth or the proper mastication of food were equally impossible, so that in the spring of 1901 she failed rapidly, mind and body both giving way and for many weeks life and reason were despaired of.

"At one call of her physician he said she absolutely must take more nourishment, something easily digested, 'try Grape-Nuts.' I immediately obtained a package, prepared some with good, rich cream, and fed her from a teaspoon. She began to take it regularly and liked the food so well she would ask between times if we had any ready for her. She began to improve at once.

"It is now three months since she began eating the food. She has fully recovered her health, looks better and is fleshier and stronger mentally and physically than for many months previous.

"Grape-Nuts furnished the nourishment for her that it seemed impossible to get from any other kind of food." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

IS A SERIOUS MATTER.

The Most Serious and Fatal Diseases Arise From Indigestion.

Chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, while a very common trouble, has for sometime been looked upon by able physicians as a serious thing, and that no time should be lost in treating it properly at the start, because recent researches have shown that the most serious, fatal and insurable diseases have their origin in simple dyspepsia or indigestion.

Diabetes is simply one form of indigestion, the sugar and starchy food not being assimilated by the digestive organs. In Bright's disease the albumen is not properly assimilated.

While consumption and dyspepsia are twin diseases, and it is beyond question that dyspepsia makes a fertile soil for the seeds of consumption. But the trouble has been to find a remedy that could be depended upon to cure dyspepsia, as it is notoriously obstinate and difficult to cure.

This has been the question which has puzzled physicians and dyspeptics alike, until the question was solved three years ago by the appearance of a new discovery in the medical world known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which it was claimed was a certain, reliable cure for every form of stomach ach trouble.

Physicians, however, would not accept such statements without first giving the new remedy many tests and carefully observing results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be honestly claimed to be a specific, a radical lasting cure for indigestion in the various forms of acid dyspepsia or sour stomach, gas or wind on stomach, to much bile, undue fullness or pressure after eating and similar symptoms resulting from disordered digestion.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were not placed before the public until this three years' trial left no doubt as to their value and they have recently been placed in the trade and can be found on sale at all druggists at the nominal price of 50 cents per package.

No extravagant claims are made for the remedy, it will not cure rheumatism, pneumonia, typhoid fever nor anything, but just what it is claimed to cure and that is every form of stomach trouble. No dieting is necessary, good wholesome food and plenty of it and you may rest assured that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest it. Druggists claim for it that it is a pleasure to recommend it to dyspeptics, because it gives such universal satisfaction.

LAND OFFICE.

Receipts For November Broke All Previous Records.

The local land office continues to break previous records as to receipts for the sale of public lands. In November the receipts were larger and more land was held than for any previous month. The aggregate receipts for November were $47,577.12, which was about $10,000 more than the October business and about 300 per cent more than the November business in 1901.

The receipts for the sale of public lands were $41,529.30, while fees and commissions amounted to $4038.19. Timber depreciations amounted to $2000.63.

The record for the heaviest business previous to November was in August, when the receipts were $36,000. July's business amounted to $23,000.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

BOER GOLD.

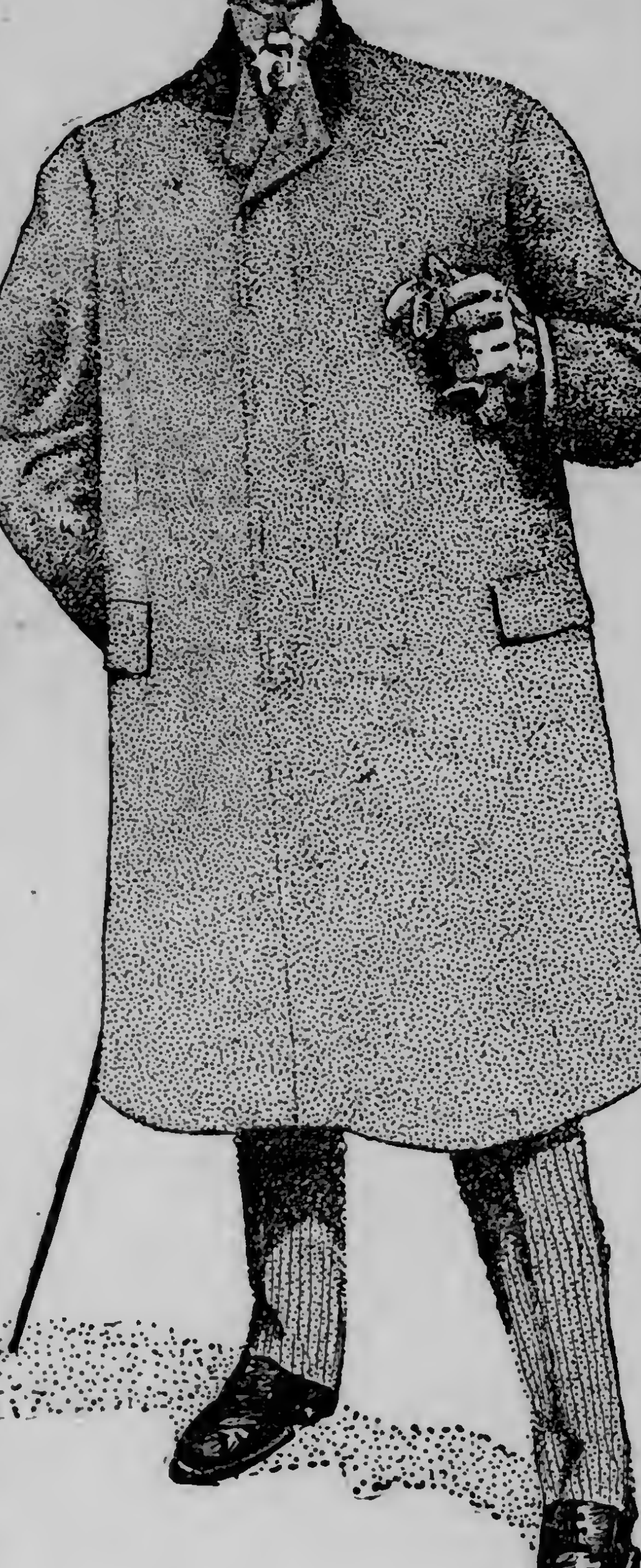
British Government Is Searching For Shipment From Transvaal.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—The British government is telegraphing to all the German ports making inquiries concerning Boer gold bars worth $650,000 which it is supposed have been brought to this country from South Africa within the past fortnight. The bars are destined for former President Kruger and Dr. Leyds, and, it is presumed, had been concealed in the Northern Transvaal. Great Britain will endevor to legally attach the gold if it can be located on the ground that she is entitled to all the assets of the Transvaal because she has assumed responsibility for the debts of that country, including the bonds issued prior to the war.

General Botha's reply to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain that the late Boer government had no assets was strictly true as far as he knew, but since receiving Mr. Chamberlain's letter Gen. Botha learned, according to seemingly trustworthy information here, that Mr. Kruger and Dr. Leyds have in their possession $2,500,000. Gen. Botha requested them to turn over this gold for the benefit of the Boer people, but Dr. Leyds refused, averring that the money was to be used in upholding the Boer nationality in the future. Gen. Botha has notified Dr. Leyds that unless the gold is given up legal proceedings will be brought against him.

SHOT BY COMPANION.

Winona, Minn., Dec. 1.—Fred Kohlepp, a jeweler of Lewiston, was hastened here yesterday on a special train of the Chicago & Northwestern road last evening to receive surgical attention for wounds accidentally suffered at the hands of his hunting companion, Conrad Newman, yesterday morning. Though the train covered the twenty-four miles in twenty-five minutes, it is feared the surgeons will be unable to save Kohlepp.



Do Not Delay Selecting Your Overcoat

This cold wave is causing quite a demand for our Overcoats at—

$8.50 to $35.00

They are the best at the prices asked that money can buy.

Boys' Overcoats

The kind that will be sure to give perfect satisfaction in both looks and wear -- we have them in all sizes at--

$3.50 to $7.50.

C. W. ERICSON

Reliable Clothier. **219 W. Superior St.**

RADICAL

Measures to Be Adopted to Stamp Out Cattle Disease.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The West is not to suffer because of the epidemic of hoof and mouth disease of cattle, hogs and sheep in the New England states, says Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who arrived in Chicago last night to attend the international live stock exposition.

"The indications are that we will be successful in stamping out the disease before it reaches this section," said the secretary. "My latest report from the infected district are that the disease is at a standstill. The next report will decide the number of men that I will send to New Engand. But you may be sure a large number will go.

"Before many days have passed there will be several hundred veterinary surgeons in the New England states, and they will be instructed to inspect every cow, sheep and hog. I believe we shall need three or four weeks to stamp out the disease.

"Congress will be asked for a special appropriation to cunre the disease permanently. I intend to ask for at least $1,000,000 for this purpose."

Secretary Wilson will leave for Washington tonight.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

All the telegraph operators on the Wisconsin Central railway have been granted an increase in salary amounting to $5 a month for every employe in that department. The advance in the wage scale has already gone into effect and the pay checks for December 16 will show the increase.

With the departure of a drove of cattle on the steamer Sylvania, for Liverpool, Sunday, the Boston export market of cattle on the hoof officially closed for an indefinite period. Permission to ship these cattle had been given by the bureau of agriculture at Washington as they have been pronounced physically sound and free from foot and mouth disease.

In an altercation over twenty-five cents, Thomas Johnson shot and killed Charles Moore, at Carbottis Mill, near Moultrie, Ga., Sunday.

The conditions for the futurity of 1905, to close on January 5, 1903, are announced by the Coney Island Jockey club. The added money for the race, as usual, is $10,000, the estimated value being $75,000, of which sum $3750 will go to the breeders.

While pursuing three men suspected of having held up and robbed the postmaster at Carlton, Colo., on Friday last, Sheriff Frank M. Tate and Deputy J. H. Frisbie came suddenly upon the men encampel Sunday morning. The latter opened fire on the officers, wounding Tate in the arm. Frisbie's horse was shot from under him. The three men escaped. A large band of cowboys, heavily armed, is on the trail of the men.

BEAUTIFULLY FRESCOED

Is the Ursuline Nuns' Chapel at Villa Maria.

Frontenac, Minn., Dec. 1.—The Ursuline Nuns of Villa Maria have ust had their chapel beautifully frescoed. The work has been done by J. E. Hubert, of Minneapolis, decorator and frescoe artist. The chape consists of a nave and apse. The floor of the sanctuary, raised above the main floor of the chapel, is approached by three steps curving to the sides. The high altar stands well back in the apse, making a fine large sanctuary. It is built of polished hard wood, profusely decorated in gold leaf. Over the altar is a very large and beautiful picture of the immoculate conception of the blessed Virgin Mary. The new fresco work is a harmonious blending of soft colors worked out in delicate floral designs, and trailing vines following the lines of the walls and vaulted ceiling. The prevailing color is a delicate amber green tint. A well moulded waved cornice, which runs around the entire chapel ust below the curve of the vaulted roof, is a prominent feature in the general design, and has been well treated by the decorator. Over the side altars are two scrolls, ornamented with garlands, bearing the inscriptions: "Sancta Mater Ursula: Ora pro nobis" and "Sancta Mater Angela: Ora pro nobis." Two pilasters, on either side of the entrance to the sanctuary, have been treated in various bronze effects and are brought all into the relief by the colors bordering them. The ceiling of the sanctuary is a blue vault studded with fleecy cloudlets, among which angel faces look down and angel wings are visible. In the foreground of this sky picture hovers the mystic symbol of the Holy Ghost in the form of a brooding, silver dove. On the rear wall of the chapel, facing the altar is a scroll bearing the words: Beata Mater Maria Incarnationer: Ore pro nobis." The Sisters are very pleased with the decoration of their chapel, and the work does great credit to J. E. Hubert, the artist.

Stop Stammering!

Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh,

of Chicago, is now in Duluth, at the

Hotel McKay

where he will remain until Dec. 15, to cure those who may be afflicted with

Stammering or any form of Impediment of speech.

I remove the cause of stammering and therefore the cure is permanent.

The only scientific and successful method known and practiced.

I warrant to cure the worse case of stammering in a few days.

If you have tried to be cured and are not, remember I guarantee to cure.

I have made the treatment of stammering and all defects in speech a specialty for the past 32 years, and have cured over

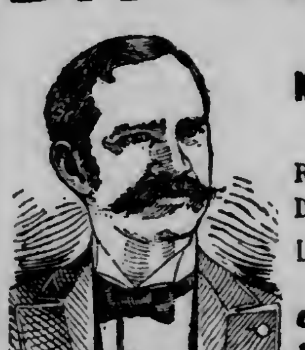
3,000 Cases

My method has never failed. Hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States can be seen at my office.

If you have a child or friend that has any impediment, bring them to see me.

No charge for consultation.

Terms Reasonable for a Cure.



Dr. Pierce,

**Room I,
No. 5 W. Sup.
St., Duluth,**

Regular Graduate.
Diploma In Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges. Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5.000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

Affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES —Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail. If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA
FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.

PATENTS!

**Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson,**
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINN.

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily .... $ .02
One Month .... .45
Three months in advance 1.30
Six months (in advance) 2.60
One Year (in advance) 5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year $1.00
Six months .... .50
Three months .... .25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Dec. 1.—Temperatures are considerably higher throughout the Northwest except that it is becoming colder again north of Alberta. Zero weather continues in Saskatchewan, but elsewhere in the Northwest the temperature generally ranges between 20 and 30 degrees. The barometer is very low over Montana and high over California and Southern states. Rain or snow fell over Southeastern states, North-West Canada and North Pacific coast states. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk, southerly to easterly on Superior and southwesterly elsewhere.

Following are minimum temperatures recorded during the past 24 hours:

Abilene	32	Memphis	34
Battleford	−6	Miles City	30
Bismarck	20	Milwaukee	30
Boston	32	Minnedosa	16
Buffalo	34	Modena	6
Calgary	24	Montgomery	46
Charleston	[illegible]	Moorhead	24
Chicago	32	New Orleans	48
Cincinnati	24	New York	32
Davenport	34	North Platte	21
Denver	34	Oklahoma	31
Detroit	28	Omaha	30
Dodge City	28	Pierre	21
Duluth	20	Pittsburg	22
Edmonton	2	Port Arthur	2
El Paso	32	Portland	42
Escanaba	18	Prince Albert	−8
Galveston	48	Qu'Appelle	6
Green Bay	20	Rapid City	24
Havre	30	San Francisco	46
Helena	36	Santa Fe	20
Houghton	16	Shreveport	46
Huron	22	Spokane	40
Jacksonville	61	St. Louis	36
Kansas City	38	St. Paul	22
Knoxville	12	Sault Ste Marie	14
La Crosse	18	Swift Current	18
Lander	16	Washington	30
Los Angeles	40	Williston	12
Marquette	18	Winnemucca	36
Medicine Hat	24	Winnipeg	0

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Tuesday, Dec. 2: For Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday, with showers or snow flurries. Moderate temperatures. Brisk and possibly high southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—State and Upper Lakes forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Tuesday: For Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; warmer in east portion.

For Minnesota—Fair tonight, possibly followed by showers Tuesday in northern portion. Moderate temperature.

North Dakota—Fair tonight, possibly followed by showers or snow flurries. Cooler Tuesday.

South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Warmer in north and west portions tonight. Probably cooler Tuesday.

Upper Lakes—Brisk to high southwest winds, becoming variable on Western Superior. Generaly fair weather.

The Defiant Mad Mullah.

The Mad Mullah has seemingly tired of waiting for the British troops to come and attack him and has sent in another defi to the British camp. He sent back the train of supply camels captured from Col. Swayne, after spoiling all the stores and at the same time included a defiant message promising to whip the British any time they would come and see him. The Mad Mullah disputes the right of the English to govern him and is whooping things up in his own particular part of Africa, much to the sorrow of Great Britain. This aged old warrior, Haji Muhammed Abdullah is willing to grant the coast to the British, but he declares he will rule the interior.

Three years ago he had only 3000 followers. Now he has 40,000 men, a good percentage of whom are armed with rifles. His present plan is to form an alliance with the Mijertain tribe. Such a combination would give him 80,000 men to move against the British. There is no greater fanatic in all the religion of Mohammed than Abdullah, his fits of religious frenzy being responsible for his name. For all this he is well informed on modern affairs, especially modern military affairs.

Somaliland is a small country situated about 10 degress south of the equater and is near the northwest coast of Africa. It is for the most part a desert, and the people subsist by trade with the surrounding tribes. They are nomadic, like most desert dwellers and all attempts to civilize them have proved futile. Twhen they started on the war path three years ago under Abdullah's leadership an expedition of 1500 Abyssinians was sent against them. The mad mullah and his followers broke the column and, though compelled to retire, they so impressed the Abyssinians that no attempt was made to follow them. There is going to be more trouble in Somaliland and the British are carefully preparing for it.

Church-Going In New York.

The habit of attending church is not so unpopular in New York as has been supposed. The prevalent idea seems to have been a mistake as statistics show that there is no apparent decline in church-goers, but rather an increase. The Church News association of NewYork city has compiled some statistics of church attendance on Manhattan island, that are surprising. They are based on actual count of the congregations made on the first three Sundays of November. The average Sunday attendance at 336 churches, not including children, was 451,731. As the adult population of Manhattan island numbers a little less than 1,500,000, it appears that approximately one person out of every three is a regular church attendant. Another surprising fact brought out by this investigation is that about one-third of those who attend church are men. The proportion of men among the whole body of worshippers is 31 per cent; in the Protestant churches the male attendance represents 40 per cent of the total. In only one church, the Broadway Tabernacle, do the men outnumber the women. Still another interesting revelation of this census is the comparatively high ratio of attendance to membership. The average number of attendants at all the churches equals about 65 per cent of the total number of members. The Protestant churches lead the Catholic churches in this respect with 77 per cent, as compared with 61 per cent for this latter. The chief results of this census are shown in the following figures: Number of churches (outside of synagogues), 336; total membership, 695,942; average Sunday attendance, 451,731; at Protestant churches, 134,277; at Roman Catholic, 317,454; Protestant morning service, 74,410; Protestant evening service, 59,767; Catholic morning service, 279,861; Catholic evening service, 87,593. These figures certainly speak well for the people of the metropolis. The showing that almost one-third of the adult population of Gotham attends church seems almost incredible, and doubtless is a little exaggerated, as far as proportion is concerned. This is due to the fact that visitors and suburbanites not included in the population attend church in the city in large numbers. However after making due allowance for them the showing for New York is very flattering.

AN ELASTIC CURRENCY.

The most important subject discussed by the comptroller of the currency in his annual report, made public today, is the necessity of a more elastic currency. Undoubtedly a serious defect in our bank notes is the lack of elasticity, and various plans have been presented and discussed to remedy the defect. Comptroller Ridgeley recommends the adoption of a plan which has received the approval of many bankers and business men and financiers who have carefully studied the question. At present our national banks are required to use their assets, to the full amount of the circulation issued, in the purchase of bonds to be deposited with the treasurer of the United States. This requires an amount of assets in excess of the circulation required. The comptroller thinks that, if in addition to the amount of notes they are now allowed to issue by law on bonds deposited in the treasury, the national banks were allowed to issue an additional amount of uncovered notes, beginning with 20 per cent and gradually increasing to 50 per cent, it would make the circulation more expansible. A graduated tax on the amount issued, joined with ample provisions for their redemption and return to the loaning bank, would result in the necessary contraction when the circulation became redundant and the notes not needed in business. The safety of the notes can be made absolute by a reserve fund raise by a very small tax.

The currency which the comptroller outlines is what has come to be called in the recent discussions an emergency circulation, but it would be better than this, because it would prevent many emergencies from arising, or so diminish their seriousness that they would pass unnoticed, and, when emergencies did arise, would very greatly add to the equipment and ability to meet them.

GROWTH OF EDUCATION.

The steady increase in the number of pupils in the schools in the United States is very gratifying, especially so as the ratio of increase is larger than that of population. According to the report of the federal commissioner of education, the total number of pupils in schools, elementary, secondary and higher, public and private, during the year ended June 3, 1901, was 17,299,230, an increase of 278,520 over the previous year. Of this number the enrollment of pupils in institutions supported by general and local taxes furnished by states and municipalities was 15,710,394, as against 15,443,462 for the previous year. In addition to the enrollment in schools and colleges furnishing a general education, there were certain special institutions of various degrees of educational character, including city evening schools, business schools, schools for Indians, reform schools, schools connected with asylums, schools for cookery and other special trades and vocations, enrolling nearly half a million pupils. The enrollment in the special schools and those of general education aggregates something over 17,750,000 of the persons receiving education for a longer or shorter period during 1901.

The amount expended for education per capita necessarily varies much in different states; that in the mining regions being much larger than in the agricultural regions, and that in the states having the most urban population greater than in the states having the larger rural population. For instance, the amount expended per capita amounted to $4.65 in California, $5.30 in Nevada, $5.18 in Colorado, $4.93 in Massachusetts and $4.60 for the state of New York. The rural populations expend generally less per capita, and two states, with an almost exclusively rural population, expended the one only 50 cents and the other only 51 cents per capita for education. With the increase of wealth and the growth of villages and cities the schools continue in session a longer term, and the system becomes more complete by the addition of high schools to the elementary schools. The number of high schools supported by public taxes has reached the number of 6318, an increase of 313 over the previous year. The increase of these schools which give secondary education is noteworthy in the Southern states; the South Atlantic states had only 115 high schools in 1890, whereas in 1901 the number had increased to 466; the South Central states had 158 high schools in 189, and the number in 1901 had increased to 746.

With the growth of villages and cities better buildings are furnished, more professional teachers are employed, the higher wages are paid. In the items of expenditure for public schools the amount paid for salaries of teachers is the most considerable, being 63 per cent of the whole; about 18 per cent is given for buildings and sites, and 19 per cent for all other purposes. Great improvement in school buildings is noticeable all over the United States. Finer structures are being provided and cities vie with each other in this line. The progress of a country may be well judged by its progress in education, and the people of the United States have reason to feel proud of its advancement.

SECRETARY ROOT'S VIEWS.

The report of Secretary Root of the war department contains much interesting information regarding the work of the army during the past year, and makes several important recommendations for its improvement. The greatest need, he says, is the creation of a general staff, and the arguments he presents in support of this idea are powerful and will undoubtedly make a strong impression on congress. The almost constant conflict and bitter feeling which has existed for fifty years between the administration and the officer designated as commanding general of the army would be done away with, he claims, by the creation of the general staff and changing the title of commanding general to chief of staff. This is undoubtedly correct. The designation "commanding general of the army" is a misnomer, because he does not command the army, and under existing law cannot do so. The president is commander-in-chief of the army and the secretary of war has direct charge of the army, and the "commanding general" cannot be more than an adviser to the administration. "Chief of staff" would therefore fitly describe his position.

Among the subjects discussed in the report is that of the canteen. Secretary Root makes no direct recommendation that it be restored, but he declares that the effect of the prohibition of the sale of beer and light wines in post exchanges has been unfortunate, and that the result of "the operation of the law is to increase drunkenness, disease of the most loathsome kind, insubordination and desertion, and moral and physical degradation." Of course the opponents of the canteen will insist that this is incorrect, but the secretary of war has a mass of reports from officers to back up his statement. No doubt the subject will be brought up in congress and a warm debate may be expected.

Interviewed by a staff correspondent of the Outlook, Senator William P. Frye of Maine is made to answer the question: "Are we likely to have reciprocity with Canada?" as follows: "In my judgment, no. We once had one with benefit to Canada, and little or none to us. When, under its terms, notice to abrogate could be given, I offered a resolution in the senate requesting the president to give the notice, and it was adopted without division; notice was given and the treaty abrogated." The Springfield Republican, however, notes that the reciprocity treaty with Canada was terminated in 1866. Mr. Frye did not get to congress at all until 1871, and into the senate not until 1881. Somebody else started the notice for its abrogation. The senator has been hating that treaty so long that he has come to think it must have been himself who killed it. Time is proving that the ending of that treaty was not the wise, statesmanlike performance Mr. Frye seems to think it was.

Ten years ago, or just prior to the enactment of measures completely excluding silver from further mintage in the United States, the bullion value of the silver dollar was about 67½ cents. The people and the government hold in their possession silver bullion and dollars aggregating a nominal or coinage value of just about $500,000,000, and the present market value of this metal is about 33½ cents on the dollar. Here, then, is a shrinkage in the value of this large mass of property within ten years of 34 cents on the dollar, or $170,000,000. As a nation, we are worth in tangible property just so much the less, because of the fall in the price of silver. Other nations have also suffered, but not to any such extent as the United States.

Men's attire is too uncomfortable looking and too unromantic to suit Mrs. Daniel M. Lord of the South Side Woman's club of Chicago. "I can't believe there is a man living who is comfortable in a high, starched collar," says Mrs. Lord. Dainty muslin and lace neckwear is just the thing, she thinks, with soft-bosomed shirts to match. A Rembrandt hair-cut with ventilated headgear to protect the scented locks of the wearer would put the finishing touches on the modern male and make a Romeo out of even the most insignificant looking specimen. But think of the results of such a change! What a los of "sissies" would be produced!

Mr. Quay is advocating the admission of the territories because some Pennsylvanians have investments that will be increased in value by it. But there are other and better reasons why the territories should receive statehood.

President Roosevelt now has congress on his hands again. Will it treat his recommendations with more consideration than they received at the last session?.

It is said that John D. Rockefeller's first business venture was the raising of a flock of turkeys. Perhaps that is how he learned to gobble things.

Judge Parker, of New York, continues to have a boom for the Democratic nomination for president in 1904.

And now it is said "30" has been reached in the Section 30 cases.

The football boys can now have their hair cut. They need it.

President Roosevelt may have to start after Baer again.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Getting engaged is like running to a fire; after they are married they walk back.

The man who teaches women to smoke always marries one who won't let him do it himself.

The moral about deception is that you wouldn't ever do it if you were going to get found out.

If women had brain power as well as their instinct, man would be more of a crawling worm than he is.

The only woman who don't talk about clothes all the time are those who are dumb, and they look at fashion pictures all the time.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Yesterday was a quiet day at the hotels, due to the combination of a Sunday following so closely after a holiday. Many travelers planned not only to spend their Thanksgiving at home, but a day or two besides, and consequently they did not resume the road until today. This morning opened up fairly well at all of the Duluth hotels, but it will probably be about tomorrow before business is more than normal. All of the Duluth hotels are doing a splendid business now. The holiday trade is bringing in a horde of commercial travelers, and the liveliness of all sorts of business keeps passenger trains full and loads up the hotel registers. This will continue until the holidays, when the hotel business will settle down to the ordinary winter routine. Against that period of dullness the hotel managers are already fortifying themselves by offering inducements to winter boarders.

* * *

"Western Canada, and particularly the territory adjacent to Winnipeg, is settling up with prodigious rapidity," said C. M. Weiss, a Winnipeg land dealer, at the Spalding yesterday. "The company with which I am associated had 800,000 acres of land to sell in Canada, and now we have only 200,000 acres to offer. All of the railroads now running into that country are taking great pains to care for the heavy immigrant business, and there has never been anything in the history of Canada to compare with the present land excitement. The proposed third transcontinental line by the Grand Trunk interests from North Bay, Ont., to Port Simpson, on the Pacific coast, will open up another large and rich country. It will run 200 to 300 miles north of the Canadian Pacific, opening up and settling a new empire of its own."

* * *

Robert A. Lang, of Eau Claire, a prominent contractor, is at the St. Louis. Mr. Lang is the contractor that built the dams on the Cloquet and St. Louis rivers in this county.

* * *

S. W. Backus and William F. Brooks, lumbermen from Minneapolis, came up this morning and are stopping at the Spalding.

* * *

C. T. Fairbairn, of Virginia, is at the Spalding.

* * *

Four members of the "Barbara Frietchie" company, which appears at the Lyceum Saturday night, were at the Spalding yesterday, en route. They were L. F. Morrison, William R. Jarrett, R. H. Davis and Scott Seaton.

* * *

E. J. Longyear, the Hibbing mining and lumber man, is at the Spalding today.

* * *

F. H. Kratka, of Thief River Falls, is at the St. Louis. Mr. Kratka is the man that made Thief River Falls famous by inviting President Roosevelt out there for a hunting trip. Instead of accepting the president went bear hunting down South with results that are well known.

* * *

P. R. Vail, of Ely, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

* * *

A. J. McDonald and John Redy came down on the steamer Bradshaw this morning from Grand Marais, where they have lumber camps in operation.

* * *

Joseph W. Whitney, of St. Paul, a deputy game warden on the staff of Executive Agent Fullerton, of the state game and fish commission, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Houlton and Mrs. R. Dooher, of Brule, Wis., are at the Spalding.

* * *

At the St. Louis: John H. Loper, D. J. Curry, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. William P. Nisbett, Big Rapids, Mich.; John Hall, Great Falls, Mont.; C. G. Bretling, Ashland; Frank Keene, Kennedy, Minn.; P. Nelson, Crookston; A. L. Mattis, Brainerd; Guy L. Rogers, Fred Files, Cloquet; J. H. Barras, Escanaba; Wm. Moeller, Milwaukee.

* * *

At the Spalding: Fred Mackenzie, Jr., Hallock, Minn.; M. M. Duncan, Ishpemin; Isaac Summerfield, Cloquet; P. A. Poirier, Ashland; J. A. Buchanan, A. A. May, Muchanan, N. D.; F. E. Nightingale, Negaunee; David R. McGinnis, Kalispell, Mont.; Geo. P. DeLong, W. R. Chamberlain, Nickerson, Minn.; David Benton, Tower.

* * *

At the McKay: S. L. Lewis, Charles C. Neale, Minneapolis; James C. Munson, Detroit; James Spencer, Wadena; Mr. and Mrs. William Shaw, Mason, Ia.; Miss P. Rathburn, Detroit; M. E. Bain, Sumpter, Ore.; W. A. Pridemore, Madison, Wis.; J. Joseph Hoffman, Chicago; J. P. Sundquist, Hibbing; J. L. Smith, J. D. Altman, St. Paul; C. A. Rickert, Minneapolis.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: "No," said the bride-to-be, "I didn't accept Jack the first time he proposed."

"How could you?" replied Miss Wryvell. "Why not?"

"You weren't there."

Judge: Mrs. Leadham—Only three months married and I've already awakened from my dream.

Mr. Leadham—Thunder! you're in luck. I wish something would awaken me from my nightmare.

Chicago News: The Bride (after the elopement)—Oh, papa, can you ever forgive us?

Papa—Sure. By eloping you saved me the $500 I had intended to blow in on a swell wedding when you and Tom got married.

Washington Star: "A woman should depend upon her husband."

"That's what Henrietta thinks," answered Mr. Meekton. "She always depends on me to feed the bird and the cat and see that the basement is locked at night."

Chicago Post: "What makes papa so cross?"

"I don't know. Did you say anything to annoy him?"

"Certainly not. I just happened to remark that Christmas was almost here."

Somerville Journal: Fond Father—Baby has six teeth now.

Bachelor Visitor (apprehensively)—Will the little beggar bite?

New York Sun: He—I love the true, the good, the beautiful.

Miss Sereleaf—Oh, Mr. Blank, this is so sudden!

Boston Transcript: Greene—Miss Wilter has brought suit against Bifkin for breach of promise, naming her damages at $50,000.

Gray—Funny about women. If he had married her she would by this time, perhaps, be telling him that he is absolutely worthless.

Yonkers Statesman: Mrs. Work—Has your husband improved any since you married him?

Mrs. Shirk—Oh, yes. Before we were married he used to fasten his suspenders with a nail. Since our marriage I have taught him to sew on buttons.

Washington Star: "At least you will try to celebrate Thanksgiving in the proper spirit," said the jovial person.

"I suppose so," answered the man who is constitutionally gloomy, "but I don't see much prospect of success. If I don't have a turkey and mince pie dinner, I'll feel slighted, and if I do, I'll have indigestion."

Voluntary Advance In Wages.

Springfield Republican: Never before probably in the history of railroading has there been so extensive an advancing of wages by the voluntary action of the companies as is now going on. The example of the Pennsylvania is being followed in whole or in part by the New York Central, the Reading, the Union Pacific, and, as reported, by the Lake Shore, the Wheeling & Lake Erie, "Big Four" and "Nickel Plate" roads, all closely related to the Vanderbilt interest. Something like 3[illegible],000 men will be affected by wage increases either already granted within a few days or practically determined upon. This is the way to broaden the foundation of a prosperity which has been in great danger of becoming top heavy.

BARGAIN SALE

Street Car Fare
Allowed on all Purchases of $5.00 or over.

On Everything Until After Xmas.

SPECIAL SALE OF FURS
As they must be closed out.
Your price goes.
Our terms $1.00 a week.

If you are looking for anything, we have it. Our terms are only $1.00 a week.

LADIES SKIRTS ALL THE NEW STYLES
And colors and at $3.00 up to $20.
Only $1.00 a week.

The Sati factory Store,
Gately's
8 East Superior Street.

BOYS OVERCOATS
That sold for $17.50, now $10.00, at only $1.00 a week.

SPECIAL SALE OF GIRLS CLOAKS & JACKETS
That are really worth $10.00 up to $19.00—only $1.00 a week, at One-Third Off.

THE QUALITY OF GLADYS.

Our Gladys takes breakfast in bed,
  Jest a demi-tassay an a roll,
F'r she's got an idee in her head
  'At eatin' is cloggin' o' soul;
An' mother jest lets her alone—
  Too fearful o' givin' offense—
An' does her work in with her own,
  F'r Gladys, ye know, is intense.

Which Gladys, she goes in f'r Art,
  An' Kiplin' an' Ibsen an' Burns,
With her sisters a-doin' her part
  At sweepin' an' bakin' an' churns;
Jest tell ye, it keeps me perplexed,
  In fack, in eternal suspense,
F'r I never know what's comin' next,
  The gal's so tarnation intense.

She named herself Gladys at school,
  Sence which she was never th' same—
Her uncle says Shakespeare's no fool,
  But there's often a heap in a name;
I'm not much informed about this—
  The gal is got plenty o' sense,
An' wouldn't find nothin' amiss
  Ef she wasn't so 'nfernal intense.

Howsomever, I guess 'twill pass off
  Like babyhood freckles and bumps,
But jest gimme th' ole whoopin' cough,
  Or a genuwine passel o' mumps;
An' its passin' 'll sure make us glad,
  Or else afore long she'll commence
T' larn 'at her old-fogy dad
  C'n likewise be somewhat intense!

—JOHN WINK in Baltimore American.

The Speakership Contest.

St. Peter Free Press (Rep.): As matters stand at present it is a fight between a few officeholders and the representatives of the people, with the chances that the latter will win out in the end, but whatever the final result may be, one thing is certain: The Republican party came out of the election harmoniously and in the best possible condition; and now it is divided into two big factions. And for this state of condition we may thank a few members of the state central committee.

A Plethora of Luck.

Buffalo Express: It appears that while hurrying around to church fairs just before election in order to corral the important church fair vote, Mayor Maybury, of Detoit, won in raffles a sofa pillow, sewing machine, buggy and two clocks. A man with such luck as that was bound to be re-elected.

Cubans Are Catching On.

San Francisco Call: There were many people who said the Cubans would not for several generations to come reach an understanding of American politics, but now comes a report that a syndicate in Havana has raised the sum of $20,000 to get a franchise scheme through the city council. If that be not our method whose method is it?

Legal Buncombe Crops Out.

Chicago Chronicle: Even so seasoned a lawyer as Wayne MacVeagh is, it appears, occasionally given to buncombe. Dragging in the assassination of Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley as pertinent to the coal strike arbitration was a piece of blatherskitism that might have been expected of a shyster lawyer, but not of a former attorney general of the United States.

Minimum Living Wage.

Philadelphia North American: John Mitchell's estimate of the minimum living wages of a miner supporting and educating a family, $600 a year, cannot be considered extravagant or grasping. If Mr. Willcox of the coal trust thinks $600 too much for the man who digs coal, perhaps he will condescend to say what he thinks the man who does no work at all should receive out of the product of the miner's labor. If $600 is too much for a drudge, what is enough for a drone?

Sympathy Open to Suspicion.

Pittsburg Dispatch: The compassion of the operators for the poor consumers is less harrowing when it is recalled that last April they ordered a progressive monthly advance of 10 cents a ton on anthracite. Maintained to date, the additional profit would have paid the demand of the miners twice over.

A Political Machine.

Barnum Gazette (Rep.): It may cause scome poor, weak cuss to say we have gone body and soul to the Democracy when we say that the board of control is going to be the greatest political machine this state has ever had. If its members are to be composed of men who possess no ability, save that of a shrewd political manager, then, certainly no one will doubt our word.

FIRE AT WINONA.

Pat Minck Loses Horses By Incendiary Conflagration.

Winona, Minn., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An incendiary fire early Sunday totally destroyed the barn of Pat Minck, drayman, causing a loss of $5000; insurance $1500.

Four horses were burned to death and four others and four mules were killed because of injuries. Eight tons of hay, a supply of feed, rope, blocks, tackle and harnesses were destroyed. No clue to the person who set the fire.

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. For piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases De Witt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Max Wirth.

The Death Of Venus

By Charles H. Robinson.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"The model who posed for that picture expired under the finishing touches of the painter's brush. No one ever imagined so realistic a death agony."

The trained eye of the artist saw more in the painting than any of the crowd that stood spellbound before it. There was an indefatigable something about it which compelled a sensation of reverential awe in the breast of the average spectator, but the part instinct immediately detected the cause.

"It represents a tragedy," he said half aloud as he shifted his position to one more favorable for a further and more critical inspection.

It was the portrait of a beautiful woman in a semi-reclining pose against a mass of faintly outlined cushions. There was nothing in her shapely, well-rounded limbs to indicate disease, nothing in the surroundings to manifest the approach of death, yet it was apparent, even to a novice, that the woman was dying.

Her left arm, in the dark background, was pressed close along her body, while the right arm, in the foreground, was flung out listlessly, the hand clutched tight as if to nerve herself up to the consummation of some supreme act which her will was bent upon committing.

The lower limbs appeared cold in the pallor of death, and one could almost see the dread shadows slowly creeping up toward the seat of life. Masses of raven hair, tumbling in disorder around her head, were dark with perspiration, and upon a clammy bow stood drops of sweat like clusters of beads. The lips of a half-open mouth were colorless and cold, and through the film gathering over her eyes shone the flickering brightness of a soul about to leave its mortal tenement. The gaze of the eyes was on the line of vision and followed the spectator whichever way he turned, with so pathetic a look of concentrated entreaty that more than one strong man turned away in despairing helplessness, and feminine eyes filled with tears of sympathy.

Overspreading her pallid, death-shadowed countenance was a smile of ineffable content, as pure and joyous as that of a martyr who sees the heavens opening to receive her racked spirit and relieve her body from earthly torture.

Turning mechanically to his catalogue, the artist read: "The Death of Venus. P. Metcalf."

"Can that be our little American, Put Metcalf?" he queried aloud in his surprise.

"Our little Put and no other," whispered a friend at his elbow, who added: "What do you now think of American genuis, Paul?"

"I take off my hat to it," replied Landelle, suiting the action to the words; "but I see a fearful sacrifice in its awakening."

"You have interpreted the painting correctly," said Chavanne, "do you know the story?"

"How can I when I have been sketching in the land of the midnight sun for the past six months?"

"Julie Coomans was the model who posed for that painting, Paul," began Chavanne. "You remember her?"

"Ah——!" ejaculated Landelle, "I noticed something familiar in the face, but the features were so glorified that I could not realize its identity."

"Shortly after you went away, Julie would not pose for any of us; the American was the only one, you know. He was particular about his models. By and by he wouldn't have anybody but Julie. No—there was no attachment, at least on his part. He was engaged to a young lady in New York, it seems, though we did not know it at the time, and he was cold to every other woman. He wanted to become famous for her sake—to make a bold stroke with a new subject."

"Yes, I remember," interrupted Landelle, "it was the death of Venus, the title of this painting."

"We laughed at him, and tried to make him understand the impossibility of such a subject. The death of Venus?—as well paint the death of love which never dies. But the American would not listen to reason."

"'I will paint that subject or no other,' he kept saying. 'Where will you get a model?' he was asked, but he did not know; he knew only one thing, which was, that he was going to rest his fame on that subject alone. Every day for two months, Julie posed for him, but he got no farther along than when he began; his Venus wouldn't die, you know. He was more than kind to his model who could not come up to his concept; he sympathized with her for her failure to respond to his brush. He was so kind and gentle—ah, yes, that is where models make a mistake.

"Late one afternoon, Julie went home woebegone, and throwing herself upon a couch began to sob hysterically. Her roommate drew the cause of the trouble out of her piecemeal. From her we learned it—but afterward, Paul, after the—the sacrifice you have suspected."

"It seems that the American, that afternoon had thrown down his brush in despair.

"'It's no use, child. I can never paint my ideal with you for a model. You are growing lovelier every day. Instead of posing for the death of Venus, you are a glorious model for the birth of love. See for yourself,' and he drew Julie up to the easel where she looked upon her own image as in a mirror.

"'But can you not put in the proper colors to represent death?' she asked, with a timid look into his face, but he was unconscious of her gaze.

"'Pshaw! You do not comprehend, child?' he replied. 'The reality must be before the artist, or exist in his mind. Looking at you destroys the reality, the concept. No, I must give it up and then give up all.'

"Does failure mean much to you?' queried the girl.

"'Much?' echoed Metcalf. 'It means everything I hold dear on earth. It means the loss of her I love, my promised wife, who expects me to succeed.'

"'The woman you love, your promised wife?' repeated Julie, in a trembling voice and paling lips, scarce comprehending.

"'Certainly, my Charlotte. She lives in New York city, and we are to be married as soon as I shall have finished this picture. I have promised to complete it and she is waiting for me to keep my word.'

"'Do you love her so very much?' persisted the girl with dry lips.

"'Child, I would die for her sake. A love weaker than that is nothing.'

"Then you will be very unhappy,' should you fail?' she said gently.

"My whole life will be blighted, answered Metcalf.

"Well, then, you shall be happy,' said the girl, with a bright smile, and choking back a sob in her throat. 'You shall paint the death of Venus from the reality. Nay—do not look so doubtful. I have a plan. I am interested in your success, for am I not the model? I never told you I was an actress. Yes, indeed, I have studied many parts. Now, my plan is this: I will come tomorrow prepared, to enact the role of a dying Venus, but you will have to paint very fast, my friend. You will promise me that, for it will be a terrible strain upon me, you understand.'

"So Metcalf resumed his cheerfulness, although he felt somewhat doubtful of the result.

"During that night Julie's companion awoke to find the girl kneeling by the window, gazing up at the bright stars. She was praying. This also, we learned afterward, Paul, always afterward, you notice. Her accents were broken, but this much was heard:

"'Dear God, forgive me for what I mean to do. It is for his sake and for the sake of her across the water. She loves him and he is all hers, while I—he said that a love not worth dying for was nothing—dear God, forgive me.'

"The next morning, Julie was calm and smiling. She made light of her trouble of the night before, and her roommate thought she had forgotten the cause of it. This was the reason why we were not told, Paul.

"Well, Julie posed, and Metcalf painted fast, for the painting was completed as you see it, about three in the afternoon. At that hour there was a commotion in the American's studio, and frantic calls for help. We rushed in, and there was the American kneeling before Julie, rubbing her face and trying to revive her from an apparent faint. We all thought, at first, that fatigue had overcome her, but I laid my hand upon her forehead aid it was so cold I suspected worse. A quick examination and I arose with the remark:

"'This is a case for the police, moncieur.' And so it turned out to be.

"Julie had opened an artery in her left arm, carefully concealing it in the heavy drapery, and while the artist was painting her 'acting,' she was slowly dying. Metcalf was so absorbed in painting her changing expressions, that he was not aware of anything extraordinary until he had laid down his brush and danced for joy before the completed picture.

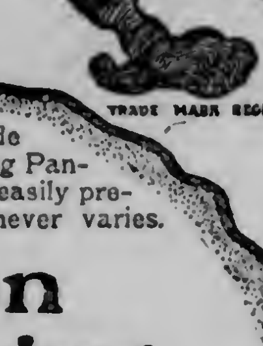
"An American millionaire paid him half a million francs for the painting, agreeing to leave it on exhibition at the Salon for a reasonable time, and Put left immediately for the United States to marry his betrothed."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
Kirke LaShelle Presents the Favorite Actor,
Mr. J. H. Stoddart
LAST TIME TONIGHT.
In the surpassingly beautiful scenic production of the exquisite comedy-drama
THE BONNIE BRIER BUSH
Dramatized by James Macarthur from the Scottish stories of "Ian Maclaren" (Dr. John Watson)
Prices—D.C. $1.50; Parq. $1.00; F.C. 75c; Bal 50c

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
One Night Tuesday, Dec. 2,
The WM. H. WEST
Big MINSTREL JUBILEE
Orchestra under the direction of Carl Shilling
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Star Lecture Course
FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DULUTH.
The Famous Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers
Champions of England, assisted by E. Stanley Nichols, Humorist and Entertainer.
Wednesday, Dec. 3.
Matinee 2:30 p. m.—not in course. Price, 50c; children 25c.
Evening Performance Price 50c. No children's tickets. Reserved seats for either entertainment at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Nov. 29. Children may reserve seats for matinee.



TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pancakes made of Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour are very easily prepared and their quality never varies.

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

is tested in our own laboratory and is warranted to contain the most valuable portions of wheat, corn and rye. All that is best for the stomach. The proportion of each grain adapts Falcon to all seasons and it suits all stomachs. Best for pancakes, but try this

Muffin Recipe

Two cups of Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heaping tablespoonful butter, one tablespoonful sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast, or baking powder.

The Best Grocers Sell Falcon Pancake Flour.

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY,
Millers of Falcon Pure Foods,
Des Moines, Ia.

CONSULT **A. L. NORBERG,**
OPTICIAN and
LICENSED OPTOMETRIST,
When in Need of Glasses.
Ten Years Experience. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth.

House-Cleaning Time.
To Avoid Delay, Telephone 447 Before Taking Down Your Curtains.

WE GUARANTEE to do Lace Curtains as fine as any other Laundry in the United States. We employ a Lace Curtain Expert. We have been doing Curtains for the best people in the town for years. Consult us before you send yours out of town or attempt to do it home. We'll save you a lot of trouble.

Lutes' Laundry, 808 E. Second St.

TO REGAIN CONTROL

One Explanation of the Governor's Speakership Attitude.

Would Make Railroad Commissioners Again Appointive.

This Would Add to Strength of State Machine.

One reason that is advanced for the desire of the state administration to control the house of representatives is that there is a plan to put the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners back in the list of appointments by the governor.

At the special session last winter bills providing for this were introduced in both houses, but they failed of passage owing to the brevity of the session and the disinclination of most of the members to take up miscellaneous legislation.

To add these important offices to the sum of the governor's is an important addition to the strength of the state machine, which Judge Jamison, James A. Martin and others are working hard to build up. There has been considerable dissatisfaction in strictly partisan quarters ever since the members of the board were made elective, instead of appointive, and strong efforts will be made to make the positions appointive once more. In this way the governor will not only get the appointment of commissioners, but the administration will be able to keep a closer tab on the appointments that are made by the board itself.

The proposed change will be fought bitterly, however. The argument is made against it that to put the places back on the appointive list is to admit that the people are not capable of choosing their own officers.

If such a bill is introduced it will be a strictly administration measure, and its reception will depend to a large extent upon the attitude of the legislature toward the administration. The efforts of those who purport to represent the administration along the line of dictating the organization of both houses are every day breeding opposition to the state forces that will extend to measures known to be backed by the administration.

Speculation among Duluth politicians just now is active on the stand the governor himself will take upon the speakership contest. The Johnson forces are hoping that he will come out manfully and say that he is against Babcock, and the Babcock people are quite confident that he will do nothing of the kind, and their view of it is supported by a knowledge of the governor's personal characteristics and his disinclination to take a pronounced stand on anything so vital as this issue is. Those who have had dealings with the governor on important matters will be very much surprised to see him take as pronounced a stand as the Johnson workers want him to.

KILL CLERK.

Employe of Westville, Ind., Bank Murdered By Robbers.

La Porte, Ind., Dec. 1.—Wesley Reynolds, aged 16, employed as clerk in the bank at Westville, in this county, was shot and killed at an early hour yesterday morning by robbers, who had broken into the place and were about to blow open the safe. The men escaped in a stolen rig. Adolph Koontz, passing the building early yesterday morning, discovered a broken window, and called to Reynolds but received no response. He reported the circumstance to E. S. Smith, owner of the bank, who investigated, finding his clerk dead in a pool of blood on the floor. At his side were an empty revolver, and another partially empty. Examination showed evidence of a desperate battle. More than twenty shots had been exchanged. From the trail of blood left by the robbers it is believed one of the men was wounded. The rig in which they escaped was abandoned six miles south of Westville. Sheriff Small and a posse of men are scouring the country for the fen. A reward of $1000 has been offered for the apprehension of the robbers. Pinkerton detectives, sent to the scene by the American Bankers association, of which the Westville bank is a member, are also working on the case. Young Reynolds received three bullet wounds, one through the hip and the second through the neck, and the third through the heart.

Digests all classes of food, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs. Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Stomach Troubles and makes rich blood, health and strength. Max Wirth.

INCORPORATIONS.

Maine Heads the List For Month of November.

New York, Dec. 1.—November was the least important month this year as regards incorporations in Eastern states, the total new capitalization of companies with a capital of $1,000,000 or over amounting to only $115,140,000.

Something out of the ordinary in connection with last month's figures is the fact that Maine heads the list of new corporations, a position usually occupied by New Jersey. In the former state the total capitalization was $58,000,000 and in the latter $37,550,000.

The aggregate capitalization of companies chartered in the Eastern states during the month with a capital less than $1,000,000 was about $21,000,000.

Consumption can certainly be cured. Not all cases, but very many. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the medicine. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WORK OF THE ARMY

Discussed By Secretary Root In His Annual Report.

Strongly Urges National Guard and General Staff Bills.

Says Effect of Abolition of Canteen Is Unfortunate.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Secretary Root's report of the operations of the war department for the past year says that on May 31, 1902, the enlisted strength of the army was 66,197. On Oct. 15, the army numbered 73,187, including officers, enlisted men and hospital corps. On Oct. 24, an order was made reducing the enlisted strength from 66,0003 to 59,866. This will leave 13,480 men in the Philippines, and with the execution of this order will, the secretary says, have been reduced to the minimum of enlisted strength which, in the judgment of congress, wise policy requires us to maintain, as insurance against future attack. The estimates prepared for submission to congress call for appropriations on that basis. The only armed forces which will then remain to be maintained on account of the islands ceded by Spain under the treaty of Paris will be the Porto Rico provisional regiment and the Philippine scouts. The secretary recommends the discontinuance of the Porto Rico regiment, but holds that the Philippines should be continued, as they enable us to reduce the force of American troops in the Philippines more rapidly than we sould without them, and their knowledge of the country, language and the ways of the people, make them especially valuable in hunting down ladrones, which for a good while to come will be an urgent business.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, there were 124,542 applications for enlistment in the army, not including the hospital corps and Philippine scouts. Of these, 37,461, or about 30 per cent, were acepted and 87,081, of about 70 per cent, were erjected. Of the number accepted, 32,249 were natives of the United States, 4726 were of foreign birth, and 486 were born in Porto Rico; 34,677 were white, 2284 colored, 14 Indians, and 486 Porto Ricans (color not specified.) The re-enlistments, the percentage of native-born among the newly enlisted men was 89.5. Of the applicants rejected, 1622 were rejected as aliens, and 3828 as illiterates.

The health of the army has shown a continued improvement. The deaths from all causes during the calendar year 1901 amounted to 13.94 per thousand of mean strength as against 22.74 per thousand of mean strength during the calendar year 1900. This large reduction of death rate was in a great measure due to improved conditions in the Philippines, where the rate was reduced to 17.26 per thousand in the year 1901, as against 29.52 per thousand in the year 1900. The death rate from all causes during the year 1901 in the United States was 6.90 per thousand; in Porto Rico, 7.81; in Cuba, and in the Pacific islands and China, 17.96.

The principal military events of the past year have been the end of the military occupation of Cuba and the end of the insurrection in the Philippines, and these are discussed at considerable length. The control of the Moros is a subject to which Secretary Root devotes some space. The belief is expressed that some future punishment for the Lake Lanao Moros may yet be necessary, but the present indications are peaceful. Farther in the interior of Midanao are numerous heathen tribes still more savage and lower in the scale of civilization than the Moros. In 1897 the Spanish governor of Mindanao estimated the numbers of sixteen of these tribes at an aggregate of 262,000. They carry on considerable slave trade, regarding which the secretary says: "Now that the insurrection has been disposed of we shall be able to turn our attention, not merely to the slave trade, but to the already existing slavery among the Moros. We cannot immediately free the slaves by a single act, first, because it would require a war of extermination in which a large part of the slaves would probably be found fighting against us; and, second, because a large part of them would have nowhere to go and no way to live if deprived of the protection and support of their present masters. I believe, however, that we can maintain a process of gradual and steady reduction, resulting ultimately in the extinction of the practice of slavery."

Concerning the disposition to be made of the army in peace, the report says the policy has been rather to increase the size of the posts in which the army is to be quartered, rather than to increase the number, and also, so far as practicable, to get the army posts out of the cities and large towns, and establish them upon larger tracts of cheaper land in the neighborhood of the same cities and towns, so that the men may have the benefit of country air instead of city air, and more room for training and exercise; the neighbor hood of the barracks may be under military control; the rum shops and brothels may be pushed father away from the men; and at the same time the advantages of convenient inspection, transportation and supply, and a reasonable degree of educational and social privileges, may be retained.

The incompleteness of the coast-defense work is discussed. It is only about half finished, and at the present rate it will take fifteen years to finish the defenses, according to the Endicott board plan. With a half-finished work so recent and so rapidly pressed it follows necessarily that a formative process is constantly going on, mistakes are being made and corrected, new experiments are being made, new things are being learned, and many difficult problems remain still unsolved. It follows also that neither the officers nor the men of the artillery have as yet had much opportunity to become proficient in the use of the new weapons, and there is great need for practical instruction and training in their use. The secretary, therefore, urges a continuance of the practice furnished by joint and navy maneuvers.

The secretary urges the enactment of the bill introduced at the last session which embodies his views upon the treatment of the national guard of the several states by the federal government, the relation of the guard to the militia and volunteer systems, and preparation in advance for the organization of volunteers in time of war. With the system provided for by the bill carried into effect we should be able while maintaining a standing army of but 60,000 men, to put a force of at least 250,000 well-trained men into the field instantly upon a declaration of war, and the cost would be less than to maintain but a few additional regiments of regular troops.

The military force of the United States would then be as follows:

First. The regular army, capable of enlargement by the president, when he sees war coming, to 100,000.

Second. Such of the organized militia (already trained as a national guard, and just as valuable, when used in the manner hereinafter indicated, as any other troops) as the president shall see fit to call into the service of the United States for not exceeding nine months, to repel invasion.

Third. A first volunteer reserve, composed of such companies, troops and regiments of the organized militia already trained as a national guard as volunteer by organizations with all their officers and men.

Fourth. A second volunteer reserve, composed of men previously enrolled and having previous military training in the national guard, the regular army or the volunteer army, and commanded by officers whose fitness has been previously ascertained by practical tests under the provisions of the militia act.

Fifth. Such further volunteers as it may be necessary to call forth from the states, according to their respective quotas, and commanded by regimental officers appointed by the governors of the states.

A conservative estimimate of the number which would be included in the first four classes of troops, who have already had military service and will be available for immediate action, is from 250,000 to 300,000. The number of the fifth class would have no limit.

The most important thing to be done now for the regular army, says Secretary Root, is the creation of a general staff. Our system makes no adequate provision for the directing brain which every army must have, to work successfully. Common experience has shown that this can not be furnished by any single man without assistants, and that it requires a body of officers working together under the direction of a chief and entirely separate from and independent of the administration staff of an army (such as the adjutants, quartermasters, commissaries, etc., each of whom is engrossed in the duties of his own special department). This body of officers, in distinction from the administrative staff, has come to be called a general staff. He would change the designation of the officer now called the commanding general of the army to chief of staff and enlarge his powers by giving him the immediate direction of the supply departments. This would do much to remove the cause of the almost constant conflict and better feeling in the administration of the army for the past fifty years.

Regarding the canteen, Secretary Root says:

"Referring to the operation of section 38 of the act of Feb. 2, 1901, which prohibits the sale of beer and light wines in post exchanges, I said in my last report that a great body of reports had been received which indicated that the effect of the law was unfortunate, but that I thought a sufficient time had not elapsed to give the law a fair trial, and that the observation and report of its workings would be continued during the ensuing year. A great number of additional reports have now been received, and they confirm the impression produced by the earlier reports. I am convinced that the general effect of prohibiting the use of beer and light wines within the limited area of the army post is to lead the enlisted men to go out of the post, to frequent vile resorts which cluster in the neighborhood, to drink bad whisky to excess, and to associate intimately with abandoned men and more abandoned women; and that the operation of the law is to increase drunkenness, disease of the most loathsome kid, insubordination and desertion, and moral and physical degradation. These reports are ready to be sent to congress whenever that body desires to consider the subject."

Coming to the expenses of the department, the secretary presents tables showing that the expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, were $108,798,433. The estimates for the present fiscal year were $157,409,836 and the sum of $146,937,395 was appropriated. The estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, aggregate $125,989,435. Estimates for the support of the military establishment proper have progressively decreased. The estimate for 1901 was, in round numbers, 128,000,000; for 1902, $113,000,000; for 1903, $99,000,000; for 1904, $77,000,000. Upon the estimate for $128,000,000 for 1901, the appropriations were $111,000,000 and the expenditures $105,000,000; upon the estimate for $113,000,000 for 1902, the appropriations were $116,000,000 and the expenditures $78,000,000. The estimates presented this year for the support of the military establishment proper, involving chiefly things consumed during the year, are $14,000,000 less than last year's appropriations and $21,000,000 less than last year's estimates.

Under the heading of civil government in the Philippines, the secretary urges, first, that the duties levied in the United States upon products of the Philippine archipelago imported therefrom be reduced to 25 per cent of the Dingley tariff rates; second, that the govenment of the island be pemitted to establish the gold standard for its currency, and to take such measures as it finds to be practicable and prudent to keep the silver coinage which it is authorized to issue at parity with gold, without in any way committing the United States to responsibility therefor.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Arthur and Fred Rabideaux of Southern Wisconsin, were in the city on Thursday.

Rev. Charles Giraux held services at Carlton Sunday evening and Monday morning.

Mrs. C. H. Seeley is on the sick list.

Miss Lydia Gervais, formerly of Cloquet was married on Nov. 24, to a popular young man of Iron River.

William Trachy was a Cloquet caller on Friday.

Services were held at Rice station on Wednesday by the Rev. Charles Giraux, also at Cromwell on Thanksgiving Day.

The new Roman Catholic church is now getting its last coat of paint and will be completed in a few days. When Father Giraux planned the new church here over two years ago he believed that it would be large enough when built to meet the wants of Cloquet for a number of years, but he finds that the church is already over crowded and something will have to be done in the near future to make more room.

Philip Gagnon, of West Duluth, is in the city visiting friends.

Ferdinand King left on Saturday for a months visit with friends and relatives in Stillwater.

Mr. Golden, of Carlton, was in the city on Friday.

Miss Dora Lepeno, of West Superior, spent Thanksgiving in the city, the guest of Miss Pearl Rabideaux.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jesstice of Carlton, were Cloquet callers on Friday.

Mrs. Butler, of Scanlon, is visiting friends in the city.

Walter Magnus, of the firm of J. E. Mulrooney & Co., of Minneapolis, was in the city on Friday.

Mrs. John Dorsey has gone to Mountain Iron for a short visit with her husband.

Miss Gertie Gallagher, of Carlton, was calling on friends here Saturday.

A number of Miss Pearl Rabideaux's friends surprised her one evening this week and all report a pleasant time.

Miss Annie Larson, who has been teaching for the past year, came home to spend Thanksgiving with her parents. While here she was taken quite ill and Miss Wallace, of Carlton, is substituting in Miss Larson's place.

Cancerous Ulcers

At first have nothing about them to indicate their true nature. They look like ordinary sores and are usually treated as such, some simple salve, wash or powder being used in the hope of drying them up and stopping the discharge; but while the place may temporarily scab over, it again inflames and festers, becoming as bad or worse than ever. After awhile the deadly poison begins to eat into the surrounding flesh and the sore spreads with frightful rapidity. Then the sharp shooting pains, which distinguish the cancerous from the common ulcer, are felt, and the unfortunate patient is brought face to face with the most dreaded of all maladies, a cancerous ulcer.

Whenever an ulcer of any kind is slow in healing it should be closely watched, particularly if there is an inherited predisposition to cancer. Often times a malignant, stubborn ulcer starts from a boil, wart, mole, bruise, blister or pimple, for when the blood is tainted and the germs and seeds of cancer are implanted in the system, you cannot tell when nor where the deadly poison is going to break out.

S. S. S. cures these cancerous ulcers and chronic sores, by driving out of the system all the morbid and unhealthy matter that keeps the ulcer irritated and discharging. It purifies and strengthens the blood, enabling it to throw off the germs and poisons, thus checking the further formation of cancer cells, and when all impurities have been removed from the blood and system the ulcer heals naturally and permanently.

SSS

All ulcers, even the smallest, should be looked upon with suspicion and treated promptly before they become cancerous.

S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, a perfect blood purifier, and an invigorating tonic. Write for our free book on Cancer.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Omega Oil

For Any Pain

Omega Oil is good for any pain that can be reached externally. The Oil is antiseptic and healing in its action. It contains one ingredient that is a specific for Rheumatism. Another ingredient soothes and quiets the nerves. Still another is an anodyne that overcomes pain in a most remarkable manner. The body of this famous liniment is a sweet vegetable oil, which, as every one knows, is a good thing for the flesh, muscles and joints.

Omega Oil contains no turpentine or ammonia. It is like no other liniment. It does not evaporate, but a little of it does a big lot of good. You may not believe in external treatment, but you will change your opinion after using Omega Oil. It will be found to give full satisfaction in cases of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Gout, Sore Throat, Cold in Chest, Difficult Breathing, Swollen Tonsils, Asthma, Bronchitis, Quinsy, Bruises, Strains, Sprains, Sore Feet, Weak Backs, Stiff Joints, Toothache, Earache, Sore Muscles, Swellings and Inflammation.

One night I went to bed with the most frightful pain in my shoulder, extending down my back and chest. I rubbed myself with Omega Oil for ten minutes, and in a short time the pain had disappeared.

MORTIMER L. WILLIAMS,
471 Tenth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. 815

LOW WATER

Was Cause of Boiler Explosion at Swift's Plant.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—A vigorous examination, with a view of determining the cause that led to the explosion of Swift & Co.'s boiler plant, Saturday, when thirteen persons weer killed, was begun yesterday by mechanical experts, representing the city and private interests. Although those conducting the investigation weer reticent in discussing the progress of the work, the intimation given was in accord with the original theories of the accident, that Water Tender Owens, who paid the penalty of death for his supposed carelessness, was responsible for the catastrophe. The great force produced by the explosion and other obstructions led to the conclusion that the water had been allowed to get low in the boilers, and that when an effort was made to supply the deficiency, the explosion, resulting in the demolition of the plant, followed.

Acting on the policy that he did not care to commit himself until sure of his ground, City Boiler Inspector J. C. Blaney refused to give a specific cause for the explosion. Until after certain tests as to strength, which the metal of the wrecked plant is to be subjected to shall be completed, Mr. Blaney says he will delay his official report.

The coroner, also held an investigation on the disaster. The inquest proper, however, will not be held until Dec. 10.

MOROS

Surprised to Find That Americans Were Not Monsters.

Manila, Dec. 1.—Capt. Pershing, with sixty men, has completed a march across the island of Mindanao, from Camp Vicars to Iliagan. This is possibly the first time that white men have made the journey. Capt. Pershing visited the villages of Madaya and Marahui. On his way to Madaya he found the Moros were surprised to learn that Americans were not monsters, ten feet tall, with horns and tails. At Marahui he addressed 500 Moros, telling them of the friendly purposes of the Americans. Representatives of the Nato and Bocayutan tribes, which are not at war, asked Capt. Pershing to arbitrate the differences between them. The captain agreed to visit them, and give his arbitration on his return journey to Camp Vicars. No hostility was shown towards the column on the march.

The constabulary in the Zambales province reports a repulsive incident of cruelty perpetrated by ladrones. Several columns of constabulary had been chasing the ladrones, with the assistance of friendly natives. Five of the friendlies straggle from the column and were captured by ladrones, who amputated the tongue and gouged out the eyes of one friendly and then sent him back to the constabulary. The fate of the other friendlies is unknown.

SAVED COST OF TRIAL.

Dexter, Mo., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Hattie L. Whitten, who was arrested yesterday on the charge of having poisoned her 9-year-old daughter, from whose funeral she had just returned, committed suicide yesterday by hanging while in the custody of the deputy sheriff. Her death ends a case which promised to be as sensational as any inquired into in many years. Mrs. Whitten is suspected also of having caused the death of an elder daughter, aged 11, on September 19 last, and her body has been exhumed.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.........**
Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.
Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 295

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon

Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Agents.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

WORMS

If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has Worms.

Kickapoo Worm Killer will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c. a box at druggists, or by mail from us. Your money back if not satisfactory, KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Ct.

PRISONERS RELEASED.

Venezuelan Prisons Opened By Order of Castro.

Caracas, Venezuela, Dec. 1.—President Castro has opened all the prisons in this city and at Puerto Cabello and Maracaibo and liberated the political offenders confined therein. Among the released prisoners are Olavarria, the brother-in-law of Gen. Matos Acede, the latter's confidential agent and the leading traders in Caracas, named Travieso, Volcon and Nunez, who were arrested for complicity in the revolution. This act has produced a good impression and it is reported that Gen. J. R. Herendez, called El Moche, and three others of the revolutionary leaders, also will be liberated shortly.

Actors, Singers, Talkers.—Are all more or less subject to bad throat, hoarseness, tonsilitis and catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder never disappoints. "I can but proclaim Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder a wonderful medicine for actors, singers and public speakers. Myself and my wife have tried everything, but have never found anything to equal this great remedy for quick action; it certainly is a wonderful worker."—Al. Emmett Foster, New York City. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—25.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS** Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

MARKET IS LOWER

Wheat Opens Lower and Drags Throughout the Morning.

Liquidation Is Large and Little Evidence of Support.

Flax Trading Quiet and the Market Fairly Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 1.—The wheat market started out slightly lower this morning and became further depressed. The cables were lower, but as they did not respond fully to the decline in the American markets on Saturday they had no effect. The chief bearish factor were the heavy Northwest receipts. There was a large amount of liquidation and an absence of support from the interests that have been supporting the market for some time. The cash demand was fair and especially the export demand showed improvement, a half dozen loads being worked about equally divided between Manitoba and Duluth wheat. Eastern buyers took 125,000 bus. The Liverpool market closed unchanged at ¼d lower and Paris and Antwerp unchanged. Primary receipts of wheat were 1,198,000 bus, last year 1,524,000 bus. Shipments, 848,000 bus, last year 1,415,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 323,000 bus. The world's shipments of wheat were 8,276,000 bus, last week, against 9,518,000 bus the previous week and 8,917,000 bus last year. The amount on passage decreased 2,504,000 bus. The visible supply of wheat increased 3,351,000 bus last week and is now 45,002,000 bus, against 52,326,000 bus last year at this time.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@½d lower. December corn in the Chicago market closed ½c off and May corn ¼c up. May oats closed ⅛-¼c higher. Promary receipts of corn were 760,000 bus, last year 613,000 bus. Shipments, 415,000 bus, last year 742,000 bus. Clearances were 293,621 bus. The world's shipments of corn last week were 14,388,000 bus, against 1,356,000 bus, the previous week and 3,707,000 bus last year. The amount on passage decreased 512,000 bus. The visible supply increased 650,000 bus, last week and is now 2,937,000 bus, against 11,227,000 bus last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 1557 cars, and at Chicago, 140, a total of 1697 cars, against 1924 last week and 1177 last year.

Trading on the Duluth board was slow up to noon, but after that became brisk and the volume for the day was large. December wheat opened ¼c off, at 71¼c, and sold from 71⅛c to 71c up to 10:15, after which it fell off to 70⅝c at 10:50. It rallied then ta 70¾c at 11:25, but fell off again to 70⅝c and closed there, a decline of ⅝c. May opened a shade lower at 74c, sold at 73¾c at 10, at 73⅞c at 10:17, and then fell to 73½c at 10:32 and 73⅜c at 11:27. It closed at 74½c a decline of ½-⅝c. Minneapolis May closed ¼-⅜c lower and Chicago ⅝-¾c lower. December in Chicago fell ¼-⅜c.

Cash sales were 200,000 bus and for No. 1 northern spot and to arrive ¾c over December was paid. No. 2 sold at 2c under No. 1 and No. 3 at 4c under.

Flax trading was very dull and the market steady, moving within a ¼c range all morning. May closed unchanged and December ¼c off.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 72⅝c; 1 northern, 71⅜c; 2 northern, 69⅜c; 3 spring, 67⅜c; to arrive, 1 hard, 72⅞; 1 northern, 71⅜c; December, 70⅝c; May, 73½c. Macaroni—No. 1, 62⅝c; No. 2, 60⅝c. Oats—December, 32c; May, 31½c; on track, 32c; to arrive, 32c. Rye—May, 51c; on track, 49½c; to arrive, 49c. Barley—35@53c. Flax—Cash, $1.17; on track, $1.17; to arrive, $1.17; December, $1.17; January, $1.17½; May, $1.22¼.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 329; last year, 268; oats, 3; rye, 3; barley, 31; flax, 121.

Receipts: Wheat, 393,812; oats, 5056; rye, 15,644; barley, 31,599; flax, 142,524.

Shipments: Wheat, 319,684; barley, 45,000; flax, 741,49.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.,
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 4 cars	$0.73
No. 1 northern, 10 cars	72¼
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	72¼
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	71¾
No. 1 northern, 58 cars	71½
No. 1 northern, 24,000 bus	71½
No. 1 northern, 28 cars	71⅜
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	70⅜
No. 2 northern, 9 cars	69½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	69⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car to mills	70
Rejected, 1 car	67½
Barley, 1 car	46
Flax, 8 cars, cash	1.17¼
Flax, 23 cars, cash	1.17
Flax, 2 cars, cash	1.17¾
Flax, 3000 bus to arrive	1.17
Flax, 1 car to arrive	1.17
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.14
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.13¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Lower With But Little Doing In Pit.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—There was little doing in the wheat pit today and prices were about steady with May ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher, at 75⅝c to 75⅞c. Cables although lower, did not respond to the weakness here Saturday, but the heavy receipts in the Northwest added to the depression and caused some selling early in the day, which carried May down to 75½c. The deliveries on December contracts were light, as had been anticipated, and it will probably be a few days yet before any material amount is delivered. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 1557 cars, which with local receipts of 140 cars—22 of contract grade—made total receipts for the three points of 1697 cars against 1924 cars last week and 1177 cars a year ago.

Prospects of a large increase in visible supply caused heavy liquidation about noon and May declined to 74⅞c bus rallied later, closing ⅝@¾c lower at 75@⅛c.

Extremely favorable weather for the movement of corn together with easier cables, caused a weakness at the opening with May a shade lower to a shade up, at 42½c to 42⅝c. Trade was very light and on commission house selling there was a decline to 42⅜@½c. Local receipts were 202 cars with 17 of contract grade.

The weakness in wheat affected corn and May sold off to 42¼@⅜c, but rallied toward the close, which was ¼c up at 42¾@⅞c.

Good weather caused considerable selling of May oats early in the day, resulting in a decline to 31⅞c, after opening unchanged to ⅛c lower, at 32@32⅛c. A fair demand developed, however, and the downward trend was checked. There were no special features. Local receipts were 236 cars.

Provisions opened about where they left off Saturday, but a firm undertone prevailed although the receipts of hogs were liberal and prices at the yards only steady. A good demand from shorts helped maintain prices. January pork opened unchanged at $15.85; January lard was also unchanged at $9.52½, while ribs were 2½c higher at $8.20.

Close: Wheat—December, 72¼c; May, 75⅛c; July, 73c. Corn—December, 53½c; January, 47¼c; May, 42¾@⅞c; July, 41⅝c. Oats—December, 31@¼c; old, 29c; May, 32¼@⅜c. Pork—January, $15.82½; May, $14.95. Lard—December, $10.02½; January, $9.45@9.47½; May, $8.80. Ribs—January, $8.12½@8.15; May, $7.95. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.20; S. W. and December, $1.15; May, $1.22. Rye—December, 48c; May, 51@51½c. Barley—Cash, 36@58c. Timothy—January, $4.15. Clover—December, $11.00. Cash wheat—2 red, 74c; 3 red, 69@73c; 2 hard, winter, 72c; 3 hard winter, 68@71c; 1 northern spring, 75c; 2 northern spring, 73@74c; 3 spring, 65@71c. Corn—2 and 3, 53@53½c. Oats—2, 29¾@30½c; 3, 29¼@29½c.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.
A. J. CUMMINGS,
Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in . . . . . Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (423 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—308 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. ....Both 'Phones.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Close: Wheat—December 71; May 73¼@⅜; on track 1 hard 73¼; 1 northern 72¼; 2 northern 70¾.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 73⅛-¼c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 73¼-⅜c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was heavy. There were no signs of Armour support and Broomhall cabled prospects in Argentine favorable for a fine crop. Deliveries on December contract small, but there was considerable pressure from December liquidation. We think the placing of December is by no means yet completed and that the deliveries are likely to be larger. After the sharp break and with the December liquidation over, some rally in the market is not unlikely. The conditions, however, do not look to us able to keep it going. Estimated cars, 90.

Corn—The market here was a little irregular, December being a little easier and the May closing strong. The volume of the trade is not large. The cash markets here and in the Southwest are dull. It is not an active market in a speculative way, but there is a large short interest in May and the price offers the buyer big odds. We would rather but it on the weak spots. Estimated cars, 250.

Oats—The market here was very quiet and featureless and apparently without tendency to prices. The cash situation is a slow one and the volume of speculative trade small. Estimated cars, 200.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 1.—Close, Wheat, December, 79½c; May, 78⅞c. Corn, December, 59½c; May, 47¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	71¼B	70⅞	73½-⅝	79¾
High	71¼B	71⅛	73⅝	80⅛
Low	70⅝	70¾	72	79⅜
Close	70⅝B	71	72¼	79½A
May—				
Open	74A	73½	75⅝-⅞	79½
High	74	73⅝	75⅞	79½
Low	73⅜	73-⅛	74⅝	78⅝-¾
Close	73½	73¼-⅜	75-⅛	78⅞B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. January.
Open	32@32⅛	42½@42⅝	$15.85@15.90
High	32¼	42⅝	15.90
Low	31⅞	42¼-⅜	15.80
Close	32¼-⅜	42¾-⅞A	15.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 1.—Wheat, spot, firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern spring, no stocks; No. 1 California, 6s 7½d; futures, quiet; December, 5s 10⅞d; March, 5s 11d¾; May, 6s. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 5½d; futures, quiet; January, 4s 4⅝; March, 4s 2d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 53,000 quarters from Atlantic ports, none from Pacific and 78,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 5400 quarters. The following are the stocks of wheat and corn in store and on quays, railroad and canal depots not included, wheat 2,400,000 centals; corn, 602,600 centals. The following are the stocks of breadstuffs and provisions in Liverpool: Flour, 71,000 sacks; wheat, 1,623,000 centals; corn, 578,000 centals; bacon, 7700 boxes; hams, 3800 boxes; shoulders, 1600 boxes; cheese, 70,600 boxes; lard, 500 tierces prime Western steam and 80 tons other kinds.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, Nov. 29, 1902:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	345,668
No. 1 northern	1,016,831
No. 2 northern	142,976
No. 3 spring	25,735
No grade	38,753
Rejected	17,483
Special bin	1,840,014
Western and macaroni	103,014
Total	3,530,672
Increase during week	1,230,590
Stock a year ago	6,225,334
Coarse grains—	
Corn	1,245
Oats	311,223
Rye	102,949
Increase	29,888
Barley	976,840
Decrease	183,381
Flax	2,083,634
Decrease	190,500

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The wheat market after opening firm owing to more favorable news from abroad, later in the day become weak on heavy selling by longs, prices broke sharply, but around 75c and under for May there was very liberal covering by shorts and the market closed steadier at a moderate reaction from the low point. Foreign markets were generally lower. Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. There was a moderate demand for cash wheat here by local millers, but shipping demand was very quiet. Seaboard reported a good business done there for export on the break. Our Rosa Rio friends cabled that the weather in the Argentine continues favorable for harvesting. Cars for tomorrow 90.

There was only a light trade in corn today and mostly all of a local professional character. The market after ruling weak early in sympathy with wheat later rallied on covering by local shorts and closed rm. The weather was generally favorable for the movement to market, but indications point to unsettled conditions within the next forty-eight hours. Foreign markets were easier, Liverpool closed ⅛d to ¼d lower for the day. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand was fairly good. The seaboard reported a moderate business done there for export. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 295 cas.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market generally followed the course of corn. Ruling weak early, later rallying and closing firm. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand continues good. Cars tomorrow, 200.

Provisions opened strong although hog receipts were excessive and prices for them lower. On the advance there was selling by brokers that indicated packers and other influential operators and prices quickly fell off, closing with losses for the day. There was a great rush of live stock today. Contrary to expectations the live stock show did not bring buyers for everything as it did last year and consequently many holders who bought anticipating that feature were disgusted and sold out. Market is in a critical position and any little thing could easily turn it one way or the other. Hogs tomorrow 38,000.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Cattle receipts, 38,000; lower; good to prime steers, $5.75@7.25; poor to medium, $3.00@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.75; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $1.90@4.40; calves, $3.25@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.25. Hogs receipts today, 45,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 2015; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.30; good to choice, heavy, $6.20@6.45; rough heavy, $5.70@6.10; light, $5.65@6.10; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.20. Sheep receipts, 50,000; market lower; good to choice wethers, $3.50@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@3.50; Western sheep, $2.75@3.80; native lambs, $3.50@5.25; Western lambs, $3.75@5.00. Official receipts Saturday—Cattle, 12,586; hogs, 31,583; sheep, 17,160. Shipments—Cattle, 4089; hogs, 3447; sheep, 936. Receipts of cattle today breaks all previous records for one day's receipts.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report a moderate outlet on all classes of horses excepting heavy drafters, which sold better than heretofore this season. The receipts were large and ample to meet the inquiry. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@245
Drafters, choice	140@180
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@115

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best gooods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	26	@	28
Creamery, tubs	25	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Packing stock	14	@	15
EGGS.			
Fresh	23½		
Storage	22		
CHEESE			
Twins, full cream	13½		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½		
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15		
Primos	7½		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	@	3 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	2 75	@	3 50
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 85
California pears	2 50		
California peaches	75	@	85
Cranberries	8 50	@	9 00
Bananas	2 00	@	2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 50	@	4 75
Catawba grapes, basket	23	@	24
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 15		
Mexican oranges	4 00	@	4 50
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@	7 00
California Oranges	3 50		
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10		
Beets, bu	50		
Carrots, bushel	65		
Cabbage, per crate	65		
Turnips, bushel	40		
Parsnips, per 100	1 25		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	1 25		
Green onions, per dozen	65	@	75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per dozen	1 50		
Citron	75		
Cauliflower, basket	2 25		
Mint, per dozen	30		
Radishes, per doz bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	43		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 25		
Red cabbage	75		
Pumpkins	1 25		
Squash	1 25		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	5		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	8½		
Geese	11		
Turkeys	13	@	14
Ducks	12		
Spring chickens	11		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6		
Lamb	9		
Veal good	8		
Dressed beef	6½		8½
Hogs	7½	@	8½
Pork loins	9		
Pure lard	11¼		
Compound lard	7½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@27½c; dairies, 18@21c. Eggs, steady, loss off, cases returned, 24c. Cheese steady, twins, 11@½c; daisies, 11½@12c; young Americas, 11½@12c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 1.—Butter receipts, 4936 packages, firm; state dairy, 20@27c; extra creamery, 29c; creamery, common to choice, 20@28c. Cheese receipts, 1898 packages, firm; new state full cream small colored fancy September, 13¼c; late made, 13¼c; small white September, 13¼c; late made, 12¾c; large white, September, 13¼c; late made, 12¾c; large colored September, 13¼c; late made, 12¾c. Eggs receipts, 6875 packages, firm; state and Pennsylvania average best, 28@29c; Western fancy graded, 26@27c; Western, poor to prime, 20@25c; refrigerator, 18@21c.

SAVED AT GRAVE'S BRINK

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbrash, Stomach and Bowel Dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters and a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Abbett's drug store.

No ointment, salve or grease is pleasant to use; for chaps, sores, burns, chafing, tender skin, try Satin-Skin Cream; dainty, harmless, healing, 25c. All druggists.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Was of Limited Volume and Market Was Irregular.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Maintained Position of Bull Leader.

Prices Sagged During Final Hour But Rallied Again.

New York, Dec. 1.—The opening on the stock market today was irregular and the changes were small. There were heavy dealings in Brooklyn Transit, 2000 shares selling at the opening at 64 and 64⅞, compared with 63⅞ on Saturday. The stock subsequently advanced an additional fraction.

Brooklyn Transit maintained its bull leadership of the market and its rise of 2¼ was followed by similar advances in Metropolitan and Sugar. Louisville, Reading, Colorado & Southern preferred, Toledo, St. Louis & Western, Kanawha & Michigan and Pressed Steel Car also rose 1 to 1½, Lackawanna 2½ and Evansville & Terre Haute 2¾. A drive against St. Paul lowered it from 176⅞ to 174⅛ and caused reactions of about a point in some of the strong stocks. Buying by the short interest rallied St. Paul 1½ before 11 o'clock and the general list responded again.

The market came up before noon under the continued leadership of the local tractions. Metropolitan rose 3⅝. A number of hard and soft coalers were also added to the one point advances or over. Dealings were not on a large scale. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Further gains were made by some of the stoft coal stocks and specialties. The dealings were more active in the railroad quarter and the Pacifics, St. Paul and Louisville rose strongly. Amalgamated advanced 2 points and Lackawanna 4½ in all.

St. Paul was offered freely again when it reached the highest and reacted 1½. Other stocks eased off in sympathy, but a renewed demonstration of strength in the local tractions carried the market up again. Metropolitan Street Railway continued its rise to 4⅞ and Brooklyn to 3½.

A few specialties advanced during the final hour and the general market sagged. Great Northern preferred advanced 5; Hocking Valley, 3¼, Kanawha & Michigan 3, Smelting, 2¼ and the Union Pacific stocks. Wabash preferred, Rock Island preferred, New York Central, Reading and second preferred, 1 to 2. Prices rallied again, and the closing was moderately active and firm.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 423 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	58½	56½	57¾
American Sugar	122¼	120¾	122
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	83¾	82½	83½
do pfd	99	98¾	98⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	100¼	98½	100
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67½	64	67⅛
Canadian Pacific	129½	127⅞	129⅜
Chasapeake & Ohio	47	46	47
Chicago & Alton	33⅞	33	33¾
Chicago Great Western	26⅛	25¾	26
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	176⅜	174¾	175⅞
Chis., Rock Island & P.	44½	43½	43¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	89	86½	86½
Erie Common	34½	33⅜	34½
General Electric	179¼	179	179
Great Northern	188¼	186½	188¼
Illinois Central	145⅝	144½	145¼
Iowa Central	39¾	39½	39¾
do pfd	68	68	68
Louisville & Nashville	130⅜	128	129⅞
Manhattan Elevated	157⅛	156	156¼
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	75	74⅛	74½
do pfd	126	124¾	124¾
Mo. Pacific	107¾	106⅝	107½
N. Y. Central	156	154	155⅜
Norfolk & Western	71⅝	70½	71½
Pennsylvania	[illegible]	156½	157⅝
People's Gas of Chi.	102¾	101⅞	102⅛
Reading	62	60¼	
Republic Steel & Iron	20½	19⅞	20¼
Southern Pacific	63¾	62⅝	63¾
Southern Railway	32⅞	32½	32⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	57¾	57¼	57¼
Union Pacific	101	99½	101
United States Leather	12⅝	12⅝	12½
U. S. Steel	36⅞	36⅜	36⅝
do pfd	84	83¼	83¾
Wabash	29¾	29⅝	29⅞
Western Union	88¼	88	88
Wisconsin Central	25⅝	25	25½
do pfd	51	50⅞	50⅞
Northern Securities	108½	..	109

The total sales were 661,100 shares

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The market did not sell off as much as might be expected on the bad bank statement. When we arrive at the stage where bad news ceases to effect prices, a bull market is not far off. An active bull speculation now would bring on renewed money strigency, however, and defeat its own object. A large foreign debt has to be paid off by the end of December. Of couse this obligation may be met by heavy exports. I don't look for any very adverse developments because everybody is prepared for them. Buy U. P., M. P., Manhattan, Sugar and Atchinson.

* * *

McIntyre & Marshall to Paine, Webber & Co.: Gossip on Sugar is that the alleged war between it and beet sugar people has been ended and it is pointed out that the Havemeyer's are very large owners of the beet sugar company's securities.

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: Various bullish reports current on B. R. T. to explain strength in that stock. They continue to connect it with Manhattan deal and fact that Butler crowd appear as good buyers of it has widened the scope of these rumors and higher prices are talked for it. Metropolitan strength doe to manipulation by recently formed bull pool.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market opened steady and with some little buying, but it was mostly by traders—with the commission houses very light. Later transactions became quite active and the whole market showed better tone. In the afternoon there was quite heavy buying and prices advanced. Profit-taking prevented the market from making any very great gains but all the afternoon stocks were well taken. The close was steadier and greatest activity shown in tractions.

* * *

Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The stock market showed strength today notwithstanding the unfavorable bank statement. The business was made up largely, however, in dealings in half a dozen stocks, of these the tractions were the leaders. Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Metropolitan scored advances. Industrials were strong, the buying being on the president's message, which is generaly looked forward as being favorable.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 1.—The cotton market opened quiet and unchanged to a decline of 2 points. Soon after the first call a further decline of 1 to 2 points was apparent on the more active positions under local pressure, the original weakness having been due to unsatisfactory cables and an absence of public support which left the market quite in the hands of the more professional traders, who like the public showed a disposition to hold off for the crop report due from Washington next Wednesday. Under selling by this class the market was kept rather weak durin the early forenoon. Port receipts for the day were estimated at 32,000 bales, against 51,600 last week and 52,400 last year. Selling was checked by the weather map which showed heavy rains throughout the cotton district.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 5 points lower. Middling uplands, 8.50; middling gulf, 8.75; sales, 33,400 bales. Cotton futures, steady; December, 8.25; January, 8.24; February, 8.15; March, 8.18; April, 8.17; May, 8.18; June, 8.19; July, 8.20; August, 8.03.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	13	14
Arcadian	4	4¼
Allouez	2½	2¾
Atlantic	7	8
Anaconda	21½	22½
Calumet & Hecla	430	.....
Centennial	16	16¾
Copper Range	56¾	57¼
Franklin	8	9
Isle Royale	12	13
Bingham	26¼	27
Massachusetts	14	14¼
May Flower	1½	.....
National	1	1½
Mohegan	37¼	38
Michigan	7	8
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	15¼	15¾
Osceola	49½	50
Parrot	22	22½
Quincy	100	105
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1½	1¾
Tamarack	144	147
Tecumseh	50	75
Tri-Mountain	93	.....
Utah	22¾	23
Victoria	5	5½
Winona	3¼	5¾
Wolverine	58	60
Wyandotte	.....	75
Elm River	1⅞	2
Trinity	8⅝	9
Dominion Coal	128	129
Daly West	37	38
L. S. & Pittsburg	.....	74
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	80
U. S. M.	21¼	21½
Dominion Steel	55	55½
U. S. Oil	14¼	14½
Green Con.	25	26
Mercur	1⅝	1⅞
Calumet & Arizona	.....	90
United Copper	28½	29½

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Coppers were more active today than for some time. U. S. Mining and Utah were about the only ones to show advances, however. Buying in U. S. has been excellent and several thousand shares traded in. No special news other than their smelter is at work and the mine will be a producer with big possibilities from now on.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Coppers continue to show a very firm undertone. Amalgamated was the feature and on very strong buying advanced to 58. We believe the buying in this stock is of the best and that it is a good purchase. United States Mining was strong and the buying was confident and the prediction is for higher prices.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 1.—Close: Money on call firm at 4½@5½ per cent; closing, 4@5 per cent; time money steady; sixty days, 6 per cent; ninety days, 6 per cent; six months, 5½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.1.25@4.87.65 for demand, and $4.83.50@4.83.6.25 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83@4.84; bar silver, 48⅝c; Mexican dollars, 37½c; government bonds, firm; railroad bonds, irregular.

VAN SANT

Will Give an Official Declaration as to Speaker.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—The Dispatch says: Governor Van Sant will arrive home tomorrow night, and on Wednesday morning will probably give out to the public an official declaration of his position in the speakership fight. Unless his friends are badly mistaken in their claims the governor has made up his mind decisively to declare, over his own signature, that he is opposed to Babcock's election, and wants him defeated.

The Babcock people declare that the governor will never take such action, but the men closest to the governor assert positively that the governor's mind is made up and that he will make a statement. The statement, it is said, is all ready to be issued, but will not be given out until the governor arrives. The Babcock people will be allowed, what they claim as their right, to see the governor personally before the statement is issued. Dr. Babcock, backed by several of his own friends and friends of the governor, will try to convince the governor that Babcock is in no wise antagonistic to the administration and its policies.

"The governor's action will not be susceptible to misconstruction. He will give his reasons for his position in unmistakable language," said one of his intimate friends this morning.

The Babcock lieutenants deny vigorously the statement that they look for any compromise with Johnson, or that they are willing to pull Babcock off if Johnson quits. They declare that on their part it is a fight to the finish. The Johnson people make the same assertion.

LIVE STOCK.

Third Day of Exposition Proves a Great Success.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The first official day of the third international live stock exposition could not have dawned under more favorable conditions. Every exhibit was in its place. the judges and executive officials were all on hand, and the clear. crisp weather gave the best opportunity for handling the animals in the judging rings. Judging commenced promptly in all divisions and continued until late in the afternoon. There was a large attendance throughout the day.

In the sheep classes the judging commenced with the grades and crossbreed in the medium wool or down types.

Wether, 1 year old and under 2—First, university of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.; second, Richard Gibson, Delaware, Ont.

DESPONDENT

Young Man Ends His Life In Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Despondent over the loss of his position and the fact that he was without money to pay his hotel bill, Henry Ballhazen, who was registered at the National hotel yesterday, committed suicide by hanging in his room at 326 Plymouth avenue yesterday. Ballhazen is well known to the traveling fraternity, and, until a short time ago, represented a Wisconsin shore house in Minnesota. Ballhazen has a wife residing in Dubuque, Iowa. Deceased was a middle-aged man. The remains will be sent to his home for interment.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Beeson, Marine Directory Man, Here on Annual Trip.

Predicts Growing Importance of Head of the Lakes.

Comments on the Lake Business of Present Season.

Harvey C. Beeson, of Chicago, publisher of Beeson's Marine Directory and a very well-known man in marine circles on the great lakes, is registered at the St. Louis. Mr. Beeson is in the city looking up statistics of the shipping in the port of Duluth for the season of 1902. He said of the present condition of marine affairs in Duluth:

"The combined interests of the steel corporation are apt to make Duluth the leading port on the lakes, and that sooner than most people expect. The tendency will be to lay up here all the boats possible, thus bringing to the city a large volume of business in the repair and fitting out lines.

"The volume of business this year has been large, and the year has been a good one, although the iron rate has hardly been a satisfactory one to vessels of the 2300-ton class.

"The lumber carriers, as a whole, have had a good year, better than the average, in spite of the statement of some of them that they had lost money. The Lumber Carriers' association has proved a marked benefit to this class of vessels, and the arbitrary rate of $2.50 has been well sustained until the closing of the season.

"The losses of the season have been large in number, although they do not foot up to a very large sum in amount of admage done. The losses by stranding or touching are never fully obtainable until the close of the season, when the vessels are docked, but this class of damage is said to be less than that of last year.

"The weather man has given the sailors the worst of it this season, and delays by stress of weather have been very marked.

"Unloading facilities at the lower lake ports have been better than last year, but there is room for improvement yet.

'The shipbuilding industries all have work ahead for many months and in all lines there is no disposition to halt on the present volume of businesss. Next season is looked forward to with every assurance of a continuance of the present general good conditions."

BARGES ARE WRECKED.

Put-in-Bay, O., Dec. 1.—The steam barge D. M. Frost, owned by L. B. Harker, of Marine City, Mich., and the large Mosher, owned by Capt. David Hutchinson, of Port Huron, struck Starve Island reef in Saturday's gale and it is feared that both vessels will be a total loss. The Frost was beached on the south shore of Put-in-Bay and the Mosher lies on the reef with her back broken. The Mosher is in insured.

The barges Wanansha and Lyman Casey which were with the Mosher, the Rose's tow, were able to leave for Port Huron yesterday, though leaking badly. An attempt will be made to release the Rose and Mosher.

THE SCHROEDER STRANDED.

Menominee, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—While on her way to the Burns & Hicks mill to load lumber this morning the steamer John Schroeder stranded on a reef just off the harbor. The tugs Fields and Thompson have been working on the steamer, but have failed to effect her release.

THE FLEET DEPARTS.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fleet sheltered all departed during the night. The weather is now calm and clear.

CHARTERED FOR DULUTH.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herold.)—The Northern Steamship company has chartered the steamers Penobscot and Chili for one round trip with cargoes of package freight to Duluth. The Penobscot leaves Buffalo today and the Chili tomorrow.

GRAIN SHIPMENTS OVER.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—All vessel agents were agreed today that so far as Chicago was concerned grain shipments were over for the season. All the big shipping houses announced that they were out of it; and while there may be a few cargoes between now and next Friday, when insurance expires, they will be in scattered lots. It is now believed that the underwriters will stop taking risks altogether after next Friday noon on grain cargoes.

BARGE 137 IS SAFE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 1—Whaleback barge No. 137, in tow of the steamer S. F. B. Morse, broke away from the steamer in the storm Saturday night when thirty miles above Whitefish Point, and a tug was dispatched from here to look for her. Down bound boats last night report the barge safely at anchor above Whitefish Point.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 1—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Brazil, 12:30 a. m.; Amazonas, New York, 2:40; Rosemount, 4; Pope, 6; Palmer, Eads, Bell, Bangor, 8; La Salle, 9; Williams, Naples, 10:40. Down: Linden, Wall, 12:30 a. m.; McWilliams, Majestic, 5; Lagonda, 7; Goodyear, 8; Jenks, Walter Scranton, Wall, Major, 8:30; Olympia, Adams, Neff, 10; Moorse and whaleback, 11:30.

Up yesterday: Alva, Nicol, Waverly, 10:40; Rochester, Rees, 12:30 p. m.; Choctaw, 3:20; Lake Shore, 7:30. Down: Molley, Colgate, 10:30; Cormorant, Norris, Bunsen, Magna, Grecian, 12:20 p. m.; Neilson, Poe, Republic, Oglebay, 8:20; Yukon, Cadillac, 9:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Neptune, 10 last night; Griffin, 10:30; Watson, 11:50; Robert Holland, midnight; George King and barges, 3 a. m.; Saranac, 3:20; Alaska, (steel), 4; Tioga, 10:14; Victory, constitution, 11. Down: Mory, Boyce, 9 last night; Rome, 9:50; Stone, 11:15; Sauber, midnight; Maskell, Frost, 1 a. m.; Italia, 1:30; Capt. Wilson, Norton, 2; Hill, Russell, Snry and consort, 6; Lafayette, Jenny, Uganda, Panther, 9:40.

Up yesterday: Carpenter, 11; City of Buffalo, (arrived), 11:15; Andaste, noon; Kanawha, 12:15 p. m.; Zenith City, Krupp, 1:40; Colby, Saxon, 8:20; Matoa, 4:40; Bessemer, 7; John Ketcham, Saturn, 8; Slwyn Eddy, 8:20; Syracuse, 9. Down: Ford, 11:30; Oneida, Luling, 1 p. m.; Point Abino, 3:40; Ericsson, Marsala, 5:20; Onoko, 6; Fulton, 7; Maunaloa, 7:20; Stewart, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Rappahannock. Sault Ste. Marie, Light—Sultan, Superior.

Ashland—Arrived: Maruba, Flint.

Whitefish Point—Sheltered: Morse, Manhattan, Northern King, Midland Queen, Joliet, six unknown steamers, three consorts.

Mackinaw City—Up: Yale, 9 a. m.; Russia, 10:30; Castle Rhodes, 12:40 p. m.; Auburn, 1. Down: Frank Peavey, 7 a. m.; Wilbur, 11:40. Sheltered: Susquehanna, Wissahickon, another Anchor Line steamer, Philip Minch, Roumania, Crete, Pabst, consort, passenger steamer Argo, Pahlow, Delta, Hopkins, Schlesinger, Wolf, Normandie, Alcona, consort, Minnesota, consort. Heavy west winds, with thick snow storm.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals: H. S. Holden, Malietoa, W. L. Brown, light for ore, Lake Erie; Brower, D. M. Whitney, Colonel, Steel King, L. C. Smith, light for grain, Buffalo; Troy, Northern Light, Mahoning, Sevona, merchandise, Buffalo; Monarch, merchandise, Sarnia; W. W. Brown, Neosho, Maytham, Spokane, coal, Lake Erie.

Departures—Goodyear, Rensselaer, Admiral, M. Elphicke, ore, Lake Erie; Majestic, Luzon, Thos. Adams, C. Tower, Frank Hart, Jupiter, Thos. Palmer, Black Rock, grain, Buffalo; C. O. Neff, Zillah, Ogarita, lumber Lake Erie; Lackawanna, Northern Star, F. R. Buell, Milwaukee, flour, Buffalo; Wyoming, merchandise, Port Huron.

Bank Statement.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION — OF THE —

American Exchange Bank

At Duluth, Minn., at close of business on Tuesday, Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$1,101,841 41
Overdrafts			1,737 51
Bonds, stocks and securities			43,819 37
Real estate			86,324 62
Due from banks		$ 796,532 20	
Checks and cash items		2,652 29	
Exchanges for clearing house		34,509 55	
Currency	$107,581 60		
Gold	113,795 00		
Silver	9,900 00		
Fractional	99 69		
		231,375 69	
Total		$1,064,769 73	1,064,769 73
Total			$5,298,092 87
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund			100,000 00
Undivided profits, net			106,466 16
Undivided profits		$ 30 00	
Deposits subject to check		2,571,681 22	
Demand certificates		60,894 77	
Certified checks		9,855 14	
Cashier's checks		71,262 79	
Due banks		663,340 23	
Time certificates		1,214,649 56	
Total deposits		$4,591,626 71	4,591,626 71
Total			$5,298,092 87

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, James C. Hunter, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES C. HUNTER,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1902.

I. S. MOORE,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Attest:
H. M. PEYTON,
J. H. UPHAM,
Directors.

Report of the Condition of the

First National Bank at Duluth,

In the state of Minnesota, at the close of business Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$1,628,214 13
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,751 75
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		100 000 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		150,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		401,814 11
Due from State banks and bankers		405,828 77
Due from approved reserve agents		898,385 07
Internal-revenue stamps		93 01
Checks and other cash items		5,189 22
Exchanges for clearing house		19,710 06
Notes of other national banks		19,545 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		3,606 71
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$509,448 70	
Legal tender notes	36,672 00	546,120 70
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$7,287,268 53
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		236,224 50
National Bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 466,809 77	
Due to state banks and bankers	351,824 42	
Dividends unpaid	658 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,241,458 14	
Demand certificates of deposit	11,232 40	
Time certificates of deposit	857,737 08	
Certified checks	27,578 88	
Cashier's checks outstanding	48,641 23	
United States deposits	67,454 52	
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	32,545 48	6,105 940 42
Reserved for taxes		15,999 86
Premium account		19,103 75
Total		$7,287,268 53

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, John H. Dight, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN H. DIGHT,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1902.

W. J. JOHNSON,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Correct—Attest—
A. L. ORDEAN,
A. M. MARSHALL,
A. C. JONES,
Directors.

BEGGED TO LIVE.

Minneapolis Girl Regretted Drinking Carbolic Acid.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Stung by the remark of her sister, Inez Hollis, a 13-year-old girl, drank the contents of a bottle containing carbolic acid at the former's home, 1304 Twenty-first avenue north, from the effects of which she died early Sunday morning.

The girl regretted her rash deed to the last and begged pitifully to be saved, but the deadly effects of the acid on the lining of her throat and stomach were beyond the aid of medical skill. Three doctors did everything possible to save her, but despite their skill, she was seized with spasms which finally culminated in death.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are re'nforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

AND STILL THEY COME

Another Set of Heirs Appear In the Mueller Case.

Want the Estate If There Is Anything In It.

Bruno Werner Testifies and Gets Sharp Cross-Examination.

Another set of alleged heirs of Johann Mueller, or Josef Mueller, as they term him, has been heard from in the old country.

This morning Judge Cant, in the presence of the counsel for the different interests, opened a registered letter from Lobositz, Bohemia, in Austria, thinking, perhaps, it was a missing exhibit, but it turned out to be a communication from seven Bohemians that claim to be heirs of Josef Mueller, who is alleged to have come to America about thirty years ago, and died here, leaving an estate, including same ground very valuable because of copper deposits. The alleged heirs are Eugenie Fuhrmann, Abraham Mueller, Isabella Neumann, Charlotte Eystein, Samuel Mueller and Paul Mueller, who claim that their father was a brother of Josef Mueller, and Moritz Mueller, who claims his grandfather was a brother of Josef Mueller.

The claimants assert that Josef Mueller has no descendants and they wish to establish their claim to the inheritance, but are careful to state that they will not assume any of Mueller's debts, if he had any, nor do they want the estate if it does not more than cover the indebtedness of the deceased. The new claimants state that they heard of the Mueller case through the papers.

Saturday afternoon R. R. Briggs, for the defendant, Katherine Mueller, introduced the testimony of Bruno Werner, of Lester Park, who claimed he knew Mueller seventeen years ago and visited him on his homestead in Wisconsin.

This morning Werner was subjected to a cross-examination by Mr. Severance and Mr. Whipple and before the counsel were through with him, the witness was very much excited and confused. He declared that when he was excited he did not know to what he was testifying. At one period during the morning session of court he had to leave the stand until he could compose himself. Mr. Werner claimed his mental trouble to be the result of a blow on the head several years ago.

Mr. Werner, during the cross-examination, said that he would divulge for the first time a secret that Mueller told him many years ago, but he would not tell until Katherine Mueller and her son, Rudolph Mueller, had left the court room. He then testified that Mueller told him that he had killed a man in the old country and that was the reason he came to America. The witness said Mueller claimed that while he and the foreman were at work in the former's mill, in the old country, sharpening a mill stone, they began quarreling and Mueller finally reached across the stone and killed the other man with a blow from his hammer. Mueller claimed he killed the foreman because he had been trifling with Mrs. Mueller.

Cross-examined by Mr. Severance, the witness admitted that he once told Father Kosmerl that Mueller said he had killed a man in the old country, but he claimed he did not tell the circumstances as Mueller told them. He admitted that he was angry when he talked to the priest, and that when he was very angry he did not always tell the truth.

Mr. Werner, on cross-examination, denied that he ever told Father Kosmerl that Mueller had a wife and two children in the old country, or that Mueller had any family in Detroit. He could not remember when Father Kosmerl visited him, nor could he remember when others visited him with regard to the Mueller case. He did remember that Mueller said he had a mill in the old country and hired a man to run it for him; that Mueller once showed him two pictures, one of which he said was his sister and the other his wife.

Saturday afternoon Mr. Werner said he could produce a knife that Mueller had given him. When the knife was produced in court this morning, witness was not certain if it was the one Mueller had given him.

Mr. Werner reiterated the statement made by him Saturday that Mueller said he had to leave his wife in Detroit because she was cranky and had a mouth like ten lawyers. This expression amused Mrs. Katherine Mueller so much that she had to leave the court room.

Witness claimed that Father Kosmerl said that Mueller was a gambler and a bum, and that was the reason he, Werner, was angry at the priest, for he was a friend of Mueller's. He further stated that Mueller borrowed money from him on several occasions and paid it all back with the exception of $8.

CITY BANK.

Will Open For Business In a Week or Ten Days.

The new City National bank, which is to make a trio out of Duluth's duet of big banking institutions, will be open for business in a week or ten days.

The quarters to be occupied at the bank, at 308 West Superior street, in the office in the Trust building, formerly occupied by Paine, Webber & Co., have been vacated, and the work of preparing them for the occupancy of the bank will begin at once. The banking fixtures are on the way, and the men that are to put them up are in town. The prospects are now that the bank will open its doors about next Monday, or Wednesday at the latest.

W. L. McLennan, now one of the tellers of the American Exchange bank, will be the paying teller of the new institution. Mr. McLennan has been with the American Exchange for twelve years, working up to his present position through all departments.

MAY NOT RECOVER

Ex-Alderman A. M. Cox Overcome By Gas In a Trench.

Has Been Unconscious Since He Was Found Saturday.

Chances For Recovery About Even---Removed to Hospital.

Ambrose M. Cox is hovering between life and death as the result of asphyxiation. He has been in an unconscious condition for forty-eight hours and it is feared that he may not revive.

Mr. Cox is a veteran of the civil war, a pioneer resident of Duluth, and a former member of the council.

During the past summer he has been conducting the Lincoln Park dancing pavilion.

Last Saturday afternoon he went down into a small manhole to let water out of the pavilion gas pipes. He was unable to close the gas pipe valve and before he could get out of the hole was overcome by the poisonous gas.

His dangerous predicament was discovered by Park Policeman Dash, who went into the hole to lift him out.

Mr. Dash was overcome and it was with extreme difficulty that he reached purer air.

Two other men were then summoned and Mr. Cox was taken out after having been in the hole for a period of ten or fifteen minutes.

He was more dead than alive and was removed to one of the rooms in the pavilion, where he remained until this morning, when he was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

Not once since he was taken from the manhole has he showed the slightest signs or recovering consciousness.

Mr. Cox is a very old man to go through such an ordeal, but attending physicians consider his chances for recovery about even.

In the civil war he was a member of Troop F, Second Illinois cavalry.

During the boom days of Duluth real estate he made considerable money and like many others that made much at that time, he lost heavily when the bubble burst.

IS MISSING.

Herbert Herdby Joins the Army of the Disappeared.

Duluth has another missing man mystery.

Herbert Herdby, cook on the tug Excelsior, has not been seen since Thanksgiving day.

When last seen he was slightly intoxicated, and his friends fear that becoming more under the influence of liquor he walked off the end of a dock and drowned.

After searching for him for several say his friends asked the aid of the police, but they can find no trace of his whereabouts.

HEARING

In the Northern Securities Company Case Is Resumed.

New York, Dec. 1.—The hearing in the federal suit against the Northern Securities company as the alleged holder of a controlling interest in both the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads was resumed in this city today.

It developed at the hearing that the testimony of E. H. Harriman in the case of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company had been taken in private last week, and ex-Judge Day, special assistant attorney general for the United States, said that Mr. Harriman could not give any details of the organization or object of the Northern Securities company.

"Mr. Harriman had no information of any value to Minnesota," he added.

A conference of counsel for both sides in the general court today was held behind closed doors and ex-Judge Day said that no more hearings would be held in New York.

The hearing today was before the official stenographer, R. S. Taylor, who acted by consent of all the counsel interested in the place of Special Examiner Ingersoll, who telegraphed from St. Paul that he would not be able to get here. There was nothing of importance scheduled, and the hearing consisted in giving the counsel of both sides a chance to agree on certain documentary evidence, and upon a date when the matter may be presented to the trial judge in the United States circuit court of Minnesota. It was agreed to admit to the record of the federal case the evidence given by Col. Clough and by Mr. Harriman in the tate case, as well as the minutes of the meetings of Nov. 14 and 15, 1901, of the directors of the Northern Securities company.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance $204,575,588; gold, $114,967,774; silver, $7,046,977; U. S. notes, $2,897,475; treasury notes of 1890, $131,485; national bank notes, $13,302,019; total receipts this day $2,284,669; total receipts this month $2,284,669; total receipts this year $243,766,798; total expenditures this day and month $1,920,000; total expenditures this year $229,291,227; deposits in national banks, $148,958,438.

BANKER FOUND DEAD.

Cleveland, Dec. 1.—Richard M. Parmley, president of the American Exchange National bank, of this city, and prominently identified with electric railway interests, was found dead in his room at the Lennox hotel today. Heart disease was suppoed to be the cause of death.

CLOSE IS AT HAND

Ore Shipments Will Continue But a Few Days More.

Three Roads Have Thus Far Shipped 15,278,379 Tons.

Possibility That 200,000 Tons More May Go Forward.

With the ore-shipping season still in progress, the three Minnesota roads have shipped 15,278,379 tons, against 10,787,720 tons for the full season last year, a gain of 4,490,659 tons.

The prospects are that if the weather holds fairly well the three roads will ship 200,000 tons more this month, making the total for this season, 15,478,379.

The feature of the close, aside from the tremendous gain over last year, is the tight finish for first place between the Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern.

The Iron Range had shipped 5,591,300 tons at the close of November, including all-rail shipments, which have not been reported in the monthly totals during the year. The road expects to ship 50,000 tons more, making its total 5,641,300.

The Missabe has shipped 5,530,167 tons so far, and it expects to ship at least 100,000 more, making 5,630,167. It hopes to ship enough to bring the total up to 5,650,000 tons, and if it does it will win out over the Iron Range. A sudden hard frost would bring the Iron Range in a winner.

The Eastern Minnesota is not far behind with 4,156,912 tons, and it expects to ship nearly 50,000 tons more this season.

The Missabe road shows the biggest gain over last year, 2,092,212 tons, but the Eastern shows the biggest relative gain, its increase of 1,835,812 tons nearly doubling last year's figures.

The shipments for November were heavy, 587,529 tons more than last year. There were nearly 500,000 tons less than those of October.

Shipments for the season to date compared with last year are as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Duluth & Iron Range....	5,591,300	5,028,765
Duluth, Missabe & N....	5,530,167	3,437,955
Eastern Minnesota	4,156,912	2,321,000
	15,278,379	10,787,720

Shipments for November compared with last year were as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Duluth & Iron Range....	443,185	369,767
Duluth, Missabe & N....	601,579	302,013
Eastern Minnesota	450,019	235,474
Total	1,494,783	907,254

Shipments for November compared with shipments for October:

	November.	October.
Duluth & Iron Range....	443,185	679,167
Duluth, Missabe & N....	601,579	530,074
Eastern Minnesota	450,019	592,960
Total	1,494,783	1,502,201

All the ore shipping roads are making arrangements for increasing as much as possible during the coming winter their facilities for handling a larger quantity of ore next season than was shipped this year.

The Barnett-Record company has the contract for building the Great Northern's new ore dock on Allouez bay, and will commence work at once. The new dock will have 168 pockets, and 8,000,000 feet of timber will be used in its construction, besides about 6000 and 7000 piles.

STATE LAWS

Govern the United States Courts Same As Local Tribunals.

Washington, Dec. 1.—In the case of the Security Trust company of St. Paul, Minn., as administrator of the estate of S. W. Matteson, vs. the Black River National bank of Lowville, N. Y., the United States supreme court today dealt with the Minnesota state law prescribing the time in which claims may be filed against the estates of deceased persons. The claim was for $5,000 on a note given to a non-resident by Matteson, and the only defense was that there was no effort to collect on note until after the estate had been settled. The decision of the court of appeals for the Eighth circuit court was favorable to the Lowville bank, but this judgment was reversed by today's action. The opinion was delivered by Justice Shiras and was based on the ground when United States courts are engaged in administering the laws of a state bearing upon estates they are bound by the same rules which govern local tribunals.

CHAUTAUQUA.

Ministers Discuss Establishment of One on Minnesota Point.

Ministers of the leading churches of Duluth and Superior met in the Y. M. C. A. rooms this morning and discussed a plan for establishing a Chautauqua on Minnesota Point.

A lengthy paper on the subject was read by Rev. J. H. Searles, minister of one of the Methodist churches of Superior.

It was finally decided to appoint a committee of twelve to take up the plan and report later on its feasibility.

This committee will consist of three ministers and three laymen from Superior and eWst Superior and a like number of ministers and laymen from this city.

Many of the ministers are favorable to the plan and say with proper backing from the people of both cities, the head of the lakes Chautauqua would be second to none except the famous New York settlement.

The committee of twelve which will consider the project will have prominent business men of both cities as well as ministers, and the investigation as to the feasibility of the plan, will go into details exhaustively.

One of the ministers attending the meeting said:

"I am of the opinion that our committee will be able to make a favorable report. "Our Chautauqua, while modeled generally on the lines of the New York state settlement, would be an improvement over that, and we would have many advantages in location and climate."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

FORBIDS THE TEAM

Principal Smith Again Clashes With Athletic Association.

Overrules the Decision to Have Indoor Baseball Team.

After Vote Favorable to It Intercedes and Forbids It.

The old clash between Principal Smith and the High School Athletic association came up again at the meeting of the association this afternoon. Trouble resulted over the efforts of the association to establish an indoor baseball team for the coming winter.

A motion for the establishment of the team was made by one of the students, when Principal Smith, who was present, said that he was opposed to the formation of the team, on the ground that considerable interest and time had been given by the whole school to the football season which had just closed, and the men who would play the game needed to spend their time studying. Last year the team had made no financial gain of any importance during the season, and as the teams which the high school boys would have to meet were not from other schools, but aggregations about town, he thought it best not to form one.

A student speaker said in rebuttal that all of the big high schools in the Twin Cities were forming teams, and games could be played with them. The local teams, he declared, were making as much as $60 apiece at their games, and since the High School Athletic association is in debt to the extent of $100 from the football season, he considered the indoor game an excellent way to make up the deficit.

When the vote on the question was called for, there was a loud chorus of "ayes" for the affirmative and not a voice for the negative.

Principal Smith then took the floor, saying that he was very sorry that the vote had gone that way, but since it had he would have to intercede and forbid the formation of the team. He repeated the arguments he used in his talk before the vote was taken, and further said that the teams which the team would have to play were not high school teams, hardly in the same class as the high school team, and intimated that they are teams of a sort which he would not like them to mix with.

The matter was then dropped.

Last fall the school board passed a measure giving Principal Smith authority over the high school athletics in every particular. During the football season he at no time saw fit to use this authority, but did everything possible to help the team out of its difficulties.

Some of the high school men are now playing on the indoor baseball teams of the Interstate league. It is possible that a team, principally of students from the institution, will be formed to enter the league, but one that is not connected in any way with the Athletic association of the high school. Principal Smith would have no objection to such an organization. If a charter from the league can be secured, such an aggregation will probably enter the race.

A motion to organize an ice hockey team was lost.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

The subscription fund raised by Adas Israel and Chevri Kadisha congregations for the amelioration of the condition of the Hebrews in Jerusalem who are suffering from the ravages of the plague, amounted to $500 on Saturday and that sum was forwarded.

Sit for your Xmas photos at Ely's.

Tomorrow evening the Y. M. C. A. basket ball team will play the Superior Normal school team in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

Gold leaf frames. Engels' art store.

Everybody smokes the Tom Reed. Finest domestic 10c cigar made.

The Silberstein & Bondy company place on sale for tomorrow only, a special lot consisting of sixty-five pieces of rich Oriental rugs at one-third off.

One of those usually pretty blue room weddings Saturday afternoon united Miss Augusta Johnson and Thomas Keddell in marriage. Judge Gearhart performed the ceremony.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

The ladies of the First Methodist church will conduct an orange grove sale in the parlors of the church tomorrow afternoon and evening. The name of the entertainment is taken from the decorative effect which will be in the nature of an orange grove. The ladies will have on sale a splendid supply of home made cooking. A roast beef dinner will be served from 12 to 2 o'clock and a turkey dinner from 6 to 8 o'clock.

The board of directors of the Commercial club and the house committee of the same organization, will hold a meeting in the club rooms at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The next session of the county board will occur Friday afternoon, Dec. 5. Up to the present time there have been few new matters of importance filed with the county auditor to receive attention at the meeting this week. One of the principal matters of business will be the asking of bids for the county printing, the contracts to be awarded at the meeting held the first of the year.

SHOT HIS SWEETHEART.

Indiana Lover Then Attempted His Own Life.

Bloomington, Ind., Dec. 1.—At Whitehall, ten miles east of here, Thomas Livingston last night shot and fatally wounded Fannie L. Freeman, his sweetheart, and then shot himself. Miss Freeman was returning to her home when they met near her house, and after a short conversation she left him to go home. He shot her in the back and as her mother came running to her he fired a ball almost at his heart. Both are alive today but in a critical condition.

ALLOWED TO RESIGN.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Upon the recommendation of Col. Stranahan, the secretary of the treasury has allowed William H. Theobald, a special employe in the customs service, to resign. Mr. Theobald was dismossed from the service last week. He requested that instead he be allowed to resign, and this request has been granted.

That Laramie Lie.

By Gen. Charles King.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"He is engaged to Kate Crofton," said the reigning belle concerning the acknowledged beau of Fort Laramie, as the girls were talking over the last dance. There had been few enough, goodness knows, for, even while the snows lay deep, the Sioux at Red Cloud had been raising the mischief, and now that the grass was sprouting were up and away with the cavalry after them. "No use making eyes at Ned Willard; he's engaged and has been ever since last winter in Washington. Here's his sister's letter." It was "Legs" Blake who told us the story long afterwards when we were Apache hunting again in Arizona, and, near as I can, I'll let him tell it now.

It was a mean thing, a contemptible thing for the belle to say at this time and in this presence, and she knew it. Ever since Willard's return from three months' leave the first of March, she had been making play—if not eyes—at him, and without success. There had come a merry little party, down from old Fort Fetterman, up the Platte, just for the week. There had been dances and dinners, skating on the flats and riding over the bluffs, and pretty Nell Maitland (daughter of the old chaplain at Fetterman), sprained her pretty ankle on the ice just as the party was about to return, and all because Ned Willard and the belle had waltzed into her at a critical turn. Big Ned was overwhelmed with distress as he picked her up, and the belle with dismay when she saw his face. Nell Maitland spent days thereafter on the sofa in the colonel's sunshiny parlor, and day after day the best-looking "sub" at the post came to inquire after her—to call, to chat, to bring her books, to read aloud, first to Mrs. Colonel and Nell and others that happened to be there, but, later, only to Nell. Then came the recovery; then the sudden yet fully expected order to be off after Indians raiding the ranches down stream—(this was away back in the 70's)—and Ned Willard was whisked off between sunset and sunrise, just at the time when Mrs. Colonel, who dearly loved the chaplain's bonny daughter, and possibly that little lady herself, thought him on the verge of a most thrilling avowal.

"He's engaged to Kate Crofton and has been ever since his visit to Washington," were now the words ringing, ringing, mercilessly ringing in Nell's bewildered ears.

They all knew of Kate Crofton. She had been Willard's sister's roommate at Vassar, and Willard's sister had spent two months of the previous winter with her brother while the regiment was stationed at Fort Russell, close to the railway. Miss Willard herself did not appeal to the army girls, but some of them, at least, seemed to love her for her brother, who was a trump. The belle and Miss Willard had met but once or twice while the belle was down for a three days' visit from Laramie, just before Miss Willard returned to the East, yet here was the belle exhibiting a letter as coming to her from Ned Willard's sister. Nell Maitland had not met Miss Willard at all. She had grown from young girlhood at the frontier fort up by the Medicine Bow. She was the idol of her father's heart and the pet of their garrison. She knew little of the world and less of the fashions, but she was as sweet and unspoiled a child of nature as ever breathed. She had been more carefully reared and taught by devoted and God-fearing parents. She was far better read and educated than most girls of her age, even at the famous finishing schools of the East.

Moreover, she could ride, shoot, skate, swim, dance and do pretty much everything that was wholesome and winsome, and do most of them far better than the belle. But she had her limitations. She couldn't lie—didn't know what it was to lie—and, being a truth-teller herself, and young, she thought others to be truth tellers, and so believed them. With wondering, stifling, crushing pain at her heart, she heard, as she was meant to hear, the words of the belle of Laramie; and, when the girls were gone, buried her little white face in the pillow and clinched her little hands until the nails dug purple ruts into the tender palms, and tried, tried, tried not to think ill of Ned Willard, whose troop was even then fording the Platte in the starlight a dozen miles away, hot on the trail of the Ogallalla warriors who had ambushed the Fetterman stage.

Gray-haired old Maitland was a godly man, but they say he swore a big oath when he looked into Nell's white, wan, yet bravely smiling face, a few days later at Laramie. The road was too risky to send her home, but all the Sioux in Sheol, or out of it, couldn't stop Maitland after he got Mrs. Colonel's letter. He came through by night, mainly, and heard that lady's story. Rest you sure she didn't spare Ned Willard, whom the honest chaplain had never seen. There was no one left to take his part, poor lad, for nearly all the officers now were afield, and it was a delicate matter to even hint that little Nell had fallen in love with that handsome, wholesome young athlete and soldier.

But Mrs. Colonel, at Maitland's instance, asked further questions of the belle, and the belle, having told a lie to start with, had to tell a dozen more to make it stand. She did not stick at trifles. She vowed that Miss Willard said in so many words that they were all rejoicing over Ned's fine prospects, Miss Crofton being the only daughter of the wealthy senator so prominent on the military committee. Maitland got a leave and spent the summer, and his savings, in taking Nell and her mother to the seashore. Something had gone amiss with the little maid that local doctors could not cure.

And there they were, late in June, when the news came of the hot fight on the Deje Agle between Crook's column and the overwhelming hordes of red warriors led by Crazy Horse. "Colonel Guy Henry desperately wounded!" "Lieutenant E. P. Willard shot through body—probably mortal!"

Never until that night had Maitland mentioned that young officer's name, even to his wife, since his one conference with Mrs. Colonel on the subject of Nell's sorrow. Now, should he or her mother break the news—and how? The question was settled for them.

They were visiting old friends who had a cottage at Sea Girt, and were seated in the pavilion of a great hotel, surrounded by society people who were mostly strangers, watching the big moon rising over the Atlantic and listening to the music of the band. A portly gentleman came hurrying to the group at the adjoining table, as the strains of Soldaten Lieder died away. Nell loved that waltz. The band at Laramie played it so well, and so often, only two months before. "Here's bad news, Kate!" said the big man, briefly. "Young Willard's badly shot in an Indian fight! You expected his sister tomorrow, didn't you?"

It was cruel to have it come that way—so suddenly, so publicly. Maitland, his wife and their hostess were on their feet in an instant and surrounding Nell, who, with very white face, was straightening up in her chair, staring at the speaker. Mrs. Maitland, with a sob in her throat, bent over her child, but Nell actually waved her aside—Nell, their docile, gentle, little "lily maid of Astolat." Nell's blue eyes were fixed on the girl in the stunning gown who had been flirting vivaciously with a clubman from Gotham when thus interrupted.

"Oh, father!" was the answering cry. "That's just what she's been dreading! No! Of course she won't come now. But I'll wire Nita Craven to take her place. We can't break up the coaching party, you know." So that Laramie lie was nailed, for this was Kate Crofton.

An hour later as Mrs. Maitland knelt to kiss her little maid good night—no doctor had been needed—a pair of white arms twined about the mother's neck, and then came a whisper: "Say a little prayer for him, Mummie, and for us all—for believing."

We weren't at Russell that year when the Maitlands came back from the seaboard, but Willard was, "somewhat hunged up," as he cheerily said, "but still in the ring," and his mother and sister, both, were there keeping house for him in the major's quarters, the whole garrison being afield. In fact he was down at the depot in Cheyenne when their train came in, stumping about with a big cane, his fine face aglow with hope and eagerness; and Grace, his sister, watching him narrowly and putting together this, that and the other thing that she had heard, read his story even before he caught sight of Nell Maitland on the Pullman platform. The belle of Laramie had unaccountably gone to Denver about this time, but there had been plenty left to gradually tell the Willards of her words. "Only an April fool!" was the lady's explanation, when finally called to account. "The wish was father to the thought with Grace Willard, and she did her best to make it a match, even if she failed."

Perhaps that had been the plan in Grace Willard's ambitious heart, but she reckoned without her brother—or Kate. She saw the inevitable two days after the "lily maid's" return, when for the first time the doctor let Willard mount his horse, and once more the two—the big, soldierly fellow, the slender, sweet-faced, blue-eyed girl—rode away together up the wind-swept bluffs of Crow Creek until all but the flagstaff at Russell was hidden from sight, and then, with quivering lips and brimming eyes, after one of those silences that say so much, he suddenly turned and stretched forth an eager hand:

"Nell—Nell; I've been waiting all these months for you to come back—to tell you what was trembling on my lips that last night at Laramie, when our orders came."

And then, like a man, he told her, and, like a woman, she replied.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. L. W. Hayden, of the local land office, left this afternoon for Minneapolis, where she was called by the illness of her son, Frank Browne. Mr. Browne will undergo an operation for appendicitis tomorrow morning.

Mrs. F. Crawford and two children, arrived from Fort William by the steamer Monarch on Sunday morning.

Mrs. F. H. Gilbert, of 620 West Third street, and Mrs. L. R. Tidd, of Hibbing, have gone to the Twin Cities and Stillwater for a short visit.

A. L. Evans, agent of the Western Transit company at Minneapolis, is in the city.

G. W. Weedon, traveling passenger agent of the Pennsylvania, is in town.

E. R. Rupley left for Chicago over the Omaha this afternoon.

E. F. Christian, of Wausau, Wis., is at the McKay.

J. H. Madden and John O'Brien, Jr., of Ashland, are at the Spalding.

M. O. Aubolee, of Two Harbors, is at the St. Louis.

W. L. Hankins left this afternoon over Omaha for Chicago.

John V. Tuttle, of Cleveland, is at the Spalding.

J. M. Owens, of Hibbing, is at the St. Louis.

F. C. Laird, of Skibo, is at the McKay.

Thomas G. Coffin will leave tonight over the South Shore for Boston. Dr. and Mrs. Charles G. Shipman, of Ely, are at the St. Louis.

J. H. Carling, of St. Paul, is at the McKay.

WRECKED.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—An underwriters' report reaching here this afternoon, from Sault Ste. Marie, says the steamer Charles Hebard was wrecked and has been pounded to pieces by a heavy sea at Copper Point, Lake Superior. The dispatch bears no tidings regarding the steamer's crew. It is understood that the schooners Aloha and Annabel Wilson, consorts of the wrecked steamer, escaped destruction and are riding the storm safely near the scene of wreck. The Hebard is a wooden steamer built in 1888 and registered 763 tons. She was owned by Luther P. Graves, of Buffalo.

No tidings whatever were received up to a late hour this afternoon from the missing Canadian steamer Bannockburn.

STATEHOOD

Washington, Dec. 1.—The contest over the omnibus statehood bill began upon the meeting of congress. As soon as the senate adjourned there was a conference in Senator Hale's committee room attended by Senators Allison, Aldrich, Hale, Platt (Conn), Cullom, Lodge, Hanna and Beveridge, the latter the chairman of the committee on territories. These gentlemen represented the Republicans who are opposed to the omnibus bill admitting Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona, and it is understood favor a bill admitting Oklahoma only.

The friends of the omnibus bill were also active and claim to have the names of fifteen Republican senators pledged to support the omnibus bill, which with the Democrats will insure its passage. It is probable that a Republican caucus upon the subject will be held.

VENEZUELAN LOAN.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Isaac M. Seligman, of New York, called at the state department today to broach his project for floating a Venezuelan loan, having been referred to the department by the president, whom he saw in connection with the matter last Saturday and again yesterday. In the absence of Secretary Hay, Mr. Seligman stated his proposition to Dr. Hill, acting secretary. The state department has not changed its attitude as to the undesirability of embarking upon a policy that might involve the United States in financial troubles of the South American republic.

TO PAY COMMISSION.

Cannon Introduces a Bill Appropriating $50,000.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Representative Cannon today introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 to defray the expenses of the anthracite coal strike commission appointed by the president. The bill provides that the members may receive such compensation within the limit of the appropriation as the president may deem proper and provision is made so there will be no conflict with existing laws affecting the members who are now in the employ of the government. The bill was referred to the committee on appropriations for action tomorrow.

FIRE AT MONTICELLO.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Dec. 1.—Fire at Monticello last night destroyed Eastwood & Chase's hardware store, entailing a loss of $35,000; damaged Sleeper's mercantile store $3500, and destroyed the offices of Dr. Heefner, Dr. Geo. Inglis and Attorney Reed, with a loss of $5000; insurance one half.

MURDERERS SENTENCED.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—The two Prospect Park murderers were today sentenced to eighteen years' imprisonment. Nystedt and Akeson appeared in the Hennepin district court and pleaded guilty to murder in the third degree. The man they killed was never identified.

CLAIM CUT DOWN.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The comptroller of the treasury has passed upon the claim of the state of New York for $20,172 for expenses incurred by the state in aiding the United States to raise a volunteer army in the war with Spain. The amount allowed by the comptroller is $5875, the balance being disallowed.

TROUBLE IN PERU.

New York, Dec. 1.—A dispute has arisen between the minister of the interior and the police committee of the chamber of deputies cables the Lima, Peru, correspondent of the Herald. The minister has demanded the delivery of the records of the national electoral board. The police committee has refused to do this except upon the order of congress. The police invaded the place, causing a public scandal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv..Iron Jctn..Lv	8 01	1 13
------	10 40	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	------	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar.. Virginia.. Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	7 42	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar.. Biwabik.. Lv	------	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar.. Hibbing ..Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron RangeR R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:3
1:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
1:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:05	7:55	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
‡ 1:25 p.m. 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	‡ 2:00 p.m. 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.

win City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—........LOCAL........—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 5:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
165 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, general term, December 1st, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of William W. Spalding, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Electa W. Spalding and William M. Spalding, as administratrix and administrator, respectively, of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into their hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to them granted to sell a part of the real estate of said estate, and it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix and administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, and for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein, to sell a part of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on the 23rd day of December, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the city of Duluth in said county, then and there to show cause, (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix and administrator, to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at said city of Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of December, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Dec. 1-8-15, 1902.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
ith Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

WINDS TAN, ROUGHEN, REDDEN, coarsen; counteract them, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE—THE CONTENTS of two housekeeping rooms. Apply 318 Lowell building.

THE HUNTER CASE.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Rrepresentative William Alden Smith, discussed with the president today, the shooting of William A. Fitzgerald by Godfrey Hunter, Jo., at Guatemala City. Previously he had had a talk with Assistant Secretary Hill, at the state department. Mr. Smith announced his intention of introducing a resolution in the house calling upon the state department for all information in its possession concerning the shooting of Mr. Fitzgerald.

SLEIGHING IN MARYLAND.

Hagerstown, Md., Dec. 1.—The first sleighing of the winter is being enjoyed here today. During the night about four inches of the beautiful fell.

Answers come thick and fast when your little advertisement is in The Herald Want Columns---Everyone reads The Herald and it goes everywhere

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Eight room house with heat and all modern conveniences, on centrally located corner 50 by 140 feet in size with ample space on rear for small flat building.

$9000 Seventy-five feet on upper side Second street, west of Second avenue East, with large modern house.

$7500 Sixty feet fronting on lower side Superior street, near 4th avenue East. A bargain.

$1800 full sized lot on upper side London Road, near Fifteenth avenue East.

$1650 Full sized lot on upper side London Road near Sixteenth avenue East.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

ONLY $500 will buy 25x140 feet on 4th St., near 13th Ave. E., upper side of street; lies fine. For sale exclusively by

GEO. H. CROSBY

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

5-acre tracts near Arnold school.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.

Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

200 feet corner Ninth avenue East and First street.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

40 ACRES

Adjoining Fond du Lac at a bargain. We can offer several small tracts fronting on St. Louis River, near New Duluth.

A.C.Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

2132 West Second street, 4-room flat, city water, per month...... **$9.00**

2226 West Fourth street, four rooms on 2nd floor, per month... **$7.50**

1423 West Superior street, 5-room flat, city water, sewer, etc., per month **$14.00**

1821 West Second street, 6-room house, city water and sewer, per month........ **$15.00**

425 Fourth avenue East, 8-room house, hot and cold water bath, full sized basement with cement floor, all in good condition, per month.......... **$25.00**

2409 West Superior street, 7-room house with city water, per Month.......... **$22.50**

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

A property well improved, building in excellent condition, located on Third avenue East and rents for $10 per year, price.. **$6000**

Cottage on East Fifth street, city water, sewer and bath, lot 25x140.......... **$2000**

Seven-room house on East Eighth street. Lot 25x140, good well. Price only............ **$900**

50-foot lot on East Superior street, between 19th and 20th avenues, only........ **$1350**

Lot on Central avenue, West Duluth. Now is the time to buy this property.............. **$600**

LITTLE & NOLTE
Under American Exchange Bank.

SUPERIOR STREET BARGAIN.

100 feet corner Seventh avenue West. Rents on improvements will carry investment.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Small lot in East End 40x50. Street improved. Near car line, Easy terms.......... **$600**

6-room house on East Fourth street.......... **$1550**

Full lot on West Third street near Third avenue East........ **$3200**

E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange Building.

$2700 50x140, First street, heart of city. This is a genuine snap. Investigate.

$1500 100x150, street improvements all made. Good seven-room house, city water, closet, bath. A bargain.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
301 Exchange Building.

STOCKS. STOCKS.

Ceno Escurlata Gold Mines Co., Sonora, Mexico.

Good Features: First—Low capitalization, $500,000; second—valuable properties; third—management almost same as Copper Glance.

For particulars call upon, address, phone or wire

WM. KAISER,
Both phones. 106 Palladio Building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

House.

We are offering a ten-room house near ore dock and the Bryant school in first class condition in every respect; would cost at least $1500 to build the house; lot valued at $400; the owner refuses to rent it; can be bought for $1000 very easy terms; we have offered no better bargain this year.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, Nov. 22d, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Ransom Shove, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Ransom Shove, late of Russia, Herkimer county, New York, deceased, and the probate thereof in surrogate court of Herkimer county, New York, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Sophia Shove, Frank Lankton and Carlos Lankton have filed therewith their petition, representing, among other things, that said Ransom Shove lately died in said county of Herkimer, New York, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, and that said petitioners are the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to them issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the Probate office in said county, on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 22d day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Nov. 24, Dec. 1-8, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, November 22d, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Gordon Prince, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Gordon Prince, late of Boston, Suffolk county, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate court for Suffolk county, Massachusetts, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Lillian C. Prince has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things, that said Gordon Prince lately died in said county of Suffolk, Massachusetts, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court at the Probate office in said county, on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county of St. Louis.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 22d day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Nov. 24, Dec. 1-8, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 10, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Munro Fraser, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of James M. Fraser, of Gore Bay, Ontario, representing among other things, that James Munro Fraser, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis, Minn., died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Frank Hicks granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday, the first day of December, A. D. 1902 at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 10th day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-10-17-24-1902.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$7000 Buys 50 feet, upper side 3rd street, West of Ninth avenue East, with fine improvements that pay 11 per cent net on the purchase price.

$1100 Buys cosy cottage in Endion, in fine condition, one block from street cars.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1100 Buys 7-room house on Seventh street in good condition.

$100 cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a 6-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

FIRE INSURANCE

Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MILLINERY.

DISCOUNT ON UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS flavor, use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First Ave. W. Both phones.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 17-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

FOR RENT—VERY NICE PIANO. 616 East Fourth street.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED ON SHORT NOTICE. Good work guaranteed, without damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

UNIVERSAL BEKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city, 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

TURKISH BATHS

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES TAILORING—Good work, prices reasonable; new styles in shirt waists. Mrs. J.M.Stanley, rm 8, over Big Duluth.

DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILORING. Mrs. Walker, 1415 E. Third street.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Nov. 22, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of John Dunphy, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of James V. Dunphy and John T. Dunphy, executors of the estate of John Dunphy deceased, representing among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on the 16th day of December A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said County.

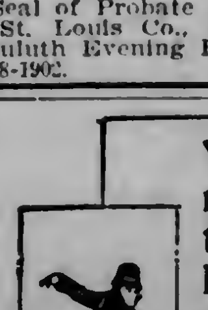
And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth this 22nd day of November A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 24, Dec. 1-8-1902.



You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through **Herald Wants**

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—DAIRY OF EIGHT COWS. A snap $200. 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ST. BERNARD DOG. INQUIRE 923 Twenty-first avenue west.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. 119 Sixty-first avenue West.

Upright Piano $148 USED 8 months perfect condition, fine case and tone. $10 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HORSE; MUST sell. Inquire P. D. Jones' mill, Forty-first avenue West.

FOR SALE—A CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows, just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue East.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OF LAND NEAR Highland station, on D. & I. R. railroad. Suitable for farming purposes. Address box 793, Two Harbors.

Upright Piano $158 Elegant Walnut finish case, beautiful tone and action. $15 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—THOUSAND ACRES northwest of Hibbing, $5 per acre. Also state leases for sale. Address P 93, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—JUST ARRIVED, two carloads of first-class logging horses at Dan Horgan's barn. No. 17 West First street, Duluth. J. S. Nolan.

FOR SALE — SOHMER PIANO, MAHOGANY case, upright, worth new $550. Need money immediately, will take $250 cash. Address P 86, Herald.

FOR SALE — HENRY F. MILLER UPRIGHT piano; good as new; paid $600; will sell for $285. No further use of instrument. Will sell for cash or time. Address P 86, Herald.

Square Piano $48 GOOD REPAIR and sweet tone. $5 cash and $3 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY horse, perfectly gentle, with harness and runabout wagon, complete. Inquire 506 Board of Trade.

JUST RECEIVED—TWO CARLOADS OF horses, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and see them. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

Salaried loans on plain notes to male or female employes. No mortgage. No endorser. No publicity. You give your personal note and get $10.00 to $150.00 We make a specialty of loans on horses, cattle, pianos and furniture in amounts of $10.00 to $500.00. Loans to be paid in small weekly or monthly payments to suit borrower. Investigate and be convinced that our rates and terms are the best in the city. Information cheerfully given. All inquiries or business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
Zenith 'phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING TO DO at home. Call at 523 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WASHING WANTED TO TAKE HOME. 1707 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER would like sewing by the day. 230 Fourth avenue West.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as timekeeper in lumber camp. Address C 3, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER WISHES position. O 11, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER, by young man with experience. Will assist in bookkeeping. Address O 2, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 15—position as porter for small wages and attend night school. O 3, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE WORK IN dressmaking establishment. Has had experience. O 4, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHING and ironing by the day. Address O 1, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED COOK WANTS position. Address 814 West Fifth street.

WANTED—COPYING COUPLE EVENINGS a week. Work done on typewriter. Address M 20, Herald.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER DESIRES position. Law and general experience. Address P 90, Herald.

YOUNG LADY OF EXPERIENCE would like plain sewing to do or will go out by the day. Address 601 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER or camp clerk by experienced young man. W 26, Herald.

RESTAURANT.

THE CHICAGO COMPANY CHINESE restaurant. Fine Chop Sue, 318 Lake avenue south, is now open for business.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE packed and stored. Duluth Van & Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Family of two. 611 East First street.

WANTED—COOK, MUST KNOW HOW. $20. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family. 318 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — LADY TO TAKE CASH at Crystal restaurant nights. Must be accurate in making change. Bring references.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 725 East First street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. ITASCA R. R. Hotel, Itasca, Wis.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEMAID. Apply evenings, 1801 East Superior street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third St.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework, 2109 West First street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEMAID at 513 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO LEARN SEWING, Phillips, 325 Third avenue West, Basement.

SAVE—50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMPLOYMENT office. 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge; call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman, Scandinavian preferred. Peoples Clothing House, 401 West Superior street.

WANTED—50 WOODSMEN FOR MONDAY morning, Skibo, Minn. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD RELIABLE jobbers, owning teams and outfits to get out ties and pulpwood. Duluth Log company, 201-204 Palladio building.

$1500 A YEAR EASILY EARNED—OLD established firm offers permanent, profitable, honorable employment to active men, of good character and address, to operate in exclusive country districts. Our lines are necessities, and sell quickly over and over again. Goods furnished on time. Big profits. Outfit only capital required. The W. R. Rawleigh Co., 4 Powell street, Freeport, Ill.

WANTED — STRONG, YOUNG MAN who understands care of horse to do general work around wholesale liquor house. Apply J. D. Zien, 411 West Michigan street.

EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR A good canvasser. Globe Cabinets, 9 First avenue West.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER men to learn the barber trade. Years saved by our method of free work, expert instructions, etc. Tools presented, wages Saturdays; board provided. Write. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO LEARN watchmaking and the jewelry trade. Six months' time required. Salary while you learn. Address Stone's Watchmaking School, 720 Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER with good business hand. Apply O 12, Herald office.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN PRINTING business. Apply Duluth Lithograph and Printing company.

WANTED—RELIABLE PERSON IN each district to manage business for old house; salary $18 weekly; expenses advanced. Permanent position. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Manager, 342 Saxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SHOE salesman. Apply Schiller Shoe company, West Superior, Wis., 910 Tower avenue.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WANTED — ROOFERS FOR LONG JOB and good pay. Apply to Foreman of roofers at Great Northern Steel Elevator, West Superior.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WANTED— THREE FIRST-CLASS coatmakers Meir.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WANTED—GOOD COATMAKERS. Janzig, Hunter block.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SHAWL, BETWEEN TWENTY-third and Twenty-eighth avenues West Return to 132 South Twenty-eighth avenue West.

LOST—DIAMOND BROOCH BETWEEN First avenue West and Torrey Building. Finder please return to Herald office and receive reward.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

FOR PIANO, VOCAL OR VIOLIN LESSONS attend "Bradbury School of Music." Instruction by best teachers in every branch of musical learning. 10 Columbus building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. INQUIRE 505 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; $8 per month. 912 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End, for a few months. Address K 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, EAST Fourth street, city water. Inquire 715 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—No. 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Charles A. Stark, 213 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE DWELLING at 414 East Third street; all conveniences. R. M. Newport, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water; $12. William Kaiser, No. 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-eighth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. $12. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE HOUSES from $7.50 to $12 per month, by George H. Crosby.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE DESIRABLE ROOMS three on first floor, will be rented only to a small family. Man and wife preferred. Inquire at 322 East Fifth street, or 733 West Michigan street. C. A. Burnham.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. Inquire 7 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS SINGLE or ensuite. Coal heat, call third floor brick building, corner Second avenue West and First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms upstairs, and one furnished room downstairs, 329 East Seventh street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT REASONABLE rates, with or without board. 22 East Superior street. Inquire Room 14.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heated. Suitable for two gentlemen. Mrs. Reed, 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS WITH water. 222 Messaba avenue, $6.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURNISHED room for party of two or three. 24 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED steam-heated room, for gentleman, in private family; centrally located. R 25, Herald.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM with board 222 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 8½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, GENTLEMEN preferred. 531 West Third street.

FOR RENT— ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPING from $2 to $3 each, including water; centrally located Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN LUNDBERG & Stone's bookstore.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat; central. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NEW 5-ROOM FLAT, water, sewer, closet. Corner Twenty-fourth avenue west and Fourth street. T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and bath. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT — FLAT AT WEST DULUTH, near street cars, furnished or unfurnished, four rooms, $11, $8. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

FOR RENT —FURNISHED BRICK flat, 13½ East Fourth street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange bank.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and toilet, $12.50. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED — THREE GENTLEMEN table boarders. 318 Second avenue West.

NICE ROOM WITH BOARD AND ALL conveniences. 123 West Second street.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, 519-521 W. Mich. St., steam heated, electric light. Special rates by the week. Our meals are the best in the city. Get our rates.

TABLE BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Modern and central. Brick house and warm, 318 West Second street. Zenith 491.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DULUTH Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

PALMISTRY.

THE ORIGINAL GYPSY QUEEN FROM Hindoo. The famous palmist, not a made-up gypsy, but comes from a long line of world-famed fortune tellers. Has told fortunes all over the world. Speaks seven different languages. Tells past, present and future; advice given in love, courtship and marriage. Gives height and complexion of your future wife or husband. Tells how to settle legal troubles without lawyers. A specialty of business readings, 1423 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR SMALL house and barn on good-sized lot, centrally located. Must be cheap. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

TO EXCHANGE.

FINE HOUSE AND LOT NEAR BUSINESS center, paying 7 per cent on value, to exchange for land within or near Duluth or Superior, suitable for dairying, gardening, and farming. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

FOR TRADE — PIANO FOR BOARD and room. Inquire at Porter Music company, 406 West Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS.HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1125.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

BETHEL RESCUE HOME.

FOR WOMEN, 432 SIXTH AVENUE east. Admission any hour of day or night. Phone 172.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIUM, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE SERVICE company. Offices 206-7 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props. 14 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, MASSAGE TREATMENTS. Relief from rheumatism guaranteed. Reference given. Old 'phone 080-5 rings.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St. Upstairs.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NATIONAL Bank building. Zenith phone 831.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 1, 1902. Work—election of officers. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, acting secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 8, 1902. Work—Election officers. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 10, 1902. Work Election officers. F. W. Turner H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Dec. 2. Work—Templar degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—DULUTH Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Co.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Official visit of Deputy Grand Chancellor, and refreshments served, Dec. 2. Come! G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

Established 1869.
MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,
INSURANCE AND BONDS.
You want the best—We furnish it.
Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

HISTOR[illegible] SOCIETY.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1902. TWO CENTS.

"CORPORATIONS, AND ESPECIALLY COMBINATIONS OF CORPORATIONS, SHOULD BE MANAGED UNDER PUBLIC REGULATION."
—President Roosevelt.

ATTORNEY JEROME POUNCES ON FASHIONABLE GAMBLERS

Sensational Raids In Swell Districts of New York.

Breaks Down the Steel Doors at Canfield's Place.

Burbridge's and Ludlam's Resorts Were Also Raided.

New York, Dec. 2.—District Attorney Jerome began sensational raids on alleged gambling resorts at about midnight last night, and continued until 4:30 o'clock this morning, and numerous small places were raided. The attacks on the latter, however, were almost overlooked in the public interest which centered in the assaults on the mansions occupied by Richard A. Canfield and William Burbridge, which were entered by means of ladders, axes and sledges. The police allege that Frank Farrell is interested in Burbridge's place. Great quantities of costly "evidence" were carted away from those places by the police, but arrestes were few. Up to last night a general impression prevailed that Canfield's, which is in the center of the fashionable uptown district, only a few doors from Fifth avenue, and near two celebrated restaurants, was a "Gibraltar," which could not be taken, and a similar belief prevailed in regard to Burbridge's place, which was especially protected by steel doors. This place is in a corss street uptown, only a half block from Fifth avenue and a few steps from a celebrated hotel.

So great was public interest aroused by the news of the raid on Canfield's that people flocked to the neighborhood until the intesection of Fifth avenue and Forty-fourth street, the corner nearest Canfields, was blocked with carriages and people.

After Burbridge's the raiders visited Ludlam's place, otherwise known as the Savoy club. They got one man there, a colored subordinate employed about the place. Jerome, Capt. Piper, Inspector Brooks, several assistants to the district attorney and numerous detectives were busy in Ludlam's place until after 4 o'clock this morning. They blew open a safe in their hunt for evidence.

Earlier in the night Jerome made many raids in the down town Italian quarter of alleged resorts. These were "preliminaries," as it were, to the two big events, Canfield's and Burbridge's.

District Attorney Jerome declined absolutely to make any sort of statement after his night's work.

Capt. Lanty of the East Fifty-first station, in whose precinct the Canfield place has been for years, declared to the reporters and others assembled, tha the had never expected to live to see such an event as the raiding of Canfield's.

The raids were expected in every place visited. In Canfield's the owner declared nothing had been "doing" for weeks. It was much the same in Burbridge's and Ludlam's, although Joseph Jacobs, the Citizens' Union detective, last night declared he had played in every place. But that the raids were to be made seemed to have reached the men interested, for every place was prepared as if in advance. At Burbridge's they even left the great steel door ajar, and it was not until the policemen had mounted ladders and done some smashing that this fact became known to them. Then they went into the house in the usual way.

Canfield was not arrested. The report last night to that effect was erroneous. He was held at his house for identification by a detective, who claimed to have gambled in the house, but the detective said Canfield was not the man who had dealt faro for him. Later the detective said E. W. Bucklin was the man, and Bucklin was arrested. He is reported to be Canefild's manager.

JUDGMENT

Against Insurance Fraud Defendant Allowed By the Court.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 2.—Judge Nash of the district court has just handed down an order in the case of a New York Life Insurance company vs. Richardson et al., which in effect granted permission to one of the defendants to withdraw her original answer and motion to dissolve the injunction, and giving judgment against her in favor of the insurance company, as per agreement filed.

The original petition of the insurance company alleges that the payment of two policies aggregating $10,000 was secured through fraudulent representation as to the death of the policy holders.

Following the order of the court yesterday, the attorney for the insurance company stated that the agreement was in substance that the company should take judgment against one of the defendants for the amount sued for, and that the injunction be perpetuated restraining the National Exchange bank from paying the money to her.

Following the order of the court, he stated, he visited the bank and procured therefrom $6000 which was deposited in the name of that defendant, and procured also a certificate of deposit for $4000, making up the full $10,000, which latter amount was deposited in the name of C. T. Richardson.

Richardson, who is on trial in connection with the alleged insurance frauds in Mexico at El Paso, was not represented here.

FAUST SHOT BY NEPHEW

Was Attempting to Crawl Through a Window at Brother's Residence When He Was Fired Upon and Killed.

Carroll, Iowa, Dec. 2.—James R. Faust was shot and killed near here while attempting to crawl through a window in the residence of his brother, Charles Faust. Charles Crone, who fired the shot, has surrendered and asserts that the victim had designs on the life of the brother, whom, he says, James had once attempted to kill. Crone is a nephew of Charles Faust. Several years ago James Faust disappeared, after serving a term in the Iowa penitentiary, and was mourned as dead. A year ago he appeared at his parents' home at Clarence, Iowa, and said that he had just escaped from an insane asylum at Toledo, Ohio. After his disappearance from the Iowa prison he said he had been kidnaped and been kept in various insane hospitals as a madman until he finally escaped.

FAVORABLE TO LOTUS BUDS

Washington, Dec. 2.—Commissioner Sargent of the immigration bureau has returned from California, where he made an investigation into the character of the universal brotherhood school at Point Loma, in connection with the question of whether the eleven Cuban children, now held at New York and destined for that school, should be admitted. While Mr. Sargent has not made his final report, it is learned, on good authority, that he finds the school provided with ample means to take care of the children, and that he will report in favor of their admission. The department undoubtedly will follow his recommendation, and the children will be admitted within a day or two.

A COLD WAVE APPROACHES

Washington, Dec. 2.—The weather bureau has issued the following bulletin: A cold wave will overspread districts west of the Mississippi tonight and Wednesday. In the central valleys rain in southern and snow in northern districts, will be followed Wednesday by a decided fall in temperature. In the lake region high northeast winds with snow will be followed Wednesday by colder, clearing weather. In the Atlantic states snow in northern and rain in middle southern districts Wednesday, will be followed by much lower temperature Wednesday night and Thursday.

TRIAL OF BLONDIN IS BEGUN

Boston, Dec. 2.—A trip to Chelmsford, Mass., by the jury chosen yesterday to try J. Wilfred Blondin on the charge of wife murder today took the place of the forenoon session of the superior court. After the return to this city the house on Green street in which the murder is alleged to have been committed, was visited. At Chelmsford, the spot where the headless body of Mrs. Blondin was found under a brush heap and the place where the head was found in the bed of a brook were pointed out and their exact position indicated upon maps and charts.

FAMILY IS BURNED TO DEATH

Alberquerque, N. M., Dec. 2.—Mrs. Charles Leddy and her children have been burned to death in their little log home in the mountains near here. The cabin took fire from a stove and the frantic mother attemnted to force the children—the eldest fifteen years old—through a window, but ere she succeeded the roof fell in on them and they were burned to death. The father was away from home at the ttime.

COMPANIES ARRANGE PRICE

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.—The time limit placed by the Pennsylvania Railroad company for the removal by the Western Union Telegraph company of its poles and wires from the railroad lines expired yesterday, but they have not been removed. The dispute has been taken into the courts and an understanding has been reached between the two companies by which the poles and wires are to remain undisturbed until a settlement of the pending suit is reached.

CARRIAGE FELL FORTY FEET

New York, Dec. 2.—A carriage containing Mrs. George E. Weyl, wife of a New York broker, and her two sisters, whose home is in Atlanta, Ga., fell from a bridge near Caldwell, N. J. Mrs. Annie Sewall was seriously cut about the head and injured. It is feared she will not recover. The carriage was crossing the bridge, a frail structure, when the horse became frightened and backed against the light railing. The latter gave way and the party was precipitated into the stream, forty feet below. All escaped with cuts and bruises except Mrs. Sewall. The horse was killed instantly.

AN APPEAL

By Big Corporations From Recent Franchise Tax Decision.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Argument in the appeal from the decision declaring constitutional, the franchise law was begun in the appellate division of the supreme court here today, and will continue for three days. Forty-seven corporations, among the largest in New York city, are parties to the controversy. The decision in question sets for that the special tax law violated neither the state nor the federal consitutions; that the state board of tax commissioners is not required in determining the value of a special franchise, to separate value of the eligible from the value of the ineligible property constituting the franchise, and that the rate of taxation on special franchises should correspond with rate applied in determining the value of other species of real estate in the same tax district.

The amount involved aggregates $12,00,000, which has been assessed against the corporations of the state and paid by them under protest.

The decision in the case was rendered by Judge Robert Earl (who died at Herkimer today) as referee and was confirmed by Supreme Court Justice D. Cady Herrick.

CABINET

Discusses Case of Lieut. Owens and Other Matters.

Washington, Dec. 2.—President Roosevelt and his cabinet, at their meeting today, considered the case of Lieut. Owens of the navy, who recently was tried by court-martial for financial irregularities and absence from his ship without leave. The verdict of the court was that he should be dismissed from the service. An appeal was taken by Lieut. Owens to the president, as it was urged that while he was absent from his ship he was suffering from a temporary aberration of mind. It was decided at the meeting today that a court should be constituted to inquire into his mental condition.

That court will be appointed by Secretary Moody as soon as possible.

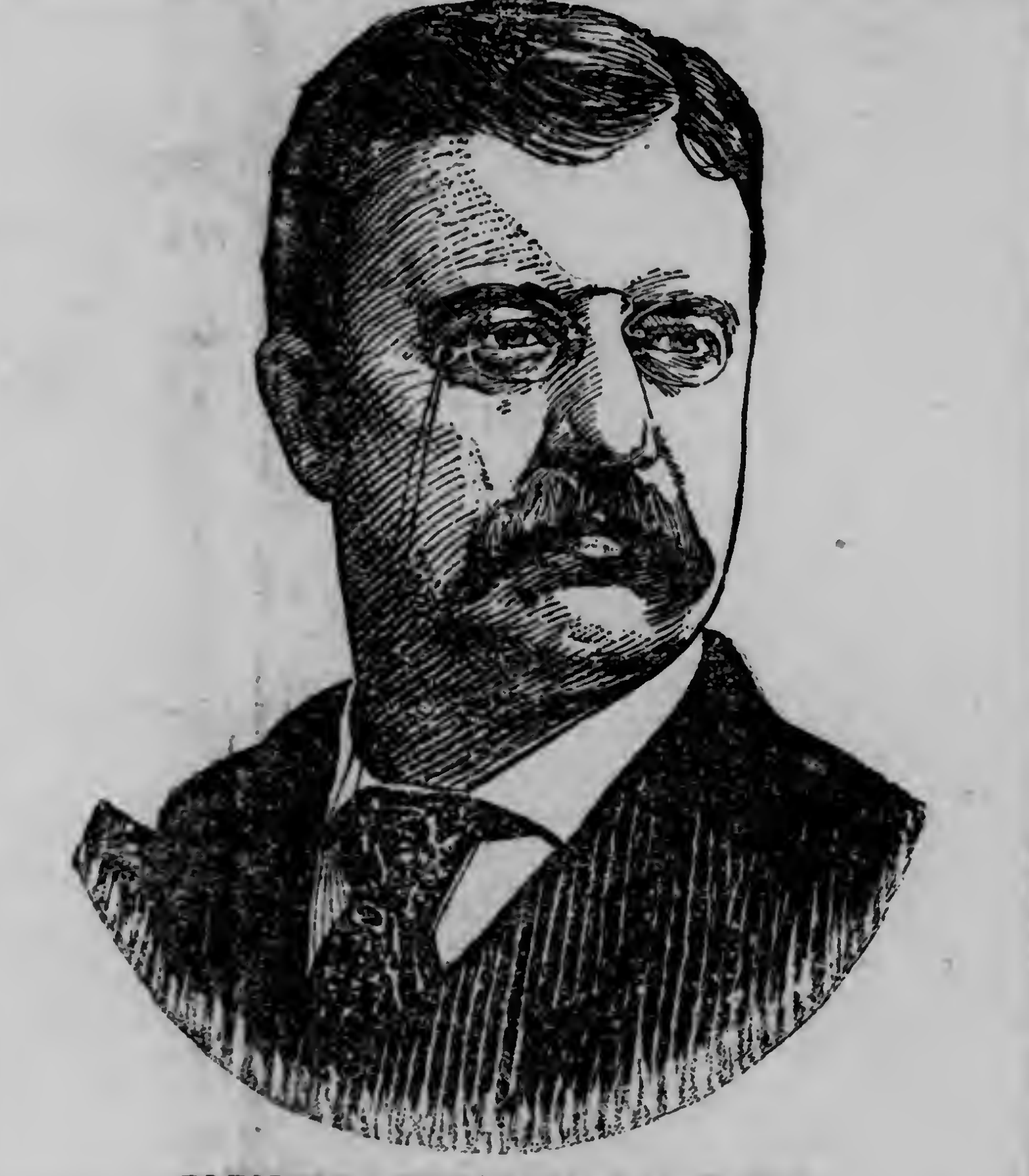
All members of the cabinet except Secretaries Root and Wilson were present at the meeting. Some time was spent in considering appointments, but it was said at the conclusion of the meeting that no announcement of appointments will be made from the White House.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Andrew Swedback has been appointed postmaster at Upsala, Morrison county, Minn., vice Alfred Peterson, resigned.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS DEALS WITH THE TRUSTS AND TARIFF

"The congress has constitutional authority to make all laws necessary and proper for executing this power, and I am satisfied that this power has not been exhausted by any legislation now on the statute books."—President Roosevelt.



PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Congress Has Power to Control Combines.

Tariff Should Be Settled Through Treaties.

"Publicity can do no harm to the honest corporation, and we need not be overtender about sparing the dishonest corporation."
—President Roosevelt.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The following is the complete text of President Roosevelt's message to congress, which was read in both the house and senate at the opening of today's session:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: We still continue in a period of unbounded prosperity. This prosperity is not the creature of law, but undoubtedly the laws under which we work have been instrumental in creating the conditions which made it possible, and by unwise legislation it would be easy enough to destroy it. There will undoubtedly be periods of depression. The wave will recede, but the tide will advance. This nation is seated on a continent flanked by two great oceans. It is composed of men the descendants of pioneers, or, in a sense, pioneers themselves; of men winnowed out from among the nations of the old world by the energy, boldness and love of adventure found in their own eager hearts. Such a nation, so placed, will surely wrest success from fortune.

> As a people we have played a large part in the world, and we are bent upon making our future even larger than the past. In particular, the events of the last four years have definitely decided that, for woe or for weal, our place must be great among the nations.

We may either fail greatly or succeed greatly; but we can not avoid the endeavor from which either great failure or great success must come. Even if we would, we cannot play a small part. If we should try, all that would follow would be that we should play a large part ignobly and shamefully.

But our people, the sons of the men of the civil war, the sons of the men who had iron in their blood, rejoice in the present and face the future high of heart and resolute of will. Ours is not the creed of the weakling and the coward; ours is the gospel of hope and of triumphant endeavor. We do not shrink from the struggle before us. There are many problems for us to face at the outset of the twentieth century—grave problems abroad and still graver at home; but we know that we can solve them and solve them well, provided only that we bring to the solution the qualities of head and heart which were shown by the men who, in the days of Washington, founded this government, and, in the days of Lincoln, preserved it.

No country has ever occupied a higher plane of material well being than ours at the present moment. This well being is due to no sudden or accidental causes, but to the play of the economic forces in this country for over a century; to our laws, our sustained and continuous policies; above all, to the high individual average of our citizenship. Great fortunes have been won by those who have taken the lead in this phenomenal industrial development, and most of these fortunes have been won, not by doing evil, but as an incident to action which has benefited the community as a whole. Never before has material well being been so widely diffused among our people.

> Great fortunes have been accumulated, and yet in the aggregate these fortunes are small indeed when compared to the wealth of the people as a whole. The plain people are better off than they have ever been before.

The insurance companies, which are practically mutual benefit societies—especially helpful to men of moderate means—represent accumulations of capital which are among the largest in this country. There are more deposits in the savings banks, more owners of farms, more well-paid wage-workers in this country now than ever before in our history. Of course, when the conditions have favored the growth of so much that was good, they have also favored somewhat the growth of what

(Continued on Page 8.)

PRAISE FROM THE BARON

German Diplomat Who Has Spent Seven Months In the United States Says the Country Surpasses Anything He Expected.

New York, Dec. 2.—Baron Max Von Oppenheim, imperial German counsellor, diplomat, author and explorer, will sail for Germany today, after a sojourn in this country of seven months. During this time he has gained, he says "a knowledge such as could be acquired in no other way than by a long study of the country."

"The remarkable development and the vastness of the country," said he, "surpassed anything I expected. The western country which the railroads have developed in recent years is a marvel. I never thought to see such universal growth and such business genius that caused it. I have been astonished at the versatility of the American business man and mechanic and I especially think the American business man has a singular adaptability for anything that turns up, so that for the moment each one is a specialist in his line. Everything here is on a grand scale. You can't appreciate your vastness unless you have the perspective of the foreigner.

"I have visited all branches of industry while here and I do not think the apex of your development has been rachd. Thr sms to b an immns strength to your men and nation, a virility that is incomparable. I can easily understand now what is meant been reached. There seems to be an immense strength to your men and nation, a virility that is incomparable. I can easily understand now what is meant by the 'strenuous life.' There seems to be no limit to your enterprise and invention and I can say as one who has seen the civilizationof Europe, South Africa and Asia, that my knowledge was incomplete until I finished a study of America."

THE CLAIMS OF GERMANY

Against Venezuela Are Said to Be About Two Millions Instead of Fifteen—Germany Not Inclined to Be Harsh.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—The published statement that Germany's claims against Venezuela amount to $15,000,000, the correspondent of the Associated Press is officially informed is incorrect. While the German government is not yet ready to publish the details of its demands, persons who have seen the papers say the total is about $2,000,000. President Castro represents to Germany that Venezuela has little credit abroad; that the country is ust emerging from a civil war during which planting and industry were partially ruined, and, that, therefore, no matter how much Venezuela might desire to satisfy her claims it is impossible. Hence an agreement on the subject must provide for deferred payments. The seizure of the customs houses, thereby depriving the government of an important means to administer the country, would add to the internal distress and disorder.

While President Castro's proposals are not disclosed there is reason to believe that they include the emission of bonds at a moderately high rate of interest with some sort of a guarantee that if the interest or the instalments of the principal are defaulted certain Venezuelan customs houses may be taken over by Germany.

Nothing is know here of the plans of Isaac N. Seligman of New York, for floating a Venezuelan loan. He has not approached this government in the matter.

There is no disposition here to proceed with harsh measures towards Venezuela if milder ones will suffice to exact satisfaction, but the German government is fully committed to the intention to obtain ample satisfaction. The claimants are constantly urging the government to press the collection of the amounts due them not only because of the sums involved, but it is represented, in view of the fact that the long delay has rendered the position of Germans in Venezuela more and more vexatious. Therefor, it is claimed that the government must strike and strike hard in order to properly assert the rights of the Germans.

A VILLAGE SOLD AT AUCTION

New York, Dec. 2.—The village of Glen Eyrie, Pike county, Pa., has been sold at public auction by the sheriff, says a World special from Port Jervis. The property was bid in for $1000 by New York capitalists. It embraces 857 acres. The buildings consist of ten houses, a store and post office, a railroad station, chicken houses, a blacksmith shop, ice house and schoolhouse. The place has declined of late by reason of dullness in the market for bluestone which is quarried there.

BIG VERDICT FOR LEYS' LIFE

New York, Dec. 2.—A verdict for $100,000 damages was brought in today by the jury in the suit of Mrs. Jennie M. Leyes against the New York Central Hudson river railroad company. Mrs. Leyes sued for $250,000 for the death of her husband, who was killed in a collision in the company's tunnel in this city in January last. Mr. Leys was manager of a department store and his earnings were said to be $25,000 a year.

SEVENTEENTH BOODLER

Millionaire Nicolaus Is Arraigned at St. Louis to Answer to an Indictment Charging Him With Bribery.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—The case of Henry Nicolaus, millionaire brewer, indicted for bribery in connection with the suburban street railway franchise legislation, the seventeenth of the "boodle" trials, was called in Judge Ryan's branch of the circuit court today. Circuit Attorney Folk predicts the case to last two days. The testimony will be in part the same as was used in the trials of Delegates Julius Lehmann, Harry A. Faulkner and Emile Bersch, who have been convicted of perjury. The specific charge against Nicolaus is that he signed notes for $135,000 on which the suburban's safe deposit boodle was raised. The other signatures to the notes, as the state expects to show, were those of Charles A. Turner and Ellis Wainwright.

Turner will be a witness for the state, Wainwright, who was abroad at the time an indictment similar to that against Nicolaus was found against him, has not returned to St. Louis since. As in the previous suburban trials, the boodle fund will be brought into court—in this case the entire $135,000—and exhibited to the jury as occular proof of intent to bribe. The witnesses for the state are J. K. Murrell, E. E. Murrell, John Helms, Otto Schumacher, George F. Robertson and William M. Tamblyn, members of the combine in the last house of delegates; Charles H. Turner and Philip Stock, representing the suburban.

COAL FAMINE POSSIBLE

A Blizzard Tying Up the Railroads Would Cause the Greatest Coal Scarcity Ever Known In New York.

New York, Dec. 2.—Upon the weather only depends whether New York will be visited by the greatest coal famine in its history, says the Herald.

Men who are interested in the various branches of the trade, declare they cannot get more than a day away from the condition that existed at the end of the strike and they will not be able to get further away this winter. If a blizzard should tie up the railroads, three days will see the few remaining tons selling at prices that will make them luxuries. At the offices of the coal carrying roads it was said every effort is being made to meet the test when it comes, but there was little hope. There is coming to tide water daily about 100,000 tons of hard coal. About 26,000 tons of this comes to New York. The rest goes to New England and Canada. New York's actual demand in winter is about 30,000 tons a day. The supply therefore, is about 4000 tons short. President Lederle of the board of health has ordered officials of the elevated roads, nevertheless, to show cause on Wednesday why they should not abate the use of soft coal.

MILLION DOLLAR CLARK BABY

Chicago, Dec. 2.—A son was born to the wife of W. A. Clark, Jr., last night, winning the $1,000,000 gift which Senator W. A. Clark offered to his sons and daughters a year ago for the first grandson presented to him, says a special to the Record-Herald from Butte, Mont. His youngest daughter, Mrs. Morris, in New York recently gave birth to a daughter. Senator Clark, who is in Paris, has been noti[illegible] by cable of the arrival of the [illegible]

DEFECTIVE PAGE

RAILROAD AFFAIRS

Millers Abandon Hope of Preventing Higher Flour Rate.

Adds Nine Cents to the Rate to New York.

Small Sized Rate War---Some Northern Pacific Changes.

Minnesota millers have abandoned hope that they will be able to head off the order for the advance of 2½ cents per 100 pounds in flour freight rates, due to go into effect Dec. 8. The present rate, as advanced a year ago, has been comparatively satisfactory, but another advance at this time adds 9 cents to the cost of flour from the Northwest to New York. The difference of all rail freight is 4 cents over lake and rail, and the proposed advance by traffic managers will make 5 cents more. The Commercial West in an editorial says:

"Would it be policy—not considering whether the roads would be justified in the move—to advance the flour rate now? The threatened advance following the close of navigation looks very much as if the traffic managers were taking advantage of a condition; that the millers could not help themselves and would have to submit.

"The change from a lake-and-rail basis to all-rail, even though the difference is slight, always has a depressing effect on the flour trade for a few weeks. But to add five cents per barrel more on the cost of flour would be, for a time, to place an insurmountable handicap on the business of the miller. Moreover, the millers have a large amount of flour sold, and, should the advance go into effect on Dec. 8, as proposed, an actual loss to the millers of five cents per barrel would result.

"If the flour rate is too low as compared with other commodities, then it should be advanced as a business proposition. But is should not be advanced immediately following the close of navigation, nor without sufficient notice to permit the millers protecting themselves, nor in a manner that gives the impression of what-are-you-going-to-do-about-it feeling on the part of the Eastern traffic managers."

Small Rate War.

A rate war is on between the Chicago lines over the division of business, arising from the large movement of discharged soldiers from Northwestern army posts to the East. Perhaps 1000 soldiers are moving this week. The Chicago-St. Paul lines made an agreement to charge $8.05 from St. Paul to Chicago. Yesterday the Great Western announced its withdrawal from the agreement and a rate of $7. A meeting of the other lines was called, and the probable result will be a joint agent of the six lines, authorized to meet any rate made by the Great Western.

Northern Pacific Changes.

J. H. McGoff, superintendent of the Northern Pacific shops at Gladstone, has been made superintendent of the Sante Fe shops at Fort Madison, Ia. H. A. Lyddon, master mechanic of the Minnesota division, has been made superintendent of the Gladstone shops, his place being taken by H. M. Curry, who comes from a similar position on the Dakota division. R. Smith, now master mechanic of the Yellowstone division, advances to the Dakota division, and A. W. Wheatley fills his place in the Yellowstone division.

Changes resulting from the resignation of F. L. Darling as division engineer of the Northern Pacific, have been announced. W. C. Smith succeeds him, and will have charge of all engineering matters on lines east of the Missouri. B. E. Palmer is appointed division engineer at Livingstone, and will have charge of engineering between Livingstone and Spokane, not including Spokane station. G. A. Kyle will be in charge of engineering from Spokane to the Pacific coast, including Spokane station.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

"JUST WHAT SHE LOOKED FOR."

To solve a difficult question. Letter from Minneapolis.

Ater serving Apitezo a few days upon my own table I am convinced that every housewife who is interested in providing a dainty, palatable dish that should suit the most capricious breakfast appetite, will find Apitezo just what she has been looking for. My first trial of it was made immediately after dinner, and, served according to directions, it made a most delicious and wholesome dessert. It is certainly entitled to the consideration of all who are trying to solve the difficult question of the best as well as the economical. I heartily endorse Apitezo. MRS. G. S. BUTLER.
Minneapolis, October 30, 1902.

MINNEAPOLIS CHILDREN.

They Like Apitezo Better than Cakes and Crackers.

Apitezo is not only much enjoyed at our breakfast table, but the children have adopted it—fresh from the package—as their favorite luncheon, thus eliminating cookies end even crackers from their 'between meals' bill of fare.

"When all Minneapolis boys and girls have been introduced to Apitezo I predict a greater state of health and harmony. Success to Apitezo.

"Very truly, MRS. W. P. LOYE,
"Minneapolis, November 17, 1902."

Attention Companion Foresters.

Your are requested to attend the funeral of our deceased companion, Alice L. Kimerer, which will take place from the residence Wednesday afternoon at 3 p. m., Dec. 3, Nineteenth avenue West, Osborne Block. Mary A. Oppel, Chief Ranger; Lillian R. Knight, Recorder.

SON OF BANKER

Identified as Fire Victim After Two Years.

New York, Dec. 2.—Through the German consul in this city one of the victims of the fire on the North German Lloyd docks in Hoboken two years ago has just been identified as the son of a wealthy banker in Berlin. His name was Jacob Stetter and was wayward. He frequently left home, and his family would have no trace of him for months at a time. For the last two years they heard nothing from him.

About a month ago a friend of the Setters visited Flower Hill cemetery, in North Bergen, where the victims of the fire were buried, and was surprised to see one grave marked "Jacob Stetter." He communicated with the Berlin banker and asked the German consul here to investigate the case.

He learned that one of the bodies taken from one of the burned steamships wore a number of trinkets marked "Jacob Stetter," and on the strength of that the body was buried under that name. If Mr. Stetter is convinced that his son's body lies in the North Bergan cemetery he will have it taken to Berlin.

The funeral of Hawkins Jacobson will take place on Wednesday afternoon at 2 p. m., from the residence, 3314 ninth avenue east.

GIVEN LIFE SENTENCE.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 2.—In the circuit court today Joseph Baker was given a life sentence for the murder of Martin Christopher last June.

AGAINST TRUSTS

Senator Cullom Introduces Bill to Amend Sherman Law.

Gen. Russell A. Alger Is Sworn In as Senator.

House Adjourns Early Out of Respect to Deceased Members.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Senator Cullum today introduced a bill to amend the Sherman anti-trust law. It prohibits interstate commerce in articles produced by trusts, the penalty for violations being a fine of from $500 to $5000.

Washington, Dec. 2.—There were two events of interest in the senate today, the swearing in of Gen. Russell A. Alger, as senator from Michigan, and the presentation of the president's annual message.

Before the senate convened Mr. Alger appeared on the floor and was heartily congratulated by his new colleagues. The family of the new senator, with a number of personal friends, occupied seats in the reserved gallery to witness the ceremony, while members of the Michigan delegation in the house came over from the house for the same purpose. Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Burrows presented the credentials of Mr. Alger, and asked that the oath of office be administered to him. The new senator then was escorted to the desk of the president pro. tem, Mr. Frye, by Mr. Burrows, where the oath was administered.

Mr. Alger's seat is on the extreme right of the Democratic side of the chamber and was completely hidden from view by huge floral pieces. It was necessary to remove them before he could sit down.

Messrs. Platt (Conn.) and Jones (Ark.) the committee appointed by the senate to join a similar committee from the house to notify the president that congress had assembled, reported that they had performed this duty, whereupon Mr. Barnes, assistant secretary to the president, delivered the president's message to congress. Printed copies had been furnished each senator and they closely followed the reading of the document. But few Democrats were in their seats when the reading of the message began.

Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, again occupied a seat in the diplomatic gallery and evinced much interest in the message.

Upon the conclusion of the reading of the message, which occupied one hour and fifteen minutes, it was ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

A concurrent resolution, offered by Mr. Morgan (Ala.), providing for the printing of a compilation of bills and debates in congress relating to trusts was referred to the committee on printing.

The senate then, at 1:27, on motion of Mr. Lodge, went into executive session.

The doors were opened at 1:35. Mr. Frye laid before the senate a number of annual reports of government officials, and then had read the resignation of Rev. W. H. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the senate.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The house met at noon today with a large attendance and crowded galleries. Immediately after the reading of the journal, Gordon Russell, who was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of R. C. De Graffenreid, of Texas, and Edward Swann, who was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Amos J. Cummings, appeared at the bar and took the oath.

The speaker announced the following appointments:

Mr. Hill (Conn.), on ways and means; Mr. Palmer (Pa.), on judiciary; Mr. Fowler (N. J.), director of the Columbian institution for the deaf and dumb, and Mr. Jenkins (Wis.), as consulting trustee of the reform school of the district of Columbia.

Mr. Bingham (Pa.), from the committee appointed yesterday to await upon the president, reported that the committee had fulfilled its mission and that the president stated that he would communicate at once in writing. The house then took a recess until 12:30 to await the arrival of the president's message.

When the house reconvened, Mr. Barnes, assistant secretary to the president, announced the president's message, which, by the direction of the speaker, was immediately read by the clerk. The members displayed great interest in its contents, many of them following the reading in the printed copies which were distributed by the pages.

The reading of the message was listened to attentively, especially those portions relating to the regulation of trusts, the tariff and the isthmian canal bill. There were no demonstrations until the reading was concluded, when there was a generous outburst of applause on the Republican side. The reading consumed exactly an hour.

The message was referred to the committee of the whole house on the state of the Union without objection.

Mr. Cannon moved to consider tomorrow the bill to defray the expenses of the anthracite coal strike commission. It was so ordered.

After Mr. Lanham (Tex.) had announced the death of his late colleagues Representatives De Graffenreid and Shepard, of Texas, the house, at 1:40 p. m., as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

Picture Framing...

We advise our customers to bring in their pictures now to avoid the rush before Xmas.

Decker's No. 16 Second Ave. W.

Jim Dumps found Mrs. Dumps distressed,
About an unexpected guest.
"There's nothing in the house to eat!"
"There's something better far than meat."
The guest endorsed Jim's view with vim
When helped to "Force" by "Sunny Jim."

"FORCE"
The Ready-to-Serve Cereal
ready for any emergency.

Sweet, crisp flakes of wheat and malt.

Why Her Vacation Was Prolonged.

"When you stand in your own house, monarch of all you survey and nothing to eat, it touches you from crown to heel. Mrs. D. wrote to say she missed my usual impatience about her coming home and wanted to know why. I simply replied: 'No hurry; I am eating "Force."'
"Rev. —— —— D——."
(Name furnished on application.)

NOMINATIONS.

First Bunch of Plums Sent to the Senate.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Judiciary—Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts, associate justice of supreme court of the United States; Francis M. Wright, Illinois, judge of the court of claims; George W. Ray, New York, United States district judge for the northern district of New York; Ashley M. Gould, district of Columbia, associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia; John T. Debolt, Hawaii, first judge of the circuit court of the first circuit of the territory of Hawaii.

United State attorneys—Thomas Roulhac, for the northern district of Alabama; William Michael Byrne, district of Delaware; Morgan H. Beach, district of Columbia; Solomon H. Bethea, northern district of Ilinois; William J. Youngs, eastern district of New York; Lunsford L. Lewis, eastern district of Virginia.

United States Marshals—Edson S. Bishop, district of Connecticut; William H. Mackey, Jr., district of Kansas; B. F. O'Neal, western district of Louisiana; C. F. Lloyd, district of Montana; Dewey C. Bailey, district of Colorado.

War—James F. Smith, California, member of the Philippines commission and secretary of public instruction in the government of the Philippine islands.

State—Henry L. West, District of Columbia, commissioner of the District of Columbia; Robert S. McCormick, Illinois, ambassador to Russia; Bellamy Storer, Ohio, ambassador to Austria-Hungary; Charlemagne Tower, Pennsylvania, ambassador to Germany.

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary—Charles Page Bryan, Illinois, to Switzerland; Leslie Coombs, Kentucky, to Guatamala and Honduras; Arthur S. Hardy, New Hampshire, to Spain; William D. Sorsby, Mississippi, to Bolivia; David E. Thompson, Nebraska, to Brazil.

Consuls of the United States—E. Scott Hotchkiss, Wisconsin, at Brockville, Ont., Canada.

Director of the census—William R. Merriam, of Minnesota.

Register of the land office—Archibald W. Munger, at Eau Claire, Wis.

Indian agent—Shephard Freeman, Green Bay, Wis.

Registers of land offices—John B. West, at Lewiston, Idaho; Peter Campbell, at Akron, Col.; John F. Armstrong, Sacramento, Cal.; David R. Crosby, Montrose, Col.; Selwyn Douglas, at Oklahoma, O. T.; Harry J. Syms, Boise, Idaho; Neal J. Sharp, Hailey, Idaho.

Receiver of public moneys—Charles H. Garby, Lewiston, Idaho.

Maccabees, Attention!

All members of Duluth Tent No. 1 K. O. T. M., are requested to meet at their hall in Hunter Block, Wednesday evening, Dec. 3, to attend election of officers for the ensuing year. J. P. Peterson, commander; W. A. Putman, Record Keeper.

THE STATEHOOD QUESTION.

Opponents to Omnibus Bill Hold Another Meeting.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The Republican members of the senate committee on territories who are opposed to reporting the statehood bill as it passed the house of representatives, were again today in conference. Senator Quay being the only absentee. They were engaged principally in going over the testimony recently taken by the senate committee on New Mexico and Arizona, with the view to making as strong a showing as possible in opposition to the admission of those two territories.

AT WEST DULUTH

Following the fashion common in the old Grecian cities, a number of West Duluth citizens are leaving their native town to found a colony for themselves. The new colony will consist of J. B. Thomas, N. Thomas, Albert Thomas, George Grieves, Joseph Lavine, J. La Flamme, G. Gauthier, D. Gauthier, Joseph Gauthier and W. J. Bagley and their wives and families, all of the men mentioned being married except N. and A. Thomas and George Grieves.

The site chosen is about six miles from St. Louis station, on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. All of the men have homesteads at this point, and it was decided to go out this winter and build their houses as closely together as possible, thus giving the advantages of social intercourse.

Others may join the party before it leaves and swell the total to nearly fifty people.

Some of the members of the party have already left for their future homes, others will follow this week, while a few will remain in West Duluth until next week.

INTEREST IS LIGHT.

Interest in the approaching municipal elections in West Duluth is at a very low ebb. In the Seventh ward no candidate for alderman has filed against L. A. Barnes, the present incumbent. It is likely that he will have no opposition, although it is yet possible for an independent candidate to file.

In the Eighth ward a close race is expected between ex-Alderman Sang and E. Zauft. Both of the gentlemen are well known in political circles, and the result will be in doubt until the ballots are counted.

The only other contest of interest to West Duluth people is the one for justice of the peace between Robert Stone the present justice and S. C. Murphy.

None of the candidates will begin active campaign work until after the primaries, for in each of the three contests the candidates are the only ones on their respective tickets.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Petruscke box factory is closed down temporarily for repairs. The company is awaiting the arrival of new saws, which are expected today. It is likely the factory will resume operations tomorrow. From twenty-five to fifty men are employed at the factory.

John McIntosh, of Proctorknott, appeared before Judge Stone last evening to answer to a charge of assault and battery, brought by Joseph Olson, an employe. The case was set for Saturday, at 2 o'clock, and McIntosh was released on $50 bail. McIntosh claims to have good reasons for the assault, which Olson says was committed.

Fred Myers will leave for Hibbing this afternoon.

Fred Goodyear has returned home with a bride.

C. D. Hibbard spent a day in the woods back of the town and secured two deer.

W. La Bone is in West Duluth from Split Rock. He will return tomorrow.

P. Cohagger, of Saginaw, is visiting John McDonnell.

Fred Woods leaves for Hibbing today.

Edward Armstrong and Haven Forbes have started in the livery business in Scanlon.

William Fisher, Joseph Juveland, B. Gunderson and Henry Gunderson are in the city today on their way from Zumbrota to Grand Rapids.

Fred Orens will leave in a few days to revisit his old home in Sweden.

Edward Severa has returned from Milwaukee.

Miss N. Juveland left yesterday for Oregon.

John Lamont is in the city from Tower.

G. L. Good, of Ely, was in the city yesterday on a short business trip.

A. C. Ronley and Albert Simpson, of Athens, were in the city yesterday.

The West Duluth council, No. 4, of the Modern Samaritans, held a very interesting and well attended meeting in Wieland & Wade hall last evening. Officers for the ensuing year were nominated.

The West Duluth police have decided to take some action regarding the action of some West Duluth children in skating on the thin ice in the bay and on ponds in different parts of the city. Serious accidents are feared.

The entertainment to be given by W. A. Coughlin takes place this evening, not tomorrow evening, as announced by the morning paper.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c.

RECOMMENDED BY MORRIS.

Washington, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris called at the postoffice department and recommended J. W. Wright to be postmaster at Swan River, Minn.

NOTICE!
Ventriloquil Entertainment

Presenting Wm. A. Coughlan in Ventriloquism, Impersonations, Imitations and Character Sketches. Great Eastern Hall, this evening, Dec. 2. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents. Mr. Coughlan will be assisted by local talent.

Leather Furniture for Christmas

No matter how long a good piece of leather covered furniture is used, or how hard usage it is subject to, it always retains its beauty and cleanliness, and, best of all, is always stylish and "just the thing."

WHERE TO BUY LEATHER FURNITURE

You should be careful in the selection of leather covered furniture. Choose from a stock that is new, quality best and prices reasonable. We are proud of our leather furniture because we know when we deliver any of it to our customers that it will always be satisfactory, and, best of all, we get prices that are reasonable and right. No fancy figures attached to the goods we sell, because we don't need large profits; our expenses are low. If you don't see our goods before making your purchase you will not do as well as you might have done.

TRY US. WE'LL PROVE IT.

The Grand Rapids Housefurnishing Co.
1227-29 Tower Avenue, - - - WEST SUPERIOR.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

Christmas Jewelry.....

The new designs in jewelry for the holiday trade have arrived. We are showing them now. Never before have we been able to show such beauty and variety of design. Never before have prices been more reasonable. Whether your gift is a simple trinket or some elaborate and expensive jewel you will find here

The Best Assortment.

You can make no mistake in purchasing your Christmas gifts here. Good taste characterizes our whole stock. Your satisfaction means future business for us. We know you will be satisfied.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.,
334 West Superior street.
Providence Building.
The only perfectly equipped Jewelry Manufacturing Plant at the Head of the Lakes.

COASTERS and SKATES

We have the largest stock in the city to select from. West Duluth is the skating center at the head of Lake Superior, and we are headquarters for all kinds of skates.

Hockey skates, 75c to $5.00.
Barney & Berry skates, 50c to $5.00.
Sled Skates for children, 50c.
Girls' sleds, only 19c.
Boys' coaster, only 19c.
Boys' round runner coasters, 50 to $2.

Wieland & Wade
Hardware, Stoves and Sporting Goods.

Stove bargains every day at our store. RADIANT HOME heaters selling at cost prices.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

Buck's Heaters.

We are constantly on the lookout for the best. The best in Furniture, the best in Carpets, the best in Crockery, the best in Stoves.

We feel responsibility in thoroughly protecting our customers' interests, therefore—when we mention Buck's Heaters or Ranges you may be sure that they are thoroughly meritorious, the best that money can buy—and the price the lowest possible, consistent with good goods.

Buck's Base Burner

As a little price inducement to those in need of a good Base Burner, we quote the following—a Buck's Self-Feeder and Base Burner, supplied with double heating attachment, 15 inch fire pot, air tight screw draft, removable fire pot and large magazine—at the extremely low price of—

$38.00

Other Heaters at $25, $35 and up.

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Buck's Oaks.

This extremely handsome stove is made for general use and you will find it a very potent factor in reducing your fuel bills and increasing the amount of heat and comfort in your home. Burns both coal and wood, heavy durable stove, neatly trimmed—at

$7.50 up.

Others at $9.00, $14.50, $16.50 and up.

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

TO SEEK HONORS

The Y.M.C.A. Basket Ball Team Will Be Aggressive.

To Play Teams In North Dakota and Upper Michigan.

University of Wisconsin Team May Be Brought Here.

The Y. M. C. A. basket ball team is out for a strenuous season.

Seeking championship honors the men will invade North Dakota and Upper Michigan.

Never in the local history of the game has there been such a strong schedule as that arranged by Manager Audley.

Tonight in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium the home season will open with a blaze of glory performance, including two games with two teams from the Superior normal.

The exhibition promises to be full of fast features, and to be witnessed by a large crowd.

After tonight's games Proctorknott will be taken on the latter part of the week, and the following two weeks the Nelson-Dewey high school team of Old Superior will be given two games.

That will settle the season of preliminaries and the team will settle down to work.

The invasion of North Dakota includes four games in Fargo—one with the high school, another with Fargo college, the third with North Dakota Agricultural college, and the fourth with the Y. M. C. A. of that city.

The invasion of Upper Michigan includes games with Calumet and Hancock and possibly the Michigan School of Mines.

The promising teams of Ashland and Brainerd will also have dates on the schedule, and along in February the great University of Wisconsin team will be brought to Duluth for what may be the deciding game in the Northwestern championship.

The team this year is lighter than any team for several seasons past, and it is also faster. The men are being trained for speed and science in scoring field goals.

The second team is coming to the front very rapidly, and tonight the enthusiasts will be able to get a line on it in the contest with normal second team.

Peterson and Olson, the high school football players, have taken up basketball again this year, and are playing a great game. The old players, Leighton, Morse and Smith have developed great speed to work in with their knowledge of the game, while Valley, Miller, Berini and others are playing remarkable ball.

LINOTYPE COMBINE.

An Amalgamation of All the Companies Likely.

London, Dec. 2.—At a meeting of the shareholders of the Linotype company, the chairman, Mr. Lawrence, confirmed the report that negotiations were on foot looking to the amalgamation of all the Linotype companies. He said they have been in communication with important capitalists in America and Berlin and if the directors received good proposals they would be submitted to the shareholders.

Regarding the dispute with the Canadian company, the chairman said there would be a conference between representatives of the two concerns.

A STORMY PASSAGE.

New York, Dec. 2.—Like the steamships Campania and St. Louis, the French liner La Champagne, which arrived today, encountered storms during all the time she was crossing from Havre, but was not damaged. The storms began on Nov. 22, just after the vessel sailed and all the way over the La Champagne had to fight against gales of hurricane force and high seas, which often swept her decks. Two seamen were slightly injured during the voyage by being thrown against the railing by a sea.

SERVICES REWARDED.

New York, Dec. 2.—The services of Baron Lambermont, Belgian minister of state, who arbitrated the British-French West African disputes concerning the Waima affair and the gunboat Sargent Malamine, have been handsomely recognized by both governments, says a Brussels dispatch to the Times, by way of London. Great Britain has presented to the baron a valuable and artistic vase and France has given a silver ink stand to him.

DOUBLED IN SIXTY DAYS

The number of pounds of "rough dry" washing we do for families has more than doubled within the last sixty days, and now reaches well up into the thousands. There is no limit to the quantity we can wash and the quality of our work grows better all the time.

Housekeepers are again invited to come over to our First Street Plant, where we will be pleased to show them at any time how carefully everything is handled and how well it is done.

THE YALE LAUNDRY

Telephone 479 or Drop a Postal. 30 and 32 East First Street

SESSION IS NEAR

The Legislature Meets In a Little Over a Month.

Claimed Duluth Senators Are Slated For Good Committees.

Election of Langum as Senate's Secretary Practically Conceded.

The 1903 session of the legislature is only a little over a month away, as it meets under the law on Jan. 6, the first Tuesday after the first Monday of January.

The session is limited by law to ninety legislative days, which does not include Sundays and holidays, and adjournment usually comes some time toward the middle of April, depending on how many Fridays and Saturdays are used in work and how many in recesses. Usually the full ninety days are used.

The Duluth members of both houses are beginning to figure a bit on their committee appointments. In the house this depends to a large extent on the outcome of the speakership fight. If Dr. Babcock is elected Duluth will probably fare well, as the Duluth members, with one exception, have stood by him steadfastly. Should some other candidate win, they would have to take chair chances with the rest, of course.

In the senate it is different. There is no speaker to elect, as the lieutenant-governor, Ray W. Jones, presides over the senate and appoints the committees. Mr. Jones has shown evidences of friendliness toward Duluth, and there is no question that he will recognize the importance of this section of the state by giving the three Duluth senators good berths on committees. In fact, it is said that this is practically agreed upon already.

* * *

The re-election of Samuel A. Langum, as secretary of the senate, is generally considered to be a settled fact. The activity of the administration against Dr. Babcock, and the fact that the administration is also against Langum, practically made his election certain through the resentment of such interference on the part of the senators. All three of the Duluth senators are for Langum.

* * *

The outlook is that Duluth will have a divided house delegation for the first time in years. In the past the Duluth delegation, whether it consisted of three members under the old apportionment, or six, under the new, always worked together harmoniously, and with considerable effect. In fact the unanimity of the Duluth delegation on matters of interest to this part of the state is proverbial in the legislature, and forms a decided contrast to such delegations as those from Hennepin county, which were never known to be a unit on anything.

This time, however, the Duluth delegation has divided six weeks ahead of the session, and the prospects of its being able to get together are not good. The action of Representative Dowling in breaking away from the rest of the delegation in the contest on the speakership is taken to indicate a division of disposition and ideas that will preclude absolute harmony during the session.

* * *

It is difficult to tell what a session will bring forth so far ahead, but all of Duluth's old enemies out of the house it now looks as though there might be a minimum of hostile legislation, and that the Duluth delegation might have a comparatively easy time of it. However, there is no surety of this.

There is already some speculation on the legislation that is likely to come up, but nothing has assumed very definite shape as yet. It is reported that the so-called Douglas maximum railroad rate bill, which was defeated in the session of 1897, may come up again this winter. This bill covered most of the heavy, staple articles of commerce and prescribed maximum freight rates. Should it come up this winter there will probably be a bitter fight over it, as there usually is over such legislation.

Largest Gun In the World.

The new 16-inch gun recently built for the United States government is the largest in the world. It is the most powerful weapon devised by man, and has taken years to construct. The best and most reliable medicine ever compounded is the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, introduced over fifty years ago and containing only such ingredients as will be helpful to the entire system. It therefore commends itself to all persons suffering from sick headache, nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, dyspepsia, chills or malaria, fever and ague. Be sure to give it a trial. It has never been known to fail, and can therefore be depended on in your case. The genuine is for sale by all druggists and has our private stamp over the neck of the bottle.

STILL COMING.

Many Stammerers Seeking Cure From Specialist.

The number of those afflicted with stammering and stuttering, who present themselves to Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh, the specialist, who is stopping at the McKay hotel, is increasing daily. The latest one to apply for relief is a young man from Buffalo, N. D., who arrived this morning. His case is about the worst that has come before the doctor during his stay here, but Dr. Rivenburgh promises a complete cure within a few days at the furthest.

WAS ON THE WILSON.

A Suit to Recover For an Oiler's Life.

Frank Hicks, administrator of the estate of James Munro Fraser, an oiler on the steamer Thomas Wilson, who was drowned in the accident last June, has entered suit against the owners of the Hadley for $5000 damages. The plaintiff alleges that on the seventh of last June, James Fraser was employed as an oiler on the steamer Wilson and that he lost his life by the negligence, carelessness, mismanagement or want of skill on the part of the officers of the steamer Hadley, and through no carelessness or negligence of his own.

The deceased left a father and mother, James and Elizabeth Fraser, three brothers, Neil, A. H. and J. A. Fraser, and three sisters, Jennie, Flora and Bessie Fraser. He claims that they have sustained damages amounting to $5000 by the loss.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

O'LEARY'S
CASH GROCERY,
199—Both 'Phones—199.
17 East Superior Street.

Special Evaporated Fruit Sale.

3 lbs. Currants	25c
3 lbs. Good Raisins	25c
Evaporated Peaches, regular price 15c lb.; now	10c
Evaporated Peaches, regular price 10c lb.; now 4 lbs	25c
Cooking Figs, 4 lbs	25c
Evaporated Apples, regular price 10c; now 4 lbs	25c
Evaporated Apricots, regular price 12c; now, per lb	8c
Evaporated Pears, per lb	10c
Peeled Peaches, per lb	15c
Catsup, per quart	10c
4 lbs. Rice	25c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per barrel	$3.00
Sauer Kraut, per gallon	20c

CONTEST.

Charter Recount Shows the Fifth Amendment Carried.

The charter amendment contest recount was finished yesterday.

The indications are that the real estate men will not be successful in their opposition to the amendment allowing the levying and collecting of 80 per cent of improvement contracts before work begins.

The amendment has 903 votes that are unquestioned. Only nine hundred and five votes are required, so that the result depends on eight ballots which the representatives of the real estate men asked to have held out for the courts to pass on.

If the amendment gets two of these eight votes against it, it will be lost, and the indications are that it will get six of them.

Most of the eight bring up questions of legality which were decided by the supreme court in the contest over the adoption of the new charter.

Attorneys interested in the original charter contest looked over the eight questioned ballots yesterday afternoon and declared that without doubt most of them would be decided in favor of the amendment.

The city representatives found three ballots that will undoubtedly be thrown out on the strength of former supreme court decisions. Two of these were counted against the amendment where the voter had voted both for and against each proposition.

QUICKLY DONE.

Licensed In One Office and Married In the Next.

There was an air of interest about Judge Bonham's office in the county court this morning when it became whispered around that a marriage was in progress in that office. Judge Bonham is probate judge for St. Louis county, but his duties are not so arduous in probating wills and hearing cases to be probated that he cannot pause long enough to accommodate a happy couple seeking to be united in the bonds of matrimony. When Henry Cheeley procured his license this morning he did not lose any time in putting it to use, for hardly had the ink dried on the paper before he and Miss Rose La Breche, of West Superior, stood before Judge Bonham, who quickly made them man and wife. The young couple were accompanied by a friend, a married lady from across the bay.

SITUATION AT JAPAN.

New York, Dec. 2.—The Japanese political situation is still undetermined, according to a Times dispatch from Tokio, by way of London. The Marquis Ito and the Marquis Yamagata are endeavoring to discover lines on which a compromise can be reached and the resignation of the cabinet thereby avoided.

Xmas Gifts. . .

What is more suitable for a holiday remembrance than a good picture—if not an original, a copy of a good painting; or a fine etching? We have them all at the

Lowest Prices.

You can make your selections now and have them delivered at the proper time. Bear in mind that our lines are exclusive, and yet cost you no more than you would pay for the ordinary sort.

Engels' Art Store,
17 and 19 THIRD AVE. W.

DOES NOT APPROVE

A. L. Ordean Talks on Proposed National Bank Insurance.

Would Help Weak Banks at Expense of Strong Ones.

Does Not Think It Either Practicable or Timely.

Negotiations are pending in the East looking toward the formation of a voluntary association of national banks which shall issue insurance protecting deposits in full.

Duluth bankers do not look upon the idea with favor.

A. L. Ordean, president of the First National bank, of Duluth, said today to The Herald that he did not believe the proposition was practical, and that it was the product of minds more or less visionary.

The idea that has been broached, and that is being submitted to bankers ver the country, is that when a bank, which is a member of the association fails, depositors and all other creditors of the insolvent institution will be paid by check from the central association within five days after the suspension.

The promoters think this would avoid delay and possible failure of firms from having their funds tied up indefinitely. Losses through insolvency will be born pro rata by members of the organization, if it goes through.

Mr. Ordean, when asked about the proposition today, said:

"I have heard of the idea and I believe it originnated in Boston, but I do not think it has reached any tangible form as yet. It strikes me as being the product of a more or less visionary mind, and I do not believe it to be a practical proposition. I doubt whether it will be adopted generally, if it is taken up at all.

"While I have not gone into the matter sufficiently to form a very decided opinion about it, it does not seem me that good, sound banks will embrace it very enthusiastically. It practically means, of course, that the good banks will have to stand the losses of weak ones, and the strong banks will hesitate a long time before they tie themselves up to any such proposition. Second rate concerns that needed a guarantee to bring in business would doubtless take it up cheerfully.

"It does not seem to me that there is a field for the proposition."

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Verdict Is Returned and Divorce Case Being Heard.

The jury in the case of O. A. Mattson against the Martin Tie and Timber company, returned a verdict this morning for the plaintiff, including interest. The defendant was granted a stay of execution of judgment for a period of thirty days. The jury retired yesterday afternoon and the verdict was reached last evening. It was a sealed verdict, and was opened in court at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

Immediately following the Mattson case the case of Betty Nelson against Jacob Nelson was started in Judge Ensign's room. The action has been brought for a divorce, the plaintiff claiming a long period of bad treatment and the defendant claiming that the plaintiff has not been faithful to him. The couple have been married a number of years and have five children. The defendant is a farmer. He testified that the family slept in one room, 16 by 12 feet, in two beds, and that his wife, besides taking care of the house and the five children, helped him milk the cows and do the field work. Mrs. Nelson charges that Nelson was subject to fits of rage, and would sweep the dishes off the table and smash up the furniture. Nelson testified that his hired man would often be talking with his wife in the kitchen, and that this aggravated him.

Orange Grove Sale

Get your Xmas remembrances, dolls, and all useful and fancy articles at parlors of First M. E. church this afternoon and evening, Dec. 2. Candy, pies, cakes plum pudding, doughnuts and other home cooking for sale. Turkey dinner this evening from 6 to 8, 35 cents. Orchestra this evening.

CONTINUES.

Unconscious Condition of A. M. Cox Is Still Unbroken.

Ambrose M. Cox, asphyxiated last Saturday, has been in an unconscious condition for seventy-two hours.

His condition is perplexing to physicians, who are utterly unable to say whether he will recover or not.

Today his body is moving more freely and more frequently than at any time since the accident.

Still he has not shown the slightest signs of regaining consciousness, and is is feared that a turn for the worse may set in at any time.

Hundreds of friends all over the city are anxiously awaiting the result of his long sleep.

HIT WITH BILLY.

Officer McEwen Swatted By a Small Boy.

The desire of certain persons to swat police officers off duty is quite prevalent.

Last evening a Duluth Heights youngster took a crack at Officer William McEwen, using a "billy."

The officer was staggered for a moment and then gave chase, but the boy escaped.

It is claimed that William Reymer is the person that did the assaulting and a warrant for his arrest is expected.

He and Mr. McEwen had some words about a broken window pane in the McEwen grocery store and it was at the termination of their argument that the blow was struck.

DOCTORS ENDORSE SWAMP-ROOT

For Uric Acid, Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

East Atlanta, Ga., March 1st, 1901.

DR. KILMER & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen: While it has never been my habit or inclination to recommend remedies the ingredients of which are not all known to me, it seems as if I should make an exception in the case of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. My experience, so far as I have tested it in my practice, forces me to the conclusion that it is a remedy of the greatest value in all uric acid, kidney, liver, bladder and other inflammatory conditions of the genito-urinary tract. I now take pleasure in prescribing Swamp-Root in all such cases with a feeling of assurance that my patients will derive great benefit from its use. I shall continue to prescribe it in other cases in my practice with the expectation of the best results. Very truly yours,

A. J. Halle, M. D. A. J. Haile M.D.

Gentlemen: I have prescribed that wonderful remedy for kidney complaint, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, with most beneficial effect and know of many cures by its use. These patients had kidney trouble, as diagnosed by other physicians, and treated without benefit. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root effected a cure. I am a liberal man and accept a specific wherever I find it, in an accepted school or out of it. For desperate cases of kidney complaint under treatment with unsatisfactory results I turn to Dr. Kimer's Swamp-Root with most flattering results. I shall continue to prescribe it, and from personal observation state that Swamp-Root has great curative properties. Truly yours,

L. Barstow Irish, M. D.,
276 9th St., Borough
of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Sept. 21, 1901.
L. Barstow Irish M.D.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

Sample Bottle of Swamp Root Free By Mail.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book telling all about Swamp-Root and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Duluth Evening Herald.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

WAYWARD.

Chicago Alderman Off His Beat Gets Very Gay.

James Cogan, claiming to be an alderman from Chicago, stole a hack from in front of the St. Louis hotel last evening.

He was intoxicated at the time and climbed onto the box while the driver was standing in the hotel lobby.

His progress down the street was very much zig-zag and the driver by mounting the box of another hack and driving in a straight line, soon overtook him.

At police headquarters, Mr. Cogan announced that he represented the Eleventh ward of Chicago, and suggested that it would be well for the officer that arrested him to go around to his hotel and make an apology.

By failing to appear in police court this morning to answer a charge of drunkenness, "Alderman" Cogan forfeited twelve portions of his circulating medium.

DISTRIBUTION OF COAL.

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.—The distribution of anthracite coal is being gradually extended by the Philadelphia & Reading railroad. A few orders from the West have been accepted and shipments to New England and the South have been increased. The Reading company has begun to make deliveries over the Pennsylvania lines, particularly to Baltimore and Washington.

Capital, Surplus and Profits
Over One Million Dollar.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Open Six to Eight o'Clock Tonight.

WINTER RESORTS.

Hotel Redondo,
Redondo Beach, Cal.
Hotel Arcadia,
Santa Monica by-the-Sea.

Both these hotels are equally distant (18 miles) from Los Angeles and possess the finest winter climate in California. Golf, tennis, bowling, hot and cold salt water baths, best fishing on the coast. Delightful drives and the longest carnation gardens in the world. For rates and booklets. Address A. D. Wright, proprietor.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,
Doctor in Midwifery and Magnetic Healing

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone 1471.

The Greatest Skill.
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own Lenses.
C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN.
3 West Superior Street.

Removed. Removed.

S. Goldberg, the fashionable ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 15 Phoenix block to larger and more commodious quarters at 101 West Superior street, where he has a new stock of the latest styles in winter suitings and overcoatings never before shown to the public. Those who want style, fit and workmanship should call and inspect our stock.

S. GOLDBERG, 101 W. Sup. St

The Artistic Way

Of framing a picture is to select the frame that will show the picture off to the best advantage. We make a specialty of this sort of framing.

EDWARDS,
12 and 14 Second Avenue West

RED MEN HAVE FUN

Social Session Is Held By We-Ke-Ma-Wup Tribe.

Entertainment Happy and Humorous Furnished the Guests.

Program of Music and Speeches Is Also Given.

After the regular business session for the annual election of officers, We-ke-me-wup Tribe of Redmen, No. 17, entertained between fifty and sixty guests at a social function known on the reservation as a pow-wow and dog feast.

The following officers were elected: Sachem, J. B. Brandmier; senior sagamore, John McNichol; junior sagamore, W. H. Bills; prophet, Harry Milnes; chief of records, N. J. Orr; keeper of wampum, W. R. Diamond; trustee, F. R. Birch.

The pow-wow began shortly after 9 o'clock and lasted until midnight and a very enjoyable time ensued during the three hours. The Redmen have been in the habit of holding entertainments of a similar nature once a month for the amusement of the members of the tribe and the invitations given to the palefaces outside the forest last evening were for the purpose of giving them a little insight into the pleasures to which the Redmen are entitled The entertainment partook both of instructive and amusing features and was a success in every way.

T. J. McKeon was chosen to preside over the social session and he was escorted to his seat by two burly policemen, known for the evening as Hooligan and Murphy, but who usually go by the names of U. G. Holloway and "Senator" C. J. Evans. As fast as the magistrate, Mr. McKeon selected a name from the docket, the culprit was hunted out by the policeman, arraigned and sentenced, whether he entered a plea of guilty or not guilty. The charges varied from talking too much or talking too little to that of having no voice, and one prisoner, Harvey Dash, was charged with trying to remove the cannon from in front of the high school.

Dr. R. H. Pierce, great prophet for the reservation of Minnesota, gave a short and concise history of the Improved Order of Redmen, identifying the early organization with the Sons of Liberty, who in Revolutionary times disguised as Indians and participated in the famous Boston tea party. He laid stress on the patriotism of the Redmen, a principle which was declared to be one of the chief features of a thoroughly American organization. The fraternal and charitable benefits of the order were outlined and statistics given to show the wonderful growth of the organization, especially within the last few years.

J. L. Travers, C. E. Lovett and Harvey Dash also made welcoming speeches and talked along the lines of Redmanism. George Bently gave two pleasing selections on the zellephone, Percy Armitage and W. F. Hutchins furnished several vocal selections. One of the entertaining features of the program was the clever juggling and balancing features by Prof. Harry Lyons.

The musical and literary part of the program was followed by the dog feast.

IN MICHIGAN.

Case of Captain O'Brien Is Heard at Houghton.

Houghton, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—William J. O'Brien, of Chicago, formerly master of the barge John B. Wilber, was arraigned yesterday on the charge of having obtained money under false pretenses. He, with Gordon C. Blair, of Chicago, is alleged to have sold a deck load of lumber from the Wilber for $300 Sept. 17, John Pryo rbeing the purchaser. O'Brien swore he did so by order of S. R. Chamberlain, owner of the vessel. He said Chamberlain owed him $500, for which he took no security, as he thought the Chamberlain company all right. Capt. O'Brien said he has been sailing the lakes since 1865, and this is the first time he had had trouble or had been arrested. No decision was rendered in the case, but O'Brien will be held until after Blair is given a hearing.

Bessemer—N. P. Ericson, recently arrested at Norway on suspicion of murdering his father, is wanted in Gogebic county for forgery. He sold a lot in Ironwood to D. M. Glassner, a merchant, for $1000, but to perfect title a quit-claim deed from his father, John Ericson, now dead, was required. This Ericson forged and had recorded here, with two fictitious names as witnesses. The signature of his mother is the only genuine one. The whole matter involves some complicated litigation.

The Louis Suiro failure is proving much larger than first expected. Liabilities of over $2000 are already in and more are coming. Assets, as inventoried, less exemptions, will be under $500, and if sold at forced sale, will bring about half that amount. This would not cover the expenses of assignment, and creditors may have to stand an assessment to make up the deficiency.

Wakefield—Thomas Ashland's saloon was broken into and the safe blown open early Sunday morning. Some $75 in money and certain valuables were taken. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

Iron Mountain—The total enrollment in the Iron Mountain public schools at present is over 2500 and the actual attendance is over 2300. This is the largest attendance in the history of the city, and would indicate a material increase in the population. The rooms are crowded to overflowing, many teachers having over fifty pupils. It looks very much as if it would be necessary to enlarge some of the present buildings another year.

Flat Rock—Forty-eight hours in the woods without anything to eat and with only a small dog for company, was the experience of the 8-year-old-son of Felix Gardner, of Flat Rock. The boy was found by a searching party in a nearly famished condition, but he is in a fair way to recover from his experience. The boy wandered away and before he knew where he was had gone about nine miles from home. When he did not return at night his parents became alarmed and a searching party was organized.

I Will Cure You of

Rheumatism

Else No Money Is Wanted.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month and, if it succeeds, the cost is only $5.50. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.

I have no samples, because any medicine that can affect Rheumatism quickly must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take the risk.

I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay gladly.

I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. I will send you my book about Rheumatism, and an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, as it won't harm you anyway.

If it fails, it is free, and I leave the decision with you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 685 Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

TELEPHONES.

Two Companies Discuss Their Introduction Into City Hall.

Representatives of the two telephone companies appeared before a sub-committee of the council yesterday afternoon and discussed the subject of installing the Duluth company telephones in the city hall office again.

The Zenith company opposed this in a strenuous, general way, arguing largely on the point that with the improved service of the new company all the municipal business could be easily conducted over its line.

The old company, to be reinstated, offers free telephones in all city offices and is willing to give the city ½ of 1 per cent of its gross earnings, annually.

THE DAKOTAS.

Man Hunt In Progress In Woods About Jamestown.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Sheriff Eddy and a posse have been hunting in the woods along the James river north of Jamestown since Thanksgiving day for an unknown man who is believed to be insane or a criminal seeking to elude capture. The man was in Jamestown Thursday and informed comrades that officers were looking for him. He disappeared during the night and news came Friday that he had applied for food at a farm residence north of the city. Officers were sent in pursuit but he had left the farm house two hours before. The woods along the James river near by were searched and an occasional glimpse of the man was obtained but he escaped capture and is still at large.

Judge Pearson decided in the case of John Mooney vs. Oliver H. Bennett that a man cannot give away his grain and then recover pay for it. Mooney looked over his crop in July, 1901, and decided that he would let his tenant, Bennett, have his share, as there did not seem likely to be much grain. Later the grain took a fresh start and there was a fair crop. In July, 1902, Mr. Mooney made a demand on Bennett for the value of his share, and on being refused payment started suit.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Mrs. Andrew Hoefer of this city presented her husband with three sons, this being the first case of triplets in the history of the city. Twice Mrs. Hoefer gave birth to twins, the last pair being born in August of last year. Thus, there are five babies in the household under 16 months old. The boys are all lively and strong and promise to live through the first ills of babyhood without trouble. The first pair of twins born to Mr. and Mrs. Hoefer are 7 years old. Mr. Hoefer is employed as a laborer in the Milwaukee roundhouse.

Robert W. Farrar, deputy collector of internal revenue for the Dakotas, and serving in the office here, has resigned to become clerk of the committee on manufactures in the United States senate, of which Senator McCumber is chairman. Mr. Farrar was appointed to the internal revenue service from Wahpeton, N. D., and his successor will also come from there, H. C. Klepper, of that city, having been named by Mr. Ellerman.

Huron—There is yet no trace of the persons who robbed the Thompson safe at Bancroft a short time since, although efforts to apprehend them have been made. The amount secured was about $1700 and the job was done so neatly that it is attributed to experts.

A tour of visitation to voluntary weather observers in this of the state, just made by S. W. Glenn, will result in bettering the service throughout the state. The tour was made by direction of the department at Washington.

Spearfish—Mrs. Mary Cook, of Rochester, Minn., died at the home of her son, Fayette L. Cook, president of the state normal school, with whom she has been visiting for a short time. A daughter, Mrs. W. S. Elkins, also resides in Spearfish. The remains have been taken to Rochester for interment. Another son, Edward F. Cook, is cashier of a bank at Rochester. Mrs. Cook was 68 years old and one of the pioneers of Minnesota.

Miller—The mild winter is causing trouble for stockmen, especially sheepmen, on account of wolves. They are very numerous and ravenous.

GOING SURE.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—A special to the Daily News from Milwaukee says that Manager Charles Kilpatrick stated this morning the Wisconsin university football team will surely make the trip to California, leaving on Dec. 18.

Why not have young hair and look young?
It's easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor.
Always restores color, stops falling. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ROBBED THE "CON"

Highwayman Holds Up a Street Railway Conductor.

Occurred at the Northern Pacific Crossing, Thirty-Ninth Avenue West.

Secured Small Sum, Conductor Retaining Larger Part.

A lone highwayman held up and robbed a street car conductor on Thirty-ninth avenue West last night.

It was a bold piece of work and carried out in a manner that suggested a desperate character behind the gun.

This robbery occurred about 11:30 at a point where the West Duluth line crosses the Northern Pacific tracks.

Conductors are required to get off the car and run ahead to see that trains are not approaching, before crossing the railroad tracks.

Conductor J. H. Bouselle stepped from car 83 to comply with this regulation and he no sooner started forward when he was brought to a sudden halt by a man stepping from the shadows and thrusting the gleaming barrel of a revolver under his nose.

The highwayman commanded the conductor to give over what money he had with as little noise as possible, and Mr. Bouselle handed over what loose change he had, amounting to $11.50.

He had $20 more of the company's money in an inside pocket, but the highwayman was so staggered by the big pile of small change that he forgot to insist on more, and the conductor did all he could to protect what was left.

When the highwayman had stowed away the change he told the conductor to get back on his car and not give an alarm under penalty of death.

There were six men as passengers and Mr. Bouselle told them what had occurred the moment the car crossed the tracks.

Not one of them was armed and none expressed much of a yearning to go back and tackle an armed bandit without guns.

The car was then run to Garfield avenue as quickly as possible and the robbery reported to the police.

No trace of the highwayman could be found by the officers that visited the scene of the holdup about midnight.

It was a quick, cash transaction and the conductor did not get a very good look at the man in the shadow of the car. However, he thinks he must have been about five feet nine inches in height and very sturdily built.

He was dressed as a working man and his face seemed to be very dirty, but that may have been imagination.

The passengers were glad that the highwayman did not carry his holdup into the car. One man had a roll of $200 in his pocket and several others carried valuable watches and considerable money.

None of them were armed and the highwayman would have made a fairly good-sized haul.

Opinions differ as to whether or not the man was experienced in the hold-up game, but the consensus of opinion is that he was merely a working man, probably a passenger on the West Duluth line, who knew that conductors frequently carried much money and were always compelled to get off at the Northern Pacific crossing.

A highwayman, supposed to be the same one, tried to hold up two cars just ahead of No. 83, but did not have time to reach the conductors.

hese two cars were behind time and running into the barns light. In consequence the motormen and conductors lost no time in getting over the Northern Pacific tracks, and the robber was not quick enough to catch them.

He chased the conductor of the second car, but the conductor, thinking he wanted to board the car, called back to him to take the next car, as he was pulling into Twenty-sixth avenue.

The highwayman still kept up the chase after the conductor, but finally gave it up after crossing some distance over the tracks.

A Timely Suggestion.

"Now that winter with its bad weather is with us, I would advise every family to provide themselves against sudden attacks of coughs and colds by keeping at hand a good cough medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which is the best among the many preparations for these ailments that I have on my shelves," says Mr. L. C. Neaville, the well-known and popular druggist of Pittsboro, Ind. "I recommend this remedy and guarantee it to be without an equal for coughs and colds, also as a preventive and cure for croup." Buy it now. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

CAUGHT FAST AUTOS.

Patrol System Adopted By Massachusetts Town.

Lincoln, Mass., Dec. 2.—The citizens of this town devoted Sunday to capturing automobilists exceeding the speed limit. Recently the selectmen adopted a law forbidding a speed in excess of eight miles an hour, to be reduced to three miles when approaching a vehicle drawn by a horse or horses.

A committee was posted on the state highway, as it is smooth and well adapted to speed trials. A series of signals, a stop watch, and a stout rope stretched across the road were contributing factors to the holding up of half a dozen well known automobilists of Boston, Brookline, and Melrose.

OLNEY THE FAVORITE.

Views of New Haven Democrats on Candidate.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 2.—A local Democratic newspaper, of which Alexander Troup, former Connecticut member of the national Democratic committee and close friend to William J. Bryan, is the editor and owner, printed interviews with fourteen local Democrats, taken at random, who were asked:

"Whom do you favor as the Democratic candidate for the presidency in 194?"

Richard Olney was the first choice of six. Tom L. Johnson of two, Grover Cleveland of one, and Edwin M. Shepard of one. Two declared than an entirely new man must be taken, one had no preference, and one declared that there was no candidate in sight and no likelihood of one appearing.

Cleveland was the second choice of two, Hill of one, and Olney of one.

Mail Orders Filled.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Mail Orders Filled.

A great purchase of fine silks at 50c on the dollar.

To be placed on sale Thursday morning at 8 o'clock for ½ regular value. See them in our show window tomorrow.

The Glass Block was the only Duluth store represented at the great auction sale of Ashley & Bailey's fine silks in New York. Thousands of dollars worth of silks were disposed of to such firms as Wanamaker, Field, Mandel, Stevens and other large stores. Mr. George Sloan, our resident New York buyer, very fortunately secured for us about 5000 yards of fine quality silks in black and colors, buying for about 50c on the dollar, and buying just as cheaply as any of the largest houses in the United States. This sale was caused by a large surplus stock of all new and desirable this season's silks. The importers were simply obliged to sell them for what they could get in **quick, cold cash.**

Because we had the cash, and because we are such heavy sellers of silks and dry goods, we are able to give Duluth women the full benefit of this great sale and purchase—the same as if they lived in New York or Chicago.

5000 yards of high class silks at half price --silks of quality--silks of high degree.

Buy now for present and future needs!

Come and see them in our show window tomorrow. Then be on hand early Thursday morning and make your selection while the lot is complete. The sale will continue until all are sold—at half price. For convenience we divide the entire purchase into three lots, as follows:

Lot 1 at 39c yard.

About 2,000 yards of 27-inch fancy silks, in all good colors and beautiful patterns; also black taffetas in 22-inch and 17-inch widths; silks all worth 75c a yd. On sale Thursday morning at 8 o'clock and until all sold, at, per yard ---------- 39c

Lot 2 at 50c yard.

About 1,500 yards of $1.00 values in black and colored silks—fully worth the regular price of $1.00 a yard—including lace stripes, Roman stripes, plaids and fancy effects. The only chance you may have in years to get these fine $1.00 silks at, per yard -------- 50c

Lot 3 at 75c yard.

About 1,500 yards of high-class silks we could not sell for less than $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 a yard if bought in the regular way—black peau de soies, taffetas and satins; also beautiful fancy and novelty silks, every yard at ½ price, and some less, until sold 75c

Blankets, comforts, flannels---2nd floor.

More comfort for our customers in looking over our flannels, blankets and comforts—more room, more help, better service on the second floor than when these goods were on the first floor. Come to the second floor; you'll certainly like the new department. You can't help but like the assortment and like the low prices even more. You'll agree this is the only complete blanket, comforter and flannel stock in Duluth.

Blankets greatly reduced--save money--buy now

A number of blankets, slightly soiled, greatly reduced for immediate sale. Good bargains!

$2.00 white wool blankets now ---------- $1.59
$4.50 Indian robe blankets now ---------- $3.25
$5.00 Indian robe blankets now ---------- $3.98
$5.75 Indian robe blankets now ---------- $4.50

$5 grey wool Oregon blankets, size 74x84 ins.; now reduced to, each --- $2.50
10-4 cotton blankets, sold at the smaller stores for 65c. Our price only ---------- 50c
$1.25 cotton blankets, 11-4 size, now ---------- 98c
$1.00 fancy cotton robe blankets now ---------- 85c

Bargains in flannels.

Come to Glass Block second floor because it's flannel headquarters—because prices are always lowest and quality always best.

Fancy 35c and 48c eiderdowns, now ---------- 25c
10c quality, 27-inch domet flannels, now ------ 7½c
10c quality light and dark outings, now ------ 7½c

JUDGES OF ELECTION

List of Officers and Polling Places For Coming Primaries.

Possibility That Vote May Be Heavier Than Anticipated.

Duluthians Generally Get Out to Polls Fairly Well.

Politicians that are predicting a light and uninteresting vote at the primary election are likely to get a surprise.

While there is very little campaigning going on there seems to be a strong under current of public interest, indicating that many voters will get out to the polls on Dec. 16.

The assertion is often made that elections are coming entirely too fast, but when the time comes the average Duluth voter gets around to the polls all right to see that the right man in his opinion is not beaten by some "selling plater" through default.

Some interest is manifest over the possibility that there may be some independent aldermanic candidates in the race after the primary election.

The council has designated the following places of election and judges:

FIRST WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, J. J. Wiggins, Frank Cutting and John Bradley. Place for holding the election, 6023 Delaware avenue.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, Thomas Brown, John Green and John C. Wesenberg. Place for holding the election, Lakeside town hall.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, George Schulenburg, C. E. McComber and Clel D. Hibbard. Place for holding the election, basement Endion Methodist church.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, Charles E. Adams, G. H. Gray and Hugh Wakefield. Place for holding the election, 1406 East Second street.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, Andrew Gibson, B. F. Anderson and Roderick McKenzie. Place for holding the election, Woodland Park grocery store.

SECOND WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, Frank Van Norman, E. H. Oswald and J. W. Powers. Place for holding the election, City building on Superior street and Sixth avenue East.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, J. A. Hanks, C. H. Appleby and Ivar Lofgren. Place for holding the election, 921 East Third street.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, Ole Olson, Joseph Plutnisky and Henry Kilchli. Place for holding the election, 811 East Fourth street.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, S. E. Webb, H. T. Rehbein and Stephen H. Petrie. Place for holding the election, 513 East Fourth street.

THIRD WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, Andy Hunter, Q. J. Bunting and Chas. Boerner. Place for holding the election, 15 First avenue West.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, N. Youngblood, I. W. Fogelson and Albert St. Germain. Place for holding the election, —

Third election precinct—Judges of election, B. Eide, R. M. Belleperche and O. C. Nelson. Place for holding the election, 109 West Fourth street.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, Andrew Johnson, P. F. E. Wieland and John P. Mason. Place for holding the election, 108 East Fifth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, George Danielson, T. F. Grady and R. L. Bruner. Place for holding the election, 1110 Minnesota avenue.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, Amos Daniels, Martin Sorensen and Ed Perriott. Place for holding the election, Finnish hall, St. Croix avenue.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, John Rosswell, Mike Lynch and John Boyer. Place for holding the election, 214 Lake avenue south.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, John A. Knudsen, F. T. Little and James Sampson. Place for holding the election, 203 East First street.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, Roy N. Hoople, T. Wilson and John Harney. Place for holding the election, 132 East Third street.

FIFTH WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, Harry Lemont, Phil Pastoret and J. H. Baker. Place for holding the election, 413 West Michigan street.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, William Spalding, F. L. Ryan and Alex Hamilton. Place for holding the election, 19 North Fifth avenue west.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, J. B. Scoville, Alfred McCallum and C. H. Holt. Place for holding the election, 707 West Superior street.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, Richard Stevens, M. LaChance and D. S. Blanchard. Place for holding the election, 1127 West Michigan street.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, John Harris, LeRoy Coons and William Colton. Place for holding the election, McEwen's store, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, Malcolm McGilvray, William Curtiss and Dan McDonald. Place for holding the election, 1201 West Superior street.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, John Bergstrom, S. M. Kielly and Andrew L. Johnson. Place for holding the election, 1613 Piedmont avenue west.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, John Beckman, Robert McClelland and C. D. Pattinson. Place for holding the election, 2012 West Fifth street.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, W. W. Allen, Daniel O'Connor and John Eckman. Place for holding the election, 2012 West Superior street.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, George McAdams, Joseph Dobin and George Bennison. Place for holding the election, 628 Garfield avenue.

Sixth election precinct—Judges of election, John Swanson, Joseph Trudel and Oscar Olson. Place for holding the election, 1001 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, A. F. Swanstrom, P. Drummey and Chas. Lindblom. Place for holding the election, 2301 West Superior street.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, J. S. Forward, John B. Dunphy and J. W. Preston. Place for holding the election, 2510 West Second street.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, R. J. McLeod, W. S. Bernard and A. C. McIntosh. Place for holding the election, 2914 West Third street.

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election, G. W. Pierson, Anton Wicklund and Thos. Gordon. Place for holding the election, store building, corner of Grand avenue and Forty-sixth avenue West.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, J. P. Weir, Moses Filliatrault and A. M. Swingle. Place for holding the election, 328 North Fifty-fifth avenue West.

EIGHTH WARD.

First election precinct—Judges of election, A. H. Merriman, H. B. Wallace and Axel Field. Place for holding the election, West Duluth police station.

Second election precinct—Judges of election, D. J. Campbell, Walter Lovelace and Christ Frank. Place for holding the election, feed store, corner of Sixty-third avenue West and Grand avenue.

Third election precinct—Judges of election, T. Smith, Clarence Freeberg and Lars Reinartson. Place for holding the election, 6423 Grand avenue West.

Four election precinct—Judges of election, W. C. Gray, Peter Somers and Swan Grafsted. Place for holding the election, 220 North Fifty-sixth avenue West.

Fifth election precinct—Judges of election, H. S. Sawyer, Adolph Anderson and Robert Zech. Place for holding the election, 205 South Sixty-first avenue West.

Sixth election precinct—Judges of election, Carl E. Johnson, A. O. Odegard and Albert Swenson. Place for holding the election, building located on lot 182, block 5, Ironton, Fourth division.

Seventh election precinct—Judges of election, A. P. Johnson, John Bartz and E. D. Bushell. Place for holding the election, Fire Hall, New Duluth.

Eighth election precinct—Judges of election, D. L. Bishop, Chas. Gasper and Edward Johnson. Place for holding the election, Town Hall, Fond du Lac.

ANTI-TRUST MEASURE

Considered By Judiciary Committee of House.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The judiciary committee of the house held its first meeting today and took prompt action in the direction of getting an anti-trust measure before congress at the earliest possible moment. Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, who has become acting chairman, owing to the retirement of Judge Ray, referred all measures dealing with the trusts to the sub-committee of which Mr. Littlefield, of Maine, is chairman, and that sub-committee will go to work at once. It is the hope of Mr. Littlefield that a bill can be reported out of the full committee before the adjournment for the Christmas holidays. The committee today unanimously voted to request the speaker to appoint Mr. Jenkins chairman of the committee.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburb.

For Children.

"ARNOLD'S" KNIT NIGHT DRAWERS (with or without feet), because they keep the child covered even though he may become restless and kick off the bed clothes, therefore preventing colds and consequently ills, are

The Best Protection

to the sleeping child, that has yet been devised.

We unhesitatingly say that the "ARNOLD KNIT NIGHT DRAWERS are the best night wear for children, that we have ever handled.

Style No. 1100—

Well made of soft, pliable, knit fabrics, so much better than the cotton flannel and certainly more healthful. Bone buttons, patent double soles. Excellent value. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Prices 60c to $1.00

Style No. 400—

Excellently made; double fold throughout of finest knit fabric, thus having an inter-air space which affords EXTRA protection from chills or draughts. Soft, non-irritating, all raw seams being thrown within inner surfaces. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Prices $1.25 to $1.85. An elegant garment for those desiring the best.

Style No. 100—

Formed and shaped like the human body, not like a bag. Tape covered seams. Pearl buttons. patent double soles. Extra quality. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Price $1.00 to $1.60.

For sale at

Freimuth's

FITGER'S BEER
As usual.

Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.

Peachey & Lounsberry,
The Printers.
Zenith 'Phone 336.
Duluth 'Phone 166-5.
New Address Providence Bldg.

DISCUSS LIGHTING

Aldermen Appoint a Committee to Investigate the Subject.

Water Board Wants Bonds For Water Main Extension.

Issue Is Already Authorized But Bonds Not Issued.

The council last night:
Discussed street lighting.
Received bonding request.
Discussed diphtheria care.
Passed monthly pay rolls.
Named election judges.

Street lighting furnished the theme for more or less brilliant debate in the council chamber last evening.

Not only has the Commercial club complained of the inadequate street lighting facilities in the business district, but from all parts of the city complaint is made that lights are often dark when most needed.

Of these general complaints, Aldermen Neff, Wing and Swenson will make a thorough investigation, giving special attention to the nightly police records, on which are recorded the locations of all lights failing to burn.

Along the line of the request of the Commercial club, Alderman Neff introduced a resolution to have a new arc light installed at the corner of Third avenue west and First street.

Other aldermen that have been trying to secure new lights for their constituents seized the opportunity to present their needs, and for a time it seemed as if the Neff resolution would have so many extra lights hanging on it, that it would break down.

After a brisk debate the Neff resolution was adopted, and all other locations left for consideration at another time.

* * *

The board of water and light commissioners have requested the council to issue the remaining $40,000 worth of thirty-five year 4 per cent bonds, of the $100,000 worth authorized last year for extension purposes.

Aldermen Krumsieg, Barnes and Mannheim will take up the request, and probably have a report to make next week.

If the remainder of the issue is floated it is the intention of the water and light commissioners to make important improvements in the East End service.

At present many of the finest houses in the East End cannot get water above the first floor, on account of the elevations on which they are built.

The new scheme worked out by Manager Case is to connect the system, which would give a force sufficient to carry water to the third floors of all East End houses, or even higher if necessary.

* * *

The proper care of indigent diphtheria sufferers has been perplexing the health authorities, and Health Commissioner Robinson recommended to the council that the city enter into a contract for the care of all such cases, with St. Mary's hospital. This institution has special wards for contagious disease, and would look after the city cases for $3 a day for the first seven days and $1 a day thereafter.

* * *

November pay rolls of the city officers and employes were passed, and the money will be available at the treasurer's office tomorrow.

* * *

The aldermen also designated the judges of election for the coming primary and municipal elections, a complete list of which will be found elsewhere in this issue.

What to Do Until the Doctor Arrives.

"One of my children was taken with cramp colic and suffered severely," says S. B. Elzee, of Monett, Mo. "I telephoned for a doctor, then gave a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a few minutes later a second dose. Before the doctor came the child was relieved." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

Hood's Pills
Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and
Give Comfort
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

BUY MORE TIMBER

W. H. Cook and Associates Acquire Another Large Tract.

Forty Million Feet In the Vicinity of Pelican Lake.

Will Eventually Be Sawed at the Virginia Mill.

W. H. Cook and associates have just completed the purchase of another large tract of standing pine in the vicinity of and north of Pelican lake, about twelve miles northwest of Vermilion lake, in St. Louis county. The timber was purchased of P. A. Smith and the sale was made through Kenneth McDonald of this city. The amount of pine, which runs through several townships, is estimated at about 40,000,000 feet and the consideration was $160,000.

The purchase marks the consummation of another of the options of Mr. Cook and his associates have on Northern Minnesota pine which has hitherto been isolated from logging operations on account of the lack of facilities for handling it. The pine in the tracts recently purchased is all tributary to the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railroad, which is being pushed through to Koochiching from Virginia. The timber will be logged and will be sawed at the new mill which the Cook interests are building, although no operations will probably be conducted in it until railroad facilities are such that it can be readily handled.

Timber transfers continue quite active in smaller quantities in this and adjoining counties, with now and then a large sale.

Among the smaller sales made within the last few days was that of the Norton Lumber company to John O'Brien of timber on sections 2, 1, 19, 57-12 and section 14, 57-13, for $5500. The sales of standing pine ranging in price from $400 and $500 to $1000 and $1500 are almost too numerous to mention. While some of the buyers are picking up standing pine for manufacturing purposes in the near future, many of the purchases are being made along speculative lines in view of the advancing prices of Minnesota white pine.

DISMISSED.

Suspects Arrested With Charles Clark Are Not Prosecuted.

The escape from the Douglas county, Wisconsin, jail, of Charles Clark, several days ago, has caused the district attorney of that county to have the cases against Mrs. Clark, Nate Davenport and George Jerden dismissed. Clark and the rest of the gang were arrested on the charge of robbing several stores in West Superior. Clark and his wife were captured in Kansas City and brought back to West Superior. Clark made a confession in which he implicated Davenport and Jerden in the robberies and he promised to give a detailed account of the part that the other two men took in the robberies, but he escaped before the information could be obtained. The authorities did not have enough evidence against the suspects to warrant prosecution without Clark's testimony and they have been permitted to go.

Clark escaped by climbing to the attic of the county jail, making a rope of blankets, with which he lowered himself to the ground, where he caught a passing train.

All efforts by the Douglas county authorities to recapture him have been unavailing. Clark was a very clever criminal and it is supposed that he has put a great many miles between himself and the head of the lakes.

MONDAY IS UNLUCKY.

So Ship Was Held For Siams' Prince.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 2.—The crown prince of Siam and party sailed for Yokohama en route home to .am at 1:30 this morning. The steamer Empress of China was held until then in deference to the superstition of the prince and party. Monday is the Friday of Siamese and it is unlucky to sail on Monday and therefore the steamer was kept until the beginning of Tuesday.

WINTER SPORTS

Are Delayed By Winter's Slowness In Getting Underway.

Curlers Ready to Begin With First Cold Snap.

Lack of Skating Rink Centrally Located Is Felt.

Many features emphasize the lateness of the present winter season and among them is the difficulty the Duluth Curling club is experiencing in making ice. It is not unheard of that there should be no curling by this time, but the instances when the opening has been as late as this year are rare. It has frequently happened that there would be a few days in the early part of December when the ice would be soft, but before the December thaw there has invariably been a cold snap that would allow the making of ice and the playing of at least a few games.

It is not to be supposed that the club has been able to do nothing toward getting its rink in readiness for the curling and skating season. On the contrary the sawdust that forms the foundation of the ice has all be laid and thoroughly wet down and frozen and there is a thin coating of ice over it, but each day brings the sawdust to the surface again in spots, the weather being too warm to allow the ice to hold. It will take but a couple of days, however, to get the ice ready for curling when the cold wave does come.

The club expects to have a large number of new curlers this winter. The number last year was quite large and the curling strength of the club bids fair to be greatly increased if the beginners are given the opportunities and encouragement which they should. There has been some complaint in the past two or three years that too little attention has been paid to the new players. Old members realize that to neglect them will mean the lowering of the playing standard of the club. With proper encouragement and coaching it is well known that a beginner can accomplish in a couple of years what it would otherwise take his three or four to achieve. If taken in by the old players and made to feel that they are interested in his development, he acquires that enthusiasm which is necessary for the making of a good student of this or any game.

The games committee has decided to place the Tuckett event in play first. This is played in teams of two rings, and the winning team has the privilege of playing for the Tuckett trophy at the Winnipeg bonspiel against the teams which will represent other districts there. About fifteen rinke have been entered thus far, which is considerably less than played last year. With the opening of playing it is expected that the number will be brought as high as last year.

Skaters are also anxiously awaiting the coming of cold weather in the hope of getting some skating on the bay before the snow spoils it. Skaters do not fare very well in Duluth, for there is no rink in the central portion of the city. Last winter the Curling club allowed outsiders to enjoy the skating privileges of the club, but that has been cut off this year and only members or those of their families may skate.

There will be rinks at West Duluth, and one at Lester Park, but residents of the central portion of the city do not like the idea of going so far for an evening's skating. It is believed that there is a good opening for an ice rink well located. There is not place for hockey or polo games and that sport has almost died out in Duluth. There are in the city now a number of fine hockey players, men who have won laurels on the Canadian side of the line and they would be ready to jump into the game if given half a chance, but a rink well-located is absolutely essential.

ADVANCING.

Endion Methodist Church Affairs Indicate Bright Future.

During the past six weeks the affairs of the new Endion Methodist church have been taking shape under the management of Rev. John W. Powell, the new and the first pastor.

The church property was bought last spring, and Dr. Forbes had charge of it during the summer months. Rev. J. W. Powell took charge of it on Oct. 15.

Last Friday the first quarterly conference was held and the official board chosen. The members of the first official board are: Stewards, Messrs. Thwing, McMullen, Pillsbury, Carlson, Kemp, Hall and Rockwell; trustees, Messrs. Richards, Pealer, Winton, Smith, King, Pillsbury, Gregory, McMullen, Thwing; treasurer, M. W. Turner.

There is a debt on the church property at Nineteenth avenue east and First street of $2500. During the summer $800 was spent on repairs, but within the last two months a sum nearly sufficient to cover the floating indebtedness and the cost of the repairs has been raised by Dr. Forbes and Dr. Long, of the First M. E. church.

During the last six weeks the membership has been tripled. The members believe that their church is unrivalled in situation by any in the city, and that in the near future theirs will become one of the largest of the city churches.

On Third St.

What This Resident Says Is of Infinite Value.

When old-time residents and highly respected people of Duluth make statements like the following, they must carry conviction to every reader:

Mr. Henry G. Hibke, of 508 Third street west, employed by the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, says: "I had aching pains in the small of my back, making it difficult for me to stoop or lift anything. I could not rest comfortably at night and in the morning rose tired and unrested. The kidney secretions were highly colored, distressing and irregular, depositing a dark sediment. I was also troubled with attacks of headache. I attribute the trouble to the jarring of the wagon and to exposue. I was feeling very bad when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and when I procured them at W. A. Abbett's drug store and commenced using them. They helped me from the start and since finishing the treatment I have not had the slightest trace of my old trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

A Nervous Affliction

That Frequently Ends in Death.

The Victim After Failures With Other Medicines Is Cured By

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Paine's Celery Compound has acquired its famous reputation by its wonderful and decisive victories over disease and suffering. Paine's Celery Compound supplies strength and energy to those who are low from nervousness and physical exhaustion. It builds up the weakened nervous system, makes the blood pure and rich, establishes a perfect action of the heart, gives natural sleep and digestive vigor.

Lucy Regaladez, 43 Abasolo St., Monterey, Mexico, who was in a critical condition of health, owing to nervous suffocation, was providentially saved by Paine's Celery Compound after vain attempts to procure a cure with other medicines; she writes as follows:

"I feel very grateful for the good which Paine's Celery Compound has afforded me. Before using it I had been suffering for some time from nervous suffocation which prevented me from sleeping, speaking, or eating. If I attempted to take a meal, I was obliged to stand in order to breathe. After the use of various remedies which brought no relief, my uncle, Mr. Dias, advised me to try Paine's Celery Compound, which I did, and found immediate relief. I took six bottles of it and now I am completely cured, thanks to the Compound."

Children's clothing, hats, ribbons, feathers, stockings, dresses and suits for children can be made new again with
DIAMOND DYES
Direction book and 45 dyed samples free.
DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

IN A MONTH.

New Year's Day Will See Opening of Commercial Club.

The formal opening of the Commercial club in its new quarters in the Frerker building, adjoining the Spalding hotel, will take place Jan 1, 1903. This was the decision reached yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the board of directors and the house committee of the club.

The contracts have all been placed for the furnishing of the new building and it is expected that the furniture will be ready to put in the building by the middle of this month, provided it will be ready at that time. Secretary Preston's office will be moved from the Torrey building to the new building about Dec. 15.

The Commercial club will occupy the second and third floors. On the second floor will be the secretary's office, the main dining room, ladies' dining room, kitchen, reception room, hat and coat room, and the buffet. The third floor will contain the billiard and pool room, the card room and the assembly hall.

The house committee is now looking for a first class chef.

WILL NOT TRY AGAIN.

Practical Joke of Druggist to Prevent Death.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—By substituting vanilla and water for a poison, Louis Lange, a druggist at 675 West Lake street, whose store is in what is known as "suicide patch," successfully played a practical joke on death and saved the life of "Tony" Marriotta, who was bent on committing suicide. It was Marriotta's second attempt to destroy himself. He had taken poison less than a week before because his wife refused to live with him.

A few weeks ago Marriotta and his wife quarreled, and she went to live at 82 Walnut street. Brooding over the separation, Marriotta purchased carbolic acid, drank it, and was taken to the county hospital, where he recovered. However, he expressed indignation when discharged as cured.

Nothing was heard of him until Sunday night, when he went to Lange's store and asked for poison. The druggist refused him.

"Oh, well, if you won't give it to me, I will go somewhere else," said Marriotta, shrugging his shoulders indifferently.

"You shall have it, then," replied Lange, who filled a bottle with water and vanilla. On this he pasted a label reading: "Laudanum—Poison. Beware!"

Marriotta put the bottle in his pocket and hurried to his wife's home. "I have come to kill myself before your eyes," he cried and drank the supposed poison.

"I am dying!" he gasped, as he threw himself upon the sofa. Mrs. Marriotta called a physician. When he came her husband was moaning, apparently suffering intense agony.

The physician administered an opiate, and once more Mariotta was taken to the county hospital, where the joke was discovered.

Marriotta said he was tired of trying to die.

The Mediterranean Illustrated

A rare booklet describing trips to the Orient. British twin screw steamships "Commonwealth" and "New England." Dec. 6, Jan. 3-17, Feb. 14-28, March 28. Dominion line. T. H. Larke, general Northwestern agent, 127 Guaranty building, Minneapolis.

STOVES for COLD WAVES

Jewel and Gold Coin for hard burners and Cole's Soft Coal and Wood Heaters are our leaders. None better, few as good. Cheapest at the price. You'll need heaters from now on, for winter is upon us in earnest.

Hard coal base burners at $29.50, $35, $37, $39, to $52.

Hot blast stoves at $15, $15.50, $18, up to $22.50.

Air-Tights at $1.75, $2,50 up to $17.

SPECIAL:
Rattan Rocker
Regular price $4.50—special sale, good until Wednesday, only
$2.98

2110 West Superior St., Duluth
R. R. Forward & Co
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE
2110 West Superior St., Duluth

IMMENSE FIGURES

Hard to Realize Full Meaning of Ore Shipments.

Marvellous Increase In Recent Years In Minnesota Output.

Prospects For an Even Larger Total Next Year.

The immense output of 15,278,379 tons of iron ore for the Minnesota ranges to Dec. 1, reported in The Herald last night, is a most interesting result of a busy season.

Early in the season a prediction was made that the output would reach 15,000,000 tons, and some experts took issue with this guess, placing the figure at 13,000,000. Those who made the 15,000,000 prophecy can now congratulate themselves on being in close touch with the situation, and those who guessed 13,000,000 have another chance next next year.

In 1901 the total output of the Lake Superior region, including the three other ranges, the Marquette, Menominee and Gogebic, amounted to 20,589,237 tons, and this year's output of the two Minnesota ranges alone came within 5,310,858 tons of that total. The Lake Superior output of 1900 was 19,059,393 tons, 3,781,014 more than this year's production of the Minnesota ranges, while the 1899 output was only 2,973,425 tons more than this year's shipments from Minnesota.

Previous to 1899 the total output of the Lake Superior region was far less than this year's output of the Minnesota ranges. In 1898 it was 14,024,673, in 1897 it was 12,464,574, and it dwindles on back to 1855, when the output was 1449 tons

In the first twenty-six years of the Lake Superior iron mining there were shipped 14,867,870 from the entire region, which is 410,509 tons less than the two Minnesota ranges had shipped up to Dec. 1, with about 200,000 tons still to go forward.

Great as these figures are they will be exceeded next year, if the lamp of prosperity holds out to burn, and all three ore-carrying roads are making preparations for greater operations next season than this season. New equipmen, new docks and new mines will add to the millions of tons that the Mesaba and Vemilion range put forth this year.

The Mesaba range has shipped out of this total more than 13,000,000 tons, contributing as it does to the totals of all three ore roads. The greatest shipping mines in the world are on this range, and five of them alone contributed about 7,000,000 tons, as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Fayal	1,825,000	1,666,973
Mountain Iron	1,500,000	1,058,160
Stevenson	1,400,000	666,273
Adams	1,250,000	829,118
Mahoning	1,025,000	765,872
Total	7,000,000	4,986,396

It is predicted that next year's Minnesota shipments will reach close to 20,000,000 tons.

Primus Brand Butter

From the pasture to the churn every precaution is taken to insure absolute purity and retain the delicate flavor of PRIMUS Butter. It is made of the best and purest sweet cream in one of the cleanest creameries in the world.

More sold in Duluth than all the other brands combined.

Manufactured by
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,
16 West First Street.
Both phones, 352.

MONEY ORDER RAISED.

Woman Says Postmaster Did It For Revenge.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 2.—Mrs. Hugh Buchanan, a bride of six months and member of a prominent and wealthy family of Mount Vernon, Ind., is locked up in the county jail here, awaiting trial in the United States court on a charge of raising a postal money order from $2 to $20. Mrs. Buchanan has enlisted the sympathies of all who have seen her since her incarceration last night. She has wept bitterly all day and between sobs told a pitiful story of her trouble.

According to Mrs. Buchanan's story, which is generally credited by the jail officials, she is the victim of a vengeful spirit. She declares that Thomas Beckley, postmaster at Mawnee, White county, Ill., is responsible for her predicament. Beckley, she declares, sought revenge because she repulsed his undue familiarity while she was conducting a millinery store in Mawnee. Afterwards, she says, she went to the postoffice and purchased from him a $2 money order to send to Mrs. Ada Sperlock, in Mount Vernon, Ind. The postmaster, she says, made out the order, and she mailed it without examination. Mrs. Buchanan declares she has no knowledge of raising of the money order, but insists she did not tamper with it. Her husband is expected to arrive tomorrow to funish bond for her release.

NOME'S GOOD YEAR.

Miners and Men In Trade Did Well.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 2.—The Pioneer Mining company, of Nome, has just completed the annual clean-up and declares a dividend of 6 per cent on a capitalization of $500,000,000, leaving a reserve in the treasury of $750,000 for future expansion and improvements in the spring. It has been decided to connect the different properties by rail from Nome to Circle City, involving the construction of eighty miles of road. This will open an extensive new mining country.

The past season, while a quiet one in Nome district, has been the most satisfying in its history, nearly all the people doing well. There are now 3000 men in the several camps prepared to spend the winter, and all have plenty of provisions. The Bering sea fleet, numbering about forty vessels, cleared from Nome waters last week, leaving the country cut off from the outside world until next May, when navigation opens again.

Valdes is in touch with the outside world, and the steamers engaged in this trade are making regular trips, which will continue during the winter. There are 1600 miners in this district at present. There is great activity in Valdes with promise of still greater next spring and summer.

Among the other great resources, Cook's Inlet is now boasting of productive oil wells, which give great promise.

Dawson is frozen in for the winter, the upper and lower rivers being closed.

WRITES FOR MONEY.

Unknown May Have Broken Up His Home.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Dec. 2.—An anonymous letter from Fort Dodge has been received by Mike Carrigg, formerly a well-known Illinois Central conductor and at present yardmaster for the same road at Waterloo. The letter intimates that Carrigg once wronged a girl in Fort Dodge and demands the sum of $2300 "more or less." Carrigg denies all the charges preferred in the letter and has published a statement asking his unknown correspondent to make himself known. Carrigg's wife left him a year ago without giving a reason. Carrigg is of the opinion that some of the anonymous letters fell into her hands. He is hopeful that the discovery of the anonymous letter writer may lead to the restoration of his happy home life. The letter has been placed in the hands of the police.

A man giving the name of Dennis or Dan Kinne, died on Sunday night in the city jail. Death is supposed to have been due to a gapping wound in the back of his head when he was picked up by the police. Kinne had been around town for several days almost continuously drunk. His home is not known. A coroner's jury has been impanelled and is investigating the case.

MATINEE MUSICAL.

Music of Poland and Denmark Is Heard.

The regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale was held yesterday afternoon, when the music of Poland and Denmark was taken up. The program, which was arranged by Mrs. De Forest and Miss Simonds, was particularly good. The first number was a trio by Gade for piano, violin and 'cello, played by Miss Kimball, Otto Muhlbauer and Mrs. Geist-Erd. The four movements were played, the 'cello work in the third movement being beautiful.

The second number was a song cycle, "Forsaken," by Schytte, sung by Miss Bradshaw in splendid voice. The next two numbers were from Chopin, played by Miss Coburn and Miss Rogers, and the song following was the only song of Chopin's that remains, "The Maiden's Wish," and it was sung by Miss Bradshaw in a dainty manner. Miss Bradshaw adds to her sweet voice a charming personality that makes her numbers doubly pleasing.

The last number was a piano piece of Chopin, and was played by Mrs. De Forest in a brilliant and artistic manner. Mrs. De Forest was the accompanist.

WAGES INCREASED.

Reading Employes Are Notified of an Advance.

Tamaqua, Pa., Dec. 2.—Employes of the Shamokin division of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad have been notified of an increase in wages. The advance is as follows:

Machnists from $2.25 per day to $2.50; fire cleaners from $1.92 to $2.11; inspectors from $1.80 to $2; enginers from $1.50 to $1.68; engine wipers from $1.10 to $1.21; foremen from $2.30 to $2.80. The car inspectors, who received $45 and $50 per month, are advanced 10 per cent. Semaphore men are also to be increased $5 per month. The new wage scale for engineers, firemen and trainmen will be announced later.

SERIOUS CONFLICTS.

London, Dec. 2.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg today announces that serious conflicts occurred recently between Cossacks and 300 strikers at Vladi-Kavuas. Shots were exchanged, a few men were killed and thirty were wounded on both sides. Upwards of 1000 strikers were arrested.

A CAUSE OF HEADACHE.

One Very Common Cause Generally Overlooked.

Headache is a symptom, an indication of derangement or disease in some organ, and the cause of the headache is difficult to locate because so many diseases have headache as a prominent symptom; derangement of the stomach and liver, heart trouble, kidney disease, lung trouble, eye strain or ill fitting glasses all produce headaches and if we could always locate the organ which is at fault the cure of obstinate headaches would be a much simpler matter.

However, for that form of headache called frontal headache, pain back of the eyes and in forehead, the cause is now known to be catarrh of the head, and throat; when the headache is located in the back of the head and neck it is often caused from catarrh of the stomach or liver.

At any rate catarrh is the most common cause of such headaches and the cure of the catarrh causes a prompt disappearance of the headaches.

There is at present no treatment for catarrh so convenient and effective as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a new internal remedy in tablet form, composed of antiseptics like red gum, blood root, which act upon the blood and cause the elimination of the catarrhal poison from the system though the natural channels.

Miss Cora Ainsley, a prominent school teacher in one of our normal schools, speaks of her experience with catarrhal headaches en eulogizes Stuart's Catarrh Tablets as a cure for them. She says: "I suffered daily from severe frontal headache and pain in and back of the eyes, at times so intensely as to incapacitate me in my daily duties. I had suffered from catarrh, more or less for years, but never thought it was the cause of my headaches, but finally became convinced that such was the case because the headaches were always worse whenever I had a cold or fresh attack of catarrh.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets were highly recommended to me as a safe and pleasant catarrh cure and after using a few fifty cent boxes which I procured from my druggist's I was surprised and delighted to find that both the catarrh and headaches had gone for good"

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at fifty cents per package, under the guarantee of the proprietors that the contain absolutely no cocaine (found in so many catarrh cures) nor any harmful drug They contain simply the wholesome antiseptics necessary to destroy and drive from the system the germs of catarrhal disease.

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings
Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily .... $ .02
One Month .... .45
Three months (in advance) 1.30
Six months (in advance) 2.60
One Year (in advance) 5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.
Per year $1.00
Six months .... .50
Three months .... .25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Dec. 2.—The Montana low has moved rapidly southeast to Oklahoma, retaining its energy and causing snow or rain throughout the Northwest, Missouri and Mississippi valleys, and warmer weather in most districts east of the 100th meridian. The barometer is high off the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and Northwest Canada, two latter highs causing colder weather in the Rocky mountains and Northwest Canada, the coldest being 12 degree below zero at Prince Albert. The winds in the lake region are fresh, northerly on Superior and Michigan and westerly elsewhere.

Following are minimum temperatures recorded during the past 24 hours:

Abilene	44	Memphis	40
Battleford	8	Miles City	22
Bismarck	20	Milwaukee	36
Boston	32	Minnedosa	8
Buffalo	40	Modena	14
Calgary	8	Montgomery	52
Charleston	52	Moorhead	21
Chicago	31	New Orleans	48
Cincinnati	30	New York	31
Davenport	34	North Platte	34
Denver	30	Oklahoma	40
Detroit	32	Omaha	38
Dodge City	30	Pierre	28
Duluth	24	Pittsburg	32
Edmonton	2	Port Arthur	20
El Paso	38	Portland	40
Escanaba	30	Prince Albert	12
Galveston	46	Qu Appelle	0
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	28
Havre	8	San Francisco	48
Helena	24	Santa Fe	22
Houghton	26	Shreveport	46
Huron	32	Spokane	28
Jacksonville	62	St. Louis	36
Kamloops	—	St. Paul	32
Kansas City	40	S. Ste. Marie	34
Knoxville	42	Swift Current	8
La Crosse	24	Washington	32
Lander	24	Williston	14
Los Angeles	60	Winnemucca	28
Marquette	32	Winnipeg	10
Medicine Hat	2		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Wednesday, Dec. 3: For Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Snow tonight and Wednesday; much colder Wednesday with possibly a cold wave; brisk and high northeast winds shifting to northwest Wednesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—State and Upper Lakes forecasts for the 24 hours ending at 7 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin—Rain turning to snow tonight and Wednesday; colder Wednesday and in west portion tonight; high northeast winds.

Minnesota—Snow tonight and possibly Wednesday; colder with cold wave in northwest portion; high northerly winds.

North Dakota—Snow and cold wave tonight; Wednesday partly cloudy.

South Dakota—Snow and colder tonight, with cold wave in northeast portion. Wednesday partly cloudy and colder with possibly snow flurries in southeast portion. Brisk and high northerly winds.

Upper Lakes—Increasing east, shifting to northeast winds. Rain tonight, probably turning to snow Wednesday. Storm northeast warnings ordered 10 a. m. for Lakes Superior and Michigan.

Growth of Our Railroads.

Railroads are of the utmost importance to any people, and the increase in this means of transportation largely indicates the growth of the country. Railroads in the United States are growing even more rapidly than the population, which is an excellent indication of future growth and prosperity. The United States has a far larger railroad mileage than any other country in the world, and also a larger mileage in proportion and population. For every 10,000 inhabitants there are 26.47 miles of railroad in the United States, 6.78 in France, 5.57 in Germany, 5.27 in Great Britain, 4.78 in Austria, 3.01 in Italy, 2.21 in Russia, and a smaller figure in the rest of the great nations. The cost of transportation, too, is much lower in the United States than it is elsewhere. In 1900 it was a little less than 7 mills per ton per mile in this country, while it was nearly 2 cents in France and Germany, between 2 cents and 3 cents in England, Austria and Russia, 5 cents in Japan and 10 cents in China. Wages among railroad workers are not only far higher in the United States than in any other part of the world, but they have increased during the time that transportation rates have decreased, and the latter have steadily and rapidly fallen in the past thirty years.

The railroads have cheapened the cost of living and added great business to all industries; their benefits cannot be overestimated. They are today, perhaps, the greatest necessity of the age, and when they prosper the people prosper.

No Slum Quarter In Berlin.

To the student of social life in the large cities, the conditions which prevail in Berlin furnish a bright spot in the category of wretchedness and misery so generally found where people live in large numbers. While London, New York, Paris, Chicago, Brooklyn and other large cities have their slums, Berlin has no such quarter. There are no poverty-stricken people to be seen on the streets, and wretchedness is not apparent. This is due to the success of the charity system of the German capital which is most intelligently worked out and thoroughly administered. One great feature in this plan of relief for the poor is the arbor colony of that city. The arbor colony is simply a glorified exemplification of the "potato patch" idea, which has been tried with some success in Detroit and other American cities. The first arbor colonies were established by the Charity Association of Berlin, which is an auxiliary of the municipal government. The enterprise soon outgrew the original limits. All the public lands owned by the city were devoted to colony schemes, and private companies were formed for the purpose of promoting family settlements. Each family has a plot of ground, comprising several acres, upon which a rude summer house is erected in the midst of vegetable and flower gardens. The results of the colony plan have been most gratifying. Says a recent writer: "The amount of wretchedness, the suicides and the gloomy lives that have been avoided by these simple, cheap potato patches is incalculable. They offered for the humble laborer with a salary of not more than $4 or $5 a week and a family to support at once a means of doubling income and at the same time giving wife and family the benefits of summer recreation such as the most wealthy and fashionable sojourning every summer at Baden-Baden, Homburg, Carlsbad, Wiesbaden or the other aristocratic health resorts could not even enjoy. Instead of spending his noon hours and evenings in the foul kneipe, with the liquor-soaked habitues and suffocating tobacco smoke, the father could enjoy the calm breezes and refreshing air of his summer villa. He paid but a few marks a month for the privilege of staking a claim in these colonies. But this expense was more than tenfold repaid by the value of the farm products." Similar plans are in operation in this country, but are yet in their infancy. They should be encouraged. They furnish a solution for the amelioration of many ills.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The radical opponents of trusts and monopolies will probably be disappointed with the portion of President Roosevelt's message to congress which treats of this important subject. They will take exceptions to the views expressed because the president does not propose to wipe trusts out of existence, or urge legislation that would seriously cripple them. What he would do is to place them under public regulation, to the end that the people may be protected from discrimination and extortion, and that any evil may be eliminated from the great corporations which have been created in recent years. The conservative policy advocated by President Roosevelt must meet with quite general approval outside the ranks of the extremists, who fail to recognize the undoubted fact that there is much good as well as some evil in the great combinations of capital which have necessarily evolved from the wonderful industrial development of the country. It is not the formation of large corporations but the creation of monopolies, the practising of unjust discriminations, fraudulent over-capitalization and other evils injuriously affecting interstate trade which demand the attention of congress and the enactment of laws to conserve the public good. Large corporations are not harmful in themselves. Much of the great industrial growth of this country, and the wide extension of its foreign trade, is due to the consolidation of interests on a large scale. By means of the combination of capital and effort the United States has won a commanding place in the international industrial world. It would be a supreme act of folly to enact laws that might endanger the position of leadership thus attained. It must be recognized that great good has come to the country from these great corporations, and the effort should be not to destroy them, or cripple their usefulness, but to do away with any evil that may be in them. Trust regulation and not trust destruction must be the policy pursued. To this extent The Herald finds itself in thorough accord with President Roosevelt's views.

"The power of congress," says the president, "to regulate interstate commerce is an absolute and unqualified grant, and without limitations other than those prescribed by the constitution. The congress has constitutional authority to make all laws necessary and proper for executing this power, and I am satisfied that this power has not been exhausted by any legislation now on the statute books." This statement of the power of congress is based upon the opinion of Attorney General Knox, who on Oct 14 last, in an address before the chamber of commerce at Pittsburg, challenged the proposition that we are hopelessly helpless to deal with this problem under the existing constitution and asserted most positively the power of congress to so effectively regulate national and foreign commerce as to prevent the stifling of competition, the regulating of output and price, and the restraining of national and international trade. The attorney general contended that this might be done by amending the Sherman anti-trust law and that no constitutional amendment was necessary. The passage of a law along these lines is recommended by the president, and he likewise urges legislation that will throw the light of publicity on the business of the great corporations. He well says that "publicity can do no harm to the honest corporation, and we need not be overtender about sparing the dishonest corporation."

The president dissents from the view that the evils of the trusts can be reached by the reduction of the tariff. He claims that many of the largest corporations would not be affected in the slightest degree by a change in the tariff, save as it affected the prosperity of the country, and he is fearful that tariff reduction might destroy the prosperity that now exists. Yet he goes so far as to admit that there should be from time to time a reapplication of the protective tariff principle to the shifting national needs. Upon this point the president is rather indefinite, and he finally gets away from the perplexing problem by suggesting that one way in which the readjustment can be reached is by reciprocity treaties. Of course, he says, if in any case the tariff produces a monopoly which works ill, the duty should be reduced so as to equalize competition, and he recommends that the duty on anthracite coal be removed.

The remainder of the message, which has the merit of being much shorter than presidential messages usually run, urges legislation to produce elasticity in our money system; discusses the respective rights of labor and capital; recommends again the creation of a department of commerce; urges reciprocity with Cuba and liberal treatment of the new republic; speaks of the benefit of an isthmian canal and the providing of an all-American Pacific cable; eulogizes the work of the army and endorses Secretary Root's recommendations, and commends the suggestions by the secretary of the navy, the postmaster general, the secretary of the interior and the secretary of agriculture, all of which have been given in the digests printed of their annual reports.

THE STREET LIGHTING.

In response to the request of the Commercial club that more street lights be placed in the business section of the city, the city council last night ordered an arc light installed at the corner of First street and Third avenue west. This is one of the poorest lighted portions of the business district, and the additional light will be much appreciated. But the good work of "throwing light into the dark places" should not stop here. The council should devise way and means to place many additional lights, not only in the business sections, but in the thickly populated residence districts.

Duluth is a poorly lighted city, and it is time that a change was made. The city certainly can afford to light the streets well. Not only would it be a great convenience to the public, prevent accidents and add to the comfort of every one traveling along the streets after dark, but it would be an excellent advertisement for the city. Visitors must be very unfavorably affected by the present state of things. Groping along dimly lighted streets is not apt to give a good impression of the progressiveness of the community.

While new lights are needed in many sections, some effort should be made to secure the regular lighting of the lights already installed. It is a fact well known to the people of the East End especially that the lights are frequently not burning, and thus the benefits of even the present limited number of lights are lost. It would seem possible to compel the electric light company to better regulate this matter. There should be an accurate record made of all lights not burning, and a deduction should be made from the company's monthly bill for each case thus reported. This might result in better service.

A SERIOUS PROBLEM.

Mention has previously been made in these columns of the rapidly changing character of the immigrants to the United States. Additional statistics bring the matter more forcibly to public attention and show that the shifting character is not all for the welfare of our country. Prior to 1880 the nations of Western Europe—including England, Scotland, Wales, Germany and the Scandinavian countries—furnished over 80 per cent of all the immigrants. They are, of course, the highest class of immigrants that could possibly come to this country. During the same years the countries of Eastern Europe—including Italy, Austria-Hungary and Poland—furnished less than 1 per cent of the immigration. During the decade 1881-1890 immigrants from the countries of Western Europe continued to enter this country in large volume. In those ten years the enormous total of 1,452,970 Germans entered the United States.

There has recently occurred, however, a striking change in the character of the immigrants. The countries of Western Europe, which furnished 87.1 per cent of the European immigration in 1882, furnished only 24.7 per cent in 1901, while southern and Western Europe and Asiatic Turkey, which furnished only an insignificant amount of the European imigration prior to 1880, accounted for 75.3 per cent of it in 1901. The Swedish, Norwegian, English and German immigrants have fallen off to comparatively insignificant numbers. Italy, on the other hand, which sent only about 12,000 immigrants in 1880, furnished the enormous aggregate of 135,996 in 1901. The various immigrants of Austria-Hungary, including Slovaks, Croatians, Poles and Magyars, whose immigration amounted to only 17,000 in 1880, agregated 113,390 in 1901. Bulgarians, Montenegrins and Servians, a class of people who have not hitherto been coming to this country, are now entering in considerable volume.

This change in the class of people coming to our shores has aroused serious consideration by all thoughtful per ous consideration by all thoughtful persons. That something must be done is evident. What to do is another matter, but a solution of the problem cannot long be delayed.

THE MORPHINE HABIT.

Medical authorities claim that the morphine habit is rapidly increasing in this country and it has now become a more dangerous evil than alcohol drunkenness. If this is so, and there is no reason to doubt the statements of eminent physicians, it might be well for the temperance workers to turn their attention to the drug habit before it has gone too far. Dr. David Crothers, who has recently written a book on the drug habit, finds that of the sales of morphine in our large cities, not one-half can be traced to the legitimate demands of physicians and hospitals; and the inference that the secret consumption of the drug is very great is confirmed by the demonstration afforded by the large number of victims of the habit who finally come under direct medical observation. The drug is the more dangerous in its seductions because its habitual use can be concealed until its ravages shall have made themselves too evident for disguise.

The morphine drunkard cannot be discovered by his breath as the alcoholic drunkard is revealed. He may keep up for a long time the reputation of praiseworthy abstemiousness, even of total abstinence from stimulating indulgence, yet be an even worse victim of intemperance than is the shakiest and reddest-nosed toper of the rum shop. The temptation to the indulgence, therefore, is peculiarly seductive. The tyrannical dominion of the morphine habit, too, is far stronger than that of alcohol. It is also a habit easily acquired and seems to be especially frequent among the more reputable members of society, physicians, lawyers, business men and even clergymen, but Dr. Crothers speaks of its use extending to "all classes." A few years ago he computed that our of a total of 3244 physicians in the Eastern and Middle states and some of the large Western cities, so large a part as 21 per cent were using spirits or narcotics excessively. According to his observations, a "hypodermic-needle mania" exists, and "in some parts of the states itinerant peddlers carry with them syringes and will inject morphine into those persons who are willing to pay for the temporary relief from nerve strain or from pain afforded thereby."

Too much publicity cannot be given to showing the evils of the fearful habit and to warning all against its dangers. Alcoholic stimulation is bad enough, but it is a light evil compared with the destructive morphine habit.

Now that Finley Peter Dunne is going to be married, it is interesting to look back at Mr. Dooley's views of matrimony. "Th' raison I niver got married," said the philosopher to Mr. Hinnessy, "was I niver cud pick a choice. I've th' makin' iv an excellint ol' Turk in me, f'r I look on all th' sect as illigable f'r me hand an' I'm on'y resthrained fr'm r-rintin' Lincoln park f'r a home an' askin' them all to clave on'y to me, be'me nachral modesty an' th' laws in th' state iv Illinye."

The Boston Globe thinks an argument in favor of having our dead presidents buried in a national cemetery at Washington may be found in the proposition to increase the guard at the temporary tomb of President McKinley. It is proposed to put the garrison on the basis of an army post. Hospital and dispensary facilities are to be increased and a new site selected to accommodate 65 men.

Mr. Schwab's assertion that it is harder for a man of wealth to find rest than for men of moderate means to do so, is likely to be disputed. It is easy enough for a rich man to get rest if he gives up his ambition.

The Southern editors are not hunting for subjects for editorials at present. They are all discussing President Roosevelt's letter on the appointment of negroes to office in Southern states.

The gold holdings of the United States have reached the enormous total of $600,000,000, and it is still growing. It is the largest sum in gold ever held by any nation.

The stamp books issued by the postoffice department are a convenience to the public, and they also brought to the government a profit of $13,603 last year.

An Eastern preacher's definition of commercialism as "the love of the yellow sweetheart" is a catching phrase.

There were 189 weddings in Chicago on Thanksgiving day. Will they feel as thankful next year?

"Pennies long saved amount to dollars at last," said Franklin, and it is just as true today of cents.

SMILING LINES.

New York Times: Hewitt—Gruet hasn't any confidence in anybody.

Jewett—No; I don't believe he'd cash his own check.

Chicago Tribune: "When people begin to tell you," said Uncle Allen Sparks, "how spry you are, and that it's astonishing how young you look, you may make up your mind you're getting old."

Harvard Lampoon: Little Rollo—Father, dear, why is the diamond so precious?

Father—For shame, Rollo! Did you not know that it was a prehistoric product of hard coal? Now, run along, my child.

Detroit Free Press: Patient (after giving the doctor $3 and receiving a prescription)—But suppose, doctor this doesn't cure me?"

Doctor—In that case come back and I'll relieve you again.

Washington Star: "You can't get something for nothing in this life," remarked the wheezy and platitudinous philosopher.

"And yet," said Senator Sorghum, in a tone of gentle reproof, "you blame me for being willing to give money for votes!"

Philadelphia Record: Spunger—The best after-dinner speech I ever heard was once when I was out with Goodley.

Winks—And who made the speech?

Spunger—Goodley. He said: "Let me have the check, please, waiter."

Chicago Tribune: "Old Hunks is the most extravagant man I ever saw. He always wipes his spectacles with a new $10 bill."

"On the contrary, he's the most penurious. It saves his handkerchiefs and doesn't lessen the value of the bill a particle."

Philadelphia Press: "What? Fifty cents a box for those pills!" cried the customer, "why, it's robbery!"

"I wouldn't say that," returned the druggist, coolly.

"No?"

"No. Since pills are under discussion, I'd try to be humorous and call it 'pillage.'"

TO A FOOTLIGHT CHARMER.

I sat last night in an orchestra chair,
And studied your features so wondrously fair—
A pleasure 'it was, I confess.
Although you spoke naught but the lines of the play,
Your voice o'er my heart exerted a sway
I cannot find words to express.
And yet, as I sat in that orchestra chair,
Some troublesome thoughts occurred to there.

Now, Julie DeVere is a beautiful name,
And truly I hope you were christened the same,
And not a plain Maggie O'Toole.
The newspapers tell me that twenty's your age,
But many are that for years on the stage—
I hope you have broken that rule.
And yet, as I sat in that orchestra chair,
Such troublesome questions occurred to me there.

The program informs me that you are a "Miss;"
Yet some programs err in matters like this,
For bills-of-the-play will deceive;
The man who was playing the monster bazoo
For all that I know may be married to you,
Although it is hard to believe.
And yet, as I sat in that orchestra chair,
Annoying surmises would come to me there.

—Brooklyn Eagle.

Costly Experiments.

Chicago News: Recent experiments conducted by the postoffice department demonstrate conclusively that if you leave a considerable sum in cash unguarded in the street it may not be there when you come to look for it later on.

HOTEL GOSSIP

J. J. Stuart, of Hibbing, was at the St. Louis last night. Mr. Stuart is the proprietor of the Hibbing hotel in that village, and he reports that the metropolis of the western Mesaba range is in thriving condition, as evidenced by the patronage of the hotels there.

"We are crowded to the doors at all times," said Mr. Stuart, "and the town is full of people. The great activity in the mines around us and the hundreds employed in developing new mines make money and people plenty. Hibbing is the best town on the ranges, and it is going to maintain its supremacy."

* * *

C. Ancelle, a mining engineer from Paris, France, was at the Spalding last night and left this morning for the ranges. He has been sent over to this country to investigate the systems of mining operations here, and he will make a thorough tour of the two ranges, viewing all the different processes of mining, with a view to gaining ideas to be used by the companies he represents.

* * *

Dr. D. E. Brooks, of Minneapolis, the head of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, came up last night and stopped at the Spalding. He was met by his son, H. K. Brooks, of Scanlon, and they went to Scanlon today to look over the company's properties there.

* * *

"I see," said a Spalding guest this morning as he looked over the register, "that Ike Lederer, the irresistible, is again in town with his man, George Capser, to do up the clothing merchants."

* * *

Walter L. Wyand, of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent of the Michigan Central, is in town, a guest of the Spalding hotel.

* * *

Hopewell Clarke, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding. Mr. Clarke, who was formerly land commission for the Northern Pacific, is now engaged in the mining business in the West.

* * *

A. B. Coates, of Virginia, a well-known mining engineer, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

D. E. Cuppernull, of Virginia, editor of the Virginian, was at the St. Louis last night.

* * *

Harvey C. Beeson, of Chicago, publisher of Beeson's marine directory, is a guest at the St. Louis. He is here making preparations for next year's directory.

* * *

At the St. Louis—E. O. McGlauflin, Anoka; William Smith, Miss Dodge, Two Harbors; William Lambert, Pine City; George C. Loranger, R. J. Burrows, Ashland; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; J. A. Nummi, Hibbing; A. McPhee, Knife River; Mrs. C. Burton, Minneapolis; M. Frankel, St. Paul; B. H. Ward, Fairmount, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. John Gibbons, Scranton, Pa.; Pat Hynes, Orienta, Minn.

* * *

At the Spalding—W. G. Boggs, Cheyboygan, Mich.; J. H. Nordby, Two Harbors; A. M. Warren, Milwaukee; J. V. Smeaton, Ashland; Miss Gay Zenola McClaren, New York; Thomas Dunn, Jr., C. L. Featherstone, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. J. Twitchell, Virginia; W. A. Barr, Chicago; A. M. Slayton, Gloversville, N. Y.

* * *

At the McKay—A. N. Carpenter, Fargo; A. F. Gaither, St. Paul; Leslie Wilson, Buffalo; Charles Webb, St. Paul; G. W. Nicholson, Minneapolis; Barney Keegan, St. Paul; Fred Fisher, Bayfield; J. W. Martin, St. Paul; S. J. Levitt, Milwaukee; James C. Munson, Detroit.

THE STAGE

One of the foremost actors and most interesting personalities of the American stage, J. H. Stoddart, whose career has been linked with some of the greatest achievements of the American drama, and who in his time has been one of the shining lights of some of the organizations that are famous in the dramatic history of America, appeared at the Lyceum last evening and faced an audience of only fair proportions. A few nights ago "The Gambler's Daughter" played to a packed house. And still there are people who will criticize the management of the theater for not bringing better attrations to Duluth.

"The Bonnie Brier Bush" is a pretty play—a bonnie one, it might be better said. It plays with all the strong emotions, touching the heartstrings keenly and enlisting the sympathies in behalf of pretty Flora Campbell, the suffering daughter of the stern old Scotch shepherd. The drama fairly transfers one to Drumtochty, so perfect is the scenic environment, so natural the characters, and so faithful is every detail. The play is somewhat peculiarly constructed and may perhaps be open to criticism in that the climax comes at the end of the second act, whereas the general dramatic law requires it to be at the end of the third, leaving the fourth to clear up the difficulties that beset the principals, instead of two acts, as in "The Bonnie Brier Bush." But the work of the dramatist in this instance can perhaps find its justification in the opportunity which he provides thereby for the gradual revolution in the character of Lachlan Campbell, allowing a clearer analysis and a better appreciation of the emotions that tear the old man's heart and purge him of his bigotry.

Mr. Stoddart is termed the grand old man of the stage and in the application there is both reason and affection, for he is both a fine old man and a consummate artist. The striking feature of his Lachlan Campbell is the beautiful art which lies in its every detail, not the studied attempt which sometimes passes for the name of art but the quiet simplicity, that fidelity to nature, which marks and which is a lone true art of the highest form. There is not in the character itself much that is loveable. Lachlan Campbell is a stern, relentless, old Scot, fearing God but with fear and not love, holding up hell-fire as the incentive to follow the paths of righteousness, and finding for evil doing no palliation. So relentless is he, that in the belief that his daughter has become the plaything of an English gentleman, he drives her from the house, giving no ear to her protestations of innocence. And yet, forbidding as is this personality, Mr. Stoddart compels the sympathies, giving to it a loveable touch that sends out to Lachlan Campbell the compassion of the hearts that see his suffering. And as the old man, after erasing the name of his only child from the family Bible in his rage, feebly staggers over to the window in the reaction that follows, and places the candle in the window that the outcast may see the welcome light and return, there was scarcely a dry eye in the audience. In the scenes that follow, when the old man's heart is torn and bleeding for his daughter and he begins to feel that he may have been too harsh and that perhaps in his idea of righteousness there may be bigotry and not enough of the milk of human kindness, there is a pathos that is deeply stirring. Most truly does this grand old man "hold the mirror up to nature."

The support is excellent. Miss Katherine Mulkins makes a charming and winsome Flora, playing it with tenderness and fine sympathy. Miss Helen Holmes is a pleasing Kate Carnegie, Miss Adelaide Cummings a wholesome and lovable Margaret, and Miss Bessie Baldwin a delightful and coquettish Annie. The male characters were more suggestive of the Ian MacLaren types. Dr. MacLure, bluff, hearty and human, was played by Russell Bassett with pleasing effect, and Reuben Fax scored one of the distinct successes of the evening in the role of Archibald McKittrick, better known as "Posty." His comedy was delightful and the humor contagious. Augustine Duncan, as Tammas, the very slow wooer of the coquettish maid, was fine. To particularize the good ones, however, would involve a mention of every member of the cast. The two children, Gertrude Robinson and Edith Taliaferro, are, however, deserving of special mention for the excellence with which they played their parts.

* * *

Tonight at the Lyceum the William H. West big minstrel jubilee will hold the boards. The West show has always been popular with Duluth audiences. The company is headed by Billy Van, one of the funniest black face comedians now before the public, while he will be assisted in his fun making by such well-known comedians as John King, Frank Hammond, the Zarrow trio, Ford brothers, Tom Moore and Swift and Huber, and others.

* * *

Tomorrow evening the Almondbury Bell Ringers will appear in the Star Lecture course at the First Methodist church. They come with the endorsement of every city where they have appeared, and it is promised that they will give an exhibition of bell ringing that will surpass any ever before heard here. Accompanying them is E. Stanley Nichols, a humorist and entertainer, who is claimed to be possessed of peculiar genius.

A Gentleman's Child

By Una Hudson.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The bell of the foundling's Home rang softly, so softly that the old portress dozing at her post beside the door took no heed; but Sister Mary Angela passing through the hall heard and herself answered the summons.

"She's tired, poor thing," she said with a pitying glance at the nodding portress, and she stepped softly past the sleeper and opened wide the door. Instinctively her hand sought the basket that day and night stood within the entrance; for Sister Mary Angela had been long in the Foundling's Home and her caressing hands and pitying heart had soothed and welcomed many a tiny outcast.

She lifted the child tenderly, and loosening its wrappings, held it so that the rays of the dimly burning night-lamp shone full on its baby face. It opened big, violet-like eyes and stared blinkingly at the light, and its dimpled hands clutched at a fold of the sister's black gown. To its dress was pinned a paper on which was written a single line:

"Amabel, a gentleman's child."

And the sister read and sighed softly for the penciled words told a story with which she was only too famailiar.

"Poor child," she said gently, "Poor child," and her thoughts were of the mother rather than of the babe she held in her arms.

But she blamed no one, this good sister, for she knew that to every story are many sides and unheard she would condemn neither man nor woman.

* * *

In the gray light of the early morning Policeman O'Donnell followed silently a girl who, muttering incoherently and wringing her hands, walked rapidly toward the bridge and the darkly flowing river. She paused for a moment above where the current ran swiftest and the policeman laid his hand on her arm.

"None o' that, my girl," he said gruffly, "none o' that!"

And at the sound of his voice the poor, distraught creature burst into wild sobbing, and turning, clutched desperately at his arm.

"I don't want to," she said, the love of life rising strong within her and fighting against the black despair that possessed her soul. "I don't want to; but there's nothing else for me to do; in all the wide world there's no place for me."

The burly policeman patted her shoulder with rough kindliness. "We'll see," he said, "we'll see. Come with me, my girl." And half leading, half carrying her he made his way through the silent street and stopped before a square, brick building. But the girl drew back protesting.

"Not here," she cried, "any where but here; it is the Foundling's Home."

"And what if it is," O'Donnell said, not heeding her protest, "the good sisters will know what to do for you."

And he rang the bell and gave her in charge of Sister Mary Angela, who took the forlorn girl in her arms and soothed and comforted her as she might a child.

"You shall stay with us as long as you will," the Sister said. "We need you here. There was a tiny baby left on the steps last night. The Sister's have so many to care for; you shall have charge of it."

"For," the Sister said to herself, "she must be taken out of herself. She needs something to love and the baby needs a mother."

And the girl caught at the Sister's hand and the light of hope came back to her dull eyes.

"You will let me stay," she breathed softly, "and I may love the little baby. Oh, God be thankful!"

* * *

Sheltered within the walls of the Foundling's Home and tenderly cared for by the good Sisters the little Amabel grew and blossomed like a flower. And the girl whose life had all but gone out beneath the silent river watched over the child and loved her with such love as often brought upon her the gentle chiding of Sister Mary Angela.

"Set not your heart upon the things of earth, Sister Dorothea," was her oft-spoken reproof.

And she who had come homeless and despairing, but who now wore the black gown of the sisterhood and was known as "Sister Dorothea," would answer always:

"But you gave her to me to love, Sister Mary Angela."

And Sister Mary Angela looking at the peaceful face of Sister Dorothea and remembering that from which she had been saved would sigh softly and say no more.

But over the happiness of Sister Dorothea there was always the shadow of an impending sorrow; for from time to time, now one and now another of the children whom the Sisters tended would be sent away to homes that had been found for them in the outside world. There were days when men and women came, seeking to gain by adoption that which nature had denied. And at such times Sister Dorothea would turn faint and sick with apprehension and strive to hide the little Amabel; for though she knew that within the Foundling's Home there could be no future for the child she so dearly loved yet from the moment of parting she shrunk faint-heartedly.

"The child is young," she told herself, "there is no need for haste in finding her a home."

And so the days went by till Amabel was four years old; when there came to the Foundling's Home a lady, at sight of whose loveliness Sister Dorothea for a brief moment forgot her haunting fear lest Amabel be taken from her. Then she raised here eyes to the face of the man who walked by the lady's side and her own face went white as the spotless linen folds that bound her brow.

She heard their request for a child and half blindly she led forward the little Amabel and caressed the child's bright hair with shaking hands, for she knew that now the time of parting was upon her.

And Amabel, the child of her love and care, turned from the black-robed Sister and going fearlessly toward the beautiful lady played with the bracelet on her wrist.

But into the eyes of the man had come a look as of one who gazed upon the face of the dead, and he whispered a name beneath his breath—a name that the somberly garbed Sister had not heard for four long years.

"What is you name, dear?" the lady was saying and the child answered "Amabel."

"'Amabel', that is a pretty name. And your other name, what is it?"

"She has no other name, "Sister Dorothea said very gently, "She was left here a tiny baby four years ago. I know, for I, too, was brought here that same night. I—I was most unhappy; I had tried to drown myself and the Sisters cared for me and gave me the child to love. Her name was written on a slip of paper and pinned to her dress and a—a wedding ring was found in the basket with her. I—I have kept it lest the child should lose it."

And from out the folds of her black gown the Sister took a ring and dropped it with a scarcely perceptible shudder into the lady's outstretched hand. It was a plain gold band and within it was engraved a name and a date.

"It—it must have been her mother's wedding ring," the Sister said with whitened lips, and the other nodded.

"I am glad of the ring," she said, "for I wanted a child born in wedlock. See, dear," and she held it toward her husband, "the date is the year of our marriage and the name 'Anne'—it is a pretty name."

But the man knew that the ring had signalized nothing and his eyes sought the Sister's face, dumbly beseeching forgiveness for the wrong he had done her.

But the mother's thoughts were less for the man who had betrayed her than the child she had borne him. She who had been too proud to plead for helself, stretched out her hands and besought happiness for her child.

"Be good to her," she cried, "Oh, you will be good to her!"

And the man promised with down bent head for he knew that for the sin committed against the mother he must atone to the child and in so doing would he win forgiveness.

The Country Needs Rest.

New York Herald: What our own country needs is rest—rest from the manufacture of new securities, from flare-ups in Wall street and from "corners" in Chicago and a chance to pull itself together, find out where it is at, pay off its foreign debts and readjust credits at home after the several years of speculative debauch through which it has passed. This must be done if we are to avoid a crash in financing and speculative circles, which would react to the injury of the legitimate industrial and mercantile interests, which are now so prosperous. This is no time for fireworks.

THE OLD RELIABLE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Not a Reverie.

The freckled cow is drifting o'er the mead
And gazing on the sea of rustling corn;
Once more unto the quick the poodle's shorn—
His craven beauty stimulates his speed.
The king-bird swings upon the wind-rocked reed
Whose lisping lyric ripples night and morn;
And sounds across the hill the dinner horn;
While on the amber bobs the crystal bead,
The wingless bug now climbs the stringless bean,
The locust grinds his rasping melody;
The goldenrod's fair glim there's naught can douse,
The tree toad's plea for rain is heard, and Jean,
Gazing upon the twinkling turquoise sea,
Gowned for a dip, runs screaming for the house.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

GENESIS OF THE TUBER.

Springfield Republican: A paragraph in a New York newspaper the other day began thus: "To how many that consume the unlovely potato every day does it occur that it had its birth in Bogota, the storm center of many a South American revolution? Yet this is what Capt. Thomas Candler, a cosmopolite, asserted at the Westminster yesterday." One might ask, why "the unlovely potato?" seeing that it is really one of the best-loved and most popular of all vegetables—one might as well say the unlovely turnip or peanut. As to its origin, the cyclopedias tell us that it is well known. They say that it was first brought into Spain from Quito, which is south of Colombia, but that the wild plant exists in a good many other places. They do not say that it was native to North as well as South America, but that is the fact, and the Indians of the Atlantic coasts cultivated it. A river in Nova Scotia, the Shubenacadie, preserves its memory, for the name is a corruption of the Algonquin word segeeben, the wild potato, and the word for "place," which is also corrupted to "quoddy," as in Passamaquoddy, and has suffered other changes, and gave itself to "Acadie," the Acadia of "Evangeline" and history. It is also native in the mountains of Colorado, whence came the Colorado beetle, the "potato bug," which finds the cultivated potato so much to its taste. These wild tuberous plants are all of the solanum family, and are regarded by many botanists as perhaps all varieties of the solanum tuberosa.

Col. Mosby and His Raids.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Col. Mosby is doing a great work for the government in rounding up the cattle kings who have laid illegal hands on Uncle Sam's lands. The old Confederate raider seems to have lost none of his daring and activity in these piping times of peace. He is engaged in a work which, if successful, as it probably will be, will bring him the country's plaudits. The cattle barons, like the rest of the trust magnates, are learning that in these Republican days rich and poor men alike must obey the laws.

Most Dramatic Story
of the Month
"THE LAST ACT"
By MRS. GEN. GEO. E. PICKETT
in the
December Number
10 Story Book
With nine other interesting stories.
10 CENTS
If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office.
10 STORY BOOK,
263-269 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
TONIGHT.
The WM. H. WEST
Big MINSTREL JUBILEE
Orchestra under the direction of Carl Schilling
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Star Lecture Course
FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DULUTH.
The Famous Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers
Champions of England, assisted by E. Stanley Nichols, Humorist and Entertainer.
Wednesday, Dec. 3.
Matinee 2:30 p. m.—not in course. Price, 50c; children 25c.
Evening Performance Price 50c. No children's tickets. Reserved seats for either entertainment at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Nov. 29. Children may reserve seats for matinee.

PIANO Bargains

For this week we offer the following bargains in slightly used and sample Pianos.

Mahogany Upright - $145
used four months, good as new. $10.00 cash and $6 a month.

Walnut Upright - - $158
Beautiful case and fine tone. $10 cash, $7 a month

Mahogany Upright - $185
A fine instrument. $15 cash and $7 a month.

$400 Mahogany Upright $290
One of the oldest and best makes. $20.00 cash and $10 a month.

$350 Upright Mahogany $265
Easy terms.

Square Piano - - - $48
Good condition, $5 cash and $3 a month.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

LOVE AFFAIR

May Cause Loss of Throne to Prince Mirko.

Vienna, Dec. 2.—Some stolen love letters may cost Prince Mirko, second son of the reigning prince of Montenegro, his cherished ambition to ascend the Servian throne, for which, in the event of King Alexander having no heir, he is a strong candidate.

Prior to Prince Mirko's marriage last July with Matalie Constantinovitch, daughter of the grand uncle of King Alexander, he had a love affair with a Servian actress, and wrote to her many letters containing criticisms on the policy of several European states. The czar and German emperor were especially hard hit, while the Servian people were slightingly and scornfully referred to.

After his marriage, Prince Mirko sent a trusted adjutant to buy the letters from the actress. She sold them, but the adjutant, who is a native of Servia, sold them to the Servian government for a considerable sum after having had printed copies made. In the event of the Montenegrin dynasty making any active move to acquire the Servian throne, it is anticipated that the publication of the letters would stop Prince Mirko's chances of succeeding King Alexander.

THE BANKRUPTCY LAW.

Report on Operations Made to Attorney General.

Washington, Dec. 2.—A report on the practical operations of the bankruptcy law of the last year has been submitted to the attorney general by E. C. Brandenburg, in charge of such matters for the government. The aggregate number of voluntary petitions filed during the year was 16,374, against 17,000 in 1901 and 20,000 in 1900. During the same period 2100 involuntary petitions were filed. The states showing the greatest number of voluntary proceedings were New York, 1906 cases, and Illinois, voluntary 1814, Alabama, 1436; Massachusetts, 1408; Maine, 860; Ohio, 770, and Iowa, 625.

A year ago Illinois led with 2066 petitions. The smallest numbers filed were one case in Alaska, six each in Arizona, New Mexico and Porto Rico, seven in Nevada, eleven in Hawaii, twenty in Delaware and twenty-nine in Idaho.

Of the cases called during the year 1320 were in behalf of farmers, 6859 wage earners, 2585 merchants, 235 manufacturers, 531 professional men and 1758 contractors, hotel and saloonkeepers, real estate men and others of a miscellaneous character not included within the classes enumerated.

WON A BRIDE.

A Romance Connected With a Football Game.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 2.—The social surprise of the year was the marriage at Ann Arbor just after the close of the Michigan-Minnesota football game of Miss Nettie Backus and Edwin R. Thomas, both prominent in this city. Though the couple had been engaged for a year, they had kept their secret closely. It is said by friends who were in Ann Arbor that the marriage would not have taken place until next summer had not the wily lover lured his sweetheart into a wager on the football game to wed him immediately after she lost.

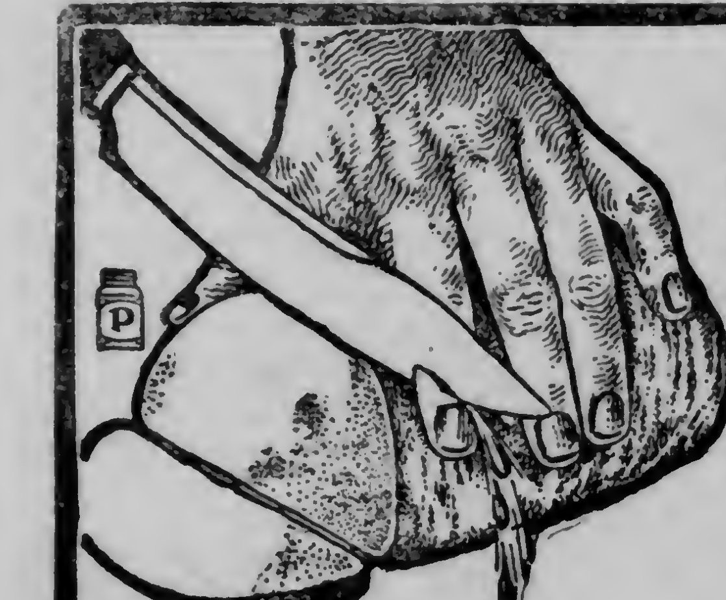
PIANO FOR SCHWAB.

Magnificent Affair to Cost Ten Thousand Dollars.

Boston, Dec. 2.—On the order of a Philadelphia store for a customer, believed to be Charles M. Schwab, the steel magnate, a Roxbury factory is building what will be probably the most elaborate and expensive piano constructed in this country in the last fifty years.

The price will be $10,000. The instrument is a marvelous middle-sized grand of Louis XVI design. The case is gilded and decorated ornately with foliage after the Watteau pattern.

Just when the piano will be ready for delivery is not known, but it is understood that when Mr. Schwab returns from his health-seeking trip abroad it will be reposing in the parlors of the wonderful new mansion he is having erected in New York city.



A Sharp Knife Cuts quicker and deeper than a dull one, but either will make a painful, bleeding, dangerous wound.

Paracamph
FIRST AID TO THE INJURED.
Stops Bleeding in Cuts, prevents Soreness, Stiffness, and heals the Wound quickly. PARACAMPH
ABSOLUTELY PREVENTS BLOOD POISONING.
Keep a bottle in your house, you need it every day. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Use Paracamph after shaving. Prevents Infection, Pimples and Bumps.
SOLD ONLY IN 25c. 50c. AND $1.00 BOTTLES.
AT ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS.
FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY,
Corner Fifth Avenue West, and Superior St.

POSITION OF CHURCH

Regarding Polygamy Is Defined By President Joseph Smith.

Mormans Do Not Solemnize or Permit Plural Marriage.

Old Polygamous Families Are Decreasing at Rapid Rate.

Salt Lake, Dec. 2.—In an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press, President Joseph Smith, of the Mormon church, defined the present position of the church with respect to polygamy, also the ecclesiastical position of Apostle Reed Smoot, whose candidacy for the United States senate has resulted in an active campaign against him by the Ministerial alliance.

"The church does not desire to enter into controversy over this question," said President Smith, "but it is anxious that its own people, as well as the people of the country, should understand its position."

"Does the Mormon church solemnize or permit plural marriages?" President Smith was asked.

"Certainly not," he replied. "The church does not perform or sanction or authorize marriage in any form that is contrary to the laws of the land. The assertion that prominent Mormons practice polygamy is evidently made to mislead the public. Polygamy under the law is the marrying of a husband or wife while the legal husband or wife is living and undivorced. There is no such offense committed by sanction of the Mormon church. But when the prohibition of polygamy was proclaimed by the president of the Mormon church there were many persons who had contracted plural marriages, and that relation has been continued in many instances, because the men in that position determined not to abandon their families, but to care for and provide for them and educate and cherish their children.

"This is erroneously constructed as practicing polygamy and creates the impression that polygamous marriages are still permitted in and by the church.

"It was ascertained by a careful census in 1890, when Preident Woodruff issued his manifesto against further polygamous marriages, there were 2451 such families belonging to the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints in the United States. In May, 1892, a complete and thorough inquiry showed that the original number in 1890 had been reduced 63 per cent, leaving then only 897, the great majority of whom were of advanced age, and many of them have since departed from this life. It is evident that with no additions to this total, but a rapid and continual decrease, the number of polygamous families will soon be reduced to zero"

President Smith was asked to define the position of Mr Smoot in the church, his position as an apostle having been compared to that of a cardinal or archbishop in other churches.

"The two positions are not parallel," said President Smith. "an apostle or seventy, or elder, or bishop in the Church of Jesus Christ or Latter Day Saints is usually engaged in secular vocation, or laboring in some capacity for his daily bread. He is ordained to the office he holds in the priesthood so that he may act in that calling when required. He gives services gratuitously to the church. There are instances, of course, when a man's whole time is taken up with some church duty, that he received remuneration therefor, but as a rule men holding positions in the priesthood are engaged in secular callings and are men of affairs. Reed Smoot is a banker, the manager of the largest manufacturing institution in this state and is interested greatly in mining operations and other temporal pursuits. He is recognized as a capable and enterprising citizen, and his position in the church need not interfere in any way with his services to the state or the nation in any political office to which he may be elected. It is not true that he has been put forward by the church as a candidate for public office, but he has the same right that any other American citizen enjoys to accept any office to which his fellow citizens may elect him to occupy. Mormon church officials have served in congress for years, and no objection has been offered on that account. Every Mormon official has been holding the priesthood, and that has never interfered with his official duties. The objection in the present case is without substantial reason of foundation."

STAMPS IDENTIFIED

By Means of Figures on Pasteboard Back.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Three sets of figures written carelessly on the pasteboard back of one of the packages of stamps taken from Erwin and Edward Fuller, who were arrested in Chicago on Nov. 22, have led to the identification of the stamps as those stolen from the postoffice at Ponca City, O. T. The postoffice in that city was robbed on the morning of Nov. 18, the safe blown open and its contents and nearly $1500 worth of stamps were taken. The figures discovered on the stolen stamps by Postoffice Inspector Stuart were photographed immediately after the arrest of the Fullers and a facsimile was mailed to the Ponca City postoffice authorities, where robberies had occurred recently. Yesterday Inspector Stuart received the following message from Inspector Barnes, of Ponca City:

"Figures and cardboard slip ours. Made by our assistant. We all identify them. Hold the robbers and all their cash. You get return register back tonight."

"I am certain we have everything right," said Inspector Stuart today, though, of course, we don't know whether the Fullers committed the robbery or merely received the stolen stamps."

BLIND CHAPLAIN RESIGNS.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Rev. W. H. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the senate, who now is in California, has forwarded his resignation to President Pro-Tem Frye. It will be placed before the senate tomorrow. His successor will be elected by the senate. Mr. Milburn, in his letter to Senator Frye, says ill-health compels him to retire from the position, and he adds: "It is with deep sorrow that I have come to this decision, as it was my cherished wish that, under the favor of the senate, I should conduct its religious services during the remainder of my days."

BOTTLE BABIES

Bottle babies are so likely to get thin. What can be done? More milk, condensed milk, watered milk, household mixtures—try them all. Then try a little Scott's Emulsion in the bottle.

It does for babies what it does for old folks—gives new, firm flesh and strong life. You'll be pleased with the result. It takes only a little in milk to make baby fat.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

HIS ASHES BURIED.

Minister's Dying Request Fulfilled By Relatives.

Baraboo, Wis., Dec. 2.—The dying request of Rev. Robert Ritchie, who was rector of Trinity Episcopal church in this city for some time, and well known in other places in Wisconsin for his church work, was both peculiar and pathetic. Recently his home was at Oakland, Cal., and a few days ago he was taken with pneumonia, which caused his death. When he realized that his life hung by a slender thread, he asked that when the spirit left the body his remains be cremated and the ashes taken to the mountains not far away and placed in some secluded spot. The relatives have obeyed the dying desire, and the dust was hid away from frequented paths on an eminence from which is seen in the distance his field of labor, and the beautiful oceanic portal known as the Golden Gate. To further carry out his wishes, no marble slab or granite shaft will mark the spot, for he desired his resting place to be as nature's own.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Claude L. Stillman, of Newark, N. J., who was secretary to Gov. Murphy and who pleaded guilty to forgery and embezzlement, was sentenced to ten years imprisonment in state prison. Stillman embezzled funds of the Murphy Varnish company.

From two to three weeks, it is estimated at the navy department, will suffice for the repairs to the two 12-inch gun return cylinders of the Texas which were split in gun practice last Saturday. The Texas will leave Norfolk as soon as the repairs are completed and ought to arrive at Culebra Island in time for the combined maneuvers of Admiral Dewey's fleet.

Three unknown Italians were killed by an explosion of dynamite near Fort Gibson Monday. They were literally blown to atoms.

The sheriff of Silver Bow county, Montana left for Butte Monday, having in custody Mme. Le Bonta. The woman was recently arrested in this city and goes back to stand trial for complicity in the murder of Dr. H. C. Cayley, who was shot and killed in her apartments at Butte on the night of Oct. 11. J. W. Kelly, a newspaper man, is charged with the crime, but Mme. La Bonta maintains that she alone is guilty.

CLIFF-DWELLERS' RUINS.

Decision That May Result In Their Preservation.

Colorado Springs, Col., Dec. 2.—The United States land office at Santa Fe, according to private advices, has decided in favor of Mrs. Virginia R. McClurg, of Colorado Springs, in her suit against Mrs. Corbin. The suit was brought to preserve the pre-historic cliff dwellers' ruins, situated in the northeastern part of Socorro county. The ruins are the largest thus far known and are valuable to the student of archaeology and ethnology. Mrs. Corbin, who is the widow of an old soldier, claims to have homesteaded the land, including the ruins. Mrs. McClurg is at the head of the National Cliff Dwellers' association.

SHE ESCAPED THE KNIFE.

Ten Months of Peace After Dreadful Suffering.

Operations are becoming a fad; every young man, as soon as he is graduated from a medical college, considers himself capable of undertaking the most serious and complicated surgical work, and hundreds of lives are sacrificed annually to this mad frenzy of incompetent men, to rush into work should only be undertaken as a last resort, and then only by the most experienced and careful surgeons.

It is a pleasure, in view of these facts, to read the following letter from a woman who has been saved from one of these dangerous operations. "I know I should have informed you long ago regarding my case of piles and the good done me, and I believe I am cured. Last December I sent for your book. I have never been bothered since then, and before I had suffered for the last eleven years, and at the time I wrote I had given birth to a child, and they came down with the delivery of the child by the handful. I could not get them back, and I suffered everything, and the doctor said nothing but an operation would ever relieve me; but I read of your remedy in our daily newspaper and I told my husband to get me a box and I would give it a trial before consenting to the knife, and thanks be to your wonderful medicine, I was saved from the operating table.

Every person suffering from piles that my husband and myself hear of, we recommend your wonderful medicine. I just used one $1.00 box of Pyramid Pile Cure, and two boxes of Pyramid Ointment and two boxes of Pyramid Pills, and I was, I hope, completely cured. If they ever show the slightest return I will certainly get some more medicine, but I hardly think I will need any more for it will be a year the 8th day of December since I had them, and that makes it ten months and past now. Thanking you again and wishing you abundant success, I remain, Mrs. S. Hodgson, 105 W. 11th St., Des Moines, Iowa."

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists for fifty cents a package, or will be mailed to any address upon receipt of price, by Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich. Write this firm for little book describing the cause and cure of Piles.

BY FINGER IMPRINTS

M. Bertillon, Famous French Expert, Performs Great Feat.

Identified and Convicted French Murderer By Finger Prints.

Case That Is Without a Rival In Criminal History.

Paris, Dec. 2.—M. Bertillon has performed the extraordinary feat of identifying and convicting a French murderer merely by the evidence of his finger prints. M. Bertillon is the French expert whose "system" of taking measurements of every criminal arrested, has made him famous.

Up to this time, however, Mr. Bertillon has never claimed more for his system than that it enabled the police to say positively whether or not a man has ever been incustody before. The expert has employed his records over 12,000 times, and has never yet made a mistake.

The case in which M. Bertillon's methods have triumphed so remarkably had to do with the murder of a man in the Rue St. Honore. There was only one clew. In stealing some valuables, which were in a glass case, the murderer had broken the receptacle. He had begun to pick up the pieces of glass and on one of them were the prints of his fingers. Bertillon resolved to photograph the imprints.

At this point, however, he found himself up against a knotty problem. The murderer's hand had grasped each side of the glass in such a way that the mark of the thumb overlapped that of those of the fore and middle fingers. How were the imprints to be photographed? For three days M. Bertillon was puzzled, but finally by using powerful electric lights and taking pains, he finally succeeded in getting serviceable negatives of the finger prints.

The thing to be done next was to find out if among the 300,000 photographs of the finger prints of criminals which he has made, there was one that corresponded with the prints of the digits of the Rue St. Honore murderer. It was at 4 o'clock last Thursday afternoon that Mr. Bertillon finished developing his negatives. By 4:20 he had discovered that the finger tips shown therein correspond with those of a man named Scheffer, who had been in custody about a year before.

M. Bertillon was triumphant. He hurried to the perfect of police and told him that if he would arrest Scheffer he would have the man who was in the room in the Rue St. Honore on the night of the murder.

The perfect smiled—a little ironically, Bertillon thought. The expert became excited, pulling out of his pocket notes worth 1000 francs, he announced that he would present them to Scheffer as an indemnity were he arrested and not found guilty.

The perfect, impressed, ordered his man, who previously had been on the trail of one "Georges," to find Schaffer and arrest him. The detectives reports showed that the man had left Paris hastily on the day following the Rue St. Honore crime. Then they discovered that he had been intimate with the murdered man—Beibel. Convinced now, the sleuths redoubled their efforts to hunt their quarry down, and finally succeeded in doing so.

Soon after being arrested, Scheffer confessed his guilt.

JEALOUSY

Caused Murder of Mrs. Hassett, an Actress.

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Kate Hassett, aged 28 years old, leading woman in Keith's Eighth street theater stock company, was hot and killed last night by Barry Johnston, a well-known actor, who was formerly a member of Richard Mansfield's company and who is well known to theatrical people throughout the country. After the murder Johnston attempted suicide. The tragedy occurred in Philadelphia's tenderloin districts. Johnston fired at his victim five times, two of the bullets taking effect, one in the left breast and the other in the left arm. Johnston shot himself through the breast and is not expected to live. The cause of the shooting is believed to be jealousy.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL

May Come Up But Doomed to Defeat.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Strenuous efforts probably will be made this winter to pass a ship subsidy bill through the house. The bill passed the senate last session and its friends think this is probably the best chance for favorable action that will show itself for several years.

Representative Cannon, who will be speaker of the next congress, is violently anti-subsidy, and may be depended upon to make up the merchants' marine and fisheries committee so as to discourage a favorable report on the subsidy bill in the Fifty-eighth congress. This he can do because he will be called upon to fill several vacancies on the committee in the next congress. Representative Grosvenor will remain as chairman, but every new man put on the committee by "Uncle Joe" will probably be against subsidy legislation.

The condition in the present house, on the other hand, is believed to be favorable to the pending bill. To begin with, Speaker Henderson is not averse to it, which is something; and again, the Republican congressional committee, readed by Representative Babcock, favors it in return for financial aid given by the subsidy interests in the late campaign, while the Hanna influence, representing the Republican national committee, is also favorable. In one or two years from now none of these influences may be with the bill, and so it is probable, then, that earnest effort will be made to secure action this winter before adjournment of the short session.

TEA FAMINE FEARED.

Secretary Shaw Will Try to Prevent One.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Secretary Shaw promised Northwestern people that he would do everything in his power to prevent a tea famine in the Northwest during the early weeks of 1903.

Graeme Stewart representing the wholesale grocery companies of Chicago; Ira B. Smith, representing the wholesalers of Milwaukee, and N. Gottlieb, representing the importers, are in Washington urging Mr. Shaw to take action which will protect the shortage.

Almost the entire supply in the Northwest, 150,000 cans, is stored in one or two bonded warehouses in Chicago. Since Dec. 10 practically no tea has been withdrawn, as the department is making up its entries in preparation for a reduction in duty which takes effect Dec. 31.

The merchants of the country have been running on close margin in order to take advantage of the 10 cents a pound reduction in price which will allow a reduction of duty. They failed, however, to make allowance for the delay which must follow an attempt to move so many packages and a tea famine threatens. Mr. Stewart and his associates want this tea divided among twenty or thirty warehouses so that it can be handled more expeditiously. Mr. Shaw can find no law which permits such removal, but he believes he has authority to do so, and promised Mr. Stewart that the famine would be avoided unless some insurmountable legal barrier presented itself.

AN IMPROBABLE STORY.

Emperor William Dubbed England as "Decadent Nation."

Chicago, Dec. 2.—A London cable to the Tribune says: The following amazing story appears in the editorial news of the usually sober-minded and always ably conducted National Review:

"When cruising in the Hohenzollern this summer, off the coast of Norway, the German emperor saw the stars and stripes floating from a large yacht. He immediately sent a message on board announcing that he proposed to honor the American yacht with a visit, and subsequently went on board himself, where he found a small family party, presumed to be Americans.

"His hosts were flattered and delighted at the honor, for the emperor charms all men, but they were surprised at the violence of his attacks upon England. We were described as a decadent nation, and our government as rotten, while the strongest abuse of all was reserved for King Edward.

"The astonishment of the Americans was great, but still greater was the amazement of a solitary Englishman, who happened to be one of the party, and who had evidently been overlooked in the general introduction."

The National Review says this story has come from a credible American source and adds that the incident has been keenly canvassed in American society, upon which it has made a great impression. The object of the Review in giving publicity to the story is to show that the kaiser's sentiments toward England vary materially according as he is in English or foreign society.

SUMMER RESORT CITY.

New York, Dec. 2.—The filing of papers at Trenton, N. J., the details of a transaction involving the expenditure of millions in and about Cape May have come to light. Pittsburg capitalists have bought over 4000 acres of land in and around the city and purpose making changes that will revolutionize that famous resort.

Their plans include the building of a new city, which they intend shall be one of the finest all-the-year-round resorts in the world. Estimates of the cost of the project aggregate $11,000,000.

Apply Satin-Skin Cream, then use Satin-Skin Powder; note satin texture, refined, exquisite softness bestowed. 25c.

Always the Same Good Old
BLATZ BEER
The Pride of Milwaukee
Send Postal Card for New Brochure, Which Tells Why
BLATZ BEER IS RIGHT
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(NON-INTOXICANT)
TONIC FOR THE WEAK
All Druggists or Direct.
Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch:
Lake Avenue South and Railroad Street.
Telephone 62.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED

By our new *Electro-Medical Treatment,* which combines all o the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele,
Stricture,
Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Contagious Blood Poison,
Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,
Small, Weak Organs,
Discharges,
Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a *Legal Contract* to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

The Coming of Thanksgiving

Heralds the arrival of winter, when outside work in the building line must stop. Buy your Interior Finish where you can get the best at the right prices. Selections from our stock are bound to prove satisfactory.

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.,
2402 West Michigan Street.

THE JOLLY MEN OF OLD
Knew what was best to drink.
The beer they loved we're making now,
So let the glasses clink.

Be merry friends, and forget your cares,
In the froth of the cheering glass,
In a bumper of pure and delicious beer,
That is healthful for swain or lass,

Away with care, fatigue and woe,
When you dring of "Moose Brand Beer."
Fill high the cup and drink it up,
To the weal of the glad year.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Company.
EITHER PHONE, 241.

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

A full set of the best artificial teeth $10
And no extra charge for extracting
Gold Crowns (22K)............$7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from.......$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.........75c
Painless Extracting............50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays—10 to 12.
JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Read Through It

It's as clear as crystal --- you can see that the soap is pure. Dainty vegetable oils and glycerin, and the natural odor of flowers.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] **Soap**

The name Kirk stands for perfection in soaps, and this soap is our pride. All that cost, skill and experience can do are combined in it.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list.

E

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued From Page 1.)

was evil. It is eminently necessary that we should endeavor to cut out this evil, but let us keep a due sense of proportion; let us not, in fixing our gaze upon the lesser evil, forget the greater good. The evils are real and some of them are menacing, but they are the outgrowth, not of misery or decadence, but of prosperity—of the progress of our gigantic industrial development. This industrial development must not be checked, but side by side with it should go such progressive regulation as will diminish the evils. We should fail in our duty if we did not try to remedy the evils, but we shall succeed only if we proceed patiently, with practical common sense as well a resolution, separating the good from the bad and holding on to the former while endeavoring to get rid of the latter.

THE TRUST EVILS.

Congress Has Constitutional Power to Regulate Combines.

In my message to the present congress, at its first session, I discussed at length the question of the regulation of those big corporations commonly doing an interstate business, often with some tendency to monopoly, which are popularly known as trusts. The experience of the past year has emphasized, in my opinion, the desirability of the steps I then proposed. A fundamental requisite of social efficiency is a high standard of individual energy and excellence, but this is in nowise inconsistent with power to act in combination for aims which can not so well be achieved by the individual acting alone. A fundamental base of civilization is the inviolability of property, but this is in nowise inconsistent with the right of society to regulate the exercise of the artificial powers which it confers upon the owners of property, under the name of corporate franchises, in such a way as to prevent the misuse of these powers.

> Corporations, and especially combinations of corporations, should be managed under public regulation.

Experience has shown that under our system of government the necessary supervision can not be obtained by state action. It must, therefore, be achieved by national action. Our aim is not to do away with corporations; on the contrary, these big aggregations are an inevitable development of modern industrialism, and the effort to destroy them would be futile, unless accomplished in ways that would work the utmost mischief to the entire body politic. We can do nothing of good in the way of regulating and supervising these corporations until we fix clearly in our minds that we are not attacking the corporations, but endeavoring to do away with any evil in them. We are not hostile to them. We are merely determined that they shall be so handled as to subserve the public good. We draw the line against misconduct, not against wealth. The capitalist who, alone or in conjunction with his fellows, performs some great industrial feat by which he wins money is a welldoer, not a wrongdoer, provided only he works in proper and legitimate lines. We wish to favor such a man when he does well. We wish to supervise and control his actions only to prevent him from doing ill.

> Publicity can do no harm to the honest corporation, and we need not be overtender about sparing the dishonest corporation.

In curbing and regulating the combinations of capital which are, or may become, injurious to the public we must be careful not to stop the great enterprises which have legitimately reduced the cost of production, not to abandon the place which our country has won in the leadership of the international industrial world, not to strike down wealth with the result of closing factories and mines, of turning the wage-worker idle in the streets and leaving the farmer without a market for what he grows. Insistence upon the impossible means delay in achieving the possible, exactly as, on the other hand, the stubborn defense alike of what is good and what is bad in the existing system, the resolute effort to obstruct any attempt at betterment, betrays blindness to the historic truth that wise evolution is the sure safeguard against revolution.

No more important subject can come before the congress than this of the regulation of interstate business. This country can not afford to sit supine on the plea that under our peculiar system of government we are helpless in the presence of the new conditions, and unable to grapple with them or to cut out whatever of evil has arisen in connection with them. The power of the congress to regulate interstate commerce is an absolute and unqualified grant, and without limitations other than those prescribed by the constitution.

> The congress has constitutional authority to make all laws necessary and proper for executing this power, and I am satisfied that this power has not been exhausted by any legislation now on the statute books.

It is evident, therefore, that evils restrictive of commercial freedom and entailing restraint upon national commerce fall within the regulative power of the congress, and that a wise and reasonable law would be a necessary and proper exercise of congressional authority to the end that such evils should be eradicated.

I believe that monopolies, unjust discriminations, which prevent or cripple competition, fraudulent overcapitalization, and other evils in trust organizations and practices which injuriously affect interstate trade can be prevented under the power of the congress to "regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states" through regulations and requirements operating directly upon such commerce, the instrumentalities thereof, and those engaged therein.

I earnestly recommend this subject to the consideration of the congress with a viw to the passage of a law reasonable in its provisions and effective in its operations, upon which the questions can be finally adjudicated that now raise doubts as to the necessity of constitutional amendment. If it proves impossible to accomplish the purposes above set forth by such a law, then, assuredly, we should not shrink from amending the constitution so as to secure, beyond peradventure, the power sought.

The congress has not heretofore made any appropriation for the better enforcement of the anti-trust law as it now stands. Very much has been done by the department of justice in securing the enforcement of this law, but much more could be done if congress would make a special appropriation for this purpose, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general.

> One proposition advocated has been the reduction of the tariff as a means of reaching the evils of the trusts which fall within the category I have described Not merely would this be wholly ineffective, but the diversion of our efforts in such a direction would mean the abandonment of all intelligent attempt to do away with these evils.

Many of the largest corporations, many of those which should certainly be included in any proper scheme of regulation, would not be affected in the slightest degree by a change in the tariff, save as such change interfered with the general prosperity of the country. The only relations of the tariff to big corporations as a whole is that the tariff makes manufactures profitable, and the tariff remedy proposed would be in effect simply to make manufactures unprofitable. To remove the tariff as a punitive measure directed against trusts would inevitably result in ruin to the weaker competitors, who are struggling against them. Our aim should be not by unwise tariff changes to give foreign products the advantage over domestic products, but by proper regulation to give domestic competition a fair chance; and this end cannot be reached by any tariff changes which would effect unfavorably all domestic competitors, good and bad alike. The question of regulation of the trusts stands apart from the question of tariff revision.

Stability of economic policy must always be the prime economic need of this country This stability should not be fossilization. The country has acquiesced in the wisdom of the protective tariff principle It is exceedingly undesirable that this system should be destroyed or that there should be violent and radical changes therein. Our past experience shows that great prosperity in this country has always come under a protective tariff; and that the country cannot prosper under fitful tariff changes at short intervals. Moreover, if the tariff laws as a whole work well, and if business has prospered under them, and is prospering, it is better to endure for a time slight inconveniences and inequalities in some schedules than to upset business by too quick and too radical changes. It is most earnestly to be wished that we could treat the tariff from the standpoint solely of our business needs. It is, perhaps, too much to hope that partisanship may be entirely excluded from consideration of the subject, but at least it can be made secondary to the business interests of the country— that is, to the interests of our people as a whole. Unquestionably these business interests will best be served if together with fixity of principle as regards the tariff we combine a system which will permit us from time to time to make the necessary reapplication of the principle to the shifting national needs. We must take scrupulous care that the reapplication shall be made in such a way that it will not amount to a dislocation of our system, the mere threat of which (not to speak of the performance) would produce paralysis in the business energies of the community. The first consideration in making these changes would, of course, be to preserve the principle which underlies our whole tariff system—that is, the principle of putting American business interests at least on a full equality with interests abroad, and of always allowing a sufficient rate of duty to more than cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad. The well-being of the wage-worker, like the well-being of the tiller of the soil, should be treated as an essential in shaping our whole economic policy. There must never be any change which will jeopardize the standard of comfort, the standard of wages of the American wage-worker.

> One way in which the readjustment sought can be reached is by reciprocity treaties. It is greatly to be desired that such treaties may be adopted.

They can be used to widen our markets and to give a greater field for the activities of our producers on the one hand, and on the other hand to secure in practical shape the lowering of duties when they are no longer needed for protection among our own people, or when the minimum of damage done may be disregarded for the sake of the maximum of good accomplished. If it prove impossible to ratify the pending treaties, and if there seem to be no warrant for the endeavor to execute others, or to amend the pending treaties so that they can be ratified, then the same end—to secure reciprocity—should be met by direct legislation.

Wherever the tariff conditions are such that a needed change cannot with advantage be made by the application of the reciprocity idea, then it can be made outright by a lowering of duties on a given product. If possible, such change should be made only after the fullest consideration by practical experts, who should approach the subject from a business standpoint, having in view both the particular interests affected and the commercial well-being of the people as a whole. The machinery for providing such careful investigation can readily be supplied. The executive department has already at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures, and if the congress desires additional consideration to that which will be given the subject by its own committees, then a commission of business experts can be appointed whose duty it should be to recommend action by the congress after a deliberate and sicentific examination of the various schedules as they are affected by the changed and changing conditions. The unhurried and unbiased report of this commission would show what changes should be made in the various schedules, and how far these changes could go without also changing the great prosperity which this country is now enjoying, or upsetting its fixed economic policy.

> The cases in which the tariff can produce a monopoly are so few as to constitute an inconsiderable factor in the question; but of course if in any case it be found that a given rate of duty does promote a monopoly which works ill, no protectionist would object to such reduction of the duty as would equalize competition.

In my judgment, the tariff on anthracite coal should be removed, and anthracite put actually, where it now is nominally, on the free list. This would have no effect at all save in crises; but in crises it might be of service to the people.

OUR FINANCIAL SYSTEM.

Necessity of Elasticity In Our Monetary System.

Interest rates are a potent factor in business activity, and in order that these rates may be equalized to meet the varying needs of the seasons and of widely separated communities, and to prevent the recurrence of financial stringencies which injuriously affect legitimate business, it is necessary that there should be an element of elasticity in our monetary system. Banks are the natural servants of commerce, and upon them should be placed, as far as practicable, the burden of furnishing and maintaining a circulation adequate to supply the needs of our diversified industries and of our domestic and foreign commerce; and the issue of this should be so regulated that a sufficient supply should be always available for the business interests of the country.

> It would be both unwise and unnecessary at this time to attempt to reconstruct our financial system, which has been the growth of a century; but some additional legislation is, I think, desirable.

The mere outline of any plan sufficiently comprehensive to meet these requirements would transgress the appropriate limits of this communication. It is suggested, however, that all future legislation on the subject should be with the view of encouraging the use of such instrumentalities as will automatically supply every legitimate demand of productive industries and of commerce, not only in the amount, but in the character of circulation; and of making all kinds of money interchangeable, and, at the will of the holder, convertible into the established gold standard.

I again call your attention to the need of passing a proper immigration law, covering the points outlined in my message to you at the first session of the present congress; substantially such a bill has already passed the house.

LABOR AND CAPITAL.

Each Must Respect the Rights of the Other.

How to secure fair treatment alike for labor and for capital, how to hold in check the unscrupulous man, whether employer or employe, without weakening individual initiative, without hampering and cramping the industrial development of the country, is a problem fraught with great difficulties and one which it is of the highest importance to solve on lines of sanity and far-sighted common sense as well as of devotion to the right. This is an era of federation and combination. Exactly as business men find they must often work through corporations, and as it is a constant tendency of these corporations to grow larger, so it is often necessary for laboring men to work in federations, and these have become important factors of modern industrial life. Both kinds of federation capitalistic and labor, can do much good, and as a necessary corollary they can both do evil. Opposition to each kind of organization should take the form of opposition to whatever is bad in the conduct of any given corporation or union—not of attacks upon corporations as such nor upon unions as such; for some of the most far-reaching beneficent work for our people has been accomplished through both corporations and unions. Each must refrain from arbitrary or tyrannous interference with the rights of others.

> Organized capital and organized labor alike should remember that in the long run the interest of each must be brought into harmony with the interest of the general public; and the conduct of each must conform to the fundamental rules of obedience to the law, of individual freedom, and of justice and fair dealing toward all.

Each should remember that in addition to power it must strive after the realization of healthy, lofty and generous ideals. Every employer, every wage-worker, must be guaranteed his liberty and his right to do as he likes with his property or his labor, so long as he does not infringe upon the rights of others. It is of the highest importance that employer and employe alike should endeavor to appreciate each the viewpoint of the other and the sure disaster that will come upon both in the long run if either grows to take as habitual an attitude of sour hostility and distrust toward the other. Few people deserve better of the country than those representatives both of capital and labor—and there are many such—who work continually to bring about a good understanding of this kind, based upon wisdom and upon broad and kindly sympathy between employers and employed. Above all, we need to remember that any kind of class animosity in the political world is, if possible, even more wicked, even more destructive to national welfare, than sectional, race or religious animosity. We can get good government only upon condition that we keep true to the principles upon which this nation was founded, and judge each man, not as a part of a class, but upon his individual merits. All that we have a right to ask of any man, rich or poor, whatever his creed, his occupation, his birthplace, or residence, is that he shall act well and honorably by his neighbor and by his country. We are neither for the rich man as such, nor for the poor man as such; we are for the upright man rich or poor. So far as the constitutional powers of the national government touch these matters of general and vital moment to the nation, they should be exercised in conformity with the principles above set forth.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

Creation of the New Department Is Urged.

It is earnestly hoped that a secretary of commerce may be created, with a seat in the cabinet. The rapid multiplication of questions affecting labor and capital, the growth and complexity of the organizations through which both labor and capital now find expression, the steady tendency toward the employment of capital in huge corporations, and the wonderful strides of this country toward leadership in the international business world justify an urgent demand for the creation of such a position. Substantially all the leading commercial bodies in this country have united in requesting its creation. It is desirable that some such measure as that which has already passed the senate be enacted into law. The creation of such a department would in itself be an advance toward dealing with and exercising supervision over the whole subject of the great corporations doing an interstate business; and with this end in view, the congress should endow the department with large powers, which would be increased as experience might show the need.

CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

Urges It as Favoring Our Own Interests.

I hope soon to submit to the senate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba. On May 2 last the United States kept its promise to the island by formally va-

Continued on Page 9.)

Solid Silverware

Gorham Silver

unlike the meretricious productions of anonymous manufacturers is never a mere shell of precious metal filled in with some baser material, but is of solid sterling silver throughout.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

MEDERINE

TRADE MARK

WE GIVE A

Written Guarantee

TO CURE

Rheumatism.

We wish you to write us. All letters answered.

MEDERINE cures all poisons of the Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Skin Diseases. We guarantee to reach the cause and cure these diseases with

MEDERINE

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

JAMES McGOVERN, State Oil Inspector, Dist. 61, West Superior, Wis.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn.

It took only two courses of the MEDERINE treatment to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first course reduced the pain and swelling, and the second cured me. My system is now free from disease.

JAMES McGOVERN.

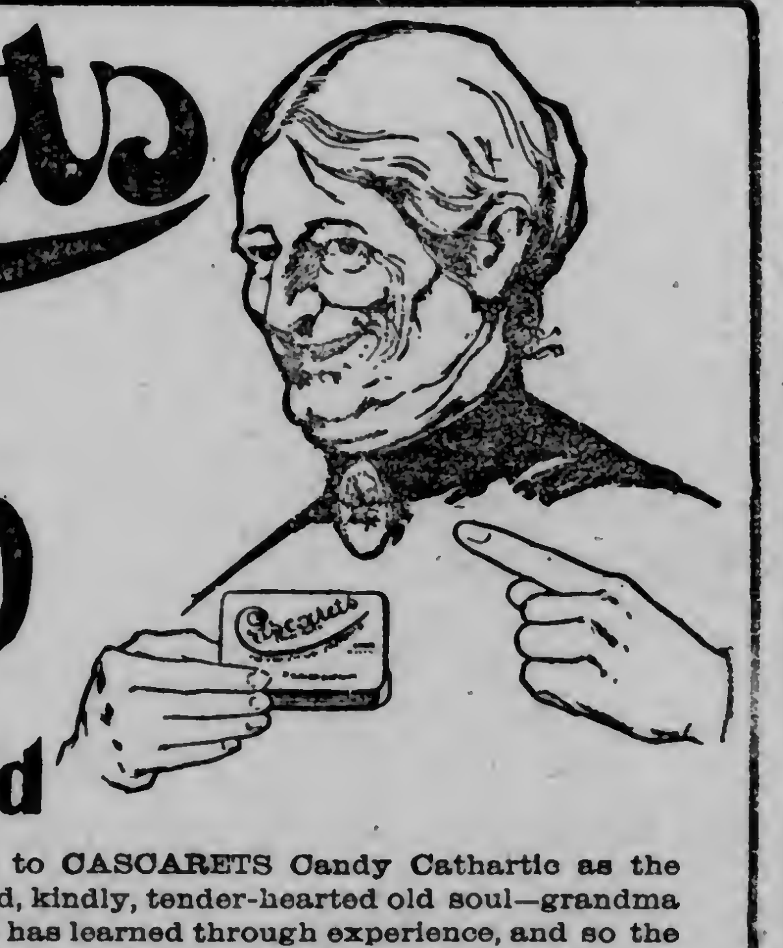
Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5.

Sent express prepaid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
DULUTH, MINN.

Our authorized Agent is

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St.
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Superior St,
Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Superior St.
Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Superior St.
S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.
Emile Peterson, 19th and 21st ave. west.



Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

ANNUAL SALE

10,000,000 BOXES

Greatest in the World

A MILLION GRANDMAS all over America point to CASCARETS Candy Cathartic as the most perfect family medicine ever discovered. Good, kindly, tender-hearted old soul—grandma tries to help others by telling of the good things she has learned through experience, and so the sale of CASCARETS is nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. The wisdom of years of experience with her own health, and grandpa's and her children's, and her children's children's has taught grandma that in CASCARETS Candy Cathartic has been discovered THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY MEDICINE for all bowel troubles, children's diseases, diseases of the stomach and liver, sick headaches, biliousness and bad blood. Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 584

Will instantly relieve and quickly cure Rheumatic Pains, Stiff Joints, Lame Arms, Aching Legs, Weak Backs, Sprains, Bruises, Tired Shoulders, Chilblains, Frostbites, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia and all other like pains. Its a pure and harmless vegetable remedy, so potent that it reaches the cause of bodily aches and pain no matter how obscure it may be.

Kickapoo Oil

WILL RID YOU OF RHEUMATISM

"For a long time I had Inflammatory Rheumatism in my hands and arms. I had not been able to work for months when I tried Kickapoo Indian Oil. I had tried many things and doctored all around without being helped but Kickapoo Indian Oil cured me."—James O'Harra, Somerstown, N. Y.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists

Parties Moving To the West....

Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING....

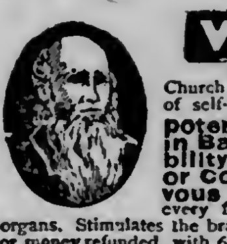
ELECTRIC LIGHT........

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co.

Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295



VIM-VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

Photographed from Life.
1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

FREE TO WOMEN

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address

WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY
329 NO. 15th ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years.

1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St.
New 'Phone, 1471.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WHIRLING SPRAY

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 321, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—

MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Constipation Makes Bad Blood.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURES CONSTIPATION

Constipation is the rotting and decaying of undigested food in the alimentary canal. Disease germs arise from this festering mass, which find their way into the blood. The blood becomes impure and shortly the entire system gives way to the unhealthy condition.

You cannot cure a case like this by taking pills or other common cathartics. A laxative will not do. A blood medicine is ineffective. Mull's Grape Tonic is a gentle and mild laxative in addition to being a blood-making and strength-giving tonic which immediately builds up the wasted body and makes rich, red blood that carries its health-giving strength to every tissue at every heart beat.

Mull's Grape Tonic is made of pure crushed fruit juices and is sold under a positive guarantee.

Doctors prescribe it. All druggists sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

Send 10c to Lightning Medicine Co., Rock, Island, Ill., to cover postage on large sample bottle.

Druggists Supplied by Leithhead Drug Co.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued from Page 8.)

cating Cuban soil and turning Cuba over to those whom her own people had chosen as the first officials of the new republic.

Cuba lies at our doors, and whatever affects her for good or for ill affects us also. So much have our people felt this that in the Platt amendment we definitely took the ground that Cuba must hereafter have closer political relations with us than with any other power. Thus in a sense Cuba has become a part of our international political system. This makes it necessary that in return she should be given some of the benefits of becoming part of our economic system. It is, from our own standpoint, a short-sighted and mischievous policy to fail to recognize this need.

> Moreover, it is unworthy of a mighty and generous nation, itself the greatest and most successful republic in history, to refuse to stretch out a helping hand to a young and weak sister republic just entering upon its career of independence.

We should always fearlessly insist upon our rights in the face of the strong, and we should with ungrudging hand do our generous duty by the weak. I urge the adoption of reciprocity with Cuba not only because it is eminently for our own interests to control the Cuban market and by every means to foster our supremacy in the tropical lands and waters south of us, but also because we of the giant republic of the North should make all our sister nations of the American continent feel that whenever they will permit it we desire to show ourselves disinterestedly and effectively their friend.

A convention with Great Britain has been concluded, which will be at once laid before the senate for ratification providing for reciprocal trade arrangements between the United States and New Foundland on substantially the lines of the convention formerly negotiated by the secretary of state, Mr. Blaine. I believe reciprocal trade relations will be greatly to the advantage of both countries.

ARBITRATION

Should Settle Difficulties Between Civilized Nations.

As civilization grows, warfare becomes less and less the normal condition of foreign relations. The last century has seen a marked diminution of wars between civilized powers; wars with uncivilized powers are largely mere matters of international police duty, essential for the welfare of the world. Wherever possible, arbitration or some similar method should be employed in lieu of war to settle difficulties between civilized nations, although as yet the world has not progressed sufficiently to render it possible, or necessarily desirable, to invoke arbitration in every case. The formation of the international tribunal which sits at The Hague is an event of good omen from which great consequences for the welfare of all mankind may flow. It is far better, where possible, to invoke such a permanent tribunal than to create special arbitrators for a given purpose.

It is a matter of sincere congratulation to our country that the United States and Mexico should have been the first to use the good offices of The Hague court. This was done last summer with most satisfactory results in the case of a claim at issue between us and our sister republic. It is earnestly to be hoped that this first case will serve as a precedent for others, in which not only the United States but foreign nations may take advantage of the machinery already in existence at The Hague.

I commend to the favorable consideration of the congress the Hawaiian fire claims, which were the subject of careful investigation during the last session.

AN ISTHMIAN CANAL

Will Be of Great Benefit to America.

The congress has wisely provided that we shall build at once an isthmian canal, if possible at Panama. The attorney general reports that we can undoubtedly acquire good title from the French Panama canal company. Negotiations are now pending with Colombia to secure her assent to our building the canal. This canal will be one of the greatest engineering feats of the twentieth century—a greater engineering feat than has yet been accomplished during the history of mankind. The work should be carried out as a continuing policy without regard to change of administration, and it should be begun under circumstances which will make it a matter of pride for all administrations to continue the policy.

The canal will be of great benefit to America, and of importance to all the world. It will be of advantage to us industrially and also as improving our military position. It will be of advantage to the countries of tropical America. It is earnestly to be hoped that all of these countries will do as some of them have already done with signal success, and will invite to their shores commerce and improve their material conditions by recognizing that stability and order are the prerequisites of successful development. No independent nation in America need have the slightest fear of aggression from the United States. It behooves each one to maintain order within its own borders and to discharge its just obligations to foreigners. When this is done, they can rest assured that, be they strong or weak, they have nothing to dread from outside interference. More and more the increasing interdependence and complexity of international political and economic relations render it incumbent on all civilized and orderly powers to insist on the proper policing of the world.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

An All-American Line Is Provided For.

During the fall of 1901 a communication was addressed to the secretary of state, asking whether permission would be granted by the president to a corporation to lay a cable from a point on the California coast to the Philippine Islands by way of Hawaii. A statement of conditions or terms upon whic ment of conditions or terms upon which such corporation would undertake to lay and operate a cable was volunteered.

Inasmuch as congress was shortly to convene, and Pacific cable legislation had been the subject of consideration by the congress for several years, it seemed to me wise to defer action upon the application until the congress had first an opportunity to act. The congress adjourned without taking any action, leaving the matter in exactly the same condition in which it stood when the congress convened.

Meanwhile it appears that the Commericial Pacific Cable company had promptly proceeded with preparations for laying its cable. It also made application to the president for access to and use of soundings taken by the United States steamship Nero, for the purpose of discovering a practicable route for a trans-Pacific cable, the company urging that with access to these soundings it could complete its cable much sooner than if it were required to take soundings upon its own account. Pending consideration of this subject, it appeared important and desirable to attach certain conditions to the permission to examine and use the soundings, if it should be granted.

In consequence of this solicitation of the cable company, certain conditions were formulated, upon which the president was willing to allow access to these soundings and to consent to the landing and laying of the cable, subject to any alterations or additions thereto imposed by the congress. This was deemed proper, especially as it was clear that a cable connection of some kind with China, a foreign country, was a part of the company's plan. This course was, moreover, in accordance with a line of precedents, including President Grant's action in the case of the first French cable, explained to the congress in his annual message of December, 1875, and the instance occurring in 1879 of the second French cable from Brest to St. Pierre, with a branch to Cape Cod.

These conditions prescribed, among other things, a maximum rate for commercial messages and that the company should construct a line from the Philippine Islands to China, there being a t present, as is well known, a British line from Manila to Hong Kong.

The representatives of the cable company kept these conditions long under consideration, continuing, in the meantime, to prepare for laying the cable.

> They have, however, at length acceded to them and an all-American line between our Pacific coast and the Chinese empire, by way of Honolulu and the Philippine Islands, is thus provided for, and it is expected within a few months to be ready for business.

Among the conditions is one reserving the power of the congress to modify or repeal any or all of them. A copy of the conditions is herewith transmitted.

Of Porto Rico it is only necessary to say that the prosperity of the island and the wisdom with which it has been governed have been such as to make it serve as an example of all that is best in insular administration.

WORK OF THE ARMY.

War In Philippines Ended—Recommendations Endorsed.

On July 4 last, on the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the declaration of our independence, peace and amnesty were promulgated in the Philippine Islands. Some trouble has since from time to time threatened with the Mohammedan Moros, but with the late insurrectionary Filipinos the war has entirely ceased. Civil government has now been introduced. Not only does each Filipino enjoy such rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness as he has never before known during the recorded history of the islands, but the people as a whole now enjoy a measure of self-government greater than that granted to any other Orientals by any foreign power and greater than that enjoyed by any other Orientals under their own governments, save the Japanese alone. We have not gone too far in granting these rights of liberty and self government; but we have certainly gone to the limit that in the interests of the Philippine people themselves it was wise or just to go. To hurry matters, to go faster than we are now going, would entail calamity on the people of the islands. No policy ever entered into by the American people has vindicated itself in more signal manner than the policy of holding the Philippines. The triumph of our arms, above all the triumph of our laws and principles has come sooner than we had any right to expect. Too much praise can not be given to the army for what it has done in the Philippines both in warfare and from an administrative standpoint in preparing the way for civil government; and similar credit belongs to the civil authorities for the way in which they have planted the seeds of self-government in the ground thus made ready for them. The courage, the unflinching endurance, the high soldierly efficiency, and the genial kind-heartedness and humanity of our troops have been strikingly manifested. There now remain only some fifteen thousand troops in the islands. All told, over one hundred thousand have been sent there.

> Of course, there have been individual instances of wrongdoing among them. They warred under fearful difficulties of climate and surroundings; and under the strain of the terrible provocations which they continually received from their foes, occasional instances of cruel retaliation occurred. Every effort has been made to prevent such cruelties, and finally these efforts have been completely successful.

Every effort has also been made to detect and punish the wrongdoers. After making all allowance for these misdeeds, it remains true that few indeed have been the instances in which war has been waged by a civilized power against semi-civilized or barbarous forces where there has been so little wrongdoing by the victors as in the Philippine Islands. On the other hand, the amount of difficult, important, and beneficent work which has been done is well-nigh incalculable.

Taking the work of the army and the civil authorities together, it may be questioned whether anywhere else in modern times the world has seen a better example of real constructive statesmanship than our people have given in the Philippine Islands. High praise should also be given those Filipinos, in the aggregate very numerous, who have accepted the new conditions and joined with our representatives to work with hearty good will for the welfare of the islands.

The army has been reduced to the minimum allowed by law. It is very small for the size of the nation, and most certainly should be kept at the highest point of efficiency. The senior officers are given scant chance under ordinary conditions to exercise commands commensurate with their rank, under circumstances which would fit them to do their duty in time of actual war. A system of maneuvering our army in bodies of some little size has been begun and should be steadily continued. Without such maneuvers it is folly to expect that in the event of hostilities with any serious foe even a small army corps could be handled to advantage.

> Both our officers and enlisted men are such that we can take hearty pride in them. No better material can be found.

But they must be thoroughly trained, both as individuals and in the mass. The marksmanship of the men must receive special attention. In the circumstances of modern warfare the man must act far more on his own individual responsibility than ever before, and the high individual efficiency of the unit is of the utmost importance. Formerly this unit was the regiment; it is now not the regiment, not even the troop or company; it is the individual soldier. Every effort must be made to develop every workmanlike and soldierly quality in both the officer and the enlisted man.

I urgently call your attention to the need of passing a bill providing for a general staff and for the reorganization of the supply departments on the lines of the bill proposed by the secretary of war last year. When the young officers enter the army from West Point they probably stand above their compeers in any other military service. Every effort should be made, by training, by reward of merit; by scrutiny into their careers and capacity, to keep them of the same high relative excellence throughout their careers.

The measure providing for the reorganization of the militia system and for securing the highest efficiency in the National Guard, which has already passed the house, should receive prompt attention and action. It is of great importance that the relation of the National Guard to the militia and volunteer forces of the United States should be defined, and that in place of our present obsolete laws a practical and efficient system should be adopted.

Provision should be made to enable the secretary of war to keep cavalry and artillery horses, worn-out in long performance of duty. Such horses fetch but a trifle when sold; and rather than turn them out to the misery awaiting them when thus disposed of, it would be better to employ them at light work around the posts, and when necessary to put them painlessly to death.

STATE OF THE NAVY.

Work of Training and Needs of the Service.

For the first time in our history naval maneuvers on a large scale are being held under the immediate command of the admiral of the navy. Constantly increasing attention is being paid to the gunnery of the navy, but it yet far from what it should be. I earnestly urge that the increase asked for by the secretary of the navy in the appropriation for improving the markmanship be granted. In battle the only shots that count are the shots that hit. It is necessary to provide ample funds for practice with the great guns in time of peace. These funds must provide not only for the purchase of projectiles, but for allowance for prizes to encourage the gun crews, and especially the gun pointers, and for perfecting an intelligent system under which alone it is possible to get good practice.

> There should be no halt in the work of building up the navy, providing every year additional fighting craft.

We are a very rich country, vast in extent of territory and great in population; a country, moreover which has an army diminutive indeed when compared with that of any other first-class power. We have deliberately made our own certain foreign policies which demand the possession of a first-class navy. The isthmian canal will greatly increase the efficiency of our navy if the navy is of sufficient size; but if we have an inadequate navy, then the building of the canal would be merely giving a hostage to any power of superior strength. The Monroe doctrine should be treated as the cardinal feature of American foreign policy; but it would be worse than idle to assert it unless we intended to back it up, and it can be backed up only by a thoroughly good navy. A good navy is not a provocative of war. It is the surest guaranty of peace.

Each individual unit of our navy should be the most efficient of its kind as regards both material and personnel that is to be found in the world. I call your special attention to the need of providing for the manning of the ships. Serious trouble threatens us if we can not do better than we are now doing as regards securing the services of a sufficient number of the highest type of sailormen, of sea mechanics. The veteran seamen of our war ships are of as high a type as can be found in any navy which rides the waters of the world; they are unsurpassed in daring, in resolution, in readiness, in thorough knowledge of their profession. They deserve every consideration that can be shown them. But there are not enough for them. It is no more possible to improvise a crew than it is possible to improvise a war ship. To build the finest ship, with the deadliest battery, and to send it afloat with a raw crew, no matter how brave they were individually, would be to insure disaster if a foe of average capacity were encountered. Neither ships nor men can be improvised when war has begun.

> We need a thousand additional officers in order to properly man the ships now provided for and under construction. The classes at the naval school at Annapolis should be greatly enlarged.

At the same time that we thus add the officers where we need them, we should facilitate the retirement of those at the head of the list, whose usefulness has become impaired. Promotion must be fostered if the service is to be kept efficient.

The lamentable scarcity of officers, and the large number of recruits and of unskilled men necessarily put aboard the new vessels as they have been commissioned, has thrown upon our officers, and especially on the lieutenants and junior grades, unusual labor and fatigue, and has gravely strained their powers of endurance. Nor is there sign of any immediate let-up in this strain. It must continue for some time longer, until more officers are graduated from Annapolis, and until the recruits become trained and skillful in their duties. In these difficulties incident upon the development of our war fleet the conduct of all our officers has been creditable to the service, and the lieutenants and junior grades in particular have displayed an ability and a steadfast cheerfulness which entitles them to the ungrudging thanks of all who realize the disheartening trials and fatigues to which they are of necessity subjected.

There is not a cloud on the horizon at present. There seems not the slightest chance of trouble with a foreign power. We must earnestly hope that this state of things may continue; and the way to insure its continuance is to provide for a thoroughly efficient navy. The refusal to maintain such a navy would invite trouble, and if trouble came would insure disaster. Fatuous self-complacency or vanity, or short-sightedness in refusing to prepare for danger, is both foolish and wicked in such a nation as ours; and past experience has shown that such fatuity in refusing to recognize or prepare for any crisis in advance is usually succeeded by a mad panic of hysterical fear once the crisis has actually arrived.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Increased Revenues Show the Country's Prosperity.

The striking increase in the revenues of the postoffice department shows clearly the prosperity of our people and the increasing activity of the business of the country.

The receipts of the postoffice department for the fiscal year ending June 30 last amounted to $121,848,047.26, an increase of $10,216,853.87 over the preceding year, the largest increase known in the history of the postal service. The magnitude of this increase will best appear from the fact that the entire postal receipts for the year 1860 amounted to but $8,518,067.

Rural free delivery service is no longer in the experimental stage; it has become a fixed policy. The results following its introduction have fully justified the congress in the large appropriations made for its establishment and extension. The average yearly increase in postoffice receipts in the rural districts of the country is about 2 per cent. We are now able, by actual results, to show that where rural free-delivery service has been established to such an extent as to enable us to make comparisons the yearly increase has been upward of 10 per cent.

On Nov. 1, 1902, 11,650 rural free delivery routes had been established and were in operation, covering about one-third of the territory of the United States available for rural free-delivery service. There are now awaiting the action of the department petitions and applications for the establishment of 10,748 additional routes. This shows conclusively the want which the stablishment of the service has met and the need of further extending it as rapidly as possible. It is justified both by the financial results and by the practical benefits of our rural population; it brings the men who live on the soil into close relations with the active business world; it keeps the farmer in daily touch with the markets; it is a potential educational force; it enhances the value of farm property, makes farm life far pleasanter and less isolated, and will do much to check the undesirable current from country to city.

It is to be hoped that the congress will make liberal appropriations for the continuance of the service already established and for its further extension.

THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

National Irrigation and the Public Lands.

Few subjects of more importance have been taken up by the congress in recent years than the inauguration of the system of nationally-aided irrigation for the arid regions of the far West. A good beginning therein has been made. Now that this policy of national irrigation has been adopted, the need of thorough and scientific forest protection will grow more rapidly than ever throughout the public land states.

Legislation should be provided for the protection of the game, and the wild creatures generally, on the forest reserves. The senseless slaughter of game which can by judicious protection be permanently preserved on our national reserves for the people as a whole, should be stopped at once. It is, for instance, a serious count against our national good sense to permit the present practice of butchering off such a stately and beautiful creature as the elk for its antlers or tusks.

> So far as they are available for agriculture, and to whatever extent they may be reclaimed under the national irrigation law, the remaining public lands should be held rigidly for the home builder, the settler who lives on his land, and for no one else

In their actual use the desert land law, the timber and stone law, and the commutation clause of the homestead law have been so preverted from the intention with which they were enacted as to permit the acquisition of large areas of the public domain for other than actual settlers and the consequent prevention of settlement. Moreover, the approaching exhaustion of the public ranges has of late led to much discussion as to the best manner of using these public lands in the West which are suitable chiefly or only for grazing. The sound and steady development of the West depends upon the building up of homes therein. Much of our prosperity as a nation has been due to the operation of the homestead law. On the other hand, we should recognize the fact that in the grazing region the man who corresponds to the homesteader may be unable to settle permanently if only allowed to use the same amount of pasture land that his brother, the homesteader, is allowed to use of arable land. One hundred and sixty acres of fairly rich and well-watered soil, or a much smaller amount of irrigated land, may keep a family in plenty, whereas no one could get a living from one hundred and sixty acres of dry pasture land capable of supporting at the outside only one head of cattle to every ten acres. In the past great tracts of the public domain have been fenced in by persons having no title thereto, in direct defiance of the law forbidding the maintenance or construction of any such unlawful inclosure of public land. For various reasons there has been little interference with such inclosures in the past, but ample notice has now been given the trespassers, and all the resources at the command of the government will hereafter be used to put a stop to such trespassing.

In view of the capital importance of these matters, I commend them to the earnest consideration of congress, and if the congress finds difficulty in dealing with them from lack of thorough knowledge of the subject, I recommend that provision be made for a commission of experts esecially to investigate and report upon the complicated questions involved.

FOR THE FARMERS.

Work That Is Being Done For Them.

In no department of governmental work in recent years has there been greater success than in that of giving aid to the farming population, thereby showing them how most efficiently to help themselves. There is no need of insisting upon its importance, for the welfare of the farmer is fundamentally necessary to the welfare of the republic as a whole. In addition to such work as quarantine against animal and vegetable plagues, and warning against them when here introduced, much efficient help has been rendered to the farmer by the introduction of new plants specially fitted for cultivation under the peculiar conditions existing in different portions of the country. New cereals have been established in the semi-arid West. For instance, the practicability of producing the best types of macaroni wheats in regions of an annual rainfall of only 10 inches or thereabouts has been conclusively demonstrated. Through the introduction of new rices in Louisiana and Texas the production of rice in this country has been made to about equal the home demand. In the Southwest the possibility of regrassing overstocked range lands has been demonstrated; in the North many new forage crops have been introduced, while in the East it has been shown that some of our choicest fruits can be stored and shipped in such a way as to find a profitable market abroad.

I again recommend to the favorable consideration of the congress the plans of the Smithonian institution for making the museum under its charge worthy of the nation, and for preserving at the national capital not only records of the vanishing races of men, but of the animals of this continent which, like the buffalo, will soon become extinct unless specimens from which their representatives may be renewed are sought in their native regions and maintained there in safety.

THE INDIANS

Should Be Taught to Earn Their Living

In dealing with the Indians our aim should be their ultimate absorption into the body of our people. But in many cases this absorption must and should be very slow. In portions of the Indian Territory the mixture of blood has gone on at the same time with progress in wealth and education, so that there are plenty of men with varying degrees of purity of Indian blood who are absolutely indistinguishable in point of social, political, and economic ability from their white associates. There are other tribes which have as yet made no perceptible advance toward such equality. To try to force such tribes too fast is to prevent their going forward at all. Moreover, the tribes live under widely different conditions. Where a tribe has made considerable advance and lives on fertile farming soil it is possible to allot the members lands in severalty much as is the case with white settlers. There are other tribes where such a course is not desirable. On the arid prairie lands the effort should be to induce the Indians to lead pastoral rather than agricultural lives, and to permit to settle in villages rather than to force them into isolation.

The large Indian schools situated remote from any Indian reservation do a special and peculiar work of great importance. But, excellent though these are, an immense amount of addition work must be done on the reservations themselves among the old, and above all among the young Indians.

> The first and most important step toward the absorption of the Indian is to teach him to earn his living; yet it is not necessarily to be assumed that in each community all Indians must become either tillers of the soil or stock raisers.

Their industries may properly be diversified, and those who show special desire or adaptability for industrial or even commercial pursuits should be encouraged so far as practicable to follow out each his own bent.

Every effort should be made to develop the Indian along the lines of natural aptitude, and to encourage the existing native industries peculiar to certain tribes, such as the various kinds of basket weaving, canoe building, smith work, and blanket work. Above all, the Indian boys and girls should be given confident command of collequial English, and should ordinarily be prepared for a vigorous struggle with the conditions under which their people live, rather than for immediate absorption into some more highly developed community.

The officials who represent the government in dealing with the Indians work under hard conditions, and also under conditions which render it easy to do wrong and very difficult to detect wrong. Consequently they should be amply paid on the one hand, and on the other hand a particularly high standard of conduct should be demanded from them, and where misconduct can be proved the punishment should be exemplary.

LEGISLATION FOR ALASKA.

Good Land Law Needed to Encourage Settlement.

I especially urge upon the congress the need of wise legislation for Alaska. It is not to our credit as a nation that Alaska, which has been ours for thirty-five years, should still have as poor a system of laws as is the case. No country has a more valuable possession—in mineral wealth, in fisheries, furs, forests, and also in land available for certain kinds of farming and stockgrowing. It is a territory of great size and varied resources, well fitted to support a large permanent population. Alaska needs a good land law and such provisions for homesteads and pre-emptions as will encourage permanent settlement. We should shape legislation with a view not to the exploiting and abandoning of the territory, but to the building up of homes therein. The land laws should be liberal in type, so as to hold out inducements to the actual settler whom we most desire to see take possession of the country. The forests of Alaska should be protected, and, as a secondary but still important matter, the game also, and at the same time it is imperative that the settlers should be allowed to cut timber under proper regulations, for their own use. Laws should be enacted to protect the Alaskan salmon fisheries against the greed which would destroy them. They should be preserved as a permanent industry and food supply. Their management and control should be turned over to the commission of fish and fisheries. Alaska should have a delegate in the congress. It would be well if a congressional committee could visit Alaska and investigate its needs on the ground.

CITY OF WASHINGTON

Should Be a Model For All the Cities.

The District of Columbia is the only part of our territory in which the national government exercises local or municipal functions, and where, in consequence, the government has a free hand in reference to certain types of social and economic legislation which must be essentially local or municipal in their character. The government should see to it, for instance, that the hygenic and sanitary legislation affecting Washington is of a high character. The evils of slum dwellings, whether in the shape of crowded and congested tenement-house district or of the back-alley type, should never be permitted to grow up in Washington. The city should be a model in every respect for all the cities of the country. The charitable and correctional systems of the District should receive consideration at the hands of the congress to the end that they may embody the results of the most advanced thought in these fields. Moreover, while Washington is not a great industrial city, there is some industrialism here, and our labor legislation, while it would not be important in itself, might be made a model for the rest of the nation. We should pass, for instance, a wise employer's-liability act for the District of Columbia, and we need such an act in our navy yards. Railroad companies in the District ought to be required by law to block their frogs.

The safety appliance law, for the better protection of the lives and limbs of railway employees, which was passed in 1893, went into full effect on August 1, 1901. It has resulted in averting thousands of casualties. Experience shows, however, the necessity of additional legislation to perfect this law. A bill to provide for this passed the senate at the last session. It is to be hoped that some such measure may now be enacted into law.

MASSES OF DOCUMENTS

Printed For Which There Is No Demand.

There is a growing tendency to provide for the publication of masses of documents for which there is no public demand and for the printing of which there is no real necessity. Large numbers of volumes are turned out by the government printing presses for which there is no justification. Nothing should be printed by any of the departments unless it contains something of permanent value, and the congress could with advantage cut down very materially on all the printing which it has now become customary to provide. The excessive cost of government printing is a strong argument against the position of those who are inclined on abstract grounds to advocate the government's doing any work which can with propriety be left in private hands.

> Gratifying progress has been made during the year in the extension of the merit system of making appointments in the government service. It should be extended by law to the District of Columbia. It is much to be desired that our consular system be established by law on a basis providing for appointment and promotion only in consequence of proved fitness.

Through a wise provision of the congress at its last session the White House, which had become disfigured by incongruous additions and changes, has now been restored to what it was planned to be by Washington. In making the restorations the utmost care has been exercised to come as near as possible to the early plans and to supplement these plans by a careful study of such buildings as that of the University of Virginia, which was built by Jefferson. The White House is the property of the nation, and so far as is compatible with living therein it should be kept as it originally was, for the same reasons that we keep Mount Vernon as it originally was. The stately simplicity of its architecture is an expression of the character of the period in which it was built, and is in accord with the purpose it was designed to serve. It is a good thing to preserve such buildings as historic monuments which keep alive our sense of continuity with the nation's past.

The reports of the several executive departments are submitted to the congress with this communication.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food" for Brain and Muscle

PURE, PALATABLE, POPULAR

Millions Are Eating MALTA-VITA "The Perfect Food"

Removes the Cause of Dyspepsia and Insomnia

Malta-Vita is the vital, the life-giving food; the invigorator of brain and body.

Malta-Vita is rich in phosphates, or brain food

Malta-Vita is the original and only perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food.

Malta-Vita contains all of the gluten of the whole wheat, and is the peer of all prepared foods as a bone and muscle builder.

Perfect Health is Sustained by a Perfect Food

Malta-Vita, "the perfect food," eaten for breakfast and supper, insures perfect digestion, and removes all causes of insomnia and dyspepsia. 90% of the ills of life are due to poor digestion. Perfect health, sound restful sleep, clear complexion, bright eyes, clean, white teeth, sweet breath, are the blessings that follow a regular diet of Malta-Vita.

Beware of Imitations. Insist on getting Malta-Vita, "the perfect food." Requires no cooking,—always ready to eat.

Malta-Vita is so prepared as to be easily digested and assimilated by old and young, sick or well. Large packages at 15 cents at your grocers.

Malta-Vita Pure Food Co.

Battle Creek, Michigan Toronto, Canada

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

After Ruling Steady Market Becomes Strong and Higher.

Lower Cables Caused Early Weakness---Good Buying Develops.

Flax Quiet and Firmer, Especially December Option.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 2.—The wheat market started out easier this morning, the chief cause of the weakness being lower cables, but prices kept quite steady within a narrow range, continuing so until about 11:30 o'clock, and then taking on considerable strength under good buying and advancing sharply. The Eastern demand was fair and shippers placed 125,000 bus for Eastern shipment and about three loads were worked for export. The Liverpool market closed ¼-⅜d lower, Paris ⅛c higher, and Antwerp ⅝c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,328,000 bus, last year 1,490,000 bus. Shipments 946,000 bus, last year 1,779,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 1,393,000 bus. Bradstreets reported a decrease of 1,120,000 bus in the world's visible supply.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅛d higher. December corn in the Chicago market closed 1⅝c higher and May ⅝c higher. December oats closed ¼-⅜c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 679,000 bus, last year 406,000 bus. Shipments 287,000 bus, last year 708,000 bus. Clearances were 153,000 bus. Bradstreets reported an increase of 926,000 bus in the world's visible supply of corn.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 1017 cars, and at Chicago 86, a total of 1103 cars, against 1418 last week and 1129 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth floor was quiet and the market during the early part of the session was fairly steady, though inclined to weakness. The advance about noon carried it upward quickly. May opened unchanged at 73½c, sold at 73⅜c at 9:35, sold again at 73½c at 9:46, fell to 73⅜c at 10:49, and then at 73¼c at 10:50, continuing steady there until toward 11:30, when it started upward and at 11:30 sold at 74⅛c and at 74c at 1:07. It closed at the last named price. This was an advance of ⅞c. December advanced ⅝c.

Cash premiums were ¾c over December for 1 northern, 4c under No. 1 for No. 2 and 1c under for No. 3. Cash sales were 225,000 bus.

Flax was quiet and firmer. December and cash stuff being particularly strong, making an advance of ¾c. May closed ¼c up and sold at one time ¼c higher than that. Oats fell off 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, cash 1 hard, 73½c; 1 northern, 72c, 2 northern 70c; 3 spring, 68c; to arrive 1 hard, 73½c; 1 northern, 72c; December, 71¼c; May, 74⅜c. Macaroni, No. 1, 68c; No. 2, 66c. Oats, December, 31c; May, 31c; on track, 31c; to arrive, 31c. Rye, May, 51c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley, 35@51c. Flax, cash, $1.17¾; on track, $1.17¾; to arrive, $1.17¾; December, $1.17¾; January, $1.18¼; May, $1.22½. Cars inspected—Wheat, 581; last year, 698; oats, 4; rye, 5; barley, 45; flax, 258. Receipts—Wheat, 526,166; oats, 7103; rye, 3131; barley, 54,618; flax, 187,089. Shipments—Wheat, 692,825; oats, 26,494; barley, 181,805; flax, 332,643.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 3 cars	$0.72⅝
No. 1 hard wheat, 6 cars	72¼
No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	72¼
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	71⅝
No. 1 northern, 63 cars	71¼
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	71¼
No. 1 northern, 11 cars	71⅜
No. 1 northern, 18,000 bus	71⅝
No. 1 northern, 10 cars	71½
No. 2 northern, 25 cars	69¼
No. 2 northern, 3500 bus	69¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69⅝
Rejected, 1 car	64⅝
Rejected, 1 car	62½
Rejected, 1 car	67¾
Barley, 1 car	51
Barley, 1 car	42
Barley, 1 car	46
Barley, 2 cars	41
Barley, 1 car	41
Flax, 1000 bus cash	117
Flax, 18 cars	1.17¼
Flax, 5 cars	1.17½
Flax, 1 car	1.18
Flax, 4 cars, rejected	1.13½
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.14

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Easy While Corn Had Strong Opening.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Wheat was easier at the opening today on lower cables. Rumors that the chief long operator had entirely disposed of his immense holdings caused considerable selling by locals with December leading the decline. There was fair demand for May around 75c and that month held steady the first hour after opening a shade to ⅛c lower at 74⅞@75c to 75c. Small receipts both local and in the Northwest were among sustaining factors. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 1103 cars against 1418 cars last week and 1129 cars a year ago.

The market was strong the latter part of the session, due to the small increase in Bradstreets world's visible supply and also to the large clearances. The close was at higher figures with May up ⅞c at 75⅞@76c, after selling off to 74⅝c earlier with a subsequent rally to 76c.

Unfavorable weather and firm cables caused a strong opening in corn, but the trading was only light, there being a good demand for December but the offerings for that delivery were not large. Although the local receipts were large at 302 cars, there were only three cars that graded contract and this fact was a bull influence during the first part of the day. May opened a shade to ¼c higher at 42⅞ to 43@⅛ and later sold up to 53¼.

Corn closed strong on covering, with May ⅝c higher at 43⅜@½c.

The wet weather was a bull factor in oats and there was a good demand for May at the opening, which was a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 32⅝ to 32½c. Cash houses and shippers were the principal buyers while the selling was scattered. Local receipts were 181 cars.

Lower prices for hogs at the yards with liberal receipts imparted an easier tone to provisions at the start and there was a little selling by locals although the offerings were not heavy.

January pork 5c lower at $15.77½. January lard was 2½@5c off at $9.42½, while ribs were down 5@7½c at $8.07½.

Close: Wheat—December, 72½@⅝c; May, 75⅞@76c; July, 73⅜c. Corn—December, 55⅛c; January, 48⅛c; May, 43⅛@½c; July, 42⅜c. Oats—December, 31⅛@¼c; old December, 29⅜c; May, 32⅝c. Pork—January, $15.82½; May, $15.02½. Lard—December, $10.10; January, $9.47½; May, $8.80. Ribs—January, $8.15; May, $8.00. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.20; Southwestern, $1.14; December, $1.11; May, $1.22½. Rye—December, 48c; May, 51½c. Barley—Cash, 36@58c. Timothy—January, $4.20. Clover—December, $10.90. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 74c; No. 3 red, 70@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 71½@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½c; No. 3 spring, 68@71c. Corn—No. 2, 53@54c; No. 3, 53@54c. Oats—No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29½c.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. A. J. CUMMINGS, Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in . . . . . Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—308 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. Both 'Phones.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was active. After early weakness it turned strong on the large clearances which induced the sharp covering of shorts. There was some buying of wheat through brokers which is credited to Armour, but a morning paper states that his deal is closed up and we are inclined to thing the article was semi-official. The December May spread continues to widen as we have predicted all along it would do. There is no concentrated ownership of December wheat and it costs 5c to carry it to May. It looks to us like a scalping market, with no great movement either way likely. Estimated cars, 40.

Corn—Unsettled weather is predicted, but the strength came from the cash demand. Navigation closes on the 5th instant and this makes some urgency in the buying for shipment. The Southwest markets report a good cash demand. With these conditions it does not seem that May corn selling at 12c or more discount will hurt the buyer. Estimated cars, 180.

Oats—Market rather more active and firm. Receipts are moderate and there is a good cash demand for all grades of oats. On the whole the tone of the market is better and there is more activity. Estimated cars, 225.

* * *

Chicago: Duluth—Cash business here yesterday was 30,000 bushels corn and 10,000 bushels oats. At the seaboard exporters bought 364 bushels wheat, 112,000 bushels corn and 80,000 bushels oats. Duluth sold 250,000 bushels wheat for Eastern shipment and 72,000 bushels for export.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	70⅞B	71	72-⅛	79⅝A
High	71¼B	71¾	72¾	80
Low	70⅞	70⅞	71⅞	79⅜
Close	71¼B	71¾	72½-⅝B	80
May—				
Open	73½A	73⅛-¼	74⅞-75	78¾-⅞
High	74⅜	74	76	79⅝
Low	73⅜	73	74¾	78¾-⅞
Close	74⅜B	74	75⅞-76	79⅝A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. January
Open	32⅝@32½	43⅞@43⅛	$15.75
High	32⅝	43⅝-½	15.82
Low	32⅜	42⅞	15.67
Close	32⅝	43⅜-½	15.82

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 73⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 74c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 1.—Close: Wheat—December, 80¼c; May, 79⅝c. Corn—December, 59¾c; May, 48⅜c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 2.—Close: Wheat—December, 71¾c; May, 74c; on track, 1 hard, 74c; 1 northern, 73c; 2 northern, 71⅝c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—Wheat—Spot firm; 2 red winter, 5s 10d; 1 northern spring, no stock; 1 California, 6s 7½d; futures steady; December, 5s 10½d; March, 5s 11½d; May, 5s 11⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, 5s 5d; futures steady; January, 4s 1⅝d; March, 4s 2¼d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 145,000 centals, including 120,000 American. Receipts American corn during the past three days, 300 centals. Weather dull.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barnett & Zimmerman report that the opening of the market showed indication of an active trade this week. Buyers were well represented, besides a large number of inquiries for logging horses from the northern portion of Minnesota and Wissonsin were had. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180 @ 235
Drafters, choice	140@180
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 9000; market, dull; good to prime steers, $5.75@7.00; poor to medium, $3.00@5.75; stockers and feeders, $4.00@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.75; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.75; Texas-fed steers, $3.00@4.35; Western steers, $2.50@4.75. Hogs—Receipts today, 45,000; tomorrow, 40,000; left over, 5000; market 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.80@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.50; rough heavy, $5.70@6.10; light, $5.65@6.05; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.15. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; market lower; good to choice wethers, $3.60@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@3.60; Western sheep, $2.70@2.80; native lambs, $3.70@5.25; Western lambs, $3.75@5.00. Official yesterday: Receipts cattle, 37,684; hogs, 44,164; sheep, 55,813. Shipments—Cattle, 4534; hogs, 4647; sheep, 3120.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—There was a very large and active trade in wheat today and the market after a spell of weakness early, later in the day became strong and prices sharply advanced on covering by shorts, as well as good buying for long account. The routine news was generally favorable to the bull side and the market closed firm with every indication of going higher. Liverpool reported their market as steady, x@⅜d lower, in sympathy with our decline of yesterday. Continued markets were firm. Paris was higher. There was a good demand for cash wheat, both here and at the Northwest, and the seaboard reported a good export demand there. Cars tomorrow, 40.

The corn market ruled firm all day on covering by shorts and later in sympathy with the strength in wheat. The weather was generally unsettled. Foreign markets were firm. Liverpool closed ⅛d higher for the day. Country offerings were moderate. Cash demand was fairly goood. Cars for tomorrow, 180.

Oats ruled firm all day with a moderate trade, and closed at a fair gain over last night. Country offerings were moderate; cash demand continues good. Cars for tomorrow, 125.

Provisions opened weak on excessive receipts hogs here and elsewhere. There was considerable liquidation of pork and ribs and at the decline some of packers covered hedges. Volume trade light, considering fluctuations and smaller traders completely at sea, closing was strong at about yesterday's closing prices. Receipts hogs are very heavy and it is unfair to compare the hogs we are now receiving, excellent in quality and weight, with last year's larger receipts of pigs and half-fed hogs. Stocks published are about as expected and cut little figure. Market sensitive and easily influenced by grain, but purchases on breaks have paid well lately. Hogs tomorrow, 46,000.

CROP CONDITIONS

For November Shown By the Weather Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The weather bureau has issued the following statement of crop conditions for November:

The month was marked by exceptionally mild temperatures in all districts east of the Rocky mountains, with excessively heavy rains on the North Pacific coast and from the Lower Missouri valley to the west gulf coast and more than the average amount over a large portion of the South Atlantic and east gulf states.

The reports generally show that winter wheat was in a very promising condition at the close of the month. With ample moisture and exceptionally mild temperatures throughout the month the crop made rapid advancement and too rank growth is very generally reported from the central valleys, Oklahoma and Texas. In the early sown the Hessian fly has appeared extensively, but this pest has not affected the late sown, which constituted much the greater part of the total acreage. In Texas some fields of the early sown are from twelve to eighteen inches higher and are liable to injury from cold. On the North Pacific coast the weather has been very unfavorable for seeding.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	26 @ 28
Creamery, tubs	25 @ 27
Dairies, fancy	20 @ 22
Packing stock	14 @ 15
EGGS.	
Fresh	23½
Storage	22
CHEESE	
Twins, full cream	13½
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Brick cheese, No. 1	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15
Primos	7½
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75 @ 3 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 50
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 85
California pears	2 50
California peaches	75 @ 85
Cranberries	8 50 @ 9 00
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 50 @ 4 75
Catawba grapes, basket	23 @ 24
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 15
Mexican oranges	4 00 @ 4 50
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50 @ 7 00
California Oranges	3 50
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10
Beets, bu	50
Carrots, bushel	65
Cabbage, per crate	65
Turnips, bushel	40
Parsnips, per 100	1 25
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce	1 25
Green onions, per dozen	65 @ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per dozen	1 50
Citron	75
Cauliflower, basket	2 25
Mint, per dozen	30
Radishes, per doz bunches	65 @ 75
Potatoes	43
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 25
Red cabbage	75
Pumpkins	1 25
Squash	1 25
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	5
Rice corn, shelled	6
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	8½
Geese	11
Turkeys	13 @ 14
Ducks	12
Spring chickens	11
MEATS.	
Mutton	6
Lamb	9
Veal good	8
Dressed beef	5½ 8½
Hogs	7½@ 8½
Pork loins	9
Pure lard	11¼
Compound lard	7½

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Butter, firm; creamery, 18@28c; dairies, 17@24c. Eggs, steady; loss off, cases returned, 24c. Cheese, steady; twins, 11@½c; daisies, 11½@12c; Young Americas, 11½@12c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 2.—Butter—Receipts, 3828 packages, firm. State dairy, 20@27c; extra creamery, 29c; creamery, common to choice, 20@28c. Cheese—Receipts, 5150 packages, firm. New state full cream fancy small colored, September, 13c; late made, 12¾c; small white, September, 13¼c; large late made, 12¾c; colored and white, September, 13¼c; ditto late made, 12¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 806 packages, firm. State and Pennsylvania average best, 28@29c; western fancy graded, 26@27c; poor to prime, 20@25c; refrigerated, 18@21c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 2.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2 points and promptly rallied 8 to 10 points further, with parties who were selling on yesterday's decline buying this morning to secure profits. There was a pretty good run of investment orders on renewed apprehensions of a bullish "bureau." Buying was arrested to some extent on the fact that receipts were looking up a little. A strong demand for March developed, which was supposed to be largely for Wall street account. The early market had the support of buying orders from the South and Europe, with spot interests showing a preference, as heretofore, for the near positions.

Cotton spot closed firm, 5 points up; mid ups $8.55; mid gulf $8.80; sales 500 bales. Cotton futures steady. December, $8.35; January $8.35; February, $8.22; March $8.26; April $8.26; May, $8.28; June, $8.29; July $8.30; August, $8.12.

REACTION IN STOCKS

After the Early Part of the Session Was Strong.

Due to Advance In the Rate For Call Money.

But Little Interest Manifested Except By the Professionals.

New York, Dec. 2.—Prices moved upward at the opening in a moderate volume of dealings. There was no conspicuous feature, but the good demand caused large fractional gains in St. Paul, Rock Island, New York Central, United States Steel preferred and Metropolitan Street Railway.

Some of the prominent railroad stocks were lifted strongly, while there were sales of the local transactions. St. Paul and Louisville & Nashville gained 2⅛, New York Central 1⅞ and Illinois Central, Pennsylvania, Missouri Pacific and other less active sticks a point or over. Sugar rose 1½ and United States Steel preferred 1¼. Realizing in Brooklyn Transit and Metropolitan depressed them a point from the best. At 11 o'clock the market was irregular.

A belated rise of 1⅝ C. & O. did not check the sagging tendency which developed with a diminution of activity. Apparently the presentation of the president's message to congress was awaited. The sustained firmness of the money rates at 6 per cent and a transfer of $350,000 to San Francisco were encouraging factors. St. Paul, New York Central, Hocking Valley, Amalgamated Copper, Sugar and the local transactions reacted 1 to 1½. Louisville rose again to 132¾, Colorado Fuel gained 1½, and the market steadied. Bonds were slightly irregular at noon.

But little interest was manifested in the stock market. Prices of active stocks worked slowly downwards after the publication of the president's message, despite the continued demand for Louisville & Nashville, which carried it up 3⅜.

A rise to 59c in Amalgamated Copper caused a momentary check to the decline which was then renewed. St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville and Sugar fell 2 points or more below their top prices. The level of prices fell generally below last night's close. The net declines in the local tractions, Reading, Baltimore & Ohio, Hocking Valley and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis reached 1 to 2 points.

The market showed no rallying power and after a dull pause the whole market gave way sharply on free selling. The local tractions were the chief sufferers, losing from 2⅝ to 5 points, the latter Manhattan. Hocking valley dropped 3⅛ and there was a liberal sprinkling of 1 to 2 points losses. The closing was dull and heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	59	56⅞	57
American Sugar	123½	120½	120¾
Anaconda	88	87¾	87¾
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	84⅜	82¾	83
do pfd	99⅜	98¾	98¾
Baltimore & Ohio	100¾	98⅝	98⅞
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	67¾	64½	64⅜
Canadian Pacific	129¾	127¾	127¾
Chesapeak & Ohio	48¼	46½	46½
Chicago & Alton	34½	33¼	33¼
Chicago Great Western	26⅛	25¾	25¾
Chic., Mil. & St. P	178⅛	175¼	175¾
Chic., Rock Island & P	44⅞	42¾	43
Rhode Island pfd	84½	82¼	82¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	88½	87	88
Duluth, S. S. & A	17¾	17¾	17¾
do pfd	26	25½	26
Erie Common	34¾	33¾	33⅞
Great Northern	189	189	189
Illinois Central	146½	144¾	145
Iowa Central	40¾	40	40
do pfd	69¼	68½	69
Louisville & Nashville	134¼	130	130⅛
Manhattan Elevated	156½	151	151
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	75¾	74¼	74¼
do pfd	125	125	125
Missouri Pacific	108½	106½	106⅞
New York Central	157¼	154	154¼
Norfolk & Western	72	71	71
Pennsylvania	158¾	156¾	157¼
People's Gas of Chgo	103	101⅛	101⅛
Reading	62¼	60	60
Republic Steel & Iron	21	19⅞	19⅞
Southern Pacific	64⅜	62⅞	62⅞
Southern Railway	33⅜	32⅛	32⅛
Tennessee Coal & Iron	58	57⅛	57⅛
Union Pacific	101½	99⅝	99¾
United States Leather	12¾	12½	12⅝
U. S. Steel	37⅛	36¼	36¼
do pfd	84½	83½	83⅝
Wabash	30	29	29
Western Union	88	87⅞	87⅞
Wisconsin Central	26	25¼	25¼
do pfd	51⅝	50¼	50¼
Northern Securities	108⅛	.....	108⅜

The total sales were 703,406 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: It's getting clearer every day that the corner was turned on Nov. 15. The question is how long the trend will continue to be upward before another break. However, unless there are some untoward hapenings, prices ought to creep upwards until about the middle of December. There are ten people short of Manhattan where one is long. On merits Metropolitan ought to be worth nearly as much as Manhattan. Buy Tennessee Coal & Iron, Atchison, Baltimore & Ohio, Norfolk, New York Central, Illinois Central, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, Missouri Pacific and Rhode Island. Should there be a reaction purchases can be made in anticipation of higher market Wednesday.

* * *

Sutro to Paine, Webber & Co.: Bullish opinions were expressed last evening by the most conservative houses. It is also stated on excellent authority that one of the big factories in National City Bank affairs had become a bull and that there would be no flurry in money at the close of the year, as Wall street has apprehended.

* * *

Dowe-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: In the afternoon the tone was not so confident as in the morning. There seemed to be a good deal of distributing of stock. St. Paul sold off on pressure of this kind and there seemed to be very good selling order in Union Pacific. Like most sales of this kind there was no offer to sell Union Pacific down but willingness to distribute stock as long as the market was broad. A copper was helped by covering by some Boston shorts, but selling when it touched 59 looked good.

* * *

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The feeling is that of more hopefulness. Some bears are advising purchases on declines instead of sales on rallies. The money question is still with us and will admit of no marked rise. London is getting a little nervous over money. We think this rally should be used to take profits. The president's message cannot be favorable to trusts as the present bulge would indicate. It must be in line with previous utterances. Some thing Brooklyn Rap'd Transit has turned the corner for good and will henceforth show increases. Eries should be bought on breaks even during the coal strike, the road earned full dividends of 4 per cent on first and second pfd. and something on common.

* * *

Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. to Paine, Webber & Co.: There was little beside professional trading in today's market. Early it was strong, best prices being made before one o'clock. The reaction in the afternoon had as its basis the advance in the rate for call money due, it was surmised, to the payments on subscriptions to new Illinois Central stock, but it is to be expected that the shifting of funds this month will keep money rates pretty well up. The president's message had little in it to influence stock exchange values. Traders in the afternoon sold stocks all around and worked for lower prices.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine Webber & Co.: Another bull movement gone wrong. The president's message seemed a surprise to the street but it was not as big as 7 per cent money. Wall street continues to look to the outside for the causes of depression and for hopes or relief when the trouble is right at home. The condition of New York stocks is bad. They are getting no help from the outside and are losing money to the treasury department even without the exports of gold. These conditions do not in our judgment make a bull market at all likely. On the contrary we think they are more likely to have a house cleaning between now and the end of the month.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14¼	15
Arcadian	4¼	.....
Allouez	2⅜	2¾
Atlantic	7	8
Anaconda	21½	22
Amalgamated	56¾	57
Calumet & Hecla	415	420
Centennial	16	16¾
Copper Range	55½	56
Franklin	8	9
Isle Royale	.....	12
Bingham	26¼	27
Mass	14	14¼
Mayflower	1½	2
National	1½	2
Mohawk	37¼	38
Michigan	7	8
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	..	16
Osceola	49½	50
Parrot	22½	22¾
Phoenix	3¾	4¼
Quincy	100	105
Rhode Island	1½	¾
Santa Fe	1½	2
Tamarack	144	145
Tecumseh	50	75
Tri-Mountain	92	93
Utah	22¾	22⅞
Victoria	5	5¼
Winona	3½	3¾
Wolverine	59	60
Green Con.	25	26
Wyandot	75c	$1.00
Elm River	1⅞	2
Trinity	8⅝	9
Dominion Coal	128	129
Daily-West	37	38
D. Steel	55¼	56
L. S. & Pittsburg	75	80
U. S. Mining	21⅝	21¾
Calumet & Pittsburg	75	.....
U. S. Oil	14	14¼
Mercur	1¾	1⅞
Calumet & Arizona	90	95

COPPER GOSSIP.

Hayden, Stone & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: United States Mining was the feature again today, about 10,000 shares being traded in. The buying of late has been by people very close to the management. We think it a purchase, but expect a reaction from this price. The rest of the coppers had a tendency to be weak, especially Calumet & Hecla, with sales at 420, with the exception of A Copper and Copper Range, which were fairly strong.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Quincy mining copper output for November was 1087 tons; the Atlantic, 287 tons; the Baltic, 496 tons; the Champion, 420 tons; the Franklin, 366 tons.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The good effect of the president's message to congress appeared to have been discounted in advance, and after its publication the market sold off, coppers declining in sympathy with other stocks. Copper was stronger in London today and the volume of transactions larger than for some time past. If prices run off a little further the better class of coppers should be bought for a turn.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 2.—Money on call firm at 5½@7½ per cent; closing 6@6½ per cent. Time money firm; sixty days, 6 per cent; ninety days, 6 per cent, six months, 5½@6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent; sterling exchange steady at advance, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.25 for demand and $4.83.75@4.83.80 for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.88. Commercial bills, $4.82½@4.83¼. Bar silver, 48¼c; Mexican dollars, 47¼c. Government bonds easier; state bonds steady; railroad bonds easier.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $203,724,731; gold, $114,747,191; silver, $6,620,800; U. S. notes, $3,054,046; treasury notes of 1890, $104,415; national bank notes, $13,545,662; total receipts this day, $1,722,508; total receipts this month, $4,007,157; total receipts this year, $245,489,306; total expenditures this day, $1,430,000; total expenditures this month, $3,355,000; total expenditures this year, $230,721,227; deposits in national banks, $149,494,667.

A MANHATTAN DIVIDEND.

New York, Dec. 2.—The directors of the Manhattan railroad at a meeting today declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. This is an increase of one-half per cent.

SANITARY

Conference of American Republics In Session at Washington.

Washington, Dec. 2—The first international sanitary conference to the American republics convened here today. The governments of Mexico, Cuba, Chile, Costa Rico, Salvador, Honduras and the United States were represented by the delegates. The conconference is the outgrowth of the international meeting held a year ago in the City of Mexico and quarantine and sanitation matters generally are to be discussed and whateyer measures are adopted to improve existing systems will be considered by the international sanitary bureau before the assembling of the next conference. The sessions today were mostly devoted to welcoming addresses and organization. Dr. Walter Wyman, surgeon general of the marine hospital service, called the conference to order. Formal addresses of welcome were made by Secretary Shaw and Assistant Secretary of State Hill. They were responded to by a number of the delegates.

POOR CHILDREN

May Soon Be Treated For Hip Disease.

New York, Dec. 2.—In connection with the coming visit to this city of Professor Lorenz, of Vienna, it is stated that a well known capitalist, whose name is withheld, has arranged to make a donation of a large sum to carry on the work of caring for poor children afflicted with hip disease, after Dr. Lorenz shall have returned to Europe. The gift will be, it is said, sufficient to give treatment to the sufferers among the poor for a long time. The work will be carried on by local surgeons who will attend the Lorenz clinics.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Grain Rate Stiffens, Being Now Three Cents Bid.

Scarcity of Tonnage, Ore Still Monopolizing the Boats.

Several Steel Corporation Boats Coming Here to Winter.

The grain rate has stiffened up and 3 cents is now bid for tonnage with no acceptances. The mild weather is keeping the large boats, that are usually depended upon to take a cargo or so of grain for the last trip in the year, in the ore trade, and hence there is a scarcity of tonnage, a great number of the smaller boats having gone out of commission. There is still a fair amount of grain to ship and before and charecters are made the rate may be stronger than 3 cents.

TO WINTER HERE.

The barges Madeira, Manilla, Krupp, Corliss and 118 are on their way to Duluth to lay up at the Superior ship yards. These vessels are first to lay up for the winter at the head of the lakes. They are but the first of a large fleet which the Steel corporation will winter in Duluth and Superior. It is also thought that a large number of coal carriers will bring in cargoes of coal just before the close of the season and then lay up here for the winter.

The wintering of a large fleet of vessels in Duluth, means much to a city of this size. There is always a considerable amount of repair work to be done before the start out in the spring and the fitting out with supplies means business for the merchants.

WRECK OF THE HEBARD.

Believed That All on Board Have Perished.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 2.—In the terrible west gale on Lake Superior Saturday night, the steamer Charles Hebard was driven on the rocky shore at Point Mamainse and soon was beaten to pieces by the seas. Her crew, consisting of thirteen men and a woman cook, have not been heard from. It is feared all have perished.

The schooner Aloah, one of the consorts which the Hebard had in tow, broke away from the steamer in Lake Superior and has not been heard from since. When last sighted she was laboring hard in the trough of the great sea and little hope is entertained for her safety. The schooners Warmington and Francomb, the other vessels of the tow, ran before the gale after breaking away from the steamer, and finally succeeded in reaching an anchorage at Copper Mine Point.

Last night the tugs General and Philadelphia were dispatched from this port to bring the two schooners here, and to search for some trace of the Aloah.

The four boats had loaded lumber at West Supperior and were bound for Lake Erie ports. When in the middle of Lake Superior Saturday night they were struck by the gale and soon after the Aloah, the rear vessel of the tow, parted her tow line and went adrift. When last seen she was rolling in the waves with none of her canvas set. The remaining two consorts either broke away or were set adrift soon afterward. Before daylight Sunday morning the Francomb reached Copper Mine Point at the east end of the lake. When day dawned, the wreck of the Hebard was discovered on the shore a short distance away, with only the smokestack and pilot house sticking out of the lake, but by 8 o'clock everything had disappeared and the ship and cargo was being strewn along the beach by the breakers.

As the shore at that point is very rugged and rocky, it is feared that even if the crew had attempted to leave the steamer when she struck, their boat must have dashed to pieces.

The first news of the disaster was brought here at noon yesterday by the steamer Ossifrage, which arrived from Michipicoten. Mrs. McArthur, wife of the captain of the Francomb, came down on the Ossifrage.

A list of the members of the crew of the Hebard, according to the last trip, is as follows: George G. Ryan, captain, Detroit; William Schumaker, first engineer, Detroit; Joseph Roy, second engineer, Detroit; T. F. Correll, first mate, Detroit; A. Jackson, second mate, Detroit; Charles Barton wheelsman, Mount Clemens; C. Eastman, wheelsman; John Koortas, watchman, Detroit; Bell Fay, watchman; William Egan, fireman; Ed Hughes, fireman; George Turpin, deckhand; Matthew Hudson, deckhand; Mrs. Barnes, cook, Buffalo.

The crew of the Aloah on her last trip was as follows: Peter Johnson, master, Tonawanda; Benjamin Berry, mate; Mrs. Olsen, cook; C. Anderson, seaman; William Much, seaman; S. G. Miller, seaman; R. A. Bell, seaman.

The Hebard was owned by Holland & Graves, of Buffalo. She was built in 1888, and registered 763 tons. The Aloah was owned by the same firm. She was built in 1888 and registered 521 tons.

ALL HOPES GONE.

No Longer Doubt That Bannockburn Was Lost.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 2.—There is no longer hope for the safety of the steamer Bannockburn and her crew of twenty men. The death knell to the hopes of the owners and the relatives of the crew was sounded yestehrday a dispatch was received from the captain of the tug Boyton, stating that he had traversed the entire shore where the missing steamer was believed to have stranded. No trace of the boat was discovered.

It now seems certain that the wreckage found by the steamer Rockefeller, in the middle of Lake Superior, marked the watery graves of the seamer and her crew. As the waters of Lake Superior reach their greatest depth at that point, it is probable that none of the bodies will ever be recovered.

What events preceded the disappearance of the big steel boat will never be known, but a broken rudder, a break in the machinery or a loosened seam might have resulted in this, the greatest loss of the season of navigation on the great lakes.

FEARS FOR THE CELTIC.

Detour, Mich., Dec. 2.—The schooner Celtic, in tow of the steamer Runnels, broke away from the steamer in the gale Saturday when in the north end of Lake Huron, and it is feared has been lost with all on board. After searching all along the east shore of the lake from the Duck island northward to this point, without finding a trace of the schooner, the Runnels came here yesterday.

The Celtic carried a crew of eight, but a list of their names cannot be obtained. With the exception of the officers a complete shift in the personnel was made when the vessel was at Buffalo. The only members of the crew known to be on the missing boat were Capt. J. Jeffries, of Detroit, and Cook Margaret Quirk, of Marine City.

The two boats were bound from Buffalo to Sault Ste. Marie, with coal cargoes at the time of the accident. The Celtic was owned by Spence Bros., of Cleveland, who have given the schooner up for lost. She was not insured.

THE DEVEREUX AGROUND.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer J. H. Devereux, from Buffalo, laden with hard coal for a local firm, has been grounded in the canal here since 4:30 yesterday afternoon. She is loaded with 3000 tons of anthracite. The boat is stuck in such a position that that the bridge to the north side of the town cannot be closed. Tugs from Milwaukee failed to release her. She is now being lightered.

SHELTERED AT GRAND MARAIS.

Grand Marais, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sheltered: Wilhelm, Nirvana, Galatea.

ORE CHARTER MADE.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—One charter, that of the Ira Owen, for corn, to Buffalo, was made today. It was hard picking, however, as the Owen must go to four elevators to get a full cargo.

NOTHING HEARD OF CREW.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Captain John V. Tuttle representing the underwriters reached here today and at once left for the wreck of the steamer Charles Hebard, aboard of the wrecking tug Favorite. The tugs sent out yesterday to bring in the schooners Francomb and Warmington, consorts of the wrecked steamer had not returned up to noon today. The tug Castle owned by Captain R. P. Thompson, has also been sent to the scene of the Hebard disaster. Nothing has been heard of the steamer crew thus far.

RATES AT CLEVELAND.

Clveland, Nov. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The best grain rate so far is 3¼ cents from Fort William, paid to Thos. Wilson. Several vessels have been offered at 90 cents on coal to Escanaba, and owners think they could get $1 to that port if they had a few more vessels to offer. The rate to Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee, Cheboygan and Manitowoc remains at 75 cents.

LAKE SAILORS WARNED.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—The weather bureau this afternoon issued the following storm warning: Heavy storm on Lake Michigan tonight. It will be very dangerous and all vessels are warned against leaving port.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Andaste, Zenith City 9:40 last night; Coralia, Madeira, 11:30; Watson, 7 p. m.; Griffin, 7:20; Saturn, Eddy, Neptune, 10:30; Marquette 11. Down: Street, Lozen, Godfrey, 9:40 last night; Admiral, Milwaukee, 2:30 a. m.; Hart, Jupiter, Algonquin, 4; Mary Elphicke, Thomas Palmer 7:30.

Up yesterday: Manitoba, 11:20; Presque Isle, 1 p. m.; Manola, 3; Turret Cape, 4; Saxon, Fairbairn, Corliss, 7:40; Langham, 8:20; Colby, 8:40. Down: Luzon, Yuma, 11:30; Australia, Amazon, Nimick, Lackawanna, 1:30 p. m.; North Star, 2:30; Mather, Corsica, 3:30; Oliver, Thompson, Tower, 4:20; Wallula, Renssaelaer, Advance, 8.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Toledo—Departed: Coal—Victory, Constitution, George Peavey, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Fritz, Superior; Richardson, Duluth.

Marquette—Sheltered: At Lily Pond—Joliet, Gilchrist, Lansing; Mars, B. W. Parker, McDougall, 118. Up: Portage, midnight; Stanwood, 1 a. m.; Van Hise, Marcia, Nicol, 9:15. Down: Santa Maria, Marvin, 3:20 a. m.; Buell, Wyoming, 10:40; Hiawatha, Folsom, Wayne, noon.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Hoyt, 126, Lake Erie.

Detour—Sheltered: Shrigley, Linden, Wall. Wind south, fresh.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Tempest, No. 1 barge, 12:10 a. m.; Siemens, 1; Mary Boyce, 8:40; Sultana, 9:40; George Stephenson, 10:15; City of Erie (arrived), 10:30; Langdon, 11. Down: Maricopa, Thomas, 11:12 last night; Gilchrist, Antrim, 11:30; Marina, Nasmyth, 12:40 a. m.; Rockefeller, Maia, 1:10; Superior City, Manila, 2; Merrimac, 2:40; St. Paul, 5; Louisiana, 6:30; V. H. Ketcham, 7:40; Grecian, Magna, 8:30; Roman, Martha, 8:40; John Moore, 9:30; Arabia, Havana, 10:40; Susquehanna, 10:50.

Up yesterday: Scranton, old, 2 p. m.; Vail, Baltic, 2:30; Chicago, American Eagle and barges, 6:40; Rappahannock, Minneapolis, 8. Down: Lycoming, 11:30; Sheriff, 1 p. m.; Frank Peavey, Venus, 1:20; Livingstone, Angeline, 2; Bartlett, Blanchard, 2:40; Hurlbut, Clint, Christopher, Gates, 3; Grammer, Elwood, 3:15; Mecosta, Gettysburg, 3:30; Mariposa, 6; Fryer, 6:20; Houghton, Roebling, 7:40; Briton and whaleback, 8:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals—Rome, Crescent City, Van Hise, Marcia, light for ore, Lake Erie; Osborne, Northern King, light for grain, Buffalo; Buffalo, Portage, John M. Nichol, mdse, Buffalo; Alva, Shenandoah, Lake Shore, coal, Lake Erie; Jay Gould, mdse, Chicago.

Departures—Edenborn, Bransford, Holden, W. E. Reis, W. L. Brown, ore, Lake Erie; C. A. Eddy, John Craig, D. M. Whitney, grain, Buffalo; Muncy, Codorus, Mohawk, flour, Buffalo; Etruria, light, Two Harbors; Monarch, mdse, Sarnia.

MARINE NOTES.

The Hattie Lloyd has been transformed into a fishing tug and is making trips every day from Duluth.

The steamer Monarch of Sarnia left today for that port on the last trip of the season.

RICHARD CROKER

To Return to New York In the Spring.

New York, Dec. 2.—Richard Croker will return in the spring. This information was obtained from John Fox, president of the Democratic club. Mr. Fox was in Europe this summer and had several talks with Mr. Croker. He said Mr. Croker told him that he expected to visit New York during the coming year to see relatives and old friends. When Mr. Fox was told that this information was at variance with the statement of Mr. Croker's intentions made by J. Sergeant Cram on his return from abroad he said he was sure Mr. Cram must have received a false impression from Mr. Croker's remarks.

"Mr. Croker has no desire to resume the leadership of Tammany hall," said Mr. Fox, "and his coming will have no especial significance.

"His idea is that the young men ought to be put at the helm in this state. If that is done, and the men whose political experience enables them to give valuable advice, accord to the new leaders their loyal support, the state can be carried by the Democracy."

GLASS IS SAFE.

Committee Reports Adversely on Investigating Him.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Elections committee No. 1 of the house decided today to report adversely on the resolution offered yesterday, proposing credentials of Carter Glass, elected to the house from Virginia, be investigated. The resolution was presented with a view of having inquiry made of the new Virginia constitution, as regards alleged disfranchisement of voters.

Palestine Lodge Election.

The thirty-second annual meeting of Palestine lodge, A. F. and A. M., was held in the Masonic Temple last evening.

H. G. Gearhart was elected worshipful master; S. R. Holden, senior warden; G. A. Eaton, junior warden; J. P. Johnson, treasurer; H. Nesbitt, secretary; W. B. Patton, trustee.

The subordinate officers will be appointed by Mr. Gearhart later.

Stewart Stoves and Ranges!

Burn Wood. Heat Well.
Burn Coal. Bake Well.

Base Burners,
Round Oaks,
Hot Blasts,

Steel Ranges,
Steel Oven Stoves.
Cast Iron Stoves

Do the Most Work at the Smallest Cost.

All Bear the Celebrated Stewart Trade Mark.

With lots of coal on hand and sure prospects for plenty all through the winter, with the price of coal but very little higher than it was last year, what's to hinder you buying a coal heater? It's the surest way to heat your house most comfortably and in the end it's the cheapest way—provided you use the best stove—the Stewart.

Radiant Stewarts --double heaters

Prize Stewarts --single heaters

With the exception of the hot air flue (in the Radiant Stewart) for heating rooms above, these stoves are identical. Both are self feeders and have one piece firepots which can be removed through the side doors. Large flues combined with excellent drafts make these stoves great fuel savers. They are also equipped with the only perfect duplex dumping and shaking grates. Both are trimmed with the handsomest and best nickel ever seen on any heating stove.

These Stewart Heaters have stood the test of time.
They come in five different sizes. Prices vary according to size.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

The G. C. Steele Co

Duluth, Minn.

NEW BOOKS

Added to Public Library During Month of November.

Following is a list of the books added to the Duluth public library during the past month:

Adams, Chas F., "The Sifted Grain and the Grain Sifters."
Adams, Mary, pseud. "Confessions of a Wife."
Aguilera, F. V., "Notes About Cuba."
Allen, Grant, "Venice."
"American Whig review, 1845-1852."
Anderson, H. C., "Fairy Tales in Words of One Syllable."
"Annals of the War."
"Appleton's Journal, 1869-1881."
Aspinwall, Alicia, "Short Stories for Short People."
Bigelow, Jacob., "Plants of Boston and Vicinity."
Bailey, H. D., "Sketches of Dutchess Co., N. Y."
Bancroft, Geo. and others., "Our Martyr Presidents."
Bartlett, D. W., "Life and Services of Lincoln."
Bates, K. L., "English History Told by English Poets."
Beard, Lina., "What a Girl can Make and Do."
Belknap, Jeremy., "Discovery of America by Columbus."
Bolton, C. K., "The Private Soldier under Washington."
Botsford, G. W., "Ancient History for Beginners."
Billon, F. L., "Annals of St. Louis, 1804-1821."
Brinton, Daniel G., "The Annals of the Cakchiquels." "The Gueguence, an Indian Comedy Ballet." "Rig Veda Americanus, Sacred Songs of the Ancient Mexicans."
"Canadian Patent Office Record." v 18-29.
Canton, Wm., "True Annals of Fairy Land."
Carpenter, Kate., "Story of Joan of Arc for Boys and Girls."
Champlain, S., "Voyage to the West Indies and Mexico in 1599-1602."
Chaplin, F. P., "Little Folks of Other Lands."
Chapman, "Sectional May of Minnesota in 1856."
Chastelleux, "Travels in North America in 1780."
Clay, Henry, "Life and Speeches." 2v.
Cockburn, Sir George, "Napoleon's last Voyage."
Thompson, E. M., "Diary of Richard Cocks." 2v.
Columbus, Christopher, "Select Letters. Hakluyt soc. pub."
Connolly, Jas. B., "Out of Gloucester."
Cooley, H. S., "Study of Slavery in New Jersey."
Crockett, David, "Teur to the North and Down East in 1834."
Crowest, F. J., "Story of the Art of Music."
Cumberland, Barlow, "Story of the Union Jack."
Curtis, Geo., "Life of James Buchanan. 2v."
Dalboquerque, Afonso., "Commentaries." Hakluyt soc. pub.
Deming, E. W., "Indian Pictures."
Drake, Nathan, "The Gleaner."
Drummond, H., "The Monkey that Would not Kill."
Dudley, Robert, "Voyages to the West Indies in 1594."
Emerson, Edwon, Jr., "History of the Nineteenth Century." 2v.
Estvan, B., "War Pictures from the South."
Every Saturday, "1866-1874." 17v.
Farnham, Charles, "Life of Francis Parkman."
Farrar, Maurice, "Five Years in Minnesota."
Franvis, J. G., "Book of Cats and Other Animals."
Franklin, Sir John, "Journey to the Polar Sea, in 1819-22." 2v.
"Folk-lore of Ireland and Russia."
Fulton, John, "Palestine."
Galvano, Antanio, "Discoveries of the World to 1555."
Goethe, Johan W. Von., "Works."
Could, Alice B., "Louis Agassiz."
Gould, E. W., "Fifty Years on the Mississippi."
Grant, Geo. M., "Picturesque Canada." 2v.
Grant, Mrs. Anne, "Memoris of an American Lady."
Green, Evelyn E., "Miss Marporie of Silvermead."
Griffin, J. S., "Pictures of Lake Superior Region."
Grimm, "Fairy Tales in Words of One Syllable."
Gross, S. M., "Autobiography." 2v.
Grover, Eulalie O., "Sunbonnet Babies' Primer."
Haluyt, Richard, "Divers Voyages to America."
Hancock, J. W., "History of Goodhue County."
Hapgood, Norman, "Daniel Webster."
Harrison, Eveleen, "Home Nursing."
Healy, Geo. P. A., "Reminiscences of a Portrait Painter."
Hearn, Lafcadio, "Kotto, being Japanese Curios."
Heeren, A. H. L., "Political History of Ancient Greece."
Herberstein, S., "Notes Upon Russia;" Hakluyt soc. pub.
Hope, Anthony, "Intrusions of Peggy."
Horne, R. H., "History of Napoleon Bonaparte."
Howe, Mark, "Phillips Brooks.
Howells, Wm. D., "Literature and Life."
Hutton, Baroness Bettina von, "Our Lady of the Beeches."
Jones, Charles H., "Campaign for the Conquest of Canada."
Johnson, Clifton, "New England and Its Neighbors."
Johnson, Sir John, "Orderly Book of the Revolution."
Karageorevitch, "Enchanted India."
Keary, Agnes, "The Heroes of Asgard."
Keckley, Elizabeth, "Behind the Scenes, or Thirty Years in Slavery."
Lanier, Sidney, "Letters."
Linn, Wm. A., "Rob and His Gun."
Lovejoy, Mary I., "Nature in Verse."
Marcy & McClellan, "Explorations of the Red River of Louisiana in 1852."
Mann, Horace, "Slavery, Letters and Speeches."
Martin, E. S., "Poems and Verses."
Matthews, Brander, "Tom Paulling."
Maverick, A., "Henry J. Raymond and the New York Press."
Mears, John, "Voyages in 1788-9 From China to the Northwest Coast of America."
Monkhouse, Cosmo, "The Turner Gallery."
More, Paul Elmer, "Benjamin Franklin.'
Parker, Gilbert, "Donovan Pasha."
Parker, N. H., "Minnesota Handbook for 1856-7."
Parkman, Francis, "Complete Works. Frontenac ed."
Parsons, Frank, "The City for the People."
Phillimore, James M., "The United States and Cuba."
Potter, Henry C., "The East of Today and Tomorrow."
Powell, G. H., "Excursions in Libraria."
Powell, G. H., "Excursions in Liberia."
Rice, Allen Thorndike, "Reminiscences of Lincoln."
Riley, Jas. W., "Farm Rhymes; the Book of Joyous Children."
Ritchie, Jas. S., "Wisconsin and its Resources."
Rives, Hallie Erminie, "Hearts Courageous."
Ronald, Mary, "Luncheons."
Ross, Clinton, "Heroes of Our War With Spain."
Sage, Agnes C., "Little daughter of the Revolution."
Sanborn, F. B., "Ralph Waldo Emercon."
Seton, Ernest Thompson, "Krag and Johnny Bear."
Shakespeare, Wm., "King Lear, Variorum edition."
Smith, W. L., "Life and Times of Lewis Cass."
Sparks, F. E., "Causes of the Maryland Revolution of 1689; pam."
Spofford, Harriet P., "Hestanley at St. Mark's."
Still, Wm., "The Underground Railroad."
"Stryker's American Quarterly Magazine, 1848-1851."
Stubbs, Chas. Wm., "Charles Kingsley and the Christian Social Movement."
Tarkington, Booth, "The Two Vanrevels."
Thayer, Jas. B., "John Marshall."
True, John Preston, "Morgan's Men."
Upton, Geo. P., "Musical Pastels."
Vanderpoel, Emily, "Color Problems."
Vergne, Geo. H., "At the Foot of the Rockies."
Vondel, J. Van der, "Lucifer."
Wagner, Charles, "The Simple Life."
Watson, Thos. E., "Thomas Jefferson."
White, George, "Historical Collections of Georgia."
Whiting, Lilian, "Elizabeth Barrett Browning."
Whittlesey, Charles, "Early History of Cleveland."
Wilberforce, A., "Great Battles of All Nations." 2 vol.
Wister, Owen, "U. S. Grant."

Missionary Meeting.

The Women's Missionary society of the Lester Park M. E. church will hold its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. W. S. Albertson, 5507 London road tomorrow at 2 p. m. The program will be as follows:

2 p. m.—Prayer service.
2:30 p. m.—Business.
3 p. m.—Program.

Mrs. J. D. Allen, leader.
Report of district meeting..............
Mrs. Pinkerton.
"Bethlehem of Today"..................
Mrs. Albertson.
"What Christmas Means to the Race"
Mrs. Saunderson.
Solo..... ....
Mrs. Le Tourneau.
"Karean Customs"........ ....
"Yuletide Customs"....... ....
Mrs. Williams.
"Retrospection of Home Missions"....
Mrs. Gray.

SETTLERS' RATES

Announced By Northern Pacific and Great Northern.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern today decided to wait no longer for favorable action by all the lines of the Trans-continental Passenger association relative to colonists rates, deciding to take independent action putting in a one way rate of $25, for settlers from St. Paul to Pacific coast points from Feb. 15 to April 30. The same companies will make a proportionately low rate from St. Paul to intermediate points.

A traffic official expressed the opinion that the movement of settlers would be much larger this winter and spring than ever before. The colonists will come mostly from Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois and adjoining states.

Twenty Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over twenty years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within fifteen minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—26.

ELECTION EXPENSES

The Candidates Must File Statements By Next Monday.

A Number of Them Are Still Behind With Them.

Expenses Run From $10 Up to More Than $400.

Thursday, Dec. 4, is the last day allowed by the state law for the filing of election expenses incurred during the recent primary and general elections.

Nearly all of the candidates at the recent elections have filed, there remaining some seven or eight up to this morning that have not yet done so. The law requires that every candidate shall file a statement of his election expenses. Campaign committees must also file a list of expenses, but up to this noon neither the Republican nor the Democratic committees had filed.

The county auditor has notified all those who have been waiting until the last minute and it is expected that all affidavits will be in by tomorrow evening.

The affidavits indicate clearly that it costs money to run for an office, and the amount spent by various candidates in this county during the recent elections varied from $10, the filing fee and the minimum of expense, to over $400. Some of the largest sums were given by candidates with little or no opposition to the campaign committees to assist in the work along general lines, such as hiring speakers, paying rent for halls, for literature, etc.

Following is a list of those who have filed up to this noon, with the amounts that they spent for nomination and election:

Candidates for sheriff—W. C. Sargent, $393.97; W. W. Butchart, $100; Morris Thomas, $53.60; Charles G. Miller, $158; John R. Meining, $285; O. Larson, $162; H. C. Kendall, $44.50; J. A. Healey, $356.05; W. J. Bates, $356.05; J. T. Armstead, $381.73.

County superintendent of schools—Bert N. Wheeler, $301.01; Andrew T. Park, $80.75; A. C. Parsons, $87.75; W. H. Stultz, $60.

County commissioners — Emil Engle, $30.92; R. F. Berdie, $135.25; James Gandsey, $65; F. W. Kugler, $233.95; J. B. Conners, $246.50; G. A. Schulenberg, $80.

County treasurer—W. A. Holgate, $314.25; L. H. Whipple, $110.66; N. J. Miller, $10.

State senators—E. R. Jefferson, $100.03; T. M. Pugh, $151.20; E. B. Hawkins, $125.

County auditor—Odin Haldin, $370; A. M. Morrison, $10; Andrew Johnson, $109.60.

State representatives—P. E. Dowling, $92; G. J. Mallory, $45.50; S. H. Eckman, $65.70; Ray T. Lewis, $136.25; P. C. Schmidt, $171.85; John R. Randall, $116.76; S. C. Murphy, $28.15; D. Graham, $135.

Register of deeds—L. M. Johnson, $87.22.

Judge of probate—J. B. Middlecoff, $392.60.

Congressman—W. D. Edson, $171.40.

Judge of district court—W. A. Cant, $267; J. D. Ensign, $267; J. B. Richards, $211.54.

Clerk of court—J. P. Johnson, $359.

County surveyor—C. P. Frank, $103.

County coroner—S. H. Boyer, $106.

County attorney—J. M. McClintock, $377.37.

FIRE AT HANCOCK, MINN.

An Entire Block Burned Excepting One Building.

St. Paul, Dec. 2—A Hancock, Minn., special to the Dispatch says:

Last evening fire started in a saloon in the middle of a frame block and burned the entire block except onne building on the corner. The losers are L. B. Wheeler, jeweler; I. T. Tollifson, druggist; Stone, Munroe & Stebbins, furniture and hardware; Dr. C. L. Gates, office and contents; Herman Schlieps, saloon and E. A. Dutcher, grain and land office.

Five families were made homeless, loing household goods. The merchants saved part of the stock. The loss is estimated at $25,000, and half insured.

MUST ACCOUNT.

Rio Grande Road Has Been Cutting Timber Illegally.

Denver, Dec. 2.—United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston has filed a suit in the federal court here against the Denver & Rio Grande railroad and the contractors furnishing it with ties for its road, to compel an accounting for timber alleged to have been illegally cut from government land in the southern part of this state. A restraining order was at once granted by Judge Hallet to prevent the felling of any more timber in the regions mentioned in the complaint. Frank J. Park, the timber agent, who has made the affidavits upon which the suit is based, estimates that between 45,000,000 and 50,000,000 feet of lumber have been illegally taken from the timber reservation.

ROCK SLIDE

Caused Fatal Wreck On Rio Grande Western Road.

Grand Junction, Col., Dec. 2.—The Pacific coast limited, west bound, on the Rio Grande Western railroad, ran into a huge rock slide two miles east of Westwater, Utah, this morning, one man being killed and two injured.

The dead:

FIREMAN C. W. BEEDLE, of Helper, Utah.

Injured: Engineer John Cummings, of Grand Junction, left leg broken, right foot crushed and internal injuries; will recover. Mail Clerk Henson, of Ogden, Utah, shoulder broken and internal injuries; may die.

The engine was demolished and all the cars except the rear Pullman derailed. None of the passengers were seriously hurt.

GOVERNOR VAN SANT

Is Back In St. Paul But Preserves Silence.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant returned to the city today but would not give any opinion on the speakership, evidently preferring to look over the field carefully first. It is expected that he will answer Dr. Babcock tomorrow by issuing a formal statement of his position in the speakership fight.

Dr. Babcock appeared at the capitol early today to have an interview with the governor, but he found him absent. He waited some time, and finally he left his card, saying he would be back. He then started for the Aberdeen, of ing to catch him there.

ALWAYS DRINK
Huyler's
PURE! HEALTHFUL!
COCOA
FOR
BREAKFAST AND SUPPER
COSTS NO MORE THAN OTHERS
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Bring your shoe repairing to the Ehle Shoe Co., Terrey Bldg. Quick work.

George Clark, arrested Sunday afternoon after a lively sprinting match along Superior street, was sent back to the Red Wing industrial school yesterday.

The monthly meeting of the Duluth Sunday School association will be held in the First Presbyterian church this evening. A free supper will be served to members of the association at 6:30 o'clock for the convenience of those who work in stores and offices. The principal subjects to be considered at the meeting are "The Opening of Exercises" and "Graduation."

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

Harrison W. Drake of Duluth and John K. Anderson of Hinckley have been discharged from bankruptcy.

Gold leaf frames. Engels' art store.

Sit for your Xmas photos at Ely's.

An order dismissing the monetary side of the complaints of the Metropolitan Trust company of New York against the Duluth Transfer Railway company, defendant, and the Pennsylvania and Ohio Coal company, intervenor, has been filed with T. H. Presnell, clerk of the United States circuit court. The decision was handed down yesterday by Judge Lochren. The plaintiff demanded $8517.38 for rebates on switching charges and $998.55 damages.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

Try the La Agilidad clear Havana cigar.

Paine, Webber & Company, have removed their stock broking and commission offices from 308 to 328 West Superior street. They vacated their former location by arrangement with the City National bank in order to permit the bank to open in its permanent location without seeking temporary quarters, the lease of the commission firm running to May 1 next.

Volland, the hatter, 14 First avenue east.

PURELY PERSONAL

Carl Schilling, musical director of West's minstrels, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Fider while in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gunn left last evening for Montrose, Mich., where they have been called by the illness of Mrs. Gunn's mother.

Joel Turnquist, of Virginia, left for the South this afternoon over the Omaha.

Thomas R. Benton, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

Arthur Snow, of Virginia, is at the McKay.

F. A. Hastings, of Chicago, is at the Spalding.

H. M. Fischer, of Grand Forks, is at the St. Louis.

M. M. Duncan will leave for Ishpeming this evening over the South Shore.

F. A. Patrick and A. M. Marshall will leave over the Northern Pacific this evening for the Pacific coast.

John S. Parrish, of Richmond, Va., is at the St. Louis.

C. H. Brush, of Washington, D. C., general agent of the United States land office, is in the city.

A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me. Six bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** brought me health and happiness in a few short months, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick woman as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help."—MRS. B. A. BLANCHARD, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn. —*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

When women are troubled with menstrual irregularities, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

NEARING THE END

Testimony In the Mueller Case Is Nearly All In.

Arguments of Attorneys May Begin Sometime Tomorrow.

Testimony Descriptive of Appearance of Detroit Mueller.

The Mueller case, which has been dragging along for many months in the district court of St. Louis county, will come to an end some time the latter part of this week.

Attorney R. R. Briggs, for the defendant, Katherine Mueller, stated this noon that he would have but one more witness and would have a little rebuttal. The plaintiffs will also have a little rebuttal, but it is reasonably certain that the arguments to the court will begin tomorrow. As there are several attorneys, the arguments will probably take up the greater part of three days.

Introduction of testimony by the defendant was continued this morning.

Frank McCormick, a contractor, was the first witness. Mr. McCormick testified that he had known Mueller for about a year, that while they had several conversations, Mueller never once mentioned his family or from whence he came. One time he talked about mortgages.

John Benesch, the second witness, was born in Bohemia, and has lived in this country 20 years. He knew Mueller ten or eleven years ago, played cards with him on several occasions and talked. He said Mueller told him that he used to live in Bohemia, not far from Benesch's old home, east of Prague. Witness said he never talked in Bohemian with Mueller and has the impression that Mueller said he could not speak in that language. When Benesch knew Mueller be wore a silver earring in one of his ears.

A. C. Miller, another witness for the defense, said Mueller told him he had been through the East, Pennsylvania and New York, and had performed odd jobs about Detroit, Mich., one of which was sawing wood with some kind of a machine. Witness said he once asked Mueller why he lived alone on his claim, why he did not marry, and Mueller replied that he had an opportunity once to get married while he was in the East, but that he did not take it.

The deposition of Fredlein Mueller, brother of the Detroit Johann Mueller, and a resident of Bohemia, was then read by the defendant's counsel, and the cross examination was read by Attorney Conway, representing the Bohemian heirs.

Fredlein Mueller testified that his brother Johann had a reddish beard and moustache and that his hair was light, that he had a reddish birthmark on his chin, which showed after he had shaved; that he walked favoring one foot, carried himself erect, with his hand in his pants pockets. As to the tattoo mark on the arm, the witness was rather indefinite and not at all sure about the size of the wreath. He thought that Rudolph Mueller bore a close resemblance to his brother Johann, that the picture of the Duluth Mueller bore somewhat of a resemblance to his brother, and that this resemblance was also noted in one of the photographs of the Bohemian claimants.

He said his brother served in the army, that he left for America over twenty years ago that the last time they corresponded was about twenty years ago, when Johann was in Detroit and wrote that he was doing well. Witness said he understood from Johann Mueller's wife that Johann Mueller left Bohemia for America because of family troubles, that she and Johann had a falling out on an occasion when he had been drinking a little too much.

The defense attempted to show by testimony this morning that the attorneys for the other claimants, while taking the Prague depositions, tried to keep some of the witnesses away, that they managed to have some of them sent back to their homes before the defendant's counsel could see them.

DANGEROUS.

Professor Cox Forecasts a Heavy Northeast Storm Tonight.

A telegraphic warning came from Professor Cox, chief weather forecaster at Chicago, to the local weather office this afternoon, reading as follows:

"A storm, central over the Middle Mississippi River valley, is increasing very much in intensity. It will cause dangerous northeast gales on the lakes tonight. Vessel masters should stay in port."

DEATH LIST.

New York, Dec. 2.—Salem H. Wales, father-in-law of Secretary of War Root, died this afternoon. Mr. Wales, who has been a director of the national bank of North America for many years, had been ill for several days. He was 72 years old.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 2.—Alex John Alexander, son of Hon. Robert Alexander and nephew of Sir William Alexander of England, died suddenly this morning of heart disease at his home at Woodburn Spring station, Woodford county. He had many relatives in both Chicago and Louisville, Ky., where he was a very heavy property holder. He owned the famous Woodburn farm of over 2000 acres, one of the most celebrated in Kentucky and which was the home of Maud S the great trotting mare. Mr. Alexander was known throughout the United States as a horse breeder and owner both of thoroughbreds and trotters. He was of Scotch and English descent and was connected with some of the most eminent families in both countries.

Utica, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Judge Robert Earl died at his home in Herkimer today, of paralysis.

Vermilion, O., Dec. 2.—Alexander Gilchrist, one of the best-known vesselmen of the great lakes up to five years ago, died yesterday, aged 82 years. He was the father of J. C. Gilchrist, the well-known vesselman.

New York, Dec. 2.—T. Henry French, famous as a theatrical manager and producer of many celebrated dramas, died last night, after a lingering illness.

Atlanta, Go., Dec. 2.—Rev. Dr. Isaac T. Tichenor, secretary emeritus of the Home Mission society of the Southern Baptist church, and one of the best-known clergymen in the South, died here today.

MOURN FOR DEAD BANKER.

New York, Dec. 2.—There is deep mourning in Mulberry street because of the death of the Italian banker, Raphael Reve. The banker came to America in 1871. His ship sank at Sandy Hook and he lost his savings, but started as a laborer and amassed a fortune in the Italian quarter estimated at $1,000,000.

BRITAIN'S LITTLE WAR.

John Bull is apparently never happy without a fight or the prospect of one, says the Brooklyn Eagle. It is impossible to exaggerate the general disappointment following the announcement that after all there would be no campaign against the Mad Mullah, that mysterious colored man, who cavorts up and down the unknown tracks of Somaliland, armed with a spear, modern maxims, and Mr. Rudyard Kipling's famous "ayrick 'cad of 'air" with which to break the British square. Public feeling, however, has been allayed by the official notification that the little picnic party will take place and that the guns will begin to shoot in about sixe weeks' time. The only result will be that some general will make a reputation, will add to his titles, will receive the thanks of parliament; that the mint will work overtime to strike off medals for soldiers and camp followers, and that another blotch of red will eventually decorate the map of Africa.

That is the usual mode of procedure. We pick out some likely negro who has done us an imaginary wrong, we let him eat up a missinary or two, we fill the newspapers with stories of terrific onslaughts and ambuscades, we organize an expedition, we make a general and we paint the map red, thus adding to the everlasting glorification of this most wonderful of empires.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

Bank Statement.

Report of the Condition of the

First National Bank at Duluth,

In the state of Minnesota, at the close of business Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,628,214 13
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,751 75
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		100 000 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		150,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		401,814 11
Due from State banks and bankers		405,833 77
Due from approved reserve agents		898,385 07
Internal-revenue stamps		93 01
Checks and other cash items		5,189 22
Exchanges for clearing house		19,719 06
Notes of other national banks		19,545 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		3,606 71
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$509,448 70	
Legal tender notes	36,672 00	546,120 70
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$7,287,268 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		296,224 50
National Bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 466,809 77	
Due to state banks and bankers	351,824 42	
Dividends unpaid	658 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,241,458 14	
Demand certificates of deposit	11,232 40	
Time certificates of deposit	857,737 08	
Certified checks	27,578 88	
Cashier's checks outstanding	48,641 23	
United States deposits	67,454 52	
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	32,545 48	6,105,940 42
Reserved for taxes		15,999 86
Premium account		19,103 75
Total		$7,287,268 53

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, John H. Dight, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN H. DIGHT,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1902.

W. J. JOHNSON,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Correct—Attest—
A. L. ORDEAN,
A. M. MARSHALL,
A. C. JONES,
Directors.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—

American Exchange Bank

At Duluth, Minn., at close of business on Tuesday, Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$1,101,841 41
Overdrafts			1,737 54
Bonds, stocks and securities			43,819 57
Real estate			85,924 62
Due from banks		$ 796,532 20	
Checks and cash items		2,652 29	
Exchanges for clearing house		34,509 55	
Currency	$107,581 00		
Gold	113,795 00		
Silver	9,900 00		
Fractional	99 69		
		231,375 69	
Total		$1,064,769 73	1,064,769 73
Total			$5,298,092 87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, net		106,466 16
Undivided profits	$ 30 00	
Deposits subject to check	2,571,681 22	
Demand certificates	60,994 77	
Certified checks	9,855 14	
Cashier's checks	71,262 79	
Due banks	663,340 23	
Time certificates	1,214,649 56	
Total deposits	$4,591,626 71	4,591,626 71
Total		$5,298,092 87

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, James C. Hunter, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES C. HUNTER,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1902.

I. S. MOORE,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Attest:
H. M. PEYTON,
J. H. UPHAM,
Directors.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv..Iron Jctn..Lv	8 01	1 13
------	10 40	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	------	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar.. Virginia.. Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth...Lv	7 42	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar.. Biwabik.. Lv	------	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar.. Hibbing ..Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron RangeR R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:13
1:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
1:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:05	7:55	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m. * 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m. * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
win City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—.......LOCAL.......—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am *4 00 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis Twilight Limited	**3 05 pm *9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m b 8:00 a m	Ashland and East " "	a 11:15 a m b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m 8:40 a m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE,
Union Square, New York.
PATRIA VERITAS FIDES

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 2nd, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of George S. Cushing, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of George S. Cushing, late of Milton, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of Norfolk County, Massachusetts have been delivered to this Court;

And whereas, George M. Cushing has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said George S. Cushing lately died in said County of Norfolk, Massachusetts testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minnesota and that said petitioner is the sole surviving executor named and appointed in said Last Will and Testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters Testamentary be to George M. Cushing issued thereon;

It is ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on the 27th day of December A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County of St. Louis, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota this 2nd day of December A. D. 1902.

By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court,
St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 2-9-16-1902.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Julius R. Fisher and Libbie Cleveland.
Henry Cheeley and Rose LaBroche, of West Superior.
Otto Perleberg and Emma Sonnenberg.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

ALL THE RAGE WITH PRETTY girls, handsome dames and society ladies. Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder are best made. 25c.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 2001 East First street.

Stewart Stoves and Ranges!

Burn Wood. **Heat Well.**
Burn Coal. **Bake Well.**

Base Burners,
Round Oaks,
Hot Blasts,

Steel Ranges,
Steel Oven Stoves.
Cast Iron Stoves

Do the Most Work at the Smallest Cost.

All Bear the Celebrated Stewart Trade Mark.

With lots of coal on hand and sure prospects for plenty all through the winter, with the price of coal but very little higher than it was last year, what's to hinder you buying a coal heater? It's the surest way to heat your house most comfortably and in the end it's the cheapest way—provided you use the best stove—the Stewart.

Radiant Stewarts --double heaters **Prize Stewarts --single heaters**

With the exception of the hot air flue (in the Radiant Stewart) for heating rooms above, these stoves are identical. Both are self feeders and have one piece firepots which can be removed through the side doors. Large flues combined with excellent drafts make these stoves great fuel savers. They are also equipped with the only perfect duplex dumping and shaking grates. Both are trimmed with the handsomest and best nickel ever seen on any heating stove.

These Stewart Heaters have stood the test of time.
They come in five different sizes. Prices vary according to size.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

The G. C. Steele Co
Duluth, Minn.

NEW BOOKS

Added to Public Library During Month of November.

Following is a list of the books added to the Duluth public library during the past month:

Adams, Chas F., "The Sifted Grain and the Grain Sifters."
Adams, Mary, pseud. "Confessions of a Wife."
Aguilera, F. V., "Notes About Cuba."
Allen, Grant, "Venice."
"American Whig review. 1845-1852."
Anderson, H. C., "Fairy Tales in Words of One Syllable."
"Annals of the War."
"Appleton's Journal, 1869-1881."
Aspinwall, Alicia, "Short Stories for Short People."
Bigelow, Jacob., "Plants of Boston and Vicinity."
Bailey, H. D., "Sketches of Dutchess Co., N. Y."
Bancroft, Geo. and others., "Our Martyr Presidents."
Bartlett, D. W., "Life and Services of Lincoln."
Bates, K. L., "English History Told by English Poets."
Beard, Lina., "What a Girl can Make and Do."
Belknap, Jeremy., "Discovery of America by Columbus."
Bolton, C. K., "The Private Soldier under Washington."
Botsford, G. W., "Ancient History for Beginners."
Billon, F. L., "Annals of St. Louis, 1804-1821."
Brinton, Daniel G., "The Annals of the Cakchiquels." "The Gueguence, an Indian Comedy Ballet." "Rig Veda Americanus, Sacred Songs of the Ancient Mexicans."
"Canadian Patent Office Record." v 18-29.
Canton, Wm., "True Annals of Fairy Land."
Carpenter, Kate., "Story of Joan of Arc for Boys and Girls."
Champlain, S., "Voyage to the West Indies and Mexico in 1599-1602."
Chaplin, F. P., "Little Folks of Other Lands."
Chapman, "Sectional May of Minnesota in 1856."
Chastelleux, "Travels in North America in 1780."
Clay, Henry, "Life and Speeches." 2v.
Cockburn, Sir George, "Napoleon's last Voyage."
Thompson, E. M., "Diary of Richard Cocks." 2v.
Columbus, Christopher, "Select Letters. Hakluyt soc. pub."
Connolly, Jas. B., "Out of Gloucester."
Cooley, H. S., "Study of Slavery in New Jersey."
Crockett, David, "Tour to the North and Down East in 1834."
Crowest, F. J., "Story of the Art of Music."
Cumberland, Barlow, "Story of the Union Jack."
Curtis, Geo., "Life of James Buchanan. 2v."
Dalboquerque, Afonso., "Commentaries." Hakluyt soc. pub.
Deming, E. W., "Indian Pictures."
Drake, Nathan, "The Gleaner."
Drummond, H., "The Monkey that Would not Kill."
Dudley, Robert, "Voyages to the West Indies in 1594."
Emerson, Edwon, Jr., "History of the Nineteenth Century." 2v.
Estvan, B., "War Pictures from the South."
Every Saturday, "1866-1874." 17v.
Farnham, Charles, "Life of Francis Parkman."
Farrar, Maurice, "Five Years in Minnesota."
Franvis, J. G., "Book of Cats and Other Animals."
Franklin, Sir John, "Journey to the Polar Sea, in 1819-22." 2v.
"Folk-lore of Ireland and Russia."
Fulton, John, "Palestine."
Galvano, Antanio, "Discoveries of the World to 1555."
Goethe, Johan W. Von., "Works."
Gould, Alice B., "Louis Agassiz."
Gould, E. W., "Fifty Years on the Mississippi."
Grant, Geo. M., "Picturesque Canada." 2v.
Grant, Mrs. Anne, "Memoris of an American Lady."
Green, Evelyn E., "Miss Marporie of Silvermead."
Griffin, J. S., "Pictures of Lake Superior Region."
Grimm, "Fairy Tales in Words of One Syllable."
Gross, S. M., "Autobiography." 2v.
Grover, Eulalie O., "Sunbonnet Babies' Primer."
Haluyt, Richard, "Divers Voyages to America."
Hancock, J. W., "History of Goodhue County."
Hapgood, Norman, "Daniel Webster."
Harrison, Eveleen, "Home Nursing."
Healy, Geo. P. A., "Reminiscences of a Portrait Painter."
Hearn, Lafcadio, "Kotto, being Japanese Curios."
Heeren, A. H. L., "Political History of Ancient Greece."
Herberstein, S., "Notes Upon Russia;" Hakluyt soc. pub.
Hope, Anthony, "Intrusions of Peggy."
Horne, R. H., "History of Napoleon Bonaparte."
Howe, Mark, "Phillips Brooks.
Howells, Wm. D., "Literature and Life."
Hutton, Baroness Bettina von, "Our Lady of the Beeches."
Jones, Charles H., "Campaign for the Conquest of Canada."
Johnson, Clifton, "New England and its Neighbors."
Johnson, Sir John, "Orderly Book of the Revolution."
Karageorevitch, "Enchanted India."
Keary, Agnes, "The Heroes of Asgard."
Keckley, Elizabeth, "Behind the Scenes, or Thirty Years in Slavery."
Lanier, Sidney, "Letters."
Linn, Wm. A., "Rob and His Gun."
Lovejoy, Mary I., "Nature in Verse."
Marcy & McClellan, "Explorations of the Red River of Louisiana in 1852."
Mann, Horace, "Slavery, Letters and Speeches."
Martin, E. S., "Poems and Verses."
Matthews, Brander, "Tom Paulling."
Maverick, A., "Henry J. Raymond and the New York Press."
Mears, John, "Voyages in 1788-9 From China to the Northwest Coast of America."
Monkhouse, Cosmo, "The Turner Gallery."
More, Paul Elmer, "Benjamin Franklin."
Parker, Gilbert, "Donovan Pasha."
Parker, N. H., "Minnesota Handbook for 1856-7."
Parkman, Francis, "Complete Works. Frontenac ed."
Parsons, Frank, "The City for the People."
Phillimore, James M., "The United States and Cuba."
Potter, Henry C., "The East of Today and Tomorrow."
Powell, G. H., "Excursions in Libraria."
Powell, G. H., "Excursions in Liberia."
Rice, Allen Thorndike, "Reminiscences of Lincoln."
Riley, Jas. W., "Farm Rhymes; the Book of Joyous Children."
Ritchie, Jas. S., "Wisconsin and its Resources."
Rives, Hallie Erminie, "Hearts Courageous."
Ronald, Mary, "Luncheons."
Ross, Clinton, "Heroes of Our War With Spain."
Sage, Agnes C., "Little daughter of the Revolution."
Sanborn, F. B., "Ralph Waldo Emerson."
Seton, Ernest Thompson, "Krag and Johnny Bear."
Shakespeare, Wm., "King Lear, Variorum edition."
Smith, W. L., "Life and Times of Lewis Cass."
Sparks, F. E., "Causes of the Maryland Revolution of 1689; pam."
Spofford, Harriet P., "Hestanley at St. Mark's."
Still, Wm., "The Underground Railroad."
"Stryker's American Quarterly Magazine, 1848-1851."
Stubbs, Chas. Wm., "Charles Kingsley and the Christian Social Movement."
Tarkington, Booth, "The Two Vanrevels."
Thayer, Jas. B., "John Marshall."
True, John Preston, "Morgan's Men."
Upton, Geo. P., "Musical Pastels."
Vanderpoel, Emily, "Color Problems."
Vergne, Geo. H., "At the Foot of the Rockies."
Vondel, J. Van der, "Lucifer."
Wagner, Charles, "The Simple Life."
Watson, Thos. E., "Thomas Jefferson."
White, George, "Historical Collections of Georgia."
Whiting, Lilian, "Elizabeth Barrett Browning."
Whittlesey, Charles, "Early History of Cleveland."
Wilberforce, A., "Great Battles of All Nations." 2 vol.
Wister, Owen, "U. S. Grant."

Missionary Meeting.

The Women's Missionary society of the Lester Park M. E. church will hold its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. W. S. Albertson, 5507 London road tomorrow at 2 p. m. The program will be as follows:

2 p. m.—Prayer service.
2:30 p. m.—Business.
3 p. m.—Program.
Mrs. J. D. Allen, leader.
Report of district meeting..............
Mrs. Pinkerton.
"Bethlehem of Today"..................
Mrs. Albertson.
"What Christmas Means to the Race"
Mrs. Saunderson.
Solo.....................................
Mrs. Le Tourneau.
"Karean Customs"........................
"Yuletide Customs"......................
Mrs. Williams.
"Retrospection of Home Missions"....
Mrs. Gray.

SETTLERS' RATES

Announced By Northern Pacific and Great Northern.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern today decided to wait no longer for favorable action by all the lines of the Trans-continental Passenger association relative to colonists rates, deciding to take independent action putting in a one way rate of $25, for settlers from St. Paul to Pacific coast points from Feb. 15 to April 30. The same companies will make a proportionately low rate from St. Paul to intermediate points.

A traffic official expressed the opinion that the movement of settlers would be much larger this winter and spring than ever before. The colonists will come mostly from Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois and adjoining states.

Twenty Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over twenty years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within fifteen minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—26.

ELECTION EXPENSES

The Candidates Must File Statements By Next Monday.

A Number of Them Are Still Behind With Them.

Expenses Run From $10 Up to More Than $400.

Thursday, Dec. 4, is the last day allowed by the state law for the filing of election expenses incurred during the recent primary and general elections.

Nearly all of the candidates at the recent elections have filed, there remaining some seven or eight up to this morning that have not yet done so. The law requires that every candidate shall file a statement of his election expenses. Campaign committees must also file a list of expenses, but up to this noon neither the Republican nor the Democratic committees had filed.

The county auditor has notified all those who have been waiting until the last minute and it is expected that all affidavits will be in by tomorrow evening.

The affidavits indicate clearly that it costs money to run for an office, and the amount spent by various candidates in this county during the recent elections varied from $10, the filing fee and the minimum of expense, to over $400. Some of the largest sums were given by candidates with little or no opposition to the campaign committees to assist in the work along general lines, such as hiring speakers, paying rent for halls, for literature, etc.

Following is a list of those who have filed up to this noon, with the amounts that they spent for nomination and election:

Candidates for sheriff—W. C. Sargent, $303.97; W. W. Butchart, $410; Morris Thomas, $53.60; Charles G. Miller, $158; John R. Meining, $285; O. Larson, $162; H. C. Kendall, $44.50; J. A. Healey, $356.05; W. J. Bates, $356.05; J. T. Armstead, $381.73.

County superintendent of schools—Bert N. Wheeler, $301.01; Andrew T. Park, $80.75; A. C. Parsons, $87.75; W. H. Stultz, $60.

County commissioners — Emil Engle, $30.92; R. F. Berdie, $135.25; James Gandsey, $65; F. W. Kugler, $233.95; J. B. Connors, $246.50; G. A. Schulenberg, $80.

County treasurer—W. A. Holgate, $314.25; L. H. Whipple, $110.66; N. J. Miller, $10.

State senators—E. R. Jefferson, $100.03; T. M. Pugh, $151.20; E. B. Hawkins, $125.

County auditor—Odin Haldin, $370; A. M. Morrison, $10; Andrew Johnson, $109.60.

State representatives—P. E. Dowling, $62; G. J. Mallory, $45.50; S. H. Eckman, $65.70; Ray T. Lewis, $136.25; P. C. Schmidt, $171.85; John R. Randall, $116.76; S. C. Murphy, $28.15; D. Graham, $135.

Register of deeds—L. M. Johnson, $87.22.

Judge of probate—J. B. Middlecoff, $392.60.

Congressman—W. D. Edson, $171.40.

Judge of district court—W. A. Cant, $267; J. D. Ensign, $267; J. B. Richards, $311.51.

Clerk of court—J. P. Johnson, $359.

County surveyor—C. P. Frank, $103.

County coroner—S. H. Boyer, $106.

County attorney—J. M. McClintock, $377.37.

FIRE AT HANCOCK, MINN.

An Entire Block Burned Excepting One Building.

St. Paul, Dec. 2—A Hancock, Minn., special to the Dispatch says:

Last evening fire started in a saloon in the middle of a frame block and burned the entire block except onne building on the corner. The losers are L. B. Wheeler, jeweler; I. T. Tollifson, druggist; Stone, Munroe & Stebbins, furniture and hardware; Dr. C. L. Gates, office and contents; Herman Schlieps, saloon, and E. A. Dutcher, grain and land office.

Five families were made homeless, losing household goods. The merchants saved part of the stock. The loss is estimated at $25,000, and half insured.

MUST ACCOUNT.

Rio Grande Road Has Been Cutting Timber Illegally.

Denver, Dec. 2.—United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston has filed a suit in the federal court here against the Denver & Rio Grande railroad and the contractors furnishing it with ties for its road, to compel an accounting for timber alleged to have been illegally cut from government land in the southern part of this state. A restraining order was at once granted by Judge Hallet to prevent the felling of any more timber in the regions mentioned in the complaint. Frank J. Park, the timber agent, who has made the affidavits upon which the suit is based, estimates that between 45,000,000 and 50,000,000 feet of lumber have been illegally taken from the timber reservation.

ROCK SLIDE

Caused Fatal Wreck On Rio Grande Western Road.

Grand Junction, Col., Dec. 2.—The Pacific coast limited, west bound, on the Rio Grande Western railroad, ran into a huge rock slide two miles east of Westwater, Utah, this morning, one man being killed and two injured.

The dead:

FIREMAN C. W. BEEDLE, of Helper, Utah.

Injured: Engineer John Cummings, of Grand Junction, left leg broken, right foot crushed and internal injuries; will recover. Mail Clerk Henson, of Ogden, Utah, shoulder broken and internal injuries; may die.

The engine was demolished and all the cars except the rear Pullman derailed. None of the passengers were seriously hurt.

GOVERNOR VAN SANT

Is Back In St. Paul But Preserves Silence.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant returned to the city today but would not give any opinion on the speakership, evidently preferring to look over the field carefully first. It is expected that he will answer Dr. Babcock tomorrow by issuing a formal statement of his position in the speakership fight.

Dr. Babcock appeared at the capitol early today to have an interview with the governor, but he found him absent. He waited some time, and finally he left his card, saying he would be back. He then started for the Aberdeen, on ing to catch him there.

ALWAYS DRINK
Huyler's
PURE! HEALTHFUL!
COCOA
FOR
BREAKFAST AND SUPPER
COSTS NO MORE THAN OTHERS
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Bring your shoe repairing to the Ehle Shoe Co., Terrey Bldg. Quick work.

George Clark, arrested Sunday afternoon after a lively sprinting match along Superior street, was sent back to the Red Wing industrial school yesterday.

The monthly meeting of the Duluth Sunday School association will be held in the First Presbyterian church this evening. A free supper will be served to members of the association at 6:30 o'clock for the convenience of those who work in stores and offices. The principal subjects to be considered at the meeting are "The Opening of Exercises" and "Graduation."

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

Harrison W. Drake of Duluth and John K. Anderson of Hinckley have been discharged from bankruptcy.

Gold leaf frames, Engels' art store.

Sit for your Xmas photos at Ely's.

An order dismissing the monetary side of the complaints of the Metropolitan Trust company of New York against the Duluth Transfer Railway company, defendant, and the Pennsylvania and Ohio Coal company, intervenor, has been filed with T. H. Presnell, clerk of the United States circuit court. The decision was handed down yesterday by Judge Lochren. The plaintiff demanded $3517.38 for rebates on switching charges and $998.55 damages.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

Try the La Agilidad clear Havana cigar.

Paine, Webber & Company, have removed their stock broking and commission offices from 308 to 328 West Superior street. They vacated their former location by arrangement with the City National bank in order to permit the bank to open in its permanent location without seeking temporary quarters, the lease of the commission firm running to May 1.

Volland, the hatter, 14 First avenue east. next.

PURELY PERSONAL

Carl Schilling, musical director of West's minstrels, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Fider while in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gunn left last evening for Montrose, Mich., where they have been called by the illness of Mrs. Gunn's mother.

Joel Turnquist, of Virginia, left for the South this afternoon over the Omaha.

Thomas R. Benton, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

Arthur Snow, of Virginia, is at the McKay.

F. A. Hastings, of Chicago, is at the Spalding.

H. M. Fischer, of Grand Forks, is at the St. Louis.

M. M. Duncan will leave for Ishpeming this evening over the South Shore.

F. A. Patrick and A. M. Marshall will leave over the Northern Pacific this evening for the Pacific coast.

John S. Parrish, of Richmond, Va., is at the St. Louis.

C. H. Brush, of Washington, D. C., general agent of the United States land office, is in the city.

A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me. Six bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** brought me health and happiness in a few short months, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick woman as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help."—Mrs. B. A. Blanchard, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

When women are troubled with menstrual irregularities, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

NEARING THE END

Testimony In the Mueller Case Is Nearly All In.

Arguments of Attorneys May Begin Sometime Tomorrow.

Testimony Descriptive of Appearance of Detroit Mueller.

The Mueller case, which has been dragging along for many months in the district court of St. Louis county, will come to an end some time the latter part of this week.

Attorney R. R. Briggs, for the defendant, Katherine Mueller, stated this noon that he would have but one more witness and would have a little rebuttal. The plaintiffs will also have a little rebuttal, but it is reasonably certain that the arguments to the court will begin tomorrow. As there are several attorneys, the arguments will probably take up the greater part of three days.

Introduction of testimony by the defendant was continued this morning.

Frank McCormick, a contractor, was the first witness. Mr. McCormick testified that he had known Mueller for about a year, that while they had several conversations, Mueller never once mentioned his family or from whence he came. One time he talked about mortgages.

John Benesch, the second witness, was born in Bohemia, and has lived in this country 20 years. He knew Mueller ten or eleven years ago, played cards with him on several occasions and talked. He said Mueller told him that he used to live in Bohemia, not far from Benesch's old home, east of Prague. Witness said he never talked in Bohemian with Mueller and has the impression that Mueller said he could not speak in that language. When Benesch knew Mueller he wore a silver earring in one of his ears.

A. C. Miller, another witness for the defense, said Mueller told him he had been through the East, Pennsylvania and New York, and had performed odd jobs about Detroit, Mich., one of which was sawing wood with some kind of a machine. Witness said he once asked Mueller why he lived alone on his claim, why he did not marry, and Mueller replied that he had an opportunity once to get married while he was in the East, but that he did not take it.

The deposition of Fredlein Mueller, brother of the Detroit Johann Mueller, and a resident of Bohemia, was then read by the defendant's counsel, and the cross examination was read by Attorney Conway, representing the Bohemian heirs.

Fredlein Mueller testified that his brother Johann had a reddish beard and moustache and that his hair was light, that he had a reddish birthmark on his chin, which showed after he had shaved; that he walked favoring one foot, carried himself erect, with his hand in his pants pockets. As to the tattoo mark on the arm, the witness was rather indefinite and not at all sure about the size of the wreath. He thought that Rudolph Mueller bore a close resemblance to his brother Johann, that the picture of the Duluth Mueller bore somewhat of a resemblance to his brother, and that this resemblance was also noted in one of the photographs of the Bohemian claimants.

He said his brother served in the army, that he left for America over twenty years ago, that the last time they corresponded was about twenty years ago, when Johann was in Detroit and wrote that he was doing well. Witness said he understood from Johann Mueller's wife that Johann Mueller left Bohemia for America because of family troubles, that she and Johann had a falling out on an occasion when he had been drinking a little too much.

The defense attempted to show by testimony this morning that the attorneys for the other claimants, while taking the Prague depositions, tried to keep some of the witnesses away, that they managed to have some of them sent back to their homes before the defendant's counsel could see them.

DANGEROUS.

Professor Cox Forecasts a Heavy Northeast Storm Tonight.

A telegraphic warning came from Professor Cox, chief weather forecaster at Chicago, to the local weather office this afternoon, reading as follows:

"A storm, central over the Middle Mississippi River valley, is increasing very much in intensity. It will cause dangerous northeast gales on the lakes tonight. Vessel masters should stay in port."

DEATH LIST.

New York, Dec. 2.—Salem H. Wales, father-in-law of Secretary of War Root, died this afternoon. Mr. Wales, who has been a director of the national bank of North America for many years, had been ill for several days. He was 72 years old.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 2.—Alex John Alexander, son of Hon. Robert Alexander and nephew of Sir William Alexander of England, died suddenly this morning of heart disease at his home at Woodburn Spring station, Woodford county. He had many relatives in both Chicago and Louisville, Ky., where he was a very heavy property holder. He owned the famous Woodburn farm of over 2000 acres, one of the most celebrated in Kentucky and which was the home of Maud S the great trotting mare. Mr. Alexander was known throughout the United States as a horse breeder and owner both of thoroughbreds and trotters. He was of Scotch and English descent and was connected with some of the most eminent families in both countries.

Utica, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Judge Robert Earl died at his home in Herkimer today, of paralysis.

Vermilion, O., Dec. 2.—Alexander Gilchrist, one of the best-known vesselmen of the great lakes up to five years ago, died yesterday, aged 82 years. He was the father of J. C. Gilchrist, the well-known vesselman.

New York, Dec. 2.—T. Henry French, famous as a theatrical manager and producer of many celebrated dramas, died last night, after a lingering illness.

Atlanta, Go., Dec. 2.—Rev. Dr. Isaac T. Tichenor, secretary emeritus of the Home Mission society of the Southern Baptist church, and one of the best-known clergymen in the South, died here today.

MOURN FOR DEAD BANKER.

New York, Dec. 2.—There is deep mourning in Mulberry street because of the death of the Italian banker, Raphael Reve. The banker came to America in 1871. His ship sank at Sandy Hook and he lost his savings, but started as a laborer and amassed a fortune in the Italian quarter estimated at $1,000,000.

BRITAIN'S LITTLE WAR.

John Bull is apparently never happy without a fight or the prospect of one, says the Brooklyn Eagle. It is impossible to exaggerate the general disappointment following the announcement that after all there would be no campaign against the Mad Mullah, that mysterious colored man, who cavorts up and down the unknown tracks of Somaliland, armed with a spear, modern maxims, and Mr. Rudyard Kipling's famous "ayrick 'ead of 'air" with which to break the British square. Public feeling, however, has been allayed by the official notification that the little picnic party will take place and that the guns will begin to shoot in about sixe weeks' time. The only result will be that some general will make a reputation, will add to his titles, will receive the thanks of parliament; that the mint will work overtime to strike off medals for soldiers and camp followers, and that another blotch of red will eventually decorate the map of Africa.

That is the usual mode of procedure. We pick out some likely negro who has done us an imaginary wrong, we let him eat up a missinary or two, we fill the newspapers with stories of terrific onslaughts and ambuscades, we organize an expedition, we make a general and we paint the map red, thus adding to the everlasting glorification of this most wonderful of empires.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

Bank Statement.

Report of the Condition of the

First National Bank at Duluth,

In the state of Minnesota, at the close of business Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,628,214 13
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,751 75
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		100 000 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		150,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		401,814 11
Due from State banks and bankers		405,838 77
Due from approved reserve agents		898,385 07
Internal-revenue stamps		93 01
Checks and other cash items		5,189 22
Exchanges for clearing house		19,719 06
Notes of other national banks		19,545 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		3,606 71
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$509,448 70	
Legal tender notes	36,672 00	546,120 70
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$7,287,268 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		296,224 50
National Bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 466,809 77	
Due to state banks and bankers	351,824 42	
Dividends unpaid	658 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,241,458 14	
Demand certificates of deposit	11,232 40	
Time certificates of deposit	857,737 08	
Certified checks	27,578 88	
Cashier's checks outstanding	48,641 23	
United States deposits	67,454 52	
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	32,545 48	6,105,940 42
Reserved for taxes		15,999 86
Premium account		19,103 75
Total		$7,287,268 53

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

I, John H. Dight, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN H. DIGHT,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1902.

W. J. JOHNSON,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Correct—Attest—
A. L. ORDEAN,
A. M. MARSHALL,
A. C. JONES,
Directors.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION —OF THE—

American Exchange Bank

At Duluth, Minn., at close of business on Tuesday, Nov. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,101,841 41
Overdrafts		1,737 54
Bonds, stocks and securities		43,819 57
Real estate		85,924 62
Due from banks	$ 796,532 20	
Checks and cash items	2,652 29	
Exchanges for clearing house	34,509 55	
Currency ...$107,581 00		
Gold 113,795 00		
Silver 9,900 00		
Fractional .. 99 69	231,375 69	
Total	$1,064,769 73	1,064,769 73
Total		$5,298,092 87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, net		106,466 16
Undivided profits	$ 30 00	
Deposits subject to check	2,571,681 22	
Demand certificates	60,564 77	
Certified checks	9,355 14	
Cashier's checks	71,262 79	
Due banks	663,340 23	
Time certificates	1,214,649 56	
Total deposits	$4,591,626 71	4,591,626 71
Total		$5,298,092 87

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, James C. Hunter, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES C. HUNTER,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1902.

J. S. MOORE,
Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

Attest:
H. M. PEYTON,
J. H. UPHAM,
Directors.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv..Iron Jctn..Lv	8 01	1 13
------	10 40	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	------	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar.. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	7 42	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar.. Biwabik..Lv	------	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar.. Hibbing..Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:3
11:28	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:08	7:58	Ar...... Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m. * 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m. * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	† 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
via City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—......LOCAL.......—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 08 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE,
Union Square, New York.
PATRIA VERITAS FIDES

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 2nd, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of George S. Cushing, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of George S. Cushing, late of Milton, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of Norfolk County, Massachusetts have been delivered to this Court;

And whereas, George M. Cushing has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said George S. Cushing lately died in said County of Norfolk, Massachusetts testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minnesota and that said petitioner is the sole surviving executor named and appointed in said Last Will and Testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters Testamentary be to George M. Cushing issued thereon;

It is ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on the 27th day of December A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County of St. Louis, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota this 2nd day of December A. D. 1902.

By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court,
St. Louis Co. Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 2-9-16-1902.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Julius R. Fisher and Libbie Cleveland.
Henry Cheeley and Rose LaBroche, of West Superior.
Otto Perleberg and Emma Sonnenberg.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

ALL THE RAGE WITH PRETTY girls, handsome dames and society ladies. Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder are best made. 25c.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 2001 East First street.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

Answers come thick and fast when your little advertisement is in The Herald Want Columns---Everyone reads The Herald and it goes everywhere

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $500 will buy 25x140 feet on 4th St., near 13th Ave. E., upper side of street; lies fine. For sale exclusively by

GEO. H. CROSBY

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

5-acre tracts near Arnold school.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.

Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

200 feet corner Ninth avenue East and First street.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Look These Up.

$1150 for a 5-room cottage with lot 50x140, centrally located, and in first class condition.

We also have some very nice lots at Lakeside, these have just been put on the market and will go quick.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

40 ACRES

Adjoining Fond du Lac at a bargain. We can offer several small tracts fronting on St. Louis River, near New Duluth.

A.C.Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Building.

SUPERIOR STREET BARGAIN.

100 feet corner Seventh avenue West. Rents on improvements will carry investment.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

STOCKS. STOCKS.

Cerro Escarlata Gold Mines Co., Sonora, Mexico.

Good Features: First—Low capitalization, $500,000; second—valuable properties; third—management almost same as Copper Glance.

For particulars call upon, address, phone or wire

WM. KAISER.
Both phones. 106 Palladio Building.

SAMPLES OF OUR BARGAINS.

$1150 For a 5-room cottage with lot 50x140. Centrally located.

$900 For a 10-room house in the West End, with city water. This is a pure snap.

$2000 For 525 East Seventh street—with lot 100x140. This is an eight-room house in first class repair.

$2000 For a 7-room house with city water, centrally located.

$1500 For a 6-room house with city water, sewer and toilet. Centrally located.

$2200 For a 6-room house with city water, sewer, bath, and toilet, centarlly located.

$3800 For an 8-room house with hot water heat, electric lights, bath and all modern improvements.

$3100 For a 6-room house with electric lights and bath. This house in in first class repair throughout.

$3500 This is something new. You had better let us show it to you before buying a home.

If you want to buy or sell anything in the Real Estate line we can help you.

Julius D. Howard & CO.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior St.

4½ and 5 PER CENT Money to Loan
"On or Before"
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

$3000 Double corner with railroad frontage, 100 feet square, centrally located. Good location for warehouse or manufacturing.

$1800 Fifty foot lot on First street near Twentieth avenue East.

We have other lots in the same vicinity at reasonable prices.

$1250 Lot on Second street near Nineteenth avenue East. 50x150 feet in area.

$800 Four beautiful lots, in all 200x140 feet in area, at Lakeside.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

House.

We are offering a ten-room house near ore dock and the Bryant school in first class condition in every respect; would cost at least $1500 to build the house; lot valued at $400; the owner refuses to rent it; can be bought for $1000 very easy terms; we have offered no better bargain this year.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$650 for two good lots on macadamized street, Lakeside; two blocks from street car line—100x140.

$1200 for lot 25x140, Michigan and Superior street frontage, between 11th and 12th Aves. W.

$3750 for good ten-room house, East End; modern; lot 40x100.

$1600 for 2318 W. Michigan St., 50-ft. lot, worth the whole cost. Seven-room house thrown in.

Some bargains in acres.
Money to loan.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

4½% MONEY 5% To Loan
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W.M.PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

SURETY BONDS
Liability, Burglary, Fire, Accident and Health Insurance.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

20 per cent Net

House of three flats in center of city. Price $3600, payable $1600 cash, balance 5 years at 6 per cent.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

$2300 eleven rooms, water, sewer, bath, up and down stairs, stone foundation. House is almost new, in fine condition. This is a real snap. West End.

$2400 new 7-rooms, stone foundation, full basement, water, sewer, bath, closet, gas. A splendid home, West End.

$1500 nine rooms, city water, rents for $18, fine condition. West End.

$1250 nine rooms, city water, well located, West End.

I have many others in all parts of city.
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
New 'Phone 1013

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home

We have about 20 houses to select from, ranging from $600 to $1800. Most of them at West Duluth. You do not have to pay down only from $100 to $200. The balance is arranged on easy monthly payments, which is not more than a fair rental. We have sold over 60 properties on the easy terms we offer, and we refer to any one who has bought of us as to the fairness of the plan they are buying on and they will all agree that it has been much better than paying rent.

Come in and look over the list.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary.
100 Torrey Building.

A SNAP.

$1250 Will buy 62 lots in Stewart's Addition. Here is a chance to double your money in one year.

Julius D. Howard & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$7000 Buys 50 feet, upper side 3rd street, West of Ninth avenue East, with fine improvements that pay 11 per cent net on the purchase price.

$1100 Buys cosy cottage in Endion, in fine condition, one block from street cars.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1100 Buys 7-room house on Seventh street in good condition.

$100 cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a 6-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

FIRE INSURANCE

Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MILLINERY.

DISCOUNT ON UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS flavor, use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First Ave. W. Both phones.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 17-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe. Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

FOR RENT—VERY NICE PIANO. 616 East Fourth street.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED ON SHORT NOtice. Good work guaranteed, without damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

UNIVERSAL BEKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

TURKISH BATHS

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

Launches, Row Boats.
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
Pearson Boat Construction Co., Duluth.
Send For Catalogue.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES TAILORING—Good work, prices reasonable; new styles in shirt waists. Mrs. J.M.Stanley, rm 8, over Big Duluth.

DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILoring. Mrs. Walker, 1115 E. Third street.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NATIONal Bank building. Zenith phone 831.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

P. L. Younger, Plaintiff; against Helen Younger, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is hereto annexed and herewith served upon you has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District Court, at the City of Duluth, County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the City of Duluth, in the said County of St. Louis, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated, August 12th, A. D., 1902.

J. H. WHITELY,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
312 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Daily, Nov. 4-11-18-25, Dec. 29, 1902.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

WOOD SAW RIGS WITH POLE saw and elevator attachements, one man can operate. Will take cordwood in part payments. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue South, Duluth, Minn.

CANARIES FOR SALE—I HAVE JUST received a shipment of fine Hartz Mountain Canary Birds for Xmas; some great warblers. Come and hear them sing, at 109 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—DAIRY OF EIGHT COWS. A snap $200. 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ST. BERNARD DOG. Inquire 623 Twenty-first avenue west.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. 119 Sixty-first avenue West.

Upright Piano $148 USED 8 months perfect condition, fine case and tone. $10 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HORSE; MUST sell. Inquire P. D. Jones' mill, Forty-first avenue West.

FOR SALE—A CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows, just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue East.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OF LAND NEAR Highland station, on D. & I. R. railroad. Suitable for farming purposes. Address box 793, Two Harbors.

Upright Piano $158 Elegant Walnut finish case, beautiful tone and action. $15 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—THOUSAND ACRES northwest of Hibbing, $5 per acre. Also state leases for sale. Address P 93, Herald.

Square Piano $48 GOOD REpair and sweet tone. $5 cash and $3 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY horse, perfectly gentle, with harness and runabout wagon, complete. Inquire 506 Board of Trade.

JUST RECEIVED—TWO CARLOADS OF horses, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and see them. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

Salaried loans on plain notes to male or female employes. No mortgage. No endorser. No publicity. You give your personal note and get $10.00 to $150.00 We make a specialty of loans on horses, cattle, pianos and furniture in amounts of $10.00 to $500.00. Loans to be paid in small weekly or monthly payments to suit borrower. Investigate and be convinced that our rates and terms are the best in the city. Information cheerfully given. All inquiries or business absolutely confidential.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
Zenith 'phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as stationary engineer or fireman. Three and one-half years' experience O 14, Herald.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTS evening work. Apply 413 Providence building.

WANTED—POSITION AS GROCERY clerk; best of references. Address Alfred Thompson, general delivery.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in law, real estate, loan or insurance office as stenographer. Has had experience. Address O. 13, Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING TO DO at home. Call at 523 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WASHING WANTED TO TAKE HOME. 1107 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker would like sewing by the day. 230 Fourth avenue West.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as timekeeper in lumber camp. Address C 3, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER WISHes position. O 11, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRApher, by young man with experience. Will assist in bookkeeping. Address O 2, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 15—position as porter for small wages and attend night school. O 3, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE WORK IN dressmaking establishment. Has had experience. O 4, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHing and ironing by the day. Address O 1, Herald.

RESTAURANT.

THE CHICAGO COMPANY CHINESE restaurant. Fine Chop Sue, 318 Lake avenue south, is now open for business.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van & Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED CASH girls. I. Freimuth.

SEWING GIRLS WANTED AT MRS. Walker's, 1115 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid, also laundry girl. Apply St. Louis Hotel.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN THE tailor system of dresscutting. This is the most simple and accurate system in use. Ladies can get free lessons. 212 East Fourth street, Miss Bell.

WANTED—INTELLIGENT AMERIcan young lady as companion to children during evenings for board and laundry. Children attend school, central location. Address American, care Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Family of two. 611 East First street.

WANTED—COOK, MUST KNOW HOW. $20. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family. 318 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — LADY TO TAKE CASH at Crystal restaurant nights. Must be accurate in making change. Bring references.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. ITASCA R. R. Hotel, Itasca, Wis.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEmaid. Apply evenings, 1801 East Superior street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third St.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework, 2109 West First street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEMAID at 513 West Second street.

SAVE—50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue east.

MALE HELP WANTED.

500 RAILROAD LABORERS, SOUTH, low rates; 50 station men for Paulson & Larson, Antigo, Wis.; 40 pulpwood cutters; 50 tie makers, cedar and tamarack; 100 woodsmen. First-class camps and pay. E. Downie, Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—SMART YOUNG MAN WITH some experience in grocery business. Call after 7:30 p. m., 508 West Third street.

MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS WANTED to call on lawyers of Duluth. Very profitable position for competent man. Ziegler, Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—DRIVER FOR DELIVERY wagon; must know the city thoroughly. Apply at once. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman, Scandinavian preferred. Peoples Clothing House, 401 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD REliable jobbers, owning teams and outfits to get out ties and pulpwood. Duluth Log company, 201-204 Palladio building.

EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR A good canvasser. Globe Cabinets, 9 First avenue West.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER men to learn the barber trade. Years saved by our method of free work, expert instructions, etc. Tools presented, wages Saturdays; board provided. Write. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO LEARN watchmaking and the jewelry trade. Six months' time required. Salary while you learn. Address Stone's Watchmaking School, 720 Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN PRINTING business. Apply Duluth Lithograph and Printing company.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WANTED— THREE FIRST-CLASS coatmakers Meir.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WeANTED—500 RAILROAD LABORERS. South; low rates. E. Downie, Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior St.

WANTED—GOOD COATMAKERS. Janzig, Hunter block.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN SECURE LIBERAL CONtracts representing one of the best sick and accident insurance companies in state. Hospital benefits connected. Union Mutual Insurance, 305-6 Palladio building, Duluth.

LOST AND FOUND.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

FOR PIANO, VOCAL OR VIOLIN LESsons attend "Bradbury School of Music." Instruction by best teachers in every branch of musical learning. 10 Columbus building.

TO EXCHANGE.

FINE HOUSE AND LOT NEAR BUSIness center, paying 7 per cent on value, to exchange for land within or near Duluth or Superior, suitable for dairying, gardening, and farming. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE, MODERN improvements. 15½ East Fourth street alley. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 4514 Dodge street.

FOR RENT—16-ROOMED HOUSE; CITY water and electric light; moderate rent to right parties. Apply Eckman & Stephenson, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. Inquire 505 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; $8 per month. 912 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End, for a few months. Address K 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, EAST Fourth street, city water. Inquire 715 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—No. 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Charles A. Stark, 213 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water; $12. William Kaiser, No. 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-eighth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. $12. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE HOUSES from $7.50 to $12 per month, by George H. Crosby.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen or man and wife. 202 West Third street.

NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM—GENtleman preferred. Modern conveniences. Don't ring, call upstairs, 214 Second avenue West.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS, 9 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED - FURnished room. O 15, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHed, steam heated rooms, suitable for light house keeping or for one or two gentlemen. Inquire at Room 418 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—ONE FRONT FURNISHED room. 127 First avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE DESIRABLE ROOMS three on first floor, will be rented only to a small family. Man and wife preferred. Inquire at 322 East Fifth street, or 733 West Michigan street. U. A. Burnham.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. Inquire 7 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS SINgle or ensuite. Coal heat, call third floor brick building, corner Second avenue West and First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT REASONable rates, with or without board. 22 East Superior street. Inquire Room 14.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heated. Suitable for two gentlemen. Mrs Reed, 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room for party of two or three. 24 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED steam-heated room, for gentleman, in private family; centrally located. R 75, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 8½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, GENtlemen preferred. 531 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping from $2 to $3 each, including water; centrally located. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN LUNDberg & Stone's bookstore.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT—$11. INQUIRE 704 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat; central. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NEW 5-ROOM FLAT, water, sewer, closet. Corner Twenty-fourth avenue west and Fourth street. T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and bath. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED BRICK flat, 13½ East Fourth street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange bank.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and toilet, $12.50. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD; GOOD home cooking, at Mrs. Ranney's, 313 Second avenue West.

NICE ROOM WITH BOARD AND ALL conveniences. 123 West Second street.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, 519-521 W. Mich. St., steam heated, electric light. Special rates by the week. Our meals are the best in the city. Get our rates.

TABLE BOARD AND NICELY FURnished rooms. Modern and central. Brick house and warm, 318 West Second street. Zenith 491.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

PALMISTRY.

THE ORIGINAL GYPSY QUEEN FROM Hindoo. The famous palmist, not a made-up gypsy, but comes from a long line of world-famed fortune tellers. Has told fortunes all over the world. Speaks seven different languages. Tells past, present and future; advice given in love, courtship and marriage. Gives height and complexion of your future wife or husband. Tells how to settle legal troubles without lawyers. A specialty of business readings, 1423 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR SMALL house and barn on good-sized lot, centrally located. Must be cheap. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS.HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1125.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

BETHEL RESCUE HOME.

FOR WOMEN. 432 SIXTH AVENUE east. Admission any hour of day or night. Phone 172.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEdium, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior, Phone 4250.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderat prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE SERVICE company. Offices 206-7 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT, AT reasonable rates. J. P. Rossman, [illegible] Torrey Bldg., new 'phone [illegible].

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, MASSAGE TREATMENTS. Relief from rheumatism guaranteed. Reference given. Old 'phone 689-5 rings.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St. Upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 1, 1902. Work—election of officers. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, acting secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 8, 1902. Work—Election officers. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 10, 1902. Work Election officers. F. W. Turner H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Dec. 2. Work—Templar degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Co.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Official visit of Deputy Grand Chancellor, and refreshments served, Dec. 2. Come! G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunsil, clerk.

12 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CREW OF STEAMER HEBARD ESCAPED FROM THE SHIP

The Men Had Been Given Up For Lost.

Line Was Carried Ashore By Two Daring Officers.

Thrilling Landing Then Made In a Boatswain's Chair.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald)—The tug General, which arrived here at about 5 o'clock last evening brought the crew of the steamer Hebard, which had been picked up near the scene of the wreck.

The members of the crew tell a thrilling story of their escape from the steamer, which went ashore in one of the fiercest storms ever known on the lake. Caught on the rocks, some 200 yards from the shore, with every wave breaking clear over her, the ill-fated ship twisted and pounded in the storm struggling like a thing of life to release herself from the clutches of the rocks that held her. It was evident that she was doomed and the crew began to look about for some way to escape. Between the ship and shore the lake was one boiling mass of foam, the waves dashing over the rocks and the heavy undertow forming a surf in which it did not seem possible for anything to live.

The vessel had gone ashore, bow on, in a blinding snow storm shortly after midnight Sunday morning off Mamaise Point, 60 miles north of the Soo. Early in the morning First Mate Burrell and Second Mate Jackson volunteered to carry a line ashore in a little skiff. It seemed certain death to start out, but as it was only a question of time when the vessel would go to pieces, the captain accepted the offer of the men and they launched their frail craft. Once, twice, they were hurled back by the fury of the waves. The third time they made the attempt the boat was capsized and the men thrown into the boiling surf. Fortunately they were inside the breakers and were thrown ashore. Clinging tightly to the line upon which hung the lives of their companions, they climbed up the rocks and fell bruised and exhausted at a point of safety.

Oscar Carlson, who lives near by came running upon the scene with his sons and with their assistance a strong hawser was hauled from the steamer and made securely fast to the shore. A "boatswain's chair" was quickly rigged by those on board and the work of taking off the crew commenced. On the first two trips to the shore two sailors were pulled to safety and finding that everything held, a passenger, Miss Jennie Burns was brought to land. The remainder of the crew followed. Capt. Ryan had a narrow escape from death at the last moment as he was thrown out of the chair. He hung on, however, and the crew pulled him through the surf.

AGENTS AROUSED

Over an Increase In the Insurance Rates.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—Insurance agents throughout the smaller towns of Minnesota are in insurrection over the recent flat increase of 25 per cent in all commercial fire insurance rates demanded by the companies doing business in Minnesota.

Letters are pouring in to the state insurance bureau from small town agents asking for statistics relative to insurance rates, premiums and losses in their respective places of residence.

These statistics are being used in compilations proving that fire companies were making big money on the former rate basis in the smaller places, and that the losses which are the excuse for the 25 per cent increase are all confined to the large cities, especially Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Senator Knatvold, of Albert Lea, has prepared statistics to prove that in his little city of about 5000 inhabitants insurance companies the past six years have made an absolutely net profit of nearly $65,000.

The country insurance agents, in brief, demand a decrease in rates for fire writing and that the large cities be increased in rates in proportion. The large city insurance agents will fight to the last any effort to force rates higher, as merchants are now loud in their protests against the size ofze of the premiums demanded.

BLOOD MAY BE SHED.

Every Indication of a Duel at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 3.—Capt. F. C. Wilson, ex-commander of one of the companies of Savannah volunteer guards, one of the most exclusive and famous military organizations of this city, and John Sullivan Schley, cousin of Rear Admiral Schley, and also a member of that company, are about to fight a duel. At least a challenge has been sent by Mr. Schley and accepted by Capt. Wilson.

The trouble was an altercation between Capt. Wilson and Mr. Schley, in which the latter was knocked down.

Great alarm among the friends of the two has been expressed. Both are good shots, Capt. Wilson especially having a wide reputation and possessing more than 100 medals and trophies won at Sea Girt and elsewhere in rifle, revolver and shotgun competition.

Mr. Schley has also represented Savannah at the Sea-Girt contests, and at Charleston his score was the highest made. A meeting between such shots would, it is thought, prove fatal for one or both if they fire in real earnest and with intent to kill.

Both men are prominent socially. Mr. Schley is a member of one of the best known families of Georgia. He is a lawyer. Capt. Wilson is a dentist with large practice. No action has yet been taken by the civil authorities looking to the prevention of the impending duel, nor have there been any arrests made on the charge of seeking to fight a duel, though both principals and seconds are amenable to law.

TO MAKE FAVORABLE REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The house committee on appropriations has directed Chairman Cannon to make a favorable report on his bill appropriating $50,000 to defray the expenses of the anthracite coal strike commission.

STRIKE COMMISSION

Has Re-Assembled and Will Continue Hearing on Strike Settlement---Efforts Will Be Made to Expedite Matters.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 3.—The members of the anthracite coal strike commission are all in the city again, ready to take up the matter of hearing testimony. It is whispered here that from this time on a great effort will be made to expedite matters. Only facts will be wanted. One story that has been put at rest is the report that the commission has decided that it will not take up the question of the [illegible]tion of the union. The matter had never been referred to in the sessions of the commission. Today the accountants for the miners completed the work of going over the figures as to the pay of miners submitted by the Delaware & Hudson company. The independent operators have refused the request that they submit books and figures to the accounts of the miners as the other companies had agreed to do.

CASTRO TRIES TO SHIRK

The Agreement Made With Germany and Aims to Bring Great Britain and Germany Into a Rupture on Claims.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—It is understood that President Castro of Venezuela is trying to shirk the agreement he made recently with Germany, and his chief aim now is to cause a disagreement between this country and Great Britain, which will lead to a rupture of their understanding in regard to the claims. The German government has no intention of seizing Venezuelan territory, or of dealing with Castro other than as a recalcitrant debtor. It has no intention either of sending warships from Germany to Venezuela to enforce payment of claims, as the four vessels now there are sufficient for all purposes. The government is now occupied in making arrangements with England in regard to the action to be taken by the two countries.

Cologne, Dec. 3.—The Cologne Gazette prints a semi-official communication in regard to the secret mission from Venezuela to Europe to adjust the matter of claims of citizens of Germany, England and France. The Gazette says:

If President Castro does not pay what he owes, steps must be taken to make him more reasonable and more willing. It would be much preferable if Venezuela would fulfill her obligations. That action does not need any specific assurance, and if the facts prove Venezuela's willingness to do so, we shall gladly acknowledge it, but a secret mission does not make much impression upon us.

DAKOTA WANTS ZOBEL

Governor Van Sant Hears Arguments For Extradition of Mankato Man Who Is Charged With Obtaining Money By Fraud.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant and Attorney General Douglas today heard arguments in the application of the governor of South Dakota for the extradition of Fred Zobel, of Mankato, wanted at Aberdeen, S. D., to answer to the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The plaintiff, men who were employed on some construction work under Zobel as foreman, allege that he obtained money from them for the ostensible purpose of paying bills for hardware, and decamped with the funds; that there were no such bills to be met as he represented. H. Schmitt, a Mankato lawyer, representing Zobel, said his client was a reputable citizen of Mankato, and had committed no crime in South Dakota; that the application for extradition was an attempt to get Zobel back to South Dakota for the collection of a debt.

MURDERER ROSS REPRIEVED

Bismarck, N. D., Dec. 3.—Governor White has reprieved William Ross, the Bottineau county murderer, sentenced to hang Friday of this week until the next meeting of the state board of pardons. States Attorney Johnson, of Ward county, applied for the reprieve. Ross recently confessed to another murder committed in Ward county in complicity with another man and his evidence is desired in the case, making the reprieve necessary in order to investigate the matter. In the trial of the May murder case yesterday the entire time of the court was occupied with the examination of jurors. When court adjourned seven jurors were in the box, and some of these will probably be peremptorily dismissed.

ATTEMPT ON MIKADO'S LIFE

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 3.—The steamer Kaga Maru, which arrived yesterday from the Orient, brought news of an attempt on the life of the emperor of Japan, when the imperial train was at Otaka, enroute to the scene of the maneuvers at Kinshin. A number of conspirators had gone there and arranged to blow up the emperor's train, but the police learned of the plot and the would-be dynamiters fled. The imperial train did not proceed until an engine had been sent over the line to test the safety of the track. The plotters were not captured.

HUBBARDCOUNTYMANKILLED

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—A Park Rapids, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Dick Palmer, a saloonkeeper at Switson's Spur, in Northeastern Hubbard county, shot Tom Seeleye with a rifle last night, killing him instantly. The shooting was the result of a personal quarrel. Palmer is under arrest.

VAN SANT TO SPEAK

Will Make General Statement as to the Speakership.

Activity of Jamison and Martin to Be Endorsed.

Two Members Claimed By Johnson Declare For Babcock.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dispatch says: Governor Van Sant has decided to issue a statement of his position in the speakership fight. After careful consideration, he decided that such a course was necessary. The exact form of the statement is not known yet, but it will be finished sometime today. It will be general in its nature, and, according to those who have consulted with the governor on the subject, it will not mention Babcock. It will not deal with persons, but with principles.

The government will announce his position, stating in general what lines the house should be organized on, appealing to the legislature to guard against the betrayal of the fruits of the election to the enemy. He will so word this announcement as to endorse the activity of Messrs. Jamison and Martin in the speakership fight. He will deal, emphatically, with the question of railroad organization of the legislature, but will abuse no person, nor will he declare against any particular candidate nor in favor of any. He will tell what influences in his opinion ought to be kept out of the legislature.

Dr. Babcock held positively to the opinion that the governor would issue no statement, and the announcement given out that the governor was at work on a statement to be made public brought consternation to the Babcock camp. The Johnson followers, on the other hand, were jubilant, and declared that the statement to be made would be absolutely satisfactory to them.

EARLIER REPORT.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dispatch today says: And still the interest in the speakership fight centers around Governor Van Sant, who up to this time has maintained a sphinx-like silence. The Babcock people were much encouraged last night because of the governor's failure to make an announcement against Babcock, while the Johnson people were evidently disappointed, but hoped that he would make a statement within a day or two.

Governor Van Sant is between two fires—indeed, between three fires. Some of his closest friends are urging him to make a statement; others equally friendly are pointing out the dangers of interfering, and urging that he keep away from the fight entirely. The Babcock people are also imploring him to keep out, by insisting that they are not opposed to him.

Ralph Wheelock, secretary of the Republican committee, says today that the situation is rather critical for the governor, and that, perhaps, the easiest way out is to keep quiet. He says that if the governor comes out against Babcock or for Johnson, it means a factional split in the legislature and a fight on every administrative measure throughout the legislative session.

Even those who counseled silence admit that such a course would help Babcock, as it would afford the opportunity to say to the doubting ones, "The governor is not against us."

Just at present, on the evidence of those closest to the governor, a statement within a day or two is very probable.

Congressman Heatwole is still in St.

(Continued on Page 10.)

SAGE WINS BOND CASE

Pepin and Wabasha Must Pay Reeds Landing Bonds.

They Absorbed the Old Village Some Years Ago.

The Case Has Been In Court Since 1897.

Winona, Minn., Dec. 3.—S(pecial to The Herald.)—The United States court entered a decree in the Russell Sage suit to collect on old bonds. This litigation has been in the courts since 1897. Evasion of payment was sought because the village of Reeds Landing, originally back of the bonds, no longer existed. The court finds for Sage, and orders the township of Pepin to pay him $13,634 and the city of Wabasha to pay $1644, they having absorbed Reeds Landing.

CHALLENGES

Received By Minnetonka Club For Ice Yacht Races.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The annual meeting of the Minnetonka club was held at the office of Theodore Wetmore in the West hotel last night. Reports of the secretary and committees were read and adopted, and officers were chosen for the ensuing year.

Challenges were received from the Lake City Ice Yacht club and the Excelsior Yacht club for a series of races during the winter. The defy of the Lake City club was promptly accepted, and the challenge of the Excelsior club will be acted upon by the sports committee later.

A challenge was also received by telephone from the Calhoun Yacht club. The Calhoun people promised to send a formal challenge later, which will be accepted by the Minnetonka club.

These races will be for the inter-lake challenge pennant and Hudson cup, and will be sailed on Lake Minnetonka. The Lake City and Tonka boats will meet about Dec. 2.

FIVE DEAD.

Mother and Four Children Consumed By Flames.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 3.—A horrible story comes from Russell village, a point about 100 miles west of Winnipeg. The residence of James Hartok, some distance north of the village, was burned Monday night, and Mrs. Hartok and four children burned to death. Suspicion points to foul play and an investigation has been ordered.

COUNTRY IS STORM SWEPT THE WORST IS YET TO COME

Central West Gets a Keen Touch of Winter.

Wires Down and Traffic Is Interrupted.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Telegraph wires down throughout Northern Illinois and Iowa and Southern Wisconsin, a gale blowing off the lake, rapidly failing temperature, and snow, marked the real advent of winter in this part of the country last night. Trains are late, and only the most daring of lake mariners braved the elements by putting out from port.

Forecaster Cox says the worst is yet to come. The northeast wind yesterday reached a velocity of 52 miles an hour. This is the greatest velocity of wind from that direction this year, and has not been exceeded since the Galveston storm. The first storm warning was sent out from the weather bureau at 8:30 yesterday morning. At 3 p. m. another warning was sent out, and all vessel owners were ordered to remain in port until the gale had passed. The warning was heeded in almost every respect. At 5:30 p. m. the storm broke.

The storm region extends through Central Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin into the Northwest, where it is cold and snowing. The wind reached its highest velocity at 7 in the evening. Miles of telegraph lines on the Chicago Great Western, Rock Island and Chicago & Northwestern roads were blown down, and train dispatchers' offices were unable to fill schedules. With wires down they kept track of trains with difficulty, and even the "flyers" and expresses were behind time. Added to this the road officials feared that falling temperature would cause the rain to freeze on the rails and prevent locomotive engineers making up lost time.

At midnight last night the Evanston life-saving station reported that only one steamer going north had passed since 6 in the morning. In the evening the Conestoga, a freight steamer from Mackinaw, came into port, after the roughest kind of a trip. At 4 p. m. the Graham & Morton line steamer C. W. Moore attempted to put out on its regular Holland run. It returned to its dock within an hour, the captain declaring he would not risk the boat in such a gale.

The Goodrich line steamer Indiana, for Manitowoc, tried to clear at 7 p. m., but soon gave up. Many other boats started out but all were driven back.

All Elgin, Joliet and Aurora electric trains were delayed in the afternoon and evening. The run from Aurora, that usually takes an hour and fifteen minutes, required nearly three hours for most of the trains.

Cheerless as Professor Cox's forecast is for today, it is still more so for Thursday.

Possible snow flurries, with winds high enough to be called blizzards, and temperature falling below 25 degrees above zero, is the predicition for Thursday.

"These troubles," said the weather prophet, reassuringly, "are almost too far off yet to be certainties, and there's no use in crossing a bridge until you come to it. But today has been bad enough, and tomorrow will probably be worse—that much ought to satisfy any man's craving for bad news."

The winds about the great lakes last night blew at a rate of fifty-two miles an hour at Chicago, thirty-six at Milwaukee and thirty-two at Green Bay, Wis. At Indianapolis wind blowing thirty-two miles an hour.

The storm is centered about the lake region and the Mississippi valley. In most of the places rain and snow fell. Snow fell during the night in Iowa, the Dakotas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Wisconsin and Minnesota. In British Northwest several slight snows weer reported and the thermometer was below zero.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—St. Paul yesterday was near the fringe of a snow storm which covered fully half the country. The center of the storm was in Northern Oklahoma and Southern Kansas, and it extended north into Minnesota, west into Colorado, south into Texas and east into Indiana. It was a snow storm in the north, a rain storm in the south, and sleet between the two, and it was the sleet that did most of the damage that affected St. Paul.

The sleet storm in Northern Illinois, Indianan and Eastern Iowa affected the telegraph wires and telegraph companies spent most of the night trying to repair broken line senough to keep the service. St. Paul, during a part of the night, was almost completely shut off from Chicago and the east. During the early part of the night there were no direct lines through to Chicago, and the only way of reaching the East was through Winnipeg. The lines were able to get into Iowa, but south and east of that they could not penetrate. Later a few lines were opened to Chicago, and

(Continued on Page 10.)

WAS NEARLY A TRAGEDY

Dish Carrier Chases Another Round a Kitchen at the Point of a Big Butcher Knife, Causing Great Excitement.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Napoleon Salves and James McCann, employed as dish carriers, got into a row at 6 o'clock last night, which threw the waitresses and kitchen maids at the Delicatessen restaurant, 321 Robert street, into hysterics and started a panic among the guests. The trouble started over the affections of one of the waitresses. The sounds of breaking dishes and the sight of a threatening butcher knife caused a general scramble among the waitresses to get into the street and the patrons joined them, not knowing just what was happening in the kitchen. Salves and McCann entered the kitchen at the same moment, and each was carrying a tray filled with dishes. It is said that Salves made a remark which was not calculated to please McCann, and that McCann responded in stronger language. Salves did not wait to place his tray on a table, but dropped it to the floor, dishes and all. He grabbed a butcher knife, the waitresses say, and started after his rival.

McCann dropped his tray of dishes and busied himself keeping out of reach of his pursuer. They raced around the room, hurdling tables, chairs and the range and leaving a trail of broken dishes in their wake, while the girls shrieked and ran to the front of the house conveying the impression to the guests that a real tragedy was being enacted. McCann finally made a dash for the rear door, ran through the back yard and vaulted a high board fence just in time to avoid a prod from the butcher knife. The police arrived in time to quiet the patrons and restore order in the kitchen.

WOULDRUNTRANSPORTS

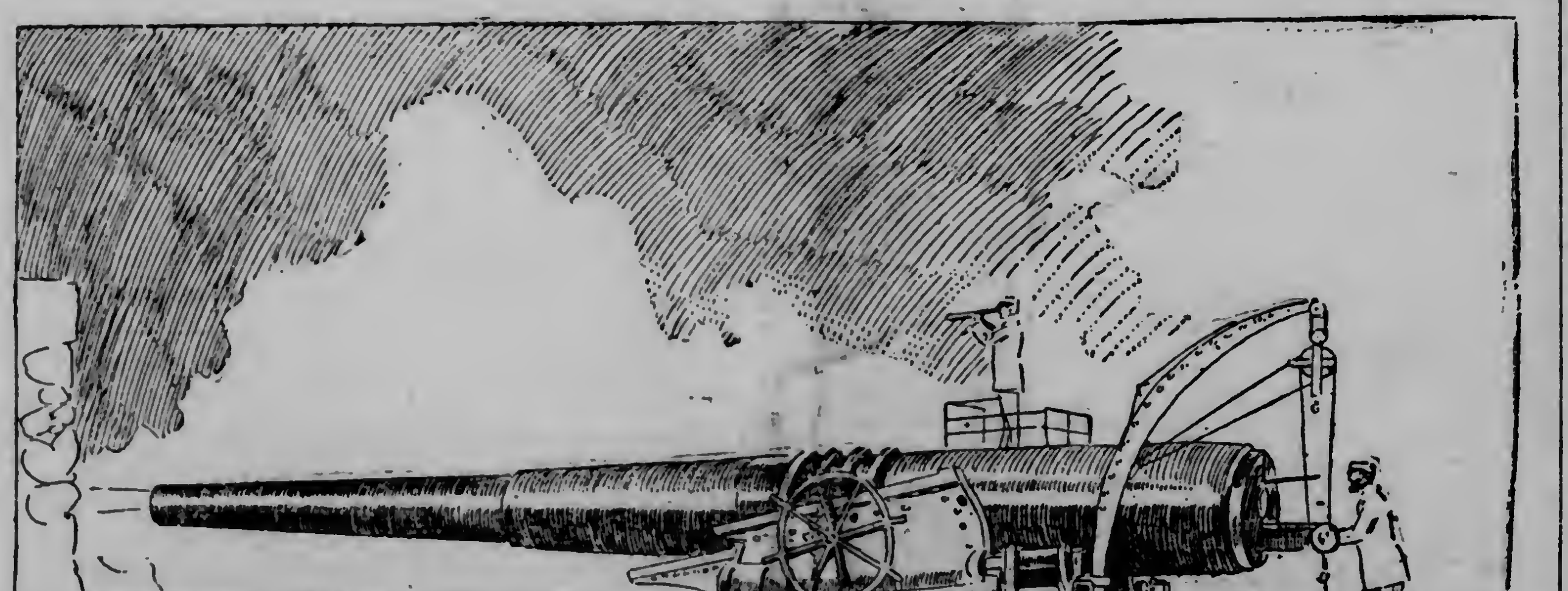
President J. J. Hill In Washington to Talk Over the Matter With the Proper Officials---A Protest From 'Frisco.

Washington, Dec. 3—J. J. Hill arrived in Washington last night, accompanied by his private secretary and his attorney. No statement was authorized as to the purpose of his visit to Washington, but it is understood that he comes to talk over with proper government officials his proposition to engage in the transport business. His railroad recently made a low bid for this business. It has received favorable consideration by the department. It is suggested that he desires to explain to the war department officials just how he will carry out this business for the government. His proposition has attracted a great deal of attention. News by wire comes from San Francisco that a meeting of the chamber of commerce has been called to protest to the government against placing the transport business in private hands. To do so might mean the removal to Seattle from San Francisco of the important military post at the Presidio.

It would mean the diversion of freight and valuable mercantile trade from the city of the Golden state. Mr. Hill was the center of an interested group of visitors at the Arlington hotel last evening. He was in a very talkative mood. He told all comers all about transportation.

SMALL BOY DIES OF RABIES

New Richmond, Wis., Dec. 3.—As a result of a visit of a dog in the town of Stanton a month ago, the 3-year-old son of Fred Bedtke, a prosperous young German farmer, is dead, after two days of a succession of spasms and convulsions. A dog bitten on the Bedtke farm, at the same time, died a week ago. No other cases among humans are yet heard from, nor have [illegible] any further evidences of [illegible] among animals.



THE WORLD'S BIGGEST GUN, WHICH IS SOON TO BE TESTED AT SANDY HOOK.

The monster coast defense gun, the biggest ever cast, was completed at the Watervliet arsenal a short time ago and was placed aboard two flatboats by machinery, one boat not being big enough to accommodate it. Two tugs then drew it to the government proving grounds at Sandy Hook, N. J. The test of the gun, which will soon take place under direction of Captain Farley, will be witnessed by naval attaches of nearly every nation in Europe. The gun has a range of twenty-one miles, fires a sixteen inch projectile and cost $150,000.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

12 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CREW OF STEAMER HEBARD ESCAPED FROM THE SHIP

The Men Had Been Given Up For Lost.

Line Was Carried Ashore By Two Daring Officers.

Thrilling Landing Then Made In a Boatswain's Chair.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald)—The tug General, which arrived here at about 5 o'clock last evening brought the crew of the steamer Hebart, which had been picked up near the scene of the wreck.

The members of the crew tell a thrilling story of their escape from the steamer, which went ashore in one of the fiercest storms ever known on the lake. Caught on the rocks, some 200 yards from the shore, with every wave breaking clear over her, the ill-fated ship twisted and pounded in the storm struggling like a thing of life to release herself from the clutches of the rocks that held her. It was evident that she was doomed and the crew began to look about for some way to escape. Between the ship and shore the lake was one boiling mass of foam, the waves dashing over the rocks and the heavy undertow forming a surf in which it did not seem possible for anything to live.

The vessel had gone ashore, bow on, in a blinding snow storm shortly after midnight Sunday morning off Mamaise Point, 60 miles north of the Soo. Early in the morning First Mate Burrell and Second Mate Jackson volunteered to carry a line ashore in a little skiff. It seemed certain death to start out, but as it was only a question of time when the vessel would go to pieces, the captain accepted the offer of the men and they launched their frail craft. Once, twice, they were hurled back by the fury of the waves. The third time they made the attempt the boat was capsized and the men thrown into the boiling surf. Fortunately they were inside the breakers and were thrown ashore. Clinging tightly to the line upon which hung the lives of their companions, they climbed up the rocks and fell bruised and exhausted at a point of safety.

Oscar Carlson, who lives near by came running upon the scene with his sons and with their assistance a strong hawser was hauled from the steamer and made securely fast to the shore. A "boatswain's chair" was quickly rigged by those on board and the work of taking off the crew commenced. On the first two trips to the shore two sailors were pulled to safety and finding that everything held, a passenger, Miss Jennie Burns was brought to land. The remainder of the crew followed. Capt. Ryan had a narrow escape from death at the last moment as he was thrown out of the chair. He hung on, however, and the crew pulled him through the surf.

AGENTS AROUSED

Over an Increase In the Insurance Rates.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—Insurance agents throughout the smaller towns of Minnesota are in insurrection over the recent flat increase of 25 per cent in all commercial fire insurance rates demanded by the companies doing business in Minnesota.

Letters are pouring in to the state insurance bureau from small town agents asking for statistics relative to insurance rates, premiums and losses in their respective places of residence.

These statistics are being used in compilations proving that fire companies were making big money on the former rate basis in the smaller places, and that the losses which are the excuse for the 25 per cent increase are all confined to the large cities, especially Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Senator Knatvold, of Albert Lea, has prepared statistics to prove that in his little city of about 5000 inhabitants insurance companies the past six years have made an absolutely net profit of nearly $65,000.

The country insurance agents, in brief, demand a decrease in rates for fire writing and that the large cities be increased in rates in proportion. The large city insurance agents will fight to the last any effort to force rates higher, as merchants are now loud in their protests against the size ofze of the premiums demanded.

BLOOD MAY BE SHED.

Every Indication of a Duel at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 3.—Capt. F. C. Wilson, ex-commander of one of the companies of Savannah volunteer guards, one of the most exclusive and famous military organizations of this city, and John Sullivan Schley, cousin of Rear Admiral Schley, and also a member of that company, are about to fight a duel. At least a challenge has been sent by Mr. Schley and accepted by Capt. Wilson.

The trouble was an altercation between Capt. Wilson and Mr. Schley, in which the latter was knocked down.

Great alarm among the friends of the two has been expressed. Both are good shots. Capt. Wilson especially having a wide reputation and possessing more than 100 medals and trophies won at Sea Girt and elsewhere in rifle, revolver and shotgun competition.

Mr. Schley has also represented Savannah at the Sea-Girt contests, and at Charleston his score was the highest made. A meeting between such shots would, it is thought, prove fatal for one or both if they fire in real earnest and with intent to kill.

Both men are prominent socially. Mr. Schley is a member of one of the best known families of Georgia. He is a lawyer. Capt. Wilson is a dentist with large practice. No action has yet been taken by the civil authorities looking to the prevention of the impending duel, nor have there been any arrests made on the charge of seeking to fight a duel, though both principals and seconds are amenable to law.

CASTRO TRIES TO SHIRK

The Agreement Made With Germany and Aims to Bring Great Britain and Germany Into a Rupture on Claims.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—It is understood that President Castro of Venezuela is trying to shirk the agreement he made recently with Germany ,and his chief aim now is to cause a disagreement between this country and Great Britain, which will lead to a rupture of their understanding in regard to the claims. The German government has no intention of seizing Venezuelan territory, or of dealing with Castro other than as a recalcitrant debtor. It has no intention either of sending warships from Germany to Venezuela to enforce payment of claims, as the four vessels now there are sufficient for all purposes. The government is now occupied in making arrangements with England in regard to the action to be taken by the two countries.

Cologne, Dec. 3.—The Cologne Gazette prints a semi-official communication in regard to the secret mission from Venezuela to Europe to adjust the matter of claims of citizens of Germany, England and France. The Gazette says:

It President Castro does not pay what he owes, steps must be taken to make him more reasonable and more willing. It would be much preferable if Venezuela would fulfill her obligations. That action does not need any specific assurance, and if the facts prove Venezuela's willingness to do so, we shall gladly acknowledge it, but a secret mission does not make much impression upon us.

DAKOTA WANTS ZOBEL

Governor Van Sant Hears Arguments For Extradition of Mankato Man Who Is Charged With Obtaining Money By Fraud.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant and Attorney General Douglas today heard arguments in the application of the governor of South Dakota for the extradition of Fred Zobel, of Mankato, wanted at Aberdeen, S. D., to answer to the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The plaintiff, men who were employed on some construction work under Zobel as foreman, allege that he obtained money from them for the ostensible purpose of paying bills for hardware, and decamped with the funds; that there were no such bills to be met as he represented. H. Schmitt, a Mankato lawyer, representing Zobel, said his client was a reputable citizen of Mankato, and had committed no crime in South Dakota; that the application for extradition was an attempt to get Zobel back to South Dakota for the collection of a debt.

MURDERER ROSS REPRIEVED

Bismarck, N. D., Dec. 3.—Governor White has reprieved William Ross, the Bottineau county murderer, sentenced to hang Friday of this week until the next meeting of the state board of pardons. States Attorney Johnson, of Ward county, applied for the reprieve. Ross recently confessed to another murder committed in Ward county in complicity with another man and his evidence is desired in the case, making the reprieve necessary in order to investigate the matter. In the trial of the May murder case yesterday the entire time of the court was occupied with the examination of jurors. When court adjourned seven jurors were in the box, and some of these will probably be peremptorily dismissed.

ATTEMPT ON MIKADO'S LIFE

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 3.—The steamer Kaga Maru, which arrived yesterday from the Orient, brought news of an attempt on the life of the emperor of Japan, when the imperial train was at Otaka, enroute to the scene of the maneuvers at Kinshin. A number of conspirators had gone there and arranged to blow up the emperor's train, but the police learned of the plot and the would-be dynamiters fled. The imperial train did not proceed until an engine had been sent over the line to test the safety of the track. The plotters were not captured.

HUBBARDCOUNTYMANKILLED

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—A Park Rapids, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Dick Palmer, a saloonkeeper at Switson's Spur, in Northeastern Hubbard county, shot Tom Seeleye with a rifle last night, killing him instantly. The shooting was the result of a personal quarrel. Palmer is under arrest.

TO MAKE FAVORABLE REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The house committee on appropriations has directed Chairman Cannon to make a favorable report on his bill appropriating $50,000 to defray the expenses of the anthracite coal strike commission.

STRIKE COMMISSION

Has Re-Assembled and Will Continue Hearing on Strike Settlement---Efforts Will Be Made to Expedite Matters.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 3.—The members of the anthracite coal strike commission are all in the city again, ready to take up the matter of hearing testimony. It is whispered here that from this time on a great effort will be made to expedite matters. Only facts will be wanted. One story that has been put at rest is the report that the commission has decided that it will not take up the question of the recognition of the union. The matter had never been referred to in the sessions of the commission. Today the accountants for the miners completed the work of going over the figures as to the pay of miners submitted by the Delaware & Hudson company. The independent operators have refused the request that they submit books and figures to the accounts of the miners as the other companies had agreed to do.

VAN SANT TO SPEAK

Will Make General Statement as to the Speakership.

Activity of Jamison and Martin to Be Endorsed.

Two Members Claimed By Johnson Declare For Babcock.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dispatch says: Governor Van Sant has decided to issue a statement of his position in the speakership fight. After careful consideration, he decided that such a course was necessary. The exact form of the statement is not known yet, but it will be finished sometime today. It will be general in its nature, and, according to those who have consulted with the governor on the subject, it will not mention Babcock. It will not deal with persons, but with principles.

The government will announce his position, stating in general what lines the house should be organized on, appealing to the legislature to guard against the betrayal of the fruits of the election to the enemy. He will so word this announcement as to endorse the activity of Messrs. Jamison and Martin in the speakership fight. He will deal, emphatically, with the question of railroad organization of the legislature, but will abuse no person, nor will he declare against any particular candidate nor in favor of any. He will tell what influences in his opinion ought to be kept out of the legislature.

Dr. Babcock held positively to the opinion that the governor would issue no statement, and the announcement given out that the governor was at work on a statement to be made public brought consternation to the Babcock camp. The Johnson followers, on the other hand, were jubilant, and declared that the statement to be made would be absolutely satisfactory to them.

EARLIER REPORT.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dispatch, today says. And still the interest in the speakership fight centers around Governor Van Sant, who up to this time has maintained a sphinx-like silence. The Babcock people were much encouraged last night because of the governor's failure to make an announcement against Babcock, while the Johnson people were evidently disappointed, but hoped that he would make a statement within a day or two.

Governor Van Sant is between two fires—indeed, between three fires. Some of his closest friends are urging him to make a statement; others equally friendly are pointing out the dangers of interfering, and urging that he keep away from the fight entirely. The Babcock people are also imploring him to keep out, by insisting that they are not opposed to him.

Ralph Wheelock, secretary of the Republican committee, says today that the situation is rather critical for the governor, and that, perhaps, the easiest way out is to keep quiet. He says that if the governor comes out against Babcock or for Johnson, it means a factional split in the legislature and a fight on every administrative measure throughout the legislative session.

Even those who counseled silence admit that such a course would help Babcock, as it would afford the opportunity to say to the doubting ones, "The governor is not against us."

Just at present, on the evidence of those closest to the governor, a statement within a day or two is very probable.

Congressman Heatwole is still in St.

(Continued on Page 10.)

COUNTRY IS STORM SWEPT THE WORST IS YET TO COME

SAGE WINS BOND CASE

Pepin and Wabasha Must Pay Reeds Landing Bonds.

They Absorbed the Old Village Some Years Ago.

The Case Has Been In Court Since 1897.

Winona, Minn., Dec. 3.—S(pecial to The Herald.)—The United States court entered a decree in the Russell Sage suit to collect on old bonds. This litigation has been in the courts since 1897. Evasion of payment was sought because the village of Reeds Landing, originally back of the bonds, no longer existed. The court finds for Sage, and orders the township of Pepin to pay him $13,634 and the city of Wabasha to pay $1644, they having absorbed Reeds Landing.

CHALLENGES

Received By Minnetonka Club For Ice Yacht Races.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The annual meeting of the Minnetonka club was held at the office of Theodore Wetmore in the West hotel last night. Reports of the secretary and committees were read and adopted, and officers were chosen for the ensuing year.

Challenges were received from the Lake City Ice Yacht club and the Excelsior Yacht club for a series of races during the winter. The defy of the Lake City club was promptly accepted, and the challenge of the Excelsior club will be acted upon by the sports committee later.

A challenge was also received by telephone from the Calhoun Yacht club. The Calhoun people promised to send a formal challenge later, which will be accepted by the Minnetonka club.

These races will be for the inter-lake challenge pennant and Hudson cup, and will be sailed on Lake Minnetonka. The Lake City and Tonka boats will meet about Dec. 2.

FIVE DEAD.

Mother and Four Children Consumed By Flames.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 3.—A horrible story comes from Russell village, a point about 100 miles west of Winnipeg. The residence of James Hartok, some distance north of the village, was burned Monday night, and Mrs. Hartok and four children burned to death. Suspicion points to foul play and an investigation has been ordered.

Central West Gets a Keen Touch of Winter.

Wires Down and Traffic Is Interrupted.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Telegraph wires down throughout Northern Illinois and Iowa and Southern Wisconsin, a gale blowing off the lake, rapidly falling temperature, and snow, marked the real advent of winter in this part of the country last night. Trains are late, and only the most daring of lake mariners braved the elements by putting out from port.

Forecaster Cox says the worst is yet to come. The northeast wind yesterday reached a velocity of 52 miles an hour. This is the greatest velocity of wind from that direction this year, and has not been exceeded since the Galveston storm. The first storm warning was sent out from the weather bureau at 8:30 yesterday morning. At 3 p. m. another warning was sent out, and all vessel owners were ordered to remain in port until the gale had passed. The warning was heeded in almost every respect. At 5:30 p. m. the storm broke.

The storm region extends through Central Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin into the Northwest, where it is cold and snowing. The wind reached its highest velocity at 7 in the evening. Miles of telegraph lines on the Chicago Great Western, Rock Island and Chicago & Northwestern roads were blown down, and train dispatchers' offices were unable to fill schedules. With wires down they kept track of trains with difficulty, and even the "flyers" and expresses were behind time. Added to this the road officials feared that falling temperature would cause the rain to freeze on the rails and prevent locomotive engineers making up lost time.

At midnight last night the Evanston life-saving station reported that only one steamer going north had passed since 6 in the morning. In the evening the Conestoga, a freight steamer from Mackinaw, came into port, after the roughest kind of a trip. At 4 p. m. the Graham & Morton line steamer C. W. Moore attempted to put out on its regular Holland run. It returned to its dock within an hour, the captain declaring he would not risk the boat in such a gale.

The Goodrich line steamer Indiana, for Manitowoc, tried to clear at 7 p. m., but soon gave up. Many other boats started out but all were driven back.

All Elgin, Joliet and Aurora electric trains were delayed in the afternoon and evening. The run from Aurora, that usually takes an hour and fifteen minutes, required nearly three hours for most of the trains.

Cheerless as Professor Cox's forecast is for today, it is still more so for Thursday.

Possible snow flurries, with winds high enough to be called blizzards, and temperature falling below 25 degrees above zero, is the predicition for Thursday.

"These troubles," said the weather prophet, reassuringly, "are almost too far off yet to be certainties, and there's no use in crossing a bridge until you come to it. But today has been bad enough, and tomorrow will probably be worse—that much ought to satisfy any man's craving for bad news."

The winds about the great lakes last night blew at a rate of fifty-two miles an hour at Chicago, thirty-six at Milwaukee and thirty-two at Green Bay, Wis. At Indianapolis wind blowing thirty-two miles an hour.

The storm is centered about the lake region and the Mississippi valley. In most of the places rain and snow fell. Snow fell during the night in Iowa, the Dakotas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Wisconsin and Minnesota. In British Northwest several slight snows weer reported and the thermometer was below zero.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—St. Paul yesterday was near the fringe of a snow storm which covered fully half the country. The center of the storm was in Northern Oklahoma and Southern Kansas, and it extended north into Minnesota, west into Colorado, south into Texas and east into Indiana. It was a snow storm in the north, a rain storm in the south, and sleet between the two, and it was the sleet that did most of the damage that affected St. Paul.

The sleet storm in Northern Illinois, Indianan and Eastern Iowa affected the telegraph wires and telegraph companies spent most of the night trying to repair broken lines enough to keep the service. St. Paul, during a part of the night, was almost completely shut off from Chicago and the east. During the early part of the night there were no direct lines through to Chicago, and the only way of reaching the East was through Winnipeg. The lines were able to get into Iowa, but south and east of that they could not penetrate. Later a few lines were opened to Chicago, and

(Continued on Page 10.)

WAS NEARLY A TRAGEDY

Dish Carrier Chases Another Round a Kitchen at the Point of a Big Butcher Knife, Causing Great Excitement.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Napoleon Salves and James McCann, employed as dish carriers, got into a row at 6 o'clock last night, which threw the waitresses and kitchen maids at the Delicatessen restaurant, 321 Robert street, into hysterics and started a panic among the guests. The trouble started over the affections of one of the waitresses. The sounds of breaking dishes and the sight of a threatening butcher knife caused a general scramble among the waitresses to get into the street and the patrons joined them, not knowing just what was happening in the kitchen. Salves and McCann entered the kitchen at the same moment, and each was carrying a tray filled with dishes. It is said that Salves made a remark which was not calculated to please McCann, and that McCann responded in stronger language. Salves did not wait to place his tray on a table, but dropped it to the floor, dishes and all. He grabbed a butcher knife, the waitresses say, and started after his rival.

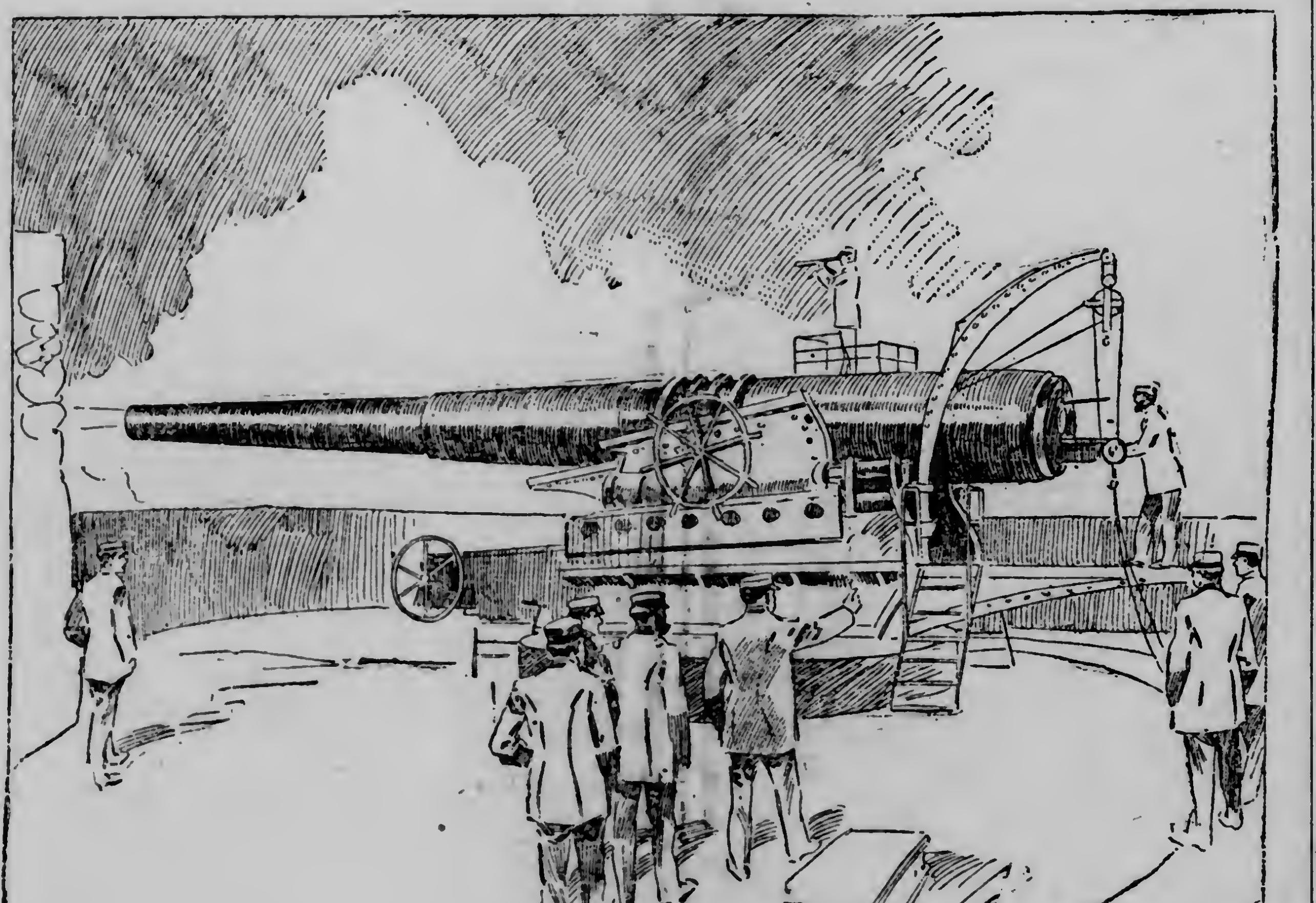
McCann dropped his tray of dishes and busied himself keeping out of reach of his pursuer. They raced around the room, hurdling tables, chairs and the range and leaving a trail of broken dishes in their wake, while the girls shrieked and ran to the front of the house conveying the impression to the guests that a real tragedy was being enacted. McCann finally made a dash for the rear door, ran through the back yard and vaulted a high board fence just in time to avoid a prod from the butcher knife. The police arrived in time to quiet the patrons and restore order in the kitchen.

WOULDRUNTRANSPORTS

President J. J. Hill In Washington to Talk Over the Matter With the Proper Officials---A Protest From 'Frisco.

Washington, Dec. 3—J. J. Hill arrived in Washington last night, accompanied by his private secretary and his attorney. No statement was authorized as to the purpose of his visit to Washington, but it is understood that he comes to talk over with proper government officials his proposition to engage in the transport business. His railroad recently made a low bid for this business. It has received favorable consideration by the dapartment. It is suggested that he desires to explain to the war department officials just how he will carry out this business for the government. His proposition has attracted a great deal of attention. News by wire comes from San Francisco that a meeting of the chamber of commerce has been called to protest to the government against placing the transport business in private hands. To do so might mean the removal to Seattle from San Francisco of the important military post at the Presidio.

It would mean the diversion of freight and valuable mercantile trade from the city of the Golden state. Mr. Hill was the center of an interested group of visitors at the Arlington hotel last evening. He was in a very talkative mood. He told all comers all about transportation.



THE WORLD'S BIGGEST GUN, WHICH IS SOON TO BE TESTED AT SANDY HOOK.

The monster coast defense gun, the biggest ever cast, was completed at the Watervliet arsenal a short time ago and was placed aboard two flatboats by machinery, one boat not being big enough to accommodate it. Two tugs then drew it to the government proving grounds at Sandy Hook, N. J. The test of the gun, which will soon take place under direction of Captain Farley, will be witnessed by naval attaches of nearly every nation in Europe. The gun has a range of twenty-one miles, fires a sixteen inch projectile and cost $150,000.

SMALL BOY DIES OF RABIES

New Richmond, Wis., Dec. 3.—As a result of a visit of a dog in the town of Stanton a month ago, the 3-year-old son of Fred Bedtke, a prosperous young German farmer, is dead, after two days of a succession of spasms and convulsions. A dog bitten on the Bedtke farm, at the same time, died a week ago. No other cases among humans are yet heard from, nor have [illegible] any further evidences of [illegible] ong animals.

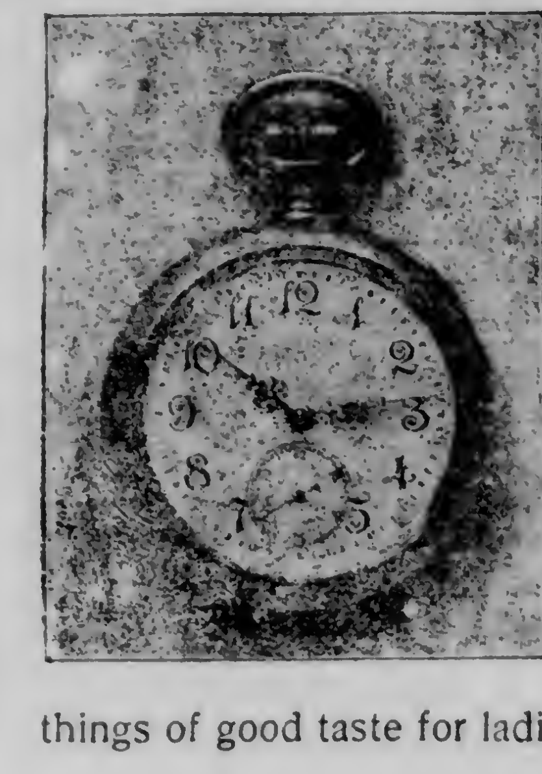
INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

Just Eighteen Business Days Before Christmas.

If you are going to buy presents, you must be up and doing. We have made preparations to give you the best service possible. We shall be open evenings from now until December 25. From present indications, we are going to do a humming business in the next eighteen days.



Patek-Phillips Watches.

We are sole agents for the celebrated Patek-Phillips Watches of world-wide reputation — noted for their accuracy and durability. We have also these elegant Watches in diamond set cases for ladies.

Stunning little open-faced, rose-colored chatelaine watches — are the things of good taste for ladies this year.

Fashionable Jewelers. **F. D. DAY & CO.,** 315 W. Superior Street.

LIQUIDATION.

Financial Deal In Which President of Corporations Figure.

The world of finance, for sundry and various reasons, may be pained to discover that the suit of Jacob L. Greatsinger against Richard Cullen to recover $25 has been settled.

Mr. Greatsinger is president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company.

Mr. Cullen is president, a quorum, and chairman of the steering committee of the Cullen Iron Manufacturing company.

The suit was brought in the municipal court to recover $25 which the president of the Cullen Iron Manufacturing company was alleged to have borrowed from the president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company during a trip to New York some months ago.

Judge Gearhart of the municipal court ordered the president of the Cullen Iron Manufacturing company to appear before him and make a disclosure as to his property holdings and finances.

The president of the Cullen Iron Manufacturing company appeared before one of the court officers and disclosed the fact that he possesed the requisite twenty-five portions of the circulating medium desired by the president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company and also that he had a wild and tremendous yearning to have the case settled without further disclosures or inconvenience.

COMING IN RAPIDLY.

Approaching Opening of Commercial Club Stirs Members.

Now that the date of the opening of the new quarters of the Commercial club has been set there is an appreciable increase in the number of applications that are being made to Secretary A. L. Preston for membership cards, both from local people and from those outside of the city. Admission to the club rooms will be entirely by card and the secretary is busy these days receiving the dues which have to be paid before the cards are issued.

There are also a large number of applications for employment at the club and the house committee is holding frequent meetings to consider questions that are continually arising regarding the internal management.

DISMISSED.

McGindley - Swift Suit Against Crosby, et al, Dropped.

The suit that was some months ago brought in the district court in Itasca county by A. N. McGindley and H. S. Swift against George Crosby, O. D. Kinney and E. B. Hawkins, to recover an alleged mining deal interest of $100,000, has been dismissed without coming to trial, by the parties plaintiff in the action.

At the time that Mr. Crosby and his associates purchased the Hawkins mine in 57-22, in Itasca county, Messrs. McGindley and Swift claimed to have the exclusive handling of the property, but the defendants did not recognize any claim of interest that they might have had in the property itself. When the sale was made the purchasers paid the plaintiffs the sum of $10,000, and the incident was supposed by them to be closed. The action which the plaintiffs started to recover $100,000 was always claimed by the defendants to be a surprise to them, and created no small amount of interest in local mining circles at the time.

The Hawkins mine is a stripping proposition near the new town of Nashwauk, Minn., and is expected to be among the operating ore properties another year.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

VERY CHEAP.

J. Adam Bede's Campaign Cost Him Less Than $85.

J. Adam Bede, the successful candidate for congress in the Eighth district, has filed his statement of election expenses with the secretary of state at St. Paul. The statement shows that the campaign cost him $84.95, of which $45.45 was for railroad transportation.

C. B. Buckman, the congressman-elect in the Sixth district, filed a statement showing that it cost him $26 to be elected to congress, of which $250 went to the campaign committee.

CURLING

Roaring Game Will Be On at the Rink Tonight.

The cold snap for which the curlers and skaters have been hoping came last night and the Duluth Curling club will be open tonight for the first time. The ice makers worked all night last night and the skating ice is now ready and there will be two, and possibly all, of the four sheets of ice ready for curling tonight.

The games committee will make the drawing at once for the Tuckett event, the first that will be played this year. But sixteen rinks have entered thus far. At this time last year more than twenty had registered.

NO STORM HERE.

Lack of Wires and Late Trains Only Evidence.

The big storm that was predicted by Professor Cox, the Chicago forecaster, for last night did not materialize in Duluth, and the only effects of it here were from its ravages elsewhere, resulting in cutting off the wire service from the board of trade, railroads and other places.

The Omaha train, due to arrive here at 1:55 o'clock this morning, was four hours late, and did not arrive until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Orchestra Concert.

Visitors at the Gray-Tallant store tomorrow will be entertained by Flaaten's orchestra. The following program will be given:

March—"The Cozy Corner"........Bratton
Selection—"The Sultan of Sulu"..Wathall
"Gems of Ireland"....... ....Brahms
Caprice—"Aeolian Echoes"...... ....Phelps
Intermezzo—"Moraiba" ......·......Rosales
Idyllic Serenade—"Hearts' Secrets"....
....Diamond
Echoes from "Denmark"....:....Johansen
Patrol Comique—"The Crickets Carnival" ....Haines
Remembrance from "The Singing Girl"
....Herbert

SAVED AT GRAVE'S BRINK

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbrash, Stomach and Bowel Dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters and a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Abbett's drug store.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburb.

Orders Receive prompt attention. MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders. 32 W. First Street.

Suggestions for the Holidays.

With the advent of the Christmas Holidays, the question of "What shall I give?" enters almost everyone's mind, and the selection of a useful and appropriate Christmas gift appears a difficult matter. What is more useful and appropriate than some novelty in gold or sterling silver, or some useful article for the table, desk or toilet? We carry a fine variety of such novelties, selected with great care from the stocks of all well-known makers, and are, therefore, able to offer you the best that the market produces in these particular lines.

Our Ladies' Chatelaine Watches are real beauties and must be seen to be appreciated. Call and look over our stock of holiday goods before buying elsewhere.

A. L. Norberg,
5 West Superior Street.

ARGUMENT IS BEGUN

Attorneys Begin Heavy Work In Mueller Case.

W. E. Whipple, Representing Set of Heirs, Opens the Talk.

Discusses Legal Phases of the Kosmerl Claims.

The final struggle among the legal talent arrayed in the Mueller case was started in district court this morning, and the indications are that the arguments will be finished by the last of this week. R. R. Briggs, for the defendant Katherine Mueller, has intimated that he will require about two days to put in his argument, but this is likely to be the longest period of time occupied by any of the lawyers.

Mr. Severance, for the plaintiff, will occupy about five hours, and the other attorneys will require from one to five hours. The last witness called yesterday was Attorney H. W. Merchant, who offered testimony for the plaintiff in rebuttal of that given for the defendant by Bruno Werner. Mr. Merchant testified that he visited Mr. Werner in company with Father Kosmerl in July, 1900, with a view of finding out what Werner knew about Mueller. Mr. Werner told him that Mueller once said he came from the old country direct to Duluth had neevr lived in Detroit; that he was married and had two daughters, that he killed a man in the old country and had been sentenced to fifteen years in prison, but escaped and took 350 florins with him.

Mrs. Katherine Mueller was also put on the stand yesterday to identify a photograph of herself and four sons, taken in the old country years ago. She gave up the photograph with great reluctance to the court stenographer.

This morning the only witness called was Charles B. King, of the local land office, who produced the records showing when Johann Mueller made entry and when he obtained his patent to the property which is now being contested for. The records were shown to rebut the testimony of the defense relative to certain dates.

Warner E. Whipple, representing the interests in the case of Katherine Schafer et al, opened the argument to the court, as he will be out of the city on business after this afternoon. Mr. Whipple confined the greater part of his preliminary argument to technical points of law relative to the exclusive jurisdiction of the probate court in cases where the rights and claims of different persons to the estate of a deceased are concerned. Mr. Whipple claimed the pleadings would show that at some time prior to the beginning of the action in district court there was pending an action in probate court, and that, during such pendency the district court did not have jurisdiction. He stated his belief that there are really but three parties to the suit, and that those are Mrs. Katerine Mueller, the plaintiff; Father Kosmerl and the administrator of the estate of Johann Mueller.

Mr. Whipple held that the position of Mrs. Katherine Mueller before the court is virtually that of a plaintiff; that if she fails to convince the court that she is the lawful widow of Johana Mueller, then she is out of the case; that if the plaintiff's title is clear, he is entitled to it against all the defendants: that if it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that there is no widow, and the plaintiff's title is clear, then the other defendants will have no claim whatever on the estate.

The sources of the plaintiff's title Mr. Whipple conceded to be the mortgage and the quit claim deed, and the rest of his argument this morning was along the line of showing them to be invalidated.

With reference to the Kosmerl mortgage, Mr. Whipple claimed that testimony has been introduced to show that the notice of foreclosure was defective in that it specifically stated that no previous action had been commenced to recover an amount on the securities for the mortgage that it was also invalidated because it was signed by a deputy sheriff acting for the sheriff, and acknowledged by the deputy in his own official capacity. This is understood to be a fine point of law, and is said to have come up in district court once before when the court noticed the point but did not pass judgment on it at that time.

As to the Schweitzer deed, which formed a bone of contention among the counsel for the defense and for the plaintiff last summer, relative to its validity, Mr. Whipple claimed that the testimony given by Professor Curtis, the handwriting expert, was such as to make it exceedingly questionable whether Johann Mueller signed the quit-claim deed at all, or if he did, whether he did so voluntarily and when in possession of his faculties. Mr. Whipple declared that the rebuttal testimony which was to have been offered by the experts engaged by the plaintiff's counsel did not materialize, and that there still remained damaging preponderance of evidence against the validity of the signature of Mueller on the Schweitzer deed.

Mr. Whipple said that the plaintiff, recognizing the weakness of his claim to the Mueller estate by reason of the mortgages, sought to strengthen it by the acquisition of the quit-claim deed. He said that the circumstances surrounding the deed, Mueller's sickness at the Schweitzer hotel and the proprietor's importuning to have his property turned over to secure borrowed money and a board bill, might tend to show that Peter Schweitzer, figuring that Mueller had no relatives or heirs, decided that it would be an opportunity for himself to get hold in some way of a valuable property, even if the methods were not entirely regular.

Mr. Whipple said that Father Kosmerl, not desiring to mix up with sordid matters of the world himself,, sent O. C. Hartman to buy up the quit-claim deed, which he did, for $4500.

Mr. Whipple took up two hours this forenoon and expected to finish his argument in another hour this afternoon.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Flaaten's orchestra will render a free concert at the Gray-Tallant Co.'s store tomorrow.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

The revival meeting at the Star of Hope Mission are a great success. Men are being converted every night. Tonight Rev. A. J. Hoag, pastor of the Baptist church at West Duluth, will speak. There will be special music.

Gold leaf frames. Engels' art store.

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, the morning Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will meet in the club room of the Library and the first and second acts of "Henry V" will be taken up with Miss Anderson as leader. The class is just starting a new play and now is a propitious time for new members to enter. The class is most fortunate in having such readers as Mrs. C. A. d'Autremont, Miss Frankenfield and Miss Wiley to read the principal parts and the meetings promise to be delightful.

Sit for your Xmas photos at Ely's.

G. Hood Thompson will start for Chicago this evening as a delegate to a convention of stone cutters, going as the representative of the Duluth-Superior branch of the general union. This will be the largest and most important convention in the history of the union, ad it is expected that some vital questios affecting the trade will be dealt with.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

The receipts at the Duluth postoffice for the month of November were $13,648.74 as compared with $12,006.74 for November, 1901. The business at the postoffice has been showing a steady and substantial increase during the past year.

For fancy dyeing, French dry cleaning, call at Zenith City Dye works, 6 East Superior street. Superior office 915 Tower avenue. Both phones.

The physical geography section of the freshman class at the high school visited the weather bureau this afternoon in charge of Professor Barker. Local Forecast Official Richardson gave an impromptu talk on weather conditions and the methods pursued in the study of them.

Mrs. George Nichols, of 310 East Third street, entertained the Bathbone Sisters, Temple No. 29, yesterday afternoon.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Robert B. Allen will leave this evening for Cody, Wyo., called there by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Helen C. Wetmore.

Mrs. H. S. Mahon and children left this afternoon over the Omaha for Kalamazoo to spend most of the winter.

J. C. LaVaque left this afternoon for Chicago over the Omaha.

M. M. Hanna, of Two Harbors, is at the McKay.

H. V. Peterson, traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, and John Taybe, traveling freight agent of the Rock Island, are in town.

James McLaren, of Tower, is at the McKay.

Miss Anna Fraser returned this afternoon from Minneapolis.

E. H. Savage, of Ashland, is at the Spalding.

B. H. Ward, of Fairmount, is at the St. Louis.

E. L. Hemenway, of Ashland, is a Spalding guest today.

James Bale, of Ely, is at the St. Louis.

D. W. Cooke, general passenger agent of the Erie, arrived in the city this afternoon from New York, accompanied by J. M. Bowman, of Chicago, general Western passenger agent. They were met here by W. O. McNaughton, of St. Paul, Northwestern passenger agent.

STAMMERING

Generally Caused By Fright Says Specialist.

To visit Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh's rooms at the McKay hotel almost any time during the day gives one an idea of how many there are afflicted with troubles of the vocal organs.

The latest one to seek relief from the specialist is a man from Cloquet, who has been afflicted with a most distressing form of this trouble for eighteen years. The doctor has a large class of cured patients, and those undergoing tratment, and the number is gaining daily.

VESSEL WRECKED.

Oil Tanks Explode on the Steamer Progresso.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—Two oil tanks on the steamer Progresso exploded today and the vessel is a complete loss. There were ninety-nine persons on board, of whom twenty were injured and fourteen are missing. The vessel was broken in two.

SAGASTA RESIGNS.

He Says That This Decision Is Irrevocable.

Madrid, Dec. 3.—Premier Sagasta has resigned. He had an audience with the king today and presented his resignation, and intimated that the decision was irrevocable. He intimated that the people had treated him with disgust and discourtesy. His majesty will not discuss the course he will pursue until tomorrow.

HOPE IS SLIGHT

Little Reason to Look For Recovery of A. M. Cox.

A Slight Change For the Worse Is Discouraging.

Has Not Regained Consciousness For Ninety-Six Hours.

After ninety-six hours of unconsciousness the life of Ambrose M. Cox is apparently nearing the end.

There was a slight change for the worse during the night, and to a person in his condition even such a slight change is extremely dangerous.

This morning his temperature was higher and the respiration had increased, both being considered as being against his recovery.

It was last Saturday afternoon that Mr. Cox was asphyxiated while draining gas pipes at the Lincoln park pavilion. He was in the trench or manhole for a period of fifteen minutes.

There is only one other case of asphyxiation that can be considered a parallel, according to local physicians, and that was where a man was subjected to gas for a period of three minutes, in practically the same manner as Mr. Cox. This man lived nine days without regaining consciousness.

Mr. Cox was in the trench five times longer than this man in the parallel case, and the physicians consider that he has shown most remarkable vitality for a man 52 years of age, to make the fight for life that he has.

Late this afternoon it was not considered possible for him to live the day out, and his family was notified that his long sleep might terminate in death at any moment.

Everything possible has been done for the unconscious patient at St. Luke's hospital, but the strongest restorative measures failed utterly in bringing back the slightest signs of consciousness.

Mr. Cox is also handicapped in his fight for life by bullets still in his body from the time of the civil war. He was a member of Troop F, Second Illinois cavalry, and participated in some of the hardest fights of the war.

VALUE

Of Pure Cold Fresh Air.

Nearly everybody knows that cold air is the best preservative known, but how to manage and control the same at a low cost has been a conundrum.

E. G. Kemper, of Burlington, Iowa, patentee of the Ozone Cooler and Ventilator, has discovered the secret by his invention. He forces cold air into refrigerators or closets, making a continuous circulation through the same. Mr. Kemper has installed them at the following business houses, where they are giving the best of satisfaction:

St. Louis hotel.
Western hotel.
J. L. Travers.
J. Rick & Co., meat market.
Nick Drew, Superior, Wis.

Parties interested, who wish to save money, had better investigate at once as Mr. Kemper will leave in a few days. Call at the Ideal Beer hall.

IN TWO CITIES ONLY

Will American League Games Be Played Sundays.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—But two American league cities will have Sunday baseball next season, and only on the grounds of these same cities—Chicago and St. Louis—will the sale of liquor be allowed.

This policy has been announced by President Johnson and the statement explodes the rumor to the effect that the Johnson forces were to play on Sundays in Weehawken or other New York suburbs, and in addition shows that there will be no further attempt to play on the Sabbath at Detroit or Cleveland.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

REED IS COMFORTABLE.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Former Speaker Reed, who has been suffering from catarral appendicitis, was reported resting comfortably today.

Are you Bilious?

Do you have Sick Headaches? You can be quickly and easily relieved by taking

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

My Lady's Jewels!

Nothing charms a woman like beautiful jewelry. Not necessarily expensive jewelry, but tasteful. Our cases contain a large assortment of

Feminine Finery at Low Cost—

That will appeal to the judgment of the most exacting giver.

If you are undecided as to what you will give, a glance over our stock will probably afford you the desired idea.

Many new designs are here which you have not seen. We will be happy to show them.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

Perfume Atomizers

for Xmas Gifts.

We carry one of the most complete lines of these dainty toilet necessities in the Northwest. They make a pretty and appreciated Christmas remembrance. We are offering the entire line of both perfume and throat atomizers at especially close prices for the holiday trade.

MAX WIRTH,
DRUGGIST.
13 West Superior street.

Try our Witch Hazel Cream for chapped hands.

SHARP THINGS

When you buy shoes you go to a shoe store, when you want clothing you go to a clothing store, when you want a pocket knife, razor, shears, etc, go to an exclusive cutlery store, the only one at the head of the lakes is

F. L. Stoddard,
107 Lake avenue South.
Every article fully warranted.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE MARKS.

PATENTS!

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

Bishop Satterlee's cook says of Presto

We made biscuits from Presto and they were perfectly lovely. They certainly were delicious, and no trouble at all. It surprised me. They were exceedingly good.
Washington, D.C. October 24th, 1902. (Signed) Mary Helm, in employ of Bishop Satterlee.

P 38

The H-O {Hornby's Oatmeal} Company

What does *your* cook say?

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Furs and Fur Garments.

Complete Assortments.

There's nothing a woman wears more difficult to buy.

Very often we are bothered by the clever imitations that are placed before us; but we have picked carefully and can give a certificate of good character with every piece of fur that's in the store.

Now, doesn't it save you all the trouble and worriment to buy at the store that has thoroughly looked into the character of its furs before placing them on sale?

Our Fur Department will be a center of interest this week. Never before have we shown so many beautiful novelties or so large a line of staple goods; and the prices are quite as attractive as the exhibit. There are many beautiful and fine pieces that were selected for trade that wanted something out of the ordinary—but of more real importance are our extensive lines of very practical Furs, ranging from the neat and stylish Marten Scarfs at $6.75 (a remarkable value) to the jaunty coats of Persain Lamb and the neat jackets of Alaska Seal at from $175 to $325—It is impossible to describe many in detail; but the few items following will give you a hint of the style and and price ranges.

$175—Made out of excellent quality of London dyed skins 22 to 24 inches long—lined with best satin lining, regular $225 value.

Fine Persian Lamb Coats, Mink Collar and Facing, $175. Made from the best Leipsic Dyed Skins, bright and lustrous, 22 to 24 inches long and lined with handsome brocaded lining, fully guaranteed

Extra Fine Quality Near Seal Coats. The workmanship is much superior to the usual run and the skins have been especially selected from the very finest stock—Lined with Skinner's guaranteed Satin—24 to 26 inches long $57.50.

These garments are far superior to lines offered around the city at the same price or less and we court any comparison on them.

Siberian Squirrel Set, $40.00—Made of the finest skins, with long flat scarf, new style bag muff, one of the latest novelties.

Sable and Isabelle Scarf, $9.75, $10.75, $12.50, $14.50—Made of handsome silky skins in rich shades of Sable and Golden, finished with two large brush tails and four small ones—length from tip to tip 60 inches. Muffs to match $10.00 to $12.50.

Sable and Isabelle Fox Scarfs, $25.00—Made of fine Alaska skins, double length curved at the neck. Two long tails and four small ones.

Scarfs in Mink, Hudson Bay Sable, Brown, Marten, Blended Stone Marten, Beaver, Lynx, Stone Marten, Sable, Opposum, Sable Wolf, and various other popular furs at the very lowest prices.

Three Special Fur Items.

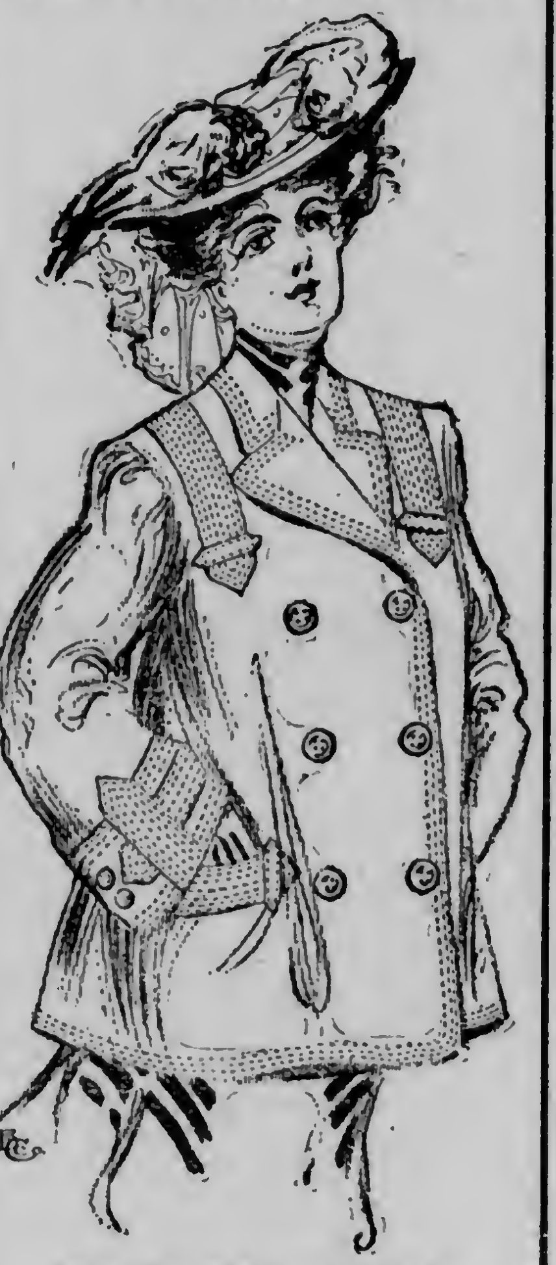
Just enough to give you a hint of what you can expect in this fur store of ours—no "cheap" furs, but some that we mark low enough to satisfy "bargain" hunters.

At $6.75—Marten Scarfs—made with six tails—fully guarantted—regular $8.75 value.

At $9.75—Sable and Isabelle Fox Scarfs—made with two large tails and four small ones—a regular $12.50 value.

At $12.50 and $15.00—Handsome Scarfs in Marten, Sable, Raccoon, Sable and Isabelle Fox, made in all the different shapes.

Extra Good Values In Winter Coats.



Fine Fur Trimmed Coats at $18.50.

Of fine kersey, satin lined, with large fur collar and reveres—velvet yoke effect, tan and castor, trimmed with nutra, black trimmed with Persian lamb—a garment that could sell readily for $25.00, at $18.50.

$15 and $16.50 Misses' Monte Carlo Coats.

In blues, tans, castors and black—all satin lined; made with new sleeve; one and twos from our regular lines—tomorrow, $12.50.

$9 and $12 Silk Waists $5.

(Second Floor.)

A line of twos and threes of certain lines that we are closing out—all sizes in the lot—white, pink and blue—especially adapted for evening wear. $9.00 and $12.00 value—$5.00 tomorrow.

Excellent Values in

Blankets and Comforts.

White Wool Blankets—with handsome pink and blue border — all pure wool — 70x80 inch—regular price $6.00, reduced to $5.00 a pair.

Excellent Comforts—Fine sateen top—best white filling of cotton—size 72x78 inches—all new patterns—regular price $2.50—reduced to $1.95.

Ribbons.

For fancy work, Sashes, Stocks and Bows—light shades and all of the dark shades—new imported Dresden ribbons in beautiful floral effects, choice shading for opera, shopping or work bags—7 to 10 inches wide—$1.00 to $1.50 per yard.

We are showing an extensive assortment of new plaid ribbons from 4 to 7 inches wide in all the choicest shadings and designs—59c to $1.00 per yard.

Five cartons of new Moire ribbon go on sale tomorrow at 50c and 59c per yard—widths 5 and 6 inches—every desirable shade for fancy work, etc.—Nile, Rose, Ciel, Cardinal, Canary, French Grey, Old Rose Hello, Corn, Lavender, White, Cream, etc., for sashes, stocks and bows or fancy work.

Twenty-five cartons, all shades, of baby ribbon, 50-yard rolls, 45c and 90c per roll—wide double satin and satin Taffeta ribbons in all desirable shades, from 3 to 6 inches wide, 40c, 45c and 59c per yard.

The lines are ready and complete—buy them before the holiday rush begins.

Women's Outing Flannel

Night Dresses

of high grade outing cloths—full and large—hand made throughout.

Women's Night Dresses—made of good outing flannel—full length and width in pink and blue stripes at 90c.

Women's Night Dresses—perfect fitting, made of best outing flannel, extra long and full, neatly finished, plain white, cream, pink and blue, also in pink and blue stripes at $1.25.

Women's Night Dresses of twilled outing flannel, trimmed with silk wash ribbon, sateen cuffs and collar. In plain white, cream and pink, at $1.50.

Children's Outing Flannel Night Dresses in plain colors, pink, blue, and cream and dainty stripes at 75c and $1.00.

Children's Sleeping Garments in Outing Flannel, sizes from 2 to 10 years, 29c.

Women's outing flannel Under Skirts in plain white with silk embroidered edge—85c.

Women's Outing flannel Under Skirts in pink and blue stripes at 50c.

(1st Floor—Near Elevator.)

Some Splendid Values in Fine Dress Goods—

Black Goods at 75c the yard—Dollar values in cheviots, diagonals, granites and fancies at 75c the yard.

Black Goods at $1 the yard—A splendid line of cheviots, unfinished worsteds, canvas cloths and fancy weaves; many of which sold for $1.25 and $1.50 the yard.

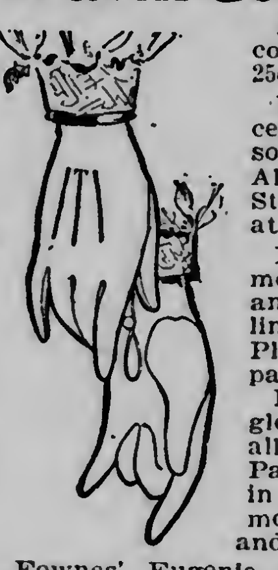
Fancy Colored Goods at 39c the yard—A miscellaneous lot of plaids, Jamestowns, Brilliantines and fancy weaves that sold up to 75c the yard.

Colored Dress Goods at 75c the yard—Many desirable weaves in broken lots—goods that sold at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 the yard.

Cream White Woolen Goods—We are showing the most complete line of fashionable cream wool fabrics at the head of the lakes. Among the ready sellers may be mentioned—

Read's Lansdownes at $1.25.
Brilliantines at 50c, 75c and $1.25.
Sicilians at $1.25.
Fancy Mohairs at 60c, 85c and $1.00.
Basket Weaves at $1.00.
Crepes at $1.25 and $1.50.
Silk and Wool Etamines, $1.75.
Venetian Cloths at $2.00.
Serges at 60c and $1.00.
Cheviots at $1.00.
Corded Crepes at $1.50.
Bedford Cords at 75c and $1.25.
Corduroys at $1.00.
Silk and wool figures, $1.50.

Warm Golf Gloves



All wool plain colors, fancy weave, 25c pair.

We show an exceptionally fine assortment at 50c pair All desirable shades Still heavier grades at 75c and $1.00 pair.

Ladies' fine Cashmere gloves in black and white, silk lined, $1.00 pair. Plain kinds at 50c pair.

Fownes' Kid gloves. La Tosca, in all desirable shades, Paris point backs, in black, brown, mode, ox blood and and grey, $1.50.

Fownes' Eugenie over-seam, light weight gloves, black, white, brown, mode, cream, pearl, white, $1.50.

Ireland Bros.' Mocha gloves, silk lined, $1.50 and $2.00 pair.

Ireland's ulined Mocha Gloves, in grey, black, mode, brown, red, $1.00.

Golf gloves in all desirable weights and colors, from 25c to $1.00.

Ladies' Cashmere gloves in black with silk lining at $1.00, without, 50c.

New "Shopping" Skirts.

We have just received a line of new shopping skirts made in the very stylish Scotch plaid cloths, and in entirely new effects—some are richly trimmed, others plain tailored stitched, $6.75, $9.00, $12.00.

Kimonas—Lounging Robes.

We have just opened up a new line of Kimonas and Lounging Robes in fine German flannels and eiderdowns—some are richly appliqued, others trimmed with satin and plain—a large line of all the new colors; just the thing for a suitable Xmas gift—prices from $1.75 to $10.75.

Special Values in Cloth and Flannel Waists.

Cold weather warm wearables! Nothing helps one out as well as a warm waist—and our stock is fully prepared to meet the demands made upon it with the advent of cold weather. Some especially good values are as follows—

$3.50 French flannel waists $2.75—A line that we have just received, and only sold at this price as a special leader—all colors and sizes.

$3.50 white waists, washable, $2.75—of fine cheviot and basket weaves, plain and box plaited effects—trimmed with linen straps.

Fine French flannel waists $4.50—Several different styles—some tucked in front and trimmed with embroidery—some box plaited and tailor stitched—a very good variety of styles to choose from—$4.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company
DRY GOODS

RAILROAD RUMBLES

Northern Lines to Act Independently on Colonists' Rates.

Suspicion That Jealous Southern Roads Blocked Agreement.

Charles S. Fee Completes Twenty-Five Years With N. P.

The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern yesterday decided to wait no longer for favorable action by all the lines of the Trans-continental Passenger association relative to colonist's rates, and to take independent action.

There appeared to be no hope of unanimous action, so the two lines named wired to the secretary of the association that they would act independently, putting in a one-way rate of $25 for settlers from St. Paul to Pacific coast points from Feb. 15 to April 30. The companies will make proportionately low rates from St. Paul to intermediate points.

At one time it looked as though all of the roads would agree, but finally the vote was negatived, though what road cast the dissenting vote is not known. It was suspected, however, that it was one of the Southern roads. The Southern roads are jealous of the tide of immigration that is setting in toward the Northwest, and they have adopted many ways of either stopping the settlement of the Northwest or delivering the business into their own territory.

It is expected that the movement of settlers will be much larger this winter and spring than ever before. While Washington will get the great volume of business, Minnesota and North Dakota will receive more settlers than they have for several years. The colonists will come mostly from Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois and adjoining states.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

Charles S. Fee With Northern Pacific For That Period.

Charles S. Fee, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railway, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his association with the road Monday. For nearly twenty years of this time he has been general passenger agent, and he has seen the earnings of his department nearly doubled as the Northwest was settled up. There are only a few of the officials of the company whose term of service antedates that of Mr. Fee, who is one of the best-known railroad men in the West. Mr. Hannaford, second vice president of the company, has been with it about thirty-one years, and Mr. Kimberly, general superintendent, about twenty-seven years. Mr. Fee received many letters and telegrams of congratulation from his colleagues in various parts of the country.

SAILORS' RATES.

Half Fare For Their Return to Their Homes.

The usual half-rate to sailors returning home after laying up their vessels at Duluth are in effect on the railroads this year, and M. J. Bryan, general agent of the Wisconsin Central, estimates that there will be between 600 and 700 sailors to go from the head of the lakes to their homes by rail this fall. They get a rate of $6.80 from Duluth to Chicago. The lines east of Chicago refused to particiuate in these rates so far as individual sailors are concerned, but will allow the half-fare east for parties of ten or more. The half-fare rates from Chicago to Detroit is $4.40, and from Chicago to Cleveland it is $6.80, and from Chicago to Buffalo it is $10.50.

To Increase Capital.

A telegram from St. Paul today states that the Chicago Great Western intends to increase its capital stock from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000, and for the ratification of the stockholders a special meeting has been called for Feb. 18. The improvements being carried on by the company, among them the important extension from Sioux City to Omaha, demand an increase in the stock.

SKATING.

R. G. Tubman is building a large rink at the foot of Twenty-first avenue west, which will be open for skating on Saturday, Dec. 6.

The G. C. Steele Co.

Are agents for the ping-pong and pool tables made by the Burrows company, of Portland, Me.

NO TRACE

Nothing Heard of the Robber Who Held Up Conductor.

The police have been unable to get a trace of the highwayman that held up Street Car Conductor Bouselle on Monday evening.

The man disappeared very suddenly after the hold-up. Detectives were around the scene of the robbery for a time last night, fearing that the bandit would repeat the trick.

He did not show up, however, and it is probably a wise thing for him, for most of the street car conductors, as well as the police, are now laying for him and might make his hold-up more thrilling—possibly painfully so.

Will Issue Report.

The report of the state railroad and warehouse commission will be ready for distribution in about six weeks, the last railroad report having been filed. The last report to come in was that of the Canadian Northern. The freight earnings for the small section in Minneso was $77.78. Interstate freight earnings were $30,868.42; passenger earnings, $8385.22; telegraph earnings, $265.55; mail earnings, $381. The company carried 2,1110,082 pounds of freight, which is classified as "local" and 167,779,608 pounds described as interstate.

The forecast of sudden changes in the weather serves notice that a hoarse voice and a heavy cough may invade the sanctity of health in your own home. Cautious people always have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure always at hand. It cures Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and all Throat and Lung troubles. Max Wirth.

OLD SOLDIERS TRICKED

Into Marriage For Perpetuation of Pensions.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Pension Commissioner Ware is almost daily receiving letters from veterans which disclose a most unfortunate state of affairs. Old soldiers throughout the country are being made the victims of designing men who persuade them that unless they take wives they will lose their pensions. Within a few days the commissioner received a letter from an old pensioner in Kansas, in which, after explaining that he had lost his first wife, he had received assurances from friends that unless he remarried at once his pension of $15 a month would be discontinued.

"I don't want to marry," the old soldier write. "I got enough of marriage in my first venture. I don't want to tackle it again, but at the same time I don't want to lose that pension. It ain't much, but it helps a heap and if it's a case of losing it or getting married, why I'll get married. Please let me know if I have to get married."

Commissioner Ware replied to the old pensioner that he was the victim of a practical joke or of a conspiracy and assured him that he was in no danger of losing his pension whether he remained single or got married.

Investigations conducted by the pension bureau have disclosed a most extraordinary state of affairs in connection with old pensioners and new wives. Thousands of soldiers of the war of the rebellion are married to women young enough to be their granddaughters.

The women, almost without exception, became wives for the single purpose of falling heir to the pensions of their husbands. In this way the pension roll of the government is being perpetuated and held up to high figures. All attempts to break up the practice has been unsuccessful and will continue to be unsucessful until congress passes a law which will deprive young widows enjoying the benefits of their husband's pensions.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

The Matinee Girl at the Play

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE

CALENDAR

OF THE NEW YEAR (1903)

Consists of six sheets, each 15 in. by 10 in., in 14 colors, with an added special finish that gives it the true water color effect. The accompanying reproduction of one of the subjects, greatly reduced in size and without the enlivening effect of the rich coloring, gives but an imperfect idea of the beauty of this charming series of plates.

How to Obtain It.—Sent anywhere, prepaid, on receipt of 50c, coin or stamps; OR, prepaid on receipt of 8c in stamps and a Globe design label taken from a Gold Band Ham; OR, for 8c postage and the Globe design label from a piece of Gold Band Bacon; OR, for 8c postage and a White Label English Bacon label; OR, if your dealer hasn't these meats, we will mail calendar on receipt of 8c in stamps if you send us an order for one piece of either of the three products mentioned and also give us the name of the dealer through whom you wish it delivered to you. Thus 42c of the price of this artistic calendar can be saved by the purchase of either of the above mentioned choice goods.

SOCIETY DRAMA
An Amateur Performance

ARMOUR PACKING CO., Armour Station, Kansas City, Kansas.

WRECKS OF THE YEAR

Disasters Within the Scope of the Life-Saving Service.

Nineteen Lives Were Lost and Seventy Persons Rescued.

Total Value of Property Involved Exceeded Nine Millions.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The report of the life saving service for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, states that the number of disasters to documented vessels within the scope of the service was 385. On board these vessels were 3424 persons, of whom 19 were lost. The estimated value of the vessels was $9,253,630, and that of their cargoes $5,139,380, making the total value of property involved $14,393,010. Of this amount, $12,125,220 was saved and $2,267,790 lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 51. In addition to the foregoing there were 361 casualties to undocumented craft—sailboats, rowboats, etc.—carrying 796 persons, 6 of whom perished. The value of property involved in these instances is estimated at $174,120, of which 167,575 was saved and $6545 lost. The aggregate of disasters to vessels of all descriptions, with their value, including that of their cargoes, and also the number of persons involved, is, therefore, as follows:

Total number of disasters	746
Number of vessels totally lost	51
Total number of persons involved	4220
Total number of persons lost	25
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations	412
Total number of days' succor afforded	1272
Total value of property involved	$14,567,130
Total value of property saved	$12,292,795
Total value of property lost	$2,274,335

The foregoing summary does not include 70 persons who were rescued from various positions of danger, most of all of whom would otherwise have perished, nor the seven members lost from the Monomoy life-saving crew.

Much assistance was rendered in saving imperiled vessels and cargoes, 615 vessels having been worked afloat when stranded, repaired when damaged, extricated from dangerous positions, and similarly aided by the station crews. Besides the foregoing, assistance of minor importance was rendered to 480 vessels. Altogether, therefore, 1095 vessels of all kinds, including small craft, were aided by the service. This number does not include 237 instances in which vessels running into danger—210 of which were by night—were warned off by station patrol being thereby averted.

The most notable event of the year was the loss of the keeper and six of the Monomoy life-saving crew on March 17 while engaged in an attempt to rescue five men from the coal barge Wadena stranded on the coast of Cape Cod. These surfmen perished on an errand to which they were summoned by the men on the barge, who were safely taken into the surfboat, but became panic-stricken and so interfered with the use of the oars by the crew that the boat was capsized and lost. Twelve lives were thus sacrificed. Great sorrow and sympathy were aroused throughout the whole country, and a popular subscription of over $15,000 was raised, mostly in Massachusetts, for the support of the widows and care and education of the orphan children. Widespread interest also developed among the marine organizations of the principal commercial cities, who gave expression to the general feeling by numerous petitions for the passage by congress of a pension act to cover similar cases. A bill was introduced in the house of representatives and favorably reported from the committee on interstate and foreign commerce. The treasury department recommends its enactment.

The number of stations embraced in the service at the end of the fiscal year was 272, of which 195 are located on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, sixty on the coasts of the great lakes, one at the Falls of the Ohio river (Louisville, Ky.), and sixteen on the Pacific coast. The net expenditure for the maintenance of the service during the year was $1,654,392.96.

New stations at South Manitou island and Sleeping Bear Point, Mich., were completed during the year. A new station at Arena Cove, Cal., is approaching completion, and plans and specifications are in course of preparation for a new station to be established on Fishers Island, N. Y. New stations at Amagansett, L. I. and Heavy Cedars, N. J., have been completed. Old stations at Long Beach and Squan Beach, N. J., Seatack (Virginia Beach), Va., and Whales Head (Currituck Beach), N. C., are being replaced by new ones. A new floating station at Louisville, Ky., at the falls of the Ohio river, and a new station at Ship Canal (Portage), Mich., are nearly completed, as is a wharf upon which to construct a new station at Chicago, Ill.

The act making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, provided for the placing of a Lyle gun, the beach apparatus used with it, and suitable surfboats, at Cape Nome, Alaska. A suitable equipment was also authorized to be located at Port Day, N. Y., for the protection of life from drowning in the rapids of Niagara river. These provisions have been complied with.

PRICE OF BOARD

To Be Advanced In New York City.

New York, Dec. 3.—Owing to sharp increases in the retail prices of nearly all common articles of household supply, estimated roughly at 25 per cent since Jan. 1 of this year, boarding house keepers have made, says the Herald, a general increase in their rates of $1 a week. Nearly everything required in the kitchen shows, according to statistics, an advance in cost, with the exception of coffee.

FREE CONCERT

By Flaaten's Orchestra at our store tomorrow. If you enjoy good music, hear it. Low prices throughout the store.

THE NEW STORE. | **Gray-Tallant Co.**

AT VILLA MARIA.

Musical, Illustrated Lectures and Other Doings.

Frontenac, Minn., Dec. 3.—At the last musical of 1902 at Villa Maria different degrees of improvement were shown in every number of the program. Little Katharine Hayden, of Duluth, the youngest pupil at the villa, made her first appearance and played "Brown Seeds Wee." Those who took part in the musical are Miss Josephine Emerson, Florence Garrett, Evelyn Tregilgas, St. Paul; Miss Gertrude McGraw, Miss Berniee Wadleigh, Vivian Ryan, Molly Ward, Minneapolis; Miss Gertrude Collins, Grand Forks, N. D.; Miss Lillian Mackmiller, Iron River, Wis.; Miss Zella Maude, Nickerson; Miss Gertrude Gilbert, Grand Rapids; Miss Mary McAlpine, Katherine Hayden, Duluth; Miss Beulah Garrard, Frontenac. Although all did well, the honors of the evening were carried off by Miss Maude, Miss Mackmiller, Miss Emerson, Miss Gertrude Collins, Molly Ward, Evelyn Tregilgas, Vivian Ryan and Katherine Hayden.

Thanksgiving afternoon the girls enjoyed a ride to Lake City to attend an entertainment given by the Nazareth boys. Repeated visits to the ever wonderful and beautiful city of Paris, where there is ever something new to see and study, are given by the courteous chaplain, Rev. W. Raleigh. In the introductory remarks to these illustrated lectures the Rev. Chaplain spoke of taking in all to visit Paris. Audible recognition of this promised treat was given by all present. Commenting upon the entertainment some evenings later a young unsophisticated miss said: "I thought Father really was going to take us all to Paris and I wondered how he could manage so many girls on such a journey; and when all clapped so, I thought it was because they were so glad to go.

Dec. 20 the Villa girls return to the cities for the holiday season.

A NEW CITY

To Be Built In a Night In Oklahoma.

Enid, Oklahoma, Dec. 3.—Oklahoma is known as the country of remarkable towns, but Snyder, which is soon to be opened by the 'Frisco railroad, will in some respects be the most remarkable town in the territory. The site selected is near the southern edge of the Wichita mountains at the crossing of the Blackwell, Enid and Southwestern railroad, and the Oklahoma and Western railroad, both now opened by the 'Frisco.

Up to the present time there is not a building on the town site, which embraces nearly a section of land. The country round about is thickly settled with farmers who came in last year. No one is or will be allowed on the town site of Snyder until December 5, on which date at the rate the people are flocking to Snyder, there will be not less than 10,000 people, among whom are bankers, merchants, manufacturers and all classes of people. At sunset on the night of December 4 Snyder will be a town without a house, railroad or inhabitant. At sunrise the following morning it will be a town of from 5,000 to 10,000 inhabitants, with passenger train running through the city on two trunk lines of railway. Snyder will be the only town in history that at sunset had no people or railroads and at sunrise the next day had a population of several thousand and mature railway facilities of two lines of railroads.

The 'Frisco system has selected Snyder as the double division point of its two lines and will erect car shops there.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The annual fall concert of the High School Musical society will be given in the High School assembly hall Friday evening. Extensive preparations have been going on for some time under the direction of A. F. M. Custance. A large and well-drilled chorus of high school students will assist several accomplished soloists.

No admission will be charged, but a collection will be taken up for the benefit of the high school decorating fund. Tickets for the general public can be secured from Secretary Brocklehurst in Superintendent Denfeld's office in the High School building. The number of these tickets is limited, however.

Dyspepsia? Don't lay it to your wife's cooking. It's your liver. Take a good liver pill, a vegetable pill—**Ayer's**

CHANGES OF A YEAR

Many Developments In the Lumber Manufacturing Business.

Four Sawmills Discontinue or Pass Into New Hands.

Many Extensions to Lumber Handling Facilities In Progress.

There have been some very important changes in the ownership of sawmill property during the past year at the head of the lakes, and important improvements are now underway which will greatly facilitate the handling of logs and enable a larger lumber cut the coming season. During the year four sawmill companies, long established on the Duluth-Superior harbor, have rounded up their business either wholly or in part. The Mitchell & McClure Lumber company has finished its operations here and its big plant has passed into the hands of Alger, Smith & Co., the Duncan & Brewer Lumber company has closed out its sawmill property and timber interests to the Red Cliff Lumber company; the West Superior Lumber company has gone out of business at the head of the lakes and its mill machinery has been shipped to the West, and the Peyton, Kimball & Barber Lumber company has completed the sawing of its own timber and will have to depend on contract cutting hereafter.

In the line of improvements two new hot ponds are being constructed to facilitate winter cutting, one at the Red Cliff Lumber company's plant and the other at the St. Louis Lumber company's plant. Three new trestles for receiving logs by train are nearing completion at as many mills on the harbor front. Hugo & Tims, the Duluth contracting firm, has nearly completed the unloading dock at the Scofield mill, in West Superior. The dock is 2700 feet long and a whole trainload of logs can be run out on it to be unloaded. This will do away with the work of dividing the trains up into sections, and the trouble of much switching.

The new trestle for Alger, Smith & Co., extending from the east side of Rice's Point out into the bay, will be ready to receive logs within a few days. The piles in this dock were driven by Whitney Bros., of West Superior, and the timbering of the structure has been done by the Alger-Smith company, under the supervision of Capt. Harry Shga. The Alger-Smith company is also building an addition to the trestle of the old Mitchell & McClure unloading dock at West Duluth. When this is completed two of the four trainloads of logs received per day will be unloaded there and the other two will go to the unloading dock on the east side of Rice's Point.

A force of about eighty men are busily engaged in making the annual repairs at the Alger-Smith sawmill at the foot of Rice's Point and it is expected that the mill will be ready to begin its winter day and night run by Dec. 8.

The Red Cliff Lumber company's plant on the bay front, in Oneota, will start up a little later and the St. Louis Lumber company's mill will probably be operating by the first of the new year. All of the sawmills at Cloquet have closed down for the season after an unusually long run and it is estimated that the entire cut at that point is 210,000,000 feet. The Northern Lumber company's two mills produced about 75,000,000 feet, the Cloquet Lumber company's plant about 50,000,000 feet, the Johnson-Wentworth mill about 35,000,000 feet and the Brooks-Scanlon mill, at Scanlon, about two miles from Cloquet, 50,000,000 feet.

Two large improvements being made on the bay front this winter that will demand a large supply of big timber are the new ore dock for the Great Northern company and the new merchandise dock that the Omaha railway company will build at Allouez bay. The company has called for bids for the construction of the dock, which is to be a duplicate of the dock built there a few years ago, and which is regarded as the largest merchandise dock in the world. The contract for furnishing the timber for this dock will give a good winter's business to the concern getting it. It is estimated that the new ore dock will require over 1000 carloads of timber.

NO AUTHORITY IN BIBLE

To Use Organs In Church Says Minister.

Joplin, Mo., Dec. 5.—Rev. J. M. McGarvey, of the First Church of Christ, in Carthage, believes that the organ for use in worship is unscriptural, and is making an effort to have the one in his church removed. He says that there is no Biblical authority for the presence of such an instrument in the house of God. Regarding his stand in the matter he says:

"My views are founded directly upon the Scriptures. It is a fact that there is absolutely no authority for the use of the organ in worship. While Christ gave many explicit directions to His apostles concerning the establishment of the church, He said nothing of musical instruments. They have caused trouble and dissension among the members. I believe that the example of the apostles should be continued."

Rev. McGarvey's congregation is evenly divided.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—John McDonald left on Sunday for Campbell's camp.

A number of Cloquet young people enjoyed a skating party on Jackson lake Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Maggie Murphy left yesterday for her home in Stillwater, after an extended visit with friends in Cloquet.

Harry M. Dixon and bride returned on Saturday after an extended Southern trip.

The musical given in the K. P. hall on Monday evening was well attended and proved a great success socially and financially. The proceeds are for the benefit of the library.

Mrs. Elfes left on Tuesday for an extended visit with friends in Minneapolis.

Mr. McManus has returned from a hunting trip at Marcey, Minn.

Franklin Stevenson was a Duluth caller yesterday.

J. McDevitt, contractor for the Cloquet Lumber company, was in the city on Tuesday.

Jos. Nevins, cruiser for the Northern Lumber company, was in the city on Tuesday.

Mrs. Hannecamp, of Scanlon, made a trip to Cloquet on Monday.

Miss Anna Ryan, of Duluth, formerly of Cloquet, spent a few days with acquaintances here.

The infant daughter of George Munson is reported quite ill.

Anthony Shannon has returned from St. Mary's hospital at Duluth, after two weeks' treatment. Mr. Shannon's friends are well pleased to learn that he is much improved in health.

Paul, John and Theodore Rose, and Frank Santelre, were among the arrivals on yesterday afternoon's train.

Jas. Peacha, Ole Thompson and Frank Peterson returned from a hunting trip at Blackhoof and brought home a deer.

Camp 2825 Royal Neighbors of America surprised Clair Grenier Monday evening and presented him with a handsome rocker. The evening was spent at cards, after which refreshments were served and an enjoyable evening spent.

Fred Decker spent Sunday with his family in the city.

The work on W. F. C. Gadau's house is being carried forward quite rapidly and will be ready for occupancy in the near future.

A number of the Northern Lumber company men are at work tearing down the old burner, which will be rebuilt.

Mr. Jenerett has accepted a position with a Duluth cigar company and he and his family will leave for Duluth in a few days.

About twenty-five of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sholl tendered them a surprise party Saturday night. Dancing, cards and singing made up the evening's entertainment.

Shopping Days.
Just twenty days more before Christmas. Don't put off your buying until the last week. Do it now. You'll find it profitable and much more satisfactory.

Silk Headquarters at Head of Lakes.
Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Selecting a Christmas Present.
Year after year this same difficult problem presents itself to the average person. We'll solve the problem for you, and economically too. Fact is it's no puzzle at all if you shop here.

Thursday leaders in Furs, Suits, Coats, Skirts

The beginning of December finds this section at the topmost pinnacle of public favor and at the close of the most successful season in the history of the store—distinctiveness in style, coupled with moderate prices have been the "open sesame" to this wonderful selling. We intend to make this month of still greater importance and start the selling thus:

Special Sale of Walking Skirts—about 25 in the lot just received, cut in the very latest style, made of the best wearing quality of melton cloth, in the newest snow-flake patterns, raised tailored seams, flared and stitched around bottom, all sizes, $5 value **$3.75**

Misses' Jackets—Monte Carlo style, with inverted plait back, storm collar—colors, castor, blue, red—all sizes, $12.50 value **$10**

Women's 27-in Jackets, in castor and black, satin lined, storm collar, yoke back—all sizes, regular price $12.50, at **$9.00**

Women's Monte Carlo Jackets with shoulder cape, trimmed with buttons, velvet coat collar—made of best quality kersey, in black and castor—lined with best quality satin—all sizes—regular price $25—Thursday at **$20**

Women's 45-inch Coats—half fitted back—made of best quality wool kersey, in black and castor, finest satin lining, covered seams, storm collar—would be cheap at $22—special Thursday **$16.50**

Women's Electric Seal Jackets, with nutria beaver collar and revers, Skinner satin lined—storm collar—a bargain at $35—don't miss this—Thursday at **$25**

Women's Brown Shirred Coney Coats of well matched furs, Skinners' satin lined, storm collar, double breasted, turned cuffs—easily worth $25—Thursday **$18**

Imitation Marten Scarfs, very full, with 6 cluster tails attached, should be $6.50—Thursday **$4.50**

Handkerchiefs—a Superb Showing

With Christmas in sight the gift problem is paramount. Our most complete showing of handkerchiefs gives instant suggestions. The display is so comprehensive, so varied, and withal so moderately priced that you cannot afford to overlook it. A few prices:

At 12½c—A complete assortment of scolloped, embroidery and lace edged handkerchiefs, pretty designs, sheer quality—and our price is only **12½c**

At 10c—Plain hemstitched, all pure linen handkerchiefs—¼ and ½ inch hem, a better handkerchief never sold for 15c, its the best value ever offered at 10c—or three for **25c**

At 15c we show a Demin laundered pure linen embroidered handkerchief, ¼-inch hem, dainty patterns, would be cheap at 20c **15c**

At 25c—A splendid collection of scolloped, hand embroidered and hemmed edge handkerchiefs, exclusive patterns, sheer quality, for similar quality others ask 35c, our price **25c**

At 35c we give you choice of embroidered, scolloped and lace edge handkerchiefs—scores and scores of them, a peerless assortment, and an unusual value at **35c**

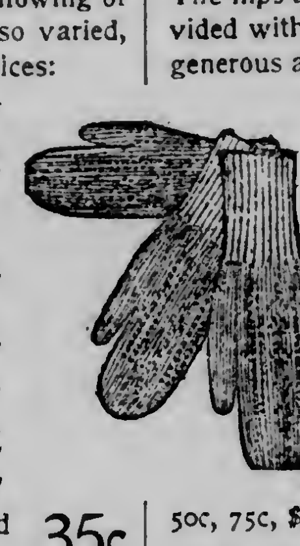
The latest novelty is the new Parse Handkerchief—a 6-inch sheer linen center, with 1½ inch edge of Mechlan or Val lace, very dainty, only **35c**

Children's Handkerchiefs—put up in fancy boxes—3 in a box—colored borders per box, only **15c**

Children's Initial Handkerchiefs—in fancy boxes, three in a box, colored initial—special, per box **25c**

Gloves and Mittens At Little Prices.

The nips and stings of Jack Frost are harmless when one is provided with a pair of our winter gloves or mittens. We have a most generous assortment, and at the smallest of prices.



Women's Golf Gloves—all wool, in white and black only, easily worth 35c **25c**

Women's Fancy Golf Gloves—all wool cashmere, in pretty color combinations, also plain colors, heavy weight, a splendid assortment, sold elsewhere at 65c, our price **50c**

Women's Amsterdam 2-clasp Gloves in plain and fancy colors, finely knit, silk bound, very pretty and serviceable **69c**

Women's Fleece Lined Mocho Mittens in tans, browns and black, very warm and serviceable, a splendid collection, priced attractively 50c, 75c, $1.00 and up to **$1.65**

Adlers' Fleece Lined Mocha Gloves—in greys, tans and browns—splendid values at the prices we ask **$1.50 and $2.00**

Adlers Fur Lined Driving Mittens—The most warm, comfortable and serviceable mitten on the market, of moca kid, lined with fur—our special prices only **$2.00 and $3.00**

For the Toilet
Special Prices for Thursday.

25c size Rubifoam Tooth Wash—Thursday only **16c**

50c size Cream de Marquise—Thursday only **25c**

15c size Petroleum Jelly—Thursday's price **8c**

15c box Perfume, all odors—Thursday's price **10c**

25c package Roger & Gallet's Rice Powder, perfumed—Thursday **19c**

15c box Soap, 3 cakes in box—highly perfumed—Thursday, per box **9c**

*35c fancy Atomizers, pretty de*signs—bulb or sprinkler top—Thursday **25c**

10c size Chamois Skins—Thursday—each **5c**

Women's and Children's Flannelette Gowns
The Best, Specially Priced.

There are gowns and gowns, but if you wish the best and at lower prices than you pay for inferior grades see this line. Further reductions for tomorrow as follows:

Women's Flannelette Gowns—of best quality English flannelette—tastily trimmed—regular price 89c—tomorrow the price will be—each **75c**

Women's Flannelette Gowns—excellent quality—neatly trimmed—regular price 79c—Thursday **65c**

*Children's Night Drawers—good qual*ity—fancy stripes—regular price 50c—Thursday **39c**

Misses' Gowns of heavy weight outing—neat patterns—prettily trimmed—regular price 85c—tomorrow they go on sale at only **69c**

Children's School Aprons—regular price 50c—Thursday's price will be only **39c**

Regular 75c size **50c**

Women's Underwear and Hosiery.
Savings Most Pronounced.

The few cold days just past foretell colder ones to come—a suit of warm underwear just now is the first installment on the good health policy. These leaders for Thursday:

Women's Fleeced Vests and Pants—in natural grey and ecru—worth considerably more, but for Thursday special at—per garment **25c**

Women's Fitwell Vests and Pants—in natural grey—unusual value at 75c—Thursday—per garment **50c**

Women's Wool Pants—Camel's Hair color—all sizes—worth up to $1.75—for Thursday special at—per garment **98c**

Half Price.

No. 1031 Ypsilanti Wool Vests—in natural grey, regular price $2.50—Thursday half price **$1.25**

No. 101 Ypsilanti Health Suits—in black and grey, sizes 2 and 3, regular price $6.00—for Thursday—half price **$3.00**

Women's Fleeced Hose—spliced heel and toe—plain and ribbed tops—cheap at 18c—for Thursday, per pair **12½c**

Women's Wool Hose—natural color heel and toe—splendid value at 35c—for Thursday—the pair **25c**

Women's Ribbed Cotton Hose—double sole—very elastic tops—made from real Maco yarn, cheap at 39c—special Thursday **29c**

*Women's fleece lined Hose—full fash*ioned—natural heel and toe—double sole—regular price 50c—Thursday—a pair **38c**

Rubbers and Overshoes at About ½ Regular Price.

We were fortunate to secure a large shipment of Rubbers and Overshoes at a great reduction, and for tomorrow will offer them at about one-half less than regular price. This is a splendid opportunity to lay in a supply of warm footwear at a tremendous saving. Prices this way:

Women's and Misses' Low Rubbers—all sizes, first quality; regular price 60c. Sale price **35c**

Women's and Misses' Storm Rubbers—first quality; regular price 60c. Sale price **35c**

Overshoes—all sizes; regular price $1.50. Sale price **75c**

Boys' Heavy Rubbers—extra heavy quality; cheap at 75c. Sale price **50c**

Women's and Misses' Alaska Storm Rubbers—finest quality, all sizes; regular price $1.00. Sale price **50c**

Women's Fine Dongola Kid Shoes—laced, patent tip, heavy extension sole, Cuban heel, the newest and most up-to-date last; regular price $3.50. Thursday **$2.50**

The Volga Shoes—will fit any foot—built with an idea, over 30 different styles, all lasts and leathers, and a $5.00 shoe for **$3.50**

PURELY HOT AIR

High School Athletes Do Not Claim Football Championship.

Assertions That They Do So Are Without Foundation.

President Kane of the Athletic Association Comments Tersely.

High school football men and others interested in the team have been much amused by the arguments put forth in the morning paper to show that they are the champions of Minnesota.

They lay no claim to the honor. Only the most weird imagination could conceive of a team which has been beaten in two hard games by the decisive scores of 17 to 0 and 23 to 0, holding the championship.

"We have not a ghost of a claim to the blue ribbons," said Frank Kane, president of the Athletic association this morning. "We were beaten twice in good square games. Though the St. Cloud game might not have cost us the championship if we had won from Minneapolis Central by a large score, the result of the Thanksgiving game puts us entirely out of the running.

"All of this talk about championship honors after what has happened is doing the team great harm and not the least good. Outside teams must think we are playing a baby trick. But the whole affair is newspaper hot air. We have not the slightest right to make any claims of the kind. It's a joke and the sooner it is dropped the better."

FOR MURDER.

Miss Tona Dunlap Is on Trial at Aledo, Ill.

Aledo, Ill., Dec. 3.—The trial of Miss Tona Dunlap for the murder of Miss Allie Dool by poisoning with strychnine on the evening of Aug. 7, has begun in the Mercer county circuit court.

The defendant, Miss Dunlap, continues stoutly to maintain her innocence, and says she looks forward to only one termination of the trial, and that is that the jury will find her not guilty. As she entered the court room she was paler than when placed in jail nearly eleven weeks ago, but was stronger and showed no sign of the continued mental strain.

During the weeks of her incarceration some members of her own family or some relative was constantly with her in jail about ten days ago, when this arrangement was discontinued on the order of Sheriff Tomlinson, and a woman in no way connected with the family was given her as a companion.

Judge Frank D. Ramsey, of Morrison, is presiding. For a time it was rumored that the attorneys for the defense would ask a change of venue to another county. The defense, however, announced their intention of placing no obstacle in the way of immediate and speedy trial here.

Three special venires of forty jurors each have been drawn in addition to the regular panel of thirty, making 150 men to start on.

Shortly after the examining of jurors was begun a discussion arose touching the propriety of certain questions the state's attorney was employing in examination. A couple of hours was lost in looking up authorities, and court adjourned with the question still unsettled.

It is not expected that the jury will be secured before the last of the week.

MAURICE GRAU

To Give Opera In English In New York.

New York, Dec. 3.—Maurice Grau is arranging the cast for a production of "The Mikado" at the Metropolitan. He and his chief assistant, Frederick Latham, have about agreed on the following cast: The Mikado, David Bispham; Poo Bah, Robert Blass; Nanki Poo, Jacques Barr; Koh Ko, Albert Reiss; Yum Yum, Fritzi Scheff and Camille Seygard; Katisha, Louise Homer; and Peep Bo, Carrie Bridewell. Miss Scheff and Miss Seygard will alternate in the roles of Yum Yum and Pitti Sing. Alfred Herts will be the conductor. This will be the first performance of opera in English ever given at the Metropolitan under Mr. Grau's management.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

WALL STREET BROKERS

Must Pay More For Tickers and Slips.

New York, Dec. 3.—There was a stir in brokerage commission firms in Wall street agencies announcing that beginning with Jan. 1 the rates for the news services of these agencies will be raised. The agencies serve their patrons either by a ticker, which prints the news, or by a series of printed bulletins, which are brought to the offices by messengers. Heretofore they have charged for the single service of either ticker or slips $20 a month. Beginning with the new year the charge will be $30 and for a combined service of ticker and bulletins $50, against a previous charge of $30. Some of the brokers who got notices of the advance raised a cry of "trust," but a representative of one of the agencies who was seen denied any agreement between the agencies. He said the expense of furnishing the news was increasing.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, but simply because they *must*.

They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

Cheapest because Best

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Cleans as well as polishes
No possibility of waste

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

SENATE IN LINE

For Reduction of Duty on Cuban Goods.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The backbone of the senatorial opposition to Cuban reciprocity has been broken and the senate now stands ready to vote for a reciprocal tariff arrangement provided that the reduction to be granted to Cuban products imported into the United States is not greater than 20 per cent.

Senator Burrows of Michigan, who was the most determined opponent of Cuban reciprocity at the last session, and who did more perhaps than any other senator to defeat the administration bill, now admits, after carefully investigating the situation at close range during the recess of congress, that a 20 per cent reduction would not seriously interfere with the beet sugar industry of his state. He will not, therefore, oppose it if proposed.

Senator Perkins of California, who was as determined an opponent of the Cuban tariff reduction bill last session as Mr. Burrows, said yesterday:

"The continued pressure of the administration has had its effect."

BAKING POWDER AGAIN.

Alum Goods That Masquerade as "High Class" Powders.

Retailers' Journal, Chicago.

In previous analyses we have shown that the 25-cent alum baking powders are an imposition, both on the consumer and retailer, as the difference in cost of manufacture of a 10-cent alum baking powder and a 25-cent one is not more than one cent a pound.

There is the Calumet baking powder, an alum powder with about one cent's worth of phosphate added to it, and which retails for 25 cents. It is not worth more than 10 or 11 cents, which we showed by analysis. In order to sell this powder at all they are now preparing a premium scheme and are going to give away hairpins and other cheap trash that may be attractive to the eye and cover up their transactions. They can well afford to give 15 cents' worth of goods with every pound of baking powder they sell.

I alum baking powder is used at all, 10 cents is a reasonable price, as alum costs only two cents a pound, which leaves the manufacturer a fair profit. While we know that cream of tartar baking powders are sold at higher prices than others, we also know that chemically pure cream of tartar used in the highest-grade powder costs at least twelve times more than alum.

REFUSED TO BE SOLD.

Young Girl Disappears Rather Than Be Wedded.

Spring Valley, Ill., Dec. 3.—Miss Eva A. Donaldson, 20 years old, has disappeared from her home in Spring Valley on the morning of her wedding day, and no trace of her has been found. She was to have been married to Edgar Wharhoof, and elaborate preparations were made for the wedding.

The bride-to-be had protested she did not love the man who was chosen to be her life companion. Her father, Frank Donaldson, received $300 from the prospective son-in-law. The girl declared that she did not want to be sold as a slave, to become the bride of a man she did not love. She fled on her wedding day, and that night received shelter at the home of a friend. Early the next morning she continued her flight down through the mining towns and was finally lost. Wharhoof now wants his $300 returned. The girl's father is a mine boss.

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. For piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases De Witt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Max Wirth.

RED LAKE BILL

To Be Pushed In House Next Week.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The Red Lake reservation bill is to be pushed in the house of representatives next week. It went over last session on objection of Mr. Cannon, for the reason that it carried about a million-dollar appropriation to pay the Indians for 250,000 acres of land. This money will come back to the government when the land is sold to settlers. Mayor Frank Kratka, of Thief River Falls, will be here Thursday in the interest of the bill.

DAMAGE SUIT

Brought Against St. Paul City Railway Company.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A $20,000 damage suit brought by Andrew Swansen against the St. Paul City Railway company was commenced before Judge Kelly and a jury in the district court yesterday. The plaintiff, who is 62 years old, says that March 10, of this year, he was pushed from a car at Broadway and Seventh street, as a result of which he fell on the pavement, fracturing his skull and permanently impairing his mind.

Musical Society Concert.

Curtis G. Redden, left end, was elected captain of the university of Michigan's football team for next season. His nearest rival was Martin Heston, left halfback of the team.

At a meeting of the New York delegation in the house Tuesday afternoon it was unanimously decided to support Representative Cannon for speaker and Frank Lyon of New York for doorkeeper.

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed had a sudden severe attack of gastritis Tuesday night. He was prostrated for a time, but Dr. Gardner who was called in succeeded in relieving the patient. The sudden illness of the ex-speaker caused considerable alarm to his friends, but at a late hour, Mr. Reed was getting on better than had been feared earlier in the evening.

The official call for the national convention of the United Mine Workers of America was issued Tuesday from national headquarters. It is signed by President Mitchell, Secretary Wilson and is addressed to local unions. It notifies them of the fourteenth annual convention to be held in Indianapolis, commencing Monday, Jan. 19.

HOME FOR HIS GIRLS

Nearly Finished By Owner of a Factory In Ohio.

It Will Be Strictly Modern In Every Essential Detail.

Quarters For About One Hundred and Fifty Inmates.

Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 3.—A model boarding home for girls is among the handsomest buildings in Fremont, Ohio. One of the most difficult problems in city life, the providing of suitable homes for factory girls who receive moderate wages, is the reason for its existence. Congressman-elect A. H. Jackson, a hustler in business, has undertaken to solve the problem. Employers throughout the state are watching the experiment with interest. If it wins, similar institutions will spring up in other cities.

Jackson was driven into the enterprise by the demands of his business. He employs about 300 girls in his factory at Fremont. Last spring he found that he needed about 150 more girls, but the local supply had become exhausted, and girls from other places could not find suitable boarding places at prices they could afford to pay. Jackson determined to establish a home for such girls and to charge a nominal rate for board.

Work was begun in April and the finishing touches are now being placed on the building. Five girls went to live there even before the last of the carpenters and painters had departed. A dozen more will arrive this week, and hereafter the building will fill up rapidly. In a month or two Congressman-elect Jackson will discover whether he hit upon the solution of a boarding house problem or not.

Four stories high, of pressed brick, with stone trimmings, and having finely-polished plate glass windows, the building from the exterior presents a most attractive appearance. There are enough windows to admit a flood of light into the structure. Inside there has been a large outlay of money to provide for the comfort of guests. The woodwork is of oak and the floors of hardwood. A handsome carved oak staircase leads from the entrance to the top floor. The arch street front on the ground floor is devoted to large, bright parlors and reading rooms. A small library and all of the latest magazines will be supplied free for the girls. A piano will be another attraction. The dining room is an airy, cheerful room on the Burchard street side of the building. A model kitchen, with all modern facilities, is on the ground floor in the rear.

In the basement will be recreation and exercise rooms. Bowling alleys, billiard, ping-pong tables and gymnasium apparatus of every description will be provided for the young women. On the three upper floors are 75 bedrooms. Two girls will occupy each room. There are two bathrooms on each floor. The building is provided throughout with steam heat and electric lights. The cost of the building, with its furnishings, will be about $50,000.

"Community Home" is the name of the institution. The cost of a room and board is $2.50 or $2 a week, according to the location of the room. Mr. and Mrs. John Bower have charge of the building. Mrs. Bower is an accomplished housekeeper. The rules provide that the girls must be in the building by 10 p. m. Exceptions are made on the occasion of parties or visits to the theater. Male callers are prohibited. No girl whose parents reside in Fremont will be allowed to board at the home. Only girl employes at Jackson's factory, whose parents live in other towns, are admitted. Young women employed by other firms in Fremont have applied for admission, but the applications have not been granted.

Jackson has no expectation of making money or getting any dividend on his investment. He calculates that if the building is filled it will just about pay running expenses. He will, however, derive a benefit through an increased labor supply and the expansion of his business.

KEPT HER CHILDREN.

The Right Food Brought Them Back to Health.

Food purchased from curiosity saved the lives of two children in a family in Ulysses, Wis.

The mother says: "We had bought a package of Grape-Nuts, attracted by its pleasant, suggestive name, and found it a pleasant food. As my five-months old baby liked it, I fed it to her and found it as satisfactory as ——— Baby Food, which I had been using and paying 50c. for a much smaller package.

Shortly after this, three of the children came down with the whooping cough, my oldest one was taken with pneumonia, and the little three-year-old strained her stomach in some manner, so that she vomited blood, and could not retain anything on her stomach. She continuously cried with hunger, and it was terrible to see her grow weaker and weaker, until she did not have strength to keep her eyes open. I was so overworked nursing all of them night and day that I finally woke up to the fact that a change must be wrought and that at once.

I shall always believe that divine inspiration whispered 'Grape-Nuts.' At first I did not give the solid part; I poured boiling water on it and let it stand until the water had drawn out some of the strength, added some rich, sweet cream, and gave the little one a few spoonfuls at a time. She kept it down and it nourished her, so that after a while I could feed her the Grape-Nuts themselves until she got strong, and she is today as rugged as I could wish. Meanwhile, the oldest girl was unable to turn her head or swallow solid food, and for weeks her strength was kept up by Grape-Nuts softened in cream, given a spoonful at a time, until she got strong enough to take other food. They are both well and strong now, and I feel that I owe Grape-Nuts for two of my hearty, healthy children." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Toilet articles—Bargain counter 2.

Beautiful showing of stag and genuine ebony toilet articles—combs, brushes, mirrors, etc. A bargain counter piled full of handsome holiday goods, at special prices. Don't fail to visit it!

SPECIAL—Silver plated comb and brush sets, hand mirrors, inkstands, cloth and hat brushes, toilet brushes, etc. Special bargain counter price—for this sale........ **89c**

SPECIAL—A line of imitation ebony brushes—hair brushes, cloth and hat brushes, bonnet brushes—serviceable goods, bargains all at...... **25c**

Toboggan caps—Bargain counter 1.

Seasonable cold-snap sale of toboggan caps for boys and girls. Prices cut down to **half.** Buy the caps now. Don't wait till there are frozen ears to cover!

400 toboggan caps for boys and girls—all wool, ribbed, warm, good size—plenty of wool caps, worth up to 50c, tomorrow at the special bargain price of only........ **25c**

300 better caps, worth up to 75c each—heavy ribbed, all wool—good colors and fancy stripes. Warm, serviceable, seasonable, reduced to.. **35c**

Art gallery.

Grand exhibition and sale oil paintings by celebrated artists—3rd floor. **COME! SEE!**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Books! Books!

Duluth's grandest book stock is here—standard, fiction, gift books. **CUT PRICES!**

Tomorrow! Bargains! Skirts, coats and furs!

Don't shiver! Don't be without a new coat, or skirt, or fur jacket. We slash the prices on about a hundred splendid cold-weather garments for tomorrow. When you come to the big silk sale make a call at the second floor and see what you can save on a walking skirt, a coat, a fur jacket! The garments are right. The prices are less than the makers' cost. Come! Look! Costs you nothing to see and almost nothing to buy!

Misses' $5.00 fur trimmed coats reduced to $2.98.

Certainly seasonable. Coats made of heavy zibeline cloth—the popular coat fabric of the season. The sizes are for girls 8 to 14 years old. The price has been $5.00. The coats are handsomely trimmed with good and pretty fur. Will close out all of them at........ **$2.98**

$14.00 coats for $8.50.

Ladies' nobby Monte Carlo coats and loose box coats, beautifully trimmed, correctly tailored, silk lined, high storm collar or ordinary collar, fancy stitching; quantity limited; sizes good; colors, black, blue, red, tan and castor; about 20 coats in all; values $14 regularly. Reduced for the cold snap to.. **$8.50**

$12.50 misses' coats for $6.50.

About a dozen misses' long coats, with 3-cape effect, made of melton and zibeline cloth, with pretty trimmings; $12.50 values. Reduced for the cold snap to........ **$6.50**

$3.00 walking skirts for $1.25.

A snap for the cold snap—50 skirts, dark grey color; would be cheap at $3; made of good melton cloth, stitched and tailor finished, fit and hang perfectly; all sizes. On sale Thursday morning for only **$1.25**

$21.00 blouse coats $11.50.

Only a few of these left; very handsome, very popular; price has been reduced from $21.00 to close them out........ **$11.50**

$29.00 electric seal coats $19.50.

Here's a cold weather bargain for sure—electric seal fur coats, fine dye and lustre, satin lined, high rolling storm collar...... **$19.50**

Baby carriage robes.

Special cold snap sale of fine fur robes for baby carriages. Beautiful robes at reduced prices. We quote a few:

New assortment $10.00 Angora robes for	$7.25
$ 8.25 fur robes marked down to	$6 95
$12.50 fur robes marked down to	$9.50
$ 6.75 fur robes marked down to	$5.75
$ 4.95 fur robes marked down to	$3.95
$ 4.25 fur robes marked down to	$3.45

This is the time to buy. Assortment is large and complete. Prices are put down almost to cost.

Blankets—second floor.

Buy now! Prices are reduced and you can pick from Duluth's biggest stock. Come early if you want first choice.

A number of blankets, slightly soiled, greatly reduced for immediate sale. Good bargains!

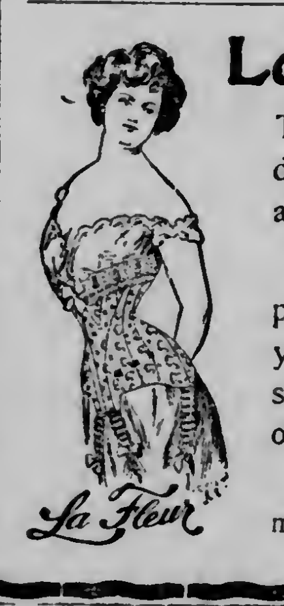
$2.00 white wool blankets now	$1.59
$4.50 Indian robe blankets now	$3 25
$5.00 Indian robe blankets now	$3.98
$5.75 Indian robe blankets now	$4.50
$5 grey wool Oregon blankets, 74x84 ins; each	$2.50
10-4 cotton blankets, sold at smaller stores for 65c, here at	50c
$1.25 cotton blankets, 11-4 size	98c
$1.00 fancy cotton robe blankets	85c

Great silk sale.

Yesterday we told you of our great silk purchase at 50c on the dollar. Today we show these silks in our window. Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock we place them on sale in three grand half price lots:

39c	50c	75c
for silks worth up to 75c the yard.	for silks worth $1 the yard.	for silks of high degree—worth to $1.75.

La Fleur corset demonstration



The newest corset—"La Fleur." A corset of high degree. A corset that helps a poor form, beautifies a good form.

Miss Merriam, of Boston and New York, expert by years of training, is at your service to give you all the points about corsets and corset fitting she has learned by years of experience and study of this subject so vital to woman's correct dress.

You are invited to thi demonstration. You can learn much to your advantage. Costs you nothing.

AT WEST DULUTH

The members of the hunting party, who went out under the watchful guidance of I. Deatheridge, are telling a couple of stories at the expense of two of the visitors at the camp.

It is claimed that one of the visitors who is not accustomed to work in the woods was hunting somewhat apart from the rest of the party, when he saw a large buck approaching. He fired and missed. He reached in his pocket for another cartridge, and being rendered rather nervous by an attack of buck fever, grasped the first object which met his hand. It was an amber pipe stem, and he proceeded to load his gun with it. Meanwhile the buck had found that he had a pressing engagement elsewhere, and when the rest of the party came up the maddened hunter was grinding an unoffending pipe stem between two rocks.

The other visitor to the camp was more fortunate. He had an old-fashioned army rifle, and was rather doubtful about its death dealing powers, and so, when he succeeded in bringing a large buck to the ground, he thought he would make sure of his game. The buck fever had him also in its grasp, and after breaking his gun over the deer's head, he cut the head off with a large bowie knife, and when the other members of the party came up he was seated on the deer's back grimly holding it down for fear that there was still life in the somewhat disfigured animal.

FURNACE IS BLASTING.

The Zenith Furnace company began blasting yesterday afternoon. Filling was begun Sunday afternoon and continued all day Monday. The big plant on the bay front is now running with a full crew, and there is no prospect of another shut down. Between 200 and 500 men are employed.

FOR USING BAD LANGUAGE.

W. M. Patterson, of the West End, appeared before Justice of Peace Stone yesterday afternoon to answer to a charge of using obscene language. Joseph Cochran, who recently moved to the West End from West Duluth, brought the charge. Patterson boarded at Cochran's restaurant at Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, and last Sunday he came into the restaurant and abused Cochran, calling him vile names, according to the testimony of Cochran. Patterson says that the feed served was not up to the mark, and that he wanted Cochran to redeem a partly used meal ticket. He also admitted that he was somewhat intoxicated. A fine of $5 and costs was imposed upon Patterson.

A FINE CONCERT.

The concert given last evening in the Great Eastern hall was but poorly attended, owing to a misunderstanding as to the date. The small audience, however, was a very appreciative one, and the numbers were warmly encored. W. A. Coughlin gave an exhibition of ventriloquism, impersonation and imitation, which was very well received by the audience. Miss Adele McClaren's dramatic readings were also much applauded. Mr. Wilkinson, of Duluth, played some violin selections, and Mr. Blake rendered some popular music on musical glasses. Miss Clara Busha, of West Duluth, gave two fine vocal solos.

Buy your skating shoes of the Ehle Shoe Co., Torrey Bldg., ground floor.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The regular monthly meeting of the Asbury auxiliary of the W. F. M. S. will be held Friday, Dec. 5, at the home of Mrs. G. W. Smith.

Miss A. Gilley has returned from a trip to Fargo, Grand Forks and Crookston.

E. Robinson has retuarned from a hunting trip.

Joseph Busha left for his claim near Burnett yesterday.

William Thrask left for Harrisville, Mich., yesterday.

W. Pardee, E. Coughlin and Otto Spitz leave for the range towns today.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosenden and Miss Euseman, recent arrivals from Ashland, have taken up their residence at 1501 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

John Pecore and Arthur Perry will leave for French river today.

Dean Holte, of Scanlon, is visiting in West Duluth.

Sydney Hanchette has returned from a trip to Split Rock.

The West Duluth Republican club will meet Saturday evening and elect officers for the ensuing year.

John Erickson, of 716 Sixty-third avenue, died at his home yesterday. The funeral takes place today and interment will be made in the Oneota cemetery.

Russell Richardson has returned from Saginaw, Mich., after attending the funeral of his father.

A MILLION VOICES

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes—"It completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung trouble. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Abbett's Drug store.

Skaters, Attention!

Jack Frost has arrived at last and established his skate headquarters at our store. We have the largest line and variety of skates in the city. Our prices are low and quality the best.

Barney & Berry Skates 50c to $5
Hockey Skates........ 75c to $5

Coasters for boys and girls, all kinds and styles.... 19c to $3.00

Don't forget the stove sale at our store.

Radiant Home Heaters at cost.

Wieland & Wade, 329-331 55th Avenue West.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings
Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring }

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.60

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Dec. 3.—The storm has moved rapidly northeast from Oklahoma City to a point near Buffalo, causing severe gales in the lake region and central valleys, and rain or snow in all districts except the extreme West, and warmer weather in the extreme East. The Saskatchewan high pressure area has moved to the Dakotas and is accompanied by much lower temperatures over western Lake Superior and nearly all districts west of the Mississippi river, zero weather prevailing in Northwest Canada and the Dakotas. Many lake region and Western reports are missing on account of wires being down.

Following are minimum temperatures recorded during the past 24 hours:

Abilene	40	Memphis	48
Battleford	—16	Miles City	—2
Boston	40	Minnedosa	—14
Buffalo	40	Montgomery	52
Calgary	—12	Moorhead	—2
Charleston	66	New Orleans	56
Chicago	36	New York	44
Cincinnati	48	Oklahoma	32
Davenport	32	Pierre	4
Detroit	40	Pittsburg	32
Duluth	6	Portland	38
Edmonton	—2	Pr. Albert	—4
El Paso	30	Qu 'Appelle	—16
Galveston	54	San Francisco	46
Helena	6	Shreveport	46
Huron	—2	Spokane	30
Jacksonville	66	St. Louis	38
Kamloops	20	St. Paul	12
Kansas City	36	St. Ste. Marie	30
Knoxville	52	Swift Current	2
La Crosse	26	Washington	38
Los Angeles	46	Minnemucca	10
Medicine Hat	4	Winnipeg	—12

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m., (local time) Thursday, Dec. 4: For Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Fair and cold tonight. Thursday partly cloudy and warmer, with probably snow flurries. Fresh northeasterly to southerly winds, increasing to brisk Thursday.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecast Official.

State and upper lakes forecasts missing. Wires down.

Plans of the Carnegie Institute.

It is gratifying to learn that at last the trustees of the Carnegie institute have decided to make public their plans and work, through a book soon to be issued. It will tell of the work of organization up to date and of the schemes for future inquiry and study. There has been some criticism of the star chamber methods of this institution, the trustees and officers apparently having great fear of publicity and veiling everything that it does with a heavy cloak of secrecy. Although a plan has been adopted for the expenditure of some $25,000 of the Carnegie funds, the officials decline to say for what purpose the money is to be disbursed. Possibly the secret will out in the year book. Persons having dealings with the men engaged on scientific work for the government are invariably struck by the deep air mystery with which they like to surround their operations. Matters of trivial importance are hushed up and whispered about as though the safety of the nation depended on keeping them out of the newspapers. Such a plan would not do and the sooner the trustees realize it the better.

The Experience of Glasgow.

Experiments in municipal ownership are of great interest to all cities and whatever data can be secured are seized with avidity. Of all the cities in the world perhaps Glasgow, Scotland, has gone the most extensively into municipal managership of public utilities. The city supplies water, gas, electric light, street railways, telephones, baths and washhouses; conducts markets for vegetables, fruit, cattle, cheese, meats, old clothes, birds and dogs; owns and partly directs 2488 municipal houses, 78 lodging houses, a family home 372 shops, 40 stores, 43 warehouses, 43 workshops, 12 halls, 2 churches, 2 hotels, 1 theater, 1 studio, 1 pawn office, 1 nursing home, 1 powder mill, 1 laundry, 1 bakehouse, 1 golf course, several stone quarries, 900 railway wagons and 1 gospel tent; farms 100 acres of land and converts city sewers into fertilizers. It builds street railway cars, reclaims bogs, runs a granary, utilizes clinker and sells waste paper. All these departments are managed by what is called the Glasgow corporation. It is too soon to say what will be the final outcome of these remarkably extensive additions to municipal work, and, in any case, one example does not establish a principle. But the people of Glasgow have not as yet realized their expectation of reaping large profits from the system. Taxation has increased from $1.20 to $1.62 on the $100 valuation. The assessable rental has increased from $16,000,000 to $25,000,000, but, in the same period, the city debt has risen from $24,000,000 to $64,000,000. Profits on the street railways and telephones have not materialized after allowance is made for depreciation. However the experience of Glasgow is not conclusive either way. Time will tell better. It is possible that the city has gone too far and is attempting to do too much. It is not safe as yet to render a verdict for either side.

One of the remarkable circumstances of the growth of New York city the past thirty years has been the immigration it has received from the Southern states. Virginia alone, it is estimated, is represented in the city's population by 22,700 sons, or even more than Connecticut has furnished. Many of the most notable New Yorkers in the professions, in business and finance are men of Southern birth. This flocking northward was due probably, says the Springfield Republican, to the impoverished condition of the South after the civil war, when much of the best blood in the younger generation set out to make fame and fortune away from the old home. The country contained no purer nor more vigorous English stock than the Southern whites of ante-bellum days, and it is not surprising that today their children have gained many of the highest rewards which the crowded life of the Northern city can offer.

A SEVERE STORM.

Fully half the country was visited by a snow storm last night, with the result that telegraphic communication has been seriously interrupted between the East and the West, and much inconvenience to business caused thereby. The center of the storm was in Oklahoma and Kansas, and it extended north into Minnesota, west into Colorado, south into Texas and east into Indiana. Reports state that it was a snow storm in the North, a rain storm in the South, and sleet between the two, with the result that telegraph wires were broken down and trains badly delayed.

Duluth escaped the storm altogether, which must be regarded as a fortunate circumstance. In this particular, Duluth is frequently very lucky, escaping storms of a severe character that visit other sections of the country and inflict damage and cause much discomfort.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

The friends of reciprocity will take renewed hope from the recommendation of the president in his annual message that one way to adjust the changing tariff conditions is by means of reciprocity treaties. These people had not by any means lost faith in being able to influence congress before the message; in fact the National Reciprocity league had issued a call for a convention at Detroit on Dec. 10 and 11, which will be attended by prominent men interested in the question. It is understood that the chief topic of discussion at the Detroit convention will be reciprocity with Canada, and for this reason it was decided to meet in a northern city. Resolutions will be passed calling on the senate to ratify the treaties now pending before that body. The only new reciprocity treaty which is now ready to be submitted to the senate is the one recently negotiated with Newfoundland. The Cuban treaty is not ready and probably will not be in shape before the Christmas holidays. Not even the most enthusiastic advocate of reciprocity believes that there is any hope for all the commercial treaties that have been before the senate for two years or more. They are gradually dwindling, from one cause or another, some expiring by limitation, while others are being withdrawn by the other governments that were parties to the agreement.

The text of the Newfoundland treaty has not been published, but it is supposed to contain the same concessions that were in the Blaine-Bond convention, negotiated during the Harrison administration, which was denounced by certain Englishmen as "commercial annexation.' It would, therefore, seem that the objections so stoutly urged in both England and Canada to the former treaty have been waived or overruled by the British foreign office, for Mr. Bond, the Nefoundland premier, was in no way hampered or interfered with by the home government in his negotiations.

Any opposition to this treaty is likely to arise in the senate, but with the plea of the president before it, that body is much more likely to pass the measure than before. There are several of the treaties before the senate which should be passed. Whether they will be or not remains to be seen.

PORTO RICO'S SCHOOLS.

The thoroughness and peristence with which the Americans go into the art of education must have at first astonished the people of Porto Rico with even the experience they have had under American rule. To be sure it is hard to impress upon the natives at once the advantages of education, but those of the higher class have seemingly grasped the advantages to be derived and results may be considered fairly satisfactory for so short a period. The scholastic year 1901-1902 commenced in Porto Rico Sept. 30, 1901, with the schools open, 32,302 pupils enrolled and 829 teachers, and terminated June 30, 1902, with 874 schools open, 40,993 pupils enrolled, and 923 teachers, indicating an increase of 19.2 per cent in the number of schools, 21.2 per cent in pupils, and 20.2 in teachers. The enrollment varies; it reached 42,187 in the spring of 1902; 59,096 different children were in the schools at some time during the year. To this figure should be further added 2767 pupils enrolled in the high, normal and special schools, making a grand total of 61,862 pupils in all grades of schools during the year, or 19.2 per cent of the population of school age, and 6.5 per cent of the total population of the island. The average daily attendance was 30,160, or 79.71 per cent of the enrollment; the per cent of colored pupils in the total enrollment was 29, while the colored teachers were 8 per cent of the total teaching force. The total number of American teachers employed during the year was 102 out of a general total of 938. It is interesting to note that the male teachers constituted 64 per cent of the entire body of teachers.

The aim is to have all the teachers learn English eventually, so as to enable them to use English text-books, and inducements for the teachers to learn English generally meet with willing response. It is proposed to place a premium, such as higher salary, upon the work of a native teacher who uses English. Industrial education is also receiving marked attention. Practical artisans, competent to teach, are to be employed to give instruction in these schools, whose graduates will, it is intended, be able to earn their own living at different trades. A building is under construction in Ponce for an industrial school, to cost $25,000, while in other cities suitable quarters have been rented. A number of night schools and kindergartens have also been established, the latter arousing much enthusiasm. The work of the normal school has been extended so as to include a series of meetings in different parts of the island, for the purpose of exciting an interest in normal education and the public schools.

More work is necessary on the island. The appropriations are far too small, but there is bright hope for the future.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.

A very interesting case in the history of contests between labor and capital has been evolved from proceedings taken by the New Jersey glass blowers against a great glass company in that state. The labor union has turned squarely upon the glassmaking corporation and asserts that it is an organization having for its purpose the sale of the labor of its members. It furthermore asserts that a certain glass company, being in competition with it, has violated the laws of the state and the labor market and prevented by force the organization's business of selling labor and is engaged in an illegal alliance to prevent men from leaving its employ. It therefore asks that the glass company be enjoined from interfering with the business of the organization.

So far as known this is the first time that a labor union has ever asked a state for an injunction against a corporation, and as the Glass Blowers union is a powerful one, it is expected the case will be carried to the highest tribunal in the land for a final decision. It is an anomalous case, since the glass blowers assume the position of capitalists who are being interfered with while on strike, and they ask that the company show cause why its interference with its late employes shall not cease.

Hearing of the arguments in this application for an injunction will be before the greatest lawyers of the state. The allegations of the labor union have all been carefully drawn and the issue will be carried as far as it can be legally. The case assumes that the labor union has exactly the same legal status as the corporation, and is a unique case of labor's turning the tables squarely on its adversary, as they have frequently been turned on it. The final recision in this very important case will be awaited with interest.

The Athenaeum regards the "creeping in again" of the word "premier" for "prome minister." "The Australian premiers are past praying for," it says. "The gallant attempt of Sir E. Barton to introduce a distinction for the commonwealth by the use of the better term has failed. But in this country Gladstone had succeded in impressing upon the literary public his horror at the substitution of 'premier' for the classical 'minister,' as describing the first minister or prime minister, and the revision to 'premier' is enough to make him turn in his grave." But the shorter term is bound to be more popular.

The discovery made at the White House that the supply of electricity is not sufficient to allow master Quentin to run the electric elavator without putting out the lights in the dining room calls to the Boston Globe President Lincoln's description of the steamboat with a 1-horse power engine and a 2-horse power whistle. Every time the whistle blew, it stopped the boat.

A woman was arrested for illegal voting at Denver, election day, and the fact was telegraphed all over the country. Now it appears that this Mrs. Radcliffe has been honorably discharged by the court, and the man who caused her arrest has been censured by the court. No fraudulent vote has yet been cast by a woman, so far as the record goes.

"I sometimes think," said Rev. Dr. Hillis in a recent sermon, "that the only hope for society is to get all the authors in a corner and shoot them for a generation, till we could assimilate what we already have." Does not Dr. Hillis occasionally sent out a book himself?

The crown prince of Siam, who has been betrothed to a Japanese princess, says he does not know that he is engaged. But that is not strange. The king of Siam has probably attended to the making of the arrangement.

Postmaster General Payne's order that women in the postal service who marry shall lose their jobs will probably arouse protests from the women's clubs.

Queen Lil has a new automobile and it is not strange she is pressing her claim against the United States. It takes money to run automobiles.

"I know about marredge," said Mr. Dooley, "th' way an asthronomer knows about th' stars." And now he proposes to get a nearer view.

The cold snap does not displease the clothing dealers.

Hoch der Grosse Haimerich!

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: It is now said that the man after whom America was named was a German, and his name was Haimerich, italianized into Amerigo. We never fancied being discovered or named by a Latin. We always imagined him sailing up and down our shore in a banana cart. But Haimerich is a different proposition. We are kindly disposed toward him. We know that the hold of his ship was stocked not with spahgetti, but with pretzels and our favorite brew. Unconsciously we have all along rendered homage to Haimerich. Unknowingly we have built monuments to him in our breweries. This discovery explains our seeming prejudice against the Latins. Now we bear them no ill will, but they must cease to taunt us with the fact that our continent is named for them. This is Haimericha. Nicht wahr? Then let the maps be changed. Hoch der grosse Haimerich!

Does This Mean Lemly?

Denver Republican: Lieut. Niblack, who says our navy is in bad shape, will probably be called upon to explain matters to a little red-headed man at Washington.

He Is Really Too Modest.

Atlanta Journal: Senator Foraker is still for Roosevelt, but does not yet feel that it is safe for him to make a Thanksgiving present of the Ohio delegation to the president.

In His Library.

Kansas City Journal: Mr. Cannon modestly confesses that he will not refuse. This seems to be a genuine case of the office seeking the man and finding him at home.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Bemidji is six years old," said W. F. Street, of that city, at the Spalding this morning, "and it has 4,000 people and is going to have 6,000 in very short order. That is what might be called hustling along. We are just getting the sawmill we have been expecting for a long time, and it is going to add 2,000 to our population. The Shevlin-Carpenter company is putting up a big mill that is well under way, and it will include a planing mill and all the regular accompaniments of a complete and up-to-date mill. Bemidji is live and hustling and so is all the country around there. I am glad to see that Duluth is in good shape also."

* * *

There were two hunters at the McKay yesterday, and one of them was much pleased with his trip, while the other had a hard-luck story. S. E. Farrington, of Preston, came back from the woods with a happy smile and two bucks and a moose, while Attorney General Douglas came back from a two-weeks' trip at Baptism river without any deer at all. Gen. Douglas comes back impressed with the need of prosecuting the war against wolves, and improving the conditions under which wolf slayers may get the bounties provided by law. He says the deer are being killed in great numbers by wolves. It is not true, he says, that wolves cannot kill a deer except when the snow is so deep that the deer is hampred in his flight.

"Wolves are thicker on the north shore than they have ever been, and the man at whose place I stopped told me that they killed many deer and some moose calves. I hope the legislature will do something to promote wolf hunting, as the animals are getting too thick and more of a menace to deer than all the hunters."

* * *

George J. Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, one of the winners in the big "Section 30" legal fight, was at the Spalding last night.

* * *

"And A. Tone, Phena, Minn.," was registered at the McKay yesterday afternoon. This led to numerous jokes about whether the guest was to "add tone" to the house or the city, as might have been expected.

* * *

W. O. McNaughton, traveling passenger agent of the Erie, is at the St. Louis today.

* * *

W. C. Tyndal, of Grand Rapids, sheriff of Itasca county, is a St. Louis guest today.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. D. E. Shea and son, and Mrs. Shea's mother, Mrs. Frank Logan and son, of Virginia, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

Charles Jessmore, mayor of Eveleth, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

G. S. Welshins, the Stillwater lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

John E. Crane, of Eveleth; J. S. Lutes, of Biwabik, and George C. Smith, of Mountain Iron, are range visitors at the St. Louis today.

* * *

At the St. Louis—George T. Plehn, Lake Nabagamon, Wis.; B. Hawley, Ontonagon; Dr. W. Goldsworthy, Two Harbors; C. H. Hart, Shell Lake, Wis.; A. L. Mattes, Brainerd; H. B. Merrick, Chicago; B. W. Utman, Cumberland, Wis.; C. A. Dickey, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Spalding—E. A. Thiele, Hancock; William H. Phipps, Hudson, Wis.; N. W. McPhee, Two Harbors; C. L. Ring, Saginaw; Powhatan, G. Gordon, New York; J. V. Smeaton, Ashland; J. C. Moore, C. M. Stafford, E. B. Gearhart, Minneapolis; H. K. Frost, Seattle; E. J. Wirth, St. Paul.

* * *

At the McKay—James Smith, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. J. Pastoret, St. Paul; L. M. Linnell, Embarrass, Minn.; L. Knudson, St. Paul; J. Lindberg, Two Harbors; J. J. Cameron, St. Paul; J. S. Dinnis, Chicago; Charles Webb, St. Paul; C. F. Ireland, Wright.

THE STAGE

The William H. West Minstrels played to a crowded house at the Lyceum last night. There were some things about the performance that were excellent, and others that came under the class that is tersely and patly described as "punk." The first part was well staged and well costumed, and some of the lighting effects and the concerted singing were very good. The singing, however, was of a lower order, and the individual voices were only fair at best. E. W. Chipman was the interlocutor, and he did good work, though his voice and manner are somewhat offensively affected. The song numbers were fairly new and pleasing. The company is not large, and seems to have been gathered together with too close an eye to economy.

Billy Van is the chief thing in the show, of course. He is supremely and irresistibly ridiculous, and while his wit is of a lower order than many well-known endmen it is impossible not to laugh at him. His monologue was good, and he carried the house by storm. John H. King and Ffred Huber are good endmen and comedians, and the latter showed his versatility by appearing in about four different capacities. The afterpiece, "Prince Siam's Visit to America," by King and Huber, was a sort of knock-down-and-frag-out affair that was more noisy than funny.

The olio was distinctly weak. The Ford brothers gave a good hard shoe dancing turn, and the Zarrow trio did a clever bicycle novelty act. McMahon and King did a rather boisterous black face act, and Swift and Huber did a very poor musical act.

* * *

Tonight at the First Methodist church, the Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers will be heard in the Star Lecture course. Six men compose the company and they have a fine peal of 162 bells. They are winners of nine first and eight second prizes, seven gold medals and ten silver medals.

With them is E. Stanley Nichols, humorist and entertainer. The Salem, Mass., Gazette said of him:

"E. Stanley Nichols captured the audience in a specialty act, in which he showed his versatility in songs, stories, and piano variations of rag-time music."

UNDER THE LILACS.

He cropped them off,
" chopped " "
" slashed " "
" washed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He mowed them off,
" hoed " "
" shook " "
" took " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He ripped them off,
" nipped " "
" clawed " "
" gnawed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He called them off,
" hauled " "
" coaxed " "
" hoaxed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

—Chicago Tribune.

Lucky Jones.

Jones is a lucky chap, I wot,
Favored with fortune's kindest glance,
Though barren mine, his earthly lot
Is cumbered with a handsome manse.

My calling takes me out o' night—
A holiday I'd deem a boon.
His calling—ah, the lucky wight!
Is only in the afternoon.

That Jones is free from care and strife
It surely cannot be denied.
In fact, it seems his walk in life
Is principally a merry ride.

—Baltimore American.

Slow But Sure Progress.

Minneapolis Journal: The impatience of the people for the actual construction of irrigation reservoirs and canals by the government to begin at once, causes Secretary Hitchcock to say a few wise words about making slow but sure progress in the great enterprise. As the secretary says, it is far more important that water should be running over well-constructed works for an indefinite period than through the ruins of a single failure.

Street car fare allowed on purchases of $5.00 or over ......

GATELY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE, 8 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

$1.00 Per Week Payments

Electric Seal Jackets with high storm collars well made and lined with good quality of satin—special for tomorrow at $27.50.

Nearseal Jackets with nutria revers, collars and cuffs which combines beauty and service, on sale at $5.00.

Astrachan Capes, close curls, 27 to 30 inches in length and fully guaranteed, prices $35, $40, $45

Fur Boas of every description and Muffs to match, ranging in price from $3.00 up to $25.00

$1.00 Per Week Payments

There is no word more generally misused than the word "bargains." It is applied to nearly everything placed on sale, whether worthy or unworthy. It is frequently used in a bombastic manner, and often printed in large black type. But are the goods so announced bargains? A bargain constitutes more than merely marking goods at a cheap price. The quality of the goods **must also be considered. These Furs, Clothing and Furniture** offerings of ours until Christmas are **bargains**; the best possible values in the city and should certainly merit your patronage.

The Epic of Palmer's Church

By Julia Truitt Bishop.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was not remembered, in the Palmer's Church settlement, that Jeff Brown had been so much of a despot before his departure for that six months' stay in the city. Somehow he had seemed rather a quiet young man, before that time; shaving in deadly secret, blushing furiously if a young lady but spoke to him, and always burdened with his hands and feet. To be sure, one would naturally expect some change in a young man who has spent six months in town.

The subject was canvassed out in front of the church on Fourth Sundays, and it was allowed that Jeff had probably took on a good deal o' polish, flyin' high like he'd been a doin'. But no one was really prepared for the dazzling vision that rode home on the parental wagon, and that afterwards swaggered royally about the highways, thumbs in armholes and cigarette in mouth corner. Jeff had no intention of remaining, he told them;—it was too slow for him;—but it was then and there that Jeff began to take possession of things and show the unlettered how to live.

The circumstances that astonished Jeff most was that he was pleased to denominate the "gall" of Dave Latham. Dave was big, stolid, slow of speech and of thought. It was inconceivable that Dave should have dared to go to see Rose Lee, as he had actually done on three separate occasions—Rose Lee the pretty little wildwood flower of the settlement. What made it more inconceivable was that Jeff had been thinking of her himself before he went away.

"Well, that's what I call cold nerve!" Jeff said chaffingly, getting a firmer hold on his cigarette with his teeth and laughing lightly in Dave's face. "The idea of a feller like you—reg'lar hayseed—feller that wouldn't know a trolly car from a monkey wrench! Say' I guess I'll have a little try there myself, for the girl's sake."

Dave was slow to anger, and not good in repartee; besides which he had grown into the habit of "taking things" from Jeff. He grinned sheepishly.

"'Twouldn't hurt to try," he said.

And Jeff mounted his horse and rode promptly over to the Lees, where he made himself most delightfully at home. It was not every young man, as Mrs. Lee justly observed, who would come right into the kitchen where she and Rose were working, and sit there and smoke his cigar, just as comfortable, and tell her all about the city. For a young man that 'd had the advantages he had, Mrs. Lee considered him mighty nice and sociable, an' always with something to say for himself, an' not a bit stuck up. Like as not he'd go an' live in the city, some day, an' then his wife 'd be thrown with sure 'nough folks, an' not have to spend all her life in the woods. Mrs. Lee had come very near visiting a city once, when she was seventeen, and the city had always been her Carcassonne.

Having little to do, Jeff had a great deal of time in which to do it. During the course of the next day he went and leaned on the fence of a certain field and spoke cheerily to Dav, plowing peacefully within.

"I s'pose you've noticed that old dead tree you're under," he said.

Dave halted his horse and looked at the tree with mild curiosity.

"I reckon I have," he said, "What of it?"

"Nothin'— only there's a rotten limb up there that's liable to fall any minute. It looks to me like if you don't die pretty quick one way you're goin' to die another."

Dave moved out from beneath the tree and plowed stolidly another round. When he came back it was on another furrow some distance from the dead tree.

"I reckon maybe you'll miss the tree," said Jeff with a grin, rolling a cigarette and striking a match on a fence rail. "But that trouble o' your'n is pullin' you down. You've lost fifteen pound since I come back. It's awful the way you're changin'. But if you die it's all right. I'll see that she don't grieve after you."

Dave plowed back the length of the field. When he turned at the further end he saw that Jeff had mounted upon the fence and was sitting there, lazily smoking, his heels caught in a crack. At the same time Dave noticed that his huge hands were shaking on the plow handles.

"Whoa!" he said to the horse; and he unhitched, leaving the plow in the furrow, and went home. He went out by the back of the field, leaving Jeff laughing consumedly on the front fence.

When Dave walked past the Lee place Saturday night he saw Jeff's horse hitched at the gate, and heard Jeff's voice singing some new music hall song he had caught in the city. Dave listened and went on. Dave could sing church songs—but who laughed and applauded when anybody sung church songs?

Jeff told the story of the dead tree and of the plow left in the furrow; this story and others, for as Dave retreated Jeff pushed his advantage. He mentioned these little incidents, not only on Fourth Sundays, but at prayer meeting and Sunday school, and at the store where the crowds gathered on Saturdays.

"I tell you, I've got Dave on the keen jump," he said on these occasions with great enjoyment. "He ain't touchin' the ground, 'ceptin' in the high places."

Now that he had Dave on the keen jump he seized every opportunity to keep him jumping. The opportunities were not so frequent as they had been, for Dave had begun to keep to himself in what Jeff considered a most significant manner.

But Jeff did see him at last, driving soberly home from the nearest little town; and his spirits rose to the occasion.

"Hy-o! Dave!" he said jeeringly, stopping his own horse in the middle of the road. "Still alive, eh? But you're goin' down every day. You'll be candidate for Livin' Skeleton if you keep that up."

Dave gathered up the reins again. His face had turned white. Jeff got out of the road and allowed him to pass, shouting after him:

"I'm on my way down to Lee's now. I'll take any dyin' messages you might want to send to little Rosie!"

Jeff rode light-heartedly on his way, and gave Rose a most facetious account of it; and Rose laughed until the tears came. It was so funny, she said, for a big fellow like Dave to be afraid of—of him.

Within the next few days Jeff had told everybody who would listen about that last interview. As time passed he had begun to boast further that he had driven Dave clear out of the field, and the statement seemed true. Dave had disappeared. The chiefs of the council at the store looked at one another and shook their heads. Dave had not been seen for a week.

"He's cleared out, that's what he has," said Jeff, smoking and tilting his weight from his heels to his toes.

A long-legged boy, with one suspender and khaki-colored overalls, in the rear of which shone twin blue patches, had been trying vainly to secure Jeff's attention. Now into the silence fell a boyish treble, shading off into the croak of juvenescence.

"Say, Jeff, I seen Dave jes' now a plowin' in their near fiel'."

For a single minute Jeff was staggered Then he recovered joyously.

"Wanter have some fun, you fellers?" he asked with inspiration. "Well you come along an' hide out some'rs while I up an' start 'im on the run again."

With one accord the council slipped down from counters and uncurled itself from cracker boxes. A joyous grin diffused itself over the crowd. The storekeeper watched them off enviously, and then hurriedly locked the door and toiled after them.

"There'll be somethin' doin', maybe," he panted, being fat and short of breath. As he went he was aware of a pair of khaki-colored legs twinkling up the near way toward Lee's, through the woods.

"Say, Rose," gasped a sliding voice to the girl working among the flowers. "You wanter see Jeff skeer Dave Latham offen the earth? Well, you jes' come along to Latham's near field."

To Dave, striding along the moist brown furrow near the fence, came Jeff, climbing jauntily over.

"Hi, Dave! Back again, are ye?" he asked briskly.

Dave's plow had stopped. His eyes were downcast and he looked embarrassed.

"Talk about cheek!" said Jeff, looking him over scornfully, and hooking his thumbs in the leather belt that was the envy of Palmer's Church. "To think you had the nerve to come back here—a great, ign'rant hayseed like you—after havin' the gall to think you could talk love to a young lady like Rose Lee—you, of all the men that ever was!"

Dave was still looking down, and he appeared still more embarrassed.

Seeing that Dave appeared to be reflecting about something Jeff advanced upon him threateningly. The next moment Jeff felt a swimming sensation in his brain, and found himself swung aloft with one of Dave's fists caught in his collar and the other grasping the leather belt.

Then Dave, using him after the manner of a battering ram, advanced to the old dead tree and pounded the tree with him, while howls of agony startled the woodland echoes.

Some one came over the fence like a flash, and there was pretty Rose, clinging to Dave's arm and laughing and crying in a breath.

"Oh, Dave don't kill him," she sobbed. "That is, don't kill him quite! The little beast!" she laughed. "As though I'd ever think of a little imitation man like that! And I was so afraid you wouldn't Dave—and yet I almost knew you would, sooner or later—but don't quite kill him, Dave!"

And she looked scornfully up at Jeff, who was having a most uncomfortable bird's-eye view of her.

Dave stood still, with his hands raised like a homely caryatid.

"Jes' stan' over to one side a little, Rose," he said. "I've been holding' on to my temper for weeks an' weeks, an' goin' away for fear she'd bust out, an' now she's bust, an' he gits pounded."

"Oh, yes,—pound him a little, Dave, dear—but what difference does it make what he said? I never cared for anybody but you," said Rose.

"There!" said Dave gently, setting the wild-eyed, torn, bedraggled, mud-plastered Thing on its feet. "The ol' tree wasn't as dead as what ye let on, or it 'ud 'a' come then. Go whichever way you're a mind to—or stay here if you wanter—but don't make he mad agin, or I might hurt ye nex' time."

Just beyond the fence the leaves rustled, and there broke loose a wild panic of yells and laughter that seemed to swallow up everything. Just beyond the corner ran the public road, but there a pair of khaki-colored legs were mysteriously inverted and wavering jubilant feet, accompanied with cat-calls and whoops of joy. Jeff looked and went across the field, the other way.

AMUSEMENTS.

Star Lecture Course
FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DULUTH.
The Famous Almondbury Hand Bell Ringers
Champions of England, assisted by E. Stanley Nichols, Humorist and Entertainer.
Wednesday, Dec. 3.
Matinee 2:30 p. m.—not in course. Price, 50c; children 25c.
Evening Performance Price 50c. No children's tickets. Reserved seats for either entertainment at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Nov. 29. Children may reserve seats for matinee.

SPICED REMARKS.

Town and Country: Attorney—Ignorance of the law excuses no one.

Client—Except, of course, a lawyer.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Bimler says that if a man's heart isn't in his business and his liver all right, he can't succeed."

"Bimler ought to know. He used to be a butcher."

Judge: "Few men are as good as they pretend to be."

"Well, what of it? Few men want to be."

Philadelphia Press: "I've just thought of a good joke on Lincoln."

"You mean by Lincoln."

"No, I mean on him. The town that's named after him out in Nebraska is the home of William Jennings Bryan."

New York Sun: Sir Walter Raleigh had just laid his cloak in the mud when Essex inquired the reason.

"Because," replied the wily courtier, "I wanted to raise the dust."

And a subsequent present from the royal bounty showed it was indeed pay dirt.

Washington Star: "Don't you think our voting system should be reformed?"

"I do," answered Senator Sorghum; "the way things are at present you can't tell half the time whether the people you pay to vote for you are delivering the goods or not."

New York Sun: "Why did he marry the widow after courting her daughter?"

"He concluded that he would rather have the girl as a stepdaughter than the widow as a mother-in-law."

Chicago Tribune: "What made you think I'd even look at you?" she asked him.

"Well," replied the youth whom she had rejected with scorn, "the other girls have got all the really desirable young men away from you, and I thought maybe you'd take anybody you could get, now. Good evenin'."

Baltimore American: "I wish to be very exact," said the man who was cataloguing the library, "so do you think I might class writers on etiquette as the civil authorities?"

Brooklyn Life: An automobilist was once halted on the highway by an ordinary person.

"You have killed my baby!" said the ordinary person, displaying some temper.

"But why do you halt me? Am I not ready to pay for all the damage I do?" demanded the automobilist, with a severe look.

At this the ordinary person was quite abashed, and drew back, stammering apologies.

Time to Stop the Drain.

Philadelphia Press: The Philippine government has lost over $1,000,000 in a comparatively short time owing to the fluctuation in the price of silver. Perhaps the senate will now consent to abolish the absurd silver standard. The losses of the government are a mere bagatelle as compared to those of producers and traders.

Has Teddy Eclipsed.

Washington Times: Senator Hanna doesn't claim to be much of a hunter, but his friends assert that he will return to Washington this week with the pelts of a good many victims of his political bow and spear freshly added to his collection.

Don't Pay Tribute to a Trust
BUY
HUNT'S PERFECT
BAKING POWDER
25¢ buys a 16oz CAN
OF THE BEST POWDER MADE
NOT MADE BY A TRUST

STACK & CO.

Fur Boas, Scarfs and Muffs
500 Pieces, at a Bargain Figure
From GROSSMAN & DEUTSCH, Furriers,
169 Mercer Street, New York.

$3.50 Sable Hair Scarfs at.....$1.98
$5.00 Sable Opossum Scarfs $2.98
$2.48 Black Coney Scarfs at $1.00
$5.00 Double Nutria Scarfs $3.48
$10.00 Natural Grey Scarfs at $7.50
$12.50 Raccoon Grey Scarfs.....$7.98
$7.50 Opossum Scarfs at.......$5.00

Muffs in Lynx, Bear, Opossum, Coney, Electric Seal—at 75c, $1.00, $1.48, up to $5.00—ALL WORTH DOUBLE.

ITS STATE SHAMEFUL

The Miller Trunk Road Is In Horrible Condition.

Its Impossibility Works a Great Hardship to Settlers.

Cloquet River Bridge Down and Crossing Dangerous.

Rev. Albert Johanson, of Duluth, and Rev. John E. Seth, of Superior, both pastors of the Swedish Mission church, have lately returned from a trip over the Miller trunk road, and they are outspoken in their condemnation of the hardships that the present condition of that thoroughfare is to the settlers.

They are called out that way by their pastoral duties frequently, and they say that the condition of the Miller trunk road itself and of the passage over the Cloquet river are shameful.

"The Miller trunk road is impassible," said they yesterday afternoon, "since the bridge over the Cloquet river was blown down last summer. We have known of cases where twenty or thirty teams have been held up on both sides of the river and unable to pass over for some days. In many cases there has been sickness among the settlers, and the condition of the passage has been such that they were unable to send for a doctor, leaving the patients to shift for themselves with what homely remedies the households of the settlers afforded.

"In other cases men have nearly been killed in trying to get across the river, being compelled to risk the crossing because their need was extreme. Beyond the river there are 100 settlers that have come in and taken up lands during the past year. Few of them have been there long enough to raise much of anything, and they have to have provisions. They have tried to get cattle in, but they have been unable at times to get anything whatever over the river.

'There is but one other way out, and that is by a road between Kelsey and the Whiteface river, opened by private parties. The county has expended about $20 on it, but it is nearly impossible to use the road by teams at certain seasons. The consequence of these conditions is that these settlers are practically cut off from civilization in a county that they have been invited to settle in and improve.

"Another thing is the condition of the Miller trunk road itself, particularly in the sections where a large amount of corduroy is in use. At times it is absolutely impossible to pass along this road, and we have found dead horses and cattle all along the line. The county has done a little work, but all it did was to put some dirt on the corduroy, and the first hard shower washed it all away, leaving the logs bare.

"These conditions not only work great hardship to those settlers, but they hamper the business of the county and of Duluth, which is losing the trade and produce of these farmers, who are trying to develop the county.

"At great expense the county has built a thoroughfare between Duluth and the 30,000 people of the iron ranges, which contribute so much to the business of Duluth. This thoroughfare is almost cut off, and is entirely cut off at certain seasons. This condition is not necessary in one of the richest counties of the country, a county that gets its richness from the iron country that the Miller trunk road supposed to reach, but does not.

"There is plenty of good farming country up there, and the new settlers are trying to open it up. If the county board would put money enough in repairs of the roads there, there would be many other settlers and this would bring thousands of dollars to the county."

GEIST & ERD.

Diamond from $12

Brooches to $500.

Diamond Rings from $4.75 to $900.

We propose to sell diamonds cheaper than any dealer in the city. We guarantee our prices. Call in and convince yourself and have your Xmas presents reserved.

GEIST & ERD,
JEWELERS.
121 West Superior Street.
Store Open Evenings.

THE NEW QUARTERS

Steel Interests Will Move This Month and Next.

Five Floors and Part of Another Will Be Occupied.

Removal Will Leave Considerable Room In Office Buildings.

The new "Mutual Life" building, formerly known as the Wolvin building, is nearing completion, and it is expected that before the end of the month some of the branches of the United States Steel corporation in Duluth will begin to move into it.

The contractors now plan on turning the building over to its owners Dec. 16, and the steel corporation officers are planning to begin moving the last of the month. The expectation is that the different companies will be in the building by the middle of January, though some of the local officers are less sanguine and figure that it will be Feb. 1 before they are all settled.

The purchasing agents and the officers are now consulting from time to time over the furnishings, and purchases of rugs, carpets and other floor coverings, as well as furniture, are being made.

The top, or seventh, floor of the new building will be occupied by the Pittsburg Steamship company. The mining offices will be divided between the sixth and third floors. President Thomas F. Cole will occupy the sixth floor with his associates in charge of the steel corporation's mining operations, while W. M. Jeffrey, auditor of the Oliver Iron Mining company and the Pittsburg Steamship company, with his force, will be located on the third floor.

The two railroads will take up the fourth and fifth floors. The Duluth & Iorn Range road will have the fifth floor, and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern will have the fourth floor. The purchasing department of the mines will be crowded down upon the second floor, but of course it will not use all of the floor. The balance will be rented to outside interests. Stores will take up the first floor.

The offices in the new building have been arranged according to the purposes for which they were to be used, and the space has been partitioned off in accordance with the ideas of the officers of the different departments. There is not a bad office in the building, ample arrangements for lighting and ventilating having been made, and all of the offices are large and roomy. The choice offices are on the southwest corners, and these have been taken by the chief officers of the different departments.

When the steel corporation departments all get settled in their new home there will be noticeable vacancies in several of the Superior street office buildings, as well as in the Board of Trade building. The Pittsburg Steamship company now uses a large suite of offices in the Board of Trade building. The Minnesota Iron company and the Oliver Iron Mining company take up a large space in the Exchange building; the Duluth & Iron Range uses the entire fifth floor of the First National bank building, besides some other offices in the building; and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern takes up most of the sixth floor and a large part of the fifth floor of the Lyceum building.

The most cramped quarters of any of the departments at the present time are those occupied by the mining companies and the auditing department in the Exchange building. The interests which now use crowded quarters in that building will breathe a sigh or two of relief when they spread out over two floors in the new building.

Luster the greatest, labor the least.

ELECTRO SilverPolish SILICON

A prominent housekeeper writes: "Electro-Silicon has been used in my family for years. 3 generations have found it all you claim."

"SILICON," 30 Cliff Street, New York.

FREE CONCERT

By Flaaten's Orchestra at our store tomorrow. If you enjoy good music, hear it. Low prices throughout the store.

THE NEW STORE. } Gray-Tallant Co.

HE SETTLES.

W. A. Wagner Refunds Sprinting Wager of Last Summer.

W. A. Wagner, holder of the world's long distance record for sprinting from the Catholic cathedral to his own saloon at 312 West Superior street, has returned the $100 that he won from William Grant last June.

The money represented a wager made by the two men that they could beat each other from the cathedral to the saloon.

Grant brought suit to recover from Wagner stating that on the way to the starting point Wagner broke away from him and reached the saloon first, collecting the money from the stakeholder.

Grant beat Wagner in the municipal court and the case was appealed to the supreme court. The lower court was sustained yesterday. Mr. Wagner settled the case, paying additional costs amounting to nearly as much as the original bet.

CLEAN SWEEP.

First and Second Y. M. C. A. Teams Defeat Superior Normal.

The fast Y. M. C. A. basket ball teams played the Superior normals clear off their feet last night.

The first team won by a score of 21 to 13 and the second by a score of 26 to 10.

The line-up were as follows:

Duluth—		Superior—
Peterson	forward	Blaiklock
Valley	forward	Schnell
D. Deighton	center	Washburn
Berini	guard	LeClair
Morse	guard	Brickman
Smith	guard	

The second teams played in this order:

Duluth—		Superior—
Wirth	forward	Dale
Cooley	forward	Salisbury
C. Deighton	center	Ernshaw
Miller	guard	Howard
Kemp	guard	McNally

HEIRLOOM

Missing and Louisville Man Is Mourning In Gotham.

New York, Dec. 3.—For several days, the central office detectives have been trying to find the dress suit case of Eli Montmorency Bruce Reynolds, of Louisville, but thus far without success. Eli Montmorency does not care so much about the case, the dress suit, manicure set, powder puffs and silver-backed mirror it contained as he does for an ancient whisky flask, an heirloom in the Reynolds family, out of which seven generations have been drinking Kentucky mountain dew. This disappeared with the case.

When he entered the Oak street station house Eli was faultlessly dressed and perfectly frank. He said that he was 18 years of age, the son of D. S. Reynolds, of Louisville. After he was graduated from college in June his father gave him the flask and $12,000, and told him to go to New York and Europe and complete his education. He came and did the best he could with his money. There was a lot to learn in the metropolis, and his money melted away fast. At first he lived at a well-known hotel, but two weeks ago he moved to a boarding house in Thirty-fourth street.

He met a beautiful Brooklyn girl whose name he confided to the police, and her father asked him to dinner on Thanksgiving day. He set out in a cab to keep the engagement, but when he reached the bridge he found that alas, the celebrated pocket flask was empty. Unwilling to risk his life on the bridge without his Kentucky flask he stepped into Andy Horn's where they remedy flask oversights. While in the place he says both valise and flask were stolen.

After he had supported his story with documentary evidence which convinced the police that much of the story at least was true, he was sent upon his way, but he had no dress suit and did not attend the Thanksgiving dinner.

CHLOROFORMED

Husband That She Might Elope With Another.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Ellen Everest, of Sugar Ridge, Ohio, according to the story told by her husband in Judge Leflet's court, chloroformed her husband and two little children several nights ago in order to make good her escape with William Bush, of Deshler, Ohio. The couple fled to this city and put up at a hotel as man and wife.

Mrs. Everest did not deny the accusations made by her husband before Judge Leflet, and as a result the woman was sentenced to the Toledo workhouse for three months on the charge of deserting her children. After Charles Everest, the husband, awoke and recovered from the effects of the chloroform he placed his two babies in the keeping of a neighbor and took up the trail of the couple, tracing them to this city. He met Bush on the street, and after giving him a terrific beating dragged him to the police station where he had him locked up.

If you feel ill and need a pill
Why not purchase the best?
DeWitt's Early Risers
Are little surprisers,
Take one—they do the rest.
—Max Wirth.

The Pianola and Paderewski.

Paderewski Says of the Pianola:

I have much pleasure in adding my tribute to your latest invention, the Pianola, which I consider most ingenious. It is astonishing to see this little device at work executing the masterpieces of pianoforte literature with a dexterity, clearness and velocity which no player, however great, can approach.

Every one who wishes to hear absolutely faultless, free of every kind of nervousness, piano playing should buy your Pianola. It is perfection. I. J. PADEREWSKI.

If the Pianola is of such interest to the man, who, of all men, stands for the highest development of the musical art, of how much more interest must it be to the one who loves music as well as Paderewski, but who does not possess the technical skill necessary to play any other instruments?

Several selections from Paderewski's 'Manru" have been arranged for the Pianola, and the public is cordially invited to call at our warerooms and hear them played.

Duluth Music Co.
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes
SOLE AGENTS FOR STEINWAY AND KNABE PIANOS.
COR. SUPERIOR ST. AND LAKE AVE.

LIVE STOCK.

E. Mark to Hold a Big Sale at Princeton.

Emmet Mark, the famous horse dealer, will have a big December sale of live stock at Princeton Saturday, Dec. 6, and there will probably be a large attendance from Duluth. The sale will be the biggest ever held in Northern Minnesota. There will be 200 head of horses, fifty head of mules, fifty yearlings and 2-year-old colts, forty sucking colts, twenty-five sets of bobsleds, fifty sets of harness, twenty full-blooded Galloway bulls, 500 sheep, fifty fresh milch cows, 100 head of yearling heifers and 100 stock hogs. The sale will begin at 9 a. m. and Mr. Mark will be the auctioneer.

SUPERIOR FACILITIES.

President C. G. Goodrich Inspects Street Railway There.

C. G. Goodrich, of Minneapolis, president of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, was at the head of the lakes yesterday and inspected the recent improvements made on the lines in West Superior. Mr. Goodrich's visit is said to have been partly for the purpose of arranging for a better service between West Superior and Old Superior, as requested by the city council. He promised that better time service generally would be given West Superiorites, and that better cars would be put on the South Superior run.

Regarding the proposition to extend the Old Superior line to the Allouez bay district, across the Nemadji river, Mr. Goodrich said that it would be done as soon as the business would warrant the expense. One of the serious drawbacks to street railway extension in that direction is said to be the weakness of the long wooden bridge over the marsh and river bed.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

SUN WAS STINGY

Gave Duluth But Two Clear Days In November.

Nineteen Upon Which It Did Not Appear at All.

Temperature Several Degrees Above November Average.

The remarkable feature of the weather report for the month of November is that there were just two clear days in the entire month. This is an unusually low number, considerably below the average, which is about seven. November is the most cloudy month in the year but this year is radically so. There were nineteen days in the month when the sun did not once shine upon Duluthians. Nine days were partly cloudy, the sun appearing fitfully.

The average temperature for the month did not break any records, but it was well toward the top of the list. The average was 34 degrees above. There have been two Novembers in the past thirty-two years when the average was higher than this in 1878, when it was 37 degrees, and in 1899, when it was 41 degrees. Twice, in 1882 and 1890, it registered the same as this year, 34 degrees. The average in thirty-two years has been 30 degrees. The highest temperature during the month was 58 degrees on the 1st, and the lowest, 7 degrees above, on the 30th.

The precipitation for the month was 1.85 inches, which is .25 of an inch above the normal. The deficiency since the first of the year has been 4.66 inches.

The prevailing winds during the month were from the southwest and the maximum velocity, 42 miles, from the northwest, on the 2nd. The total movement during the month was 7465 miles.

THE DAKOTAS.

Coroner's Jury Returns Verdict of Murder In May Case.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—The coroner's jury in the inquest over the remains of the murdered man found in the well at Tagus rendered a verdict of death from gunshot wounds at the hands of persons unknown. It appears that the murdered man, C. Le May, was on his way home to Buford, where his wife lives, from Willow City, where his brothers lived. The remains were taken charge of by his brothers.

James Morrison, a painter, was badly burned by the explosion of a gasoline stove. He will recover.

Fred Grauel sustained a compound fracture of the hip by being struck by a falling bridge timber while at work on a bridge at Carpio. The bones were so badly splintered that they were forced through the flesh.

Fargo—The Park hotel, the largest in Tower City, burned Tuesday night at 9 o'clock. The entire structure and all the contents were burned. The loss is estimated at $8000, with $300 insurance.

Iron poles will be used in the business part of its lines and wooden poles in residence districts by the Fargo street railway, as a result of a fight for wooden poles in all parts of the city, after the original franchise called for iron poles. The company promises an extension in the residence district to offset concessions by council.

Grand Forks—The remaining assets of the Grand Forks National bank, which suspended in 1896, were today sold at auction to J. D. Bacon for $5300. The bank has paid about 50 per cent of its deposits, and most of the $200,000 which remains on the books is regarded as dead timber.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—A telephone message from Booge, a little town east of Sioux Falls, states that a dead man has been found on the railrad track at that place. He was a stranger, and it is not known here how he met death. Coroner Hawkins and Deputy Sheriff Crooks have gone to make an investigation.

IN MICHIGAN.

Pianist Suffers Paralytic Stroke and Dies Among Strangers.

Escanaba—Professor Spencer W. White, a pianist who suffered a paralytic stroke during a musicale at the Presbyterian church at Escanaba last week, is dead. Little is known about him; regarding where he was from or what relatives he had. He was well-known in the northern district as a musician. He is supposed to have been from Chicago, but efforts to locate relatives there proved fruitless.

Whitney Bros., of Duluth and Houghton, who are putting in the foundation for the new ore dock which the Northwestern company is erecting at Escanaba, are making a record in the matter of driving piles. The firm is now using its big swinging pile driver and is driving on an average of 127 piles a day. Whitney Bros. expect to have their part of the contract completed about the first of the year. When completed the dock will be the best and largest of its kind in the country.

Norway—The rails for the extension of the Wisconsin, Michigan & Northern road will be laid to Norway shortly after the first of the year, but it is learned from an authentic source that the tracks will not be built to Quinnesec for an indefinite period as the right-of-way has not yet been secured. The work of grading the right-of-way from Faithhorn to Norway will be completed by the first of the year and most of the rails laid, so it is expected that trains will be running direct from Manominee to Norway over this road by the first of January. John Marsch, the contractor, announces that he will complete the work of grading the road within three weeks. The rails have been laid for six miles north from Faithhorn Junction, which leaves but another stretch of six miles yet to be finished. The company is also preparing to accommodate a large freight business on this new branch.

Sault Ste. Marie—An 800-foot extension of the northwest pier of the approach to the ship canal is the latest piece of work which has been decided upon by the government authorities for the American Soo. This work, which will be carried on at the same time with the widening of the approach to the locks will make the western opening to the ship canals over 900 feet wide. The purpose of the improvement is to give additional mooring room for the boats that may have to tie up at the piers awaiting their turn to be locked through.

It is surprising the amount of stuff the customs inspectors seize at the ferry docks and other landing places along the river front at the Soo. A big lot of plunder is piled up at the customs house, which is auctioned off at stated periods, the next sale being scheduled to take place on Jan. 8. One day late last week an innocent looking Greek stepped off the boat with a sizable bundle in his arms, the outer covering consisted of an old quilt. He was asked what the bundle contained and insisted there was nothing in it but old clothing. He was asked to open it up, but objected to doing so, earnestly protesting there was nothing in it on which duty should be paid. The Greek made his protestations so strong that the officer's suspicions were aroused and he proceeded to untie the package. Inside the quilt were wool sweaters, sox, mitts, etc. When the owner saw he was up against the real thing, he wanted to pay the duty, but was not allowed to do so, the goods being confiscated.

DIED FROM BURNS.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Bridget King died at the city hospital yesterday from the effects of the burns she received over a week ago while cleaning a stove with a polish that contained gasoline. The doctors were hopeful of her recovery until yesterday, when she was seized with a sinking spell and died shortly after. Mrs. King was a widow and 65 years old.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Hand Tailored

Plenty of 'go'

Here's an overcoat which you must not fail to look at; better try one on just to see how you'd look in the very swellest thing made.

It's a Hart, Schaffner & Marx product, which says all that needs be said for quality, tailoring, style; we call it the Belt Ryton; it has what you might call "go"; you can see for yourself.

When can we put one of these coats on you? We have them ready-to-put-on and we're here to do it. You know what "guaranteed" means: we guarantee your complete satisfaction in these H., S. & M. clothes. Sold only by

Kenney, Anker & Denny
409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth.

The Sign of a Watch Case

This Keystone is the identifying sign of the best watch case made—no matter what it costs. It stands for worth and wear—for beauty equal to an all-gold case, at a much smaller price. The

JAS. BOSS Stiffened GOLD Watch Case

is better protection than a solid gold case, because of its stiffness and strength. Better than any other case, because it will last for 25 years without wearing *thin* or losing its beauty. A reputation of 50 years proves the value of the **Jas. Boss Case.**

Consult the jeweler. Write us for a booklet.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CASE COMPANY,
Philadelphia.

LEVIES OF TRIBUTE

Upon the Wealthy Made By Band of Blackmailers.

Startling Disclosures Are Now Threatened In New York.

Exposure of Gang That Profited Enormously From Victims.

New York, Dec. 3.—It is probable that unexepected and sensational developments will follow the dismissal of William H. Theobald, as special employe of the treasury department at the port of New York.

Theobald himself has declared that at the proper time he will have something to say that will create a stir in certain circles. While Theobald has drawn much denunciation from those who were compelled to settle up for apparent efforts to defraud the customs service, still it is admitted that this censure was due to his activity in ferreting out these offenses and forcing proper payment. One singular feature is that these persons, although Theobald collected immense fees, exonerate him from any participation in the extortion from which they suffered.

The promised disclosures do not refer to the legitimate collection of duties and penalties, but are in reality the exposure of a gang which has profited enormously by levying blackmail on its victims.

This band of blackmailers had headquarters here and secret agents in all the important cities. It was the work of the agents to notify headquarters of the trips abroad of wealthy people with private information as to their contemplated purchases. The power of the gang is shown by the fact that they were able to bring into their service men of influence and high social standing in the various cities. Indeed, some of the victims have declared that they were "tipped off" by those whom they regarded as their best friends. The connections of the gang in this city were simply astounding. Their spies were men well known about town and the hotels who were in a position to pick up much valuable information as to what articles returning travelers had brought back from Europe.

These travelers naturally would tell supposed friends of their success in evading the lynx-eyed customs officers, and would be surprised later to learn that this information was promptly given to the government officials.

Naturally the gang came into possession of early information as to seizures, and it is here that occurred the "shake-downs," which did not involve the government officials, as far as known.

When a seizure was made the gang's agent would call and work up the victim over his predicament. The possibility of disgrace and exposure was enlarged upon, and the prison gates were pictured as yawning for him. He was advised that escape lay only in allowing his caller to bring to the rescue certain persons of great influence. All this would require the expenditure of a large sum. The plan succeeded so well that many wealthy men gave up thousands of dollars to escape publicity and threatened prosecution. Some of them yielded the more readily as the caller was a supposed friend. With this despicable business Theobald is acquitted by the victims of any connection.

One of the men who paid heavily for being caught in the net of the "shake-down" gang is Mr. Goldsmith, the millionaire capitalist, of Cincinnati. One report has it that the experience cost him $17,000. From all accounts it was one of the boldest blackmail schemes ever perpetrated by the gang. The government detectives who investigated the case and high officials at Washington were anxious for Mr. Goldsmith to come to the front and expose the band, but dreading notoriety, he declined, preferring to lose the money and keep silent.

The worst feature of the affair is that the man who represented the gang in the negotiaions and expatiated on the dire trouble which would follow a refusal to pay tribute, had been regarded by Mr. Goldsmith as a warm, personal friend. He was, in fact, a prominent citizen of Cincinnati. On that account Mr. Goldsmith fell all the more an easy victim.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN

Preserve, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands with

Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS OF WOMEN use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and irritations, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of women use CUTICURA SOAP in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive prespiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes, which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers.

Complete Treatment for Humours, $1. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (25c.), to cool and cleanse the blood.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. 60 doses, 25c.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

IS MISSING.

Scion of Aristocratic West Virginia Family Disappears.

Wheeling, W. Va., Dec. 3.—Morgan Otto Heiskell, scion of an aristocratic family, is mysteriously missing. His disappearance was kept a secret by the family until recently.

Young Heiskell was a representative of Ott Bros., wholesale dealers in hardware. He was a leader in the "400," with whom he was recognized as a favorite.

On the night of his disappearance from his home here Mr. Heiskell was an usher at the wedding of Miss Agnes Clark, daughter of a leading local lawyer, to Dr. C. E. Fulton, also of this city. At midnight Dr. Fulton and his bride left for the East, and at the depot Heiskell was the last to bid them good-by.

After that he vanished as if swallowed up by earth, and from that time nothing has been seen or heard from him, so far as the public knows, though the family has searched high and low for some knowledge of his whereabouts. Detectives, it is said, have been employed to ferret out the mystery, but without avail.

In connection with his name is linked that of a prominent young lady in the city, who is now married, and who, it is alleged, refused his hand in marriage when it was proffered. On account of that some have gone so far as to affirm their belief in the theory of suicide.

The relatives of Heiskell have stated that they are of the opinion he is on his way to Japan or Africa, as he has in the past talked of a trip to the Orient. He has a cousin who served in the Boer army and is now holding a responsible position in South Africa.

Henry B. Ott recently died. The firm's accounts have been in the course of settlement.

DYING FROM INJURIES

Received at White-Capping Sixteen Years Ago.

Indianapolis, Dec. 3.—Report is received here that John Foster, of Heth township, Harrison county, is dying of injuries received in a "white-capping" administered sixteen years ago. This was at a time when that kind of lawlessness ran rampant through Southern Indiana counties, and when the innocent oftimes suffered with the guilty. Masked men forced the door leading into Foster's room, on the night in question, and, after a terrible struggle, he was overpowered and dragged to a stake, where he was bound and switched unmercifully.

Foster never gave up until he was exhausted, and he exerted himself so much in resistance that he was prostrated with a nervous disorder which confined him to his bed, and from which he never recovered. Many times since Foster has received contributions of food and clothing from unknown sources, and it is surmised that the donors are men who participated in the original assault, and have since sought atonement with gifts. Foster had been warned prior to the visit of white caps, and he kept an ax in his room with which to defend himself, but on that night the attack came so sudden that he was unable to reach his weapon.

LEAVE IT TO OWNERS

City Will Let Them Decide on Proper Paving Material.

They Will Be Reached By Mail Instead of Agents.

Pavement of Two Sections of Superior Street Planned.

The department of public works has a new method of circulating petitions for the East Superior street improvement.

The property owners are to be reached by mail instead of individual agents, and they will have the privilege of a popular vote as to the material to be used.

Popular vote will rule in this case, and if the property owners prefer leaving the choice of material to those that have opportunities for making a more thorough investigation, it is likely that the council will get the opinion of impartial paving experts as to the best possible material.

Two improvements are contemplated. One is on Superior street between Third and Eighth avenues east, and the other is on Superior street from Sixteenth to Twenty-third avenues east.

The contract for paving between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues was let last summer to the Barber Asphalt company. The work will be done next summer whenever that company feels like it.

This will be the first improvement petition ever circulated by the city, and the result will be watched with interest. In the past the paving companies have selected some local man to represent them in circulating the petitions.

It is announced at the city hall that the bituminous macadam paving put down recently on First avenue west will be taken up in the spring and relaid.

The cause of this is that the rains made it impossible to put in a proper foundation. There is less than a block of this paving down, and it will be taken up and relaid at the expense of the contractors.

DIVORCED.

Nina Von Steinwehr Is Granted Separation From Her Baron.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—Judge Cray granted a decree of divorce to Nina Von Steinwehr, nee Clarke, the court's order bringing to a close a romance which began in Minneapolis about nine years ago, and which was eagerly watched by society during its progress. The defendant was Baron Guldi von Steinwehr, formerly a German subject. At least he was so known when he first came here and, although he promptly dropped the title, his right to its use was never questioned.

Mrs. Van Steinwehr graduated from St. Mary's hall, Faribault, in June of 1893. She then came to Minneapolis with her mother, and shortly afterward Von Steinwehr appeared upon the scene. He at once fell a victim to his future wife's charms, and she, in her turn, did not prove unresponsive. The baron's courtship was brief and effective, and a short time afterward the society columns announced that Mr. and Mrs. Von Steinwehr had left for their home in one of the Dakotas, where the baron had an extensive ranch and where he intended to take up the business of gentleman farmer.

Then they came back to Minneapolis and secured apartments at the West hotel. But Mrs. Von Steinwehr was not happy.

To the court she complained that her husband had fallen a victim to the drink habit and that, when drunk, he abused her shamefully. She bore his treatment as long as she could, but finally was compelled to seek legal redress.

Von Steinwehr was represented at the hearing, but the decree was granted, notwithstanding. Mrs. Von Steinwehr gets the custody of their little daughter and her former husband has been ordered to pay her alimony.

IS A SERIOUS MATTER.

The Most Serious and Fatal Diseases Arise From Indigestion.

Chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, while a very common trouble, has for sometime been looked upon by able physicians as a serious thing, and that no time should be lost in treating it properly at the start, because recent researches have shown that the most serious, fatal and insurable diseases have their origin in simple dyspepsia or indigestion.

Diabetes is simply one form of indigestion, the sugar and starchy food not being assimilated by the digestive organs. In Bright's disease the albumen is not properly assimilated.

While consumption and dyspepsia are twin diseases, and it is beyond question that dyspepsia makes a fertile soil for the seeds of consumption. But the trouble has been to find a remedy that could be depended upon to cure dyspepsia, as it is notoriously obstinate and difficult to cure.

This has been the question which has puzzled physicians and dyspeptics alike, until the question was solved three years ago by the appearance of a new discovery in the medical world known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which it was claimed was a certain, reliable cure for every form of stomach ach trouble.

Physicians, however, would not accept such statements without first giving the new remedy many tests and carefully observing results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be honestly claimed to be a specific, a radical lasting cure for indigestion in the various forms of acid dyspepsia or sour stomach, gas or wind on stomach, to much bile, undue fullness or pressure after eating and similar symptoms resulting from disordered digestion.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were not placed before the public until this three years' trial left no doubt as to their value and they have recently been placed in the trade and can be found on sale at all druggists at the nominal price of 50 cents per package.

No extravagant claims are made for the remedy, it will not cure rheumatism, pneumonia, typhoid fever nor anything, but just what it is claimed to cure and that is every form of stomach trouble. No dieting is necessary, good wholesome food and plenty of it and you may rest assured that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest it. Druggists claim for it that it is a pleasure to recommend it to dyspeptics, because it gives such universal satisfaction.

HAVE MADE MONEY.

Insurance Companies Talk of Loss, All Bosh.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—Fire insurance companies operating in Minnesota during the past nine years have made a net profit of but $1,453,860.07, according to Elmer H. Dearth, state insurance commissioner. The premiums paid during the past nine years aggregate $30,556,659.93, and the losses were $16,880,135. The expenses of the fire insurance companies in this state during nine years were $12,222,664, making the companies' gross expenses $29,102,799.82.

The country insurance agents are up in arms over the 25 per cent flat raise announced by companies doing business in Minnesota and requests for statistics relative to premiums and losses in various localities of the state are numerous. The country agents are using these statistics to show that the insurance companies are making a large profit on their business in the smaller towns, even at the old rates, and that the heavy losses which are urged as the reason for the advance are confined to the large cities.

The country people want their rates reduced, and the increase thrown entirely on the large cities. The agents in the large cities will fight any attempt to force rates higher, as merchants are now complaining at the size of their premiums.

BIDS FOR STONE WORK

On Interior of Capital at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—The state capitol commission opened bids yesterday for the interior stone work on the new building. Bidders were given an opportunity to bid on the marble work in three forms. They could enter bids for decorative marble only, or for decorative marbles with Minnesota stone for wall finish, or or decorative marble and plain marble wall finish combined. Six bidders presented offers: Butler Bros., of St. Paul; Pickel Marble and Granite company, of St. Louis; Grant Marble company, of Milwaukee; R. C. Fisher & Co., of New York; Batterson & Eisle, of New York, and the Peoria Stone and Marble works, of Peoria.

Most of the competing firms exhibited specimens of decorative marbles and interior stone in the office of the capitol commission. The decorative marbles are mainly French and Italian varieties. There are very striking samples of Nubian marbles from the Nile country and a few modest varieties of considerable beauty from American quarries. The Minnesota stone consists of limestones from Mankato and Kazota, with granite from St. Cloud and Ortonville. The exhibit will remain in place until the commission grants the awards.

COOKS

Of the Pacific Get Charter In Seaman's Union.

Milwaukee, Dec. 3.—Marine cooks of the Pacific coast were granted a charter by the International Seamen's union of America. An application for a charter by the marine cooks of Buffalo was referred to the committee on organization. A communication from the licensed mates of the Atlantic coast, asking for assistance in organizing, was also referred to the committee on organization.

Secretary Frazer recommended that the fishermen of Pensacola, Fla., who are now members of the Knights of Labor, be asked to join the Seamen's union. The lodges at Scranton, Miss., and Mobile, Ala., ask that the organizers be placed in those sections.

Bay City, Mich., and San Francisco are new candidates for the next gathering.

SLEPT ON BOARDS.

Service of Jurymen Made Invalids of Several.

Pittsburg, Dec. 3.—The unusual confinement to which the twelve men on the jury in the case of Smith & Berham against Curran & Hussey were subjected during the sixty hours of their deliberations has made several of them ill. The jury was unable to agree.

The case went to the jury Wednesday at 10 a. m. after almost two weeks of trial, and the fact that the case had taken so long to try at a heavy cost made the court very reluctant to discharge the jury.

The time occupied by the jury in trying to agree on a verdict equals that of any jury ever drawn in the United States court. Two years ago a jury in the district court was out the same length o ftime in a criminal case, but finally agreed. The case just closed beat the record for length of time in which the jury deliberated and failed to agree.

Had there been any accommodations for the jury to sleep, it is believed that the court would have let them remain together until the next morning, but the fact that the jury for two nights had to sleep on the floor of the court room weighed with Judge Buffingot, who waited until 10 o'clock and then permitted the weary jurymen and the tipstaff who had the jury in charge to go home.

TROOPS LEAVING SHANGHAI.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—An official note published in the North German Gazette explains the arrangements made for the departure of foreign troops from Shanghai. The proceedings, it is pointed out, are in accordance with the agreement arrived at among the powers. The Japanese have already left, the British go Dec. 20, and the Germans will leave as soon thereafter as transports are available. In any case the German forces will sail before the end of January.

GERMAN TARIFF BILL.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—After an embittered political and personal debate, the reichstag declared, by 198 to 45 votes, that Baron Von W[illegible] motion to vote the tariff [illegible] was admissible under the rules. The Socialists abstained from voting. Herr Singer remarked that the whole proceeding was a breach of rules of the constitution, for which he was called to order. The discussion of the Kardorf motion itself then began.

RHEUMATISM CAN NOT BE RUBBED AWAY

But a good liniment or plaster will often give temporary ease by producing counter-irritation and reducing the inflammation and swelling, but there is nothing curative about these simple remedies, for **Rheumatism is not a skin disease** and cannot be rubbed away with liniments or drawn out by plasters or anything else applied to the surface. Rheumatism is caused by urea, uric acid and other irritant poisons in the blood, which are carried through the circulation to every part of the body and deposited in the muscles, joints and nerves.

When the system is in this condition, exposure to night air, cold winds or damp, chilly weather, seem to arouse the sluggish blood and the most terrific pains begin to shoot through the muscles and joints and they swell and inflame, writhe and twist, and so intense is the suffering that the strongest constitution cannot long hold out against the nerve-racking tortures of acute Rheumatism, and many times its victims are left hopeless, helpless cripples, with crooked limbs and shattered nerves. There is no limit to its powers for evil; not a fibre of the body is beyond the reach of the dangerous acids and poisons circulating in the blood; the valves of the heart are often affected, resulting in palpitation or something far more serious. Rheumatism does not always come on suddenly; its growth is often gradual. Little pains begin tugging at the muscles or wandering from joint to joint as winter approaches, or the weather is unsettled and changeable, but they increase with each recurring attack, and nothing is more certain than that this insidious disease will at last get you completely in its power and almost before you realize it joints are swollen and locked, muscles contracted and stiff, and you are a chronic sufferer from Rheumatism. You can never conquer this deep-seated disease with external remedies that give only partial or temporary relief, nor by flooding the system with Alkali and Potash mixtures, which break down the digestion, while the disease is left to pursue its destructive work.

Louisville, Ky., March 27, '02.

Gentlemen: I am glad to say that S. S. S. has cured me of Rheumatism. About two years ago I suffered from Rheumatism in my knees and feet, my ankles swelling so that I could not put on my shoes. This continued for several months, during which time I was applying liniments and going by my physician's directions, but derived no benefit. I was told of S. S. S. and tried it. I immediately got relief, and in six months was entirely well.—D. J. Duane, 2108 Floyd St.

No remedy brings such prompt and lasting relief in rheumatic troubles as S. S. S., which attacks the disease in the blood, neutralizes the acids and stimulates all the blood making organs. It removes from the system all poisonous substances, purifies and enriches the thin acid blood, and when the Uric Acid salts and the gritty particles are dislodged and drenched out of the aching muscles and joints, the patient is happily relieved for all time of the discomforts and misery of Rheumatism.

SSS

S. S. S. being a purely vegetable remedy can be taken with safety by the old, middle aged and young. It will cure you, no matter whether you are a long-time sufferer or only beginning to feel occasional twinges of Rheumatism. Write us about your case and our physicians will advise you without charge. We will mail free our special book on Rheumatism. ***THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.***

YOUTSEY

Says He Is Ready to Talk About Goebel's Murder.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 3.—Henry Youtsey, the only man who is being punished for the Goebel murder nearly three years ago, has persistently refused to talk or tell what he knows about the murder. Since his confinement in the Frankfort penitentiary he would not talk to reporters on any subject. One of his acquaintances, Tom Wallace, of Louisville, called on him and who asked in the presence of Warden Lillard as to a signed statement made by him some weeks ago, Youtsey said:

"No document from me is in the hands of the prosecution. I have never talked to Mr. Franklin. I think now that I should be willing to tell anything I know, anything I saw, if I should be called to testify. I have never been called to the witness stand, but I have been so abused that I feel now that I should be willing to tell what I know about the affair."

"Do you mean, you would talk should either the defense or prosecution call you?" asked Wallace.

"If called by any one I should tell the truth, and is anyone were hurt they could take the consequences."

"What do you mean by saying you have been abused?" asked Wallace.

"I mean that underhand methods to get evidence have been employed, and that those whom I considered friends, as well as my enemies, have abused me."

Youtsey is very careful not to deny that he did make a written statement as to what he knows of the Goebel murder, but only says: "No document from me is in the hands of the prosecution."

It is probable that Youtsey may be given a chance to tell the Franklin county grand jury what he knows when it meets in January. Both Republicans and Democrats are unanimously of the opinion that if Youtsey will really tell the truth it may relieve several persons from unjust suspicion, and crush others with evidence of guilt.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Charles C. Whitney,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Flossie E. Whitney, Emma F. Terwilliger, Annabella McGowan, Annabella Graham, E. B. McGowan, Clarence H. Clark, Harriet Murphy, the unknown heirs of Joel B. Whitney, deceased; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Duluth in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint and for such further relief as may be equitable and just.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1902.

E. P. TOWNE,
W. S. TELFORD,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
102 Torrey Building,
109 West Third Street,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-12-19-26-Dec 3-10-17-1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District
Charles C. Whitney,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Flossie E. Whitney, Emma F. Terwilliger, Annabella McGowan, E. B. McGowan, Annabella Graham, Clarence H. Clark, Harriet Murphy, the unknown heirs of Joel B. Whitney, deceased. Also all other persons or parties, unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

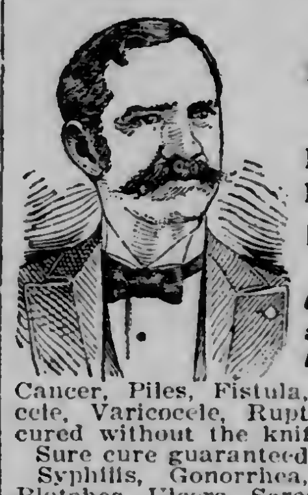
Notice is hereby given, that an action has been commenced in this court by the above-named plaintiff against the above-named defendants; that the object of said action is to obtain the judgment of said court; that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the land described as follows, lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered three hundred one (301), three hundred three (303), three hundred five (305), three hundred seven (307), three hundred nine (309), and three hundred eleven (311), Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, and lots numbered one hundred eleven (111), one hundred thirteen (113), and one hundred fifteen (115), Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds of said county, and that the defendants have no right, title, estate, lien or interest in said land.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1902.

E. P. TOWNE,
W. S. TELFORD,
102 Torrey Building,
109 West Third Street,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-12-19-26-Dec 3-10-17-1902.

Dr. Pierce,



Room I,
No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth,

Regular Graduate. Diploma In Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges. Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5,000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
Affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES —Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private: no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

Removed. Removed.

S. Goldberg, the fashionable ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 15 Phoenix block to larger and more commodious quarters at 101 West Superior street, where he has a new stock of the latest styles in winter suitings and overcoatings never before shown to the public. Those who want style, fit and workmanship should call and inspect our stock.

S. GOLDBERG, 101 W. Sup. St

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.

PATENTS

and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof

JAMES T WATSON.

P. O. Box 573, or ***Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.*** Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.

Call or send for information.

Contracts. Licenses. Designs.

THE BEST THAT A TAILOR CAN DO is to equal the clothes that bear the Friend label in the inside right pocket. He can't better them.

FRIEND BROTHERS CLOTHING CO. MILWAUKEE

FRIEND CLOTHING is marked by absolute correctness in every detail. Fit and fashion are perfect; material and making are beyond criticism.

Moreover, Friend-made garments possess an individuality and character that stamp their wearers as men of proper taste.

FRIEND-MADE IS BEST-MADE

THE FRIEND GUARANTEED CLOTHING IS FOR SALE BY

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY, DULUTH.

HUNTER'S KILLING

Of Fitzgerald Brought to End Picturesque Career.

How Town of Puerto Cortez Was Captured and Lost.

Whole Army Was Routed By Efforts of One Man.

New York, Dec. 3.—Interesting details of the events leading up to the shooting in Guatemala city of William A. Fitzgerald by Godfrey Hunter, Jr., were given today to the Commercial Advertiser by a man well known in Central America, but whose names is withheld, as he is about to return South. He said:

"The shooting of William A. Fitzgerald by Godfrey Hunter, Jr., brought to a sudden and tragical end a career as picturesque as it was short. As the type of the soldier of fortune Billy Fitzgerald would have made the heart of Dumas jump with joy. Six feet tall, dark and handsome, the young Michigan man would have been a noticeable figure in any company. A rescal he may have been, but if so he was a lovable rascal. His recklessness endeared him to the strong men with whom he came in contact in the Central American countries—men of venturesome temperaments, who, for the daring in them, admired and respected the superlative daring in him.

"In a country where revolutions are periodical events Fitzgerald was not long in finding an opportunity of staking his life on a possibility of fame and fortune. The restless Gen. Vasquez was ambitious of deposing Terencio Sierra, the president of Honduras, and of seating himself in the presidential chair in his stead. He enlisted the services of Fitzgerald, who was then but 23 and of a number more or less well known adventurers, among them Jeffreys, the new admiral of the Colombian fleet; Sol. Pennypacker, now general superintendent of the Central Railroad of Guatemala; Col. J. Bascom Jones, now major general of artillery in the Guatemalan army, and Col. Richards, recently banished from Guatemala for excessive revolutionary propensities. Fitzgerald, anxious to distinguish himself, and yielding to his dare devil and impulsive instinct, decided to open hostilities independently of the rest.

"On Oct. 7, 1897, with a company of thirteen Americans, Fitzgerald paddled across the lagoon separating Puerto Cortez from the mainland and at dead of night entered the town. A rush on the Cuartel, where a garrison of 300 men was stationed, resulted in a complete victory for the attacking party. The fourteen Americans had captured the town. As the nature of Central Americans is one of general indifference and of quick changes in the matter of political convictions, Puerto Cortez, from a faitaful Sierra port, became in the short space of an hour a warm Vasquez town.

"The conquerors were hailed as 'libertodores,' and toasted in 'Arguardiente' and rum. It was a night of great revelry and of many 'vivas' for Vasquez. In the morning twelve of the fourteen Americans were so intoxicated as to be unable to tell their own names. It was at this juncture that word was brought to Fitzgerald, who had taken up his headquarters in the Alcaldes house, that 300 men were on the way to recapture Puerto Cortez. Either because he himself was not entirely sober, or else because he knew the Hondurian populace to be partisans of the upper dog, Fitzgerald decided to keep to himself the knowledge of the impending attack upon the town by the government troops. He tried to enlist his thirteen men in the defense of the place, but found them all, with one exception, stupefied with liquor and unable to stand. The exception was Lee Christmas, a locomotive engineer, now the chief of police of Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras.

"Christmas and Fitzgerald rode to the freight yard of the railroad and there commanded a locomotive and a flat car. They ran the locomotive up the line to where the strip of land connecting the peninsula to the main land is narrowest and there awaited the arrival of the government troops. On the flat car breastworks of sugar bags had been built. Within the quadruple made of these bags Fitzgerald took up his position with four Winchesters and several rounds of ammunition. At dawn the 300 men appeared marching in close formation on the railroad track, there being no other trail. The fire that greeted them from the flat car cleared the tack in five seconds, every man taking cover in the jungle. Until 8 o'clock at night Fitzgerald alone held the flower of the Hundurian army at bay, Christmas loading rifles for him. Then fearing an attack enmasse under cover of darkness the order to retreat was given. That same night Fitzgerald and Christmas left in a canoe and Puerto Cortez was retaken.

"Fitzgerald, knowing how much his head was worth, walked 120 miles into Guatemala. In his fight on the railroad track he had killed eighteen of the enemy and wounded half a hundred."

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

BLIND MAN

Runs Broom Factory and Woman Operates Cotton Mill.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 3.—The adjacent counties of Spartanburg and Greenville furnish interesting personages to the industrial life of the country. In Spartenburg a gentleman who has always been totally blind, is president and treasurer of an important industry, and in Greenville a woman is the executive head and the successful manager of a cotton mill—the only woman president of a cotton factory in the country.

Wesley Muckenfuss is president and treasurer of the Muckenfuss Manufacturing company, about the only successful broom factory in this part of the country. Although blind, he was graduated with high standing from Wofford college some years ago, acquiring his knowledge of studies by getting his roommate to study aloud. The broom factory was not in good condition when this young man assumed control six years ago, but since then the business has thriven.

Despite the handicap of nature Mr. Muckenfuss accomplishes more in the management and details of his business than could many men with eyesight. He does all of his office correspondence on a typewriter—an average of three dozen letters a day, sometimes 100. He makes up the payroll for thirty hands each Saturday, and there is never a mistake. He does a part of the bookkeeping. He can describe accurately the working of any piece of machinery in the factory, and is perfectly at home, without guide or assistant, in any part of the factory. Mr. Muckenfuss buys his broom straw in Oklahoma. His factory turns out about 200 "clean sweepers" a day.

Mrs. Mary P. Grigley is the president of the Batesvile cotton factory of Greenville county. The management of a mill is an inherited quality, as her father and grandfather before her were mill presidents. The Batesville mill is credited with being the oldest mill in South Carolina. There is no record of when the original factory was built, but there is reference to it in a title drawn in 1820. The machinery, however, has been renewed and is modern, but the old water power, used here before the days of steam, is still doing business.

Digests all classes of food, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs. Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Stomach Troubles and makes rich blood, health and strength. Max Wirth.

TO MAN VESSELS.

French Government Takes Action In Sailor's Strike.

Paris, Dec. 3.—The council of ministers, at a meeting yesterday, decided that owing to the serious interruption of traffic due to the sailors' and stokers' strike at Marseilles, the government will organize immediately a prosional service by requisitioning the companies' vessels and manning them with sailors from the navy. The minister of commerce, M. Trouillot, presented detailed plans for two weekly sailings for Algiers, Tunis, Corsica and other points. This is expected to relieve the paralysis of traffic, but it may arouse the strikers to acts of resentment.

Amateur cooks have good luck with Falcon Pancakes because the recipes are so simple and no yeast or baking powder is used.

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

is packed in two pound packages and six pound sacks, and is an economical food because it is unusually substantial. The wheat, corn and rye combination makes ideal all-the-year-round pancakes, muffins, gems and other easily prepared breakfast rations. Winter or summer, here is a good

Pancake Recipe

To two cups Falcon Pancake Flour add enough milk or water to make a comparatively thin batter, or use two cups Pancake Flour, two cups milk, one tablespoonful sugar or syrup, one egg; have griddle hot; bake most after turning.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY,
Millers of Falcon Pure Foods,
Des Moines, Ia.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

ACTIVITY GREATER

In the Foreign Business of the American Manufacturers.

Imports of Manufacturers' Materials Show an Increase.

Exports of Manufactures For Ten Months Are Larger.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The activity of the manufacturers of the United States, measured by the figures of imports of manufacturers' materials and exports of manufactured articles, is greater than ever before. Imports of manufacturers' materials in the ten months ending with October, 1902, are, as shown by the figures of the treasury bureau of statistics, $365,000,000, against $201,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1896, $274,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1899, and $319,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1901. The imports of manufacturers' materials in ten months of 1902, therefore, are 15 per cent higher than those of 1901, the highest record heretofore, and more than 30 per cent in excess of the figures for the corresponding months of 1896. On the other hand, exports of manufactures are also larger than those of any preceding ten months' period, with the single exception of 1900, showing an increase of $15,000,000 over the total for the ten months of 1901, and being actually more than double the figures for the corresponding months in 1895.

The following table shows the imports of manufacturers' materials and the exports of manufactures, respectively, in ten months of each year from 1895 to 1902:

Ten months ending with October.	Imports of manufacturers' materials.	Exports of manufactured articles.
1895..	$267,981,979	$164,572,252
1896..	201,019,503	208,286,285
1897..	268,775,864	234,723,097
1898..	213,730,204	253,177,715
1899..	274,391,601	311,369,173
1900..	310,044,276	376,247,618
1901..	319,026,206	332,084,762
1902..	365,862,839	347,240,920

The following table shows the imports by great classes in the ten months of 1902, compared with the ten months of the preceding year:

	1901.	1902.
Food and animals..	$187,096,139	$175,078,509
Crude manufacturers' materials ...	248,484,999	286,114,734
Partially manufactured materials for use in manufacturing	70,574,300	79,748,105
Articles manufactured ready for consumption.	114,857,583	136,779,323
Luxuries and other articles of voluntary use ..	106,911,311	111,848,824
Total imports..	$727,924,332	$739,569,495

The following table shows the domestic exports by great classes in the ten months of 1902, compared with the ten months of the preceding year:

	1901.	1902.
Agricultural products.. ..	$750,347,689	$632,575,063
Manufactures..	332,084,762	347,240,920
Products of the mines.. .	34 410,744	30,195,977
Products of the forests..	42,865,756	43,592,782
Products of the fisheries.	4,971,970	6,051,878
Miscellaneous articles..	3,859,837	4,473,603
Total..	$1,168,540,767	$1,064,130,228

* * *

The annual report of Gen. John F. Weston, commissary general of the army, shows that the United States government manages one of the largest general stores in the world. The report shows that "meals for recruiting parties and receipts and troops moving cost for one year $227,284.98," and that the "liquid coffee for troops traveling" cost $26,902.15. The cost of ice was $223,569.17, and fees and wages to inspectors and "miscellaneous small employments" ate up $366,749.72.

The commissary department is not only a purchaser and consumer, but has thousands of cstomers for its wares, and the report states that officers purchased from the department to the extent of $21,538.22, and the sales to enlisted men amount to more than $65,000. There are few debts, because accounts are collected through the pay department, but it appears that despite the close examination and careful inspection to which merchandise is subjected, some commissary stores must be condemned, and the losss for the year in that line was more than $300,000.

One of Uncle Sam's largest customers for commissary supplies is the army in the Philippines, and the report on that head is doubly interesting, because it shows remarkably good business management. The 8,574,972 pounds of beef and mutton which were supplied are described as "of the most excellent quality," and these supplies, although they came from Australia for the most part, were delivered at low prices, the average being 6.68 cents a pound for beef and 5.50 cents a pound for mutton. Gen. Watson says:

"The prices paid, with all expenses included, have been very reasonable, and are in wide contrast with those paid for the British army in South Africa, where the cost of a ration of beef alone delivered to the British army in that section has equaled the cost of our entire ration of beef, flour, fresh and dried vegetables, fruits, coffee, sugar, etc., delivered in Manila.

Frank W. Mahin, United States consul at Nottingham sends to the state department a paper entitled "Popular American Wares In England." Consul Mahin says:

"Trade in United States furniture is developing in Nottingham. The largest furniture house in this section—with a retail stock filling several stories, and operating an extensive factory—has just imported household goods from the United States, which are likely to find a great sale, if one may judge from the admiration which their style and make elicit from persons who view them.

"The firm has for years had a large trade in American office furniture. A member of the firm recently remarked to me: 'I regret to say, as a patriotic Englishman, that 90 per cent of the office furniture we sell is American.' Roll-top desks are in special favor. Sporadic attempts have been made to make them in England, but I am told, with such poor success that they have seased, the Englishman being unable to compete with the American in styles and prices. The rules of the trades' unions seriously hamper cheap production in this country. Though wages are nominally lower than in the United States, they are in fact higher, if anything, considering the work actually done, under the British workman's theory that to prolong a pob by doing it slowly makes more work. Under the operation of the trades' union rules, the slowest worker sets the pace of his associates, no matter what their number may be.

"American corsets rule this market. Dealers tell me that they eclipse the Paris styles, and that the French makers are, per force, now getting their patterns from the United States.

"This city supports a thriving American shoe store. The stock is made in the United States expressly for the English trade and the English toot, and the narrower American foot is not easily fitted therefrom. The women's shoes are made from American calf-skin or the like; the men's are of English horse leather, sent from this country and made up in the United States. This is to supply the demand for water-tight shoes. Rubbers are but little worn here, though the American shoe store is trying to create a demand for them.

"An American roaster, for cooking meats so as to retain their juices and rendering basting unnecessary, is in high favor and has a great sale here; also an American "egg steamer," of which a hardware dealer states he can not get supplies fast enough to satisfy the demand.

"These are instances which I have accidentally observed. Doubtless they could be multiplied, but there is still much opportunity for the extension of our trade in this locality. These cases not only show that American goods are used in large quantities here, but encourage efforts to extend our trade along new lines."

* * *

"In Belgium," United States Consul Frank R. Mowrer, writing from Ghent, says, "there are no extensive forests or timber lands, and wood for all purposes must be imported. Large quantities of lumber are now arriving at Antwerp and Ostend for use during the coming year. Much of this lumber is pitch pine, but there is also hardwood, principally oak and walnut, and quantities of bent and turned hickory. During 1901 the declared importation of oak and walnut from the United States was 24,986 cubic meters (882,420.5 cubic feet), valued at $928,263.59, in a total of $5,175,528.92. Importers speak favorably of the quality of American lumber, and the purchase price f. o. b. New York is often lower than for Russian, Norwegian or Swedish product, but the question of freights is important. There are no steamers engaged exclusively in the lumber trade between American and Belgian ports, as there are from Scandinavian and Russian ports, therefore cargoes are rarely sent direct. The lumbe trade of Ghent is handled in various way. Some consignments are received direct from the foreign country and some are purchased on the wharves, at auction, after the steamers arrive. Small dealers make their purchases through importers in Antwerp and Brussels. As important importers I mention: Burm, at Zele, Belgium; Jannaert, Brussels, Belgium; Alberts, at Middlebourg, Holland.

NEW LIFE TO WEAK MEN.

Old Men Made Young Again—Weak Men Find Old-Time Strength and Power of Youth.

Trial Package Mailed Free.

To the men who have tried every known remedy to revive their waning power or lost manhood, and have given up in despair, the following message comes as a most blessed promise. This new discovery restores all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness, resulting from youthful folly, premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele or emaciation of parts. It gives the warmth, strength and development just where it is needed, and cures at once all the ills and troubles that come of years of misuse of the functions, for it has been an absolute success in all cases. A simple request to the State Medical Institute, 2252 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., will bring you one of these free trial packages, in a plain wrapper, without any marks to identify its contents or where it comes from. The Institute has had so many inquiries from men who are unable to leave home or their business to be treated, that it has perfected this splendid home treatment and sends it in free trial packages to all parts of the world to show just how easy and simple it is to be cured at home of any sexual weakness when this marvelous new sexual discovery is employed. The Institute makes no restrictions and any man who writes will receive by mail a free trial of this wonderful remedy absolutely free. Those who write need have no fear of any publicity, as the State Medical Institute is an old established Institution, incorporated by the state for 50 years.

Chief of Staff, State Medical Institute.

A rough, red, dry, tender, chafed skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

Sleighing Time

The sleighing season may hold off until January, or it may come next week. But whenever it comes, you do not want to miss it. The only way to keep from missing it is to be prepared for it. Our stock of seilighs and cutters is complete just now, but it will represent mighty poor picking after the first snow storm. Make your selection today. We'll deliver when needed.

Portland Cutter... $22.00 and up
Business Sleighs... $18.00 and up
Two Seat Surrey Sleigh $70.00 and up

L. Hammel Co.
300-8 E. First St.

Do Not Delay Selecting Your Overcoat

This cold wave is causing quite a demand for our Overcoats at—

$8.50 to $35.00

They are the best at the prices asked that money can buy.

Boys' Overcoats

The kind that will be sure to give perfect satisfaction in both looks and wear -- we have them in all sizes at--

$3.50 to $7.50.

C. W. ERICSON
Reliable Clothier. 219 W. Superior St.

HARRIMAN

Gives Testimony In Federal Suit Against Railroad Merger.

New York, Dec. 3.—The testimony given by E. H. Harriman in the federal suit against the Northern Pacific-Great Northern was made public yesterday. Mr. Harriman testified at a hearing last week, at which there was present only Mr. Harriman and attorneys interested. The witness, replying to questions, said it was true that on or prior to May 9, 1901, he had acquired stock in the Northern Pacific railroad, amounting to the par value of $78,000,000. Later negotiations were opened with J. P. Morgan & Co. for the sale of this stock, but the witness did not know at first whether Morgan & Co. were acting for themselves or somebody else. Before the negotiations were closed it was understood that the Harriman interests were to take stock in a company to which the Northern Pacific stock was to be transferred. It was near the end of the negotiations, Mr. Harriman said, that J. P. Morgan & Co. offered to pay for the shares, part in the stock of a holding company and part in cash. Then action was taken looking to the retirement of the Northern Pacific preferred. The possible retirement of these preferred shares, Mr. Harriman said, was one of the inducements that led him and his associates to surrender their stock. They finally agreed to turn in their Northern Pacific stock at $115 a share. The prices for Great Northern was fixed at $180. Mr. Harriman declared that he was not consulted about the formation of the holding company.

"You made no inquiries as to where the corporation was to be formed, or amount of its capital stock?" replied the witness, "but I did not go into the the particulars of the formation of the company. That may seem strange, but in the enormous transactions we have down here, we simply have faith that the man who is doing the thing is doing it properly, or else who don't negotiate or trade with him."

"Did you finally consent to surrender your holdings on the basis on which you did, because he had made up your mind they would carry out the determination you had heard expressed, to retire the preferred stock and thus take away from you the controlling interest in the stock of the Northern Pacific?"

"I think I recollect pretty clearly that from our standpoint we thought it was better for us to accept that price for our stock than to go into a legal contest."

"And you understand that if you did not do that you would have a legal contest on the question?"

"Well, we took it for granted, naturally, action having been taken determining to retire the preferred stock."

Mr. Harriman was not cross-examined.

ON SECRET MISSION.

German Officer Examines City of Maracaibo, Vez.

New York, Dec. 3.—It is officially reported, says a Herald dispatch from Willemstad, Curacoa, that a stranger, who is asserted to be a German naval lieutenant, arrived in Maracaibo on Nov. 10 and carefully inspected that city. He tok photographs of the forts and the surroundings and studied the bar, channel and currents at the entrance to the port. The German gunboat Panther arrived at Maracaibo several days later and the man went on board.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... ELECTRIC LIGHT ....

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co.
Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 295

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.
Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in Ten to Sixty Minutes.--One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—27.

CANCER CANCER and TUMOR CURED at home without knife or plaster and without pain. Treatise, testimonials and letter of advice FREE. Address Mason Cancer Institute at West 42d st., New York.

BROU'S INJECTION CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.
Sold by all Druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.--

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Nov. 18th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Marinette Iams, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Samuel L. Rice, executor, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the real estate of said estate in St. Louis Co., Minn. And it appearing by said petition, and that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said executor to pay said legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such legacies or expenses, and for the best interests of all persons interested in said estate, to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on Thursday, the 18th day of December, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said executor to sell all of said real estate of said deceased as prayed for in said petition for the purpose of paying legacies and expenses of administration;

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper, printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 18th day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Nov-19-26-Dec-3—1902.

DECLINES SLIGHTLY

Wheat Generally Steady Until Shortly Before the Close.

Lack of Wire Service Made the Market Lifeless.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and the Prices Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 3.—The market was cut off from all communication with Eastern markets this morning, and as a consequence it was extremely dull and lifeless. There were no statistics and no cables. Duluth and Minneapolis received 881 cars, against 743 last year.

May wheat opened ⅛c up at 74⅝c, sold at 74⅝c at 9:31 and gradually fell off to 74⅛c at 12:45 and closed at 71¼c. This was a decline of ⅛c. December opened ⅛c up at 74⅝c, fell to 71¼c at 11:12, and then slumped off and closed at 71c, a decline of ¼c. May in Minneapolis declined ⅛c.

Cash sales were 100,000 bushels. Premiums changed somewhat. The No. 1 hard, which has been selling at 1½c over No. 1 northern, dropped to 1½c over. No. 1 northern continued at ¾c over December and No. 2 at 2c under No. 1. No. 3 dropped from 4c under No. 1 to 5c under.

Flax was as quiet as wheat. May shortly after the opening sold up ¼c to $1.22¾ and then fell off to $1.22⅛; rallied to $1.22¼, and closed at $1.22, a decline for the day of ½c. December closed ½c off after selling at the closing price of yesterday. May and cash oats advanced ½c, the December option remaining stationary.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 72⅞c; 1 northern, 71⅜c; 2 northern, 69⅜c; 3 spring, 66⅜c; to arrive, 1 hard, 72¾c; 1 northern, 71⅜c December, 71c; May, 74¼c. Macaroni—No. 1, 61c; No. 2, 59c. Oats—December, 31c; May, 31½c; on track, 31⅛c; to arrive, 31½c. Rye—May, 51c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley—35@51c. Flax—Cash, $1.17¼; on track, $1.17¼; to arrive, $1.17¼; December, $1.17¼; January, $1.17¾; May, $1.22.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 291; last year, 450; oats, 2; rye, 3; barley, 18; flax, 112.

Receipts: Wheat, 267,395; oats, 3,911; rye, 3,686; barley, 21,537; flax, 92,170.

Shipments: Wheat, 320,613; rye, 54,983; barley, 3,965; flax, 217,314.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.73⅛
No. 1 hard, 1 car	73
No. 1 northern, 17 cars	72⅛
No. 1 northern, cars	72
No. 1 northern, 2500 bus	72
No. 1 northern, 1 car	72⅜
No. 2 northern, 2 cars to mills	70⅝
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	70⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 car	70
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅝
Rejected, 1 car	68
Flax, 3 cars	1.17½
Flax, 2 cars	1.17¼
Flax, 2000 bus to arrive	1.17¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.13¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Ruled Dull, But a Shade Firmer.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Wheat ruled dull, but a shade firmer. Practically no communication with outside markets. December ranged 72⅞@72⅜c against 72½@72⅝c at the close yesterday; May 76¼@76c, against 75⅞@76c. Liverpool ⅛d up. Minneapolis December 72¼c and 72c; May 74⅜, 74@⅛c and 74⅛@¼c. Minneapolis and Duluth got 881 cars today against 743 last year. Minneapolis stocks have increased 1,200,000 bus in four days.

Corn practically unchanged around 55c for December and 43⅜c for May. No cable.

Oats 31⅛c for December and 32⅝c for May.

Provisions steady, around yesterday's close to $15.82½ for January pork, $9.47½ for lard and $8.15 for ribs.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The last of the big Armour May wheat line, which for a month has been the most important in the market, was sold out yesterday. The day's liquidation amounted to certainly 5,000,000 bushels. Some put it a great deal higher. As if to give notice that his holding had been let go, he delivered out 750,000 bushels cash wheat in the afternoon. This big May line was accumulated originally early in November, at about the time Patten sold out his holding of 5,000,000 bushels. The price on the Patten selling dropped to around 73½c for the May, and it has been the idea the packer took on a line of 10,000,000 bushels or more from that figure up to around 75c. In the period of less than four weeks, during which the Armour attitude has been discussed, there have been two turns made on the line. About the middle of the month, when the May wheat had been advanced to 77⅞c, it looked as if half the holding was sold out. The unloading was done almost entirely on one day, Nov. 17. On the break of about 2½c that followed this liquidation, the line was apparently reinstated. The latest selling, which was completed yesterday, and which cleaned up the holding, began last week at around 77⅜c. Nothing has been so remarkable about all these big operations in wheat of late as the narrow range within which the purchases have been piled up and unloaded. Patten took on and sold out his 5,000,000 bushels within less than 2c fluctuation. The Armour buying was probably all done from 73½c to 76c, and the selling from 77⅞c down to 75c. That such lines could be taken on and let go within such narrow limits shows the volume of the wheat trade. It has at the same time been proof of clever management on the part of the Armour lieutenants that such operations could be carried through without the trade knowing just what was under way. It is not likely that the plan was ever more serious than to make a big scalping turn. No one would start in November to buy May wheat with any thought of manipulation. There has been a profitable turn made and the chances are that less will be seen of the Armour hand in the wheat pit for some time to come. The trader will now have a chance to see what the price will do without any speculative leadership.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Dec. 3.—Stocks showed fair fractional gains all round except Union Pacific, which was off ⅛ to 99⅝ and St. Paul which was even at 175½. Sugar, Copper, both Rock Islands, Canadian Pacific and Brooklyn were up from ¼ to ¾.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. A. J. CUMMINGS, Local Office—106 West Superior St.
Dealer in................ Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. ......Both 'Phones.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Disbursements in dividends by industrial corporations next month promise to be quite heavy, the total payments thus far announced amounting, says the Journal of Commerce, to $23,523,311. For the year the total payments of dividends by industrial corporations will be $258,537,800.

* * *

The aggregate amount of capital represented by the companies that took out papers of incorporation in the principal corporation states during the month of November was $129,379,000, as compared with $587,600,000 in the corresponding month of 1901. This is the smallest total of new capital stock reported for any month this year, and is undoubtedly due to the unsettled state of the money market for the last month or six weeks. New Jersey, as is usually the case, led the states in the amount of new capitalization with a total of $56,255,000. Maine showed $33,901,600 in new capital, Delaware $16,540,000, New York $9,683,000 and in miscellaneous states approximately $13,000,000 of new stock was taken out. During the month but one company worthy of note filed papers of incorporation, namely, the American Barrel and Packing company, a New Jersey corporation. In Maine the largest company incorporated during the month was the Standard Power company, with a capital stock of $5,000,000. In Delaware the Louisville Heating company, with a capital of $1,100,000, and in New York the Cooper-Hewitt Electric company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, were the largest companies which took out papers of incorporation.

* * *

It is reported on credible authority that the next dividend on Manhattan will be 1½ per cent, the books for which will close in about two weeks. It is also said the next four dividends will equal 7 per cent. It is now generally known also that the lease provides a special guarantee fund securing the continuity of dividend payments.

There is some reason for believing that the success of the retirement of the old 7 per cent bonds and the policy adopted in the matter of dividends by other roads, notably Pennsylvania and Illinois Central, may influence the directors of New York Central in the forthcoming dividend. At 6 per cent basis is not improbable at the December declaration, although, of course, the policy may be largely governed by financial conditions. The chances, however, favor an advance in the rate.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

December—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	71⅝B	72¼	....	....
High	71⅝	72¼	....	....
Low	71B	71⅞	....	....
Close	71B	71⅞	....	....
May—				
Open	74½B	74⅜	....	....
High	74⅝	74⅜	....	....
Low	74¼B	73⅞	....	....
Close	74¼B	73⅞	....	....

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a strong and steady trade on heavy logging horses with an ample supply on the market. There was considerable inquiry for good carriage horses and expressers. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@215
Dafters, choice	150@180
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@115

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	26 @ 28
Creamery, tubs	25 @ 27
Dairies, fancy	20 @ 22
Packing stock	14 @ 15
EGGS.	
Fresh	23½
Storage	22
CHEESE	
Twins, full cream	13½
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Brick cheese, No. 1	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15
Primos	7½
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75 @ 3 00
Medium, hand picked, bus.	1 90 @ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	14
Cocoanuts, per doz.	50
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 50
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 85
California pears	2 50
California peaches	75 @ 85
Cranberries	8 50 @ 9 00
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 50 @ 4 75
Catawba grapes, basket	23 @ 24
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 15
Mexican oranges	4 00 @ 4 50
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50 @ 7 00
California Oranges	3 50
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10
Beets, bu	50
Carrots, bushel	65
Cabbage, per crate	65
Turnips, bushel	40
Parsnips, per 100	1 25
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce	1 25
Green onions, per dozen	65 @ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per dozen	1 50
Citron	75
Cauliflower, basket	2 25
Mint, per dozen	30
Radishes, per doz bunches	65 @ 75
Potatoes	43
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl.	4 25
Red cabbage	75
Pumpkins	1 25
Squash	1 25
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	5
Rice corn, shelled	6
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	8½
Geese	11
Turkeys	13 @ 14
Ducks	12
Spring chickens	11
MEATS.	
Mutton	6
Lamb	9
Veal good	8
Dressed beef	6½ 8½
Hogs	7½@ 8½
Pork loins	9
Pure lard	11¼
Compound lard	7½

COUNTRY IS STORMSWEPT

(Continued From Page 1.)

intermittent communication was kept up through the rest of the night.

The storm in this region was not severe enough to affect railroad or street car traffic. The lines were not only kept open, but trains were run almost on schedule time.

The weather bureau predicts colder weather to follow the snow storm. A cold wave is coming down from the Northwest, and the predictions are that it will arrive as soon as the snow storm is over. Several of the Northwestern stations reported temperature down in the neighborhood of zero last night, but it is not expected to go as low by the time it strikes here.

Trains arriving in this city this morning from the East and West are from one to seven hours' late. The delays are caused by the snow storm.

The general tie-up of wire communication prevented the receipt of returns from outlying stations this morning, and consequently the local weather bureau was unable to make any forecast.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 3.—A heavy snow storm has been raging here since yesterday morning and seven inches have fallen. Railroad traffic is delayed considerably and telegraphic and telephonic communication is hampered. On the Southern Minnesota division of the Milwaukee road, with headquarters here, four inches of snow is reported along the entire division as far west as Madison, S. D. Eleven inches is reported at Kilbourn, Wis., and six inches at Reeds Landing, on the Mississippi river.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—A Sioux Falls, S. D., special to the Dispatch, says: A young blizzard yesterday afternoon dropped several inches of snow in this vicinity, filled in cuts and piled up drifts in real winter shape. All trains last night and this morning were from one to three hours late, while the Omaha train coming in from Salem last evening was stuck in a drift west thirty miles from here. A snow plow was sent out and brought the train in about four hours late. The scheduled cold wave came early this morning.

VAN SANT TO SPEAK

(Continued from page 1.)

Paul and likely to remain here until January, letting congress take care of itself. Administration friends point to his presence here at such a time as proving his statement that he is out of politics and never intended to get into this fight until he was attacked by the administration just as he was ready to leave for Washington.

H. D. Larson, of Herman, sent word to Dr. Babcock last night that the statement in a Minneapolis paper that he was for Johnson was without foundation. Representative O. B. Sulee also wrote Dr. Babcock declaring that he would remain with him until the end. Both of these men were claimed by Johnson.

The Babcock people are preparing to caucus the Third district this week, having assured themselves that they will have the delegation solid, with one possible exception.

A Successful Meeting.

The meeting of the Duluth Sunday School association held last evening in the First Presbyterian church was one of the best the association has had in point of numbers. One hundred and thirty workers representing nineteen schools, registered. The ladies of the church had provided a wholesome supper, which was served free of charge to all members of the association, thus accommodating those who work in offices and stores, relieving them of going home before attending the meeting. The room was appropriately decorated with national colors, which added to the cheerfulness of the occasion. "Gradation" was the leading topic on the program, and was discussed freely. The Ladies quartet of the Hope church and Paul Gilbert, of the Y. M. C. A., sang. The time and place of next meeting was left to the officers for decision.

WHERE THEY HAD MET.

A well-known colonel told a good story to a party of friends who called upon him the other day, says the Baltimore Herald. A gentleman entered the first-class compartment of a train and took his seat opposite a fine, portly, aristocratic-looking personage, whom he at once thought he recognized. He looked hard at the man for a time, until he saw he was causing him considerable discomfiture. He then changed his seat for one beside the handsome-looking man, and, as he did so, turned to the latter with the remark:

"I beg your pardon, sir, for my question, but I am so strongly seized with the impression that we have met before."

The gentleman good-naturedly replied that he, too, thought he had seen the other's face, but was at a loss to tell where.

Both rode on in silence for some time, alternately exchanging side glances, but saying never a word. Finally, the man who had broached the subject broke out with: "Hold on; I have it, sir. Weren't you blown up at the Battle of V—."

"Yes," replied the other inquiringly.

"Then that explains it. So was I. When you were going up I was coming down, and I thought as I looked at you then that that fellow would give a good deal to be as near the ground as I was. I knew I had seen your face somewhere, comrade."

"Now, that is what I call a wonderful memory," said the colonel, with a hearty laugh.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

SURPLUS FOR YEAR

Estimated By Secretary Shaw at $43,000,000.

A Fifty Million Surplus For the Next Year.

Washington, Dec. 3.—In the annual report of the secretary of the treasury, presented to the house today, the revenues of the government for the current fiscal year are estimated at approximately $694,000,000. Expenditures during the same period are estimated at $651,000,000, leaving an estimated surplus for the fiscal year of $43,000,000.

The revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, are estimated at approximately $730,000,000. Expenditures, exclusive of isthmian canal rights and other extraordinary appropriations for the same period, are estimated at $680,000,000, leaving the estimated surplus for the year $50,000,000.

These figures assume that existing business activities will continue. Public revenues, like private earnings, are dependent very largely upon industrial and commercial conditions. The largest deficit of the last decade (except pending the Spanish war) was $70,000,000. The government actuary estimates that were the present population to produce, consume and import relatively the same class of goods and per capita in the same amount that they did during the most unfavorable fiscal year in the recent past, there would be a deficit under present revenue laws of $90,000,000 per annum, instead of a $50,000,000 surplus.

The total receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, were $684,326,280.47 and the expenditures were $593,038,904.90, showing a surplus of $91,287,375.67. In addition to the revenues collected during the year the cash in the treasury was increased $12,651,190 in other ways. The securities redeemed on account of the sinking fund reached a total of $70,249,669.14, of which $14,043,391 represented premium on bonds purchased. Compared with the fiscal year 1901, the receipts for 1902 decreased $14,990,250, and the expenditures decreased $38,776,495.

The revenues of the government for the current fiscal year are thus estimated upon the basis of existing laws:

From customs	$300,000,000 00
From internal revenues	222,000,000 00
From miscellaneous sources	40,000,000 00
From postal service	132,020,630 00
Total estimated revenues	$694,020,630 00

The expenditures for the same period are estimated as follows:

For the civil establishment	$126,000,000 00
For the military establishment	139,000,000 00
For the naval establishment	85,000,000 00
For the Indian service	13,000,000 00
For pensions	138,000,000 00
For interest on the public debt	27,000,000 00
For postal service	132,020,630 00
Total estimated expenditures	$651,020,630 00
Or a surplus of	$ 43,000,000 00

It is estimated that upon the basis of existing laws the revenues of the government for the fiscal year 1904 will be:

From customs	$315,000,000 00
From internal revenue	230,000,000 00
From miscellaneous sources	40,000,000 00
From postal service	144,767,664 00
Total estimated revenues	$729,767,664 00

The estimates of appropriations required for the same period, as submitted by the several executive departments and offices amount to a total of $677,956,776, exclusive of sinking fund, or an estimated surplus of $51,810,887.70.

The treasurer of the United States in his annual report distinguishes, as the striking features of the condition of the treasury, the magnitude of the available cash balance and the unprecedented holdings of gold. Among the notable events of the last fiscal year are the diminution of revenues due to the repeal of war taxes, the reduction of expenditures, and the changes in the composition of the paper currency. United States notes and treasury notes were redeemed in gold to the amount of $17,482,590 of the former and $1,274,590 of the latter, without any impairment of the gold reserve of $150,000,000.

The increase of the available cash balance was $33,780,563, bringing the total on June 30 to $212,187,361. By Oct. 1, 1902, the total increased to $221,253,394, but was reduced by Nov. 1 to $206,421,878.30. Inclusive of the gold reserve, the available balance on June 30 was 362,187,361, the largest in the history of the department, for while these figures are exceeded by the records of 1879, the latter included in the account the funds held temporarily against called bonds. After allowing for subsidiary silver, silver bullion, and minor coin not available for large payments, there remained in the treasury vaults Nov. 1 a fund of over $56,000,000, which is slightly in excess of what is deemed a fair working balance. Nearly half of the net available cash balance, over and above the reserve of $150,000,000, was in gold and gold certificates, which amounted to $103,801,290, and increased by Nov. 1 to $113,542,933, a sum far exceeding the outstanding liabilities.

The first quarter of the new fiscal year was marked by an increase in customs, offsetting the reduction by the new statutes in internal revenue. Both the receipts and the expenditures were in excess of the corresponding months in the year preceding. On November 1 a surplus of $13,296,491 was shown by the current fiscal year.

The unparalleled volume of gold certificates outstanding is the result of the freedom with which they can be issued in consequence of the natural flow of gold from many sources into the treasury. They are issued against deposits of coin and are paid out for gold bullion, and the obligations of the government. On June 27 they, for the first time, exceeded in volume the United States notes. The increase in the fiscal year was $57,594,400, which was followed by another of $16,699,000 in the next three months, bringing the total up to $363,311,089.

The treasury derives gold from several sources. Substantially, the whole receipts from customs are in gold or the representative certificates. The total acquired through the custom houses during the year is placed at over $215,000,000. Deposits of gold amounting to $22,021,500 were made in New York for the transfer of currency to other points. These deposits began early and were larger than in any recent years except 1900, and for the first time the treasury was able to receive gold and supply the kinds and amounts of paper currency desired, which were usually United States notes and silver certificates of small denominations. The gold received at the mints and assay offices is paid for mostly by checks. For deposits of gold in San Francisco payments were made by telegraph in New York to the amount of $10,473,000 before Nov. 1.

During the year ended Sept. 30, 1901, there was an addition of $75,956,845 to the paper currency of $20 and under, while only $9,794,500 was added to the higher denominations. Inclusive of gold coin, the smaller denominations constituted over 80 per cent of the whole stock of money. In the next twelve months the increase of the smaller denominations was $71,283,129, and of the higher only $4,745,750, raising the percentage of the former to over 83. The demands of the people for notes of small denominations have surprised the closest students of the currency. In 1890 there were 37,065,880 pieces of government paper issued, of the average value of $6.61. In 1902 the issue was 116,697,874 and the average value $4. The facilities for production, so far as the treasurer's office is concerned, have been often increased, and now seem to be sufficient for present requirements. In July, August and September, 1902, the issues and redemptions were each over 7,000,000 pieces greater than in the same months of the preceding year. The average value has fallen to $3.62. The currency distributed from Washington to the sub-treasuries and banks during the fiscal year amounted to $387,319,888, against $319,912,188 in the year preceding.

From the occupation of the Philippines to Sept. 15 last, an aggregate of $27,331,050 in American money was sent there to be used in government disbursements. Of this, $15,680,000 was in paper, $10,290,000 in gold, and the remainder in silver and minor coin. There is no record to show what has been returned.

The stock of subsidiary silver in the country is now limited by law to $100,000,000, and that aggregate has been reached. The amount in the treasury on the 1st day of October, 1902, was $8,082,371.28, and as this was distributed among ten offices and included all denominations and a considerable amount that was uncurrent, it is apparent that the ability of the treasury to meet further demands from the public is very limited. There is pressing need for action by congress, and it is recommended that the limit upon the stock of subsidiary silver coin be entirely removed; that the requirement that $1,500,000 of silver dollars be coined monthly be repealed, and that the entire stock of silver bullion now in the treasury be converted into subsidiary coin.

The total earnings and gains of the mint service, including seigniorage on silver dollars, subsidiary silver coin, and minor coin, exceeded the expenditures by $9,460,994.12.

The production of gold in the United States during the calendar year 1901 is estimated at $78,666,700. The industrial consumption during the year is estimated at $21,868,956. The net imports of gold stock during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, were $3,452,304. The stock of gold coin in the country, including bullion in the mints on June 30, 1902, is estimated at $1,192,395,607.

The amount of the interest-bearing debt outstanding July 1, 1901, was $987,141,040. On that date the government was still purchasing United States bonds for the sinking fund, and such purchases were continued with slight intermissions until March 15, 1902. The total amount purchased and charged to the sinking fund for the fiscal year 1902 was $56,071,700, and the disbursement was $70,410,941.33.

The estimated population of the United States November 1, 1901, was 78,211,000, and the per capita supply of money outside the treasury was $28.72. The estimated population and the per capita supply of money November 1, 1902, were 79,572,000 and $29.36, respectively.

As it is no doubt desired by congress that the secretary shall have power to obtain the best terms available in negotiating the isthmian canal bonds, Secretary Shaw recommends that the act of June 28, 1902, be amended so as to provide that any national-bank circulation secured by a deposit of canal bonds may be subject only to the same tax as that imposed on circulation secured by the 2 per cent consols of 1930.

The receipts from internal revenue in 1902 were $271,867,990.25, against $306,871,669.42 in 1901, a decrease of $35,003,679.17. The total cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, was $4,603,851.82, and for the year 1901, $4,749,220.44, showing a decrease for 1902 of $145,332.62. The percentage cost of collection for 1902 was 1.70 per cent, as against 1.55 per cent in 1901.

In discussing the currency, Secretary Shaw recommends that it should be specifically provided that silver can be redeemed in gold. He says: "I believe the treasury of the United States would be in less danger with an express provision for the exchangeability of gold and silver than under existing laws. At the present time the treasury furnishes all the gold needed, whatever the purpose for which it is demanded, and certainly no more would be required for commerce, and not as much for hoarding, should all doubt as to the status of silver be removed. On the contrary, if all forms of money were made the equivalent of gold, then all occasion for hoarding one coin more than another would vanish, and the danger to the treasury would be diminished instead of being increased. The ability of this government to fulfill its promises has never been questioned, but doubts arising from unexpressed policies have caused more than one crisis. Should it be deemed wise to provide for the exchangeability of gold and silver, then national-bank notes might be payable in gold. In this way there would be shifted to the banks the greater burden of furnishing gold for domestic use and for export, and this, in the event of an unfavorable balance of trade, might prove of great advantage to the government." He urges that the present volume of bullion be converted with subsidiary coin, and therefore by recoining silver dollars.

Under the heading of banking, the secretary expresses the belief that the time has arrived when it will be necessary to adopt one of the two policies: either the government debt must be perpetuated as a basis for national bank circulation, and additional bonds issued as occasion may require, or some other system must be provided. "I see no objection," he says, "to the issuance of circulation based upon general credits, if properly safeguarded. Neither do I believe it necessary to make currency thus issued a first lien upon assets. A very small tax upon circulation would be sufficient to cover any possible loss. I doubt, however, the wisdom of making provision for the issuance of credit currency to the limit of the bank's capital. Not that I would fear unfortunate results, but in all financial legislation the greatest caution must be exercised lest the currency be suddenly and unduly inflated. A gradual increase in circulation is well-nigh imperative, but a sudden and unnecessary increase would be most unfortunate. I am not prepared at this time to recommend branch banks. Recent events confirm a previous opinion that the peculiar conditions of this country would not be conserved by such a policy.

ELECTION IN YUKON.

First Representative Chosen For House of Commons.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: The first election for representation of Yukon in the house of commons was held yesterday. The candidates were J. H. Ross, government, and Clarke, opposition. Full returns of the election will not be available for some days as the wires north from British Columbia to Dawson have not been working since Sunday last.

TOLD BY A MEDIUM

Was the Story of a Murder In New Jersey.

Stopped at Slayer's Name and People Are Excited.

Great Things Are Expected From the Next Seance.

New Brunswick, N. J., Dec. 3.—Hypnotism as a means of locating criminals and bringing malefactors to belated punishment is the latest development of Jersey justice.

The police of New Brunswick are greatly interested in the revelations made several nights in Crescent Hall. Old Bridge, a hamlet eight miles distant, by by Mrs. Jeanette Vail, a traveling trance medium and clairvoyant.

Mr. and Mrs Vail describe themselves as traveling hypnotists. Dr. Augustus N. Vail regards hypnotism as a science and considers that he is doing the world a serivce in initiating persons at a nominal charge in the mysteries of the cult. Dr. Vail gives what might be called exhibitions of practical hypnotism, while his more versatile wife is an expert in what her husband calls clairvoyance or the last stages of hypnotism.

It was while in this last stage of hypnotism on Wednesday night that the trance medium startled her audience by revealing the details of a brutal murder which was committed ten years ago on a lonely hill near Old Bridge and whose perpetrators have never been brought to justice.

Dr. Vail and his wife are still staying at Old Bridge. A reporter found them at their boarding house after a long drive over the dark and lonely road on which the murder, which Mrs. Vail dramatically described, had been committed.

The hypnotist is a small man of pleasing address. Mrs. Vail is a distinctly healthy looking woman, 5 feet 5 inches high and weighing about 140 pounds. She has small grey eyes and light chestnut hair which she wears simply coiled on top of her head.

"After I have been in a trance," she said to the reporter, "I never remember what I have seen or said. People have told me since that I described a murder that took place here several years ago and that I mentioned a robbery that occurred in this neighborhood and described the robbers in detail. But I don't remember it. How can I tell you anything about it?"

"But, my dear," said her husband, "I was present. I know that you did these things. You have my word for it." Then, turning to the reporter, he added:

"It was the most dramatic incident I ever witnessed. When my wife comes on the stage at our performances she is in a state of hypnotic trance. Persons in the audience are requested to ask her questions—not audibly, of course, but just in their own minds—and she answers them from the stage.

"On Wednesday night someone in the audience—I can't tell from whose mind the inquiry came—asked my wife if she could tell anything about a certain murder that was committed in Old Bridge several years ago. She electrified every-one present by describing the scene of the crime and the manner in which it was committed and wound up by saying that one of the murderers had been killed in a railroad wreck and that the other was in the audience.

"I believe she was actually about to give the name of the murderer when I jumped on the stage and pulled her off. She was tremendously excited and trembling all over.

"You can imagine the effect of the scene on the audience. You can fancy the feelings of the guilty man, who had lived here probably respected for all these years, and who found himself on the very edge of discovery, perhaps because of his own inability to stop thinking of the crime. For it is my opinion that the question about the murder was asked by the murderer himself. He was perhaps sceptical, and did not know of the harm that would come from asking the question in his own mind.

"When we were in Rockway, N. J., some time ago," continued Mr. Vail, "my wife predicted a large hotel fire in the town in a short time, and a week later the Denville hotel was burned to the ground.

"In the same town she told a lady that her child would die that night, and the whole town is aware of the fact that it did die, as my wife predicted. She predicted the death in Durham, Conn., of Miss Hart, known as the Queen of Violet Painters, and it occurred soon after. At Trumbull, in the same state, the postmaster had lost a valuable piece of property, and at one of our exhibitions asked my wife a mental question as to its whereabouts.

"The thief," exclaimed Mrs. Vail, "is in this audience. I will give him until tomorrow night to restore the property. If it is not done by that time I will denounce him from the stage. Next morning," added the little doctor triumphantly, "the postmaster's property was returned to him."

The police of New Brunswick told a reporter that if Mrs. Vail would go into a trance and assist them to locate the Old Bridge murderer as well as the perpetrators of some daring robberies which have occurred in the last six months, they would be much obliged.

Whether she will be officially asked to do so they are not yet prepared to say. But New Brunswick, Old Bridge and other outlying hamlets are immensely wrought up over Mrs. Vail's seances and great things are expected of the next exhibition she will give.

THE CLUB WOMEN'S BADGE.

According to a well informed club woman "the word 'badge' is derived from the Anglo-Saxon word 'baer,' a bracelet, says the Brooklyn Eagle. When the Danes invaded England they wore holy bracelets on which they took their solemn vows, holding them as their most precious possession—'badges of honor.'" This may explain the evident delight and pleasure that some club women take in loading themselves down with badges of every sort and kind and fairly emulating a popular band master on parade. But it is ust possible that the woman who knows the history of the badge and esteems it as emblem of honor is not the one who flaunts it in public on every possible occasion and makes a desperate effort to wear as many badges at one time as she can possibly crowd on.

LONDON'S MONKEY SHOW.

London has exprerienced the annual sensation produced by the ever-delightful monkey show carried on in honor of the new Lord Mayor, who on the 9th of every November makes his round on the streets of the city over which he rules for one year, in a procession which for gorgeousness and gilt is not even equaled by Barnum's circus, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The lord mayor's state coach is a thing of oy forever. It is all gilt, even to the wheels, and in this wonderful contraption sits the chief magistrate of the City of London, arrayed in sables and laces, while out the window of the carriage sticks a most highly ornate golden mace, one blow from which would kill an ox.

There is nothing in all this wide world that the true cockney loves more than a lord mayor's procession. He laughs at it, it is true; he hoots at it when it passes him, but he loves it none the less, because it represents to him the ancient liberty, the antique associations of the greatest commercial center of the world; and it also gives him an opportunity of listening to the Horse Guards band, which annually delights its hearers in this cavalcade.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Barge 118 Runs Into the South Pier of Ship Canal.

Couple of Plates Are Damaged---Heavy Sea Caused It.

Sailor On Mahoning Has Narrow Escape From Death.

Barge 118 of the Pittsburg Steamship company ran foul of the south pier at the entrance of the harbor this morning and damaged two of her steel plates. The men were unable to draw in the tow line rapidly enough and the heavy sea dashed her against the pier.

Notice!

A meeting will be held of L. T. P. A. in the Masters and Pilots Hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 4.

JAMES WALSH, president.

FATALITY ALMOST REPEATED.

A seaman on the Mahoning narrowly escaped death this morning from the same cause which proved fatal to the watcher on the steamer Monarch. He attempted to let himself down from the deck of the steamer to the dock by means of a rope and fell into the water. He was rescued by a companion on the dock who saw the occurrence.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals: Bangor, E. C. Pope, light for grain, Buffalo; Brazil, Gilchrist (wood), Mars, B. W. Parker, Lansign, Fleetwood, Moravia, Langham, coal, Lake Erie; McDougall, Caledonia, Algeria, light for ore, Lake Erie; 118, Manila, lay up for winter, Lake Erie.

Departures: Madagascar, A. G. Brown, Colonel, L. C. Smith, Osborne, Gladstone, grain, Buffalo.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, December 2, 1902:

In the matter of the estate of Louis Paine, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Louis Paine, deceased, late of the county of Lucas, state of Ohio, being granted to Bertram Lind Paine and Mary E. L. Paine.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 3rd day of June, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 2d day of December, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Dec. 3-10-17, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, December 2nd, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of John G. Flegel, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of John G. Flegel, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Louisa Flegel.

It is ordered, that three months be, and the same hereby is allowed, from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 2nd day of December, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Dec. 3-10-17, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 3d, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew Croll, Deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Andrew Croll, late of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, and the probate thereof in Columbia County, Pennsylvania, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, George D. Croll has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Andrew Croll lately died in said county of Columbia, Penn., testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and Anoka, Minn., and that said petitioner is one of the executors of said will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to George D. Croll and Samuel Croll issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office, in said county, on Friday, the 26th day of December, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 3rd day of December, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-3-10-17-1902.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CHRISTMAS SELECTIONS

Are a difficult matter. The most appreciated gift to give, at the price you have decided to pay, is a puzzler. Wouldn't it be a good idea to visit one of the most complete jewelry stocks in the city and let the idea present itself to you? We have surpassed all our former displays—on every hand something beautiful and appropriate meets your gaze, from the dainty little toilet article to the most costly creation.

SLEEVE LINKS JEWELRY PEARLS
SCARF PINS CHAINS RUBIES
HAT PINS DIAMONDS OPALS
WATCHES EMERALDS CLOCKS
HAND-PAINTED CHINA CUT GLASS

Great variety of Sterling Silver Tableware and Cutlery.
You are under no obligation to buv, but are cordially invited to look through our superb assortment.

G. A. Klein,
JEWELER,
322 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,
The Finest Jewelry Store in the Northwest.

CASE IS A STICKER

Jury In Street Railway Accident Action Out Many Hours.

Plaintiffs Seeking to Recover For Life of a Child.

Mrs. Betty Nelson Is Relieved of Onerous Charge.

After an all-night session, the jury in the personal injury suit of Alfred Marcotte against the Duluth-Superior Traction company had not reached an agreement up to 1 o'clock this afternoon. The action was brought for the benefit of the minor child of George Poulain, who was killed by a street car at Seventh avenue west and Superior street, about a year ago. The case went to the jury yesterday afternoon.

Judge Dibell, in whose room the case was tried, was ill this morning and not able to attend court. In case of a further disagreement of the jury, that body will probably report its situation to one of the other district court judges, unless Judge Dibbell recovers sufficiently to attend court.

The action of Robert Whiteside against W. J. Powers, John M. McClintock and others to quiet title to certain lands in 59-19 was started before Judge Dibbell yesterday afternoon, but has been continued over until the court recovers.

In Judge Ensign's room the divorce action of Betty Nelson against Jacob Nelson was taken from the jury yesterday afternoon and is being heard by the court. Judge Ensign held that the defendant did not sustain the charge of infidelity on the part of the plaintiff made in his cross bill by enough evidence to justify it in the eyes of the law, and that he would have to instruct the jury to acquit her of the charge.

Mrs. Nelson was on the witness stand this morning and testified to continued harsh treatment at the hands of her husband, and recited instances when he is alleged to have given way to uncontrollable fits of bad temper.

The case is likely to be finished today. The parties in the action reside in Hermantown.

COMPLAINT

Of Ill-Treatment at the Iowa Reformatory.

Waterloo, Iowa, Dec. 3.—After living under the very eyes of the officers for twelve months, during which time he was wanted at the state reform school at Eldora for escaping from that institution, George Colvin was apprehended here and taken back to serve the remainder of his sentence.

Colvin claims he has been working with his father ever since his escape from the school and came here. He claims he is over 21 years of age and cannot be legally confined in the reform school.

He was much affected at the thought of having to return and asked to be taken to the penitentiary instead.

He says he has been beaten by his attendants until the marks remained on his body for three weeks.

CARTRIDGE IN STOVE

Exploded and Badly Wounded a Young Woman.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Dec. 3.—Elizabeth Harmon met with a very painful accident yesterday while working about a cook stove. She lifted the lid and an explosion occurred during which Miss Harmon felt an acute pain in the side. A physician was immediately summoned and said that she had been shot, but he could not locate the bullet, although he probed a long time for it.

The girl's parents are at a loss to know how the cartridge could have gotten into the stove. It had been filled by her father with wood from a pile in the yard. He says he is certain that there was no cartridge in the wood.

While the injury is very painful and there is some danger of blood poisoning, it is thought that she will recover.

BABISTS ARE SPLIT

American Section of the Sect Is Badly Divided.

The Greater Part Are Worshippers of Abbas Effendi.

Disciple Writes a Book Attacking His Former Leader.

New York, Dec. 3.—Anton F. Haddad, a native of Bahamdoan, on Mount Lebanon, Syria, has written a sketch of the life and teachings of Abraham G. Kheiralla, founder of the Babist sect in New York and Chicago.

The volume is an attack on Kheiralla, who, according to Haddad, practices black magic, and by his hypnotic influence over men and women induces them to give many thousands of dollars to him.

Kheiralla, who, through Lawyer Waldo G. Morse, of No. 10 Wall street, has been sued by his third or fourth wife for divorce, when last heard from was in Brooklyn. He alleges that his life is in peril.

Haddad sailed for Acca, Syria, a few weeks ago. His expenses were paid with a check sent to him from her home at Pleasanton, Cal., by Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, a devotee of Babism. Hadded and Kheiralla were formerly bosom friends.

Before he went back to the "new holy city," as the Babists call Acca, Haddad gave the manuscript of his book to Arthur Pillsbury Dodge, Babist promotor and inventor of 261 West One Hundred and Thirty-ninth street, and of the Standard Motive Power company, of which he is president and manager at 60 Broadway.

Babism is a form of Mahometanism. The Babists believe that Ali Mahomet, called the Bab, was the reincarnation of John the Bapist, and that he foretold the coming of Beha U'llah. Beha was worshipped as the Deity by thousands of Persians and Syrians. He had two wives and three children by each wife. Beha died in 1892 at Acca, Syria, a prisoner of the Turkish government.

Beha's eldest son by his first wife, Abbas Effendi, is now worshipped by one faction of the Babists as the reincarnation, but by the other faction he is called an imposter.

Haddad's "Life of Kheiralla" explains how he taught the divinity of Abbas Effendi in Chicago and New York from 1893 to 1899, and in 1900 became an apostate from his own religion, because, as Haddad alleges, Abbas Effendi refused to give him the sole right of leadership among the American Babists.

Among the followers of Kheiralla were besides Mrs. Hearst, Mrs. Hugh O. Pentercost and Mrs. Howard MacNutt, sister of the late Ed Stokes.

It is said that Mrs. Hearst gave Kheiralla from $8000 to $10,000 to publish his book called "Beha U'llah," which Howard MacNutt, manager of the down town Hoffman House cafe, edited for the author.

Mr. Dodge, who says that he himself was induced to give up $1000 to Kheiralla; Haddad, his old friend and comrade, and many other former disciples are now bitter against Kheiralla.

In his book Haddad speaks of him as a Judas.

"Like the Judas of long ago," writes Haddad, "who betrayed his Master for 30 pieces of silver and suffered death, so Kheiralla betrayed his master and goes on to his ignominious end."

Mrs. Kheiralla, who is now suing for divorce, was Miss Mary Miller, daughter of a clergyman at Cambridge, England. She has visited Abbas Effendi and his family at their home in "the holy city." She does not consider him infallible, but says that Abbas Effendi is an ambitious man.

"The condition of the people in Syria," says Mrs. Kheiralla, "and in Acca, is awful. It is easy to believe that Babism does lift them out of their dreadful state of fanaticism and half-savagery. They are extremely ignorant and poor."

A CHOICE OF WARDS.

A few weeks ago a resident of Chicago, being on a visit to Columbus, Ohio, called upon an old friend, the chief physician of the insane asylum there, and was shown through the institution by the physician and the superintendent, who told him many interesting anecdotes about the various inmates. One, an Irishman from Steubenville, that state, had been brought to the asylum at a time when it was filled almost to its capacity, and the superintendent, turning to one of the physicians, had asked:

"Doctor, what ward would be better put this new man into?"

The Irishman, recognizing that he was the new man referred to, spoke up and said:

"Indade, an' I car-re very little what war-rd yez put me into so long as it bez Dimmocratic!"

COMPANY EXPLAINS

Anxious to Know When Street Lights Are Out.

Harder to Keep Track Than Under Former Systems.

Claims It Is Fined For Every Light That Is Out.

The Duluth General Electric company, which furnishes the electric lighting for the city, about which there has been considerable discussion of late, has its own side of the point that has been made about lights having been out at times in various parts.

A. W. Hartman, president of the company, said this afternoon that it was practically impossible for the company to keep tab on every individual light at all times, and that it would appreciate it very much if anyone that notices a light not burning would notify the offices of the company at once.

"We have a great many incandescent lights in the outskirts of the city," said Mr. Hartman, "particularly in Lakeside, that do not need the attention that arc lights do, and we have no means of knowing whether or not they are burning unless they are reported to us.

"The modern arc light, too, only has to be looked after once in each seven days, where the old-style light had to be carboned every day. So we have not the same means of keeping track of them that we did under the old system. Of course when they are found to be out of order through any cause they are repaired at once.

"The Evening Herald is in error when it assumes that we are not docked for lights that are not burning. We are not only docked but we are fined. The police department reports all arc lights that are dark, and for every night they are not going we lose an equal amount in fines. The compensation of each light is 25 cents a night, and if one of them is dark we have to deduct 50 cents for each night it is not burning.

"The company would consider it a great favor if anybody would notify us of any lights not burning. If they would telephone the office on 'phone 295, of either company, whenever any lights are out, we will immediately send out a man to repair it. This will not only be a favor to us, but it would help toward the good service that we as well as everybody else want to see.

"During November we had to have some circuits out for a few hours every night. This was due to the changes we were making in our plant, as a result of which two Corliss engines were taken out and replaced by a big one that is now installed. The new engine is now running smoothly, and we have ample power. Our capacity in electric machinery and steam engines has been more than doubled by the new direct-connected engine.

"Now that the system is in good shape the only trouble that is possible must come from occasional lights out, and if people will take the trouble to let us know of such instances they will not exist any longer than it takes us to send a man out to repair the lights that are dark."

CONGRESS.

Senator Wilson Introduces Bill Creating State of Oklahoma.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, in the committee on territories reported a bill today for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state under the name of Oklahoma. New Mexico and Arizona are not included in the bill.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The house today in committee of the whole took up the consideration of the bill to defray the expenses of the coal strike arbitration commission. Mr. Grimes, (Texas), offered an amendment placing anthracite on the free list. A member from the appropriations committee said he could not support the bill, insisting that the president has no legal authority to create such a commission. Many members warmly defended the course of the president and the bill was passed without a division. After a short discussion of the immigration bill and the adoption of resolutions of regret for members who had died during the recess, the house adjourned.

SEPARATED

Again After Having Been Reunited For Three Days.

New York, Dec. 3.—After having been reconciled for three entire days, it is reported, at Larchmont, on good authority, that John F. Baudouine, a wealthy yachtsman, and his young bride have again separated.

Their matrimonial record to date is as follows:

Married in Lachmont two years ago; separated after a quarrel at the Larchmont Yacht club last August; reunited Aug. 27; had Thanksgiving dinner together Nov. 28; again separated Nov. 30.

The reconciliation of the Baudouines last Wednesday, it is said, took place over the telephone, and the clubman, who had been living alone in a big mansion at Harrison-on-the-Sound, went down on the train, met his wife, and they attended a New York theater together.

The next day they returned together to Harrison, where they had a Thanksgiving feast and made present to the servants. Mrs. Baudouine took charge of her 9-months-old baby, which, according to the agreement at the time of the separation, had remained with her husband. Everything appeared to be harmonious until yesterday, when, according to report, another quarrel occurred and the young wife again left the house, taking her child with her. She is now in Larchmont, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Chatterton, the owner of the Belvidere hotel.

Mr. Baudouine is not at the Larchmont Yacht club today, and no information could be obtained concerning his whereabouts. At his home the servants said that he was in New York. One of the maids said:

"There was no quarrel, but Mr. and Mrs. Baudouine have agreed to disagree and have again separated."

CONVICTED.

Capt. Streeter Is Found Guilty of Killing Burke.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—The jury rendered a verdict today holding Capt. George Wellington Streeter of the District of Lake Michigan, Henry Holby and William McManners guilty of manslaughter and fixing their punishment at imprisonment in the state penitentiary. They were charged with murder of John S. Burke, a watchman, who was guarding lake shore property.

GAFFNEY'S TRIAL

For Murder Has Opened at Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., Dec. 3.—The trial of James Gaffney, charged with attempting to murder Dr. O. C. Hanson, of Neenah, is in progress here.

Gaffney, the defendant, is a son of one of the most prominent and wealthy families of Neenah. He is an attorney by profession. He was married to Agnes Killett, a wealthy and handsome young lady of Neenah, but trouble followed and Mrs. Gaffney secured a divorce on the charges of cruelty and neglect.

Not long ago Gaffney who claimed that Dr. Hanson had alienated his wife's affections and was therefore responsible for his (Gaffney's) domestic unhappiness, called upon Hanson at the latter's office in Neenah and fired two shots at him. It was a narrow escape for Hanson, as one of the bullets was stopped on its way to his heart by the impact of a suspender buckle.

Hanson at the time was said to be engaged to an Oshkosh young lady. There was an effort made to have Gaffney declared insane and committed to the Northern State hospital, but the petition was refused. Gaffney's defense is that he visited the doctor's office merely for a friendly talk and that the doctor immediately assaulted him with a slungshot and that he fired in self-defense.

Music Store Changes Name.

Haakonsen & Westgaard is the name by which the former firm of A. Haakonsen & Co., 7 and 9 First avenue west, hereafter will be known.

Mr. Ingvald Westgaard, who for more than four years has been connected with the Duluth Music company, is since Dec. 1 the junior partner of the firm of Haakonsen & Westgaard, and will have charge of the piano department of the firm. They expect to carry a fine stock of pianos and organs for the holiday trade.

A. Haakonsen & Co. commenced business two years ago on a very modest scale. Today the firm stands as the leaders in musical merchandise at the head of the lakes.

As sole agents for the world-renowned Washburn mandolins, guitars and banjos, they enjoy a splendid trade.

Music of every description and for any instrument is kept constantly on hand. In orchestra and band instruments they are recognized leaders.

We wish the new firm success and predict for them a bright future.

TO REGULATE CURRENCY.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Senator Lodge today introduced a bill to regulate the currency of the Philippine islands and bring it to a gold basis.

WARSHIPS TO VENEZUELA.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Dec. 3.—The British warships Retribution, Charybdis, Carabeas, Alert and Quail sailed today for Venezuela. Two other vessels are now under orders for the same destination.

STRANGE LAND LEECHES.

An army officer returned from duty in the Philippines, telling recently of the many pets—both insect an reptile—which annoyed the American soldiers stationed there, dwelt especially on a rather strenuous land leech that clings to the limbs of saplings on the hillsides and springs upon the passersby with lightninglike rapidity, proceeding immediately to its business of blood-sucking, says the New York Times.

The soldiers dread the presence of these leeches vastly more than they did the Filipinos, and on many occasions when "hiking" after a band of the little brown men the company would be demoralized by a number of these creepy-looking things dropping from the overhead trees on the necks or other exposed parts of the men.

In appearance these blood-sucking vampires resembled much the common leech that is familiar to the American small boy, who has met the creature often in his favorite "swimming hole," but, unlike his sluggish, water-inhabiting contemporary, the strenuous Philippine leech is a land dweller, making his abode on the under sides of young leaves in the higher forest growths.

CRAPS IS THE GAME.

Now Displacing Poker For Several Reasons.

Of all forms of gambling and games of chance that the American mind has conceived, from horse racing to poker, none is more exciting or has a wider range of play than craps, says the Brooklyn Citizen. It is a universal game, as broad in its scope as the fresh air of heaven, only not as wholesome, because it reaches everybody, from the bootblack to the millionaire. Seven or eleven is as magical a combination to the bloated bondholder with sporting blood as to the ebony race track hostler. The rattle of the bones has a sweet music to both that makes the dice game a fescinating medium for the exchange of loose change and century notes.

Stakes, from the despised coppers to those with four figures, have been wagered on the roll of the bones. The sporting fraternity is partial to craps, because you get action for your money all the time, except when the "trimmers" work in a pair of "phonies" on you. Then the "trimmer" gets the action all to himself, if you don't "get wise."

Craps are played in all places and at all seasons. It is at home alike on the street corners and in the big gambling houses. There are blooded spots that would not indulge in any other game of chance. You get a square deal when you roll the bones. It is usually the first game in which money is wagered that young America learns to play. The newsboys gamble their pennies under a street lamp with as much zeal and earnestness as if they were playing for a fortune. If the schoolboys don't gamble for money with the dice, they shoot for pictures.

Brooklyn is not immune from the fever, and the youth of this borough are experts in throwing "Little Joe" or "Big Dick." Sunday is the most favorite time selected by the working boys, who have just got hold of a little spending money for themselves. They are not particular about the location in which to play the game. The police blotters will show hundreds of complaints of pastors whose flocks have been shocked and disturbed by the crap shooters in front of their churches. Not long ago a crowd of young boys was corralled by the police at the door of one of the most fashionable churches in the Bedford district. The circle of players refused to budge when ordered away from the gate by the minister, and completely blocked the entrance to the edifice. A patrol wagon full of policemen was summoned before the blockade was raised.

Craps absorb the attention of the players all the time. A quick eye and and a ready wit are necessary to stay in the game at all. The drones and inexperienced are lambs for the sharps and are caught for what they call "sleepers." Sometimes the players have their minds set on half a dozen bets at one time, any one of which can be decided one way or the other at each roll of the little ivory cubes.

A player rolling the dice announces that he "shoots" either a collar button, a cent or a $10 bill. Whoever lays a like amount against his "shoot" "fades" him. The dice are marked from one to six. The sum of the two numbers that face up after the dice stops rolling is the "shooter's" point. Seven or eleven on the first roll wins. Two, three or twelve is "crap" and lose.

If none of these numvbers turns up on the first roll, then the number that shows is the player's point, and he rolls the dice until he makes seven or the first number rolled. The former loses and the latter wins for the shooter.

It requires the natural brightness of the American to stay in the game. Only a clear head can play successfully. It is the favorite gamble of race track negroes. They have made it characteristic of their race. Craps, a razor and pork chops are the black man's coat of arms. To see a group of shaven black heads sticking out of bright-hued sweaters along the race track fence is as natural as the blue sky overhead or the steward's stand at the finish. A "coon" throws his heart and coul into the game. He goes at it as if his bread and butter depended on it, as it often does. In the language of the betting ring, he "eats it up, Jake."

When the colored man gets hold of the dice in a game he fondles them, talks to them, moistens them, kisses them and commands them. He throws down a quarter in the dust in front of all the other negroes who are down on one knee with their eyes glued on the center of the circle waiting for the bones to roll out. One short, quick glance is all they get for theirs; if they don't see the dice when they stop yelling, the shooter snatches them up and they are at sea as to what's going on unti lanother play is made.

"Shoot two-bits," laconically says the black man, closely eyeing the circle of players. Nobody says a word, and he rolls the whites of his eyes toward the sky and repeats with emphasis and a show of impatience at the others' delay in getting into the game. "Ah shoots two-bits, gen'lmen." Still silence reigns in the circle beneath him. Some of those on their knees begin to whistle softly, as if waiting for something to happen. The big, black fellow, withs a blue and yellow striped sweater, shakes the dice in one hand and picks out one thick-lipped son of Africa to whom he addresses his remarks for the benefit of the whole bunch:

"Ah desire to gamble ma money to der limit of a 25-cent piece; fade me, nigger, fade me."

The dark gentleman addressed pouts and looks up at the human barber pole and mumbles: "Ah don' wan' no part ev your dice, nigger—pass de bones along yere."

With a look of disgust the big fellow picks up his quarter and drops a dime in the dirt.

"Shoot 10 cents," he says, wearily. Immediately a dozen dimes slip from as many fingers, which before seemed frozen. They all shout, "Ah'se got 'em" at once. One darky throws down a $10 bill alongside the dime, and the blue and yellow sweater selects his money as the "fade." He rolls the bones and gets 90 cents in 10-cent passes (which designate the shooter's winning points).

"Shoot the 90 out," says the owner of the $10 bill, who keeps his foot on the greenback all the time it is on the ground. The mixed sweater shoots and loses. He loses his temper with the 90, and shows it by vowing that no "nigger will fade" him with bills again.

In the gambling house the house "fades" everyone that rolls the dice. The dealer stands in the middle of a billiard table on which the points are all marked off with a little cane and pays off the passes and rakes in the coin on the losses. Everybody can bet with the shooter by placing their money in a circle marked "Come Bets." The luck of the shooter is shared with those who place their money down.

The dice rotate around the table among the players. Each shooter passes them to his neighbor when he loses.

A newsboy in Saratoga last summer walked into one of the cheaper gambling houses one night, with 25 cents, the profits of an afternoon's labor. He began shooting at 8 o'clock at night. At 6 o'clock the next morning he had a pile of bills and silver amounting to $640 in front of him. The dealer intimated that he wanted to close up.

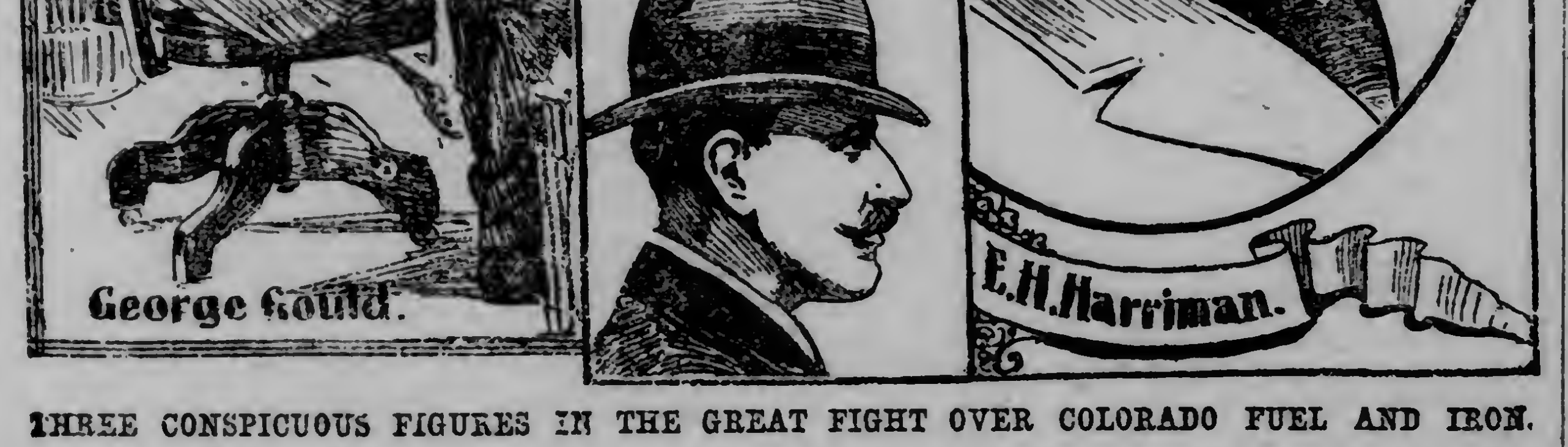
"Let's have a good shoot," said the boy, as coolly as a millionaire. "I'll shoot the whole $640."

"Get home out of nere," said the dealer, pushing the money back.

When the little fellow got home his mother prepared to thrash him for staying out all night. He thought the sight of the money would fix things all right and handed her four crisy $100 bills. She threw them on the floor, thinking they were counterfeits, because she had never seen any of so large a denomination before, and proceeded to lay the slipper on with vigor. The boy ran screaming to his elder brothers' room and pulled him out of bed to convince his mother that the bills were not stage money.

The next night he went back to the gambling house and cleaned up $280 in a few hours. When he came back again the following night there was no crap table in the place. In the parlance of the crap shooters, he nad "sewed up" the game.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.


John C. Osgood.
George Gould.
E.H.Harriman.

THREE CONSPICUOUS FIGURES IN THE GREAT FIGHT OVER COLORADO FUEL AND IRON.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENT.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, Prest.
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cash.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cash.

The American Exchange Bank
OF DULUTH, MINN.

Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposits allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION 25th NOVEMBER, 1902.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts		$1,621,841.41	Capital Stock	$ 500,000.00
Overdrafts		1,737.54	Surplus and Undivided Profits	206,466.16
Real Estate		85,924.62	Deposits	4,591,626.71
Bonds and Stocks		43,819.57		
RESERVE—				
Demand Loans	$2,480,000.00			
Due from Banks	833,394.04			
Cash on Hand	231.375.69	$3,544,769.73		
		$5,298,092.87		$5,298,092.87

We Invite the Accounts and Collections of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, Firms and Individuals.

DIRECTORS:
HAMILTON M. PEYTON
JOHN H. UPHAM
C. A. CONGDON
JOSIAH D. ENSIGN
G. A. TOMLINSON
JAMES C. HUNTER

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth.. Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor.. Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv. Iron Jctn. Lv	8 01	1 13
------	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	------	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar. Virginia. Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	7 42	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	------	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron RangeR R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00	6:3
1:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
1:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:05	7:55	Ar....... Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m. * 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m. * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
win City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. • Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—.......LOCAL.......—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
165 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank A. Blescke, of Washburn county, Wis., and Luella Furlong.

DEATHS.

KIMEIER—The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Kimeier occurred at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The service was held in her late residence in the Osborne block, and the body was taken to Neillsville, Wis., for burial.

Mrs. Kimeier died Dec. 1, of Bright's disease, after an illness of eight months. She was 42 years of age and leaves one child, Miss Maud Kimeier.

PASTORET—The funeral of Mrs. Nicholas Pastoret will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the German Catholic church. The interment will be at Calvary cemetery.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

ANY OLD SKIN WILL DO FOR OTHers. Uwanta satin skin; therefore use Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c. Found best by test.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

Answers come thick and fast when your little advertisement is in The Herald Want Columns---Everyone reads The Herald and it goes everywhere

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Eight room house with heat and all modern conveniences, on centrally located corner 50 by 140 feet in size with ample space on rear for small flat building.

$9000 Seventy-five feet on upper side Second street, west of Second avenue East, with large modern house.

$7500 Sixty feet fronting on lower side Superior street, near 4th avenue East. A bargain.

$1800 full sized lot on upper side London Road, near Fifteenth avenue East.

$1650 Full sized lot on upper side London Road near Sixteenth avenue East.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

ONLY $500 will buy 25x140 feet on 4th St., near 13th Ave. E., upper side of street; lies fine. For sale exclusively by

GEO. H. CROSBY

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

5-acre tracts near Arnold school.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.

Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

200 feet corner Ninth avenue East and First street.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

40 ACRES

Adjoining Fond du Lac at a bargain. We can offer several small tracts fronting on St. Louis River, near New Duluth.

A.C.Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Building.

SUPERIOR STREET BARGAIN.

100 feet corner Seventh avenue West. Rents on improvements will carry investment.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

STOCKS. STOCKS.

Cerro Escarlata Gold Mines Co., Sonora, Mexico.

Good Features: First—Low capitalization, $500,000; second—valuable properties; third—management almost same as Copper Glance.

For particulars call upon, address, phone or wire

WM. KAISER.
Both phones. 106 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

2132 West Second street, 4-room flat, city water, per month...... **$9.00**

2226 West Fourth street, four rooms on 2nd floor, per month... **$7.50**

1423 West Superior street, 5-room flat, city water, sewer, etc., per month **$14.00**

1821 West Second street, 6-room house, city water and sewer, per month................ **$15.00**

425 Fourth avenue East, 8-room house, hot and cold water bath, full sized basement with cement floor, all in good condition, per month........... **$25.00**

2409 West Superior street, 7-room house with city water, per Month.............. **$22.50**

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

A Few Choice Deals.

100 feet on Second street, southeast corner 25th avenue East. There isn't a handsomer double corner in the city.................. **$2000**

75 feet upper side Second street between 25th and 26th avenues East.................. **$1500**

50 feet upper side Second street between 24th and 25th avenues East **$1000**

100 feet S. E. corner Third street and 26th avenue E..... **$1000**

100 feet upper side Third street, between 26th and 27th avenues East.................. **$700**

All of the above property is beautiful and much lower comparatively than other lots in that locality.

50 feet on Superior street, lower side, near Twenty-fourth avenue East.................. **$1250**

Adjoining lot held at $2000.

50 feet, upper side Superior street, between 21st and 22nd avenue West.................. **$4000**

50 feet, upper side Superior street, between 23rd and 24th avenue West.................. **$2600**

25 feet, upper side Superior street, between 18th and 19th avenue West.................. **$2250**

25 feet, upper side Superior street, between 19th and 20th avenue West.................. **$2800**

We believe Superior street property at the West End the best purchase in the city for a sure and large advance.

50 feet upper side First street between 19th and 20th avenue West, with good two story building, stone foundation, water, sewer, etc. renting for $53 per month.............. **$5000**

Building alone cost over $4500. This is a snap.

$3,000 mortgage at 5 per cent, running three years, $1500 cash.

The above are only samples.

5 per cent Money to Loan.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

TO EXCHANGE.

FINE HOUSE AND LOT NEAR BUSINESS center, paying 7 per cent on value, to exchange for land within or near Duluth or Superior, suitable for dairying, gardening and farming. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

House.

We are offering a ten-room house near ore dock and the Bryant school in first class condition in every respect; would cost at least $1500 to build the house; lot valued at $400; the owner refuses to rent it; can be bought for $1000 very easy terms; we have offered no better bargain this year.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

A property well improved, building in excellent condition, located on Third avenue East and rents for $10 per year, price.. **$6000**

Cottage on East Fifth street, city water, sewer and bath, lot 25x140.......... **$2000**

Seven-room house on East Eighth street. Lot 25x140, good well. Price only.............. **$900**

50-foot lot on East Superior street, between 19th and 20th avenues, only........ **$1350**

Lot on Central avenue, West Duluth. Now is the time to buy this property............ **$600**

LITTLE & NOLTE
Under American Exchange Bank.

Small lot in East End 40x50. Street improved. Near car line, Easy terms........................ **$600**

6-room house on East Fourth street.............................. **$1550**

Full lot on West Third street near Third avenue East........ **$3200**

E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange Building.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Rufus C. Jefferson,
Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre, St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Leila Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph P. Winston as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein.
Defendants.

SUMMONS—
The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants, being all the owners or lien-holders who are known, of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, and the west one-half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, all in section thirteen (13) in township fifty (50) north of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota; and to all other persons, unknown, having or claiming any interest in the said lands:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office at 310 First National Bank building, in Duluth, Minn., within twenty days after service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the plaintiff's complaint within the said time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

The action is one for partition of the lands above mentioned herein, and no personal claims is made against any of the defendants, except only for a lien upon their interest in said lands for their proportionate share of the proper expenses of this action.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Nov. 1st, 1902.
J. B. RICHARDS,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Residence, 2321 East First street,
Duluth, Minn.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Rufus C. Jefferson,
Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife, Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre, St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Leila Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph P. Winston as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein.
Defendants.

NOTICE IN LIS PENDENS—
Notice is hereby given to all parties concerned that an action has been commenced and is now pending in the said court in which the above named plaintiff is plaintiff and said named defendants are defendants, the object of which is to obtain a partition of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, and the west one-half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, all in section (13) thirteen, in township fifty (50) north of range fourteen (14) west of the 5th principal meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota; or for a sale and division of the proceeds if partition cannot properly be made of said lands.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Nov. 1st, 1902.
J. B. RICHARDS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald—Nov-26—Dec-3-10-17-24-31—1902.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR SMALL house and barn on good-sized lot, centrally located. Must be cheap. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$7000 Buys 50 feet, upper side 3rd street, West of Ninth avenue East, with fine improvements that pay 11 per cent net on the purchase price.

$1100 Buys cosy cottage in Endion, in fine condition, one block from street cars.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1100 Buys 7-room house on Seventh street in good condition.

$100 cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a 6-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

FIRE INSURANCE

Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MILLINERY.

DISCOUNT ON UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS flavor, use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First Ave. W. Both phones.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 17-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe. Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

FOR RENT—VERY NICE PIANO. 616 East Fourth street.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED ON SHORT NOtice. Good work guaranteed, without damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

UNIVERSAL BEKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

TURKISH BATHS

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES TAILORING—Good work, prices reasonable; new styles in shirt waists. Mrs. J.M.Stanley,rm 8, over Big Duluth.

DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILoring. Mrs. Walker, 1415 E. Third street.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NATIONal Bank building. Zenith phone 831.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

YOUNG UNMARRIED BUSINESS MAN good looking, strictly temperate and good ability; owns good business house and lot; doing very well, but too short of money to carry very big stock, wants to take in partnership some respectable and well-appearing lady with some capital to invest in good paying business. Would share big profit. Please address 58, Herald.

I WANT $700 MORE IN MY BUSINESS. Will pay an honest, sober man $60 per month for the use of that sum and his services. Easy inside position and steady. Will give security for the money. Range town. Address R. F., Herald, Duluth, Minn.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 201½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 691.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van & Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — FINE NEW TAILOR-made suit, at about half its value. Fits medium weight man; good height. Julius Lieske's, 7 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ST. BERNARD DOG. INquire 628 Twenty-first avenue west.

Upright Piano $148 USED 8 months perfect condition, fine case and tone. $10 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—A CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows, just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue East.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OF LAND NEAR Highland station, on D. & I. R. railroad. Suitable for farming purposes. Address box 793, Two Harbors.

Upright Piano $158 Elegant Walnut finish case, beautiful tone and action. $15 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—THOUSAND ACRES northwest of Hibbing, $5 per acre. Also state leases for sale. Address P 93, Herald.

Square Piano $48 GOOD REpair and sweet tone. $5 cash and $3 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY horse, perfectly gentle, with harness and runabout wagon, complete. Inquire 506 Board of Trade.

JUST RECEIVED—TWO CARLOADS OF horses, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and see them. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

Salaried loans on plain notes to male or female employes. No mortgage. No endorser. No publicity. You give your personal note and get $10.00 to $150.00 We make a specialty of loans on horses, cattle, pianos and furniture in amounts of $10.00 to $500.00. Loans to be paid in small weekly or monthly payments to suit borrower. Investigate and be convinced that our rates and terms are the best in the city. Information cheerfully given. All inquiries or business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
Zenith 'phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED HARDWARE clerk would like position of some kind. Address O 20, Herald.

EDUCATED YOUNG LADY, WITH knowledge of bookkeeping wishes position for the afternoons. O 21, Herald.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, place to cook in boarding house or camp. O 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wishes position. Address O 11, Herald.

LADY, IN NEED OF WORK, WOULD like sewing of any kind to do at home. 704½ East Second street.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN as night clerk in hotel. Address O 17, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as stationary engineer or fireman. Three and one-half years' experience O 14, Herald.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTS evening work. Apply 413 Providence building.

WANTED—POSITION AS GROCERY clerk; best of references. Address Alfred Thompson, general delivery.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in law, real estate, loan or insurance office as stenographer. Has had experience. Address O. 13, Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING TO DO at home. Call at 523 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WASHING WANTED TO TAKE HOME. 1707 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker would like sewing by the day. 230 Fourth avenue West.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as timekeeper in lumber camp. Address C 3, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER WISHes position. O 11, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRApher, by young man with experience. Will assist in bookkeeping. Address O 2, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 15—position as porter for small wages and attend night school. O 3, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE WORK IN dressmaking establishment. Has had experience. O 4, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHing and ironing by the day. Address O 1, Herald.

PALMISTRY.

THE ORIGINAL GYPSY QUEEN FROM Hindoo. The famous palmist, not a made-up gypsy, but comes from a long line of world-famed fortune tellers. Has told fortunes all over the world. Speaks seven different languages. Tells past, present and future; advice given in love, courtship and marriage. Gives height and complexion of your future wife or husband. Tells how to settle legal troubles without lawyers. A specialty of business readings. 1423 West Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAITress at the North Land restaurant, 220 Lake avenue south.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in light housework; family of three; good wakes. Flat D, Bostwick.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, COOKS, $30; waitresses, $18; second cooks, $25, and general girls. Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Apply No. 721 East Third street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED housemaid. 1801 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. CALL evenings, 1916 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSMAKer. Call after 4 p. m. 211 St. Croix Ave.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 2001 East First street.

SEWING GIRLS WANTED AT MRS. Walker's, 1415 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid, also laundry girl. Apply St. Louis Hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Family of two. 611 East First street.

WANTED—COOK, MUST KNOW HOW. $20. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family. 318 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — LADY TO TAKE CASH at Crystal restaurant nights. Must be accurate in making change. Bring references.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. ITASCA R. R. Hotel, Itasca, Wis.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third St.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEMAID at 513 West Second street.

SAVE—50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge; call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLOTHing salesman, steady position. Apply The Hub Clothing store.

WANTED — A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, fair salary paid. Address applications to O 19, Herald.

TWO CANVASSERS WISHING POSItions, please call or address T. E. McKibbon, 1722 West Superior street, Duluth.

500 RAILROAD LABORERS, SOUTH, low rates; 50 station men for Paulson & Larson, Antigo, Wis.; 40 pulpwood cutters; 50 tie makers, cedar and tamarack; 100 woodsmen. First-class camps and pay. E. Downie, Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—SMART YOUNG MAN WITH some experience in grocery business. Call after 7:30 p. m., 508 West Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman, Scandinavian preferred. Peoples Clothing House, 401 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD REliable jobbers, owning teams and outfits to get out ties and pulpwood. Duluth Log company, 201-204 Palladio building.

EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR A good canvasser. Globe Cabinets, 9 First avenue West.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER men to learn the barber trade. Years saved by our method of free work, expert instructions, etc. Tools presented, wages Saturdays; board provided. Write. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO LEARN watchmaking and the jewelry trade. Six months' time required. Salary while you learn. Address Stone's Watchmaking School, 720 Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED— THREE FIRST-CLASS coatmakers Meir.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN SECURE LIBERAL CONtracts representing one of the best sick and accident insurance companies in state. Hospital benefits connected. Union Mutual Insurance, 305-6 Palladio building, Duluth.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

FOR PIANO, VOCAL OR VIOLIN LESsons attend "Bradbury School of Music." Instruction by best teachers in every branch of musical learning. 10 Columbus building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — GRIP CONTAINING BOOKS and circulars International Correspondence school. Notify Herald. Reward given.

LOST—LADIES' BEADED POCKETbook, Monday. Finder leave at L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

LOST — POCKETBOOK BETWEEN Fourth avenue east and Omaha Packing company, containing $60. Finder return to Herald and receive reward.

FOUND—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SET of drafting tools in case; owner can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this ad.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE, MODERN improvements. 15½ East Fourth street alley. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 4514 Dodge street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. INquire 505 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; $8 per month. 912 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End, for a few months. Address K 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, EAST Fourth street, city water. Inquire 715 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—No. 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Charles A. Stark, 213 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water; $12. William Kaiser, No. 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-eighth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. $12. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE HOUSES from $7.50 to $12 per month, by George H. Crosby.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FINE ROOMS, WITH OR without board, for three or more persons. 20 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICE ROOMS. 826 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 16 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with cook stoves and dishes, for light housekeeping. 313 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room; central; gentleman preferred. 209 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. 210 East Second street.

FOR RENT — UNFURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen or man and wife. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS, 9 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED - FURnished room. O 15, Herald.

FOR RENT—ONE FRONT FURNISHED room. 127 First avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. Inquire 7 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS SINgle or ensuite. Coal heat, call third floor brick building, corner Second avenue West and First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT REASONable rates, with or without board. 22 East Superior street. Inquire Room 14.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heated. Suitable for two gentlemen. Mrs. Reed, 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room for party of two or three. 24 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED steam-heated room, for gentleman, in private family; centrally located. R 25, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 8½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, GENtlemen preferred. 531 West Third street.

FOR RENT— ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping from $2 to $3 each, including water; centrally located. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN LUNDberg & Stone's bookstore.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT. 224 Mesaba avenue north.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT—$11. INQUIRE 704 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat; central. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NEW 5-ROOM FLAT, water, sewer, closet. Corner Twenty-fourth avenue west and Fourth street. T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and bath. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED BRICK flat, 13¼ East Fourth street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange bank.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT WITH city water and toilet, $12.50. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—THREE FURnished rooms, housekeeping. Satisfactery references. O 25, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD; GOOD home cooking, at Mrs. Ranney's, 313 Second avenue West.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, 519-521 W. Mich. St., steam heated, electric light. Special rates by the week. Our meals are the best in the city. Get our rates.

TABLE BOARD AND NICELY FURnished rooms. Modern and central. Brick house and warm, 318 West Second street. Zenith 491.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — TO BOARD, A FOX TERrier (female) for the winter. Address O 18, Herald.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS, DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

RESTAURANT.

THE CHICAGO COMPANY CHINESE restaurant. Fine Chop Sue, 318 Lake avenue south, is now open for business.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

BETHEL RESCUE HOME.

FOR WOMEN. 432 SIXTH AVENUE east. Admission any hour of day or night. Phone 172.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEdium, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderat prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE SERVICE company. Offices 206-7 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT, AT reasonable rates. J. P. Rossman, [illegible] Torrey Bldg., new 'phone [illegible].

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props.. 14 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, MASSAGE TREATMENTS. Relief from rheumatism guaranteed. Reference given. Old 'phone 680-5 rings.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St. Upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 1, 1902. Work—election of officers. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, acting secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 8, 1902. Work—Election officers. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 10, 1902. Work Election officers. F. W. Turner H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Dec. 2. Work—Templar degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Co.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Official visit of Deputy Grand Chancellor, and refreshments served. Dec. 2. Come! G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

12 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FOURTEEN PERSONS CAUGHT LIKE RATS IN A TRAP IN THE LINCOLN HOTEL, CHICAGO, MEET A HORRIBLE DEATH

SHEVLIN TALKED OF

For Place on Isthmian Canal Commission.

Work In Behalf of Canadian Reciprocity.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thomas H. Shevlin, national committeeman for Minnesota, was among those who called upon the president yesterday. Mr. Shevlin and the president are old friends and Shevlin said his call was a purely social one, but the wise ones assert that the president will offer him a place on the isthmian canal commission. The president, it is known, desires to appoint yong men of energetic character, and Shevlin is credited with fitting Roosevelt's ideal exactly. Representatives Morris and McClearly also called on the president.

* * *

There is a great deal of quiet work being done to work up sentiment in favor of a Canadian reciprocity treaty, and C. V. Mortis, of Minneapolis, is here looking over the situation in the interest of Minnesota products which would be benefited by such a treaty. A convention is soon to be held at Detroit to discuss increased reciprocal relations with Canada and the advance guard is now in Washington to feel the pulse of congress on the proposition. It is believed the Detroit convention will find congressional sentiment sufficiently favorable to Canadian reciprocity to warrant the appointment of a committee to lay their plans in a formal way before the committees of the house and senate.

* * *

The action of the New York and Pennsylvania delegations assures the election of Joseph Cannon as speaker of the next house. He already has 130 Republican votes pledged to him and before the end of the month there will be no other candidate dreamed of. Pennsylvania's action in abandoning the candidacy of Mr. Dalzell knocks in the head the incipient boom for "Dave" Mercer, of Nebraska, who has been urged by some of his Western colleages to enter the race for the clerkship. Pennsylvania will support McDowell for re-election and he will be chosen. Frank Lyon, of New York, will probably have no opposition in his candidacy for the election as doorkeeper, and Col. Casson, of Wisconsin, will continue as sergeant-at-arms. Seven years ago when the "combine" was formed with Hooker, of New York, and Stone, of Pennsylvania, as "combinists," a great commotion was created. The "combine" was to be smashed at the end of a year. Yet that same combination is virtually intact, and so well have the men selected for the offices performed their duties that they will all be elected next December practically without opposition.

* * *

An increase of pension to $8 monthly has been granted to Rufus A. Sanborn, of Princeton, Minn.

A TREASURER SUICIDES

Howard T. Goodwin, of the Columbia Mining Company and Confidential Clerk For Cassatt & Co., Shoots Himself.

Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—Howard T. Goodwin, the treasurer of the Columbia Mining company, and confidential clerk of the firm of J. G. Cassatt & Co., bankers and brokers, committed suicide at the office of that firm in the Arcade building, Fifteenth and Market streets, some time during the night by shooting himself in the head. He was found early today lying on a lounge in the rear office by one of the watchmen employed in the building. When found Mr. Goodwin had a revolver grasped tightly in his right hand, and the lounge was saturated with blood which had flowed from the wound. Mr. Goodwin was busily engaged in performing some work in the office when the clerks departed shortly after 6 o'clock last evening. That was the last seen of him alive. At the office of Cassatt & Co. today it was said no cause for the suicide had been learned.

MUST CONVICT WRIGHT FIRST

Honolulu, Nov. 26, via San Francisco, Dec. 4.—J. Alfred Magoon, the attorney indicted for assisting Treasurer Wright to escape, knowing that he had committed a felony, has demurred to the indictment on the ground that he cannot be convicted until after Wright has been convicted, and it is thereby shown that he had indeed committed a felony. The Hawaiian senate adjourned until Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

A JOKE RESULTS FATALLY

New York, Dec. 4.—Harry Wright, an employe of a locomotive works in Paterson, N. J., today died as a result of a practical joke played on him by five of his fellow workmen. They were arrested charged with causing his death. It is alleged that they "blew up" Wright with a pneumatic air pump, having a pressure of 110 pounds to the inch. The young man's stomach became greatly distended and after several hours of great suffering he died.

VAN SANT STILL SILENT

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—Governor Van Sant today said he would not say anything on the speakership fight today, but would speak some time later. This is the nearest approach to any news that there is in the contest for house presiding officer today.

THIRD LOCK FOR THE "SOO"

Washington, Dec. 4.—The proposition of the vessel interests, which has been under consideration for several years, for a third lock at the Soo in order to take care of the immense increase in tonnage that passes through every year, has finally taken concrete form. The necessary bill was introduced yesterday by Senator Burrows. No estimate is attached, but the measure was referered to the committee on commerce and will go to the war department for report as to necessity, feasibility, cost, etc. There will be no delay on this score, as the plan has already been recommended.

WERE ALL INSURED.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—Deputy Coroner Boecher, in an official statement made today, declared that the result of the inquest held over the body of Mrs. Kate Smith, whose death was the sixth occurring during the last eleven months of persons nearly related, revealed the fact that all of the dead, except a baby, had been insured.

THE SITE OF CASS LAKE

Mrs. Lydeck Wins Title After Long Contest.

The Loss to "Squatters" Will Be Very Heavy.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The government has given a woman and her two children full title to a large portion of a town in Minnesota. The secretary of the interior decided the contest, involving a portion of section 16, which includes a portion of the town of Cass Lake, Minn.

Nellie Lydeck and her two children, as Chippewa Indians, applied for allotments on this section before the establishment of the town of Cass Lake. At that time a suit was pending in the United States supreme court to determine whether the section had passed to the state under the school law act or belonged to the Indians.

Because of the pendency of this suit, while he otherwise sustained the applications of Mrs. Lydeck and children for allotments, Secretary Hitchcock at that time deferred action upon her legal request. He proposed to wait until the highest court determined whether this section belonged to the state.

Later the United States supreme court decided the issue against the state, and Mrs. Lydeck pressed her application for the allotments.

In the meantime many of the Cass Lake people, disregarding the notice given by the Indian bureau, went upon the section and erected improvements. This work was done after the filing of the Lydeck applications and after they were shown upon the public records.

The townspeople recently protested against the allowance of allotments and asked to take the land under the townsite law.

Secretary Hitchcock's decision has sustained the Indian allotment applications as being first in point of time. Mrs. Lydeck and her children have the right to the land.

In the opinion of the secretary the townspeople had such notice of the true situation as to preclude them from obtaining any rights by their subsequent occupation.

A part of the town of Cass Lake, which was sold a couple of years ago at public auction for the purpose of a townsite, occupied section 15. This is not affected by the decision.

The remaining portion of the town passes to the ownership of Mrs. Lydeck and her children. They will have title to all improvements.

Nearly 1000 persons who "squatted" on the tract covered by the Lydeck allotment are deprived of homes, and buildings which cost in the neighborhood of $100,000, according to State Auditor R. C. Dunn, will have to be abandoned unless the occupants make terms with the successful litigants.

The decision of the secretary of the interior is not final, but should the squatters conclude to continue the fight they must appeal to the courts.

A dozen or more years ago the state of Minnesota claimed that it was entitled to sections 16 and 36 of every township on Indian reservations as soon as they were opened to settlement.

The laws of the United States apportion two sections of public lands in every township to school purposes, and the state claimed that as soon as the Indian reservations were opened, it should be given title to the lands.

The matter slumbered for many years, and finally Auditor Dunn took it up, and enlisted the support of the late United States Senator C. K. Davis, and a suit was instituted.

Senator Davis died before the suit was determined, and last night Mr. Dunn said the state lost at least $1,000,000, for had the senator lived, Mr. Dunn is confident that a decision favorable to the state would have been made.

Instead of granting the state title to these sections, the court held that it should be allowed to select other lands in lieu of them.

This profited the state little, for most of the good land had been appropriated by homesteaders, and only practically worthless lands remained for the state to appropriate.

MOVEMENTS OF ENEMY

Represented By Admiral Sumner Will Now Be Clothed With Secrecy Until He Reaches Port Chosen For Scene of Attack.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Wednesday, Dec. 3.—Rear Admiral Sumner has issued an order with respect to the neutrality of Trinidad. With the departure of the gunboat Eagle this morning communication with the shore ceased and from now on the movements of the "enemy's" squadron will be cloaked in mystery. While Admiral Sumner has not indicated when he proposes to sail the understanding among officers of the vessels under him is that the squadron will leave the gulf of Paris at 5 o'clock tomorrow. There is a light house at Boca Grande, the exit from the gulf and apprehension is felt that the keeper may communicate with the United States consul who will telegraph to Rear Admiral Higginson, commanding the defending fleet, the course and speed of the "enemy." Consequently Admiral Sumner proposes when out of sight of land to change his course and speed and then proceed to the port chosen for the scene of the attack.

It is often the case that the course of warships is followed by boxes and other refuses thrown overboard. Therefore Admiral Sumner has decided that such debris be put in condition to sink immediately when thrown into the sea, or that it be burned. New code signals for use day and night have been arranged in order to prevent their being read by Admiral Higginson's scouts. Though his squadron is stronger than the one commanded by Admiral Cervera, Admiral Sumner declare that the problem before him is more difficult than of the Spaniards, as the latter were able to choose ports in Cuba as well as in Porto Rico and Culebra. Moreover, the Spaniards moved from the Cape Verde islands, while Admiral Sumner's command is close and is limited in regard to time.

MRS. ZORN WITHDRAWS

Wife of Dr. Zorn Has Changed Her Mind About Seeking a Divorce After Consulting With Her Husband.

Kansas City, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Zorn today withdrew her suit, filed yesterday, asking a divorce from her husband, Dr. Louis Zorn, and for the return of a fortune left by her father, once a wealthy St. Louisan and which, it is asserted, was worth $$250,000. Dr. Zorn, who has been held in the county jail charged with murder in the first degree, for having shot his tenant, Albert Sechrest, was permitted to return to his home today under guard of officers and see his wife. The interview resulted in Mrs. Zorn deciding to withdraw her suit.

Mrs. Sechrest, who is the state's principal witness in the case against Zorn, caused a sensation ten days ago by throwing a note, pinned to a hat, into the Missouri river at Leavenworth, stating that she had drowned herself and baby. Later both were found at the home of the woman's parents at Lincoln, Neb.

WOULD CORRECT AN ERROR

Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Clapp today introduced an amendment to the immigration bill, which provides that Duluth, St. Vincent and Warroad shall be created ports of entry for immigrants. The bill to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States, as drawn, neglected to mention the ports of Duluth, St. Vincent and Warroad, and Senator Clapp's amendment merely seeks to correct this error.

CATASTROPHE IS MOST APPALLING

Some Guests Were Suffocated, Others Burned In Attempts to Escape.

Fire Escape Gave Way, Hurling Three Men to Death on Pavement Below.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Fourteen persons among the scores crowded into the Lincoln hotel at 176 Madison street met death shortly before 6 o'clock this morning in a fire which will pass into local history as one of the most horrible Chicago has ever experienced.

Death came suddenly to a few, but with awful slowness to others who were penned in the death trap and suffocated or burned to death. Some died in their rooms, some chanced all in jumping and lost, while others were found in the hallways where they had expired with their fingers dug into the cracks of the floor.

All of the bodies were recovered, as the hotel was not destroyed.

The dead:

M. M. HANDY, Janesville, Wis.
H. K. WOOD, Lebanon, Ind.
SAMUEL L. YOCUM, Davenport, Iowa.
J. C. YOCUM, Davenport.
F. L. EWING, Marietta, Ohio.
A. B. COON, Marengo, Ill.
T. V. SLOCUM, Waconda, Ill.
WARD LOWE, Sechlersville, Wis.
F. W. CAREY, Bucyrus, Ohio.
ED TONEY, Milwaukee.
B. F. BOSWELL, lived at hotel.

Three of the victims still remain unidentified.

The victims were taken to Ralston's morgue, and all day the place was filled with anxious people interested in the dead, or seeking to assure themselves of the safety of friends or relatives.

The building was a fire trap of the worst kind, according to experts. There were but two exits, a narrow stairway leading down the four floors of the building, and an uncompleted fire escape in the rear.

The fire started on the second floor, presumably from a lighted cigar dropped on the carpet. Guest occupying upper rooms in the front part of the hostelry, aroused by the screams of a woman, were able to escape down the stairway, and about thirty people reached safety by means of the fire escape. To add to the horror, however, this gave way while others were attempting to escape, and three men were dashed to death on the pavement of the alley below.

For the people in the rear there was no escape save by jumping. The stairway was in flames and the fire escape gone. Horror stricken faces appeared at the windows and cried frantically for help. Firemen cried back at them to wait until nets or mattresses could be brought, and those who did in most cases escaped with slight injuries. But some, crazed with fright, jumped to the pavement and were either killed or badly hurt.

With great difficulty the fire, although comparatively a small one, was subdued, but it was some time before rescuers could penetrate the dense bank of smoke which filled the place. It was an awful scene which met their gaze. The dead or unconscious lying stretched on the floors, and in some cases, on their beds. Some had attempted to slip a garment before making for the street, but had been overcome, but most of them were in their night clothes.

Every store and other hotels in the vicinity was filled with men and women who had escaped with only their night gowns. An investigation will be made. A fire wall around the freight elevator and other precautionary alterations had been ordered some time ago, but the matter had been neglected.

Up to 10 o'clock last night persons were taken in at the hotel, and in every room or place in which a cot could be erected, it is said, guests were accommodated. At that time a large number of stockmen with their families were turned away. The hotel was filled. Shortly after the fire broke out the firemen rushed up the stairway to the rescue. Men, women and children were carried down ladders, fire escapes and smoke-filled halls. In one instance a fierman of engine No. 2 saved a woman from running to the rear of the building to certain death on the fourth floor of the roof of the building at 178 Madison street. The woman held her 7-year-old son in her arms. She was Mrs. J. S. Shephard and her sons name is Frederick. She was then carried from the roof of the building to the Brevoort house, where a physician was summoned. It was found that their injuries were slight.

A short time after the fire was discovered consternation reigned on the upper floors. Mrs. Shephard's son was one of the first to be wakened by the smoke. He awakened his mother and both began screaming. Many persons were thus warned of the danger and made their escape. The woman was so panic-stricken, however, that she was not among the first to attempt to escape, and she was making her way into the most dangerous part of the building when a fireman seized her and her son and conducted them to the floor below, where he dropped them out of a window.

J. E. Herbert, of Salinesville, Ohio, jumped from the fourth floor, where he had been sleeping. He struck on the roof of No. 178 Madison street, near where Mrs. Shephard fell. His right leg was broken and he suffered internal injuries. He was taken to the county hospital.

W. J. Thomas, a mail clerk of Cedar Rapids, jumped through a window on the fourth floor, and in his blind haste narrowly escaped falling to the street. He managed to make his way to the fire escape and climbed to the ground. Previous to Thomas' escape twenty-five to thirty persons had climbed down the fire escape to the street. All were in their night clothing.

Allen Oldorf, of Milwaukee, made a perilous descent from the fourth floor by scaling the wall by means of the iron shutters. Oldorf stated that he had seen at least a dozen persons on the top floor, vainly endeavoring to make their way from the building by means of the front stairway.

F. A. Smith, proprietor of the hotel, said:

"I am certainly not to blame for this awful catastrophe. Three weeks ago the agents of this building were notified to place a stairway in the rear of the building and also to build a fire wall around the freight elevator shaft in the rear. The contractors came and looked the building over, but nothing was done. Last night our seventy rooms were all filled and I should judge that we had about 125 to 150 guests. From what I can learn the fire started in the rear of the building, on the second floor. This probably accounts for the escape of guests who occupied front rooms on the upper floors. They had an opporutnity to reach the stairway before the flames reached that part of the building, but the occupants of the rear rooms were cut off by the flames. Most of our guests last night were persons who came to Chicago to visit the stock show and knew little of the building."

Chief Musham, of the fire department, said that it was the worst fire he had attended during his career as a fireman, and that so dence was the smoke that it was impossible to reach the imprisoned guests, who died like rats in a cage. When the firemen finaly managed to make their way into the rooms, the sight that met their gaze was appalling. Men and boys lay about on the floors of the rooms where they had fallen in their attempt to escape.

"The building," said the chief, "was one of the worst fires traps I have ever seen. The floors in places had cracks in them large enough to drop a pencil through and the smoke just sifted through and suffocated the inmates of the rooms before they had time to make their way into the hallways."

REED

Passed Comfortable Night and Condition Is Not Alarming.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Former Speaker Thomas B. Reed, who is ill at the Arlington hotel, in this city, passed a reasonably comfortable night. When his physicians called this morning they found that the symptoms of appendicitis which developed yesterday had abated somewhat, but, on the contrary, there were indications of kidney complications. These complications are due, they say, to the fact that for two or three days Mr. Reed has been subsisting practically on liquid diet, largely champagne. The effect of this would be to induce a little kidney trouble, so that the present complications are not regarded as serious. Mrs. Reed and her daughter, Miss Kittie, who arrived last evening, are assured that the present condition of Mr. Reed is not alarming.

The following bulletin was issued today by Mr. Reed's physicians:

"Mr. Reed's temperature at 8 a. m. was 100; pulse 84; respiration 36. Symptoms of appendicitis abating. Some kidney complications threatening."

TO DEMAND INCREASE.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 4.—It is authoritatively stated that the miners will demand an increase of 20 cent a ton in the scale of pick-mined coal.

CABLE STEAMER ARRIVES.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The British steamer Silverton, which is to lay the cable between this city and Honolulu, arrived here today from London after a voyage of eighty days.

LICENSES TO HUNT.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Incomplete returns are as yet received by the state game and fish commission on the number of deer licenses issued during the present season, but it is believed that the total will be about 10,000. Last year the total was 8172. St. Louis county issued about 2500 this year.

COMMISSIONTHREATENS

To Adopt Rules Which Will Hasten Strike Inquiry If Attorneys Do Not Agree on Some Method of Procedure.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 4.—There were no developments this morning looking toward a settlement outside the commission of the existing troubles between the mine workers and their employers. Rumors of peace are still current, but none of the attorneys on either side profess to have any information on the subject. It is hoped by the strike commission that the attorneys will find a way to expedite the hearings. Up to this time the proceedings have been somewhat slow, and the commission threatens to adopt rules that will hasten matters if the attorneys of both sides do not agree on some method of presenting the statistics and other data relating to wages. The lawyers have held several conferences, and it is likely they will soon come to some understanding.

Andrew Mattey, a Slavonian, who was employed at Coxe Bros.' colliery, was the first witness called. He was the president of his local union, and was told by the company, he said, that if he quit the union he would be given a boss job. He refused and later was given such bad work that he gave up his job. He said he was the means of bringing fourteen Slavs to this country at the instance of a breaker boss at the Coxe mines. They were promised $1.10 a day, but received only 65 to 80 cents a day.

When the witness was asked by Mr. Darrow how many times he had seen the mine inspector in the mines, Commissioner Watkins asked the purpose of the question. Mr. Darrow said that as a rule the mine inspector is accompanied by a company official and therefore a miner is afraid to make a complaint in the presence of his boss. Mr. Mitchell maintained inspectors should be unaccompanied and their attention not diverted from bad places in the mines.

It was decided to invite all mine inspectors to testify regarding the point raised.

CLERKS STICK TO THE UNION

Buffalo, Dec. 4.—A special to the News from Suspension Bridge says that men are being brought there to take the places of a number of Michigan Central freight clerks, who are said to have resigned their positions rather than give up membership in their labor union. Superintendent Morford of St. Thomas is at Suspension Bridge. He brought with him eight men from Detroit, but when they learned the condition of affairs they refused to stay. The Detroit men stated that they were given to understand that there was a blockade of freight and their assistance was needed by the regular force.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

There can be no broader guarantee of excellence than "BURROWS" on a Christmas box or package.

This store so correctly mirrors every good taste and style that it is regarded as an authority for everything men and boys wear.

Burrows' House Coats Are Ready!

They are not to be judged by the prices here. Wait 'till you see them. If any of them were made to your order by the tailor who made 'em, you'd have to pay double our price.

Smoking Jackets at $5—Made of tricot cloth; bound with silk; collar and cuffs trimmed to match; garnet, blue and brown.

At $7.50—Double-faced cloth, fastened with frogs; variety of colorings; finished with silk cord.

At $8.50—Handsomest double-faced cloth; red and black, hunter's green and plaid. Better ones at **$10.00.**

Smoking Jackets, all sizes, 34 to 44.

Dressing Gowns at $10.00—Well covered patterns, with bound edge. Neck and waist cords. Others at **$12.50** and **$16.50.**

Very handsome dressing gowns made of golfing cloths for **$20.**

Turkish Bath Robes at $4.00.

Young's New York Hats—winter styles now ready.
Hanan's Shoes—Dent's Gloves—Exquisite Neckwear.

M. S. Burrows

Suit Cases—ones that please—up from $5.00.

DEATH LIST.

United States Minister Buck to Japan Dies Suddenly.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The Japanese minister called at the state department in haste today to communicate to Secretary Hay a cablegram he had received from the minister of foreign affairs at Tokio dated today stating that while Mr. Buck, the United States minister to Japan, was on a hunting trip this morning, he was taken suddenly ill and expired. The service of the deceased minister covered a critical and important chapter of Japanese history. The state department will take the necessary steps to see that Mr. Buck's remains are brought to this country for interment if his family so desire. Huntington Wilson, the secretary of legation was designated as charge.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 4.—Hon. Alfred E. Buck was about 60 years old and was a leader in Republican politics in Georgia. In 1897 he was appointed by President McKinley as minister to Japan.

Milton, Wis., Dec. 4.—Ludwig Kumlein, professor of natural history and physiology in Milton college, died today from cancer of the throat. He was a man of note as a naturalist and was accepted as an authority in many lines.

New York, Dec. 4.—Chas. H. Dow, founder of the Wall street news-gathering firm of Dow, Jones & Co., died at his home in Brooklyn today. He was born in Connecticut in 1851.

St. Bernardino, Cal., Dec. 4.—Chas. B. Barton, a well-known newspaper man, is dead here of consumption. Instructions regarding the disposal of the remains are being awaited from his family in Indiana.

Florence, Italy, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Ellen Erbeson, widow of John Harris, formerly United States consul at Venice and a distinguished confederate nurse, died here today, aged 86 years.

TO KEEP OUT BUFFALO.

For Fear They May Have Cattle Disease.

London, Dec. 4.—Mr. Hanbury, president of the board of agriculture, has decided that owing to the existence of the foot and mouth disease in some of the New England states he will be unable to permit the landing in England of a herd of buffaloes belonging to the "Wild West" show, which opens in London on December 26.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Push Sleighs
For the Little Folks.

A new and large assortment just arrived—just in time for the first snow. Let the little ones enjoy a sleigh ride and at the same time lots of fresh air. A dozen different styles from which to choose. The price, too, will appeal to all economical buyers. Sleighs (like cut) finished in red, blue and purple, braced runners, high dashboard—a serviceable sleigh—a joy to any youngster, and the price only $3.00

Others at $4.50, $5.50, $7.50 up to $15.

All goods sold on monthly payments.

DIVIDING THE CASH

The County Auditor's Office Apportions the Tax Collections.

The Total Amount to Be Divided Up Is $210,370.78.

City of Duluth Comes In For Largest Share, $91,474.86.

The county auditor's office has just completed the November apportionment of the taxes collected in the county since June. The November apportionment, which is made during the latter part of each year is the smaller apportionment and falls below that made in June.

The total amount of the apportionment this year is $210,370.78. Of this the state of Minnesota will receive $23,968.31; St. Louis county, $32,388.61; the city of Duluth, $91,474.86, the cities and villages outside of Duluth, $9204.32; the towns, $7008.56; and the school districts, $46,208.06. Of the latter amount the independent district of Duluth will get $28 796.40, and the other schools will get the rest.

The county's share will go to the several funds, the amounts being as follows:

County revenue	$13,920 51
Poor fund	5,172 28
Road fund	5,387 34
Miscellaneous funds	24,480 13
Total	$32,388 61

The funds going to the city of Duluth is divided among the following funds:

Street assessment fund	$ 3,809.38
General fund	1,703.88
Bond interest fund	26,437.11
Sinking fund	5,226.21
Fire department fund	6,006.18
Water fund	8,116.79
Light fund	5,072.99
Health department fund	1,521.90
Printing and supplies	1,230.32
Park fund	2,253.88
Library fund	2,659.07
Water and light plant fund	2,659.07
Permanent improvement fund	7,523.64
Total	$91,474.86

Of the county villages those getting the largest amounts are as follows: Ely, $225.60; Tower, $137.20; Virginia, $497.98; Biwabik, $882.67; Hibbing, $465.18; Proctorknott, $223.55.

The smaller villages and towns get lesser amounts.

A Timely Suggestion.

"Now that winter with its bad weather is with us, I would advise every family to provide themselves against sudden attacks of coughs and colds by keeping at hand a good cough medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which is the best among the many preparations for these ailments that I have on my shelves," says Mr. L. C. Neaville, the well-known and popular druggist of Pittsboro, Ind. "I recommend this remedy and guarantee it to be without an equal for coughs and colds, also as a preventive and cure for croup." Buy it now. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

Handkerchief Sale

All kinds of Handkerchiefs, Home-made Candies, Tiffin Tea, on sale at Pilgrim Congregational Church,

Friday, December 5th.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Mark Baldwin has returned from a visit of several weeks at Chicago.

Mrs. H. Armstrong returned yesterday from a month's visit with friends in Detroit, Mich.

Mrs. John Anker has returned from St. Paul, where she has been visiting Mrs. R. S. Dayas.

Fred Orange, a sawyer at Scott and Gaff's saw mill, leaves today for St. Charles, La., to take a similar position in a mill there.

George J. Lonstorf, who has been in the city for several days on business, returned to Milwaukee this afternoon on the Omaha.

H. H. White left for Chicago today on the Omaha.

C. C. Fletcher, of Aberdeen, S. D., is at the Spalding.

Judge H. Van Biarcom, of Ely, is at the St. Louis.

W. H. Blake, of the Blake & Waite company, has returned from his New York buying trip and is at the St. Louis. He is accompanied by Mrs. Blake.

Charles Grabowsky, of Ely, is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Thomas, of Ely, are at the St. Louis today.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, is at the Spalding.

Charles E. Fay and A. R. McDougal, of Virginia, are at the St. Louis.

M. S. Hawkins, of Mountain Iron, is at the Spalding.

Burt A. Rowe, of Hibbing, is a St. Louis guest today.

SPREADING RAILS

Caused Wreck on Jacksonville & St. Louis.

Jacksonville, Ill., Dec. 4.—On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville & St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, one passenger coach rolling down an embankment. George Gilmore, of Northville, received probably fatal injuries and seven others were slightly hurt.

ROCK ISLAND DIVIDEND.

New York, Dec. 4.—Directors of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road today declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. No action was taken regarding a dividend on the stocks of the new Rock Island company.

GIFT FROM LOUBET.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Lieut. Deframond, naval attache of the French embassy, today presented to the president on behalf of President Loubet, of France, and as a personal gift from him, a copy of a manual of the French navy. The book is a handsome specimen of French workmanship.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

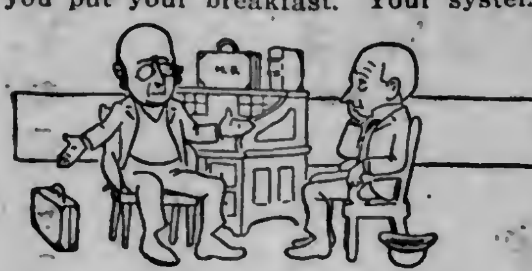
DOCTOR SAYS:

"Nervous Prostration."

That is if he thinks you can afford it. Otherwise he says: "Working too hard—too much confinement—eating to much—wrong kind of food.

Either way it come down to the same conclusion—wrong kind of food. Nerves wrong—"wrong food." Brain tired—"wrong food." No inclination for exercise—"wrong food."

It's true, too, that all the strength that's in you starts right there where you put your breakfast. Your system



needs a dozen different kinds of strength, and gets them all from your food.

And the Doctor says—here's what he says about the new biscuit cereal:

"Apitezo is the best balanced physiologic food that we have examined up to date. The high percentage of protein, the vegetable iron (ten times greater than in vegetables), and the richness in organic phosphorus, place this food in a class by itself."

Every kind of strength the body needs—not too much of any one kind of strength—all evenly balanced. It's that "balance" that makes health.

Read the Apitezo booklet.

Ask the Doctor.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Felt shoes for curling. Ehle Shoe Co., Torrey building, ground floor.

C. W. Whittom, a member of the Gideons, will speak at the Star of Hope Mission, 617 West Superior street, this evening. There will be special music.

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Court Eastern Star of the U. O. F. last evening elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Chief ranger, Harry Milnes; vice ranger, Alice Kall; secretary, E. Milnes; treasurer, James Kelley; chaplain, M. McMillen; chief archer, Joe Haller; I. W., M. Schanks; O. W., Charles Hanson; finance committee, J. W. Boyden, O. E. Olund.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

The Loyal Americans held their annual meeting Monday evening. Mrs. W. F. Davey, special deputy, was present and gave the secret work to a class. The following officers were elected: President, W. E. Wicks; ex-president, Dr. G. W. Davis; vice-president, Bertha Webster; secretary, Emma J. Wicks; prelate, Rev. C. R. Sine; treasurer, Emma Yeigen; sergeant, Clara G. Wieland; sentinel, Ida M. Thompson, orderly, Martha Inglish; first corporal, Kittie Boyd; second corporal, Leonard Thomson; guard, Juliet Evans. The officers were installed by Mrs. Davey and a supper followed.

Gold leaf frames. Engels' art store.

Division No. 1, A. O. H. held its regular meeting last evening in Odd Fellows hall. The attendance was large and the election of the officers for the ensuing two yars took place and resulted as follows: President, F. L. Ryan; vice president, M. F. Kelleher; treasurer, James H. Sullivan; financial and insurance secretary, A. J. Beers; recording secretary, J. J. Fitzgerald; sergeant-at-arms, M. J. Cosgrove; sentinel, Frank Coninn; marshal, James J. Higgins; standing committee, Messrs. Forrestal, Sweeney, Jordan, McMahon and Horgan. The installation of officers will take place at the January meeting. A. Murphy and M. [illegible]. Harney will give short sketches of their trips abroad at the meeting in January.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

At the regular meeting of the L. A. of A. O. N. last evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing two years: President, Mrs. J. J. Sullivan; vice-president, Mrs. Frank Jordan; recording secretary, Miss Mae Murphy; financial secretary, Mrs. White; insurance secretary, Mrs. D. P. McDonnell; treasurer, Mrs. M. Brown; sentinel, Mrs. M. Kellerher; sergeant at arms, Mrs. J. J. Callahan; chairman standing committee, Mrs. J. Sullivan.

Everybody smokes the Tom Reed. Finest domestic 10c cigar made.

Mat Thompson, proprietor of a saloon at 342 Lake avenue south, forgot to close his place last night, and it was closed by the police. Thompson pleaded guilty this morning and was fined in all $32, which was paid. He also promised not to forget again.

A sailor on the steamer Maderia had his foot caught in the anchor rope yesterday and fell, breaking his ankle. He was carried to the hospital in Superior.

A supper and bazar will be given Friday evening at the First Presbyterian church by the ladies of the church. A feature will be a handkerchief sale and in this interest will undoubtedly be keen. Ladies of considerable prominence have contributed handkerchiefs. One was received today from Mrs. M. A. Hanna, of Cleveland, and another has come from Mrs. John Fremont Hitt, of Augusta, Me., wife of the chief executive of Maine. A chicken pie supper will be served at 6:30 o'clock.

Volland, the hatter, 14 First avenue east.

CLASSES TO ENTERTAIN.

Juniors and Seniors Are Planing Social Diversions.

Affairs other than athletic are taking a decided turn for the brighter at the high school.

Besides the banquet for the football men which will come off next week, both the junior and senior classes have planned class spreads to be given in the near future. The seniors will hold a spread at Harmonie hall, Lester Park, a week from next Saturday evening. The juniors will give one a week later. The seniors will have their feast early in the evening, and the other classes will be invited to take part in the dancing following. Good orchestras will be engaged for both parties.

On account of the fact that the junior-senior party has for the last several years placed the junior classes so far in debt that they found great difficulty in gaining a sound fnancial basis during their senior year, it is repotred that the board of education will give the annual function—that is, it will pay the bills. Such a motion will probably be placed before the meeting of the board on Friday evening.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c.

A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust
Calumet Baking Powder
Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

Friday Bargains

Women's Alaskas First quality Wales Goodyear Storm Alaskas—the $1.25 quality, Friday's price **79c**

Kid Gloves A heavy quality street glove—p'que sewed—good assortment of colors—Our leader at $1.50—Friday **$1.39**

Flannelette Gowns Extra heavy quality—plain pink or blue, very neatly trimmed—sell regularly at $2.50 each—Friday **$1.75**

Robe Blankets Fancy cotton Robe Blankets—red, light blue, navy, tan, green and pink in varied combinations—a handsome assortment—$1.35 qualities Friday **89c**

Astrachan Cloth for children's coats—black ground with blue, and black with red—good heavy quality—sells regularly at $1.25—Friday's sale price **95c**

Hot Water Bottles An exceptional opportunity to secure one of those silent comforters at a bargain—2-quart—69c regular price—Friday **52c**

Men's and Boys' Pajamas of Outing Flannel and Madras Cloths—are made full and neatly made—the regular price for the men's are $2.00 and $3.00. Boys' 75c—Friday's price **¼ Off**

Trimmed Hats Women's Trimmed Hats—one of the largest bargains we offer Friday. Hats are all neatly trimmed in the best styles in vogue today—are far greater values than the price would indicate—a large table of them go at the Friday bargain price of **$2.98**

Children's Toques or stocking caps—nice line to select from, sold regularly at 39c and 50c—Friday's sale price **25c**

Tam O'Shanters For girls—a large assortment of neat color combinations—our regular price 69c—on sale Friday at **49c**

Ribbons! Ribbons!! Especially adapted for fancy work—a large table of them—good colorings—all widths up to No. 22—at one-fourth, one-third and **½ price**

Women's Heavy Underwear Heavily fleeced cotton Vests and Pants, heavy enough to insure warmth the coldest day, Friday **48c**

Eiderdowns Fancy and plain, for dressing sacques, children's coats and bath robes—27 and 36 inches wide—50c, 65c and 75c qualities—on sale Friday at **39c**

Big Story Book A bargain to induce you to visit our big Toy Dept. on 3d floor—nicely illustrated stories for children, book neatly bound, sells at 20c, Friday **12½c**

Dolls' Go-Carts Buy them while this price is possible; we will lay the purchase aside and deliver it when you wish. The carts are large and very neatly made, 29c quality, Friday at **19c**

Velvet Coats and Skirts A big bargain announced in a very small space—½ price Friday on all long velvet coats and velvet skirts—each one is neatly trimmed with braid, some appliqued—a beautiful line tomorrow at **½ price**

GRAY-TALLANT CO.
(THE NEW STORE.)

CONTRACT FULFILLED

Submarine Torpedo Boats Made More Speed Than Supposed.

The Torpedo Trials of the Adder Resulted Unfavorably.

Recommendations Made By the Naval Board of Inspection.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Owing to the general interest in the subject of submarine navigation as applied to warfare, the report of the board of inspection and survey of the navy department on the results of the trials of the new submarine torpedo boats Adder and Moccasin held in Peconic bay, Long Island, in November, is a matter of considerable importance. The report was made on Monday and states specifically in regard to every requirement of the specifications of the trials that it "was successfully made" with the exception of the torpedo trial. The first report of the board was made on the trials of the Adder and in the summary of the result of the trials the report gives the Adder credit for making considerable more speed than it was thought she made at the time of the trials in several instances. The board states specifically that the Adder performed every specification of the contract, saying it "fulfilled the strict letter of the contract under which the vessel was built." The board, however, believes that future submarines should be built under contract requiring them to demonstrate their ability to proceed along the surface, to dive, and to navigate submerged while at sea, and in view of the absence of tests at sea the board refrains from expressing its opinion as to the general seaworthiness and habitability of the boat at sea. It suggests that trials of such a character be given one of the other vessels to be tested, and proposed that a run of about fifty miles at sea be made on the surface with one of about fifteen miles submerged, of which for a distance of ten knots the speed should be not less than seven knots per hour.

The report points out that no such requirements were made in the contract under which the Adder was tested. The board finds that where the Adder was required to make on its standardizing trial a speed of 8 knots it showed a speed of 8.732 knots, and that awash it made a speed of 8.12 knots where the contract called for but 7 knots. On the submerged run a speed of 7.08 knots was developed where 7 knots were required. On the surface run of 10 knots, where a speed of 8 knots was required, a speed of 8.86 knots was maintained for three hours, and on the 10-knot run awash the Adder made 8.26 knots where only 7 knots were required.

The torpedo trials of the Adder resulted unfavorably, in that the torpedo did not pass between the flags in either instance. The board explains this by saying that in the first case the weather was so thick and misty "it was practically impossible for the steersmen to see the flags forming the target or designating his ranges when he came to the surface, while in the second case case the torpedo was improperly adjusted. In this instance the report says "the vessel was fairly pointed between these flags so that a properly adjusted torpedo should have struck the target." In both cases the torpedo missed the target by only a few yards.

On the three hours' submerged endurance tests the Adder made the contract speed of 7 knots per hour for two hours and twenty-five minutes, but the average speed for the entire run was 6.86 knots. In the opinion of the board the falling off in the speed toward the end of the run was due to the fact that the storage batteries of this vessel were not in proper condition when the vessel was submitted for trial, and it is stated that if the battery had been in proper condition the contract speed would have been maintained throughout. It finds this trial "was successfully performed."

While under the gasoline engine during the twelve hours' endurance tests in the surface condition the report of the board states that the vessel showed a speed of 8.86 knots and, therefore, complied with the contract which required 8 knots for twelve hours. "The behavior of the vessel and the machinery during this trial was satisfactory," says the report. The board also found that the Adder, "including hull, fittings, machinery and appurtenances, is well and strongly built and in conformity with the contract, drawings, plans and specifications." The board board, therefore, recommends the acceptance of the vessel after certain changes are made.

Especial attention is called by the board to the importance of keeping all sub-marine torpedo boats in full commission, and giving them as much active service as practicable. In the opinion of the board this should be done in order to maintain the storage battery in a thoroughly good condition, and to properly train the crew. Owing to the small force which is required to operate these vessels it is desirable to have each man thoroughly well-trained, and the board considers "that they should all be given full crews and maintained in commission, attached to one vessel as a mother ship, so that a small nucleus of specially trained men capable of handling them should be at all times available." In regard to the the use of the periscope, the board makes the recommendation that the Adder and other vessels of her class should be supplied with them as soon as possible, and suggests that two of them should be carried. A long periscope could be used for observation when the vessel is at some distance below the surface, and where the presence of a short mast, three or four feet above the water, would not be liable to detection. For close range the short periscope, it is believed, will be the most satisfactory, "as the diving powers shown by the boat already tried appear to be such as to permit the vessel to be brought within a short distance of the surface without the emergence of the conning tower," and also that, "with this type of instrument the chances of a vessel being detected in an attack will be reduced to a minimum." The board finally recommends that in the construction of future submarines a different method in installing the controlling resistances of the electric motor driving the vessel when submerged should be followed.

AT DETROIT.

Doubtful If Duluth Will Be Represented at Convention.

Will Duluth be represented at the convention of the National Reciprocity league, which will be held in Detroit, Mich., Dec. 10 and 11? Up to the present time there have been no delegates selected either by Mayor Hugo or by the Commercial club, on the invitations received a few days ago. The time is growing very short for the appointment of delegates, and it was suggested today that if any members of the Commercial club expect to be in Detroit on the dates mentioned, or if any could go down there for the purpose of attending the convention, matters would be simplified by their communicating immediately with Secretary A. L. Preston of the club, who will furnish the proper credentials.

Referring to the convention this afternoon, Secretary Preston said:

"It seems to me that a great deal of importance should be attached to a representation of this city at the convention. The question of reciprocity is one that the Commercial club agitated to a large extent last spring and summer, and some very able papers were read at the meetings. Petitions from our manufacturing, business and professional interests were forwarded to Senator Knute Nelson asking him to take an active part looking forward to better reciprocal conditions between this and other countries. The league is non-partisan, and great interest has been stimulated in its work all over the country. Nearly every other part of the country will be represented at the convention, and it would be an excellent thing for Duluth to maintain the prestige she already has in national affairs."

Governor Van Sant has acknowledged the Commercial club resolutions relative to a suitable monument celebrating the opening of the Sault canal, and says that he will be glad to cooperate with the Duluth committee in the matter.

AGREES ON PENSION BILL.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The house committee on appropriations has agreed upon the pension appropriation bill. It appropriates $137,847,600, which is $5370 more than for the current year.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constand hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—1.

A Picture FOR Christmas

is surely an appropriate and appreciated gift. You'll find something here for "just" the price you intend paying—something exclusive, too. The name of "Engels & Co." on the back of a picture or art piece is an accepted guarantee of worth.

We are showing an exceptionally fine collection of original water colors, oil paintings, rare etchings, photogravures, carbons, platinums, etc.

Engels' Art Store,
FINE PICTURE FRAMING.
17 and 19 THIRD AVE. W.

Imported From China

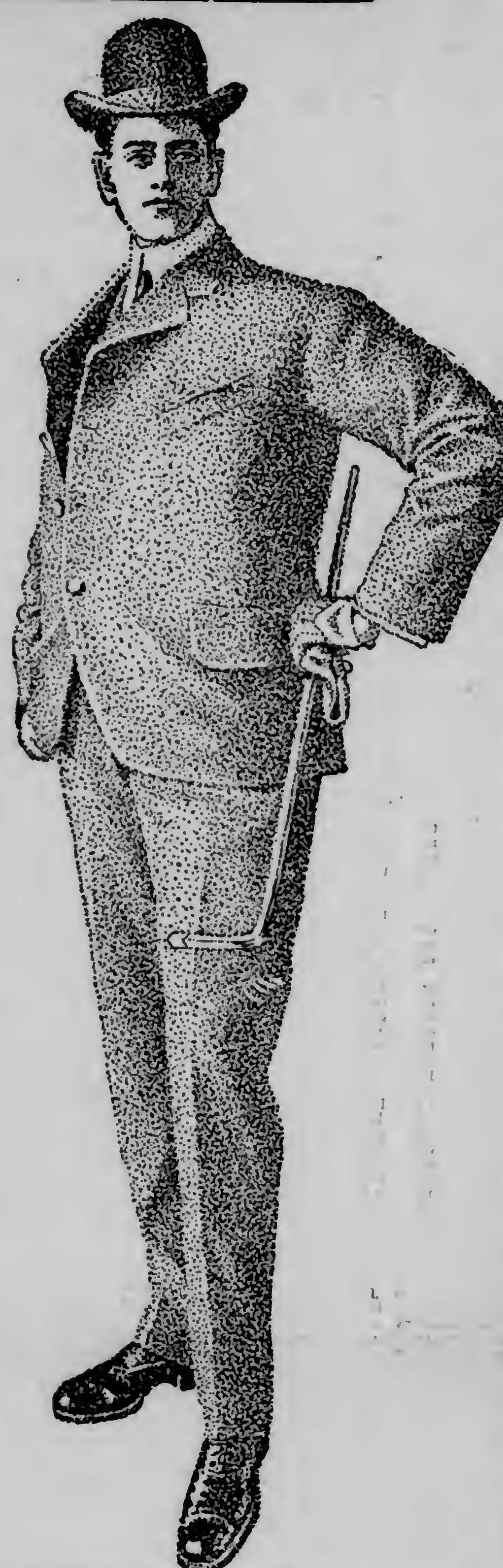
Tong Wo has received a shipment of fancy and valuable china, which he purchased while in the Orient, consisting of the rarest and most unique pieces, vases, teapots, plates, cups, saucers, dinner bells, fans, doilies, buckles, handkerchiefs, etc. Call and see them. Everything in the line of a beautiful Xmas gift.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

5000 Hand-Tailored Suits and Overcoats to Select From!

Copyright 1902 By B. Kuppenheimer & Co.

$10
$12
$15
$18
$20
$25
$28
$30
$35



COPYRIGHT. 1902 BY B. KUPPENHEIMER & CO.

These Suits and Overcoats are tailored in a different manner from any garments sold outside of The Big Duluth and prices no higher than asked elsewhere for ordinary goods.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

125 and 127
West Superior Street.

Telephone 479, or Drop a Postal.

Dainty Lace Curtains

do not always get the proper attention by the cheap washer woman and it is dangerous to put them into inexperienced laundry hands.

We Make a Specialty

of Lace Curtains and guarantee satisfaction.

50c per pair.

Brussels Net and Ruffled Curtains accepted.

Family Washing
3 1-2c per pound.

The Yale Laundry

30 and 32 East First Street.

YOST

May Leave Ann Arbor and Come to Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—It is being assumed throughout the East as extremely unlikely that 1903 will find Coach Yost on Michigan's roll.

The anxiety of some of the active enthusiasts among Minnesota's alumni to secure someone of Yost's prestige for the Minnesota eleven, together with the fact that the Minnesota Athletic association is this year financially able to appear as a bidder for the best there is going has spread through the colleges of the East as well as the Central West the feeling that Yost will come here.

It is not charged that Yost has not had a pleasant berth at Ann Arbor, but it is none the less true that he has a chance in Minnesota to add one more to his already strong line of brilliant successes and show that there is as much in training as in timber, in many respects, at least.

Yost will say nothing about his relations with the Michigan management, but from another source it is learned that both Columbia and the University of Pennsylvania have strong lines out for the Michigan leader.

Either of these two schools are able to pay Yost a salary three times the size of that he now receives from Michigan.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine E. W. Grove

St. Paul and Return $4.30.

The Great Northern railway will sell, on December 6th to 11th, inclusive, round trip tickets to St. Paul at one fare, $4.30, on account of the meeting of the State Dairymen's Association and Buttermakers' Convention. These tickets will be good to leave St. Paul up to December 13th, and the Great Northern will make them available over any line desired for the return trip without extra charge. Call at ticket office, Spalding Hotel Corner.

President Dixon.

The Twin City Railway Advertisers' association held its annual meeting at the Ryan hotel, in St. Paul, yesterday, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, W. B. Dixon, Milwaukee road; vice president, Odin Wheeler; Northern Pacific, secretary, A. R. Wilkinson, Burlington. All the lines were represented. A number of periodicals were dropped from the list and others added.

N. P. May Build Line.

The Northern Pacific has dispatched a corps of surveyors to look over the route of a proposed extension of the road to Nez Perce and Grangeville, in Idaho, to the high plateau beyond those points. The construction of such an extension, it is thought, would result in the shipping of 500,000 and 600,000 bushels of grain yearly, besides large shipments of hogs and cattle.

TO SUCCEED COLIN.

Montreal, Dec. 4.—The Rev. I. M. Lecoce, director of the grand seminary, has been elected supervisor general of the Sulpician order in Canada to succeed the late Abbe Colin.

THE REBELS DEFEATED.

Madrid, Dec. 4.—Advices from Tangier today say the forces of the sultan of Morocco have, after heavy fighting, finally defeated the rebels in the Zenmour territory. The sultan narrowly escaped capture and his troops sustained heavy losses. The pretender to the throne remains at Tazza.

What to Do Until the Doctor Arrives.

"One of my children was taken with cramp colic and suffered severely," says S. B. Elzee, of Monett, Mo. "I telephoned for a doctor, then gave a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a few minutes later a second dose. Before the doctor came the child was relieved." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones. —The Advisor.

MILITIA BILL

From House Will Be Reported to Senate.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The senate committee on military affairs met today for the purpose of taking up the bill for the reorganization of the militia and listened to the representations in support of the measure by Secretary Root and Gen. Carter.

When the hearing of Gen. Root was completed, the committee decided to report the bill as it passed the house without amendment.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over One Million Dollar.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Open Six to Eight o'Clock Tonight.

RAILROAD MATTERS

Interstate Commerce Commission May Investigate Freight Rates.

The Flour Rate Advance May Be Postponed to Jan. 1.

E. H. Fuller No Longer Secretary of Projected Winnipeg Line.

The railroads may have been reckoning without the interstate commerce commission when they announced their general advance of freight rates recently.

A report from Chicago says that it is rumored in traffic circles there that the commission would investigate the increases in rates that have been made by Eastern and Western lines, and the further raises that are contemplated.

To this rumor the traffic men reply that the increases cannot be termed such in strict justice to the roads. They claim that the movement is simply to restore rates in effect prior to the injunctions issued by the United States courts.

Well in formed traffic officials say that the present flour rates will continue in effect until Jan. 1, and that the advance proposed by Eastern roads will not be made effective Dec. 8, as announced.

They say that it is simply up to the Central Traffic association to repudiate entirely the dealings of their own representatives in Minnesota if they insist upon applying the increase next Monday, and this it is not believed they will do. In the first place the central lines must know that the millers have booked sufficient export flour to run through this month, and it was booked on the basis of the present rates to the seaboard. The Eastern trunk lines are not active parties to the advance, and the Minnesota-Chicago lines are not. If the matter is taken before the interstate commerce commission, railroad men say, there may be some fun.

FULLER IS OUSTED.

Man Accused of Stealing Stamps Is Discharged.

E. H. Fuller, formerly secretary of the projected Minneapolis, St. Paul, Superior & Winnipeg railway, is no longer connected with that road. President S. M. Hanley, of the company, who has just returned to the Twin Cities in the interests of the road, said that as soon as he reached Chicago and learned of Fuller's arrest for an alleged stamp robbery, he asked for his resignation and got it. President Hanley says the reports that he sent telegrams signing his first name and including the words "swag" and "stuff" are false. He says every telegram he sent was strictly on railroad business and was signed with his full name. The officials of the road say that they are surprised at the actions of the Fullers, who will say nothing further than that they purchased the stamps found in their possession on speculation. The postmaster at Ponca, Oklahoma, claims to have identified the stamps as some stolen from his office.

SOUTHWESTERN RATES.

Railroad Men Discuss Them at Chicago.

Representatives of all the Chicago-St. Paul lines were in consultation at Chicago yesterday over the situation with regard to passenger rates in this territory. One of the principal causes for trouble is the cheap colonist rates from the Twin Cities by way of Chicago to the Southwest, the tickets getting into the hands of brokers.

The Wisconsin Central, by reason of its situation, is considered entitled to sell tickets to the Southwest by way of Chicago, but the other lines will abandon this form and ticket their Southwestern business directly to Missouri and Mississippi river gateways. With restrictions as to the points in the Southwest to which tickets are to be sold, this plan is considered likely to end the trouble.

REACH THE PACIFIC.

Milwaukee Road Makes Arrangements to Do So.

Traffic and operating officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads met at Salt Lake yesterday with the Oregon Short Line officials to agree an future traffic arrangements between the Harriman lines and the Milwaukee road.

It was announced after the meeting by President E. J. Earling of the Milwaukee road that on and after Jan. 1 the Milwaukee road would operate through chair cars and sleepers from Chicago to the Pacific coast, the new through service to be operated on an agreement similar to that which existed for years between the Chicago & Northwestern and the Union Pacific roads.

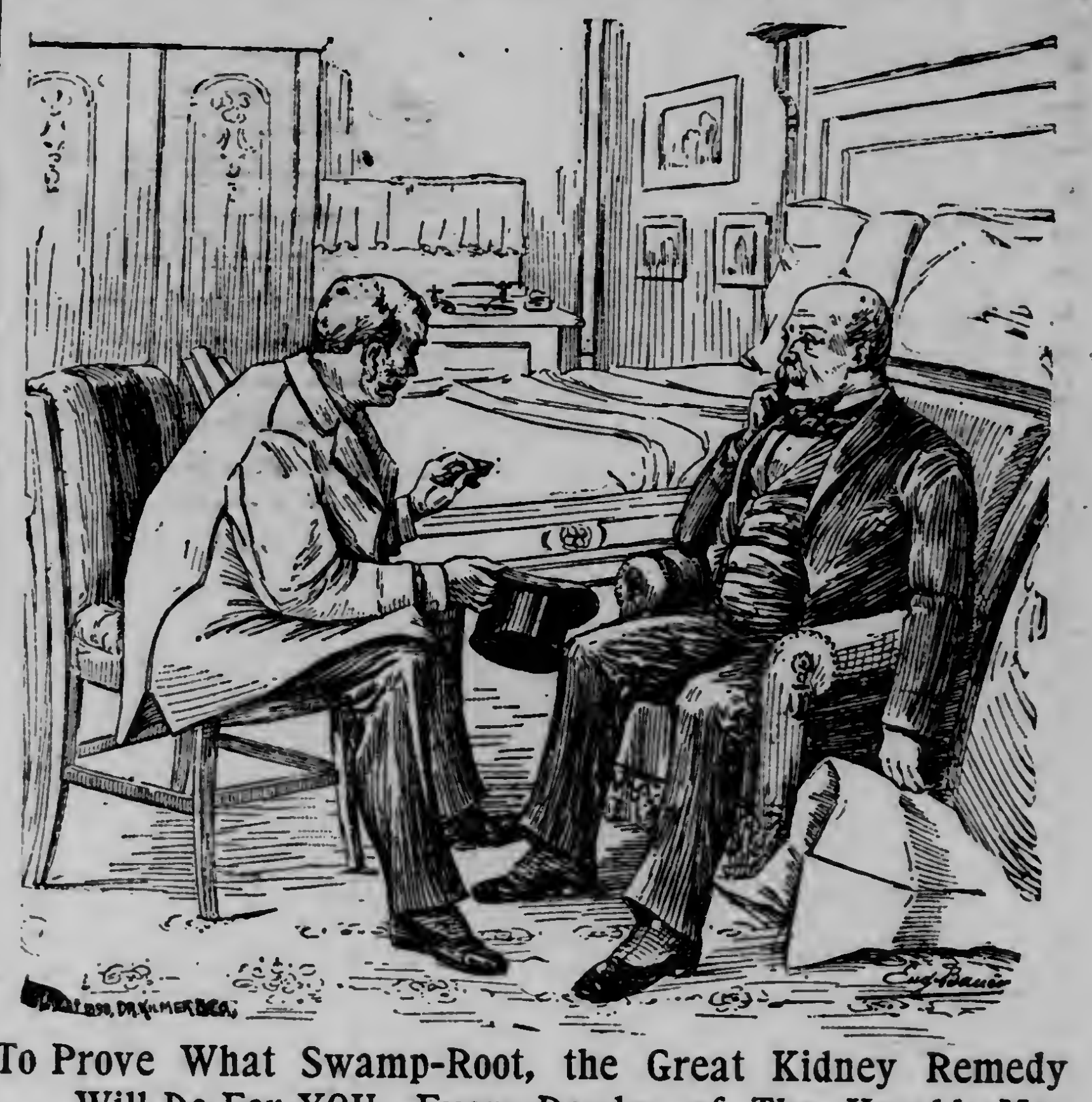
Pension Old Employes.

Following closely upon the announcement that the Union Pacific railroad would pension its old employes, General Manager Bancroft of the Oregon Short Line today issued a circular stating that on Jan. 1 the Oregon Short Line, the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company and the Southern Pacific company will establish a pension system. A fund will be provided for the purpose on each separate road, the benefits of which will accrue to those employes who have been in the service for twenty years continuously and who have reached an age necessitating retirement from the service.

Great Western Cuts.

The Great Western is free-lancing again on passenger rates, this time on the rate for discharged soldiers from the Twin Cities to Chicago. It gave notice yesterday of its withdrawal from the agreement of the Minneapolis-Chicago lines to charge $8.05 from the Twin Cities to Chicago. In the neighborhood of 1000 soldiers have been and will be paid off at the various army posts in the Northwest. There is a suspicion that a better rate has been offered by some other line, and the Great Western announces a rate of $7, with the prospect of an even lower one in a day or two.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It



To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy Will Do For YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Week and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

14 West 117th St., New York City.
DEAR SIR: Oct. 15th 1901.

"I had been suffering severely from kidney trouble. All symptoms were on hand; my former strength and power had left me; I could hardly drag myself along. Even my mental capacity was giving out, and often I wished to die. It was then I saw an advertisement of yours in a New York paper, but would not have paid any attention to it, had it not promised a sworn guarantee with every bottle of your medicine, asserting that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable, and does not contain any harmful drugs. I am seventy years and four months old, and with a good conscience I can recommend Swamp-Root to all sufferers from kidney troubles. Four members of my family have been suing Swamp-Root for four different kidney diseases, with the same good results."

With many thanks to you, I remain,
Very truly yours,
ROBERT BERNER.

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, when obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, worn out feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale the world over at druggists in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Daily Herald.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Get ready for Winter!
Then get ready for Christmas!

Christmas things are pushing themselves forward; but still we are busy as can be getting folks ready for winter.

Angora Tams 50c.

Rough, shaggy, long haired wool Angora Tam O'Shanters for the little tykes to romp about in. They fit snugly to the head and pull down over the ears.

A great lot of them in bright colors and mixtures.

The Furs, Coats, Suits, Wraps, Waists deserve all the patronage you are giving them. We never had better and never had so many to choose from.

In many stocks, extra values are showing their faces—No use waiting until after Christmas to clean up on the odd lots of this or that—they are here now when you want them most—and we make such prices as will clean them up quickly and give us room for holiday things.

Silberstein & Bondy Company
DRY GOODS

CHAIRS AND ROCKERS How timely are a few suggestions of these useful articles. On our third floor you'll find conveniently arranged a splendid lot of chairs and rockers. What could be nicer for Christmas giving? The assortment from which to select is large—designs are new and the excellent workmanship combined with the high quality of material used in all our goods proclaim them to be considerably less in price than those found at other stores.

Bedroom Chairs
Morris Chairs
Parlor Chairs
Turkish Chairs
Desk Chairs
Hall Chairs
Leather Chairs
Children's Chairs
Easy Chairs
Slipper Chairs
Corner Chairs
Colonial Chairs

Our hardwood Rocker with saddle seat, carved back, fancy spindles—sells regularly at $1.50—now only **79c**

Leather Seat Rocker—one of the season's very new designs—nice high arms, beautifully finished **$3.75**

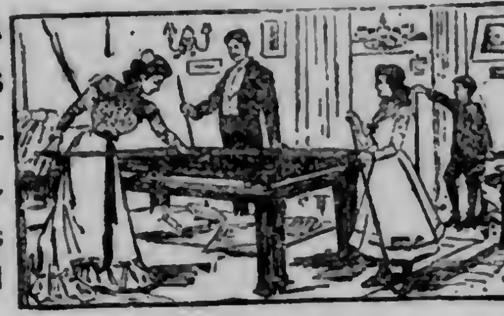
Large comfortable rocker in selected oak — high back first class carvings —shaped seat—only **$5.50**

MISSION FURNITURE—We've some beautiful specimens of this extremely artistic oak—finished in the soft neutral tones—each piece is very plain and simple in design—but rich enough to grace any room.

Some handsome broad back and seat Chairs for den or library use at.................... $7.00
Mission Tables with lower shelf—truly handsome tables at $6.50
Special Book Tables and Magazine Pedestals in this wood.

Burrows' Combination Billiard and Pool Tables
Burrows' Ping Pong Tables—

The ideal games enjoyed by all ages. We are sole agents for the best tables to be found



BILLIARD TABLES— Have mahogany frames with counters and diamonds, best billiard cloth covering, rubber cushions, are constructed so they cannot warp. The tables can be had in any size from 2½x5 to 3½x7.

Proportioned exactly like the long tables. Tables complete with cues and ball and everything for playing 21 different games................................ $16.50 and $25 up to $46.50. Regulation Folding Ping Pong Tables, either 4x8 or 5x9, mounted on heavy standards and properly marked $12, $13 up to $17. These tables have Burrows' construction and cannot warp. See them on exhibition at our store.

Furniture of all kinds. Visit us when out for your Xmas shopping.

The G. C. STEELE CO.,
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

AT WEST DULUTH

Several of the West Duluth fraternal societies met last evening and elected officers for the ensuing year.

Euclid lodge, No. 198, A. F. and A. M., elected officers: M. M. Clark, W. M.; C. C. Salter, S. W.; G. E. Budd, J. W.; L. A Barnes, treasurer; A. Dunleavy, secretary. District Deputy Grand Master S. L. Fraser was present and addressed the lodge along with some of the local members. A banquet was served.

The local lodge of the Royal Neighbors elected the following officers: Mrs. Charles Silger, C.; Miss Webber, vice oracle; Mrs. Gibble, recorder; Mrs. I Chabot, receiver; Misses Webber and Flarger, managers; Mrs. Bingham, N. S.; Mrs. Brackett, O. S.; Delia Lindstrom, marshal; Dr. David Graham, physician.

The officers of the division, No. 4, of the A. O. H., for the year of 1903 are: President, William Murnian; vice president, S. C. Bolger; financial and insurance secretary, J. J. Moran; recording secretary, F. J. Bolger; treasurer, Thomas Doyle; sargent-at-arms, P. H. McGraw; sentinel, T. Callahan; marshall, John Holmes.

The officers of the local lodge of Odd Fellows for 1903 are as follows: William Axford, past grand; J. W. Hall, noble grand; Joseph Becks, vice grand; F. J. Mounkhouse, secretary; A. F. Carlson, financial secretary; C. R. Keyes, treasurer.

EXTERMINATING DEER.

A number of West Duluth citizens, who have recently returned from a hunting trip, were discussing the game situation in Minnesota. The opinion seemed to be general that something should be done to prevent the extermination of the deer and other animals in this state. They laid the blame for the scarcity of deer on the hunters who come from other states and on those hunters who hunt after the season is over. They were especially bitter against the latter class, and said that when such people were caught they should be made to suffer to the extreme limit of the law. One man advocated a close season for four or five years in order to allow the numbers to be restored.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hartley, of 729 North Fifty-sixth avenue west, this morning.

Joseph Tobarge went to Tower yesterday for the winter.

Dean Holt has returned to Scanlon after visiting his relatives in West Duluth.

Samuel Price went to Hibbing yesterday, where he will be employed during the winter months.

Miss Katherine Kallen, of Eau Claire, Wis., is visiting in the city.

August Tidquist has taken a position with Brown Mallough & Son.

L. J. Gibson has taken a position in Split Rock as a scaler, and will leave today.

M. Mullen, of Campbell, is registered at the Phillips hotel.

Samuel Seversen has a logging contract on the range this winter. He is at present in Iowa purchasing stock, but expects to return in the near future to commence his winter's work.

The funeral of John Eriscon, who died Tuesday, occurred yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, interment being made in the Oneota cemetery.

The petition for the paving of Central avenue is being circulated today by J. J. Frey. There has been considerable delay on account of the printing of the petitions, but the work will now be pushed to a rapid completion.

The West Duluth skating rink will soon reopen for the winter. A good foundation of ice has been made, and if the cold weather continues it will not be many days before it is in a fit condition for skating. All of the water for flooding purposes has had to be drawn to the rink in a large tank, and the work has been consequently much delayed.

Gold Seal, leather top rubbers, $1.98, at Lauermann's, the man who makes the price on footwear.

STRANGE

Tale of Love and Money Told In Federal Court.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 4.—This week, in the federal court, Albert Merrill and Oscar Sorrenson were arraigned for counterfeiting and sentenced to the workhouse.

Merrill is a young farmer and has a beautiful wife. They lived with a man named Nottingham. Merrill did the chores for his house rent. Nottingham fell in love with Merrill's wife, according to the story told in court. The Nottingham home is within the Indiana line, near Momence, Ill. Merrill made a short trip to Illinois. Upon his return he found his wife very angry and vowing that she would not live with him unless he provided her a home. She would assign no reason. Meanwhile, it was alleged, Nottingham had been telling Merrill how easily counterfeit money was made. He concluded to try it. Oscar Sorrenson furnished money for material, and then Nottingham acquainted Merrill's wife with what he was doing, and also tipped off the story to the federal authorities, and claimed the reward offered in such cases. The counterfeit outfit, complete and costly, was exhibited in court, and Merrill's story was borne out by Capt. Tom Halls, of the secret service, leading Judge Baker to remark that the wrong men had evidently been brought before him, and that Nottingham ought to be punished. Both defendants received only light sentences. Sorrenson is the son of a wealthy farmer of Newton county and is a native of Denmark.

FATAL WRECK.

Engineer Killed In Accident on Pan-Handle.

Coshocton, O., Dec. 4.—A Pan-Handle work train and a Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio engine an caboose collided near Coshocton today. Engineer Veo, of Toledo, was killed instantly and seven trainmen hurt. Seriously injured: Conductor Armstrong, of Columbus.

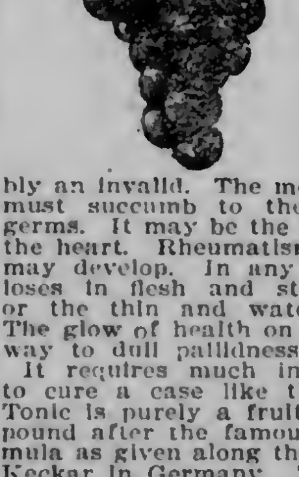
Cured of Constipation.

A Crushed Fruit-Tonic Laxative Gives Health and Strength.

It Is Important That Every Sufferer From Constipation Should Immediately Take This Remedy---His Health Demands It.

"After using two bottles of Mull's Grape Tonic taken for constipation, I can truthfully say it is all you claim. My bowels now act regularly. No one should be without it. As a relief for constipation, stomach and bowel ailments it has no equal. The strength-giving properties are wonderful. I would advise anyone with a rundown system to use it. May it continue to benefit others as it has me."

CHARLES REISTER,
2021 Fifth St., Louisville, Ky.



Continual constipation will inevitably result seriously for the sufferer. No one can let this affliction go unnoticed without losing his health. Constipation leads to more serious ailments than any other one cause known to medicine. Whenever the bowels fail to carry off the waste food, the food lies in the alimentary canal where the heat of the body aids its decay and fermentation. It is just the same as decaying food when exposed to the heat of the sun. The germs thus created are absorbed by the blood which carries them into all parts of the system. The result is always quick and positive. The constipation sufferer has become diseased, probably an invalid. The most vulnerable part must succumb to the attack of these germs. It may be the lungs, the kidneys, the heart. Rheumatism may come, piles may develop. In any event the patient loses in flesh and strength. Anaemia, or the thin and watery blood follows. The glow of health on one's cheeks gives way to dull pallidness.

It requires much intelligent attention to cure a case like this. Mull's Grape Tonic is purely a fruit preparation compound after the famous Traubenkur formula as given along the rivers Rhine and Keckar in Germany. Traubenkur means Grape cure and it is the most successful treatment for constipation and its kindred ills that medical science has ever discovered. Charles Schwab, the millionaire president of the steel trust, is in Germany now taking this famous treatment. All Americans have not the time nor the money to afford a trip like this, but they can get the same treatment by taking Mull's Grape Tonic. Mull's Grape tonic is first a laxative which cleans out the bowels and clears the entire system of all morbid accumulations. While the bowels are kept in regular order the wonderful tonic properties of the grape build up the wasted muscles, puts flesh on the body and supplies rich, red blood that carries good health to every tissue at every heart beat. All druggists sell Mull's Grape Tonic at 50 cents a bottle. If you will send name of your druggist and 10 cents to cover postage, the Lightning Medicine company, Rock Island, Ill., will mail you a large sample bottle of this wonderful remedy free.

Druggists supplied by Leithhead Drug company.

Stoves Skates Coasters

The season for the above is now in full blast, and we have the goods at right prices. The quality is the best.

WOOD STOVES—
$5.00 to $10.00.

Bargains in a few second-hand heaters. They are good as new at—
$5.00 to $10.00.

Radiant Home heaters are the best made. See the ones we sell sell at.......................... $33.00

Barney & Berry skates are the old reliable line. Our price..50c to $5.00

Coasters, all kinds, for boys and girls .... 19c to $3.00

WIELAND & WADE
329-331 FIFTY-FIFTH AVENUE WEST.

WAYLAID BY GIRLS

Young Ohio Man Now Under Care of a Physician.

Three Young Misses Took Law Into Their Own Hands.

Four West Virginia Maidens Severely Pummeled Another Fellow.

Canton, Ohio, Dec. 4.—All Salem and vicinity is stirred up over the report of an alleged mutilation supposed to have been committed some nights ago upon J. C. Emmons, of Alliance, a well-known young man, by three young girls residing in Columbiana county. It seems that Emmons has of late been paying his attentions to one of the three daughters of a respectable family, living in Knox township, Columbiana county, some distance from Salem. The girl says that she was trifled with by the young man under a promise made by him that he would marry her.

When he suddenly discontinued his attentions to the young lady, it is alleged, she became very angry, and determined to wreak revenge upon him. Her anger was agumented when she learned that the young man who had been keeping company with her was paying attentions to another young lady.

While passing along a dark road near North Georgetown, a small village situated almost upon the border line of Stark and Columbiana counties, Emmons was suddenly set upon by three assailants, and was securely bound with a rope. As a result of the treatment received at the hands of the three, Emmons is under the care of a well-known physician, and it is said that his case is quite serious.

The young man, in telling his story of the attack, says that he is altogether convinced that his assailants were young women. The story of the attack has been kept quiet by Emmons and his friends, although it is stated upon reliable information that Emmons threatens to carry the matter into the courts. If the matter is pushed by the young man the details, when made public, will no doubt create considerable gossip among the people of Salem and Alliance. Emmons is well known in Alliance and Salem and throughout Columbiana county generally, and has borne an excellent reputation. He was always regarded as a gallant by his friends.

Greggsville, W. Va., Dec. 4.—Because she said he had trifled with their affections, and to teach him a costly lesson for his flirtation, four young ladies of Wheeling, Misses Pauline Johnson, Annie Girard, Florence Buck and Ruth Jarvis waylaid Arthur B. Clatterbuck near Greggsville and beat him into insensibility. The assault was committed soon after Clatterbuck had left the residence of Captain Edward Johnson, a well known resident of this place, where he had spent the evening with the youngest daughter, who has been receiving more than her share of his attentions, so the assailants allege.

The ire of the fair Wheeling girls had been raised, and they decided upon the unique method carried out to even up with the Byronic youth. When he emerged around the corner from the Johnson house all four pounced upon Clatterbuck and proceeded to use their feet and hands. With uppercuts, side swipes, pivots and shots straight from the shoulder the maidens soon laid him down and out. Fatigued by the extreme exercise and covered with blood, Clatterbuck sank exhausted upon the ground, where his cries brought forth the neighbors. Their arrival, however, caused the girls to take to their heels in the direction of Wheeling. Clatterbuck was taken to a near-by house, where his wounds were dressed, and he afterwards tramped on into the city, where he told his side of the story.

As the assault was committed outside of the precincts of the city, no arrests have been made, though when the names of the young ladies became known there was a large-sized sensation in Wheeling, where all are well known. Clatterbuck declares that when he is able to get out he will prosecute the girls.

FRIENDS OF HARRITY

Have Launched a Presidential Boom For 1904.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 4.—William F. Harrity, ex-Democratic national chairman, will probably be a candidate for the presidential nomination in 1904. That Mr. Harrity has the matter under consideration can be stated upon authority of those in a position to know. It may also be said that many Democratic statesmen, national figures in the art of politics, have urged the ex-chairman to arrange his business affairs so that he will be able to give the necessary attention to the boom, which will soon be inaugurated in his interest. Mr. Harrity has resigned the presidency of the Equitable Trust company, and Howard B. French & Co. was elected his successor. A correspondent informed Mr. Harrity that his resignation was interpreted to mean that he would be a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination.

"All I care to say," said Mr. Harrity, "is that my resignation certainly had no political significance so far as the immediate future is concerned. I reserve the right which all men enjoy of re-entering politics if, in my opinion, conditions should justify such a step."

SERVED TWENTY YEARS.

Is Rich When Released From the Pen.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 4.—B. G. Holland, who has served twenty years for criminally assaulting a 12-year-old girl, has been released from the penitentiary. Holland always insisted that he was innocent.

Holland, when he was received, was in straitened circumstances. His home is in Detroit, where his family now lives. He admits that he has been going under an assumed name, and he refuses to divulge his right name because of his family.

When he was locked up years ago he was paying for a small home in Detroit. Although in the penitentiary, he managed to earn extra money, and this was applied to the debt on his home. In the meantime the business center of Detroit has grown so as to take in the small plot of land owned by him, and it has increased in value many times. He says the property that cost him a few thousand is now worth many thousands. He will return to his Detroit home.

Hermann, the Great.

Herrmann, the famous conjuror, comes to the Lyceum Monday. The program offered by Hermann, the present season, contains many novelties, besides several new and very attractive illusions. Of the new illusions introduced, "The Princes Mahomeda" is probably the most typifying. Hermann introduces a young lady whom he hypnotizes, places on a brilliantly lighted couch and then causes her to slowly rise into space. To show his audience she has no wire or other support he passes a large hoop over her several times and then slowly descends her to the stage again. It is a most mystifying illusion and baffles analysis.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine E. W. Grove

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c.
J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Removed. Removed.
S. Goldberg, the fashionable ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 15 Phoenix block to larger and more commodious quarters at 101 West Superior street, where he has a new stock of the latest styles in winter suitings and overcoatings never before shown to the public. Those who want style, fit and workmanship should call and inspect our stock.
S. GOLDBERG, 101 W. Sup. St

The Greatest Skill—
The most experience—
14 years.
We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
3 West Superior St.

ACTINIC or VIOLET RAYS
Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases
THE HERBAQUEEN CO.
319 First avenue East, Duluth.

Pillow tops 25c.
On bargain counter No. 1.

Special sale of 45c values in stamped pillow tops. Beautiful floral designs in poppies, chrysanthemums and roses—west bargain counter, Friday........ 25c

"D. C. H. S." football pillow tops, stamped for working in the High School colors—a beautiful Xmas gift for boys or girls—special Friday at............. 65c

Box paper 11c.
On bargain counter No. 2.

Friday we place on bargain counter No. 2 500 boxes of "Majestic" papetrie—24 sheets of good "Majestic" writing paper and 24 envelopes to match, in a box.

The regular price of this paper is 20c the box—our price has been 15c, but we offer the entire line of 500 boxes Friday on the bargain counter at, box 11c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Holiday Bargains!

First Friday in December. Only seventeen more business days before Christmas. The time is short for your holiday buying. Our line of holiday goods is "long" —larger than ever before. We bought more than ever, to fill five big floors of the Greater Glass Block. We bought better than ever before because we bought more. Every department has some

Special Friday Bargains.

Silk sale at half price.

Crowds were at our half-price silk sale today, but we had 5000 yards in the half price purchase to start with, and we have splendid bargains left for Friday's bargain seekers.

39c For fancy and black silks worth up to 75c the yard. Plenty for Friday.

50c For fancy and black silks worth up to $1 the yard. Plenty for Friday.

75c For fancy and black silks worth up to $1.50 a yard. Plenty for Friday.

Books and stationery.

Thousands of books for holiday presents. Every book that's in demand. Books for men, books for women, books for boys, books for girls. Grand holiday stock of picture books for the little ones. Christmas cards and holiday booklets.

All at less than publishers' prices.

Fine writing papers and envelopes, by the quire and in lovely Xmas boxes. Duluth souvenir stationery, gold pens. The largest stock ever offered in Duluth. Every price is lowest at the Glass Block, every quality is the best in its grade.

Engraving
Of cards and invitations should be ordered now for Xmas delivery.

KID MITTENS—Children's 35c Kid Mittens, with warm fleece lining. For Friday only, pair.. 21c

Ladies' Fleece Lined Mocha Kid Mittens, the regular 50c kind. Friday.................. 43c

HOSIERY—Women's fast black Cashmere Wool Stockings, full length; the 35c quality. Friday only, per pair.................. 25c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, the full $1.00 values, all sizes. Friday, each.................. 69c

TOBOGGAN CAPS—For boys and girls; all-wool, ribbed, warm; worth up to 50c each. Friday, each.................. 25c

MANICURE PIECES—Sterling Silver Mounted manicure pieces, nail files, cuticle knives, glove buttoners, button hooks, shoe horns, blotter or darning ball. Special Friday, each.................. 19c

SILVER TEASPOONS—Wm. Rogers & Sons A1 plated teaspoons, the sort that always sell for $1.50 a dozen. Friday, per dozen........ $1.19

CORSETS—Pretty tape girdle corsets in pink, white and blue, prettily trimmed and ribbon bow to match; full $1.00 value. Friday for.......... 49c

WRAPPERS—Fleece lined flannelette wrappers, good dark grounds with fancy figures, all sizes, prettily trimmed with collars and lace; $1.75 values. Friday for.................. $1.19

WOMEN'S ARCTICS—First quality storm Arctics, all sizes, a splendid Friday bargain at—per pair, only.................. 29c

WOMEN'S SHOES—Second floor—Special for Friday—Full $2.00 values in ladies' kid shoes, with patent tips, extension soles, fair stitch, all sizes and all widths. A grand bargain at.............. $1.48

FLEECE FLANNELS—Dark and light colors, all fancy stripes, full regular 10c values, Friday's bargain price—per yard.................. 7c

SHEET BLANKETS—10-4 cotton sheet blankets, full size, 65c values—not more than two to one customer—Friday.................. 50c

HAIR RIBBONS—10c quality, beautiful hair ribbons, 1½ to 2 inches wide, special for Friday—per yard only.................. 5c

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—All-linen, good 10c values, narrow hemstitched, special Friday—not more than half a dozen to one customer.................. 5c

BATH TOWELS—Bleached Turkish bath towels, size 18 x 36 inches, fully worth 18c each—Friday's bargain price.................. 10c

OUTING FLANNELS—Light and dark checks and stripes, regular 10c quality—Friday special—per yard.................. 7c

The House That Santa Claus Built

Was built of Lumber purchased from
Scott-Graff Lumber Co.
TRY IT.

Peachey & Lounsberry, The Printers
New Address Providence Bldg.
Zenith 336; Duluth 166-5.

"He's a Jolly Good Fellow"

And likes a bottle of "MOOSE BRAND BEER." That's because he knows it is the best beer brewed. Don't omit it to include a supply of this beer among your Christmas purchases. It's good to have some in the house always. The bottling retains the flavor and the quality. Price, $2.25 per case of two dozen bottles, delivered.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Company.
EITHER PHONE, 241.

BUY ONE OF THESE LOTS

SIZE 50x140 FEET.

They are at **Lakeside, Woodland, Hunter's Park** and **West End.** Also a few right in the **center of Duluth, on Seventh street.** All nice lots, near school and street cars. **Now,** this is the way you can make a purchase: You pay **only $25.00 cash,** then you pay **20c a day,** or $6 00 per month, until the lot is paid for. **Price** of the lots are **from $150 to $400,** just as cheap as they can be bought for all cash, and many of them are ***great bargains.*** **When the lot is paid for we will loan** you money to build a small house with **at 6 per cent interest.**

Now, if you do not care to build, **the same lots** will sell for a **much larger sum** than you pay for them inside of one year.

We will guarantee the title to every lot we sell.

Office open nights until 9 p. m., **Monday, Wednesday** and **Saturday all** this month.

We have clerks in office that speak **German and Scandinavian,** as well as English languages.

Come early and get your choice! **We will** show the lots to you. **We only** have a few lots that we can sell on these terms! **Start a home** for yourself or begin to **save** money. **Most** of the **large fortunes** are made from **real estate investments!**

DULUTH **real estate is the best** that can be purchased! DULUTH has a **great future! DULUTH IS** GREAT! Call on us.

GEORGE H. CROSBY

Nos. 106-7-8 Ground Floor Providence Building.

DRINKS POISON

John Evans Ends His Life With Carbolic Acid.

Despondency Over an Incurable Malady Caused the Deed.

Coroner Boyer Criticises Indiscriminate Sale of the Acid.

John Evans, a section hand on the Missabe road, yesterday swallowed two ounces of carbolic acid and died shortly afterward in horrible agony. The deed was done at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. David Evans, of 415 East Sixth street.

Mr. Evans had been ill a long time and had undergone an operation at one of the hospitals, but was given little hope of recovery by the doctors. Discouraged thereby, he took this terrible course to end his sufferings.

Mrs. Evans, his sister-in-law, was alone in the house and suprised to see him asked what was the matter. Telling here that the doctors had given him up as insurable and hanging up his coat, he said:

"Good bye, Kate. This is the last time I will ever wear this." He then left the room, but returned in a few moments, having swallowed the poison in the meantime.

The body was taken to Flood & Horgan's undertaking rooms. The evidence of suicide being clear, an inquest was deemed unnecessary.

Coroner Boyer, in speaking of the case, severely criticized the drug stores for selling carbolic acid indiscriminately and thought that in this case especially, there being evidence of the man being under the influence of liquor, he should not have been allowed to purchase the poison.

Evans was born in Port Arthur 48 years ago. His parents still live at Port Arthur. Two brothers, David Evans, an employe of the Northern Pacific, and Thomas Evans, a bartender, reside in this city.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

HOCKEY.

No Rink In City In Which Teams May Play.

Hockey players and polo players in Duluth are in despair over the lack of facilities for indulging in their respective games this winter. There are but three rinks in Duluth and none of them are available. The West Duluth rink has posts in it rendering it unfit for play. The curling rink will be used exclusively for curling this winter, and the new rink in Lester Park will be used entirely for skating. The players say that if a large rink, centrally located were erected to be devoted to hockey and skating it would prove to be a good-paying proposition.

It is claimed that there are 10,000 Canadians in Duluth and when the subject of hockey is broached to any one of them he will mention the fact that every little country town in Canada has a large covered rink devoted largely to hockey, and if Duluth has enough Canadians to make a city by itself why cannot it support a hockey rink.

The high school boys recently attempted to form a hockey club for the coming winter, but the project fell through.

The employes of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company have a team organized, but it cannot secure a place to practice and is likely to come to grief for that reason.

SAILS AWAY.

Attacking Squadron In Naval Maneuvers Off For Rendezvous.

New York, Dec. 4.—The combined squadrons of the United States war vessels which are to take the attacking part in the great naval maneuvers have held their last communication with the shore, says a Herald dispatch from Port of Spain. They will sail at 5 o'clock this morning under easy steaming orders for the point eastward of the Windward islands where the problem adopted for the fleet to solve will be taken up. Detailed information as to the port chosen which the attacking party will try to seize will be withheld until the ships are at sea. It is said both admirals of the combined squadrons have carefully worked out their plans, and high hopes are entertained that they will succeed in outwitting the home fleet.

Chalk contains lime, cornstarch spoils, is sticky; use only Satin-Skin Powder; harmless, invisible, extra adhesive; best made. Flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

SHOWING THE WAY

The Public Statement of a Duluth Citizen Will Be Appreciated.

Many a reader of this in Duluth has gone through the self-same experience in part, and will be glad to be shown the way to get rid of the constant aches and pains of a bad back. Profit by a Duluth citizen's experience.

Mr. M. Tretheway, of 609 Sixty-third avenue, says: Though a very old man, counting by years, my general health, with the exception of kidney complaint, has always been good. Persistently I tried to help myself by using ordinary household remedies, as well as buying sure cure for kidney complaints, but until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at W. A. Abbetts' drug store and took them, I never received anything but the most unsatisfactory benefit. The action of Doan's Kidney Pills upon the secretions was very marked, and as I continued the treatment, the backache slowly disappeared. I do not like to say that I am radically cured, but it does not require a great stretch of the imagination to reason as follows: If Doan's Kidney Pills were so prompt in bringing assistance at a time when I sorely needed it, if any recurrence takes place, they can be appealed to, with every chance of again affording relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

FAILS TO REVIVE

Ambrose M. Cox Succumbs to Asphyxiation of Last Saturday.

Unconscious to the Hour of Death, Ninety-Eight Hours.

Interesting War Record, Entering Army at Early Age.

Ambrose M. Cox died yesterday afternoon after ninety-eight hours of unconsciousness. Mr. Cox was asphyxiated last Saturday afternoon while draining gas pipes in Lincoln park. He was unable to close the valve, and the gas rapidly filled the manhole, suffocating him. Park Policeman Dash discovered his dangerous predicament and endeavored to rescue him, but was himself overcome and only succeeded in reaching pure air by great efforts. Neighbors were summoned, and Mr. Cox was finally pulled from the manhole after being in it for nearly fifteen minutes.

He was unconscious when taken from the manhole and was carried to St. Luke's hospital. There his lungs weer found to be badly congested by the gas. Strong restorative measures were taken, but to no effect. For ninety-eight hours he lay in that condition, and finally breathed his last.

Mr. Cox was born in the state of Tennessee in the year 1849. When but a lad of 12 years his father was murdered. In the same year the civil war was declared. Mr. Cox, young as he was, felt deeply on the questions involved, and before the close of the war had joined the Federal army and fought in several important battles. Their home was near the dividing line of popular feeling, and his brother joined the Confederate troops, their home being thus in the sad condition so common in those days—diivded against itself. Brother was fighting brother. The war came to an end and Mr. Cox came out of it with a bullet wound. The wound healed but the bullet was never extracted, and he carried it to the day of his death.

AMBROSE M. COX.

After the close of the war Mr. Cox moved north to Deadwood, S., D. The feeling in his home state was still very intense, and he had decided to start out in a new country. From Deadwood he moved to Fargo, N. D., and finally came to Duluth in 1885. He has lived here since that time.

When he first came to Duluth he conducted a broom factory. The boom times came on and Mr. Cox thought he saw money in the real estate business. He went into it with his usual energy and made a great success of it for a time. The boom burst and Mr. Cox, far from being a comparatively rich man, lost heavily and was reduced almost to poverty along with so many others who lost their all at that time.

Mr. Cox was elected an alderman of the city of Duluth from the old Fifth ward in 1891 and served for that ward until the city was redistricted in 1894, when he was elected from the Sixth ward and served until 1896. He was never defeated and always won out by large majorities.

At the time of his death he was serving on the police force as park policeman in Lincoln park, where he met his death in the discharge of his duties.

Mr. Cox leaves a wife and five children, four daughters and a son.

The funeral will take place from Stewart's undertaking rooms Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

The Grand Army of the Republic, of which Mr. Cox was an honored member, will have charge of the funeral arrangements.

IS OPENED.

Curling Season of 1902-03 Begins---Interesting Contest Saturday.

The curling season was opened last evening, but it was rather an informal opening. Two ices were ready and upon these practice games were played by two rinks. The other ices will probably be in readiness by this evening and from now on the playing will be contiuous, weather permitting.

The contest between sides chosen by the president and vice president which are to be continued throughout the winter, are scheduled for the first and third Saturdays of each month and the first will be played Saturday afternoon and evening of this week. It may be that some of the games will have to be played tomorrow afternoon or evening, though at the present time there are only sixteen rinks entered with the games committee and that number can be worked off in one afternoon and evening. It is expected, however, that the number of rinks will be considerably increased. With the number of players the club has, it is believed that at least twenty-four should be registered.

Drawings for play in the events will be made so that play may begin promptly the first of the coming week.

The games played last evening were as follows:

E. E. Johnson,	W. C. Sherwood,
Carrell Graff,	C. E. Tvedt,
Elmer Whyte,	W. J. K. Osborne,
G. H. Letteau,	S. L. Reichert,
skip—11.	skip—9.
H. S Newell,	Roy Hoople,
J. T. Hickman,	C. A. Paine,
F. A. Day,	E. A. Forsyth,
Donald Morrison,	W. E. Magner,
skip—9.	skip—9.

MEDERINE
TRADE MARK

WE GIVE A

Written Guarantee

TO CURE

Your Catarrh.

We wish you to write us. All letters answered.

MEDERINE cures all poisons of the Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Skin Diseases. We guarantee to reach the cause and cure these diseases with

MEDERINE

Kansas City, Mo.

Dear Sirs:—I hardly know how to express to you my thanks for the good that MEDERINE has done me. I was a great sufferer from Catarrh of the Head. I was in a state bordering on insanity, with ringing sounds in my ears some of the time. I was easily tired out. The least exertion finished me. I was losing flesh rapidly. I commenced to take MEDERINE, and in two months it cured me. I have no pains in the head, sleep well, eat heartily and am gaining my flesh faster than I lost it. J. M. LYNCH.

Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5. Sent express prepaid if yor druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
DULUTH, MINN.
Our authorized Agent is

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St.
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Superior St,
Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Superior St.
Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Superior St.
S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.
Emile Peterson, 19th and 21st ave. west.

CLARK'S GIFT TO WIFE

Because of Birth of Million-Dollar Baby.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 4.—William A. Clark, Jr., son of Senator W. A. Clark, the Montana mine owner, has presented his wife with a rare Oriental ruby as a gift because the first baby born to them was a boy.

Senator Clark, while abroad, bought the ruby, a pigeon blood stone, for $25,000. It was originally in the collection of the senator in his New York house.

A message of congratulations was received from the senator, who is in Paris, on the arrival of the million-dollar prize winner.

THREE THOUSAND

Lost Their Lives By Santa Maria's Eruption.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—From the Guatemalan coast the Pacific mail steamer City of Sydney brings news thte deaths resulting from the recent eruption of Santa Maria volcano number about 3000. This is from the latest reports previous to the Sydney's departure for this port, but it is accompanied by the statement of Guatemalans that reliable information was still difficult to obtain. This death rate is considerably smaller than at first reported.

A CAUSE OF HEADACHE.

One Very Common Cause Generally Overlooked.

Headache is a symptom, an indication of derangement or disease in some organ, and the cause of the headache is difficult to locate because so many diseases have headache as a prominent symptom; derangement of the stomach and liver, heart trouble, kidney disease, lung trouble, eye strain or ill fitting glasses all produce headaches and if we could always locate the organ which is at fault the cure of obstinate headaches would be a much simpler matter.

However, for that form of headache called frontal headache, pain back of the eyes and in forehead, the cause is now known to be catarrh of the head, and throat; when the headache is located in the bock of the head and neck it is often caused from catarrh of the stomach or liver.

At any rate catarrh is the most common cause of such headaches and the cure of the catarrh causes a prompt disappearance of the headaches.

There is at present no treatment for catarrh so convenient and effective as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a new internal remedy in tablet form, composed of antiseptics like red gum, blood root, which act upon the blood and cause the elimination of the catarrhal poison from the system though the natural channels.

Miss Cora Ainsley, a prominent school teacher in one of our normal schools, speaks of her experience with catarrhal headaches en eulogizes Stuart's Catarrh Tablets as a cure for them. She says: "I suffered daily from severe frontal headache and pain in and back of the eyes, at times so intensely as to incapacitate me in my daily duties. I had suffered from catarrh, more or less for years, but never thought it was the cause of my headaches, but finally became convinced that such was the case because the headaches were always worse whenever I had a cold or fresh attack of catarrh.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets were highly recommended to me as a safe and pleasant catarrh cure and after using a few fifty cent boxes which I procured from my druggist's I was surprised and delighted to find that both the catarrh and headaches had gone for good"

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at fifty cents per package, under the guarantee of the proprietors that the contain absolutely no cocaine (found in so many catarrh cures) nor any harmful drug They contain simply the wholesome antiseptics necessary to destroy and drive from the system the germs of catarrhal disease.

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT HEAD OF LAKES.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Busy Under-price Friday!

The busiest day in the week always, but busier than ever tomorrow. Holiday Goods are being rapidly displayed. You'll find it both profitable and interesting to come tomorrow—and every day until Christmas.

Henty Books for Boys and Girls—Cloth bound—poster cover—easily worth 35c—Friday—each 25c

Cloth Bound Books—100 different titles to select from—all the popular and classic authors, such as Carry, Lyall, Elliott, Holmes, Shakespeare and dozens of others—regular 35c edition, Friday—each 19c

$1.50 Women's and Misses' Overshoes Buttoned or three-buckle, extra quality—regular price $1.50—Friday's underprice—per pair 75c

10-4 Grey Blankets—Heavy fleece, pretty fast color borders, well worth 60c, Friday 43c

Bleached Turkish Bath Towel—Size 24x50—heavy double thread—regular price 40c—Friday 25c

Mill Ends of Outing Flannel—1000 yards—remnants of the 10c quality—pretty stripes and plaids—5 to 10-yard lengths 7½c

Waist Patterns—3-yard lengths—of the most popular materials—in all the newest patterns—regular price $2.00—Friday—per pattern $1.50

New French Flannelettes—A new lot just received—36 inches wide—all the newest Persian and Oriental patterns—sold elsewhere at 20c, our price 15c

Unlaundered Handkerchiefs—Hemstitched and embroidered and lace trimmed Lawn Handkerchiefs, worth 15c to 25c each—Friday, choice at 10c

Children's Colored Border Handkerchiefs—Regular price 5c each—for busy underprice Friday sale—only 2 for 5c

Picture Store Specials Second Floor.

9x12 black mounts—lithograph and color—pictures sold everywhere at 5c—Friday's price only 2c

11x14 Copyrighted Photo Colors and Drawings—beautiful colorings—selected subjects—well worth 10c—Friday's price only 5c

15x20 Mounted Monotone and Prints—about twenty-five subjects—would be cheap at 20c—tomorrow we make the price only 10c

Oval Florentine Frames Size 16x20—inside full burnished—with concave hollow—in dark and gold wood moulding—sold by exclusive stores at $2.50 and $2.75—our price Friday $1.95

Picture Framing is one of the chief objects of this picture store, and no stock anywhere has such splendid connection with moulding makers, or can show so many designs, both simple and elaborate. As for the prices, **we guarantee** they are much lower than anywhere else in the city. See our window display.

Skates and Sleds In the Basem'nt

Skates.

A full line of the Barney & Berry skates—there are none better.

Barney & Berry skates, worth 59c—all sizes, per pair 48c

Barney & Berry skates, nickel plated—worth $1.19 per pair—Friday—per pair 95c

Barney & Berry skates, worth $1.75—per pair $1.48

Barney & Berry skates, worth $2 50—per pair $1.89

Hockey skates, special at—per pair—53c, 83c, $1.10, $2.25

Skate Straps—tomorrow's special—per pair 7c

Sleds.

A good boy's coaster sled or girl's high sled—tomorrow's price at only, each 25c

Better ones with full round runners—we make the price on these tomorrow—each 39c

Others at—50c, 69c, 98c, $1.48, $1.69, $1.98 and up

Baby Cutters, worth $5 tomorrow at $3.98

Baby Cutter Boxes, worth $2, each at $1.69

NOTED IOWA PRIEST

Passed Away While on Visit to France.

Muscatine, Iowa, Dec. 4.—A cablegram last night announces the death at Dijon, France, of Father P. Laurens, aged 85, pastor of St. Matthias church, Muscatine. He had a notional reputation.

For fifty-one years he has ministered to one parish, that of St. Matthias, and has thus came to have the distinction of having served the longest continuously in the same place of any priest in the state. A year ago in November Father Laurent celebrated his golden jubilee and hundreds offered felicitations. A month ago he departed for France with his sister, Theressa, to see once more the old familiar scenes of his childhood and renew the vigor he felt passing from him. His intention was to return to spend his last days with the people with whom he had labored so long and successfully.

The career of this beloved father reads more like a romance than a real life history. He was born in France in 1828 and his desire to do missionary work among the Indians coupled with his inclination to botanical study led him to come to this country, where both Indians and abundant flora were to be found. He went to Albany by rail. Then he was compelled to find other means of travel and proceeded by boat on the lakes to Milwaukee. From there he went across Wisconsin on foot and by wagon to Dubuque and came from there to Muscatine by flatboat. He landed here with this a straggling village of fifteen hundred. His parish extenued across the state to the Missouri, and soon after his arrival he set out on horseback across the desolate region to visit scattered parishoners and establish missions. He established amission at Council Bluffs and later did likewise in Winneshiek county. Once he returned to France and was offered a tempting position as assistant in the Church of the Madeleine in Paris, one of the finest churches in France. But he had become a thorough American and refused. And well he did, for the Commune of 1871 would probably have shot him with the rest.

SAILED FOR VENEZUELA.

New York, Dec. 4.—Acting under urgent orders, the British cruiser Indefatigable sailed for Venezuela Wednesday afternoon, according to a Herald dispatch from Port of Spain, Trinidad.

Picture Framing...

We advise our customers to bring in their pictures now to avoid the rush before Xmas.

Decker's No. 16 Second Ave. W.

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings
Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—
DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau. Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Friday, Dec. 4.—The barometer has risen decidedly in districts east of the Mississippi river and has fallen throughout the West, the Dakota high moving to the upper lake region and the center of the Northwestern "low" remaining about stationary over British Columbia. It is generally colder in districts east of the Mississippi river and warmer throughout the West and Northwest except that below zero temperatures continue in Saskatchewan. Rain or snow fell over the lake region, Mississippi valley and far Northwest, the snow fall being heavy in Assiniboa. The winds in the upper lake region are fresh northwesterly this morning. Owing to continued wire trouble the majority of the reports were not received in time for use on this map.

Following are minimum temperatures recorded during the past 24 hours:

Battleford	—6	Miles City	10
Calgary	—6	Milwaukee	20
Chicago	26	Minnedosa	0
Cincinnati	34	Moorhead	4
Duluth	6	Pierre	4
Edmonton	—2	Pittsburg	38
Green Bay	8	Port Arthur	—4
Havre	10	Prince Albert	—18
Helena	16	Qu 'Appelle	—2
Houghton	16	St. Louis	32
Huron	—8	St. Paul	2
Kamloops	26	Swift Current	8
Marquette	10	Williston	0
Medicine Hat	14	Winnipeg	2
Memphis	40		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight. Fresh and possibly brisk southwesterly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

A Very Profitable Business.

The construction of model tenements in New York seems to be a profitable business, even judged solely by commercial standards. The latest annual report of the City and Suburban Homes company shows that dividends of 4 per cent were paid. The company now has over $2,300,000 invested in improved dwellings. The first tenements erected by the company were opened about four years ago. According to the report, more than one-fifth of the total number of tenants have been living in the buildings during the whole of this time, and another fifth have been tenants between two and three years. The vital statistics of these buildings for the past year show that the general health of the occupants was exceptionally good. Tenements for colored people in West Sixty-second street have recently been completed. One interesting development is the large demand for two-room apartments, which comes especially from young married people and from elderly persons whose children have grown up and left them. It seems strange that the conspicuous success of this company has not encouraged more enterprises of a similar nature in other cities. Model tenement building offers a most attractive opportunity to combine business and philanthropy for social betterment.

Germany's Economic Position.

Germany is struggling against economic difficulties which are largely self-inflicted, and which could have mainly been avoided. The unnatural conditions are comprehensively shown in an article in the New York Mail and Express, which treats the subject in an exhaustive manner. It shows that from the consolidation of the German empire in 1871-72 to the end of the century there was an increase of population within its limits from 39,110,000 to 57,793,000. As the result of unification and the centralized policy that followed, this growth was accompanied by an extraordinary industrial development on new lines. There was something like a transformation from agriculture to mechanical industries and trade. In the period during which this process was most marked, from 1880 to 1895, those employed in agriculture increased less than 1 per cent, those in manufacturing, mining and building trades, nearly 30 per cent, and those engaged in trade, 49 per cent. The production of coal increased 260 per cent from 1872 to 1900; pig iron, 330; shipping, 500 per cent, while railroad earnings advanced 400 per cent. These figures are merely suggestive of the direction and extent of the development, which caused a demand for much greater food supplies and raw materials than the country afforded, and produced far more in the line of manufactures than it consumed. The logical result was the necessity of importing large amounts of food and raw material and exporting manufactures, to redress the industrial and commercial balances. The economical position of German became the converse of that of the United States, which has a surplus of food and raw materials, a home market for the bulk of its manufactures, and the need of importing the latter rather than the former. But the great advantage of this country is the extent to which it is self-sufficing; the disadvantage of Germany, the extent to which it has become dependent upon foreign trade. Germany has no one to blame but herself for these conditions, and they can be easily remedied by the proper legislation.

The enormous rise in the price of building materials, amounting in some instances to 30 per cent within a few years, threatens such great financial loss to the contractors that work has been stopped entirely on the new buildings for the United States naval academy at Annapolis. And this has been done with the approval of the secretary of the navy. The improvements at the academy were estimated to cost $8,000,000, but they will more likely cost $12,000,000 if the present scale of prices is maintained.

MEN AND OPPORTUNITIES.

A recent Washington special to The Herald told of an eight months' investigation made by Ludwig Max Goldberger, of Berlin, into the conditions in the United States. Herr Goldberger is a member of the royal privy council. In a series of articles which he is writing for Die Woche, of Berlin, he calls the United States "the land of unbounded possibilities," and says that life here is "an enchanted garden." "The joy at the size of their own land encourages each individual. * * * Everywhere I observed an uncommon but steady bustle of men who enjoy their work and are consciously working for great results." Herr Goldberger lays great stress on the size, richness of soil and natural opportunities of this country, and evidently believes that all this affords the inspiration which results in American progress.

But Herr Goldberger has not discovered the cause of American progress. The American people are ahead of Europeans in material things and in the joy they take in their work because under a greater degree of liberty this country has been able to develop a better type of manhood. It is not true, as this German observer believes, that American character is a result of material wealth and opportunity. Environment has had much to do with the formation of American character, but liberty and education have had much more to do with it, and these factors, working on good material, have produced the results that astonish the world. A people with as abundant opportunities, but bound down by despotism, would have made little progress; but American institutions have produced the men to take advantage of the opportunities.

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

For years and years there has been a struggle among the progressive leaders of all nations for the adoption of the metric system of weights and measures as the universal standard. Some countries have done this and the system is in vogue for all purposes. The committee on weights and measures of the house of representatives has long had this system under consideration, but as yet there seems to be no indication of a report. Secretary Shaw is interested in this matter, and in a recent speech before the representatives of foreign commercial bodies at Washington, said:

"I do not know that the world will ever adopt uniform standards of weights and measures, but I am convinced that such a course would be to the advantage of commerce, and if these shall be accomplished, the metric system, for which we acknowledge indebtedness to nations represented here tonight, will of necessity afford the solution. It is evident that all values will soon be measured in gold. In fact, this is already done internationally, and governments that provide anything else than the gold standard for local use impose a tax upon every international transaction sufficient to bar their people from competition in the world's commerce. I do not know that the world will ever adopt universal denominations of money, but if it shall, I am satisfied that the unit of value will be divided into tenths and hundredths, for this would be for the convenience of commerce. I may be dreaming when I suggest that some time, perhaps far off, and possibly nearer than we think, the prices current of the world will be written in a common language and in uniform measures of quantity and denomination of money, but if so, my excuse then for the vision shall be that more than one dream of yesterday is paying dividends today."

There is no question in the mind of students of this subject that the ultimate result will be the adoption of a universal system of weights and measures. But the various countries, including the United States, are very slow of action.

AMERICAN INVENTORS.

Perhaps nothing is more indicative of the progress of a country from a scientific standpoint than the returns of the patent office. In prosperous times the mind of the inventor becomes more active; he realizes that his labors are sure of recognition, and success is more easily obtainable. The report of the commissioner of patents on the business of the patent office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, shows that there were received during that year 45,562 applications for mechanical patents, 1807 applications for designs, 139 applications for reissues, 1819 caveats, 2460 applications for trademarks, 1020 applications for labels and 270 applications for prints. There were 27,387 patents granted, including reissues and designs, and 1864 trademarks, 750 labels and 163 prints were registered. The number of patents that expired was 20,335. The number of allowed applications which were, by operation of law, forfeited for nonpayment of the final fees was 4123. The total receipts of the office were $1,491,538.85, the total expenditures were $1,329,924.63, and the surplus of receipts over expenditures—being the amount turned into the treasury—was $161,614.22.

The commissioner calls attention to the fact that the design-patent law, section 4929, revised statutes, was amended upon May 9, 1902, which amendment has had the effect to reduce the number of applications for design patents by the elimination of those cases which were purely mechanical. Attention is also called to the revision of section 4883, revised statutes, which, as amended, permits patents to be issued without the necessity for the signature of the assistant secretary of the interior, as heretofore. The commissioner mentions the increase of examiners provided at the last session of congress, and expresses the hope that the present force will be able to take care of the buiness of the office. He refers to the progress of classification and the value of this work, and mentions the extension of the publication of decisions controlling the practice before the patent office to avoid the necessity of citing manuscript opinions.

That the total number of applications filed at the pension office for the year for the first time exceeded 50,000 is very flattering and speaks volumes for the inventive genius of the American people.

The Springfield Republican says that those who talk confidently about making over the languages of distant peoples' as in Japan, China or the Philippines, ought to be interested in the condition of affairs in Brittany, a district of France, the most centralized and homogeneous country on earth, and many think also the most civilized. The bishop of Quimper, in Brittany, has ascertained that 110 parishes of his diocese do not contain a single child capable of receiving religious instruction in French, while in a small town only 12 out of 150 understand French. It is this situation that gave rise to the report that the French premier had ordered the priests not to give religious instruction in the Breton language.

It is related that the way the late Col. Ochiltree got released from the federal prison on Johnson's island, at the close of the civil war, was to write this delightfully impudent yet cheery note to President Andrew Johnson: "Mr. President Johonson: When you get ready to let me leave your island, please let me know, and I will accept the same terms as Gen. Lee."

The Boston Globe says: "Of course it was very wrong for the German reichstag to indulge in such outbreaks as those of last week, but how do we know what our own congressmen would do if an attempt were made to pass a tariff bill with no debate whatever?" In view of what has happened at previous sessions of congress, they would do nothing.

There is a vast difference between the impression made on the man of 65 and the man of 25 in reading that Virginia veterans are to build in Richmond a monument to Gen. Grant, and that in Mississippi's new "hall of fame," the portraits of Lincoln and Lee are to hang side by side.

In scrubbing the stone floors of the White House at Washington a flat slab of granite with a long wooden handle is used. The method will interest housekeepers, especially because it needs a man to operate it.

A system of regularly retiring old employes on pensions will be put into effect Jan. 1 by the Union Pacific railroad company, which is further evidence that all corporations are not "soulless."

There were less casualties among the hunters in the woods this season than for several years, and there were fewer football fatalities. Is not the world becoming a safer place to live in?

The richest woman in the world is Fraulein Bertha Krupp, who has inherited a whole gun factory from her father. Who will get the gunmaker's daughter and her $75,000,000?

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, says that Democratic victory in 1904 is in the air. But most Democrats would prefer to have a victory on earth instead of "in the air."

In order to get out of its financial troubles, the Venezuelan government is trying to form a debt trust. Why not try our bankruptcy court?

New York anarchists are to give $1000 to Johann Most. The next time the courts get a chance at him, he will get something different

Possessing such a name, France could hardly do less than make Charlemagne Tower a chancellor of the Legion of Honor.

When rural free delivery has been extended over the whole country, it will be necessary to cut out the word "rural."

Admiral Dewey is in supreme command of the winter naval maneuvers. Mrs. Dewey did not accompany him.

Siam has closed her mints to the free coinage of silver. The crime of 1902!

LIGHT AND BRIGHT.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Waitress (at quick-lunch stand)—Do you want to eat this sandwich here or take it with you?

Gentleman—Both.

Chicago News: "This young man," said the proud father, "is my only son."

"And you may well be proud of him," rejoined the aged philosopher, "if he ever amounts to anything."

Washington Star: "Sometimes," said Uncle Eben, "a man pretends to be axin' yoh advice, when in reality he jes' happen ter hab a little time an' wants somebody to pay 'tention while he kicks."

Kansas City Star: "Do I look like anyone you know?" asked a bright Joplin youth at a card party the other night of a venerable old man who had been gazing at him intently.

"Yes, I b'lieve you do," returned the old man. "You look like an aunt o' mine that died twenty years ago. I b'lieve, though, that she had jist a little more mustache than you hev got."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "So you don't mind my piano playing, Mr. Skorcher," remarked Miss Nexdore.

"Not at all," replied Skorcher. "I like it best when you're coasting."

"When I'm coasting?"

"Yes, when you keep your feet off the pedals."

Indianapolis News: "She's evidently the apple of his eye."

"He told me she was a peach."

"So? Well, at any rate, they are a fine looking pair."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Reform isn't what it is lectured up to be.

It doesn't take a great deal of kissing of lips to kiss away all their sweetness.

Not one woman in a thousand knows the difference between loving and being loved.

When a red-headed woman hasn't a red-headed temper, it is a sign it is bleached.

Seldom does a woman love a man without, and seldom a man love a woman with, complete self-abrogation.

Biggest Gun in the Bunch.

Indianapolis News: We now have a coast defense gun that will fire a projectile twenty-one miles. Shooting at that range must be a good deal like shooting around a corner. One would think, too, that considerable difficulty would be experienced in retrieving the game when the shots were effective.

HOTEL GOSSIP

M. C. Palmer, of Virginia, the new register of deeds, who will take his place Jan. 5, succeeding A. Lofgren, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis. He was asked last night whether he had decided upon his appointments.

"No, I have not," he said, "but I doubt whether there will be any radical changes, at least for a while. Of course I want to become familiar with the work myself, and I shall do that before I make many changes in the present force. The persons employed in the office now are fully competent, of course, to handle their respective positions."

P. E. Dowling, of Eveleth, came up from St. Paul last night, and is at the St. Louis. Mr. Dowling, who is one of the new members of the house of representatives, has taken a pronounced stand with the state administration against Dr. L. W. Babcock, though the remainder of the Duluth delegation is on the Babcock side of the fence.

* * *

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent for the Eastern division of the Great Northern road, came up from St. Paul this morning and is at the Spalding.

* * *

G. W. Butters, of Minneapolis, who was formerly a resident of Duluth, is at the Spalding today.

* * *

William Wood, of Brainerd, a well-known logger, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

At the St. Louis: Max Miller, R. B. Kelley, Minneapolis; O. Albin Olson, N. W. Olson, Niagara, N. D.; Blande Pearson, Miss I. Anderson, Two Harbors; W. G. Moore, Grand Rapids; J. M. Ingraham, Sandstone; T. H. Okerstrom, Port Wing; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lynds, Cloquet; Mabel Shaw, St. Paul; E. C. Mueller, Davenport, Ia.

* * *

At the Spalding: G. Holmberg, son and daughter, Chicago; Waldo Sweet, Fond du Lac, Wis.; H. K. Brooks, Scanlon; H. L. White, Buffalo; J. B. Dunnigan, Bay City; H. E. Coleman, F. D. Orr, Minneapolis; Owen Norris, James Kasson, St. Paul; J. C. McPherson, Milwaukee; J. F. Norman, New York; W. Fitch, Beacon, Mich.

* * *

At the McKay: A. L. Williams, St. Paul; W. B. Pillsbury, Minneapolis; E. F. Christian, Wausau; John W. Woodfill, Jo., Two Harbors; L. L. Enger, St. Paul; John B. Rayn, St. Paul; L. Knudson, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Howard, City.

She Didn't Know What to Do.

There was a little girl—perhaps you know
The little maiden's name,
For maids in country and in town
Are apt to be the same;
She went to bed at 8 o'clock
And slept the whole night through,
But when the morning came she said
She didn't know what to do!

She went down stairs and breakfasted,
With many a frown and pout,
And quarreled with the servants, while
She ordered them about:
She made her little brother cry,
Then cried herself—she knew
She'd have no fun that day, because
She didn't know what to do!

She had more dolls than you could count,
She had a hundred toys,
And book shelves filled with handsome books
For little girls and boys,
And dainty dinner sets and games
To play with one or two;
But yet she wouldn't play, because
She didn't know what to do!

So all day long, from morn till night,
This little maid would sign,
And mope and fret about the house,
And say she didn't know why
She never could have any fun
Like little Sister Sue—
Because, with all her pretty things,
She didn't know what to do!

Steel Trust Rivals.

Springfield Republican: Any number of independent concerns are trooping into the field of iron and steel production as competitors of the big trust. Many of them, considered by themselves, are large affairs; beside the huge trust the largest of them looks small, but together they will prove formidable. The most important single concern of this independent group is the Union Steel company of Pittsburg, which has just absorbed the Sharon Steel company. Both of them have large plants for the production of various kinds of iron and steel products and both own valuable ore beds in the Mesaba region. Their new capitalization will probably exceed $50,000,000, and they contemplate the building of an independent railroad from Pittsburg to Lake Erie for the hauling of their ore and other materials. They say now that they expect to live on terms of peace with the big trust, and so they will as long enough to give plenty of work for all. But when the inevitable slump in demand comes, there will be anything but peace in the industry, where the foundations have already been laid for a great overproduction.

Clinging to a Good Thing.

Indianapolis News: As long as the independent operators are getting $7 and a ton a for their coal at the mines, they probably won't care how long the present state of affairs continues.

A Welcome Change.

Detroit Free Press: A good deal of fun has been made of General J. C. Breckinridge's eloquent compliments to his brother officers: but it is relief now and then to find somebody in the war department who is not trying to work an embalmed beef pedal.

You Can't Lose 'Em.

Baltimore American: The picturesque and the practical are about equally mixed in the cry of the Porto Rican mob: "Abajo con Dooley!" It is to be hoped, if only for the sake of his name, that Dooley will refuse to comply with the request and be downed.

Cleveland and Third Term.

Philadelphia Record: There is neither wit nor force in the suggestion that ex-President Cleveland's appeal to the Democracy to fall back on solid ground is inspired by a desire for a third term in the White House. Those who best know Mr. Cleveland's private inclinations and who appreciate the lofty patriotism that actuates him are sure that no such ambition inspires his public utterances. He long ago for that matter put himself on record as opposed to third-term aspirations. His advice to Democrats must be weighed solely by its intrinsic merit and soundness. So judged, we do not doubt it will commend itself to the fair consideration of those to whom it is addressed.

Another Guess Coming.

Brooklyn Eagle: The Pennsylvania friends of Mr. Dalzell claim that the speakership figures sent out from Washington in favor of Mr. Cannon are merely guess work; but it seems highly probable that the Pennsylvania will have to guess again.

Shallow Grievance of Barons.

Chicago Chronicle: One of the grievances of the coal barons in the arbitration business is the fact that John Mitchell "was permitted to occupy four and a half days with his testimony." As three and a half of the four and a half days were consumed by the trust's attorneys in cross-examination it looks as though the grievance of the barons really lay against their own lawyers rather than against Mitchell. This impression is strengthened by the notorious fact that the high-priced legal experts employed by the trust came off second best in a contest of wits with a man who never went to school after he was 14 years old.

Prosecution of Land Grabbers.

St. Louis Republic: Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock's annual report has much to say regarding the extensive frauds which are being practiced by large cattle owners and others who wish to secure a monopoly of government land. Mr. Hitchcock's administration of the interior department has been marked by a vigorous prosecution of these offenders. As long as his opposition to the granting of special privileges is marked by the bitter hatred of the men who are back of these schemes, he will receive the cordial support of the people.

A. N. OGLE DIES

Storekeeper of Iron Range Road at Two Harbors Expires.

Albert N. Ogle, of Two Harbors, storekeeper of the Duluth & Iron Range railway at that place, died last night at Mount Clemens, Mich., of a stomach affection from which he has been suffering recently. He was taken to Mount Clemens about two weeks ago in the road's car Vermilion, in the hope of improving his health, but it was without avail.

Mr. Ogle was a member of the staff of Governor Van Sant, with the rank of colonel. He was a conspicuous figure in the politics of Lake county, being chairman of the Republican county committee. He was very popular among his business associates and the people of his community generally. He has resided at Two Harbors since 1888.

The funeral will take place Saturday at Victor, Iowa. The car Vermilion will leave today for that place, bearing his mother and two children, a son and daughter, age 11 and 14 years respectively. His wife died some years ago.

THE DAKOTAS.

A Warrant Served For Dalesburg, S. D., Post-office Robbers.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Deputy United States Marshall Jerry Carleton, of Sioux Falls, served a warrant upon William Morris and Joseph Riley, in jail at Sioux City, arrested with the gang of five robbers taken by the police last week. Carleton's warrant charges the men with the robbery of the Dalesburg, Clay county, S. D., postoffice, Nov. 29, 1899. The two were arrested at Vermillion by Deputy George A. Ludlow and taken to Tyndall, S. D. They broke jail there Dec. 10, 1899, and now for the first time, are apprehended. The marshal intimates that one of them has been guilty of murder, but will not go into details.

Deadwood—One of the earliest settlers of the Black Hills, Christian Spiegal, died in his cabin in what is called Spiegal gulch. He was a native of Germany and took part in the early gold excitement of Montana, where he made and lost several fortunes. In 1875 he came to the Hills, before there were half a hundred white persons in the region. Crook City was shortly afterwards the largest town, consisting of several thousand inhabitants. Spiegal owned a placer claim and derived a handsome income for a time. He had no known relatives in this country.

Watertown—Harry Gilmore, Edward Carr and Daniel O'Connell, convicted of robbing the Duffner jewelry store last July, were sentenced to the penitentiary at Sioux Falls. Gilmore was given two years and four months, while Carr received the heaviest sentence of all—three years and six months.

Whitewood—The Whitewood Plaindealer has been sold by Robert V. Carr to Frank T. Radecke, of Chicago, and it will be edited and published hereafter by Merritt Collins, who has taken a lease. Mr. Carr intends to remove to Denver, where he will publish Carr's Monthly.

Rapid City—The overturning of a load of logs resulted in the death of John Thompson, a teamster in the employ of the Price-Baker Lumber company. The accident happened a few miles from town. Thompson sustained a fracture of the skull.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The search for Fireman Fred Bolinger, whose mysterious disappearance occurred a week ago, continues. The police searched the grounds and dragged the wells in the vicinity of the resort of Mrs. Alta Brown, but could find no trace of the missing man. It has been learned that Bolinger had $60 the night of his disappearance. There was due him $50 from the Northern Pacific for work and the fact that he did not call for the money leads to the belief that there has been foul play. Foreman McMahon, of the Northern Pacific shops, states that Bolinger liked the work of fireman and he knows of no reason why he should desire to leave. He was about 28 years of age, dark, smooth faced, height about 5 feet 8 inches and weight about 175 pounds. The disappearance of Bolinger recalls the fact that about ten years ago a man was murdered in a building near a disreputable resort in the northwestern section of the city and his murderer was never captured.

Fargo—There is a row on over the results of a piano contest. The Elks and the Rescue Hook & Ladder company were the leaders. When the total vote was figured up it was found that there were about 10,000,000 more votes than tickets issued. An investigation is alleged to have disclosed that a member of the Rescues had extra tickets printed elsewhere and voted them.

Tower City—The Park hotel, one of the largest hostelries in the state, was burned Tuesday night. The cause of the fire is unknown. A few of the guests had retired for the night. Some became hysterical, but no difficulty was encountered in getting out. The loss is estimated at $8000 with insurance at $3000.

IN MICHIGAN.

Capitalists Are After Important Rights on Menominee River.

Menominee—Chicago and Cleveland capitalists are negotiating for the purchase of the water power rights of the Menominee river at White and Chappe rapids, twenty and seven miles, respectively, from this city. The capitalists will utilize the power for the operation of an electric interurban railway line from this city to Escanaba. The power will also be transmitted to this city and will be great enough to run all of the factories in Menominee and Marinette. The eastern capitalists have had a survey of the river made and one of the Cleveland men, who is interested in several electric railway lins, recently mad a visit to this place to look the ground over.

The woodsmen of the upper peninsula are forming an organization to be known as the "Brotherhood of Woodmen," and it is expected that all of the men in the lumber camps will be enrolled during the coming winter. The primary object of the union is to maintain the present high scale of wages, due to the temporary scarcity of men, and in some instances to increase it.

Joseph, the 12-year-old son of Frederick LaVallee, had his fingers blown off in school today. He had a dynamite cartridge which he held in one hand and struck with a pencil held in the other hand. Suddenly the cartridge exploded, making a terrific noise. It was necessary to amputate three fingers on one hand and one on the other.

The Pennsylvania Land company, limited, of this city, has been incorporated to engage in the land business and has already made large purchases. The company has just made a deal for 15,000 acres of land in Menominee county from the Menominee River Lumber company. This transaction involves about $100,000.

The steamer John Schroeder, which was on a reef about half a mile off Menominee, was pulled off today by the tugs Thompson and Field, without having been much damaged, and is again loading.

Calumet—The Finnish singing socieues of the upper peninsula will unite in a concert in this city Jan. 20, for the aid of their suffering countrymen in the fatherland. Another concert will be held at Hancock, and it is expected that the two entertainments will net several hundred dollars. The work of raising funds for the aid of famine stricken Finns across the water is meeting with great success, and it is expected that $2,000 will be contributed.

The new line of the Houghton County Street Railway company between Laurium and Lake Linden is in commission. Cars are run every hour. The company is having some difficulty with the village council of Laurium, but it is expected that permission will be secured to lay track over the 300 feet necessary to connect with Red Jacket.

Iron Mountain—August Johnson, a train oiler at the Chapin mine, was caught between two cars and slowly crushed to death. The bones in his hip were broken to bits.

Houghton—A process has been perfected for the treatment of copper ores, which, according to experts, will bring about as great a revolution in metallurgy as the invention of Bessemer did in the manufacture of steel. It will permit of the operating of hundreds of low-grade copper mines throughout the country which are now lying dormant because of the hitherto prohibitive cost of production.

THE OLD RELIABLE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

MEMORIAL SERVICE

Held For Late Dr. Parker at City Temple.

London, Dec. 4.—A memorial service for the late Dr. Parker was held in the City Temple this morning. It was in impressive demonstration. The Temple was filled with flowers and crowded with personal friends of the deceased and representatives of a score of religious organizations. The streets outside the building were filled with crowds who were unable to enter and who waited in the biting wind to see the coffin carried out of the church for interment in Hamstead. The music included Dr. Parker's favorite hymn and Tennyson's "Crossing the bar."

Dr. Clifford and Dr. Robertson Nicoll officiated. Dr. Nicoll, who preached the funeral sermon, said: "The Christian church has mourned one of its greatest preachers and free churchmen must feel how rich they had been and how poor they had now become."

IMPORTANT PLOT

May Be Unearthed Through Arrest of Pulgar.

Madrid. Dec. 4.—Perez Pulgar, the anarchist arrested recently at Orenz, and who said he intended to kill King Alfonso, is held in close confinement. It is learned that in spite of his claim to being a citizen of Argentina, he is a Spaniard, 22 years old. The police are searching for his accomplices, and it is thought the investigation will result in unearthing an important plot. The officials believe that Pulgar is feigning insanity.

EDUCATION BILL

Passes House of Commons and Goes to Lords.

London. Dec. 4.—The education bill passed its third reading in the commons last night, the vote, which was taken at midnight, standing 246 in favor of the measure to 123 against it.

The bill was thereupon sent to the house of lords. There were only three members of the upper house in attendance, but these formed a quorum, and the bill was received and immediately passed its first reading, after which the house adjourned.

TRIAL OF DENNY

For Perjury Comes Up at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—The trial of Delegate Charles J. Denny on the charge of perjury, before the grand jury in the suburban railway franchise deal investigation, was called in Judge Ryan's court today. The testimony against Denny will, it is anticipated, be practically the same as that against Edmund Bersch, who was convicted of perjury and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

$4.30 St. Paul & Minneapolis.

Dec. 6 to 11 the Northern Pacific (Duluth Short Line) will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $4.30, account of Dairymen's association, good returning Dec. 13. Three trains daily, including famous Lake Superior Limited, leaving at 1:55 p. m. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

The Artistic Way
Of framing a picture is to select the frame that will show the picture off to the best advantage. We make a specialty of this sort of framing.
EDWARDS,
12 and 14 Second Avenue West

NOT A PROPER QUESTION

To Submit to International Arbitration.

London, Dec. 4.—Replying to a question today in the house of commons on the subject of Russia's offer to submit the question of Russian sugar and all other goods to the arbitration of The Hague tribunal, Under Foreign Secretary Cranborne said the government had informed Russia that it did not consider the question a proper one for submission to international arbitration, but that Great Britain was still ready to renounce the commercial treaty of 1859 if Russia so desired.

POSITION FOR BUTLER.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Charles Henry Butler, an attorney of New York city, was today appointed reporter of the decisions of the supreme court of the United States.

JULIAN RALPH IMPROVES.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—It was stated at the Southern hotel this morning that the condition of Julian Ralph, the noted newspaper correspondent, who suffered a severe hemorrhage last night, is much improved.

Marvels of Our Day.

New York Tribune: If wireless telegraphy succeeds in keeping ocean steamships in constant communication with their ports of departure for thousands of miles over the Atlantic, another miracle of science is added to the marvels with which this generation is favored. Marconi insists that within a short time this will be practicable in the regular trips of the ocean ferry. But the people are getting tired of so much talk and would like to see a little more performance.

But Who Will He Work?

Denver Post: John W. Gates says no boy can succeed unless he works hard. When it comes to illuminative philosophy, Mr. Gates is the only searchlight in Wall street.

WINTER RESORTS.

Hotel Redondo,
Redondo Beach, Cal.
Hotel Arcadia,
Santa Monica by-the-Sea.
Both these hotels are equally distant (18 miles) from Los Angeles and possess the finest winter climate in California. Golf, tennis, bowling, hot and cold salt water baths, best fishing on the coast. Delightful drives and the longest carnation gardens in the world. For rates and booklets. Address A. D. Wright, proprietor.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
Saturday, Dec. 6—Matinee and Night.
MARY ELIZABETH FORBES
—IN—
BARBARA FRIETCHIE
Dress circle $1, parquet $1 and 50c, family circle and balcony 50c. Matinee—dress circle and parquet 50c, family circle and balcony 25c.

On Friday and Saturday Evenings,
December 5th and 6th.
THE UNITY DRAMATIC CLUB will present the four-act comedy-drama
"ESMERALDA,"
At the First Unitarian Church, corner of Eighth avenue East and First street. Admission Fifty Cents.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
DULUTH OPERATIC CLUB
First Season 1902-3.
DECEMBER 9 and 10.
"Il Trovatore,"
Grand Opera in four acts, by G. Verdi. "AZUCENA," Signora Elettra Armista-Valenza, Contralto of Italian Grand Opera, (formerly with French Grand Opera); "MANRICO", Alfred D. Show, Tenor of Italian Grand Opera; "LEONORA", Miss Daisy Bassett; "Inez", Miss Marie B. Frederick; "IL CONTE DI LUNA", Edgard W. Prophet; "FERRANDO", Roy Prytz; "RUIZ", H. W. Lanners; A gypsy, a messenger, Walter W. Richards.
Chorus of 50 voices.
Orchestra 20 musicians.
Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.
Sale of seats December 8.
Costumes furnished by Fritz Schoultz & Co., of Chicago.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
MONDAY, DEC. 8,
The World Famous
HERMANN
THE GREAT,
In a programme replete with new and startling Magic Phenomena and Illusions, accompanied by the Musical Goolman's.
PRICE —D.C. $ .00; Parq. 75; F.C. and B. 50c.

WORK IS EFFECTIVE

The Educational Work of the Department of Agriculture.

Value of Forecast Warnings of the Weather Bureau.

Distribution of the Daily Warnings Should Be Extended.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The report of the secretary of agriculture was made public today. Secretary Wilson says:

"The educational work of the department of agriculture has grown in effectiveness since my last annual report. The opportunities offered to young men to fit themselves for special lines of experimental work under the immediate care of our most experienced scientists of the experiment stations of the several states and territories and the isles under our flag. The demands of these institutions for trained men to conduct research into so many fields of inquiry and of private individuals and companies for the best organizing and supervising ability to manage agricultural enterprises encourage students to prepare for doing this work.

"The teaching of the science of agriculture and the sciences related to it is receiving more attention in the colleges instituted for this purpose, many of which in the past have neglected their full duty in this regard. Research by the department officials into the principles governing the growth of plants and the creation of new species by hybridizing to give varieties from which to select for new purposes has brought gratifying results. We have new fruits and grains of numerous kinds adapted to localities that have been needing them for many years.

"We are helping people in many localities to an intelligent knowledge of their soils and of the most profitable uses to which they may be devoted. Results are showing the valeu of this service. The best sugar lands, rice lands, tobacco lands, truck lands, and lands best adapted to particular fruits, grains, grasses, legumes and other crops are being discovered as certainly as any other unknown thing is brought to human knowledge for the first time.

"Few of the plants of most value to our people are native to the United States. They are products of other countries and have been useful in their localities for long periods of time. Our various soils and climates are adapted to many things that have not yet been introduced to them. Department explorers are searching the Old World for whatever is valuable there and useful here, with results that are quite encouraging. Our aims are to help toward the production in the states and territories of everything their soils and climates will permit, and to help our new island possessions to grow whatever products require tropical conditions.

"Our growing commerce is accompanied with danger from invasion of animal and plant diseases and parasites calling for vigilance on the part of department scientists to keep them out and to deal with them when they cross our borders, as they occasionally do.

"My last report showed that the department was paying $12,600 a year for rent of buildings. It is now paying $21,700, and the amount will increase as the work increases. It would be good business policy to adopt a plan of building adequate to the future needs of the department, and to authorize the erection of so much of it as would provide for the offices that are now housed in the city wherever room can be had. The sum necessary to provide the rent, at government rates of interest, would be ample to begin with; besides none of the buildings now in use are fireproof, and we have materials that have accumulated in our laboratories, in addition to a unique library, that could not be replaced, if destroyed by fire."

Discussing the weather bureau, the report says that "the past year affords gratifying evidence of the value of forecast warnings of the weather bureau in saving life and property. People of other nations express appreciation of our Atlantic weather forecasts. The universal appreciation of this service in giving ample warning of the approach of severe storms or hurricanes or of killing frosts is highly gratifying and affords ample testimony of the assertion I have made on previous occasions that the value of property saved from loss repays to the country many times over the cost of maintaining the bureau."

Substantial increase was made in the distribution of daily forecasts through the rural free delivery, although efforts in this direction were circumscribed for want of funds for the purchase of necessary supplies. On Aug. 1, 1902, there were in operation about 10,000 rural free-delivery routes, serving approximately 1,000,000 families. For the reason stated only 105,000 families, served by about 1000 routes, could be furnished with the forecasts of the bureau. According to the estimates of the postoffice department, there will be in operation July 1, 1903, 15,000 routes, serving approximately 1,500,000 families, representing a population of over 7,500,000 people. The distribution of the daily forecasts of the bureau should be made co-extensive with the rural free delivery. This could be done on the basis of the postoffice estimates for July 1, 1903, at a cost of about $100,000.

The experiments in space, or wireless, telegraphy were begun Jan. 1, 1900, under the direction of the chief of the weather bureau, and were continued during the past year. While much valuable information has been secured and a fairly satisfactorily experimental system has been devised, the secretary says he is not able to report such progress in the investigation as would justify the department in dispensing with its coast telegraph lines or with the cables that connect certain islands with the mainland.

As far as funds would permit, the work of extending the equipment of steel towers and high-power lanterns of improved type at important storm-warning stations was pushed energetically during the year by the instrument division. In all, fifty-four towers were distributed to storm-warning stations. The funds available were too limited to permit of the purchase of high-power lanterns and other accessories required by the towers. Moreover, the first six months of the past year have been necessarily consumed in the manufacture, shipment and installation of the towers. The matter of lanterns and accessories will therefore have to be supplied this year, and while provision for them has already been made, the storm-warning fund will permit of no considerable extension of the work, and we must of necessity confine ourselves to finishing up the work left over from last year. There are now 109 storm-warning and nine special stations at which the steel towers have been installed. Of these, 48 need lanterns, and they will be issued as soon as delivered by the contractors.

Under the special appropriation by congress for the purchase of sites and the erection of buildings for the use of the weather bureau at certain stations, buildings were erected at the following places, at a total cost of $23,932.53, namely: Atlantic City, N. P.; Hatteras, N. C.; Fort Canby (North Head), Wash.; Port Crescent, Wash.; Tatoosh Island, Wash., and Point Reyes, Cal. Under this appropriation, also, buildings were repaired and improved and supplies provided, at a cost of $17,279.03, at the following places: Bismarck, N. D.; Jupiter, Fla.; Kittyhawk, N. C., and Cape Henry, Va. The buildingsat Port Crescent, Wash., and Jupiter, Fla., are still in course of construction, but will be completed within a few months. In view of the approval of this policy and of the economy to the government of owning its own buildings, the secretary recommended an additional appropriation of $50,000, which was duly granted by congress, for the purchase of sites and the erection of not less than six buildings during the current fiscal year. The places selected for these new buildings are Yellowstone Park, Wyo.; Amarillo, Tex.; Modena, Utah; Key West, Fla.; Sand Key, Fla., and South Farallone Island, Cal. Owing to the difficulty in providing sites for the buildings at Amarillo and Modena, it will hardly be practicable to erect buildings there before next spring.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine E. W. Grove

OKLAHOMA

Provisions of the Bill For Forming New State.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The senate committee on territories substitute for the house omnibus statehood bill, provides for the admission of one new state to comprise the territory now included in Oklahoma and Indian Teritories, the new state to take the name of Oklahoma. The bill as reported makes no reference whatever to New Mexico or Arizona.

The decision of the full committee is in accord with the conclusion reached by the Republican members (except Senator Quay).

The status of the Indians residing in the two territories is defined in a proviso inserted in the first section of the bill. This section authories the inhabitants of the two territories to adopt a state constitution and then says:

"Nothing contained in the said constitution shall be construed to limit or impair the rights of persons or property pertaining to the Indians o fsaid territories so long as such hight shall remain unextinguished or to limit or affect the authority of the government of the United States to make eny law or regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, property or other rights which it would have been competent to make if this action had never passed."

As usual in the admission of states, all male citizens are authorized to vote for delegates to the constitutional convention and there is a provision added extending this privilege to Indians who are members of any of the tribes located in Indian Territory.

These Indians also are made eligible to become delegates to the convention. The total number of such delegates is limited to 120, sixty each from Oklahoma and Indian Territory. In Oklahoma the delegates are to be apportioned to the various counties by the territorial officers, and in Indian Territory to the districts by the judges of the United States courts. The federal judges in Indian Territory are also made to constitute the final canvassing board for the vote in that territory.

The statehood convention is to be held at the seat of government of Oklahoma Teritory. Among the declarations prescribed for the proposed state is one "forever prohibiting polygamous or plural marriages." There also is a provision requiring the state to assume the debts of the territory of Oklahoma. The constitution adopted is to be submitted to the qualified voters of the proposed state for ratification or rejection, as usual in such cases. In case of acceptance a proclamation of the president will be the final act necessary to admit to complete statehood.

The next state is to be allowed four representatives in congress until the next census, two United States senators and a full quota of state officers. Liberal provision is made for the public school system of the state.

The state is to be divided into two judicial districts to be known as the Eastern district, covering the area of the present Indian Territory and the Western district covering the territory at present comprised in Oklahoma.

The constitutional convention is empowered to divide Indian Territory and the land comprised in the Osage and Kaw reservations into counties, the number of counties being limited to twenty-four.

The session of the committee at which the bill was ordered reported, did not exceed fifteen minutes in duration. There was no discussion, and as soon as the substitute bill was presented it was submitted to a vote. The votes of all the Republican members except Senator Quay were cast for the substitute and of all the Democratic members against it. Senator Quay voted with the Democrats.

The vote stood 6 to 5. There also was a vote on reporting the bill as it came from the house, the division being on the same lines as that of the vote on the substitute except that the majorly was in the negative.

CARTER KNOCKS OUT MAHER.

Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—Kid Carter, of Brooklyn, last night knocked out Peter Maher, of this city, in the second round of what was scheduled to be a six-round bout at the Penn Art Athletic club. The finishing blow was delivered two seconds before the round should have ended. Carter at the start began to rush Maher. A lively exchange of blows, during which Carter reached Maher's face several times, the local man responding with body blows, was followed by a clinch. Carter continually played for his opponent's jaw. In the second round there was much wrestling. Maher floored Carter once and was himself knocked down three times. His last fall was due to a right on the jaw, from which he was unable to recover.

HALF A MILLION

To Be Given Atlantic Transport Company Employes.

Baltimore, Dec. 4.—As a reward for faithful services, Bernard N. Baker, former president of the Atlantic Transport company, now a part of the International Mercantile Marine company, will distribute nearly half a million dollars among his former employes. Mr. Baker described last night the method of the distribution, which will affect about 300 persons in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis and Minneapolis. To each person who was in the employ of the Atlantic Transportation company one year or more and who will remain after Jan. 1 in the employ of the International company, he will give $1000 of the stock of the new company; to those employes of the Atlantic company who will lose their positions on that date he will give $2000 of the stock. To a few very old employes of the company, such as heads of departments, local agents, etc., he will give $2000 of the stock of the new company.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Allen Postum shot and killed Fred Dyser at Cleveland Tuesday night. The murder is the result of a family fued.

A party of six smooth individuals struck Black River Falls Tuesday night and passed considerable counterfeit money in five dollar bills. Two of the gang were arrested and are now in custody. The entire party will no doubt be hauled up, as it is believed all are implicated.

At 4:30 Wednesday afternoon Judge Ryan instructed the jury to return a verdict of acquittal in the Nicholaus bribery trial, at St. Louis. The jury immediately returned the verdict of acquittal and Mr. Nicholaus left the court room after receiving the hearty congratulations of numerous friends.

The army death list cabled from Manila under Tuesday's date totals thirty-one soldiers, including ten deaths from Asiatic cholera and eight from dysentery.

The choice of a successor to the late Dr. Parker of the London City Temple, appears to lie between the Rev. R. J. Campbell, of Brighton, and Dr. Frank Wakely Gunsaulus, of Chicago.

Howard D. Goodwin, aged 32 years, treasurer of the banking and brokerage firm of Cassett & Co., Philadelphia, committed suicide Wednesday night by shooting. He was found dead in the firm's office in the Arcade building. No cause is known for the act.

SMALLPOX CASES.

State Board of Health Makes Weekly Report.

St. Paul, Dec.—(Special to The Herald.) The report of the state board of health for the week ending Dec. 1, gives 134 new cases of smallpox in the state, an increase of nineteen cases over the number reported for the previous week. New Paynesville, in Stearns county, reports thirty-three cases. Chief Clerk Peterson, who was sent to the town to investigate, returned yesterday and reports that the physicians and local board are doing all that is necessary.

Beltrami county has nine cases; Benton, six; Wabasha, nine; Hennepin four and Ramsey, one.

The village of Milton, Dodge county, has eleven cases; Sverdup, in Otter Tail county, thirteen; South Stillwater has a dozen new cases.

HILLS WAS PARDONED

And Now Has a Divorce From No. 1.

Blair, Neb., Dec. 4.—Rev. Rowland B. Hills has been given a divorce from his first wife, whom he neglected to divorce when he left England. She was the daughter of an innkeeper at Sheffield, and he married her in 1885.

In 1899, he married the daughter of a dairyman at Blair, where he was stationed. The English church learned of it and sent his first wife here to prosecute him. Hills fled to Washington, but his first wife pursued him and brought him back. He was pardoned after conviction for bigamy.

FUNDS FOR MILLE LACS.

Payment Is to Be Made In January.

White Earth, Minn., Dec. 4.—United States Agent Simon Michelet will leave on the 12th for Mille Lacs county to ascertain the exact number of Indians on Nov. 1, 1902, occupying the original Mille Lacs reservation aid who are entitled to share in the per capita distribution of $18,500 as provided in the general appropriation bill by the last congress.

The payment will probably be made some time in January and will be shared in by 8000 or 10,000 Indians, amounting to about $200 per capita.

PAST CHANCELLORS

Of the Knights of Pythias Organize.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Past chancellors of Minneapolis Knights of Pythias lodges held a meeting Tuesday evening and formed the Past Chancellors' association of the state of Minnesota.

There are 140 past chancellors in Minneapolis, and 1400 in the state, but the association was formed by Minneapolis men alone, and they took all of the offices and places on the directory. Another meeting will be held on the third Tuesday in December, when the books will be opened for the enrollment of new members. The officers chosen are:

President, D. C. S. Talbert; vice president, Charles A. Greenwood; secretary, Thomas H. Hineline; treasurer, Joseph Hiscock.

The board of directors, consisting of one past chancellor from each of the Minneapolis lodges follows: Minneapolis lodge No. 1, E. B. Dodd; Unity Lodge No. 4, A. M. Stahl; Herminon lodge No. 18, William H. Landis; Nora lodge No. 33, John A. Hagman; Nicollet lodge No. 46, J. O. Smith.

One of the principal features of the association is to secure a home for all knights in the state who are in need of assistance, and also for the entertainment of visiting K. Ps.

Schlitz
MILWAUKEE'S LARGEST BREWERS

Over One Million Barrels
of Schlitz Beer Sold in One Year

This makes us, by over one hundred thousand barrels, Milwaukee's largest brewers, and Milwaukee, as you know is the most renowned brewing center in the world.

THIS IS HOW IT WAS DONE

For fifty years we have doubled the necessary cost of our brewing that Schlitz Beer might be pure.

We cool Schlitz Beer in plate glass rooms, and all the air that touches it comes through air filters.

We age our beer for months before we market it. That is why Schlitz Beer doesn't cause biliousness.

We filter Schlitz Beer through wonderful filters, then sterilize every bottle after it is sealed.

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous

Yes, you'll like it. It's
FITGER'S
EXPORT
BEER
A. FITGER & CO., BREWERS,
DULUTH, MINN. TELEPHONE 138.

What would you do the next time you have a hard cold if you couldn't get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral? Think it over. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Quality and Quantity A combination seldom found in a good smoking tobacco. We guarantee the quality and you will acknowledge you get your money's worth when you buy
T & B
Cut and Plug
Smoking Tobacco
(Strictly Union Make)
Rich in all the essentials that go to make up a perfect smoke.
"IT WILL SATISFY."
Manufactured by
JOHN E. TUCKETT & SON. Freeport, Ill.

WINTER WEATHER

Demands winter comfort, and we are prepared to meet your every want in heating stoves. The stoves we sell you are very economical in the use of coal, as satisfied customers all over Duluth will testify.

"GOLD COIN" BASE BURNERS AT
$29.50, $35.00, $38.00, up to $52.00
"JEWEL" BASE BURNERS AT
$35.00, $38.00, $44.00, up to $50.00
AIR-TIGHT HEATERS AT
$2.00, $2.50, up to $15.00
ROUND OAK HEATERS AT
$13.00, $15.00, up to $22.50

Call and inspect our line. We have a special offer to make you at this time

R. R. Forward & Co
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

2110 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

IS DOING ITS BEST

County Board Member Responds to Miller Road Criticisms.

Contract For Bridge Over Cloquet River Is Let.

Sum Available Annually For Road Work Too Small.

"The criticism of the condition of the Miller trunk road, published in The Herald tonight and made by two missionaries, whose duties call them over that thoroughfare is probably well taken," said a member of the county board yesterday afternoon, "but I am afraid we cannot do much just now.

"The matter of replacing the bridge has already been attended to so far as we can. We advertised for bids and let the contract for the bridge, and it is to be completed this coming spring and summer. It was too late to build it this year, and the best we could do was to require it to be built as early next spring as possible. We shall have a good, substantial bridge over the Cloquet river just as soon as it can be built and built right.

"I know that a large number of settlers have gone into the section beyond the Cloquet river and adjoining the Miller trunk road, and it certainly is a hardship to them to be cut off from this side of the river when the water is high. This is due, however, to the destruction of the bridge, and as that was done by storm we can hardly be held responsible for it, and I don't suppose the ministers that were quoted in The Herald intended to hold us responsible.

"As to the road itself, that is a pretty serious question. The idea that a trunk road connecting Duluth with the ranges would be a good thing and would bring business here was a pretty one in theory, but it has not worked out very well. St. Louis county put $100,000 in the Miller trunk road, besides $50,000 out of the Miller trunk road fund that we put in on other roads, and even when the road was new and at its best it was never used to any great extent as a trunk road. Of course, the settlers along the road, as far as they go, have used it, but there has never been any great amount of through traffic. It would cost a very large amount of money to put the road in shape, and it is a question whether we ought to spend the money that way or not.

"I believe in encouraging settlement, because I know that every additional farmer in this county means a lot of benefit to Duluth and the entire county. I know, too, that the settlers cannot succeed unless they have roads to travel on and to use to get their product to market. But that is not the only part of the county where we have new settlers. There are hundreds of them all over the lower part of the county, and many of them are off the line of the old established roads, and they want branches built to enable them to get on the old roads. They ought to have them, too, if the money holds out, but the road building in a country like this is expensive, and the $25,000 or so that we devote to road purposes every year has to cover a wide amount of territory and to keep up a network of old roads that will not remain serviceable unless some work is put in on them every year. The range country is settling up, new towns are being built near the old ones, and roads are needed to connect them and to help out the settlers in that section.

"The road proposition is a hard one. To satisfy every reasonable demand for road work in this county would take $100,000. That sum could be put in economically, and while it would give the county a magnificent set of roads, it would not build a mile of road that was not needed. Yet we are able to appropriate only $25,000 or $30,000 a year, and a good share of that goes to repair old roads that are cut up every year by heavy traffic and storms.

"There is no denying that in the past some reckless use of road money has been made. For instance, the bridges on the Miller trunk road. They are the finest structures of steel that could be imagined, yet their foundations have been discovered to be mere shells that will have to be rebuilt to keep the bridges from building ultimately into the rivers. Yet these bridges are separated by stretches of road full of bare corduroy, over which it will be almost impossible to even cart the materials needed to repair the bridges, which were built, by the way, by L. H. Johnson, the Minneapolis candidate for speaker of the Minnesota house of representatives.

"I wish we could give every settler of St. Louis county a good, serviceable road to Duluth, but that would involve burdensome taxes, which we have to look out for as well as for good roads."

THE STAGE

The Almondbury Bell Ringers appeared at the First Methodist church last night in the Star lecture course, and they pleased a large audience. They are excellent in their particular means of producing music, and they make their table full of bells ring out sweet strains in a remarkably adept manner. Their program included a great range of themes, with such numbers as the "Star Spangled Banner," a waltz from "Faust," a medley or two, etc. The music was mostly of a popular sort, of course.

E. Stanley Nichols, monologuist and entertainer, fills several numbers on the program in a very clever manner. He told character stories, did a monolouge with piano accompaniment, gave a "coon" song, and generally made himself amusing.

* * *

"Barbara Frietchie" will be at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening. It was presented here last year and made a distinct hit. The atmosphere of the play is especially delightful. The old Southern town of Frederick is picturesquely represented in the fine scenic effects, and the characteristic life of its people skillfully sketched in. The famous play, of course, belongs to the impersonator of the heroine, Barbara Frietchie. Miss Elizabeth Forbes is said to rise admirably to the role. She handles the rich feeling of the part with the discrimination of a great actress, and sustains the interest and suspense of the part with artistic poise and acts with a realizing sense of the emotional necessities of Barbara's tragedy, and is said to have a wonderful poetry of temperament.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Fredericka Brock Has No Use For Joseph.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fredericka Brock commenced an action in the district court yesterday for seperation from Joseph Brock, to whom she was married in August 1892, at West Superior, Wis.

Before her husband deserted her last August, Mrs. Brock says she was in constant fear of her life. Aside from being a habitual drunkard, she says he often threatened to kill her, and on one occasion assaulted her with a knife, threatening to cut her head off, and was only prevented from carrying out his threats by timely interference of neighbors. In addition to a divorce, she asks the custody of their two children, both boys, 7 and 9 years.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Duluth Camp Modern Woodmen Chooses Its Leaders.

Duluth Camp No. 2341 Modern Woodmen of America last night elected as officers for the ensuing year the following: V. C., J. Callahan; W. A., J. C. Anderson; clerk, M. L. Fraser; assistant clerk, C. Shogren; banker, N. N. Ole; escort, J. L. Nylander; manager, Geo. Jensen; watchman, J. Thoreson; sentry, J. O. Coning; physicians, Dr. W. A. Coventry and Dr. L. T. Pare.

Duluth camp No. 2341 M. W. A. was organized in 1894, with twenty-seven charter members. It has had a steady growth ever since, and now has more than 1200 members in good standing, showing that it is made up of enterprising men who take a great interest in their organization. This camp last year earned the proud distinction of having the largest membership among the camps in the state of Minnesota, and was given a beautiful prize banner, which occupies a prominent place upon the walls in Columbia hall, where the camp meets. Among all the camps of the order the Duluth camp is the fifth largest in point of membership. A well drilled degree team and a band of twenty-five peices are maintained by the camp and contribute a good deal toward making the meetings and entertainments of the camp interesting and well attended.

Last night's attendance was, on account of the election of officers, unusually large, testing to the utmost the capacity of the large hall. A great deal of interest was shown in the outcome, as the election progressed, as it is considered quite an honor to hold an office in this camp, well worth striving for in friendly contest.

Laxative Bromo-Quinin E. W. Grove

NOT KNUTSON'S BODY.

Queer Turn In Murder Case at Blackduck.

Bemidji, Minn., Dec. 4.—The body which was found in front of the Christianson saloon at Blackduck, and identified as that of Chris Knutson, was, at the preliminary hearing before Justice Martin, found to be the body of someone whose identity is unknown. At first the cause of death was a mystery, but matters in connection with the case have been discovered that promise to make it of more than ordinary interest.

Paul LeMay has been arrested for the murder of the unknown man. At the inquest he denied any knowledge of the affair, but since then a man by the name of Waldren has made the statement that LeMay confessed to him that he and another were with the murdered man on the night of the crime and that he accused them of stealing his money on the night previous and that they both struck him in the jaw, and, seeing him fall, left him to be picked up.

LeMay was in the employ of Waldren and the latter took his oath to the truth of his statement, and was corroborated by the testimony of Mrs. Waldren. Aside from these witnesses, no one was sworn except the doctor who saw the body in the saloon where it had been placed. The remains will be exhumed and a thirough investigation made.

CARRIED TO COURT ROOM.

Alleged Murderers at Fort William Collapse.

Fort William, Ont., Dec. 4.—The two Galicians who were held for trial for the murder of Stefan Bubbuk in the coal dock section of the town last Thursday had a preliminary hearing before Magistrate McDougall yesterday and were remanded for a week. The remaining five are held for witnesses. The full force of the enormity of the crime has just dawned on the minds of the poor fellows who are charged with the murder.

For a time they did not seem to comprehend that they were charged with a serious crime, but thought they were merely charged with being in a drunken fight.

After the finding of the coroner's jury was made plain to them, the two supposed to be directly responsible for the death of Bebbuk, collapsed, and one of them had to be carried to the courtroom. It has been necessary to give him restoratives to keep him from a state of nervous collapse.

LAKE SUPERIOR COMMERCE

All Records Broken at the Sault Canals.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 4.—Lake Superior commerce passing through the ship canals here this year will reach the stupendous figures of 36,000,000 tons.

This is assured by the report of last month's traffic, which amounts to 4,133,-038 tons, the greatest November in canal history, bringing the total for the year to Nov. 30 to 35,004,257 tons.

This is an increase of 8,000,000 tons over last year, which was a record-breaker. Nothing can more plainly demonstrate the rapid growth and development of the Northwest.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

ARGUING THE CASE

Attorney Severance Sums Up In the Mueller Case.

Defends the Validity of the Kosmerl Record Title.

Claims Failure to Identify Detroit and Duluth Muellers.

Interest in the Mueller case in district court is unceasing as it draws to a close and quite a number of spectators have been present to hear the closing argument of the counsel.

Mr. Whipple, representing Katherine Schafer and others, alleged heirs of Johann Mueller, closed his argument yesterday afternoon after talking for over three hours. Mr. Whipple's efforts were directed toward discrediting the Kosmerl mortgage and the quit claim deed given Peter Schweitzer, the mortgage on account of technical errors and because the counsel held that it was given while Mueller was unduly influenced by Father Kosmerl, in his capacity as a priest. Counsel made much of this and claimed that the priest failed in his duty when he did not apprise Mueller of the value of his lands when he mortgaged them or did not, as counsel claimed, explain to him what he was about to do.

Mr. Whipple, in his citations, took up the relation between the Catholic priest and his parishioner and traced the decisions of the court relative to bequests supposed to have been made through undue influence, from the old English law down to those rendered in more recent times. Mr. Whipple contended that everything went to show that Father Kosmerl and his associates did everything that they could to prevent the appearance of any heirs.

Mr. Severance, representing the plaintiff, Father Kosmerl, was the second counsel to argue. During the first part of his argument he dwelt on certain legal phases of the case in which he made a point that the special administrator had no right to make redemptions and quoted decisions at some length to show how the powers of the special adminstrator are limited by law. At the outset he declared that his client had a good title to the Mueller property under the foreclosure of the mortgage, and with reference to the request for a reformation of the Schweitzer deed, he claimed that no matter whether it were a forgery or not, assuming the deed to be all right, and were Johann Mueller alive, and it was established that there was a consideration for the deed, there would be a right to have a reformation of the deed made in accordance with the intention of the parties.

Attorney Dwyer, the counsel said, testified that Johann Mueller was advised to make the deed, that he even produced the land patent to have the description copied. Mr. Dwyer understood that Peter Schweitzer was to pay certain debts of Johann Mueller, that Mueller owed him money. Mr. Severance furthermore claimed that other witnesses testified that Seweitzer was to pay Mueller's debts and look after him. All this, Mr. Severance asserted, tended to show that Mueller's intention was clearly to convey his property to Schweitzer and did not show that he was unduly coerced into signing the deed.

If the title of the plaintiff to the property is not good, then it will be immaterial to them which set of claimants gets the property. If Katherine Mueller has established to the mind of the court her relationship to Johann Mueller, then she is entitled to one-third of the property and she and her children would get two-thirds, but if the title which the plaintiff claims is impeached, then Katherine Mueller and her sons would get the whole property.

Mr. Severance said he could not, therefore, agree with Mr. Whipple that the court cannot decide which one of the defendants, or set of defendants, are the true heirs of Johann Mueller. He contended that if the Kosmerl title holds good, the court would have to define anyway whether Katherine Mueller is or is not the wife of Johann Mueller. He claimed further that there is no force to Mr. Whipple's argument that the district court has no jurisdiction in this case, but held that the court has the right to settle all questions relating to title and heirship.

Taking up the question of heirship, Mr. Severance stated that Johann Mueller represented himself to be a single man when he signed the mortgage and the quit claim deed, and that in view of his representations on every occasion when he had to sign his name that he was single, the presumption is against the claim of Katherine Mueller that she was Mueller's wife. Mueller had lived in this vicinity as an unmarried man for many years, making all his conveyances as such, and it is a dangerous thing to upset record titles, unless the very strongest showing is made. The safety of titles demands that after a man has lived in a community for a long period of time, and has been a party to a number of transactions as a single man, the court should not overthrow the title unless on the most positive proof.

Mr. Severance then proceeded to attack the claims of Katherine Mueller that the Detroit Johann Mueller and the Duluth Johann Mueller were the same, and for this purpose divided his argument under certain heads, asserting, at the outset, that there are many things to show conclusively that the husband of Katherine Mueller was not the Duluth Mueller.

First he took up the measurement of the faces of the Detroit Mueller and the Duluth Mueller, and claimed that there was a great difference, as the evidence shows, in the general contour, the proportions and the lines of the face. Those lines were things that would not change much in thirty years, and if the proportions of the face were different, then the Detroit Mueller and the Duluth Mueller were not the same individual.

Mr. Severance then demonstrated from a chart the differences in the facial measurements which, he claimed, existed. The measurements were made from the same scale from the admitted photographs of the Detroit Mueller and the Duluth Mueller. According to the measurements Mr. Severance had there was not one identical feature in facial resemblance.

Another point made by Mr. Severance was that it has been overwhelmingly established that the husband of Katherine Mueller had a reddish brown beard, hair and mustache, while the hair of the Duluth Johann Mueller was very dark. Along this line, and in support of his claims, Mr. Severance took up the testimony of nearly every witness in the case, and pointed out instances where they claimed Johann Mueller, of Duluth, had dark hair, and the testimony of the relatives and former acquaintances of the Detroit Mueller to show that he had reddish hair.

Mr. Severance contended that the testimony also showed that Katherine Mueller's husband walked erect, with his hands in his pockets, while Johann Mueller walked in a stooped condition and carried his hands at his back.

Furthermore, counsel claimed, the testimony showed that Katherine Mueller's husband was very energetic, that he was a stonemason by trade, while the testimony showed that Johann Mueller was lazy, was not a stonemason, but had been a miller.

Stating other differences in the habits Mr. Severance claimed the evidence showed conclusively that Katherine Mueller's husband got drunk, sometimes went out with the boys, while Johann Mueller was not a drinking man.

As to a difference in languages, Mr. Severance claimed that it had been established by testimony that Johann Mueller, of Duluth, spoke in the Bohemian language like a native, while the husband of Katherine Mueller spoke only in German and had the accent of a Badenese. In addition to speaking Bohemian, Johann Mueller of Duluth spoke German, but not as the Germans do.

He claimed it appeared clearly from the evidence that Johann Mueller of Duluth was in Milwaukee in 1885, and and his appearance at that time was that of a man that had just come over from the old country, and that he could not then speak a word of English; while the testimony of Katherine Mueller showed that her husband came to America in 1872. Mr. Severance called attention to Johann Mueller's signature on his declaration to become a citizen, in 1887, and his signature on the Schweitzer deed. He claimed that it was not until 1898, when the Schweitzer deed was signed, that Mueller had acquired the American style of letters and discarded the German type. He claimed that had Johann Mueller been in this country since 1872 his progression in the acquisition of the American style of letters would have been more complete.

Mr. Severance also claimed that the evidence has shown beyond a doubt that the husband of Katherine Mueller signed papers in Detroit in 1873, using the German letters. Mr. Severance claimed that it has not been shown by the testimony of any witnesses except Ferdinand Mueller and Anton Schulte that Johann Mueller was in this country previous to 1885.

Relative to the religious characteristics. Mr. Severance asserted that the testimony demonstrated clearly that Johann Mueller who lived in Duluth was a devout Catholic, that he was a religious man, yet in spite of this the defendants had tried to make out that he perjured himself when he made his declaration of citizenship, when he took out his final papers for his land entry, and on all other occasions when Mueller swore that he was single.

Mr. Severance pointed out that on every occasion when Mueller had to take an oath he declared that he came to this country in 1884, and that he was 50 years old in 1893.

The overwhelming evidence of many witnesses, Mr. Severance said, would show that Johann Mueller came from Austria, and that very few witnesses had claimed he came from Baden. Counsel held that it was up to the defendant to produce the burden of proof to show that Mueller came from Baden, and that in this the defense has failed.

Mr. Severance claimed that Mueller never once claimed to be a stone mason, but always spoke of himself as a miller. Referring to the tattoo marks on Johann Mueller's arms, Mr. Severance claimed that the difference in the designs of the tattoo from that on the Detroit Mueller was one of the strongest proofs to show that the tattoo on the Duluth Mueller's arm is that of the Savior on the cross, while on the arm of Katherine Mueller's husband it was a wreath with the letters J. M.

Mr. Severance spoke of the generally unsatisfactory method of identification by photograph, and said that even were the photographs good likenesses, none of Katherine Mueller's relatives had positively identified the Johann Mueller of Duluth as her husband.

As to the testimony regarding earrings, Mr. Severance said it might or it might not prove something, for the testimony on the subject of Mueller's earrings varied from a silver ornament to a silver earring or a nail. He said the testimony shows that the Detroit Mueller never wore earrings after he came out of the army and that Katherine Mueller even now has in her possession those ornaments. He claimed there was no testimony to show that the Detroit Mueller had the wart on his forehead that Johann Mueller of Duluth is known to have had.

Another discrepancy Mr. Severance claimed, showing the difference between the Detroit Mueller and the Duluth Mueller was that the former came to America to escape his wife, while the Duluth man had to come because he was in serious trouble of some sort.

CHANGE OF LIFE.

Some sensible advice to women passing through this trying period.

The painful and annoying symptoms experienced by most women at this period of life are easily overcome by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is especially designed to meet the needs of woman's system at the trying time of change of life.

It is no exaggeration to state that Mrs. Pinkham has over 5000 letters like the following proving the great value of her medicine at such times.

"I wish to thank Mrs. Pinkham for what her medicine has done for me. My trouble was change of life. Four years ago my health began to fail, my head began to grow dizzy, my eyes pained me, and at times it seemed as if my back would fail me, had terrible pains across the kidneys. Hot flashes were very frequent and trying. A friend advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I have taken six bottles of it and am to-day free from those troubles. I cannot speak in high enough terms of the medicine. I recommend it to all and wish every suffering woman would give it a trial."—BELLA ROSS, 88 Montclair Ave., Roslindale, Mass.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Nervo-Sexual Debility

Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is failing and you will be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never at a standstill; with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe.

We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us you will never again be bothered by weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and absolutely unfit you for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will convert all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment **Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **free and confidential**, and we give each person a **Legal Contract** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.
Consultation in Person or by Letter Free.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

COMFORTS ALL HURTS
Paracamph
Relieves Instantly and Cures Quickly
COLDS IN THE HEAD, SORE THROAT,
CROUP, FROST BITES, SORE CHEST,
SWELLINGS and all INFLAMMATIONS.
Prevents Pneumonia and Pleurisy.
IT SOOTHES, IT HEALS, IT CURES.
25c 50c & $1.00 BOTTLES. AT ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS.
FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY,
Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

BROUGHT TO DULUTH.

Body of Hawkins Jacobson Is Interred Here.

The remains of Hawkins Jacobson, accompanied by Earl C. Martin, a former Duluthian, arrived yesterday afternoon. The funeral was held from the residence of H. F. Gibson, 314 Ninth avenue east, Rev. S. C. Davis officiating at the brief, impressive rites. Interment being at Forrest Hill cemetery.

Mr. Jacobson died in New York city last Sunday morning, after undergoing an operation for an abscess, from which blood poisoning resulted. He was well known in Duluth as a singer and choir boy, having in his youth possessed a sweet soprano voice. He joined a theatrical company about a year ago, and was attending the rehearsals of "A Bachelor's Honeymoon" company when stricken. His mother, Mrs. Ellen Jacobson and one sister, Mrs. H. F. Gibson, mourn his death.

WILLIAMS MAKES A CHANGE.

Bozeman, Mont., Dec. 4.—Professor W. F. Williams, of the agricultural college, has resigned and accepted a position as assistant professor of electrical engineering in the university of Illinois at Urbana, in that state.

Always the Same Good Old
BLATZ BEER
The Pride of Milwaukee
Send Postal Card for New Brochure, Which Tells Why
BLATZ BEER IS RIGHT
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(NON-INTOXICANT)
TONIC FOR THE WEAK
All Druggists or Direct.
Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch:
Lake Avenue South and Railroad Street.
Telephone 62.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,
Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.
Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years.
1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St.
New 'Phone, 1471.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
Ideal Beer Hall

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

Photographed from Life.
REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
1st day. 15th day. 30th day.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., [illegible]
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

FREE TO WOMEN
WILCOX TANSY PILLS
For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address
WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY,
329 NO. 15TH ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Greatest Wealth is Health

THE greatest wealth is not lands, houses, farms, stocks or bonds, but Health. Many a millionaire would give his million to eat with the appetite, and sleep with the peace enjoyed by the Indian. Yet it does not need millions to be the equal of the Indian in health. The secret of his strength is now at your command.

KICKAPOO SAGWA RESTORES LOST HEALTH

The Indian shut out from all outside help was obliged to wrest from Nature the secrets of her healing herbs. Slowly, he gleaned his knowledge and perfected it. Those centuries of slow results are represented today by the perfected compound Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. There is no other remedy that has so many and so wonderful cures to its credit. It is purely vegetable. It is Nature's own remedy, as used by Nature's own children. It purifies the blood, strengthens the stomach, assists the kidneys in their functions, regulates the liver, and makes the whole man sound and strong. No other remedy is sold under a guarantee that your money will be refunded if it does not fulfill every claim made for it. You can lose nothing by Sagwa while you can obtain the wealth of health by using it as directed. Sold by all druggists.

BANQUET FOR TEAM

Arthur Michaud to Extend One to Football Athletes.

Captain For Next Season Will Be Selected Then.

High School Indoor Ball Players Form Hub Team.

A captain to lead the cohorts of the high school in football next year will be chosen during the coming week.

A banquet at the St. Louis hotel will be given to the team, manager and coach by Arthur Michaud, a member of the high school junior class and admirer of the team, and at this affair the election will take place.

Extensive preparations have been made to make the banquet a great success. An elaborate menu has been prepared, and cards, uniquely printed in a manner appropriate to the occasion.

There will be oyster coktail "a la Cummings," and so the different dishes will go around, "a la" every man on the team. When the players' names are enumerated as "a la left tackle," "a la half back," etc.

The table will be beautifully decorated, flowers, ground pine, worked in with a plentitude of red and white, the colors of the team.

Only the members of the team, manager and coach will receive invitations to the love feast. Each player will be required to bring a lady, however, and after the feasting a dance will be held in the hotel dining room.

This is a new idea at the Duluth school. The different classes formerly gave the team receptions after the season, but this is the first instance of a full grown banquet given after the fashion of the colleges.

There can be but a few candidates for the position of captain, as most of the team will not be in school. "Doc" Howard, left guard, seems to be the most promising man. He has played on the team for two years, and during that time no man in the aggregation has surpassed him as a steady, consistent player. Carver Richards, the only other regular man on the team who does not graduate or has not signified an intention of leaving school, will also receive consideration for the place. Both men play in the guard positions.

INDOOR BASEBALL.

High School Athletes to Play as Hub Team.

High school indoor baseball players, who were forbidden to form a team under the wing of the Athletic association, have already arranged for an organization by means of which they may gain admission to the league and play indoor baseball with the rest of the teams of the interstate league.

The managers of the Hub Clothing store will furnish the team with uniforms and other necessaries. Harvey Dash has been asked to act as manager of the team. The interstate league, at a meeting last evening, gave a charter to the new organization.

Men who played on the high school team for the last two or three years, and those who would have played again this year, will form the team.

Alwin Cummings, the high school's great half back, pitcher and all-round athlete, will captain the team.

The Hub Clothing store has frequently had outdoor baseball teams representing it on the field, but this is its first venture into the arena of the covered diamond.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine E. W. Grove

IS DYING.

Barny Johnstone, the Actor, Cannot Recover From Wounds.

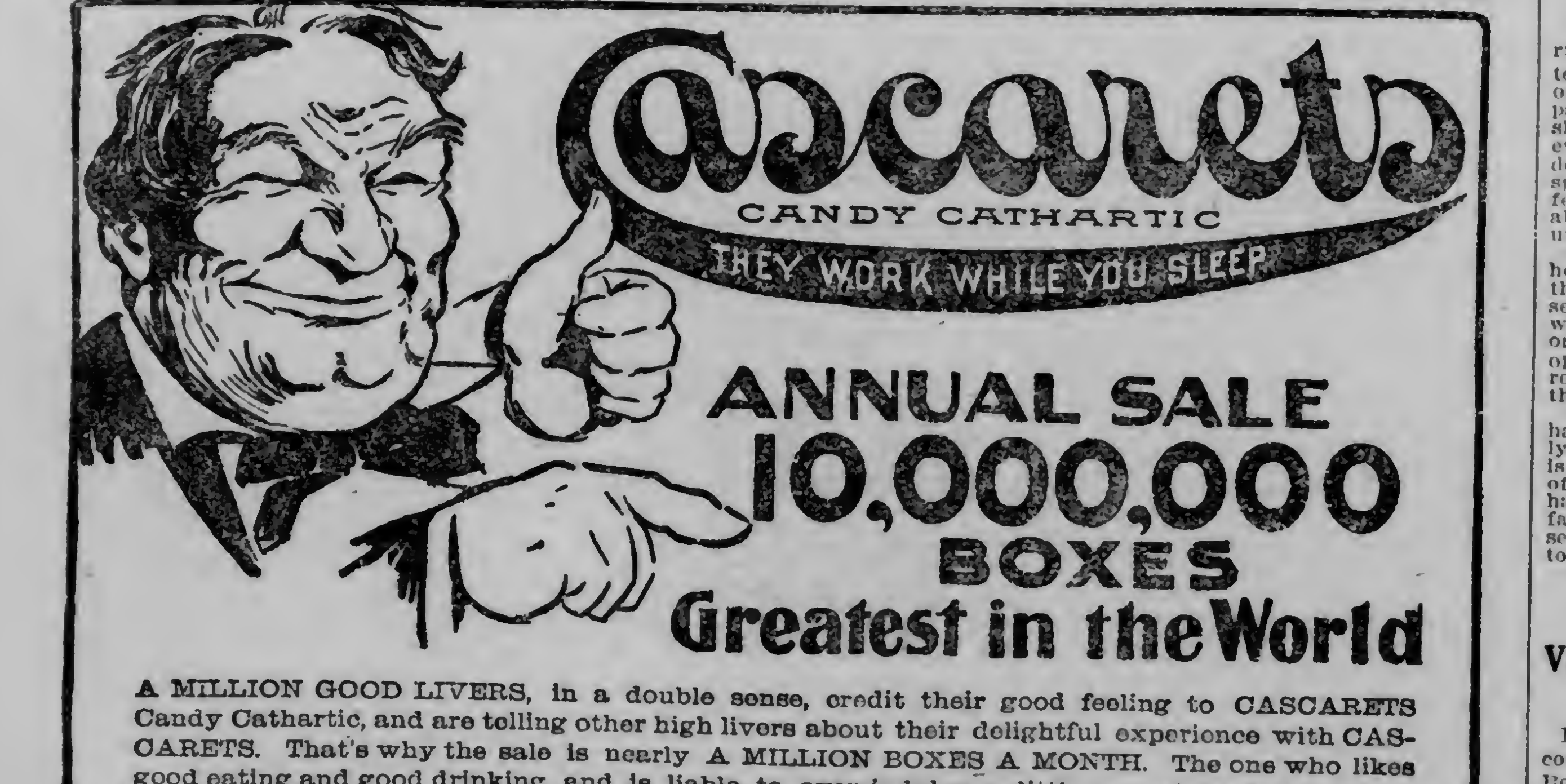
Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—Barry Johnstone, the actor, who murdered Kate Hassett, a member of the Keith Theater Stock company, Monday night and then shot himself, is dying at the Hahnemann hospital. The physicians have given up hope of saving his life, and their efforts are to render his death as painless as possible. Johnstone's mother, his two brothers and two sisters, who came here from their home at Syracuse, N. Y., on learning of the tragedy, have been in constant attendance at the bedside of the dying actor. Because of his weakened condition the physicians have been unable to extract the two bullets which Johnstone fired into his breast.

The body of the murdered actress remains at the boarding house where it was taken from the morgue. Up to a late hour Everett Beckwith, the dead woman's husband, and Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hassett, her parents, had not reached the city. Mr. Beckwith resides in Chicago and the home of the Nassetts is in Aurora, Ill. Stage Manager Wintrock, of Keith's Bijou theater received instructions from Mr. Beckwith to assume charge of her body pending the arrival of her relatives.

An examination of the murdered woman's correspondence was made today by the coroner, but nothing was found to show that Johnstone had threatened her life.

ROBBERS IDENTIFIED.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 4.—Three men, arrested Monday as burglar suspects, were quite positively identified by Express Messenger Lupton as the men who held up the Burlington train near Lincoln last October. Two of the men gave their names, respectively, as Cramer and Standish. The third refuses to give his name. All are strangers to the police. The express messenger said he did not think he could be mistaken. Other members of the train crew will try to identify them.



A MILLION GOOD LIVERS, in a double sense, credit their good feeling to CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, and are telling other high livers about their delightful experience with CASCARETS. That's why the sale is nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. The one who likes good eating and good drinking, and is liable to over-indulge a little, can always depend on CASCARETS to help digest his food, tone up his intestines, stimulate his liver, keep his bowels regular, his blood pure and active, and his whole body healthy, clean and wholesome. "In time of peace prepare for war," and have about the house a pleasant medicine for sour stomach, sick headache, furred tongue, lazy liver, bad breath, bad taste, all results of over-indulgence. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic are what you want; a tablet at bed-time will fix you all right by morning. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. Genuine tablet stamped CCC. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 585

PLOT FOR FORTUNE

Alleged By Mrs. Roos to Have Caused Husband's Death.

She Thinks He Was Murdered For His Money.

A "Deputy Sheriff" Kept Wife From Seeing the Body.

New York, Dec 4.—Leonard F. Roos, an art dealer and warm friend of William N. Chase, formerly of St. Louis, but now a noted portrait painter of this city, is dead. His wife thinks he was murdered for his money as the result of twelve months' plotting.

Mrs. Roos obtained possession of his body only after four policemen had battered in the door of the home from which she had been driven. Another woman had possession on the inside. The attack on the house was resisted by Michael Pompini, who says he is a special deputy sheriff. He was arrested. The woman, a Mrs. Long, was not arrested, and no charge has been made against her.

To a reporter Mrs. Roos said:

"I have known this plot to secure my husband's fortune at the cost of his life for a year. I was powerless, try how I would to prevent it.

"A year ago Mrs. Long came to our house to live as a nurse for my two servant girls, who had smallpox. When they were well she asked if she could remain as a boarder for a while, as she had no place to go. Our house was large and I permitted her to to stay. From that moment I have not been the mistress of my own home.

"One of the servants left me mysteriously. Later I received a letter from her in Milwaukee. She then told me of the conspiracy, saying that she had been invited to enter it.

"Two months before I was put out of the house my husband began to drink more than usual. He would not attend to his business. About that time Mrs Long commenced to take long daily outings with him. After several hours they would return, and then it would be evident to me that he had been drinking heavily. She did not show any effects of drink.

On Oct. 21 I went down town in a carriage to a shop. When I returned I could not get into the house. The door was closed in my face by a strange man, who now turns out to be this special deputy sheriff. After that I did not see my husband alive.

"When I got into the house today I found dozens of empty whisky bottles all over the house, and unmistakable evidence of a long continued debauchery. Besides that many of our paintings have been taken away. Some of these paintings were of great value. All papers and documents bearing on property or of any value are missing.

"I am satisfied that my husband was murdered."

Pompini said he was employed to take charge of the house by Attorney Louis J. Summerville. When Mr. Summerville was seen he said:

"By Mr. Roos' instructions I employed Pompini. I wrote the order signed by him. He told me he did not want to see his wife or her son any more, and wanted me to keep them away from the house. That is why I employed the special deputy sheriff.

"There would have been no trouble about Mrs. Roos seeing her husband's body if she had gone to the house in a proper manner, but she did not.

"The estate consists of about $10,000 in personality and $25,000 in real estate. I have his last will. It leaves the whole estate to brothers in Switzerland, and does not mention his wife.

"The executors are William N. Chase, formerly of St. Louis, and Dr. Joseph D. Trask.

"There is no mention in the will of Mrs. Ellen Long. She has been falsely accused. She was a good woman, who acted the part of a Samaritan in nursing him. She felt sorry for him. I do not know where she is."

The lawyer says the estate is worth about $35,000. Mrs. Roos says it is worth fully half a million. According to the story as told by Mrs. Roos, she heard that her husband was dead and went to the home from which she had been barred. Pompini met her at the door, and she was denied admission. She had expected to meet Miss Ellen Long, but that woman did not appear then; Pompini told her he had an order, which had been given by Roos before he died, forbidding any one to enter."

"There's $200,000 worth of property in this place," he said, "and I will not let any one in."

She went to Police Capt. Lantry, and he referred her to Magistrate Crane.

"Batter down the doors if necessary," said the magistrate to Capt. Lantry.

"This woman is entitled to use any means to enter her own home where her husband is dead."

With the assistance of four policemen the detectives finally overpowered the alleged deputy sheriff. It was necessary to beat him into submission.

When the house was entered a negro man and two women were found kneeling beside Mr. Roos' coffin in the front room. Their posture was that of mourners. While Mrs. Roos was lamenting over her husband, the police ordered these persons into the street. Throughout the house there was evidences everywhere that a debauch had been in progress. Empty liquor bottles and scraps of food were found strewn about.

Mrs. Roos examined the desks and papers in the house. She said she saw several papers were missing.

Mr. Roos was 70 years old. He was a Belgian, and had never become naturalized. In art circles he was recognized as an authority on the value of paintings.

For two months past Mr. Roos had paid little attention to his business. After his wife left his home he became careless in his habits, and to business acquaintances whom he met he spoke as if he feared some one was trying to injure him. Ten days ago he was mysteriously assaulted and beaten.

Investigation by the police shows that Roos died Thursday afternoon, instead of Friday morning, and that he was sick only a short time.

Pompini, as soon as Roos died, took charge of the funeral arrangements. He employed Italian undertakers down in Mott street. While a detective was in charge of the house one of the undertakers came up and said:

"I want to see Mike Pompini."

"What do you want him for?" asked the detective.

"I want to find out what kind of a casket he wants for Mr. Roos."

He was ordered not to take any steps. Mrs. Roos will have charge of the funeral.

"From little things men go on to great"
—Dutch Proverb

A homely saying but a true one, and one that can with all justice be applied to many of the purchasers of

Gorham Silver

From such a "little thing" as half-a-dozen teaspoons, for instance, they "go on" to the "great thing" of a complete service of table silver. It may take years, but Gorham patterns are always to be matched.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

Largest Gun In the World.

The new 16-inch gun recently built for the United States government is the largest in the world. It is the most powerful weapon devised by man, and has taken years to construct. The best and most reliable medicine ever compounded is the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, introduced over fifty years ago and containing only such ingredients as will be helpful to the entire system. It therefore commends itself to all persons suffering from sick headache, nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, dyspepsia, chills or malaria, fever and ague. Be sure to give it a trial. It has never been known to fail, and can therefore be depended on in your case. The genuine is for sale by all druggists and has our private stamp over the neck of the bottle.

IS MISSING.

Crookston Young Woman Thought to Have Been Abducted.

Crookston, Minn., Dec. 4.—Miss Gertrude Strassburger, daughter of an architect of this city, a young lady, 21 years of age, is mysteriously missing. In company with several companions she went skating on the Red Lake river Tuesday evening, and tiring of sport she sat down to rest, the others continuing the sport. When they returned for her a few minutes later she was missing, and all attempts to locate her have proved unavailing.

It was first believed she had preceded her companions to her home, and when this was found not to be the case a searching party was organized and she was sought until morning. There is but one place on the river where there is open water, and this is surrounded by rough ice where no one could skate if they wished.

Careful scrutiny showed that no one had been near it, and the theory generally accepted is that of abduction. There is nothing in the case to warrant the idea of her having eloped, as she has never had any young gentlemen friends. The family is distracted and the police and searching parties are still endeavoring to solve the mystery.

RIGHT TO REMAINS

Vested In Mother as the Nearest Relative.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 4.—The supreme court rendered a decision against Bishop Bonacum and Mrs. Mary Fitzgerald in the suit begun by Mrs. Catherine McIntee to secure the remains of her son, Edward Cagney, buried in the Fitzgerald plot of the Catholic cemetery in Lincoln. Edward Cagney was the nephew of and made his home with the late John Fitzgerald. When he died years ago, Mr. Fitzgerald claimed the remains and buried them. His mother wished to reinter them at Plattsmouth, and the widow of John Fitzgerald, with Bishop Bonacum, the latter as a trustee, resisted her efforts. The court holds that the mother, as the nearest relative, has first claim on her son's body.

WILL IS MISSING

Deathbed Bride of Millionaire Gibson May Lose Fortune.

Will Made on Wedding Day Cannot Be Found.

With His Death All Trace of Will Was Lost.

Cincinnati, Dec. 4.—A will bequeathing more than $1,000,000 to beautiful Henrietta Cecilia Gibson, of Providence, R. I., who became a widow six days after her marriage to John McCormack Gibson, of New York, has disappeared.

At the time of the marriage Mr. Gibson was critically ill and the ceremony was performed at his bedside. A few hours later the will leaving his entire fortune to the woman who had just become his bride, was drawn and delivered into his hands. Six days after this he died, and with his death all trace of the will was lost.

The most diligent search, which has lasted nearly a month, has failed to reveal the document or a clew to its whereabouts.

Mrs. Henrietta Cecilia Gibson is the daughter of Benno Wolf, a wealthy glove merchant of Providence, R. I.

Mr. Gibson had lived in New York at irregular intervals, his original home being in Cincinnati.

In recent years he had spent some time in the South on account of ill health, and his recent marriage took place where he died, Asheville, N. C.

Mr. Gibson's wife was one of the victims of the Windsor hotel fire in New York city in 1899. She was a Miss Goodhue, of Cincinnati. Mr. Gibson was greatly devoted to her, and the tragedy broke his health and sent him into a decline, from which he never completely rallied.

Two years ago he met Miss Wolf at Saratoga, where he was passing the summer. Before the season ended their engagement was announced.

In the following autumn Mr. Gibson visited Providence to complete arrangements for the wedding, which, it was then planned, was to take place in a short time. During the visit he was the guest of Miss Wolf's father at his beautiful residence at 1251 Westminster street.

While he was in Providence a slight throat trouble that had worried Mr. Gibson for several months grew suddenly worse.

The malady became so serious that, urged by his fiancee and his friends, he went to North Carolina in the hope that the bracing mountain air might restore his health.

His efforts were partly successful. The climate of the old North state agreed with him, and his spirits rose at the thought that his deferred marriage might take place soon.

Early in October Miss Wolf went to Asheville to visit him. But she found him far from well. The period of rally seemed to have passed and he was losing ground.

Tenderly and devotedly she nursed him and watched over him. Her presence put new life into the stricken man. When she left him she was very hopeful of his speedy recovery.

The rally, however, proved only transitory, and a telegram summoned Miss Wolf back to his side a short time after she reached her northern home.

With her sister, Alice, Miss Wolf reached Asheville on Nov. 1, and went immediately to the Battery Park hotel, where Mr. Gibson lay.

Propped up by pillows the dying man, with the little strength left him, urged that the wedding be solemnized at his bedside immediately.

"Henrietta," he said hopefully, "I shall be better afterward. If not"——

He did seem a little better after the ceremony, which was performed by a justice of the peace, in the presence of a very few friends.

Kneeling beside the bed, the young woman clasped the hands of the man whose life was slipping so quickly from her, and in tears repeated the words of the ceremony that made them man and wife.

With feverish haste then Mr. Gibson insisted on making his will. A lawyer was soon secured, and in a few minutes the document, giving all the millionaire's fortune to his bride was executed, signed, witnessed and delivered to Mr. Gibson.

For a day or two after the ceremony the bridegroom again rallied, but he sank as before, and on Saturday, Nov. 8, he died.

As soon as the message of Mr. Gibson's death was received in Providence, Benno Wolf hastened to Asheville.

But even before he arrived the will was missed. Diligent search among the dead man's papers and through all his effects failed to reveal it.

Mr. Wolf, on his arrival, continued the investigation, but his efforts also were fruitless.

It has been reported that relatives will contest the death-bed testament; that another will, or a copy of a former document has been found and will form the basis of proceedings. Mr. Gibson's brother, however, who lives at Providence, declares that these rumors of a contest are unfounded.

The body of the millionaire was taken to Cincinnati for burial by his widow and her father, and there further search for the missing will was made, the hunt being kept up meanwhile in Asheville.

Mrs. Gibson and Mr. Wolf have returned to Providence and the mystery of the will remains as dark as ever.

SKATING.

R. G. Tubman is building a large rink at the foot of Twenty-first avenue west, which will be open for skating on Saturday, Dec. 6.

Prescriptions

We don't guarantee to cure your cold in one day, but we DO guarantee to fill your prescription as the doctor wrote it, and to use only the best and purest drugs.

Smith & Smith,
Druggists.
101 West Superior Street.

BLOOD POISON CURED FREE!

The Remedy is Sent Absolutely Free to Every Man or Woman Sending Name and Address.

The Illustrations Above Plainly Show What This Grand Discovery Will Do.

A celebrated Indiana Physician has discovered the most wonderful cure for Syphilis or Blood Poison ever known. It quickly cures all such indications as mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, copper colored spots, chancres, ulcerations of the body and in hundreds of cases where the hair and eyebrows have fallen out and the whole skin was a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers, this wonderful specific has completely changed the whole body into a clean, perfect condition of physical health.

William [illegible]grath, 48 Guilford St., Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I am a well man today where a year ago I was a total wreck. Several doctors had failed to cure me of syphilis. I was rid of my sores and my skin became smooth and natural in two weeks, and after completing the treatment there was not a sore or pimple on my body, and today I am absolutely well."

Every railroad running into Ft. Wayne brings scores of sufferers seeking this new and marvelous cure, and to enable those who cannot travel to realize what a truly marvelous work the doctor is accomplishing they will send free to every sufferer a free trial package of the remedy so that everyone can cure themselves in the privacy of their own home. This is the only known treatment that cures this most terrible of all diseases. Address the State Medical Institute, 3797 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind. Do not hesitate to write at once and the free trial package will be sent sealed in plain package.

Parties Moving To the West....

Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand, Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address [illegible] Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... ELECTRIC LIGHT ....

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN AND WOMEN.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 981, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 26th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth E. Merritt, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth E. Merritt, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Leonidas Merritt,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the second day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated Duluth, Minn., this 26th day of November, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Nov-27-Dec-4-11-1902.

MARKET HIGHER

Wheat Starts at a Slight Decline and Then Rallies.

Wire Service Still Poor and the Market Dull.

Foreign Inquiry Is Good ---Flax Quiet and Steady.

Duluth board of Trade, Dec. 4.—Wire service was very irregular again today and as a result the wheat market was dull. There were no Chicago quotations received on the Duluth board until after the noon hour. The market was generally firm due to firm cables and comparatively small receipts in the Northwest. The export demand good and New York reported 60 loads worked. Duluth shippers did not export business but found the foreign tone strong. Duluth shippers have very little wheat that they can work and tomorrow night will see the elevators pretty well cleared of everything except that which is owned by mills. Today about 100,000 was worked for eastern shipment. The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ⅛ higher on wheat and unchanged on corn. The cold weather through the winter wheat belt with the absence of snow is a bullish influence.

Minneapolis received 540 cars, against 375 a year ago and Duluth 184 cars, against 326 a year ago. Receipts at Chicago were 55 cars, of which but one graded contract.

In the Duluth market May opened ¼c off at 74c, held steady there for about an hour and then sold at 74⅛c at 10:30, at 71⅝ at 12:42 and closed ¼c up at 74½c. December opened ¼c off at 70¾c, sold at 71¼c at 10:40, at 71⅛c at 11:19 and advanced to 11⅜c at 12:08, closing at that price, an advance of ⅜c. Minneapolis May advanced ¼c.

Cash prices were unchanged at ¾c over December for 1 northern, 2c under No. 1 for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Sales were 100,000 bushels.

Flax closed unchanged after selling up ¼c. Rye was off 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 73⅛c; No. 1 northern, 72⅛c; No. 2 northern, 70⅛c; No. 3 spring, 68⅛c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 73⅛c; No. 1 northern, 72⅛c; December, 71⅞c; May, 74½c; Macaroni, No. 1, 61⅜c; No. 2, 59⅜c. Oats, December, 31c; May, 31½c; on track, 31½c; to arrive, 31½c. Rye, May, 50c; on track, 48c; to arrive, 48c. Barley, 35@51c. Flax cash, $1.17¼; on track, $1.17¼; to arrive, $1.17¼; December, $1.17¼; January, $1.17¾; May, $1.22.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 184; last year, 326; rye, 1; barley, 7; flax, 94.

Receipts—Wheat, 373,481; oats, 2152; rye, 2984; barley, 30,067; flax, 154,748.

Shipments—Wheat, 423,657; oats, 71,670; rye, 38,114; barley, 148,628; flax, 122,759.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 21 cars	$0.71¾
No. 1 northern, 6 cars	71⅞
No. 1 northern, 2500 bus	71⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71⅞
No. 1 northern, 1 car to mills	71⅞
No. 1 northern, 1 car to mills	72⅛
No. 1 northern, 1 car	70⅜
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	69¾
Rejected, 3 cars	68½
Flax, 15 cars cash	1.17¼
Flax, 3 cars rejected	1.13¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.13½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Firm Cables and Small Receipts Strengthen Wheat.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—There was a better tone to wheat at the opening today, due to comparatively firm cables and smaller receipts. The early trading was inclined to dullness, although there was fair offerings of May, but local traders were bullish and the offerings were well taken. The cold weather throughout portions of the winter belt with but little snow, was a strengthening influence. May opened ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c higher at 75½c to 75⅝c, and after selling off to 75⅜c there was an advance to 75¾c, around which figure the market held steady. Minneapolis reported receipts of 540 cars, against 375 cars a years ago. Local receipts were 55 cars, one of the contract.

The close was strong with May ⅛@¼ higher at 71¼@⅜.

There was but a light trade in corn, the operations being confined chiefly to the local trade. Firmer cables and a good cash demand were bull factors. Outside of a little buying by locals there was no feature to the situation. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 43⅛c to 43¼c, and with light offerings the price quickly advanced to 43½c. Local receipts were 149 cars, with 7 of contract grade.

Oats sympathized with other grains, and although there was fair selling at the opening, prices were about steady, with May unchanged to ⅛c higher at 32⅜c to 32½c. December was easier, but there was little doing in either option. Local receipts were 131 cars.

Provisions opened strong on higher prices for hogs at the yards, and with a good demand for lard and ribs the advance was well maintained. January pork opened unchanged at $16.00; January lard was 5@10c higher at $9.67½@9.72½, with ribs up 7½@$8.27½.

Close: Wheat—December 73⅛@¼; May 75¾@⅞; July 73⅝@¾. Corn—December 54⅞; January, 47¾; May 43⅛@⅜; July 42⅛@¼. Oats—December 30⅛@⅜; old 29⅜; May 32½. Park—January $16.35; May, $15.40. Lard—December $10.35; January $9.80; May $9.02½. Ribs—January, $8.37½; May $7.25; Flax—cash N. W. $1.20; S. W. $1.14; December, $1.14; May $1.21@$1.22. Rye—December, 48½; May 51¼@½; barley, cash 36@60; timothy, January $4.20; clover, December $10.85. Cash wheat—2 red, 74; 3 red, 70@72; 2 hard winter, 71½@72; 3 hard winter 68@70; 1 northern spring, 75; 2 northern spring 73½; 3 spring 68@71. Corn—2, 55@½; 3, 55@½ Oats—2, 30½; 3, 30.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: President A. I. Valentine, of the Armour Grain company, notwithstanding the supposed liquidation of the big Armour line, still holds to his faith in a higher wheat price. "The milling demand everywhere has been unprecedented," he says, "and continues so. The Northwestern stocks are small. The total at Minneapolis, Duluth and in the Northwestern country elevators is 14,000,000 bushels less than last year. The visible supply includes 7,000,000 bushels less than last year and aggregates 17,000,000 bushels less than two years ago. Good wheats are scarce. From the Pacific coast there is an unusually large demand from the Orient, and the wheat is being taken at higher prices than the Chicago. The Manitoba crop has proved not as large as estimated. There is left a comparatively small amount of it unmarketed, and the demand for this is good. Reports as to the growing winter wheat crop are unfavorable. Everywhere there are empty elevator bins. With all our capacity and with the necessity in an ordinary year for borrowing, we have not this year borrowed a dollar from anyone. Everything about the situation makes me feel the May wheat price will be higher before spring."

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.
A. J. CUMMINGS,
Local Office — 306 West Superior St.
Dealer in.................. Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. ......Both 'Phones.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Charles Howe is supposed to have a line of about 1,000,000 bushels May oats, and has been the active bull factor in the market for the past thirty days. He has this advantage, that he is the only one large operator who is on this side. The other men who take good-sized lines are bearish. Howe is also bullish on May corn, and an owner of it. His theory for some months has been that May oats would go to 40c, and the May corn to 45c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	70¾B	71⅝	73⅛-72¾	....
High	71⅛	72½	73⅜	....
Low	70¾B	71½	72⅞	....
Close	71⅜B	72⅜	73⅛-¼	....
May—				
Open	74B	73½-⅝	75½-75⅝	....
High	74⅝	74¼	76-75½	....
Low	74	73½	75½	....
Close	74½B	74⅛	75¾-⅞	....

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. January.
Open	32⅜-32½	43⅛-43¼	$16.00
High	32⅝	43½	16.25
Low	32⅜	43⅛	16.00
Close	32½-⅝	43¼-⅜B	16.35

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 4.—Wheat spot firm; 2 red western winter 5s 10d; 1 northern spring, no stock; 1 California 6s 7½d. Futures steady; December 5s 11¼d; March 6s; May 5s 11⅞d. Corn spot steady; American mixed 5s 5d. Futures steady; January 4s 5¾d; March 4s 2½d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a very active market for heavy drafters. Lumbermen were eagerly looking for prime heavy logging horses and the outlet was the largest considering the time of the year. Farm mares were slow with numerous inquiries for spring deliveries. Values:

Drafters, extra	$175@225
Drafters, choice	140@175
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	130@155
Farm mares, choice	110@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@110

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 6000; market active and higher; good to prime steers, $5.90@7.75; poor to medium, $3.00@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.60; cows, $1.25@4.65; heifers, $2.00@5.65; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@3.75; Texas steers, $3.25@4.75. Hogs—Receipts today, 33,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 8185; active and strong, 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.35@6.65; rough heavy, $5.95@6.30; light, $5.70@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; sheep and lambs, higher; good to choice wethers, $3.50@4.10; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@3.60; Westerns, $2.70@3.80; native lambs, $3.50@5.40; Western lambs, $3.75@5.00. Official yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 9777; hogs, 35,532; sheep, 18,815. Shipments—Cattle, 4279; hogs, 3771; sheep, 5331.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Coppers have been dull today, prices held well, however, probably because stocks were not pressed for sale. D. W. eased off again on light offerings. Amalgamated continues to be strong and looks as if it would sell higher.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Coppers were very quiet today and as a rule unchanged in price. There was a larger volume of trading than usual in Amalgamated, but the price fluctuated within a range of half a point. Metal market shade firmer in tone. There has been heavier buying in London during the past few days. The money market is a trifle easier at the moment. The outlook is that the whole market, including copper, is a buy on sharp reactions and a sale on rallies for the present.

BANK OF ENGLAND STATEMENT.

London, Dec. 4.—The weekly statement of the bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve, decrease, £1,016,000; circulation, increased, £281,000; bullion, decreased, £735,346; other securities, decreased, £1,080,000; other deposits, decreased, 187,000; public deposits, decreased, £1,822,000; notes reserve, decreased, £1,021,000; government securities, unchanged. The proportion of the bank of England reserve to liability, is 42.34 per cent. Last week it was 42.65 per cent. Rate of discount unchanged, at 4 per cent.

GOLD PREMIUMS.

London, Dec. 4.—Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.50; Madrid, 35.35; Lisbon, 25.

BANK OF FRANCE STATEMENT.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation, increased 53,900,000 francs; treasury accounts current decreased 71,400,000 francs; gold in hand decreased, 2,826,000 francs; bills discounted decreased, 179,675,000 francs; silver in hand increased, 775,000 francs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	26	@	28
Creamery, tubs	25	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Packing stock	14	@	15
EGGS.			
Fresh	23½		
Storage	22		
CHEESE			
Twins, full cream	13½		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½		
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15		
Primos	7½		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	@	3 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	2 75	@	3 50
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 85
California pears	2 50		
California peaches	75	@	85
Cranberries	8 50	@	9 00
Bananas	2 00	@	2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 50	@	4 75
Catawba grapes, basket	23	@	24
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 15		
Mexican oranges	4 00	@	4 50
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@	7 00
California Oranges	3 50		
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10		
Beets, bu	50		
Carrots, bushel	65		
Cabbage, per crate	65		
Turnips, bushel	40		
Parsnips, per 100	1 25		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	1 25		
Green onions, per dozen	65	@	75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per dozen	1 50		
Citron	75		
Cauliflower, basket	2 25		
Mint, per dozen	30		
Radishes, per doz bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	43		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 25		
Red cabbage	75		
Pumpkins	1 25		
Squash	1 25		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	5		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	8½		
Geese	11		
Turkeys	13	@	14
Ducks	12		
Spring chickens	11		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6		
Lamb	9		
Veal good	8		
Dressed beef	6½		8½
Hogs	7½	@	8½
Pork loins	9		
Pure lard	11¼		
Compound lard	7½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@28c; dairies, 17@24c. Eggs, steady; loss off, cases returned, 24c. Cheese, steady; twins, 11¼c; dairies, 11¾@12c; Young Americas, 11½@12½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 4.—Butter receipts, 3386 packages, steady; state dairy, 20@27c; creamery extra, 29c; creamery common to choice, 20@28c. Cheese receipts, 2793; firm; fancy large new state full cream, colored and white, September 13¼@c; late make, 12¾@13c; fancy small colored and white, September, 13¼@½c; late made, 12¾@13c. Eggs receipts, 5218; steady; state and Pennsylvania average best, 28@29c; Western poor to fancy, 20@27c.

SCARED BY A FAT MAN.

He Wanted Lower Berth and He Got It.

A man who more than got his money's worth from the weighing machines waddled up the aisle of the sleeping car in the wake of the negro porter, says the New York Sun.

"Well, where are you going to put me this time, Eb?" he asked.

"Right up hyah, suh. Upper 13, suh." Eb made a sweeping bow as he indicated the berth with a wave of his hand.

"Upper 13? Haven't you got any lower berths left?" asked the fat man.

"Not a lowah on de train, suh. If dere was, suh, you know right well, suh, you'd suhtainly hab it."

"Um-m-m."

The fat man eyed upper 13 critically.

"Will it hold me, Eb" he asked anxiously. "You remember what happened last time I slept in an upper berth."

There was an uneasy movement behind the curtain of lower 13.

"'Deed I do, suh, 'deed I do! An' dat little thin man down below you. Oh, lawdy, lawdy! I t'ought he'd a-like t' died wid fright."

An anxious face appeared between the curtains of lower 13 and surveyed the speakers sharply.

"Well, that's all very funny to talk about afterward, Eb, but I don't want to go through anything like it again. The question is, will this berth hold me?"

The porters' face took on a grave expression.

"Why, I doan know, suh. I doan see no reason why it shouldn't 'ceptin'—pahdon me, but ain't you a trifle more fleshy dan what you was?"

The head again appeared between the curtains of lower 13. This time it began to speak.

"I—I—beg your pardon, sir," it said, "but if you prefer a lower brth, why, —er—beg—'

"Tut, tut, tut," broke in the fat man, hurriedly. "Your offer is very kind, sir, but I really couldn't think of depriving you of your night's rest. And I'm sure the upper will hold all right. I'm not in the least afraid, I assure you.'

"Ah, but really, now, I insist. I have absolutely no preference. In fact, I know I shall rest much better in the upper berth.'

The head disappeared and a moment later a weazened little man crawled out in the aisle with a bunch of clothing in one hand and a pair of shoes in the other.

"I insist, sir," The little man's tone was almost defiant.

"Oh, well, of course, if you insist," smiled the fat man, bowing as low as nature would permit him.

The porter made up the berths, and ten minutes later the fat man was snoring peacefully in lower 13.

It seemed to the thin man as he swung into upper 13 that he saw the porter wink. But then it may have been a flicker of the lamp.

Next morning the fat man, looking fresh and rested, lumbered into the smoking car and settled himself comfortably in a corner chair. Several of the passengers smiled. The stout man smiled back at them affably.

"Oh, well," he said, "you thin fellows can laugh all you want to, but for my part I'd rather be fat than wealthy. I weigh exactly 276 pounds now, and if it was 376 pounds I'd consider myself just 100 pounds better off."

Three or four passengers who had witnessed his acquisition of lower 13 the night before and who made themselves spent a quarter of the night in more or less successful attempts to dress and undress in upper berths, stopped smiling and nodded their heads gravely in assent.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Was Quite Listless and the Volume Was Light.

Uncertain Outlook In the Money Market Restricted Business.

Poor Bank Statement Is Also Expected on Saturday.

New York, Dec. 4.—Opening prices of stocks showed insignificant changes from last night's level. Dealings were on a very small scale. The general tendency was slightly upwards. International Power dropped 1⅜.

Bull operators bid up some of the recent speculative favorites causing advances of about a point in St. Paul, Louisville, New York Central, Brooklyn Transit and Amalgamated. Evansville & Terre Haute also gained 2¼ and Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis and Republic Steel preferred 1 point each. There was not much sympathetic effect elsewhere and profit-taking sales soon wiped out the improvement. Manhattan reacted to below 150.

The uncertain outlook in the money market and the growing certainty of a poor bank statement for Saturday kept the market listless and irregular. There was a slight hardening tendency early in the second hour, but by noon prices were at the lowest of the morning with an increased offering of stocks. St. Paul got below 175 and Manhattan lost 1⅝. Fort Worth & Denver City stamped advanced 2⅛ on light demand. Bonds were dull and irregular at noon.

Pressure relaxed against the more active stocks, but there were no rallies of importance and the market relapsed into stagnation when the selling ceased. New York, C. & St. Louis lost 3 per cent.

The market's undertone grew firmer during the early afternoon, but the recoveries were slight. Prices then fell lower than before L. & N. losing a full point net.

The market developed activity on the decline which reached 4 points in Lackawanna, 3½ in Great Northern preferred, 2⅛ in Manhattan, 2 in Colorado Fuel, 2¼ in Hocking Coal and a point or more in St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Ice, Rock Island preferred and the local tractions. The market rallied again and became dull. Prices did not hold. The closing was quite active and weak at the lowest for some stocks.

Stock. | Bid. | Asked.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	58⅝	56⅝	56⅝
American Sugar	121⅝	120	120⅛
Anaconda	87	87	87
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	83¼	82	82½
do pfd	98⅝	98⅜	98⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	99¼	98⅜	98⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	66¼	64¼	64½
Canadian Pacific	128⅛	127⅝	127¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¼	46	46
Chicago & Alton	33½	33	33
Chicago Great Western	26	25½	25½
Chi., Mil & St. Paul	176¼	174	174
Chi., Rock Island & P	43⅛	41⅞	42
Rock Island pfd	82⅞	81½	81½
Colorado Fuel and Iron	86	84½	85
Duluth, S. S. & A. pfd	24½	24½	24½
Erie Common	34	33⅜	33⅜
General Electric	178	178	178
Great Northern	185	185	185
Illinois Central	144	143⅛	143⅛
Louisville & Nashville	130⅜	128⅛	128¼
Manhattan Elevated	151	148⅛	148⅛
Mexican Central	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
Missouri Pacific	107	105⅞	105⅞
New York Central	155⅝	153½	153½
Norfolk & Western	71⅜	70⅝	70⅝
Pennsylvania	157¾	156¼	156⅜
People's Gas of Chic	101⅜	100⅝	100⅞
Reading	60½	59	59
Republic Steel & Iron	20	19⅝	19¾
Southern Pacific	63¼	62⅛	62¼
Southern Railway	32½	31⅞	32
Tennessee Coal & Iron	57	56½	56½
Union Pacific	100⅛	99⅛	99¼
United States Leather	12½	12¼	12¼
U. S. Steel	35½	36⅛	36⅛
do pfd	83½	83¼	83⅜
Wabash	29	28⅜	28⅜
Western Union	88	87¾	87¾
Wisconsin Central	25¾	25½	25½
do pfd	50¾	50⅜	50⅜
Northern Securities			106½B

The total sales were 379,100 shares

STOCK GOSSIP.

For a year or more there have been expectations on the part of some of the holders of American Smelting and Refining common stock that it would be placed on a dividend basis either late this year or early in 1903. There are well informed persons who are now inclined to the belief that owing to a falling off in earnings, partly caused by the heavy decline in the price of silver, no dividends will be forthcoming on the common stock during the coming year. The preferred stock is entitled to cumulative dividends.

* * *

Earnings of the steel and iron companies for 1902 will be larger than in any other year in the history of the companies. It is estimated the net earnings will aggregate $200,000,000, of which the United States Steel corporation will contribute $137,000,000. The steel corporation's earnings will be sufficient to pay fixed charges, the full 7 per cent dividend on the preferred stock and 4 per cent on the common, and leave a very large sum to be added to the surplus fund. Producers of pig iron will also make very handsome profits this year.

* * *

A Wall street paper says: "The one significant feature of the present fight for the control of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company is the inconsequential position of the Gates-Mitchell-Blair contingent. All the stock controlled by this party has been thrown to the Hawley-Harriman side, but it is reliably stated that it amounts to less than 3000 shares. This may not include the stock borrowed by Harris, Gates & Co. just before the books closed, but even this will not materially swell the amount. The $10,000,000 pool which Mr. Gates formed has completely disintegrated. The loss sustained by its members was 22 per cent of their allotted portions, or a total of about $2,000,000. Edwin Hawley is apparently the only member of this pool who did not accept this loss. He preferred to take up his stock and pay for it an average price considerably above par. This stock afforded the nucleus for the present holdings of the Hawley-Harriman party.

* * *

Sinn to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The professional element makes the market and consequently changes are unimportant. The flurry in money rates gives no indication of becoming acute. The undertone of the market develops strength and promises a reward to holders of good stocks around present prices. The street is full of tips which is a bad feature, but such influences have no bearing on legitimate improvement in values. Buy sugar on generally improved trade conditions.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was dull and inclined to be weak and heavy. The transactions were very light and confined to room traders. In the early trading there was a great deal of selling and prices sagged all round. During the middle of the day the market was stagnant, but before the close there was further selling. The losses were not very great, however, but the tightness in money caused selling. There is little time money to be had and only at high rates. It does not look as if the market could make much advance with the money market in present shape. Sales on rallies is about the safest thing to do.

ATTACKS IDENTITY

Attorney Severance Continues Argument In Mueller Case.

Claims Detroit and Duluth Men Were Totally Unlike.

Ridicules Identification of the Body By Mrs. Mueller.

When the argument was resumed in the Mueller case in district court this morning, C. A. Severance, counsel for the plaintiffs, took up the points he outlined in his argument yesterday afternoon, to show that Johann Mueller, of Duluth and Johann Mueller of Detroit, were not the same person, and dwelt on the details as brought out in the testimony showing different characteristics.

The testimony of various witnesses that the Detroit Mueller walked erect and with the carriage of a soldier, while the Duluth Mueller was stooped, and slow, was reviewed. The different trades of the two Muellers were commented on. Mr. Severance claimed that while Johann Mueller, as a miller, may have assisted in cutting the mill stones, he was not necessarily a stone mason. He said Mrs. Mueller and the Detroit Mueller's sisters swore positively that Johann Mueller had worked hard and regularly at his trade; that the testimony showed the Detroit Mueller learned his trade of stone mason in Germany, and was very proficient at it. This testimony, Mr. Severance claimed, has been undisputed.

It was held to be equally as well established that Johann Mueller, of Duluth, never claimed to have any other trade than that of a miller, and that he was not energetic, but inclined to be lazy. Mr. Severance referred to Johann Mueller's work as a dock walloper, a gardener, and a janitor, and said it was absurd to believe that if Mueller was a good stone mason and capable of earning large wages he would have done the work of a common laborer. He insisted there was no testimony to show that Mueller ever did anything else than common labor while in Duluth.

The testimony of numerous Duluth and Milwaukee witnesses, who claimed to have heard Johann Mueller say that he was a miller was cited, and Mr. Severance contended it was absurd to pretend that Johann Mueller had ever worked at any other trade.

Counsel claimed there was not the slightest similarity between the drinking characteristics of the Duluth and the Detroit Mueller. He laid particular stress on the testimony of the West Duluth witnesses that Johann Mueller spoke Bohemian like a native of that part of the county, and the evidence that Katherine Mueller's husband spoke only German. The testimony of other witnesses that Johann Mueller spoke German brokenly, or like a Bohemian was also reviewed at some length.

Reference was made to the testimony of the Milwaukee witness that Johann Mueller told them he came from the old country in 1884 or 1885. One witness testified that Mueller wore old country clothes at that time.

Mr. Severance ridiculed the testimony of Anton Schulte, Ferdinand Mueller and the witness, Paulus, he said Schulte had only one date fixed in his mind, and that was when he claims Mueller came to his tavern with a woman whom he afterwards left when he found she was no lady. One of Mr. Severance's terms for the witness was "Old Sherlock Holmes Schulte."

Reference was made to Mueller's oath when registering his name on the poll list, that he came to this country in 1885 and that he came from Austria. Counsel declared there was no reason for Mueller, a devout Catholic, to perjure himself time and again, as he must have done had he come from Baden in 1872. He claimed there was not a possible reason for Johann Mueller to tell so many people that he came from Bohemia in 1885 if he came from Baden in 1872, unless he was trying to hide himself, and even then if he was a man of ordinary intelligence he would have changed his name.

Referring again to tattoo marks, Mr. Severance claimed such marks cannot be obliterated; that the Duluth Mueller had a red and blue design of the Savior on the cross tattooed on his arm, while the testimony of Katherine Mueller was that her husband had a blue mark, with a design including his initials. He held that the testimony of the sisters of the Detroit Mueller verified, in part, Mrs. Mueller's testimony, that there was a unanimity of opinion that the mark on the Detroit Mueller's arm was a wreath inclosing the letter "J. M.," while the evidence was equally positive that the mark on Johann Mueller's arm was that of a figure on a cross, with the initials "J. M.," under the cross. This testimony, Mr. Severance claimed, was given by the defendant Katherine Mueller's witnesses.

As to the identification by photographs, Mr. Severance held that not much importance was to be attached to Mrs. Mueller's testimony on the subject because she even claimed to have recognized the dead body of Johann Mueller as her husband at once, when the doctors and the undertakers swore the distinterred remains were unrecognizable.

Mr. Severance reiterated that there was no testimony whatever to show that the Detroit Mueller had a wart on his forehead, while the Duluth witnesses testified that Johann Mueller had a wart on his forehead so large that he hit it with a comb when he combed his hair. Attention was called to the testimony of Fredlein Mueller that his brother, Johann, did not have a wart on his forehead.

Mr. Severance reviewed at some length the declarations Mueller is said to have made to various witnesses relative to his family. The witness Paulus, who said Mueller told him he had a family in Detroit, was roasted by the counsel, who called attention to the various stories he had told of his services in the German army, and of his alleged confidential relations with Mueller. Paulus' information was declared to be derived from Schulte.

Mr. Severance said Schulte has been taking a great deal of interest in the case, tramping over the country looking up witnesses, and, without much comment, it was easily seen that any testimony of Schulte should be regarded with suspicion.

Bruno Werner's testimony was declared to be incompetent because of his own admission, his head was not right and because his testimony was impeached by Mr. Merchant. The witness Andreas Haller was characterized as the "Wizard of Oz." Mr. Severance said Andraes seemed to have had a faculty of being around just at the right time, chopping wood, when he was needed, but that the rebuttal testimony of reliable witnesses showed Haller did not tell the truth about his age. Haller could not remember where his father, his mother or himself were from, but he did remember that Johann Mueller was born in Baden. Martin Haller's testimony was discredited by Mr. Severance on the ground of impossibilities. Haller testified that when he was but 13 years of age he went to the woods with his father and Mueller, cooked the supper and afterwards sat down by the fire to smoke his pipe and listen to the conversation. Mr. Severance said the witness evidently lighted his pipe before he went on the witness stand.

Mr. Severance also attacked the testimony of Anna Haller and claimed it showed that the witness had been prepared.

He called attention to the reasonableness of testimony that Mueller was trying to sell his claim and get back to his alleged family in Detroit when, on his deathbed, he had nothing to say of a wife or children he has claimed to be so anxious to get back to Michigan to see.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENT.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, Prest.
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cash.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cash.

The American Exchange Bank
OF DULUTH, MINN.
Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposits allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION 25th NOVEMBER, 1902.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts		$1,621,841.41	Capital Stock	$ 500,000.00
Overdrafts		1,737.54	Surplus and Undivided Profits	206,466.16
Real Estate		85,924.62	Deposits	4,591,626.71
Bonds and Stocks		43,819.57		
RESERVE—				
Demand Loans	$2,480,000.00			
Due from Banks	833,394.04			
Cash on Hand	231,375.69	$3,544,769.73		
		$5,298,092.87		$5,298,092.87

We Invite the Accounts and Collections of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, Firms and Individuals.

DIRECTORS:
HAMILTON M. PEYTON C. A. CONGDON G. A. TOMLINSON
JOHN H. UPHAM JOSIAH D. ENSIGN JAMES C. HUNTER

Mr. Severance said the evidence was clear that the Detroit Mueller walked lame, owing to an injury, and contended is was as clearly proven that Johann Mueller did not walk lame.

The testimony of witnesses to whom Mueller is said to have made declarations that he was not a married man was reviewed and attention was called to his personal appearance to show that he was born about the year 1843 and not 14 years earlier.

All the witnesses, Mr. Severance said, claimed Mueller showed a disinclination about talking of his relatives in the old country or why he left home.

In summary of his argument Mr. Severance said that in view of all Mueller's conveyancing as a single man, the claim of Katherine Mueller should be subjected to careful scrutiny; that she has utterly failed to establish her relation with Mueller and the preponderance of evidence has been against her; that all she has shown is she had a husband; but he was not similar in any way to the Johann Mueller of Duluth. He argued that in view of this fact it was not fair that she could come into any share of the disputed estate.

Mr. Severance occupied a period of four hours in his argument, finishing at the noon recess.

Mr. Knowles, who represents alleged foreign heirs was to argue this afternoon.

THE SENATE.

The Resolutions of the Statehood Convention Are Read.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Soon after the senate met today, Mr. Beveridge had read resolutions of the convention, composed of delegates from Oklahoma and Indian Territory, favoring the admission of both territories as one state, and opposing the house omnibus bill.

On motion of Mr. Stewart (Nev.) a concurrent resolution was adopted, calling on the president for the papers in the Pius fund case, recently decided at The Hague.

At 12:30 p. m., on motion of Mr. Hoar, Mass., the senate went into executive session. At 1:05 p. m. the senate adjourned until Monday next.

In executive session the senate confirmed the nomination of Hon. Oliver Wendell Holmes to be an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States.

IN POLICE COURT.

Pat Hood Pays For Privilege of Assaulting Another.

Pat Hood pleaded guilty to assault upon Mr. Tietz, the piano man, and was fined $5 and costs, amounting to $7.50 in all, or spend five days in jail. He paid.

Daniel O'Neal proclaimed himself a bold, bad man, full of fight, and offered to prove it. When caught by Officer W. E. Terry, near the Union depot, Dan changed heart and became humility itself, and said he was only full of fun. To prevent him from getting into trouble with himself he was sent to the lock up on the charge of being drunk. His sentence was suspended later.

John Howard, a plain drunk, out on bail of $12, did not show up in court this morning and the bail was adjudged forfeited.

Louis Brown, another plain drunk, had his sentence suspended and got twenty-four hours to get out of the city.

SIXTY CENTS ON DOLLAR

For Creditors of Le Mars National Bank.

Le Mars, Iowa, Dec. 4.—Thomas Thornton, receiver for the defunct Le Mars National bank, acting for the government, has filed his final report and left for Dallas, Texas. The creditors of the bank get 60 cents on the dollar. This bank closed its doors in April, 1901, when the vice president, T. F. Ward, absconded with $50,000.

HARDWARE MEN STRIKE.

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 4.—One hundred and ninety employes of the Wyeth Hardware and Manufacturing company of St. Joseph walked out on a strike at 9 o'clock this morning as a result of a disagreement over the employment of apprentices. The factory closed down and all is quiet. No disturbance has been attempted.

A FLOATING LIGHTHOUSE.

As is well known, there are some parts of our coast where it is almost impossible to construct lighthouses to serve as a warning to approaching mariners, owing to the lack of a solid foundation upon which to build; yet there is fully as great danger of shipwreck from the shifting sands as from the solid rock, and it has been customary to anchor buoys in such localities to warn the seamen that the coast is dangerous, says the Philadelphia Record. John G. Williams, of Kansas City, Mo., has concluded that where a buoy can be mounted a floating lighthouse would be of still greater value, and he has, therefore, designed a special structure for this purpose. It is not unlikely that this form of construction will be found considerably cheaper than the structures which are founded on the rock bed, for there is no expense for securing the foundation in connection with this new tower. It is inteded to mount it on a pair of pontoons, from each end of which a heavy weight is sunk to the bottom of the sea with connection by cable to a winding drum on the pontoon. The main structure is built upon the pontoons, which are connected by steel girders and afford a rigid support to the arches on which the tower rests. When a storm approaches the cables are wound up on the drum until the pontoons are drawn beneath the surface of the ocean sufficiently to afford little or no resistance to the force of the waves.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Tomorrow Will See Last Boat Start For Lower Lakes.

Insurance Rates on Cargoes Will Go Out at Noon.

Three Cents Limit Shippers Will Pay For Grain.

Tomorrow will probably see the last boat of the season start for the lower lakes. Some may run later than this out of Two Harbors, but the insurance limit expires tomorrow at noon, and there will probably not be a single boat leave here after that.

The grain rate today was still at 3 cents with no boats to be had. Shippers would not pay any more than that rate, as a higher charge would place the market out of line for shipping business. The elevators will be well cleaned out of all wheat except that owned by mills by tomorrow.

PASSED DETROIT.

Up yesterday: Sickens, Judd, 11:15; Northern Queen, 11:30; Miami, Northern Wave, noon; Viking, Vinland, Darley, Oceanica, 12:15 p. m.; Cartagena, 1; Mataafa, 2; Cuba, 4; Omaha, Peshtigo, 5:30. Down: Juno, Egan, Edwards, Golden Age, 11:40; Wade, noon; Robert Mills, 12:40 p. m.; Milwaukee, 1; Jupiter, 4:15; Lily Smith and barge, 4:30; Hart, 6:20; Martin and barges, 7; Sachem and barges, 8:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Up yesterday: Rosedale, 2:30; Siemens, Turret Court, 3:20. Down: Holden, 1:30; Rosedale, 3:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Lorain — Cleared: Murphy, coal, Duluth.

Buffalo — Cleared: Coal, Hesper, Soo; Mecosta, Marquette; Sonora, Watt, Duluth.

Marquette — Sheltered: Manola, Saxon, Pioneer, Chattanooga, Choctaw, Andaste, Griffin, Castalia, Wilhelm, Nirvana, Galatea, Presque Isle, Massachusetts, Black Rock. Northwest gale with snow.

Erie—Sheltered: Poe, Marna.

Harbor Beach — Sheltered: Helena, Mary Boyce, Langdon, Rhoda Stewart.

Houghton — Sheltered in Lily Pond: Manhattan, Volunteer.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals—Naples, George T. Williams, Selwyn Eddy, Neptune, Saturn, coal, Lake Erie; Corliss, Maderia, to lay up for the winter, Lake Erie; Fairbairn, turned back to Two Harbors.

Departures—Bangore, Steel King, Pope, Nesho, gain, Buffalo; Turret Crown, grain, Meaford; Mahoning, Northern Light, flour, Buffalo; Fairbairn, light, Two Harbors; Crescent City, Marcia, ore, Lake Erie; Newaygo, lumber, Lake Erie.

WAS PUNISHED ENOUGH.

It was a boy with a very subdued aspect and a long scratch on his nose, who came to his teacher in one of the large London board schools and handed her a note before taking his seat and becoming deeply absorbed in his book.

The note read as follows: "Miss B.: Please excuse James for not being there yesterday. He played troant, but I should think you don't need to lick him for it, as the boy he played troant with an' him fell out, an' the boy licked him, an' a man they sauced caught him an' licked him also. Then his pa licked him, an' I gave him another one for saucing me for telling pa; so you need not lick him until next time, I should say he thinks he'd better keep in school hereafter."

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburb.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Marion Ray applicant to have registered the land described as follows: Lots fifteen and sixteen (15 and 16) in block one hundred and forty (140), Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, Plaintiff, vs. Christ Kreager, Rosa Kreager, Uriah Branch, William Henry Branch, Mary Branch, the Middlesex Banking company, of Middletown, Conn., and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein. Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, Clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of November A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 4-11-18-1902.

ELECTION EXPENSES

Last Day For Filing Brings the Affadavits All In.

Republican County Committee Come Out With Surplus.

Democratic County Committee Had Small Deficit Left.

Today is the last day for the filing of primary and general election expense affidavits of the candidates and the county political committees, and it was reported at the county auditor's office this afternoon that all the affidavits have been filed, as required by law, some of them being filed this morning.

The affidavit of the Republican county committee shows that the total receipts from all sources was $4775, and the total expenditures $4747, leaving a balance in the hands of the treasurer of $28. The larger part of the receipts were contributions from the various candidates and $1690 of the amount expended went to committeemen and workers.

The receipts of the Democratic county committee were much smaller, being only $482.35, while the expenses were $488.50, leaving a deficit of $6.15.

The following individual expense affidavits have been filed since the list published in The Herald a few days ago:

Representatives—N. F. Hugo, election expenses, $93.50; J. Danly Budd, election expenses, $257; William Brown, nomination expenses, $86.40; F. E. Bradley, nominating expenses, $15; P. C. Dowling, election expenses, $145; A. J. McGee, nomination expenses, $78.

County auditor—O. P. Stenson, nomination expenses, $61.

Clerk of district court—W. B. Moer, election expenses, $133.70.

Judge of probate court—D. G. Cash, election expenses, $400.81; W. G. Bonham, nomination expenses, $385.90.

Sheriff—C. M. Burnett, nomination expenses, $160; Archie Phillip, nomination expenses, $184.50.

Register of deeds—M. C. Palmer, election expenses, $106.30; G. Bergquist, nomination expenses, $272.98.

Congressional—C. d'Autremont, nomination expenses, $596.22.

State senator—T. M. Pugh, election expenses, $82.35.

County commissioner—Louis Helbing, election expenses, $212; E. E. Morcom, election expenses, $77.11; Neil McInnis, election expenses, $66.

A VERDICT.

Jury Returns $1500 Against Street Railway For Damages.

The jury in the case of Alfred Marcotte, administrator of the estate of George Poulain against the Duluth-Superior Traction company ,returned a verdict late yesterday afternoon for $1500 for the plaintiff. The jury was out twenty-four hours. A stay of execution of judgment wa staken. J. D. La Motte and Alexander Marshall represented the plaintiff, and Greene and Wood the defendant

All the testimony in the divorce action of Betty Nelson against Jacob Nelson, before Judge Ensign, has been put in and teh case was yesterday afternoon continued over until Saturday for the argument.

In Judge Ensign's room this morning the court case of Joseph A. Robtaille against Anna Sheehan, a suit to recover a small amount claimed to be due the plaintiff, was begun.

Judge Dibbell has not yet recovered sufficiently from his illness to sit in court.

Charged With Assault.

William Reimers, arrested last night on a charge of assault upon William McEwen, was brought before Judge Windom in the municipal court this morning. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for 2 o'clock this afternoon, the prisoner being held over for want of $250 bail. Counsel for defendant was not ready to go on with the trial this afternoon, so the case was continued until tomorrow at 2 p. m.

STATEMENT

Concerning Movement of Railroad Men For Increased Wages.

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—Grand Master P. H. Morrissey, of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, returned here today from Chicago, where he was in conference with prominent representatives of his organization in th West and Northwest. Upon request Mr. Morrissey dictated and gave the Associated Press a signed statement concerning the reported combined movement on the part of the four leading organizations of railway employes to secure an advance of wages for their 170,000 members. In part it follows:

"The reports emanating from Chicago, that 170,000 men represented by the established railway labor organizations were forming a federation or combination for the purpose of making a concerted demand for increased wages on the railway companies in the territory west of Chicago are not authoritative and no such movement is in contemplation.

It is true as has heretofore been officially stated that the conductors and trainmen contemplate presenting requests for increased wages to lines in the Western territory, within a short time, but the procedure will be regularly and orderly and in accordance with the established rules and customs of the order of railway conductors and Brotherhood to railway trainmen."

"The statement that an immense combination of railway employes is in process of formation with a prospect of a general railroad strike and serious interference with traffic folliwing it is no doubt as disquieting to the public as it is unjust to the organizations.

"P. H. MORRISSEY,
"Grand Master, B. R. T."

SORE NECK

Take Scott's Emulsion for scrofula. Children often have sores on the neck that won't heal up. The sores may come and go. Parents may not know what's the matter nor what to do. Scrofula is the trouble and Scott's Emulsion is the medicine.

Scott's Emulsion heals the sores. But that is not all. Scrofula leads to consumption. This is the real danger.

Scott's Emulsion is the "ounce of prevention" that keeps off consumption.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

NOMINATIONS

For Various Positions Are Sent to Senate.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Robert McWade, Pennsylvania (now consul), to be consul general at Canton, China; Martin A. Knapp, N. Y., interstate commerce commissioner (a reappointment); George W. Ellis, Kansas, secretary of the legation at Monrovia, Liberia.

Also a large number of army promotions and appointments.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine E W Grove

The Ladies of the First Presbyterian Church

will give a bazar and supper and handkerchief sale Friday evening, Dec. 5. Supper 50 cents.

WILD TUMULT

Prevailed In the Reichstag Owing to Misunderstanding.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—The reichstag was in a state of wild tumult today for a few minutes over a slight misunderstanding as to who had the right to the floor. Herr Singer, Socialist, had arranged with President Von Ballestram for recognition at a certain juncture.

Meantime the president left the chair after explaining to Vice President Von Stollberg-Wernigerode, who had the next right to the floor, but the vice president recognized Herr Spahn, of the Center party. Herr Singer started to mount the steps to the tribune and the vice president told him to sit down.

Herr Singer, in some surprise, stopped on the steps, and Herr Spahn took the tribune and began his speech, with Herr Singer loudly protesting The members of the reichstag were by that time in such a state of passion and tension that they all sprang to their feet, the Socialists shouting in support of Herr Singer and the members of the Center and Right parties supporting the vice president, who ordered Herr Singer to leave the house. Herr Singer, however, defied him, and as the rules do not provide for the arrest or removal of recalcitrant members, the vice president was powerless except to suspend the session for half an hour.

SENATE WILL RATIFY.

Washington, Dec. 4.—President Roosevelt is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the state department the treaty will be ratified by the senate during the present session.

NEEDED AN AIRSHIP.

He looked as if he might have been a baseball umpire. He was battered and bruised to such an extent that his best girl would have passed him by on the other side. The mud clung to the legs of his trousers, and his Panama hat was safely ensconded in a cute little out-of-the way nook in the neighboring subway, says the New York Telegraph.

"Ought to be more careful," said a bystander, as he tried to conceal a smile at the man's predicament.

"Careful!" shouted the unfortunate. "Say, look here, mister. Listen to me for a minute. I was crossing the street, an automobile was coming in one direction, a bicycle in another, a trolly car from the east, a cab from the west, and there on the sidewalk was my tailor, who had recognized me, and was waiting to throw it all over me for $50 that I owed him. I tried to dodge them all. The auto threw me against the bicycle, the bicycle tossed me against the car, the car fairly landed me against the cab, and the cab deposited me in the arms of my tailor. Careful? What yer giving me?"

And then the crowd dispersed, wondering at the marvels of civilization as seen in New York city.

COFFEE DID IT.

Put a Man Out of the Race.

Coffee serves some people in a most atrocious manner.

"I was a veritable coffee fiend, until finally my stomach rebelled at the treatment and failed to work," writes a gentleman from New York.

"I had dyspepsia in its worst form; blind, staggering headaches with vertigo about a half hour after each time I ate, and I finally grew so weak and became so thin that my mother advised me to stop coffee and try Postum Food Coffee.

"I did not like it at first, but after experimenting in making it, mother soon got it just right, and I then liked it better than coffee.

"I soon noticed my biliousness stopped and I lost the trembling effect on my nerves; Postum did not stimulate me. but seemed to exhilarate. I gradually regained my wonted good health; my old appetite returned, and today I am well—dyspepsia, headache and vertigo all gone, and Postum did it.

"When I began its use I had been troubled for two years with all kinds of stomach trouble. I became a veritable walking apothecary shop, but I have not taken a dose of medicine since I commenced using Postum." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek. Mich.

WAITING FOR HIM

Much Interest In Governor's Talk On the Speakership.

Duluth Politicians Did Not Expect a Decisive Utterance.

Member Explains Why Governor's Enemies Are For Babcock.

Duluth people interested in the speakership contest have been waiting and watching with much interest for the utterance of Governor Van Sant on the fight.

Meantime they have been speculating a good deal on what the statement would be like. The forecast of what it was likely to be that was published by The Herald last night seemed reasonable to those in touch with the situation and familiar with the character of the chief executive of the state of Minnesota, but the general belief was that the statement would not take so positive a form as to have any great amount of weight in the fight for or against anybody.

The Duluth members, with the exception of P. E. Dowling, are still standing firmly for Dr. Babcock, and they have shown no signs of breaking. None of them believes that L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, can be successful, even if Dr. Babcock should be beaten, which they do not expect.

'We are still as firmly of the belief that the talk of Dr. Babcock is campaign hot air as we ever were," said one of the members this morning. "The only color of truth to it is that some of the enemies of the administration are supporting Babcock, but this is to be expected. As soon as the administration lined up on one side of the speakership fight, or any other fight, it was reasonable to expect that the opponents of the administration would line up on the other side."

The St. Paul Globe yesterday published an account of a little argument over the matter between C. C. Whitney, state printer and secretary of the Republican state central committee, and Joseph G. Miller, of Two Harbors, railroad and warehouse commissioner, as follows:

"Capt. C. C. Whitney, state expert printer and secretary of the Republican state central committee, had a little wordy jangle at the Windsor last evening with J. G. Miller, one of the members of the state railroad and warehouse commission.

"The discussion was over the speakership question and was brought up by Capt. Whitney attempting to call Mr. Miller down for taking the Babcock end of the contest.

" 'Babcock is all right, personally,' said Capt. Whitney, 'but he does not represent the administration and it comes with bad grace for an official to take a stand especially for an anti-administration candidate.'

" 'What's the matter with you taking sides then?' retorted Miller. 'You are a state official, ain't you?'

" 'I am not taking part as an official,' replied Whitney, 'but as a member of the state central committee.'

" 'What has the state central committee go to do with the speakership contest?' said Miller with considerable warmth. 'It is about time that play was wiped off the boards and the selection of a speaker left to the members o fthe legislature without suggestions or orders from the committee.' "

Freight Handlers' Union, Local No. 64,

will meet on Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m. in their hall, Kalamazoo block. All members are earnestly requested to attend.

"ROMANISM" IN ENGLAND

Strides Made by Movement in That Country.

The murder of Mr. Kensit, the fanatical though well-meaning agitator against the progress of Romanism in England, is a severe blow to those people who are here known as Protestants, says the Brooklyn Eagle. It should be explained that the designation "Protestant" does not in England mean what i sgenerally accepted to be the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States. The adherents of the church here call themselves "The Catholic Church," and they separate themselves from the other Catholic church by the appellation to it of "Romanist." All other denominations, such as the Wesleyan and Baptist, are called Protestants. The gulf between the two Catholic churches is gradually lessening. It takes time for great religious movements to eventuate, but there is hardly room to doubt that if nothing is done by its opponents to stem the tide Catholicism, and Roman Catholicism at that, will, within a generation or two, achieve predominance in Great Britain. There is today scarcely any difference between the religious ceremonies at St. Paul's cathedral and those conducted by the Roman Catholic clergy in their new edifice at Westminster.

This place, by the way, has been built by contributions made to a building fund by English Roman Catholics. It will be one of the most magnificent cathedrals in the world when it is finished. Its marbles and mosaics, its sculptures and its paintings will rival in costliness and beauty the most famous architectural gems of Europe. The place will not be actually finished for a good many years to come, but in the meantime the mere fact of its existence has attracted the attention of the waverers on the side of the established church, so that it has proved a mighty advertisement for Romanism.

Added to this fact that the educational bill is now likely to pass will bring into the ranks of both Catholic churches and eventually into the whole of the undoubtedly triumphant Romanist, hundreds of thousands of future Britons, who will receive their religious instruction in the rate-aided, bishop-directed schools. And as Romanism is receding in France, so in proportion it is proceeding in Great Britain. One powerful family after the other goes over to the ancient faith and carries with it adherents in all walks of life.

Diamonds
Emeralds
Sapphires
Pearls
Rubies
Opals

Sleeve Links
Scarf Pins
Hat Pins
Watches
Jewelry
Chains

The Array of Choice Holiday Gifts

Displayed in our store at once captivate and fascinate all who see them. A bright, fresh stock, at prices worthy of the day, worthy of our reputation, and above all, worthy of our customers.

Diamonds, Jewelry, Sterling Silverware, Libbey Cut Glass and Fine Art Pieces.

Selections made now, we will lay aside for you till Christmas time.

F. D. DAY & Co.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers. 315 West Superior Street.

Clocks
Bronzes
Statuary
Libbey Cut Glass
Porcelains
Bric-a-Brac

Tea and Dinner Services
Candle Sticks
Berry and
Fruit Bowls

HOUSE IS HAUNTED

Strange Rappings Heard In West End Dwelling House.

The House Is One In Which a Smallpox Patient Died.

Rappings Obey Requests of Spiritualists---Occupants Move Out.

Strange things are happening in the West End, and some lay it to the advent of the Spiritualists in that section of the city.

According to the stories which come from Harrison's addition, a house on Tenth street and Twenty-third avenue west, is haunted. It is the same building in which Joseph Wolf, a wealthy and well-known contractor, died while he was quarantined there for smallpox in 1893.

Rappings have for some time been heard about the house. The people who live in the building were frightened by them and called the attention of some of their neighbors to the strange phenomenon.

Every one who has visited the place declares that the rappings can be distinctly heard. Apparently they emanate from the cellar. Several firemen from the No. 2 fire hall visited the place when they heard the strange stories. They were not superstitious and were confident that they could disprove the story of the rapping. They descended into the cellar.

Then there came a tapping, as if some one gently rapping, rapping on the cellar floor.

When they went to the spot from which the noise seemed to come, it had moved away, and seemingly was coming from the place where they had stood but a moment before.

Then comes the most remarkable part of the story.

Someone who had attended Spiritualist meetings and was acquainted with the proper mode of procedure under such circumstances, requested the unseen, mysterious rapper to rap twice.

"Rap, rap," came the solemn response.

Other numbers were given and the rapping came as requested.

"Rap softly," went the order.

And softly came the rapping, rapping on the cellar floor.

"Rap loudly."

And the thunderous rapping knocked the dust from out the cellar floor.

The visitors caught a poor, unsuspecting puppy and sent him down to interview the ghostly rapper. He had hardly entered the cellar when out he came again, going as fast as his legs could carry him. Only a streak of white and cyneometographic flashes of flying legs could be seen until the dog was blocks away.

The policeman who patrols the beat and a sergeant visited and inspected the house. They report the rapping and tell much the same story that others who have visited the house gave out.

The house is one which once belonged to ex-Alderman Ambrose M. Cox, who died yesterday of asphyxiation from an accident which happened last Sunday. The ex-alderman owned the house when Joseph Wolf died there. The time when the rapping was first heard and the occurrence of the fatal accident to the exalderman are almost identical.

The family which lived in the house moved out today. Their ethereal lodger proved too much for their nerves.

MORGAN APOLOGIZED.

An occasional newspaper man has been able to walk into Mr. Morgan's office unannounced, but that has been because the Morgan system for barring out strangers is less perfect than the Rockefeller scheme, says the Buffalo Courier. In a few instances, some years ago, unexpected visitors have succeeded in getting a few precious words from the great organizer. One reporter was gruffly asked: "How do you get in here?"

"Through the door," was the reply.

"Go out that way, and be quick about it," was Morgan's command.

The reporter went out, but he was pretty mad, and he wrote a letter of protest to the great man, saying that he had no right to complain at a refusal to be interviewed, but that, having always tried to be a gentleman, he thought that he should have been treated as one, even by Mr. Morgan.

In a day or two he received a letter from Morgan in which the latter admitted that the reporter had cause for complaint, adding that the writer was constantly under a heavy strain and that in the nature of things he had felt annoyed at the intrusion. He had given way to a fit of temper, unwarrantedly, he confessed. He desired to apologize as a gentleman to a gentleman, but he hoped the reporter would never try to interview him again. The reporter didn't.

PRESIDENT'S HORSES.

President Roosevelt maintains the largest stable of any of his predecessors of recent years, seays the Brooklyn Eagle. His "string" includes a couple of splendid jumpers, two carriage horses, two saddle horses for ladies, a polo pony and a diminutive "calico" pony. These animals are all the personal property of the president, and are separate and distinct from the horses that are furnished by the government for the official use of the president. Neither President McKinley nor President Cleveland was given to horseback riding, but the former would frequently take the reins for a drive through the surrounding country with Mrs. McKinley. President Harrison kept only three horses. President Arthur had a splendid stable of thoroughbreds and his horses were a distinct feature of the White House establishment.

The president's favorite horse is Bleistein, who has a wide reputation as a jumper. He is a noble looking animal, being a pure bay with a white star in his forehead. If President Roosevelt feels the need of some vigorous exercise, he calls for Bleistein and orders his Australian saddle to be placed on the horse's back. He then rides slowly out Connecticut avenue, until he encounters the dirt roads beyond Rock Creek bridge. Then a wild ride invariably follows over the roughest course that can be picked out, including some stiff jumps over ditches and fences that would try the seat of an expert cavalryman.

Bleistein is a noted hurdler, having cleared the bars at six feet. Last spring the president took him out to the Chevy Chase hunt course and had aphotographer stand by while he went over the jumps. The lens caught the rider and horse as they were clearing a 5-foot 8 jump, and the president sent the pictures to a number of his friends.

Renown is the stable companion of Bleistein, and is himself a jumper of no mean ability. He is a real brown and a trifle larger than Bleistein. He gets over the rails at a 5 feet 6 without much difficulty. The carriage horses are a well matched pair of bays, named Judge and General. Yagenka is Mrs. Roosevelt's favorite saddle horse. This week the polo pony of the president was shipped to Washington from Oyster Bay, and now occupies a stall at the White House stable. His name is Black Diamond, and although he still has much of the fire and spirit of the old former days, his sporting times are past, for the president would probably hesitate to subject himself and Black Diamond to the dangers of a polo game now. In the last stall is the little "calico" pony, with the long name of Algonquin. He belongs to Archie, and is led out for a canter every day after school hours. Algonquin is only thirty-four inches high, and seems lost in the big stall he occupies.

All the horses of the president's family are remarkably gentle and sweet tempered, not one of them being the slightest bit vicious. They occupy the stalls on the north side of the stable. In the stalls on the south side are quartered ten animals that were furnished by the quartermaster of the army. They are for the use of the official staff of the White House, four of them being reserved for Secretary Cortelyou and Assistant Secretaries Loeb and Barnes. Uncle Sam is very generous in supplying livery for his high officials, all the cabinet officers and chief officers of each department, including the White House, being provided with horses and carriages. While they are supposed to be for official use only, it is not surprining to learn that they are called upon to answer all demands.

ACCEPTED FRIEND'S OFFER.

Schoolteachers are credited with greater absent-mindedness than almost any other class. Some of the stories related of their failings in this respect are doubtless true; others are of doubtful authenticity. This one, however, is vouched for as strictly adhering to the facts:

A professor in one of the Swedish universities, having finished his labors for the day, was about to start home, when a fellow professor called his attention to the violent storm raging outside, and said: "Why go home? Better remain at the college tonight."

He walked over to the window and surveyed the situation. "Yes, I think I will," he replied nonchalantly, an all-absorbing topic of the classroom yet in mind.

Soon afterward he was missing, and it was supposed that he had changed his mind and gone home, but later he reappeared with a bundle under his arm and showing evidences of having been exposed to the storm. Something was said regarding his errand.

"Why," he replied, "I've been home after my nightshirt."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

E. T. L. Michaelson and Ida Christina Hussman.

George Grummett and Minnie Prong.

BIRTHS.

KOLSKI—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Kolski of 2326 West First street.

SMITH—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Smith, of 310 South Eighteenth avenue.

BOHANNON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bohannon, of 2523 East Fifth street.

ARNDT—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Arndt of 316½ East Ninth street.

JONES—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Jones, of 405 Eighth avenue East.

DANIELSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Danielson, of 812 Third avenue East.

LAUDEN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Lauden, of 2022 West Fourth street.

DEATHS.

GRISELL—Pearl Manilla Grisell, aged 5 years, died of diphtheria last night at the home of her parents, 225 Mesaba avenue. Interment was made this morning at Forest Hill cemetery.

COX—The funeral of A. M. Cox will be held from the family residence, 1713 West First street at 1:30 p. m. tomorrow under the auspices of J. B. Culver post, G. A. R., instead of from Stewart's undertaking establishment as at first announced.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

BABY'S SKIN NEVER CHAFES WHEN harmless Satin-Skin Cream is applied. It looks so good baby wants to eat it.

MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS WANTED to call on lawyers of Duluth. Very profitable position for competent man. Ziegler, Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — A NEAT, GOOD-NATURED first-class dining room girl; good wages. Arlington hotel.

WANTED — BOY TO DRIVE DELIVery. H. E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.

LOST — GRIP CONTAINING BOOKS and circulars. International Correspondence schools. Notify Herald. Reward.

TWO CANVASSERS WISHING POSItions, please call or address T. E. McKibbon, 1722 West Superior street, Duluth.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY help—bosom ironer and shirt finisher. Apply Yale Laundry.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE,
Union Square, New York.

PATRIA VERITAS FIDES

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv. Iron Jctn. Lv	8 01	1 13
------	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	------	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar. Virginia. Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	7 42	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	------	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:3
1:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
1:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:05	7:55	Ar....... Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive.
† 1:25 p.m. * 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	† 2:00 p.m. * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
win City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—......LOCAL......—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 6:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
6:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 3, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick A. Miller, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Lucius H. Whipple and Charles L. Rakowsky, executors of the estate of Frederick A. Miller, deceased, representing among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties etitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth; in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 3rd day of December, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-4-11-18-1902.

Answers come thick and fast when your little advertisement is in The Herald Want Columns---Everyone reads The Herald and it goes everywhere

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $500 will buy 25x140 feet on 4th St., near 13th Ave. E., upper side of street; lies fine. For sale exclusively by

GEO. H. CROSBY

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

5-acre tracts near Arnold school.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.

Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

200 feet corner Ninth avenue East and First street.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

40 ACRES

Adjoining Fond du Lac at a bargain. We can offer several small tracts fronting on St. Louis River, near New Duluth.

A.C.Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Building.

SUPERIOR STREET BARGAIN.

100 feet corner Seventh avenue West. Rents on improvements will carry investment.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

STOCKS. STOCKS.

Cerro Escarlata Gold Mines Co., Sonora, Mexico.

Good Features: First—Low capitalization, $500,000; second—valuable properties; third—management almost same as Copper Glance.

For particulars call upon, address, phone or wire

WM. KAISER,
Both phones. 106 Palladio Building.

4½ and 5 PER CENT Money to Loan
"On or Before"
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

$3000 Double corner with railroad frontage, 100 feet square, centrally located. Good location for warehouse or manufacturing.

$1800 Fifty foot lot on First street near Twentieth avenue East.

We have other lots in the same vicinity at reasonable prices.

$1250 Lot on Second street near Nineteenth avenue East. 50x150 feet in area.

$800 Four beautiful lots, in all 200x140 feet in area, at Lakeside.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
New 'Phone 1013

$650 for two good lots on macadamized street, Lakeside; two blocks from street car line—100x140.

$1200 for lot 25x140, Michigan and Superior street frontage, between 11th and 12th Aves. W.

$3750 for good ten-room house. East End; modern; lot 40x100.

$1600 for 2318 W. Michigan St., 50-ft. lot, worth the whole cost. Seven-room house thrown in.

Some bargains in acres.
Money to loan.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Established 1869.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

House.

We are offering a ten-room house near ore dock and the Bryant school in first class condition in every respect; would cost at least $1500 to build the house; lot valued at $400; the owner refuses to rent it; can be bought for $1000 very easy terms; we have offered no better bargain this year.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

20 per cent Net

House of three flats in center of city. Price $3600, payable $1600 cash, balance 5 years at 6 per cent.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

$2300 eleven rooms, water, sewer, bath, up and down stairs, stone foundation. House is almost new, in fine condition. This is a real snap. West End.

$2400 new 7-rooms, stone foundation, full basement, water, sewer, bath, closet, gas. A splendid home, West End.

$1500 nine rooms, city water, rents for $18, fine condition. West End.

$1250 nine rooms, city water, well located. West End.

I have many others in all parts of city.
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789

Another Bargain.

$900 for a good 10-room house with city water, in the West End. This is one of those bargains that won't wait for you, so if you take it quick you will be the gainer.

Julius D. Howard & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

SURETY BONDS

Liability, Burglary, Fire, Accident and Health Insurance.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W.M.PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

HERE'S A CHANCE.

$1150 takes a nice 5-room cottage with lot 50x140, centrally located. This is easy.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADY'S BEADED CHATELAINE purse, between Methodist church and Gray Terrace, evening of Dec. 3. Return to Miss Moffit, Jackson school.

FOUND—BUNCH OF KEYS. OWNER can have same by calling at Swain's cigar store and paying for this ad.

LOST—IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK or in the American Exchange bank, a walking cane with name of Ch. Trautvetter on. Please return to Herald office.

FOUND—ON SUPERIOR STREET, A ladies' purse. Owner can get it by calling at 506 Burrows building and proving property.

LOST—LADIES' BEADED POCKETbook, Monday. Finder leave at L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

LOST — POCKETBOOK BETWEEN Fourth avenue east and Omaha Packing company, containing $60. Finder return to Herald and receive reward.

FOUND—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SET of drafting tools in case; owner can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this ad.

PALMISTRY.

THE ORIGINAL GYPSY QUEEN FROM Hindoo. The famous palmist, not a made-up gypsy, but comes from a long line of world-famed fortune tellers. Has told fortunes all over the world. Speaks seven different languages. Tells past, present and future; advice given in love, courtship and marriage. Gives height and complexion of your future wife or husband. Tells how to settle legal troubles without lawyers. A specialty of business readings, 1423 West Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$7000 Buys 50 feet, upper side 3rd street, West of Ninth avenue East, with fine improvements that pay 11 per cent net on the purchase price.

$1100 Buys cosy cottage in Endion, in fine condition, one block from street cars.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1100 Buys 7-room house on Seventh street in good condition.

$100 cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a 6-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

FIRE INSURANCE

Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MILLINERY.

DISCOUNT ON UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS flavor, use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First Ave. W. Both phones.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 17-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING.

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

UNIVERSAL BEKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

TURKISH BATHS

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING DONE AT REASONable prices. Flat 4, 1104 West First St.

LADIES TAILORING—Good work, prices reasonable; new styles in shirt waists. Mrs. J.M.Stanley, rm 8, over Big Duluth.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

Launches, Row Boats.
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
Pearson Boat Construction Co., Duluth.
Send For Catalogue.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NATIONal Bank building. Zenith phone 831.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van & Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, without damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of John B. Sutphin, Insolvent.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, John Flynn, assignee in the above entitled matter, will, at a special term of the above named court to be held at the County Court House in the City of Duluth in said County, on Saturday the 27th day of December, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, move the court for an allowance of his final account and for his discharge as such assignee.

JOHN FLYNN,
Assignee in the above entitled proceeding.
BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for said Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 4-11-18-1902.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, cheap, up stairs, 627 West First street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, SUITABLE FOR delivery or work horse. Inquire 28 West Second street.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPerty; four flats, well located, bringing 12½ per cent. Price $6500. Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—NICE PIECE OF WEST Superior rental property, half improved, yielding 10 per cent net. Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—CORDWOOD; FOUR-FOOT lengths, delivered, $5.25; sixteen-inch, $6.25; twelve-inch, $6.50. Special rates on lots of two cords and over. H. C. Nicholls, 103 Herald building. Both 'phones, 547.

FOR SALE CHEAP — HOUSEHOLD furniture; everything new; double harness, sleighs and chairs. Kelly, 3826 McGillan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—DAIRY OF EIGHT COWS. A snap $200. 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A FINE VIOLIN. ADDRESS O 22, Herald.

WOOD SAW RIGS WITH POLE saw and elevator attachements, one man can operate. Will take cordwood in part payments. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue South, Duluth, Minn.

Upright Piano $148 USED 8 months perfect condition, fine case and tone. $10 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—A CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows, just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue East.

Upright Piano $158 Elegant Walnut finish case, beautiful tone and action. $15 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—THOUSAND ACRES northwest of Hibbing, $5 per acre. Also state leases for sale. Address P 93, Herald.

Square Piano $48 GOOD REpair and sweet tone. $5 cash and $3 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY horse, perfectly gentle, with harness and runabout wagon, complete. Inquire 506 Board of Trade.

JUST RECEIVED—TWO CARLOADS OF horses, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and see them. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

Salaried loans on plain notes to male or female employes. No mortgage. No endorser. No publicity. You give your personal note and get $10.00 to $150.00 We make a specialty of loans on horses, cattle, pianos and furniture in amounts of $10.00 to $500.00. Loans to be paid in small weekly or monthly payments to suit borrower. Investigate and be convinced that our rates and terms are the best in the city. Information cheerfully given. All inquiries or business absolutely confidential.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
Zenith 'phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
206 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK IN grocery store; experienced. Address 11 West Third street, second floor.

RELIABLE MAN WANTS PLACE IN private family to take care of horses, etc. O 30, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS WET NURSE by strong, healthy lady. Address XX Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING or any kind of housework. No. 11, upstairs. The Old St. Lukes Hospital.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOgrapher by young man. Has had experience. Will assist bookkeeping. O 23, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HARDWARE clerk would like position of some kind. Address O 20, Herald.

EDUCATED YOUNG LADY, WITH knowledge of bookkeeping wishes position for the afternoons. O 21, Herald.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, place to cook in boarding house or camp. O 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wishes position! Address O 11, Herald.

LADY, IN NEED OF WORK, WOULD like sewing of any kind to do at home. 701½ East Second street.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN as night clerk in hotel. Address O 17, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as stationary engineer or fireman. Three and one-half years' experience O 14, Herald.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTS evening work. Apply 413 Providence building.

WANTED—POSITION AS GROCERY clerk; best of references. Address Alfred Thompson, general delivery.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in law, real estate, loan or insurance office as stenographer. Has had experience. Address O. 13, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker would like sewing by the day. 230 Fourth avenue West.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESwomen in jewelry, handkerchiefs, and fancy goods. Also experienced bundle and cash boys. Apply in morning, I. Freimuth.

WANTED — COMPETENT SALESWOMen for book, fancy goods, toys, crockery and glassware, and jewelry departments. Apply to superintendent between 8 and 10 a. m. Panton & White Co.

FIRST-CLASS COOK; ALSO A SECOND girl. Must be experienced. Best going wages. Apply 400 East Third street.

WANTED — 3 FIRST-CLASS SALESladies at La Ferte, 17 West Superior St.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY help, bosom ironer and shirt finisher. Yale Laundry.

WANTED AT ONCE — MIDDLE-AGED lady as housekeeper. Address 902 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. 1203 East Fourth street.

WANTED -- EXPERIENCED WAITress at the North Land restaurant, 220 Lake avenue south.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, COOKS, $30; waitresses, $18; second cooks, $25, and general girls. Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Apply No. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED housemaid. 1801 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. CALL evenings, 1016 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT DRESSMAKer. Call after 4 p. m. 211 St. Croix Ave.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 2001 East First street.

SEWING GIRLS WANTED AT MRS. Walker's, 1415 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family. 318 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — LADY TO TAKE CASH at Crystal restaurant nights. Must be accurate in making change. Bring references.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. ITASCA R. R. Hotel, Itasca, Wis.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third St.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEMAID at 513 West Second street.

SAVE—50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue east.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MAN TO HELP TAKE care of stoves in store. Bloom & Co.. First avenue West and First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SALESMEN for linens, hardware and harness, crockery and chinaware, men's furnishing, hat and cap, books and stationery, and boys' clothing departments. Apply to superintendent between 8 and 10 a. m. Panton & White Company.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED EXAMINers and cash boys. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m., to superintendent. Panton & White Company.

WANTED—ONE GOOD COATMAKER and one trouser maker. Janzig.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS TROUSERS maker; steady employment. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAKER Steady employment; fine work. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

FIRST-CLASS TINNERS AND CORnice makers wanted. Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.

YOUNG MAN TO MANAGE BRANCH office; also two young men to travel, (hustlers), good salary, references and $50 deposit required; good permanent places for steady, sober men. 227 Cutler, Rochester.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLOTHing salesman, steady position. Apply The Hub Clothing store.

WANTED — A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, fair salary paid. Address applications to O 19, Herald.

500 RAILROAD LABORERS, SOUTH, low rates; 50 station men for Paulson & Larson, Antigo, Wis.; 40 pulpwood cutters; 50 tie makers, cedar and tamarack; 100 woodsmen. First-class camps and pay. E. Downie, Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD REliable jobbers, owning teams and outfits to get out ties and pulpwood. Duluth Log company, 201-204 Palladio building.

EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR A good canvasser. Globe Cabinets, 9 First avenue West.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER men to learn the barber trade. Years saved by our method of free work, expert instructions, etc. Tools presented, wages Saturdays; board provided. Write. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO LEARN watchmaking and the jewelry trade. Six months' time required. Salary while you learn. Address Stone's Watchmaking School, 720 Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED— THREE FIRST-CLASS coatmakers. Meir.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN SECURE LIBERAL CONtracts representing one of the best sick and accident insurance companies in state. Hospital benefits connected. Union Mutual Insurance, 305-6 Palladio building, Duluth.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

FOR PIANO, VOCAL OR VIOLIN LESsons attend "Bradbury School of Music." Instruction by best teachers in every branch of musical learning. 10 Columbus building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW FOUR-ROOM HOUSE City water. 1634 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE, Park Point. Also heated room, suitable for two gentlemen, 10 Pearson block.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE, MODERN improvements. 15½ East Fourth street alley. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 4514 Dodge street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. INquire 505 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; $8 per month. 912 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End, for a few months. Address K 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE. EAST Fourth street, city water. Inquire 715 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—No. 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Charles A. Stark, 213 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water; $12. William Kaiser, No. 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-eighth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. $12. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE HOUSES from $7.50 to $12 per month, by George H. Crosby.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, CITY water, sewer and closet, $6.00 per month. Inquire 223 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, WITH ALL modern conveniences, newly papered and painted. Rent cheap. 2401 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FINE ROOMS, WITH OR without board, for three or more persons. 20 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICE ROOMS. 826 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 16 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with cook stoves and dishes, for light housekeeping. 313 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room; central; gentleman preferred. 209 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. 210 East Second street.

FOR RENT — UNFURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen or man and wife. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS, 9 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—ONE FRONT FURNISHED room. 127 First avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. Inquire 7 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS SINgle or ensuite. Coal heat, call third floor brick building, corner Second avenue West and First street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room for party of two or three. 24 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED steam-heated room, for gentleman, in private family; centrally located. R 75, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 8½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT— ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping from $2 to $3 each, including water; centrally located. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN LUNDberg & Stone's bookstore.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT. 224 Mesaba avenue north.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat; central. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT -- FURNISHED BRICK flat, 13½ East Fourth street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange bank.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—THREE FURnished rooms, housekeeping. Satisfactory references. O 25, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD; GOOD home cooking, at Mrs. Ranney's, 313 Second avenue West.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, 519-521 W. Mich. St., steam heated, electric light. Special rates by the week. Our meals are the best in the city. Get our rates.

TABLE BOARD AND NICELY FURnished rooms. Modern and central. Brick house and warm, 318 West Second street. Zenith 491.

RESTAURANT.

THE CHICAGO COMPANY CHINESE restaurant. Fine Chop Sue, 318 Lake avenue south, is now open for business.

TO EXCHANGE.

FINE HOUSE AND LOT NEAR BUSIness center, paying 7 per cent on value, to exchange for land within or near Duluth or Superior, suitable for dairying, gardening and farming. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR SMALL house and barn on good-sized lot, centrally located. Must be cheap. Duluth Commission Agency. H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

I WANT $700 MORE IN MY BUSINESS. Will pay an honest, sober man $60 per month for the use of that sum and his services. Easy inside position and steady. Will give security for the money. Range town. Address R. F., Herald, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS.HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1125.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

BETHEL RESCUE HOME.

FOR WOMEN, 432 SIXTH AVENUE east. Admission any hour of day or night. Phone 172.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEdium, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderat prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE SERVICE company. Offices 206-7 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT, AT reasonable rates. J. P. Rossman, [illegible] Torrey Bldg., new 'phone [illegible].

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props. 14 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, MASSAGE TREATMENTS. Relief from rheumatism guaranteed. Reference given. Old 'phone 689-5 rings.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St. Upstairs.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 1, 1902. Work—election of officers. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, acting secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 8, 1902. Work—Election officers. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 10, 1902. Work Election officers. F. W. Turner H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Dec. 2. Work—Templar degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Co.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Official visit of Deputy Grand Chancellor, and refreshments served, Dec. 2. Come! G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

16 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. 16 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY DECEMBER 5, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

A BLIZZARD IN THE EAST

Big Storm Has Reached the Atlantic Coast.

Wires Down and Traffic Is Greatly Impeded.

New York, Dec. 5.—A snow and sleet storm delayed traffic in New York today. Service on the elevated lines was seriously interfered with and communication between up-town and down-town by means of the surface lines was very slow and difficult.

Dispatches from all parts of the state show that the storm is prevailing everywhere with varying severity.

At Albany the snowfall is very heavy and all trains are reported from one to five hours late. Blizzard conditions prevail at Schenectady, Newburgh, Saratoga and other places in the east and north parts of the state. From Rochester to Buffalo the storm is much milder.

In this city the storm developed into a blizzard as the day grew. About an inch of snow fell during the forenoon. Sound steamers arrived several hours late, and their officers reported the storm very heavy up the sound.

Telegraphic service east of New York to New England especially is prostrated, and northward in the state service is greatly impeded by the wind and snow.

The White Star liner Teutonic, which arrived here today, completed a trip of seven days and thirteen hours of almost continual storms. The ship met particularly severe weather last night approaching port, and anchored in the lower bay. The last bit of the voyage up to dock today was made in a blizzard. Every day of the trip the passengers were kept within storm doors, and one of the crew was nearly washed overboard. Toward noon the storm abated, but the wind continued high.

Catskill, N. Y., Dec. 5.—A bad blizzard struck the Catskill mountains last night. The wind is blowing a 60-mile gale and traffic is delayed.

Philadelphia, Dec. 5.—A fierce snow and wind storm, amounting almost to the proportions of a blizzard, is prevailing through Pennsylvania today. Railroad service in all directions is badly crippled and telegraph and telephone wire are prostrated. Throughout the anthracite coal region, the fall of snow is reported to be very heavy and it is drifting badly, necessitating the shutting down of many collieries.

Pittsburg, Dec. 5.—During the night the heaviest early snow storm in years visited this section. Today there are five inches of snow on the level and much inconvenience has resulted to street car and railway traffic. Snow flurries still continue.

Washington, Dec. 5.—A severe wind and snow storm visited this city last night and the snow is still falling. Damage to telegraph and telephone wires is reported. The weather bureau promises clear weather for the afternoon, with much colder temperature tonight. The storm is central on the New Jersey coast and will move northward into New England tonight, where it will be most active.

WALL BURIES FIREMEN

Fatal Accident at Early Morning Fire at Cleveland ---One Man Crushed to Death and Several Were Seriously Hurt.

Cleveland, Dec. 5.—At 4 o'clock this morning, while the members of the fire department were still fighting the flames in the ruins of the Likly & Rocket factory at the corner of Case and Hamilton streets, a portion of the wall fell upon members of Engine Company No. 14, burying them in the debris. Those who were thus caught were Capt. Daniel Funican, James L. Osberger and Arthur Garner, who were working just outside the wall, and Lieut. Robert McKenna, Hoseman Samuel Jones, Charles Niedling and Patrick Joyce, who were on the inside. Ambulances were hurriedly called and the firemen soon brought from the ruins all but Joyce, who was deep under the debris of brick with no hope of being taken out alive. The injuries of McKenna, Jones and Niedling are serious, while the others are slightly injured.

Later the dead body of Joyce was recovered. He had been crushed to death beneath many tons of brick and mortar and heavy machinery. The other firemen, who were caught under the falling wall, will all recover.

FIRE AT STILLWATER

The Opera House Block Was Totally Destroyed and Adjoining Buildings Suffered Considerable Damage---Loss Estimated at $175,000.

Stillwater, Minn., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire broke out under the stage in the Grand Opera house from an unknown cause at 3 o'clock this morning and caused a loss of $175,000 before it was extinguished. The opera house block, owned by a local syndicate, was totally destroyed with a loss of $75,000, insurance $21,000. J. O. Nolen, grocers on the first floor, lose $15,000, with $12,000 insurance. The Holcombe and Dische blocks adjoining each suffered damage in the third story amounting to $20,000 in all, with $9000 insurance. On the first floor of the Dische block the $12,000 boot and shoe stock of C. Kirke & Co. was similarly damaged, inssurance $6000. Emil Okerblad, photographer, loses $3000, with $1400 insurance. There are also a number of smaller losses. The fire was under control by 6 o'clock. The St. Paul fire department sent apparatus on a special train, but it arrived too late to be of assistance.

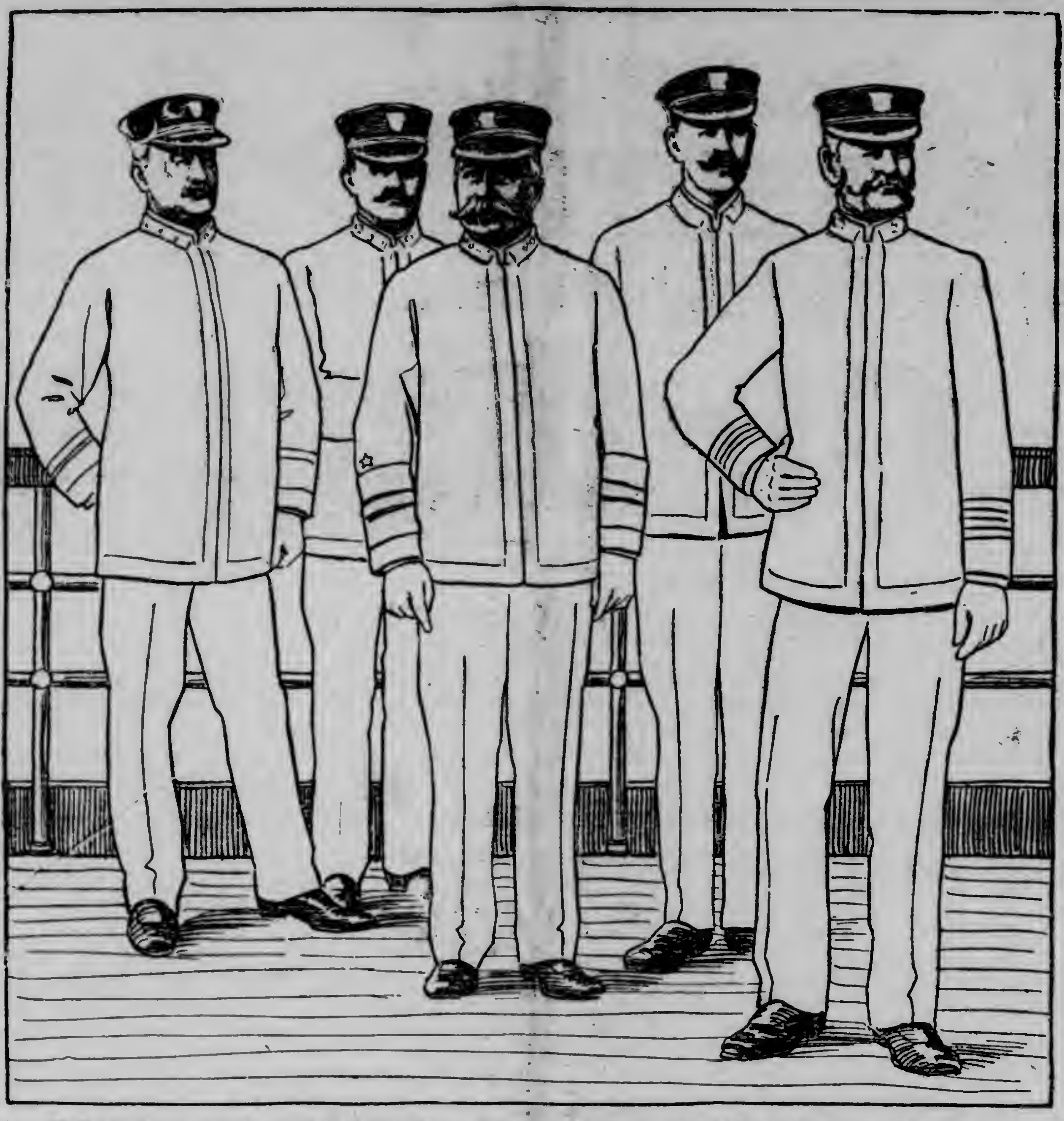
INDIAN NEVER QUAILED

George Bear Walked to Scaffold With Firm Tread and Met Death With Characteristic Stoicism of the Red Man.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—A Sioux Falls special to the Dispatch says: George Bear was hanged at 9:03 this morning. Displaying the utmost nerve, Bear was led on to the scaffold at 9:02. Quickly the noose and cap were adjusted, and just a minute later the trap was sprung which hurled Bear into eternity. Not a sign of weakness was made by the Indian. While the noose was being adjusted, Rev. William Holmes, an Episcopal minister of Indian blood, from the Santee agency, Neb., was offering up a last prayer for the victim. At 9:03 the trap was sprung, and thirteen minutes later Bear was pronounced dead by the physicians. The body was taken in charge by Rev. Mr. Holmes, who left with it at once for Bear's home on the Brule reservation, where he will be buried by his friends. Only a small crowd of legal witnesses and newspaper men were present, besides the officials.

WERE NEARLY SUFFOCATED

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Franklin MacVeagh's palatial residence at 1030 Lake Shore drive was damaged $10,000 by fire early today. Two male servants jumped from a second story window, sustaining serious injuries several others who were nearly suffocated were rescued by firemen. Only a small portion of the residence burned, the chief danger to the occupants being from suffocation from the dense smoke that filled every portion of the structure. Mr. MacVeagh and family were uninjured. An overheated furnace was the cause of the fire.



REAR ADMIRAL TAYLOR. CAPTAIN PILLSBURY. ADMIRAL DEWEY. COMMANDER SARGENT. CAPTAIN SMITH.

ADMIRAL DEWEY AND HIS STAFF IN THE CARIBBEAN NAVAL MANEUVERS.

Rear Admiral H. C. Taylor is Dewey's chief of staff. Four great fleets, aggregating fifty vessels, will take part in the naval game. Admiral Dewey's present sea service is the first he has had since he was made admiral, and this is the first time he has flown his four starred pennant at a masthead.

GAMES ARRANGED

For the Wisconsin Team at the Coast.

Salt Lake, Dec. 5.—Arrangements were concluded today between Managers Roe and Riser, representing the Wisconsin and Utah universities' football elevens, to play at Pasadena, Cal., on New Year's day. The Wisconsin team will leave for the coast about Dec. 18 and be joined here by the Utah eleven. On Christmas day the Wisconsin eleven will meet the Perris Indians at San Francisco, arrangements for this game having been concluded yesterday.

FREEZING WEATHER

Prevails as Far South as Palestine, Tex.

Memphis, Dec. 5.—The rain and sleet in the territory adjacent to Memphis stopped falling at 9 o'clock last night. The weather is cloudy and colder. The telegraph companies report that communication with Southern and Western points is uncertain. The reports from Arkansas and Texas state that freezing weather prevails. The freeze reached as far South as Palestine, Texas, with heavy frosts at Galveston, Houston and Beaumont. In Western Louisiana the Red river is at the danger line and a further rise is predicted.

JOHN BARRETT

To Succeed Minister Buck at Tokio, Japan.

Washington, Dec. 5.—When the president comes to take up the question of the succession to the vacancy caused by the death of Minister Buck at Tokio, it is understood that he will name John Barrett, of Oregon, at present commissioner general of the St. Louis exposition to Asia and Australia to be minister.

EXPIRED INSTANTLY.

Minister Buck Fell Forward Without a Word.

Tokio, Dec. 5.—Paralysis of the heart caused the death of United States Minister Albert E. Buck, which occurred yesterday. The end was tragically sudden. Mr. Buck was the guest of the emperor in a duck hunt in the Shinkhama preserves. A bird had been netted and the minister with a jocular remark started to reset the net. Suddenly he fell and without a word or groan, expired instantly. He had suffered from a weak heart for some time. Mrs. Buck was not with the party.

Minister Buck was held in high esteem in Japan and the flags on government buildings have been placed at half-mast. Funeral has been set for Monday next. Secretary J. M. Ferguson is in charge of the legation.

RIVER CAPTAIN DELIRIOUS.

Cairo, Ill., Dec. 5.—Capt. James Fitzgerald of the Peter S. Lee, one of the oldest river men now in service here, was taken off his boat here today in a delirious condition, having been taken sick during the trip. His condition is considered serious.

TO SUCCEED BAKER.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The president has decided to appoint A. B. Anderson, Crawfordsville, Ind., United States district judge, to succeed John Baker, who recently resigned.

ITALIANS ARRESTED.

Brainerd, Minn., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Luigi and Ponnulla Ruggiere were arrested in this city today charged with the murder of another Italian at Forsythe, Mont. The sheriff of that place is here to take them back.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. L. Hayes has been appointed postmaster at Mildred, Cass county, Minn., vice Frank G. Johnson, resigned.

FEARS FOR THE TREATY

Washington Officials Are Inclined to Think That Throwing the Cuban Agreement Into the House Will Result In Its Loss.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The unexpected turn in the Cuban treaty negotiations at Havana have greatly surprised the officials here, who had every reason to believe from Minister Squiers' reports that the treaty was practically an accomplished fact. Now that it is to be thrown into the house of representatives at Havana, with a Nationalist majority supposed to be hostile to the establishment of closer relations with the United States, it is feared that the treaty is lost, for if not rejected outright, it is almost certain to be amended so as to make it unacceptable to the United States.

Havana, Dec. 5.—The reciprocity negotiations between Gen. Tasker Bliss and the Cuban secretaries, Zaldo and Montes, are practically at a standstill, owing to the latter desiring to await the outcome of the bill introduced in the house of representatives providing for the appointment of a committee to draw up a bill defining the limits of the concession which the Cuban government can offer foreign countries in negotiating treaties.

A committee of the house began the consideration of the question yesterday.

It is known that Secretaries Zaldo and Montes have reached a satisfactory agreement with Gen. Bliss, and practically all that is left to the general is the signing of the agreement, but they do not wish to assume any responsibility, especially since the recent cabinet crisis and in view of the apparent determination of the Nationalist party to control the government.

The Nationalists claim to control the house, and the bill referred to is a Nationalist measure.

In the senate Saturday on the question, Senor Sanguilly said an agreement signed by President Palma and Secretaries Zaldo and Montes would no tbe binding, and that the matter must be brought before both houses of parliament. Congress, he said, should be informed regarding the particulars of the proposed treaty, in order that it might intelligently discuss the changes in the tariff.

GREW UP IN A NIGHT

Eagle City, Okla., Transformed as If By Magic From Cornfield and Prairie Into a Hustling, Bustling City.

Eagle City, Okla., Dec. 5.—Eagle City last night was corn fields and raw prairie. Today it is a town of 2000 inhabitants with a complete municipal organization, a bank in operation, a daily newspaper established, a hotel, four restaurants, seven saloons, at least a score of mercantile establishments and no end of gambling houses. The lot-drawing began at daylight. Each boomer paid in $25, which entitled him to a 25-foot business lot or a 50-foot residence lot, the selection to be by lottery. As soon as the choice sites were drawn the bidding for them became lively, and several sales were made at from $500 to $1000 each. Eagle City is to be a division point on the 'Frisco line.

MRS. GALLAGHER TOLD LIES

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Ella Gallagher, who was recently acquitted at Iowa City of the murder of her husband, has been indicted for perjury, but cannot be located. She is reported to have gone to Canada. She is alleged to have sworn falsely in her own defense. Charles Holaday, who pleaded guilty to complicity in the crime, is a witness against her.

HOLADAY GOES UP FOR LIFE

Des Moines, Dec. 5.—Charles Holaday, alias Harry Moore, who entered a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree, admitting complicity in the death of James Gallaugher, at Iowa City, was this morning sentenced to life imprisonment. His attorney made a strong plea for clemency, alleging the murdered man's wife had induced the crime and that her acquittal was unjust.

SECURITIES CASE CONTINUED

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hearing in the case of the state of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company, which was scheduled to take place at 11 o'clock today before Special Examiner F. G. Ingersoll, in the federal district court room, was continued until next Thursday without any testimony being taken. Attorney General Douglas said that the state was not fully prepared for the hearing, but hoped to be able to conclude its case in two or three days, as soon as the desired witnesses could be present.

FRIENDS OBJECTED

Declined To Allow Houghton Man To Drown.

Lassoed Him As He Struggled In The Water.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Weary of struggling in a world in which he thought everyone was against him, J. Zerberst, a moulder, tried to commit suicide by drowning yesterday. As he had announced his intention to make away with himself, his fellow workmen promptly lassoed him as he struggled in the water, and putting in a boat brought him ashore, where he soon recovered from his plunge into the icy water. Zerberst is 30 years, unmarried and a giant. He had been working at Carrol's foundry, Houghton, for a year. After a quarrel with a fellow workman at noon yesterday, he shook hands with two friends, and told them he intended to end his life. He was watched as he went out onto the dock and his attempt was frustrated. It is said he was intoxicated.

John Bray, a car dumper, slipped and fell under the wheels and had both legs severed while at work at the Franklin mill yesterday. He was taken to the hospital at Hancock. He may not recover.

Daniel O'Neil was crushed under a heavy loaded wagon in the yards of the Lake Superior Iron and Metal company. His condition is critical.

REED MUCH IMPROVED

Condition of the Former Speaker Is Much Better--- He Is Bright and Cheerful and Jokes With Those About Him.

Washngton, Dec. 5.—The condition of former Speaker Reed is considerably improved this morning, according to the bulletin given out by his physicians after their visit. The uraemic symptoms which last night gave the doctors so much concern are abating, and there is an appreciable reduction in temperature, pulse and respiration. Drs. Gardner and MacDonald called at the hotel shortly after 7 o'clock this morning, and when they left their patient at 8 o'clock they gave out the following bulletin:

"At 7:45 a. m. we find Mr. Reed markedly improved; temperature, 99; pulse, 84; respiration, 32. Uraemic symptoms abating; mind clear; retains nourishment."

The improvement in Mr. Reed's condition continued during the forenoon. He rested reasonably well last night and is brighter and cheerful today, joking about his illness with those in his room. Dr. W. C. Goodnow, the expert consultant who was summoned from Philadelphia last evening, returned to his home last night.

COAL OPERATORS ADMIT

To Save Time of Witnesses, That In Some Cases They Have Refused to Take Strikers Back to Work.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 5.—When today's session of the strike commission was opened, a long colloquy was begun over the objection of Lawyer Everett Warren, of Scranton, to hearing the testimony of William Markowick, an engineer employed before the strike by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company. This witness was on the stand when adjournment was taken yesterday. He struck when the steam men were called out and was refused his place when the strike was over because it had been filled. Mr. Warren said the witness should not be heard. His place had been filled because he left it and therefore the company was not guilty of blacklisting men. Harry Reynolds, for the Peoples Coal company, made the point that the concern he represented promised men good positions if they took strikers' places. They came and the company felt it was bound to protect such men. It was decided that where it was admitted by the operators, that some men whose places had been filled or in whose cases there was a special reason for not reemploying them, it would be a waste of time to hear their testimony and that such facts may be laid before the commission on request of the opposing side. The witness was permitted to continue as he already started his testimony, but nothing new developed.

MUTINY ON SHIPBOARD

Three Seamen Rebel on the Ship Leicester Castle, Shoot the Mate, Wound the Captain and Escape on Raft.

Queenstown, Dec. 5.—The British ship Leicester Castle from San Francisco July 26, arrived here today. Her commander reported that on Sept. 2, three American seamen mutinied and Capt. Peattie and his second officer were shot, the latter fatally, after an encounter with the mutineers who left the ship on a raft in mid-ocean.

Capt. Peattie gave the names of the mutineers as W. A. Hobbs, Ernest Sears and Turner. They were all shipped in San Francisco. The second officer, Mr. Nixon, was shot while attempting to rescue the captain. In the darkness the mutineers got a few planks and coops, formed a raft and launched it from the ship, which was then about 300 miles north of the Pitcairn Islands. The captain searched for the raft the next day, but it was not sighted and it was surmised that it went to pieces. Capt. Peattie added that Hobbs was the actual murderer of Mr. Nixon, who he shot through the heart. The captain himself was shot twice, but he had quite recovered when he arrived here. When the chief officer discovered that the three men had mutinied he mustered the rest of the crew on the poop, intending to await daylight and capture the mutineers, but the latter escaped in the interim.

The captain is unable to account for the mutiny. He supposed it was the intention of the mutineers to kill the officers and men who refused to join them and take the ship to Pitcairn Island. It is said that Hobbs came from Illinois, Sears from Idaho and James Turner from Portland, Oregon. The mutineers took a week's provisions with them on the raft.

ROBBERS AT ST. BONIFACIUS

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—A Waconia, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Hegorle & Gotham's bank safe at St. Bonifacius, five miles northeast of here, was blown open last night. The robbers secured $500 in cash and several thousand dollars in promissory notes. One thousand dollars in coin, lying on the top of the safe, was overlooked. The noise of the explosion was deadened by bolts of dry goods piled over the safe. There is no clue except that several suspicious characters have been noted in town recently.

CIGARETTE CAUSED A FIRE

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 5.—Dickinson hall, the big recitation building of the academic department of the university, narrowly escaped being burned to the ground today. Fire broke out in the third story at 10 o'clock while Professor J. Mark Baldwin's junior class in physiology was in session. A bucket brigade was formed by the students, and the local fire department was summoned. After a hard fight the blaze was smothered before it reached the main part of the examination hall. It is thought that some one dropped a lighted cigarette in the hall way. Loss,

DEFECTIVE PAGE

M. S. Burrows, Duluth, Minn.

The Good Quality Store Stein-Bloch Co., Clothing, Hanan Shoes for Men and Women, Burrows Regent Shoes for Men and Women, Dugan & Hudson Shoes for Boys, Girls and Misses, Knox Hats for Men and Women, Dent's and Fownes' Gloves, Manhattan Shirts, Burrows Fine Neckwear **The Good Quality Store**

Going Home For Christmas?

If so you will be interested in our special sale of Trunks, Traveling Bags and Suit Cases—

Trunks	**$3.00 to $20**
Traveling Bags	**$1.25 to $12**
Suit Cases	**$1.50 to $15**

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern Duluth
THE BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST.
3rd AVE. W.

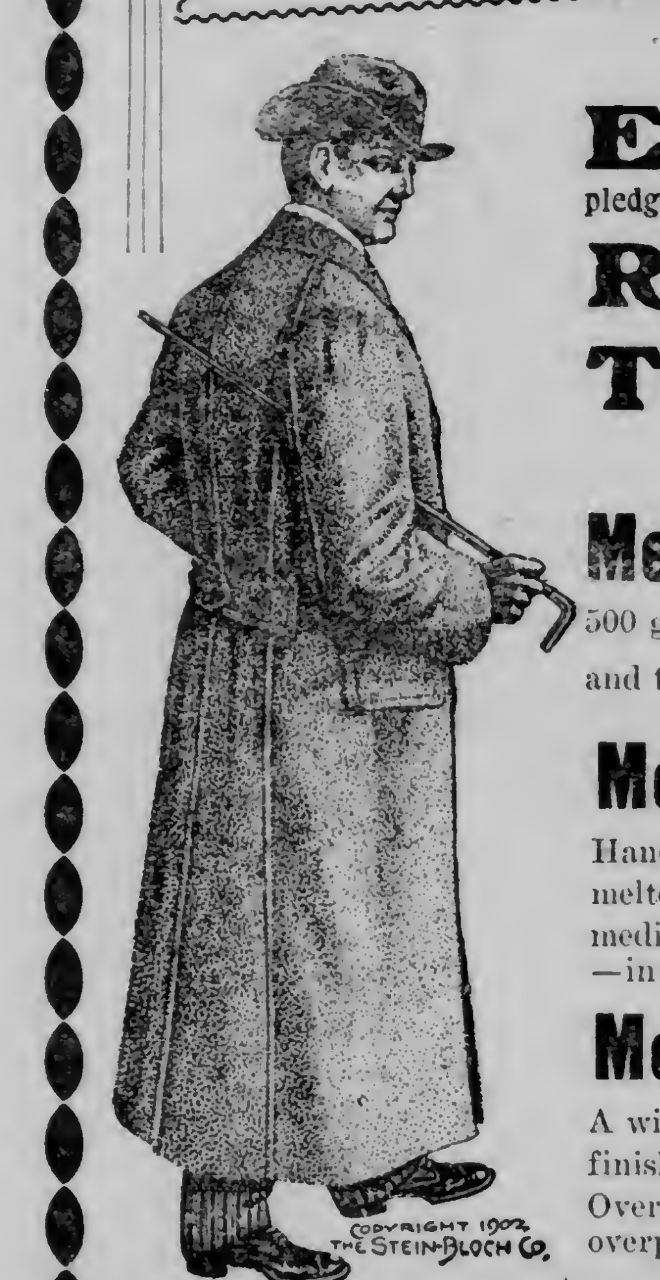
Fur Coats and Fur Lined Coats—

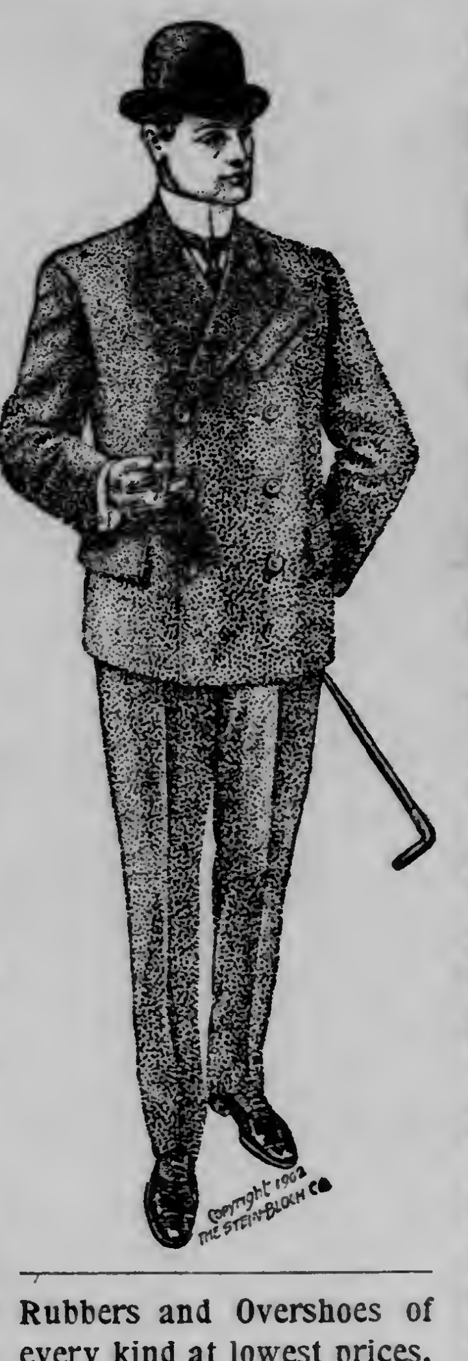
The largest assortments in the Northwest to choose from at prices ranging from

$10.00 to $250.

M. S. BURROWS, DULUTH, MINN. **M. S. BURROWS, DULUTH, MINN.**

The Banner Clothing Sale of the Year


COPYRIGHT 1902 THE STEIN-BLOCH CO.


Copyright 1902 THE STEIN-BLOCH CO.

☛ **CAUSE** The protracted unfavorable weather conditions prevailing throughout the country the past few weeks, has restricted trade on heavy Suits and Overcoats to such an extent as to leave manufacturers overloaded with their productions.

EFFECT Progressive manufacturers are no more desirous of carrying goods over than the successful retailer. In consequence, we were tempted with inducements from many manufacturers with the result that we purchased the cream of the stocks of five of the foremost wholesale tailors of New York City. We are pledged not to reveal their names, but we stake our reputation on the thorough reliability, material and workmanship of every garment offered in this sale.

RESULT We wish to emphasize the fact that the price paid for these Suits and Overcoats was low enough to enable us to SELL THEM AT ABSOLUTELY LOWER PRICES THAN WAS EVER NAMED ON GARMENTS OF EQUAL MERIT in the history of Duluth merchandising.

TOMORROW MORNING These goods will go on sale and it affords the opportunity to supply your wants at the threshold of winter at PRICES LOWER THAN USUALLY PREVAIL AT CLEARING SALES.

Men's and Young Men's $7.50 and $9.00 Imperial Overcoats at only

500 good substantial well made garments in the lot—Chinchillas and Beavers, Oxford Cheviots and dark plaid effects, all splendidly lined and trimmed, cut in the prevailing fashions and were made to sell at $7.50 and $9.00; in this sale they go at.......

$4.75

Men's and Young Men's $12.50 and $13.50 Suits and Overcoats only

Handsome Winter Suits—made of fashionable pure wool Scotch weaves, in brown, olive and heather mixtures, solid colored thibets and meltons and fine black diagonal clay worsteds. The Overcoats—in rough oxford friezes, black and blue kerseys and solid meltons—cut medium or long—plain or slit pockets—a positive saving of $5.52 to $6.52 on any you may select—they were made to sell at $12.50 and $13.50—in this great sale they go at.......

$6.98

Men's and Young Men's $15.00 and $16.50 Suits and Overcoats only

A wide range of designs and fabrics are here for your choosing—Suits of high character and individuality of style, perfectly proportioned, finished throughout with excellent linings and trimmings—the coats are cut with those broad military shoulders or loose fitting. The Overcoats reflect the workmanship of the most expert designers and come in the popular lengths and effects, in solid colors and striking overplaids—made to sell at $15 and $16.50—at.......

$9.50

Rubbers and Overshoes of every kind at lowest prices.

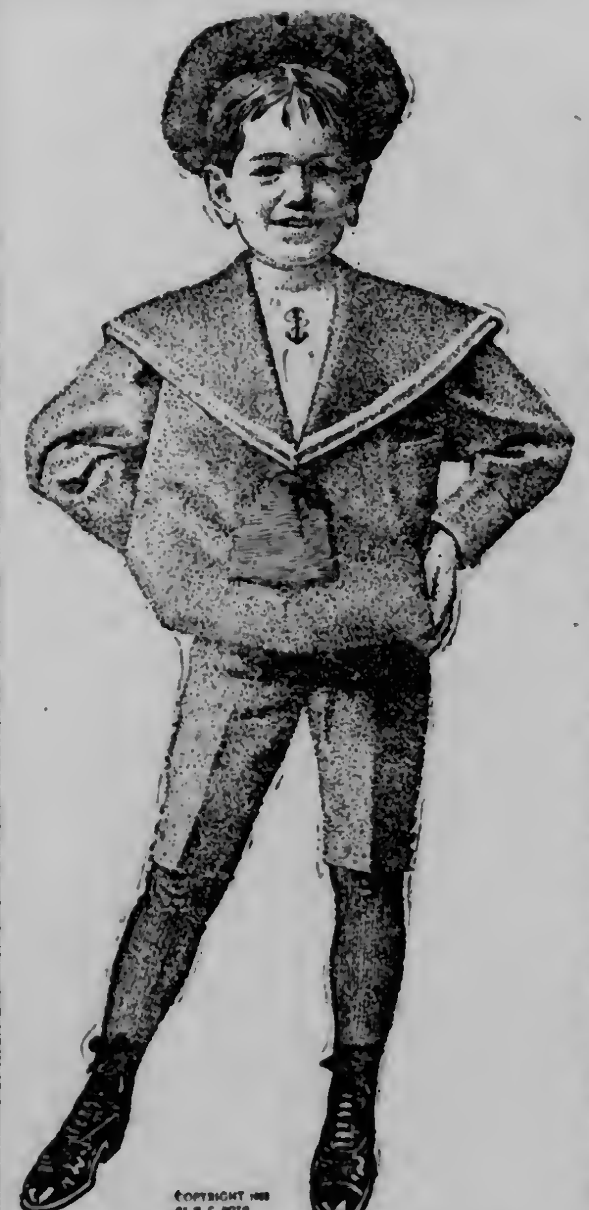
Men's and Young Men's $20.00, $22.50 and $25.00 Suits and Overcoats only

$14.50 The height of fashion and elegance is embodied in these magnificent garments. They're made of exceptionally high class imported and domestic woolens; in all the newest colorings, patterns and styles. The suits come in single and double breasted designs, with those athletic shoulders, or in the loose fitting English styles. The overcoats are cut extra long or medium; plain or belted back, in lovely effects as well as solid blacks, blues and oxford mixtures. The most skillful and artistic tailoring talent has been employed in the construction of these smart suits and overcoats. They're equal in every detail to your custom tailor's productions at $50 to $60; were made to retail at $20, $22.50 and $25. In this great sale, choice of hundreds at only....... **$14.50**

IMPORTED WORSTED TROUSERS—Most beautiful textures, handsome patterns, custom tailored, prevailing fashions. No tailor will build better for $10. Here at choice at......	**$4.98**
LESTER TROUSERS—Magnificent selection—Standard $5.00 Pants; regular or extra sizes. Here at choice for this big sale—for tomorrow at the low price of.......	**$2.98**
CHOICE READING LAMB'S WOOL TROUSERS—Triple sewed, natural colors, thoroughly shrunk, made in the most perfect manner, best wearing trousers we know of—at...	**$1.48**
CHOICE OF 2000 *DOUBLE TWISTED* cassimeres, silk-finished, worsted trousers; black all-wool cheviot trousers, extra heavy grade water-proof trousers, full value $3, in all sizes at	**$1.98**

Men's, Women's, Misses', Boys' and Children's Shoes.

100 pairs Men's $2.50 and $3.50 and $4 Congress shoes, while they last the price will be only	**48c**
100 pairs Men's Tan shoes that sold for $3.50 and $4.00 in this sale	**98c**
200 pairs of Men's Shoes in wax calf, box calf, vici kid and patent calf—broken lines of best shoes that sold regularly for $5.00, $4.00 and $3.50—during this sale only	**$1.98**
300 pairs Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Tan Shoes—in this sale only	**$3.00**
Hanan $5.00 Shoes for Men—broken sizes—while they last only	**$3.98**
Burrows Bench Made Shoes—that always sell at $6 and $7—in this sale	**$4.98**
Men's Alaskas—150 pairs that sell always for $1.00—small sizes, to close them out	**19c**
Men's $1.25 Alaskas—small sizes—during this sale only	**39c**
Lattle Gent's Tan Shoes—Best qualities—that will satisfy in wear and always sold for $2.00—during this sale only	**$1.22**
Youth's Tan Shoes—Buy them now for future wear—prices about half	**$1.58**
Boys' Tan Shoes—that will wear like iron—during this sale	**$1.98**


COPYRIGHT 1902

Annual December Sale of Boys' Fashionable Clothing.

Our Great Stocks of Boys' Clothing, supplemented by a $7500 cash purchase of the surplus fall and winter stock of one of New York's best manufacturers. A chance to dress your boy up for winter at an actual saving of nearly half.

Young Men' Suits—Sizes 32 to 36 breast—ages 6 to 20 years—blue and black Cheviots, Clay Worsted and Fancy Cheviots—silk sewed throughout—heavy Italian linings—suits made to sell at $12.50—in this sale	**$8.45**
Three-piece Short Pant Suits—Sizes 10 to 16 years—this line consists of nearly all plain colors—mostly blue and black Cheviots—some fancy colors have been added from our own stocks—suits made to sell at $10—in this sale	**$7.45**
Two-piece Suits—7 to 16 years—light, medium, and dark colors—Cheviots and Cassimeres—double-breasted coats and some of the trousers have double seats and knees—all are lined—made to sell from $4.50 to $6.50—we have divided this lot into two prices for this sale...$4.95 and	**$3.45**
Two-piece Suits—8 to 16 years—blue, black and grey cheviots, all well made and trimmed—suits made up to sell at $3.00—In this sale	**$1.95**
Vests Suits—for boys from 3 to 12 years—all colors and styles—coats that button in front like a man's—suits made to sell at $10, now	**$7.45**
Children's Reefers—3 to 9 years—made with velvet and panel collars—just the thing for the little fellows to play out doors in—coats made to sell up to $4.50—In this sale **$2.45** and	**$1.95**
Boys' Reefers—3 to 16 years—made with ulster collars—some have hand warmer pockets—materials are heavy cheviots, frizes and beavers—all well made and supposed to sell up to $2.45—in this sale **$2.45** and	**$1.95**
Children's Ulster—sizes 9 to 14 years only—heavy beavers and cheviots in grey and brown colorings—coats worth $6.00—In this sale	**$3.95**
Boys' Overcoats—sizes 17 to 20 years—33 to 36 breast—Oxford grey mixture—a coat made to sell at $10.00—In this sale	**$7.50**
Boys' Furnishings—25 dozen Boys' Camel's Hair Underwear—sizes: shirts, 26 to 34; drawers, 24 to 32—we have sold them all season at 75c—In this sale	**50c**
Winter Caps—Ten dozen Boys' Winter Caps—regulary 50c and 75c qualities, and good values at those prices—priced specially for this sale, only	**25c**

EXTRA SPECIALS

Twenty-five Boys' Long Pant Suits—sizes 35 and 36 only—mostly light colors—$10 and $12 suits in this sale	**$5.00**
Two dozen Double-band Tam O'Shanters—50c and 75c qualities—special price during this sale	**25c**
Twenty dozen Boys' Winter Caps—mostly small sizes—25c quality—special price during this sale	**10c**

Skates Free With $5.00 Purchases.

Presents free with every purchase.

Hats and Caps

Men's $2.50 and $2.00 Fedora, Panama, Golf and Derby Hats, in all the popular blocks, assorted colors and shades. In this sale	**$1.73**
Men's $1.50 and $1.75 Stiff and Soft Hats—All the new blocks and colors, silk trimmed. In this sale	**$1.19**
Men's 75c Winter Caps—in Brighton, Windsor and golf shapes, double bands; cheviots, meltons and kerseys; assorted colors; silk serge lined	**47c**
Men's $1.00 Double-band Winter Caps—In all the popular styles and cloths; silk lined and stitched throughout. This sale price	**69c**
Men's Fancy Double-band Golf Caps—plain visors and fine pull-down bands	**23c**

Men's Furnishings.

Suspenders—Special lot of Suspenders, suitable for Christmas gifts; good strong webs, leather trimmings, patent cast-off. Our price, in a box,	**75c**
Mufflers—An exceptional value in mufflers, made of fashionable neckwear silk, quilted linings; a regular $1.50 article; all colors. This sale	**$1.00**
Wool Gloves—Fine Scotch wool gloves	**50c to $1.50**
Kid Gloves—Silk lined kid gloves	**$1.00 to $2.00**
Handkerchiefs—Men's linen handkerchiefs for Christmas; pure grass bleached Irish linen, with initials; come six in a box—**$1.40**; or, each	**25c**
Neckwear—Swell line of holiday neckwear—Imperials, Ascots, Tecks, puffs, four-in-hands and string ties. Special offering at	**50c**
Better ones at	**$1.00 $1.50**
New Colored Shirts—In the late neat striped and figured effects, separate cuffs, made to our own order; fit guaranteed	**$1.00**
Winter Underwear—Stock-reducing prices made on all lines of men's underwear from now till Christmas.	

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FREE With every purchase in our Boys' Department, large or small, we give absolutely free choice of an elegant Souvenir Album of Duluth, or a Beautifully Illustrated Book

SKATES FREE TO THE BOYS With every purchase of $5 worth of merchandise or over in our Boys' Department we give a pair of Barney & Berry's Steel Skates absolutely free of charge

M. S. Burrows, Duluth, Minn. ◆ **M. S. Burrows, Duluth, Minn.** ◆ **M. S. Burrows, Duluth, Minn.**

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Winter Underwear

For Women and Children.

A large and unsurpassed showing of best kinds, grades that you can absolutely depend upon. The "Sterling" Union Suits, Vests or Drawers—the finest women's Underwear made—in Cream, Natural Black, Wool, Silk and wool or all silk.

"Oneita," "Luzerne," "Phyllias," "Harvard!" in all sizes—

Some special values are being offered in Fine All-Wool, Natural Vests and Pants at $1.00, and some exceedingly good values at 50c—

(1st Floor—right Aisle.)

Special Value in Women's Cashmere Hose—50c spliced heel and toe—white or fancy feet.

Excellent Values In

Blankets and Comforts.

White Wool Blankets—With handsome pink and blue border—all pure wool—70x80 inch—regular price $6.00, reduced to $5.00 a pair.

Excellent Comforts—Fine sateen top—best white filling of cotton—size 72x78 inches—all new patterns—regular price $2.50—reduced to $1.95.

Some Splendid Values In Fine Dress Goods.

Dollar values in cheviots, diagonals, granites and fancies at 75c the yard.

Black Goods at $1 the yard—A splendid line of cheviots, unfinished worsteds, canvas cloths and fancy weaves; many of which sold for $1.25 and $1.50 the yard.

Fancy colored goods at 39c the yard—A miscellaneous lot of plaids, Jamestowns, Brilliantines and fancy weaves that sold up to 75c the yard.

Colored Dress Goods at 75c the yard—Many desirable weaves in broken lots—goods that sold at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 the yard.

Cream White Woolen Goods—We are showing the most complete line of fashionable cream wool fabrics at the head of the lakes. Among the ready sellers may be mentioned—

Read's Lansdownes at $1.25.
Brilliantines at 50c, 75c and $1.25.
Sicilians at $1.25
Fancy Mohairs at 60c, 85c and $1.00.
Basket Weaves at $1.00.
Crepes at $1.25 and $1.50.
Silk and Wool Etamines, $1.75.
Venetian Cloths at $2.00.
Serges at 60c and $1.00.
Cheviots at $1.60.
Corded Crepes at $1.50.
Bedford Cords at 75c and $1.25.
Corduroys at $1.00.
Silk and wool figures, $1.50.

We shall have on sale tomorrow Ninety Isabelle Fox Scarfs

Made of fine selected silky skins—two large tails and four small ones. The makers are cleaning up their year's business, preparatory to their January 1st stock-taking—and closed out this lot to us much below their usual value.

We shall offer them tomorrow at $10.75, fully worth $16.50.

We shall have on sale to-Forty-five Winter Coats,

of heavy weight imported kerseys, in tan, castor and black, with fur storm collar and reveres—the tan and castors trimmed with beaver and the black with Persian lamb—lined throughout with satin—beautifully tailored and perfect fitting.

The Monte Carlo shape at $17.50, value $25.

And the 45 inches long at $18.50, value $27.50

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We shall continue to offer tomorrow the following exceptionally good values

$9 and $12 Silk Waists, $5

Second Floor.

A line of twos and threes of certain lines that we are closing out—all sizes in the lot—white, pink and blue—especially adapted for evening wear. $9.00 and $12.00 value—$5.00 tomorrow.

Cloth, Flannel, and heavy weight White Waists.

$3.50 French flannel waists $2.75—A line that we have just received, and only sold at this price as a special leader—all colors and sizes.

$3.50 white waists, washable, $2.75—of fine cheviot and basket weaves, plain and box plaited effects—trimmed with linen straps.

Fine French flannel waists $4.50—Several different styles—some tucked in front and trimmed with embroidery—some box plaited and tailor stitched—a very good variety of styles to choose from—$4.50.

Winter Gloves.

All wool plain colors, fancy weave, 25c pair.

We show an exceptionally fine assortment at 50c pair. All desirable shades. Still heavier grades at 75c and $1.00 pair.

Ladies' fine Cashmere gloves in black and white, silk lined, $1.00 pair. Plain kinds at 50c pair.

Fownes' Kid Gloves, La Tosca, in all desirable shades, Paris point backs, in black, brown, mode, ox blood and grey, $1.50.

Fownes' Eugenie over-seam, light weight gloves, black, white, brown, mode, cream, pearl, white, $1.50.

Ireland Bros.' Mocha gloves, silk lined, $1.50 and $2.00 pair.

Ireland's unlined Mocha Gloves, in grey, black, mode, brown, red, $1.00.

Golf gloves in all desirable weights and colors, from 25c to $1.00.

Ladies' Cashmere gloves in black with silk lining at $1.00, without, 50c.

Women's Outing Flannel Night Dresses

of high grade outing cloths—full and large—hand made throughout.

Women's Night Dresses—perfect fitting, made of best outing flannel, extra long and full, neatly finished, plain white, cream, pink and blue, also in pink and blue stripes at $1.25.

Women's Night Dresses of twilled outing flannel, trimmed with silk wash ribbon, satteen cuffs and collar. In plain white, cream and pink, at $1.50.

Children's outing flannel Night Dresses in plain colors, pink, blue and cream and dainty stripes at 75c and $1.00.

Children's sleeping garments in outing flannel, sizes from 2 to 10 years, 29c.

Women's outing flannel Under Skirts in plain white with silk embroidered edge, 85c.

Women's outing flannel Under Skirts in pink and blue stripes at 50c.

(1st Floor—Near Elevator.)

Tomorrow, the third Saturday before Christmas—the time for buying winter coats and furs and warm underwear and wool stockings—

and dozens of other things with which to keep warm and comfortable.

The Stocks—as we have told you before—are the best and by far

the largest in our business career. Four large floors chuck full of the finest merchandise brought to this part of the Northwest.

Everything in dry goods and things with which to beautify the home.

Everything for women, misses and girls in Coats, Furs, Suits, Hats and ready to wear things.

Beautiful novelties—and imported things from the principal fashion centers of Europe as well as America.

Exclusive styles that are confined to this firm exclusively—for this section of the Northwest—

Values—that, through our ability to handle large lines of the finer sorts—are not equalled by any other house in this vicinity—

A visit to this store at any time—and particularly now—when the Holiday season has commenced, and when the store is filled with the brightest and finest of the entire year—will be of interest to every one—the latch string is always open here—and a hearty welcome awaits you whether you are out to buy or merely to look-and, remember that the Silberstein Bondy Company label on anything you buy is a guarantee of its goodness.

SHORTAGE OF COAL

Certain That Amount Received Will Be Insufficient.

Must Be Brought By Rail Which Means High Prices.

Situation as to Soft Worse Than That of Hard.

It is now settled beyond any doubt that there will not be enough coal brought up by lake to serve the Northwest through the winter, and that means that much of it must be brought by rail, adding the rail freights to the price.

The soft coal situation is even worse than the anthracite condition.

Soft coal has been on an all-rail basis since early in November, and about 150 cars of Illinois coal had been brought to the head of the lakes on Dec. 1.

Most people think of anthracite when the coal situation is discussed, but in many respects the soft coal supply is even a more important consideration. Without soft coal the veins of commerce would be deprived of circulation, factories would have to close down, and the effect of the exhaustion of the soft coal supply would be widespread and appalling.

Of course there is no danger of a failure of the supply of soft coal, but the store on the docks at the head of the lakes is very slender.

The Pittsburg Steamship company vessels are bringing up about 100,000 tons of coal on their last trips, and most of this is soft coal, but the railroads will take practically all of it, so that a very large proportion of the coal used in the Northwest will have to come by rail from Illinois.

The hard coal that will yet be brought in will suffice only to postpone the time when all-rail shipments must be relied upon, but local coal men say that all-rail coal will have to be used before the winter is over, and one well-posted coal man said this morning that he believed that it would not be long after the first of the year when the supply of coal brought by lake would be exhausted, and it would be necessary to bring the remainder of the needed supply by rail from Chicago.

Soft coal generally is brought in during the winter by rail, but last year it was January before any was brought in, and this year the rail shipments of coal began in November.

There is no talk of immediate advances in price, but coal men will not sell very far in advance at present prices. They intimate that there will be advances in both hard and soft coal before the winter is over.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

BIG CLOTHING PURCHASE

Results In Biggest Sale of Season at M. S. Burrows.

There is never a loss without a gain. This time the gain is M. S. Burrows'. Owing to the long-continued warm weather, several leading manufacturers were overstocked and anxious to unload. As M. S. Burrows is one of the largest buyers in the Northwest, he was able to secure the cream of these spendidly tailored goods at less than the cost of manufacture. Tomorrow offers one of the most splendid opportunities for an overcoat or suit purchase that the season has as yet presented.

CAPTAINS

Of Industry Meet In Duluth, Guests of Capt. Wolvin.

Capt. A. B. Wolvin entertained a party of captains of industry at luncheon at the Kitchi Gammi club today. In the party were the following well-known men: George W. Peavey and F. B. Welles, of Minneapolis, a son and son-in-law respectively of the late Frank H. Peavey and present managers of the Peavey elevator interests; W. L. Brown, of Chicago, president of the American Shipbuilding company; J. C. Wallace, of Cleveland, general manager of the American Shipbuilding company; F. H. Foote, a prominent Chicago capitalist; J. H. Chandler, of Chicago, counsel for the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railway and the Duluth & Iron Range railroad; W. Fitch, of Marquette, and Thomas F. Cole, president of the Oliver Iron Mining company.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. A. Waterworth has been called to Manitoba on account of the illness of her mother.

Senator E. B. Hawkins left last night for the East.

D. T. Adams returned yesterday from a three weeks' visit at Mt. Clemens, Mich.

LIVE STOCK

Exposition Will Come to Glorious Close on Saturday.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Today is "Live Stock Association day" at the international live stock exposition, and the newly elected boards of directors of the various associations held their first meetings. This afternoon, competition of six horse draught teams to harness was one of the most attractive features of the entire show, and this evening's parade of prize winners will be exceptionally fine. Tomorrow will close the exposition, with final awards in a number of important classes, the announcement of the winners in the agricultural college students and farmer boy judging contest, to wind up with a grand parade of all the prize winners in the evening.

IN JAIL.

Carrie Nation Is Once More Behind the Bars.

Topeka, Kas., Dec. 5.—Mrs. Carrie Nation was placed in jail here today on the charge of disturbing the peace. She had gone the rounds of places where bars are maintained. She was forcibly ojected from several drug stores visted, and from a hotel, and while she was permitted to enter several saloons she attempted no smashing. Finally a hooting mob followed her wake when druggists and jointists slammed the doors in her face, resulting in her arrest.

Temptation Too Strong.

James Murray, charged with petty larceny, appeared in the municipal court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge. Last night, while under the influence of too much liquor, he picked up a pair of shoes hung out as display in front of a store on the Bowery. Murray said it was giving a man too good a chance, and while being taken back to jail remarked that the owner of the shoes which he had stolen ought to be arrested as having aided him in the crime, since he had not taken proper care of his property. Murray was fined $27.50 in all or twenty days in the county jail. He took the latter.

Martin Larson also failed to show up and his bail of $12 was forfeited.

Fred Miller was fined $19.75 for assault. In the absence of funds he was given ten days in jail.

$13. 50 Suits Now $6.98.

It's a big saving, all new clothing, and on sale for the first time tomorrow.

M. S. BURROWS.

USED HORSE TO MURDER.

Top-Gallant Revealed Mystery of Five Tragedies.

It was "Brace" Kenney's "turn," and as he was an old detective, spoke well and had been all over the frontier, we looked for a good yarn, says the Record Herald. Here is his story:

"I was a new one in San Antonio, 'dubbing' it under O'Callahan, and very anxious for a show, because I was a young man then. The town's record up to that time had led me to think it was a good place for a game, smart detective to make a reputation. Well, one day the old man called me up and asked me how I'd like to spend a few weeks in Zavalle county, adding that five murders had been committed, in as many weeks, and that the authorities offered a reward of $500 and would pay my salary and expenses while I was at work on the case.

"This suited my book to a nicety, and I started for El Tiempo, the town in which the murders had been done. It sits upon the high bank of the little Leona river, about forty miles above the junction of that stream with Rio Frio, and, at that early period was enjoying a passing boom on account of some new gold diggings in the vicinity. It's a pretty hard matter to keep secret your identity or business in a small town like that, and I hadn't been there a day when I was pestered almost to distraction by the theories, hints and 'clews' of friendly citizens. By putting all the evidence together I was able to satisfy myself of the following facts: Each of the five bodies had been thrown into the river at the same point, a shelf of rock high above the deep and rocky chasm of the river bed, the first two had been thus disposed of while the river was dry, and so their bodies remained, mangled but recognizable, in the sand at the base of this precipice. Two of the other bodies had been found lodged against rocks or willows lower down, having been carried along by the current. One, the latest victim, had ben discovered clinging with a death-grip to a projecting cactus, the feet dangling in the water, but the head and trunk well out of the stream.

"All of the victims had been strangers in town, the bodies had all been stripped of their valuables, and the slight evidence at hand convinced me, of course, that each had been murdered for money. The contradictory evidences were considerable. For instance, I couldn't understand why the robber and murderer, be he ever so daring, should persist in disposing of the bodies always at the same place and in the same manner. To be sure, there were no houses in sight, the spot was remote from any traveled road, and the town was about three miles distant. The town marshal and the sheriff, both of whom I was sure had expended their best efforts, told me that in two out of five cases in which the corpses had been promptly found, traces of hoof prints, seemingly of two or more horses, were plain in the hard sand about the place. They had followed these traces pretty easily back to town, but there had lost track of them in the trampled streets. There had been no sign of wagon or buggy wheels, and the inference was plain that the horses employed had been ridden and not driven.

"I worked quite awhile about the town, hoping for some more tangible theory upon which to exert my ingenuity, but was at last driven hopelessly back upon the horse-back clew. Assuming that the first thing to do was to find the horses, I naturally devoted my first attention to the only livery stable in town. The sign over the door was "Dailey & Bragg," but I soon found out that Bragg was the sole owner, and that Dailey had drowned himself in the river about two months before my arrival. The surviving owner of the barn was a promising subject for my inquiries, because, being an unsociable and somewhat morose fellow, he had not heard of my arrival, and was indisposed to ask embarrassing questions as well as grouchy about imparting any information. I told him that I was an invalid from the states, and that I wanted to ride horseback every day while I was in El Tiempo. Having made arrangements with him, I cautioned all those who knew me to refrain from noticing me or discussing my mission, and set to work with little hope of any useful results.

"I had an idea that the horse which had already visited that lonesome rock of death would, if ridden into the neighborhood and permitted to go where he liked, revisit the familiar destination of previous journeys. To this end I galloped about every day, ending my trips near the cliff and changing horses as often as Bragg's forbidding temper would permit. By lounging about the barn I began to know most of the horses, and one day a chance question directed at the half-witted negro hostler disclosed the identity of the proprietor's favorite saddle horse. That quickly suggested an inquiry as to which horse Dailey had used, and the answer was as easily given. But it was in vain I tried to engage either of the likely looking animals. Bragg insisted that he wouldn't hire 'Jason' to his own brother, and as for 'Top-Gallant,' Dailey's horse, I was convincingly informed that nobody could ride that animal 'in daytime' except his late master. In other words, Top-Gallant, quite mannerly and gentle after dark, was 'an outlaw,' a bucking, plunging, runaway broncho during the day.

"To make a long story short, then, I tried out every animal in that barn with no results until I was down to Jason and Top-Gallant. None of the others showed any desire to visit Death Rock, and I cling to my theory not only because none other presented itself and because I still hoped to get a mount upon the forbidden pair. At last, however, Bragg, with a banker who was to advance the money went down to the Nuces valley in a double team buckboard to buy some stock. I bribed the negro hostler to let me have Jason, swore secrecy, promised to ride out the alley and keep away from town, and finally got away toward the object of my daily rides. But this time the experiment worked. Jason no sooner felt the slack rein than he pricked up his ears and trotted quit to the verge of the bloody shelf above the river. This seemed like something significant, and yet I could hardly convince myself that there was any sensible way to apply it.

"But when I got up the next morning suddenly it dawned upon me that the solution of the mystery, if there was one, lay in riding Top-Gallant to the same place. I resolved to test Bragg's sincerity by neglecting to ride that day and demanding the forbidden animal for a moonlight gallop. He looked interestedly at me that evening when I told him what I wanted, and said that I'd better wait till it was 'real dark,' and finally consented to give me Top-Gallant. He watched me mount, too, but I had no time for him, because the restive beast under me took the bit in his teeth and tore away into the night like a scared ghost. At first I was strong enough to guide him, but at last my muscles wearied and I saw with horror that he was making with desperate determination for the lonely point of rocks above the Leona. Divining my peril without realizing its relation to the 'murders' I was investigating, I got my feet from the stirrups and jumped to the ground just as he charged toward the precipice. I rolled headlong over the rocks, cacti and sand, but when I scrambled to my feet and wiped the dust from my eyes the frantic horse was trotting away. I caught him by the bridle, afraid to mount, and, as I led him back into the town, met Bragg riding Jason. He looked positively frightened the minute he saw me, but when he came up I arrested him. That night I searched his safe and found the watches, papers and trinkets that had been taken from five of the murdered men. But the oddest 'find' was Dailey's jewelry and diamonds, which had been missing up to that time without exciting any graver suspicion than that his corpse had been robbed after he had drowned himself.

"That's about all. Bragg was acquitted of murder, but got ten years for robbery. We never did ferret out the horse's share in the crime, but I suspect that Dailey's death may have happened accidentally while riding with his partner. The latter had robbed the body. His success in avoiding suspicion may have suggested using the horse for other victims. I always felt sure that Bragg 'figured' on getting me, too. Of course the 'tame horse at night' fiction had a purpose, darkness being the best time for murderers and ghouls. Oh, yes, there was one other incident; we tried to drive that villainous horse Top-Gallant over the cliff, but he wouldn't go. We had to shoot him."

A Great Day for Children's Coats.

Saturday seems to be particularly adapted for fitting out the girls—seems to be a day when mothers, both for themselves and their daughters—and we always prepare for a Saturday rush in this particular line—then, too, we make it a point to offer some extremely good values—such, for instance, as the three very special lines here at $5, $7.50 and $9.75, made in the usually reliable S. & B. Co. manner, of best materials—good and weighty.

At $5.00—Children's Coats—Russian Hunting style—plain all wool Meltons—in navy or red—sizes 2 to 6—$5.75 for sizes 8 to 14.

At $7.50—Russian Hunting Coats, Monte Carlo and plain Cape Coats for the little ones in plain and fancy mixtures, very nicely tailored and regular $10 values—all sizes.

At $9.75—Monte Carlo Coats in plain and fancy Cheviots—very nobby garments—and all new arrivals.

STOCK CARS

Ordered Disinfected By New York Agriculturalist.

Alband, N. Y., Dec. 5.—State Superintendent of Agriculture Charles Weiting today notified all railroads doing business in this state that there is an outbreak among the animals in the states of New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut of foot and mouth disease and orders them to cause all cars in which any animals have been transported since Aug. 1, to be thoroughly disinfected before further use. Forty special inspectors will be on the state borders tomorrow to enforce the order.

MAC VEAGH GOES TO NEW YORK.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 5.—Wayne MacVeagh left for New York this afternoon. He said he had no engagement to meet anybody regarding a strike settlement. There are persistent rumors that he is to meet some of the presidents of the coal-carrying roads.

Removed. Removed.

S. Goldberg, the fashionable ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 15 Phoenix block to larger and more commodious quarters at 101 West Superior street, where he has a new stock of the latest styles in winter suitings and overcoatings never before shown to the public. Those who want style, fit and workmanship should call and inspect our stock.

S. GOLDBERG. 101 W. Sup. St

THE SPOOK TRIUMPHS

Investigators Unable to Fathom the West End Rappings.

Friendly and Talkative Spook Freely Answering Questions.

Converses In Three Languages But Sticks on German.

A large and interested audience listened to the nocturnal knockings of the spirit in the haunted house at Tenth street and Twenty-third avenue west last night. The front room of the dwelling was crowded by about sixty people, all listening for the rappings which have created a furore in the neighborhood since Monday.

During the afternoon yesterday the spook refused to knock, but last evening the chance of playing before such a large and interested crowd of spectators proved too much of a temptation to be withstood.

The dull thump, thump, thump of the alleged ghost was plainly audible. The sounds occurred periodically when there was nothing particular doing, about every second and a half. When questions were asked, which were to be answered by a certain number of raps, however, they came faster, or at greater intervals as the case might be.

It seemed a genial ghost with not the slightest objection to answering any reasonable question.

"If you are a spirit answer by knocking three times," requested an interlocutor in the crowd as he bent near the carpet.

"Thump, thump, thump," was the response.

"If you are a bad spirit answer by knocking twice."

But the ghost put aside the indictment by rapping only once.

"If you are a good spirit answer by knocking twice."

"Thump, thump."

When asked if it were the spirit of a well-known person who died very recently, the knocker replied in the affirmative. It disclaimed the honor of being President McKinley's spirit.

The spook declared itself to be of a musical turn of mind and proved the assertion by keeping time to the music when some one struck up a low sad air on the mouth organ. It also announced itself as a suffering spirit.

To questions in English, Norwegian or Swedish the spook answered with invariable intelligence, but proved itself to be a poor German by answering all questions asked in that language wrongly.

An investigation under the floor of the room disclosed nothing. There was a dark cavern-like space between the floor of the building and the ground board up around the sides. This place was thoroughly gone over with a dark lantern, but nothing was found—not even a small boy in hiding.

No rappings could be heard by those above while any one was in this chamber, however.

During the afternoon yesterday a woman claiming to be a spiritualist called at the house to interview the spook, if such it were, but, according to the story of Mrs. Lindberg, who occupies the house with her three children, the ghost refused to knock as long as she remained. When she left the old rap, rap, rap began again.

In the crowd which filled the room last evening it would not have been hard for a delicately concealed foot beating on the heavy carpet of the room to make such a noise as was heard. But the same sound has been heard when there was no one in the room, save the listener.

Policemen who heard the strange rappings searched the premises, but no explanation could be found.

All through the proceedings, Mrs. Lindberg, the lady of the house, was closely watched, but nothing could be seen about her actions which would seem to indicate that she was in any way connected with the rappings.

The people about the place gave out that the knocking would not occur when there was any one in the cavern-like room under the house. Those who were present for the purpose of investigating the matter desired to outwit the rapper by going under the house in a body and then leaving one of their number there while the others went upstairs and reported that all had returned.

The scheme worked very well as far as all going under the house was concerned, but when it came to getting one who would remain in the dark cavern, in the absolute dark, while the ghost rapped, that was different. No persuasion was strong enough for the ghost seekers, and the project had to be abandoned.

The knockings were first heard Monday evening. They were much louder then than now and the impression of the inmates of the house at first was that some one was rapping at the door. Ever since then the doings have continued intermittently.

It is thought by some that the settling of the house on its foundation causes the sound and slight jar which accompanies it. But that theory can hardly be reconciled to the irregularity and at times regularity of the pounding, or to the fact that the same answer is invariably given to the same questions.

It is a deep mystery, and though the spook hunters were out in great force last evening it still remains one.

The statement that the house is the one in which Joseph Wolf died a few years ago of smallpox is in error. That house was burned down.

BILL SEWELL HIS GUEST.

Roosevelt's Old Hunting Companion Receives Invitation.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 5.—When President Roosevelt was in Bangor on Aug. 27 he met and cordially received his old guide and hunting companion in the Maine woods, Bill Sewell, of Island Falls, and entertained him at lunch in the Bangor house. The president said:

"Bill, I am going to have you and your wife down to visit me in Washington some time." Sewell yesterday received the invitation, and is going with his wife to visit at the White House early in February. "Bill" Sewell is a picturesque character, and is a typical woodsman of the Pine Tree state.

Toilet Goods for Saturday.

Perfect Atomizers—we are pleased with our splendid line of Atomizers and we know they will please you, in plain and fancy designs, with sprinkler and bulb tops—prices range from 25c up to **$2.50**

Box Perfume—fancy bottles of various sizes—put up in pretty boxes—prices for Saturday range from—

10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c up to $2.50

Juvenile Combination Box, contains one bottle of perfume and two cakes of soap, special price Saturday—per box **15c**

Silk Headquarters at Head of Lakes.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy Specials for Saturday.

Jelly Beans, regular price 20c per lb—Saturday's price only	10c
Glazed Butter Cups, regular price 20c per lb—Saturday's price only	20c
Marshmallows—fresh and delicious—regular price 25c per lb—Saturday's price only	15c

Miniature Trunk Candy Boxes—Take one with you—

Half-pound size filled with bon bons	20c
One-pound size filled with bon bons	40c

Men's House Coats and other suggestions for gifts.

The House Coat is a comfort-giving gift to the man who enjoys his home. We have just added this line to our Furnishings Department. You'll find all the sizes in the popular wanted cloths.

*Smoking Jackets—in the 2-*toned golf cloth, reverse side of material on lapels, cuffs and pocket, nicely bound, from $3.50 to **$10**

Men's Mufflers—Newport, Oxford and squares, in the newest and most up-to-date color blendings—combinations of black and red, black and white, black and blue and red and blue, in polka dots and stripes. Prices range from 50c to **$5.00**

Four-in-Hand Ties, in light and dark colors, reversibles and French folds, handsome patterns, in all the newest materials, at from 50c to **$1.25**

Adler's Gloves for Men—None better for wear and style; we have a full and complete line, in all the newest shades, at $1.00 and **$1.50**

Wright's Health Underwear, in natural grey, heavy fleece, silk faced. Special at **$1.00**

Tan Ribbed Underwear—A splendid garment— well worth $1.50. Special Saturday at **$1.00**

The Shopping Headquarters

A safe, easy and economical trading place.

The entire arrangement of this spacious store is for your comfort. Crowds are smoothly guided through aisles which are made as wide and free as possible.

Shopping interest is so divided that crowds do not easily congest and make it uncomfortable. Then, too, you have your pick from the broadest and best stock of merchandise the world produces, and at the lowest prices.

The New Toy Store *in the basement is a veritable wonderland. The FINEST and Best toys obtainable, and twice as many as we ever had.*

A Sensational Sale of Winter Millinery

Hats for tomorrow at less than the cost of materials. The newest, nobbiest, most saleable hats here tomorrow at wonderful reductions.

Dress and Street Hats— Some of the most exclusive and prettiest trimmed hats of the season, that sold regularly at from $7.50 to $12; all on one table; reduced for tomorrow to **$5.00**

Another table devoted to a beautiful assortment of prettily trimmed hats that formerly sold at $4.50 to $5.50. For Saturday reduced to **$2.98**

Dress and Street Hats— Splendid styles; the kind that formerly sold at from $3.50 to $4.25. For tomorrow **$2.19**

Children's Hats—a splendid assortment, in castor, brown and navy; regular prices from $1.25 to $6.75 **75c**

Children's Silk Bonnets—neatly trimmed, in red, castor, brown and blue; sold regularly at 75c. Saturday reduced to **50c**

Women's Full-Length Garments.

NEW ARRIVALS

The tremendous business we have been doing is not without advantages to our patrons—We are forced to buy constantly—we are always in touch with the newest ideas created—the result is a grand panorama of the new up-to-date styles—These Saturday leaders will interest you.

New 45-inch and 50-inch Garments— of heavy Zibalines and Kerseys, in castor, black, brown and tans, in the very newest cut, large sleeves, some have shoulder capes; trimming of cord and tassel; others have small coat collar prices range from $25 up to **$65.00**

42-inch Garments of all-wool Kersey in castor only, with half-fitted back, nutria beaver collar and reveres—satin-lined—regular value $30—Saturday only **$22.50**

Women's 45-inch Coats—half-fitted back—made of best quality wool kersey, in black and castor, finest satin lining, covered seams, storm collar—would be cheap at $22.00—Special Saturday **$16.50**

Monte-Carlo Jackets—of all-wool Kersey, in castor only, with nutria beaver collar and reveres—satin lined—all sizes, should be $15—here Saturday **$12.50**

Sale of Walking Skirts—about 25 in the lot just received, cut in the very latest style; made of the best wearing quality of melton cloth, in the newest snow-flake patterns, raised tailor seams, flared and stitched **$3.75**

Children's Long Garments—about 100 all told, selected for Saturday's selling—a varied assortment of materials and styles—sizes 6 to 14 years, mostly plain full back and shoulder cape styles, double breasted, storm collars—sell regularly for $10 to $12.50, reduced for Saturday to **$7.50**

Fine Furs—Fair Prices.

Fur Neckscarfs of imitation marten— large full shape with cluster of six tails—worth $6.00—special for Saturday **$4.00**

Fox Sable Boas with tails—large and fluffy shape—35 inches long—should be $12.50—special for Saturday **$10.00**

Fur Jackets—

Electric Seal	*$25.00*
Near Seal	*$45.00*
Beaver	*$100*
Otter	*$125*
Persian Lamb	*$75 to $175*
Astrakhan	*$25 to $50*
Seal	*$200 to $350*

A Ribbon Store.

Saturday Leaders.

Plain Taffeta Ribbon—4 inches wide, all shades, suitable for neck or sash ribbons, easily worth 30c, Saturday per yard **21c**

No. 2 *Satin gros grained for fancy* work, all shades, 10 yards in a bolt, regular price 35c, Saturday **21c**

Fancy Plaid Ribbons of fine taffeta silk, 4½ inches wide, all the new combinations, sold elsewhere at 50c, our price Saturday **29c**

Satin Taffeta Ribbons—6-inch wide, the newest shades, worth 75c, Saturday at **50c**

Odds and Ends—Single Pieces in various widths and colors, mostly satin and gros grained—on one bargain table—

The regular 8c and 10c kind, at	5c
The regular 10c and 12½c kind at	7c
The regular 12½c and 15c kind at	9c
The regular 15c to 18c kind at	11c
The regular 18c to 25c kind at	13c
The regular 25c to 35c kind at	18c
The regular 25c to 35c kind at	25c

Children's Shoes

Splendid Savings Saturday.

Children's Dongola Kid Shoes— heavy extension sole—patent tip, spring heel, laced, sizes 8 to 10½, regular price $1.25, Saturday **85c**

Children's Felt Shoes—leather tip, heavy felt, warm lined, sizes 3 to 8 regular value $1.00—Saturday **75c**

Children's Red Felt Shoes—felt sole, leather tip, laced, sizes 8 to 11—regular price $1.50—Saturday **65c**

Boys' Strong School Shoes of ebony calf, laced, low heel, heavy extension sole—regular price $1.75—Saturday **$1.35**

Little Gents' Shoes of strong box calf, just like papa's, regular price $1.25, Saturday **$1.00**

Babies' Soft Sole Shoes in red white, black or tan, regular price 50c, Saturday **25c**

See our line of Felt Slippers for Women, all colors and sizes, usually sell from $1.00 to $1.50, Saturday your choice of any in the lot **65c**

Holiday Umbrellas.

Women's Umbrellas—Sterling silver and gold mounted handles, inlaid with pearl, ivory, elk's horn and gun metal, coverings are of the best wearing silks, in the newest shades of blue, green, brown and red, a splendid assortment, priced up to **$15.00**

Men's Umbrellas—of best-wearing silks, mounted on 26 and 28-inch Paragon frames, sterling silver, elk's horn, ivory and gun metal handles, in all the latest and up-to-date designs, prices range from $1.25 up to **$12.50**

Exclusive Linen Novelties.

Exclusive Leather Novelties—If you stopped at this leather store and didn't go to any other section, you'd be able to buy the nicest sort of gifts. It's double the size of our last year's showing. It's twice as good and a most fitting collection for Christmas suggestions.

Wrist Bags and Chatelaines—of finest Walrus, trimming and heavy mounted tops of rose gold, oxidized silver and gun metal, moire and plain lining, all styles, from 50c to **$7.50**

Pocket Books, Cigar, Cigarette and Card Cases of every description and leather. Plain and sterling silver and gold mounted—from 25c to **$10.00**

Burned Leather Novelties—unique and handsome designs, suitable for gifts, pen wipers, stamp books, valise tags, comb and card cases, pocket books, chatelaines and scores of others—from 25c up to **$3.50**

Winter Underwear and Hosiery.

Matchless in Price—Peerless in Quality.

There's a satisfaction in knowing that you have the best possible underwear for the money invested. This contentment comes to the wearer of the Ypsilanti — there's none better. We have the exclusive sale in Duluth.

Women's Equestrian Tights of fast black marino, silk crocheted around top—would be cheap at $1.25, Saturday **$1.00**

Women's Ypsilanti Vests and Tights, all pure wool, medium weights, in blue only—all sizes—regular price $2.00, Saturday per garment **$1.50**

Women's Wool Union Suits in natural gray — "Harvard" make—plain trimmed easily worth $2.75—on sale Saturday, at per suit **$1.98**

Women's Fleeced Union Suits in natural grey—buttoned down chest—crocheted around neck, should be 65c—Special Saturday, per suit **50c**

Women's Vests and Pants in natural grey and camels hair colors—extra heavy fleece—never sold for less than 68c—Saturday per garment **48c**

Women's Ecru Vests and Pants well made, wold be cheap at 25c—for Saturday, per garment **19c**

Boys' Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers, in natural grey—all sizes, sells regularly for 35c—Saturday, per garment **25c**

Women's Fancy Stockings—a new lot just received. They're very dainty, black with embroidered insteps, all the newest patterns, are newest lace effects, very appropriate for gifts—75c to **$2.00**

Women's Cashmere Hose—fast black, full fashioned, natural color, heel and toe, regular price 50c—Saturday **39c**

Women's Wool Hose—fast black —natural color heel and toe, elastic top—regular price 39c—Saturday **29c**

New Copyrighted Books $1.19

"Temporal Power"	Marie Correlli
"A Speckled Bird"	Augusta Evans Wilson
"The Two Vanrevels"	A. Booth Tarkington
"The Little White Bird"	J. M. Barrie
"The Blue Flower"	Henry Van Dyke
"Cecilia"	Marion Crawford
"The Blazed Trail"	Stewart Harding White
"Capt. Macklin"	Richard Harding Davis
"The Mississippi Bubble"	Cameron Hough
"Donovan Pasha"	Gilbert Parker
"The Intrusions of Peggy"	Anthony Hope
"The Splendid Idle Forties"	Gertrude Atherton
"A Song of a Single Note"	Amelia Barr

COPYRIGHTED BOOKS AT 50c.

"Graustark"	G. B. McCutcheon
"Barabbas"	Marie Corelli
"In the Fog"	Richard Harding Davis
"The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes"	A. Conan Doyle
"Marcella"	Mrs. Humphrey Ward

"Glengarry School Days" By Ralph Connor **$1.10**

In the Big Basement—Dolls, Toys, Cut Glass, China, Bric-a-brac—a Vast Display.

Special—a lamp like cut worth $3.00, at each... **$1.98**

Japanese China New Line Just Received.

Japanese China Rose Bowls, each 25c.
Japanese-China Ring Trays, each 25c.
Japanese-China Bon Bon Boxes, each 35c.
Japanese-China Vases 25c to $3.00.
Japanese-China Salads, $1.48 to $3.00.

French China Bread and Butter Plates, worth 48c at each	25c
China Cup and Saucer at per pair, 10c, 15c, 19c, 25c and upto	$2.50
Decorated China Sugar and Cream Sets, worth 50c, at—per set	25c
Decorated China Oat Meal set, worth 48c, at per set	25c
Children's China Mugs at each, 10c and	5c

Lamps.

Never was there such a handsome line of lamps as we are showing now, beautiful lamps at $10, $6.50, $5.00, $3.50, and **$2.25**

Dolls—Toys—Dolls.

Our Toy Department is all ready for your inspection. Buy now while the stock is fresh and new.

We are especially strong on dolls—that is our hobby. Nice dolls—good dolls — kid dolls and jointed dolls—worsted dolls and rag dolls—walking dolls and talking dolls. A visit to our doll department will convince you that Freimuth's is the place to buy 'em.

Cut Glass, China and Bric-a-brac.

The most beautiful line of these goods ever shown at the head of the lakes at most reasonable prices—Come and see them.

A handsome line of fine Bric-a-brac—Fine busts, wall heads, steins, etc. Over 300 different steins to select from. All our own importations; priced specially for tomorrow, from—

5c up to $10.00 each

Beautiful hand-painted Plates, at—
39c, 50c, 65c, 95c, $1.25, up to $5

Rich cut-glass Sugar and Cream Sets—worth **$4.98**

Rich cut glass Fruit Bowls—worth $6.00, at, each— **$4.95**

5-in. cut glass Olive and Jelly Dishes—at, each **$1.48**

Rich cut glass Vinegar Cruets—at, each—
$1.25, $1.50, $2.25 and $2.75

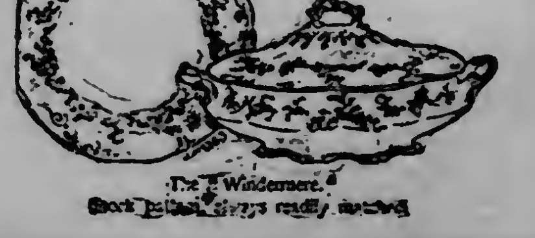
Beautiful cut glass Tankards—at, each—
$6.75, $10.00 and $15.00

Rich cut glass Wine Decanters—at, each—
$2.75, $3.75 and up to $10.50.

Cut glass Tumblers, per doz—
$4.50, $8.75, $10, $12 and $16.

DINNER SETS in Haviland china, Austria china, American and English porcelain. Thirty-five sets to select from. Prices for 100-piece sets from,

$5.98 to $65.00



The Windemere.
Stock pattern always readily matched

Stock reducing sale Saturday--last Saturday before Xmas opening

Making room for the big holiday displays and the big holiday crowds, entails the sacrifice of profits on thousands of dollars' worth of this winter's seasonable goods. *We must have more room*, even if it costs us lots of money. Every department offers terrific slashes in regular prices. Better chances to save money even, than to wait till after the holidays, for the varieties are more complete, the choice more desirable and these cut prices as low as they possibly can be.

$1 white knitting wool 68c.

On bargain counter No. 1.

Golden Fleece, Shetland floss yarns, are worth $1.00 a poand. Every woman who knits knows the price is $1.00 a pound at the Glass Block and $1.10 a pound at smaller stores.

Shetland floss is the best in the world, the thread is even and smooth, skeins are full weight and length. They are the standard yarns among all good knitters.

Saturday we place on sale 500 pounds of Golden Fleece, Shetland floss yarns—In white onlo, on bargain counter No. 1 at, per pound.......... 68c

Reducing the fur stock.

Prices on furs are cut way down for Saturday.

Ladies' opossum fur scarfs, with cluster of tails, at....$4 98 and	$3.98
Beaver fur scarfs with clusters of tails..........$19.50 down to	$8.50
Krimmer fur scarfs with blue fox tails..........$12.50 down to	$9.98
Isabella fur scarfs, extra long, with two large bushy tails, at $38.50, $27.50, $19.50, $15 00 and..........	$11.50
Sable fox scarfs and long boas, with tails and claws, extra choice, at $35.00, $19.50, $15.00 and...	$12.50
Stone marten scarfs, in long and short lengths, $42.50 to	$15.00
Bear scarfs, three yards long, choice bushy fur, at $44 00 to	$28.00
Genuine chinchilla fur scarfs, Siberian grey fur scarfs and States brown marten scarfs, $35.00 to.....	$22.00
$29 00 electric seal coats, satin lined, large storm collar..........	$19.50
$29.00 Astrakhan fur coats, satin lined, large collar, at..........	$19.50
$175.00 Persian lamb coat, with large mink collar and reveres, silk lining,	$99.00
$125.00 Hudson bay beaver coat, choice fur and good lining, at..........	$95.00
$65.00 nice krimmer fur coat, just see how perfect this fur is, at..........	$49.50
$45.00 electric seal fur coats with beaver collar and revers, satin lined, 24 inches long, you can't match it..........	$32.50
Hudson bay otter fur coats, choice fur, at..........$165.00 to	$140.00
Wool seal fur coats, just the thing for cold weather, at..........	$49.00
Misses' electric seal fur set, scarf and muff..........	$4.50
Misses' brown opossum fur set, scarf and muff..........	$8 50
Misses' grey krimmer fur set, scarf and muff, at this sale..........	$8.50
Misses' white thibet scarf and muff set, special for Saturday..........	$8.50
Children's white angora fur sets, muff and scarf, good value..........	$1.50
Children's white rabbit fur set, Saturday's low selling price only..........	$1.49
Children's white thibet fur set, fancy muff with pocket book..........	$2.50
Children's brook mink fur sets, for Saturday..........	$2.50
Children's blue fox fur sets, Saturday's special sale price..........	$2.25

Reducing blankets, linens, sheetings

Saturday you'll save money if you buy these.

All wool Buffalo Blankets, all colors, strictly all wood, worth $5.00—Saturday at pair.......	$3.75
All wool Blankets, in grey only, large size, weight 4 lbs a $3.50 blanket—Saturday at pair......	$2 75
All wool Buffalo Flannels, shrunk, all colors, 25c and.......	38c
All wool Amana Flannels, white, scarlet, etc. checks, stripes, etc, Saturday special at..........	50c
Full size comfortors, made of good silkoline and satine—very special, good values from $1.25 to each..........	$5 00
36-inch Bleached Muslins, fine soft finish, 8c value, yd.........	5½c

Medicated Cotton Diaper Cloth, in 10-yd pieces, put up in paper bags.

18-inch at 50c per piece of 10-yds.
20-inch at 55c per piece of 10-yds.
27-inch at 70c per piece of 10-yds.

72x90 inch sheets, ready made, Saturday each..........	48c
81x90-inch sheets, ready made, Saturday each..........	59c
72-inch bleached Damask, all linen, regular price 95c at yd.....	75c
¾ Napkins to match, at $2.00 dozen. 72-inch fine half-bleached Damask, all linen, new designs at yard Saturday..........	98c
¾ Napkins to match at $2.98 dozen.	
Fine Huck-a-bak Towels, all pure linen, hemstitched, figured Damask borders, a regular 35c Towel $3.00 a dozen, at each..........	25c

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Reducing Negligees

Ladies' pretty elderdown dressing sacques with fancy appliqued cotton in pink, blue and red—price..........	98c
Ladies' pretty elderdown bath robes in pink, blue and red $4.98...	$5.75
Ladies' $7.50 silk Petticoats at $4.98 in several good styles and all the fashionable shades, tomorrow....	$4 98
Ladies' pretty striped outing flannel night gowns, nicely trimmed at..	98c
Ladies' lovely striped flanneiette short underskirts at 25c, 39c and.....	49c

Reducing Aprons

Ladies' New Christmas Aprons in embroidered and lace trimmed for Misses, Maids and the lady of the house. Prices 25c, 35c and..........	49c

Reducing Skates

In the basement. Barney & Berry make.

Full club Skates for boys' and men—all sizes, at per pair..........	48c
Fine nickle-plated Skates, all sizes, go at pair..........	75c
Hardened steel runner Skates—full club and high grade, nickle plating over all, tomorrow per pair........	$1 25
Hockey Skates at..........	98c
Racing Skates at..........	$3.19
Ladies' strap toe and heel skates, all sizes, pair..........	79c
Full nickel plate Skates with clamp toe, at per pair..........	$1.48
Skate sharpeners, best made at each.	15c

Books! Books! Books!

Justin McCarthy's History of our own times, 2 vol. set, cloth bound, published at $1.50 a set—Saturday.......	75c
Scribner's Henty Books, now editing a new edition of Henty books that have never been published at less than $1.50 each before. We have the entire list of titles and sell them at.......	50c

Young Peoples' Library

comprising a list of 50 titles, bound in handsome cloth, 50 or more illustrations in each volume. Published at 50c each. Our price, tomorrow..........	25c

What Is Worth While Series

Beautifully bound in white and gold. Published at 35c—each.........	28c
The Sunbonnet Babies Primer, by Gulalic Osgood Grover, bound in cloth and illustrated in colors, each.....	40c

Finger Plays

By Grailie Poulsson, bound in cloth and illustrated. Published at $1.25. Price..........	$1.05

Sterling Pen Holders

925-1000 fine warranted, beautifully engraved, worth $1.75 at....	$1.25

Sterling Silver Pencils

Set with stones or with ring in top, $1.00 quality at..........	75c

Souvenir Writing Paper

24 sheets and 24 envelopes, each with a beautiful half tone of the city's best buildings and scenes about town get one while they last..........	45c

Waterman Fountain Pens

In all sizes, coarse, stub, medium and fine points $1.00 to..........	$4.00

Reducing Dress Goods

50-inch Collingwood Mills, black Melrose, usually sold for $1.75 at..	$1.50
44-inch Collingwood, black Melrose, usual price $1.25, for..........	98c
50-inch Black Storm Serge, extra heavy weight and great value for $1.00 Special tomorrow..........	75c
50-inch extra heavy Melton suitings, all new, serviceable goods, regular $1.25 quality for..........	98c
42-inch all wool, extra heavy cheviots, good value at 75c, our leader...	49c

Silks—Half Price

The balance of the half price purchase of fine silks which drew such crowds on Thursday and today, on sale Saturday at half price.

75c silks for..........	39c
$1.00 silks for..........	50c
$1.50 silks for..........	75c

Reducing the Gloves

New Mocha Kid Gloves—warm gloves, 2 clasp, greys, red, browns, beaver and and black. Ireland Bro.'s make —Saturday, per pair..........	$1.00
Ladies' Silk Mittens, wool lined, either plain or fancy backs—Saturday, per pair	50c
Ladies' Mocha Mittens, fleece lined, Auler's make at 50c, 75c, $1.00 and up to..........	$1.50
per pair..........	$2 00
pear pair..........	
Fowne's La Tosca Kid Gloves, at per pair Saturday..........	$2.00
Fowne's Dagmar Pique Gloves, at per pair..........	$1 50

Reducing Toilets

Fancy Perfume Atomizers, sprinkler tops—Special..........	19c
Ed. Pinaud's Extract Vegetal, 75c a bottle usually. Special..........	59c
Murray & Lareman's Florida Water, large size, 75c bottle, for..........	55c
Euthymel Tooth Paste, 25c tube—Special tomorrow	17c
Mela Denna Lotion. The best lotion made at any price—50c size..........	25c

Java Rice Powder

The genuine French article, 50c a box in some stores—Special..........	25c

Medicura Soap

The best skin soap in the world, 25c regular price—Cut price..........	16c
Vaseline Cold Cream—15c usually Saturday..........	9c

Toilet Chamois Skins

10c size, perfectly smooth and soft Saturday..........	5c

Saturday Candy

Fresh home made taffy, the pure Seekins' kind—a sweet new lot, just made—tomorrow, per lb..........	9c
We now carry a line of the original Allegretti's in half, one pound and two pound boxes. This is the original, that made Allegretti famous, others are imitations and substitutes. We sell these Allegrettis at, per lb..........	50c

Reducing the Pictures

50 dozen 10-inch Medallions, Saturday price..........	35c
100 dozen 10x14 gilt frames, fine subjects—Saturday special..........	35c
The famous "Boston Terrier" Dog pictures—Saturday at..........	39c
Fine imitation water colors, gilt frame—Special..........	55c
Thousands of matted pictures tomorrow at..........	8c
Those fine Holland scenes, under glass—each..........	15c
Large Holland Posters for tomorrow..........	39c
The Fencing Girl poster—Price reduced for Saturday..........	79c
500 pieces of novelty pictures for Saturday selling.	
Pyography sets $3.25, $4.00, $5.00, $5.75 and up..........	$7.50

We show a fine assortment of stamped and unstamped wood for burning.

Artistis material. We think we have anything you want as our line is very complete.

Reducing Boys' Clothing.

Russian blouse suits, 3 to 8 years, in new reds, swell greens and Hussar blues	$1.75
Blue and fancy cheviot suits, double-breasted, all wool, two-piece suits—4 to 15 years	$1.98
Norfolk suits, in navy, cheviot and fancy mixtures, latest cut; 4 to 10 years	$2.75
Fine quality of double-breasted suits, 6 to 16 years, navy blue thibets, etc.—only	$2.98
Norfolk coats, in Oxford and Cambridge all-wool mixtures, with belts —6 to 15 years	$5.48
Russian all-wool overcoats, in navy, green, grey and heather mixtures—4 to 8	$6.50
Boys' Irish frieze ulsters, made in the latest fashion—12 to 16 years	$5 00
Boys' heavy all-wool dark cheviot overcoats, with astrachan collars and cuffs	$6.50

Men's Hats and Caps.

Everything new, fresh, clean, bright Styles the latest—qualities best for the money.

Imperial hats, Derby and Alpine—equal to any $5.00—our price	$3.00
All the new shapes, black and grey shades. Glass Block Hats, Derby and Alpine—same shapes as the best of hats, in black, pearl and dark greys—instead of $3, our price, each..........	$2.00
Best quality of traveling caps, made by the best makers—very latest shapes and patterns—each	50c to $1.50
Men's and boys' hand knit all wool turbans for skating or hunting—all colors—each	50c

Men's 50c neckwear 25c.

On bargain counter No. 2.

We have 1500 more neckties than we should have at this season—beautiful, swell scarfs, four-in-hands, imperials and club ties.

Every tie in the lot was bought to sell at 50c, was marked at 50c and is worth 50c.

Not the ordinary 25c goods by any means—fine silk and satin, fine styles, patterns and colors. Men are buying them every day for 50c, and you'll have to pay 50c for same ties everywhere else in Duluth.

Entire lot priced on bargain counter No. 2—Saturday to be closed out at only.......... 25c

Reducing the cloak stock.

Prices on coats, suits, skirts cut down for Saturday.

$9 Ladies' coats $4.98

25 Ladies' Coats that formerly sold at $8.50 and $9.00 all bunched to sell at $4.98 Saturday. They are all new styles, they come in Monte Carlo coats, box coats, half-fitted coats, and short nobby coats—silk lined, high or low collar, cuff sleeves and elaborately tailored and stitched, colors, black, tan, castor, brown and blue—all sizes—all reduced for Saturday, to.......... $4.98

$15.00 coats at $8.50

30 Ladies' Nobby Tailored Coats—33 inches long loose back, kimona sleeves and some Monte Carlo coats with cuff sleeves, velvet collar, straps of velvet trimming—others applique trimmed, silk lining—a leader Saturday $8.50

$5 and $6 Walking skirts $3.98

Ladies' Walking Skirts in nice dark grey, blue and brown, that formerly sold at $5.00 and $6.00. Well made perfect hang and drape in several good styles to select from—all go at.......... $3.98

$12 Misses' long cape coats $6.50

Misses' Long Coats with three capes, made of fine heavy zibeline cloth, in green blue and brown, regular $12.00 coat, sizes 8 to 14 years —Saturday reduced to..........	$6.50
$7.50 Misses' Long Coats with three capes, cuff sleeves, fancy buttons, sizes 8 to 14 years—reduced to..........	$4.98
$5.00 Misses' fur trimmed coats—misses' ¾ length box coats, $5.00 quality, in grey, brown and blue, size 6 to 14—reduced to..........	$2.98
Children's imitation chinchilla fur sets, an excellent opportunity..........	$2.49
Children's beaver fur sets, Saturday's low selling price..........	85c
Children's irmine fur sets, Saturday the prices range from $8.50 to.....	$12.50

Reducing shoes and rubbers.

Prices are simply splintered—we name the rubbers but the shoes are cut just as sharply. Come Saturday and save footwear money.

Was first quality storm rubbers, clean, fresh goods in all sizes. No old out of date stock in very small sizes or very large sizes only—but all sizes in good, full width. Regular 50c goods. Saturday only..........	29c
Misses and Children's storm rubbers, all sizes, full widths. Why pay 45c elsewhere. Saturday..........	25c
Youths' heavy plain sandals, sold for 50c all sizes, Saturday...	29c
Boys' heavy Gum, Buckle Arctics, sizes 2 to 5½ worth 98c.....	69c

We guarantee the quality.

25 dozen Women's, Misses' and Children's wool soles, slightly soiled, worth 20c and 25c—Saturday to close them out	10c
Women's felt sole slippers all sizes, regular price 75c, our price Saturday..........	49c
Women's felt Slippers, hand turned soles. Velvet bound, worth 90c Saturday	69c
Women's Fur trimmed Nullifiers, turned soles, regular price $1.25 —on sale Saturday..........	98c
Boys' and youth's moose bede Moccasins, sizes 11 to 6, regular $1.50 quality—Saturday sale price......	98c

LIFE OF MUELLER

In Village of Jessau, Bohemia, Told By Attorney Conway.

Mr. Briggs Begins Argument on Behalf of Mrs. Mueller.

Attacks Validity of the Kosmerl Sale Under Foreclosure.

The argument in the Mueller case, in district court, was resumed at 9 o'clock this morning by Mr. Conway, representing the alleged Bohemian heirs, who began with a history of the birthplace and early life of Johann Mueller, in the village of Jessau, Bohemia. Mr Conway said Johann Mueller did not enter the army, his brothers claiming he could not pass the physical examination because he was sickly, having a stomach trouble. Up to the age of 27 his father kept Johann on the farm, when he bought for Johann a small mill at Kacerov, a little village not far from Jessau. Counsel said the two villages are practically in the same country; that the mill was purchased for 7800 gulden; that the deed has been found to show the transfer was actually made. This purchase was made in 1870. Counsel said the testimony of the brothers showed that Johann frequently visited his old home, and his folks visited him. He then referred to the people who knew Johann Mueller intimately when he was in the mill, and claimed the testimony of those witnesses set forth accurately the life and work of Mueller in the mill. The mill was alone in the woods, and was known as the "mill of the woods." There were about eighty-five acres in connection with the mill.

The testimony of Andrew Reharry was reviewed to show that the witness and Mueller courted the same girl at Kacerov, but neither won her. Mr. Conway cited the deposition of a tavernkeeper, Anton Adamovsky, who knew Mueller well, and often ground grain in the Mueller mill; this witness claimed the mill had a sawmill in connectio nwith the flouring business; that Mueller spoke Bohemian and some Moravian; that Mueller was not married, did not drink or talk much; that he went with Mueller when he went to court another girl, but was again unsuccessful; that Mueller sold this mill in 1873.

Mr. Conway referred to the testimony of Johann Mueller's old housekeeper, Marie Vosicka, who looked after his home at the mill and swept out the mill. This witness said Mueller worked in the mill and harvested the crops, that the second miller worked in the mill continually; that the mill did a good business; that Mueller was pious, a Catholic, went to church regularly, did not drink much; that he left the mill in 1874. Mueller owed her 10 gulden which he never paid. Counsel also reviewed the testimony of other villagers who knew Mueller well while he ran the mill; the testimony of Anton Villeta, whose daughter Mueller courted.

Mr. Conway said the testimony clearly showed that Johann Mueller, instead of improving his opportunities, let the mill go and dropped back into his old lazy ways; that it was because he was not energetic that Viletta would not let him have his daughter. Viletta secured the mill on a mortgage foreclosure, Mueller working for him on the farm and in the mill. He claimed the mill and property were run down when Mueller relinquished them.

Mr. Conway claimed that in 1875 or 1876 Mueller ran into Viletta's house and asked to be hid from the gendarmes, who were searching for him; that Viletta hid him until the officers left, when Mueller ran to the woods and was never seen there again; that Viletta afterwards heard by letter that Mueller was safe and working in a mill in another place, where money was sent to him. Mr. Conway said it developed the gendarmes were after Mueller because he secured money through forging his father's name on a note; that the crime aroused a great deal of talk in the village. He argued that it was this trouble that drove Mueller away from Kacerov.

Mr. Conway argued that after Johann Mueller sold his mill he had to have money, and he raised it on his father's land as security; that his father brought an action in the courts and finally got his title cleared, but that Johann got the money and his endorsers probably had to bear the loss; that Johann feared the punishment for his crime, a reward being offered for his arrest.

Mr. Conway said Johann Mueller's father did not learn of his son's criminal action until a year afterward, when he started the action to clear his title, this being followed by the criminal action against the son. Counsel then referred to the characteristics of Johann Mueller as claimed by the witnesses; that Johann Mueller had large cheek bones, nut-brown hair, a forehead like his brother Andreas, broad shoulders, and carried his hands behind him; that when in thought he kept his head down. Mr. Conway said Johann Mueller's eyes were darker than Rudolf Mueller's; that his jaw was wider; that he had no tattoo on his arm when in Jessau; that blue eyes were a family characteristic; that Johann Mueller had a strong facial resemblance to Anton Mueller, his brother; that he had dark eyebrows; that he was an intelligent man. The testimony of several witnesses was reviewed to show the resemblance between Johann and Anton Mueller.

Mr. Conway called attention to the similarity between the description of Johann Mueller of Duluth and Anton Mueller of Bohemia, his alleged brother, as shown by the testimony of the witnesses; that Andreas Mueller, when shown the admitted photograph of the Duluth Mueller, declared it was the picture of his brother, but that he did not have a mustache when Anton last saw him; that Andreas Mueller also claimed it was a picture of his brother. The testimony of Andrew Richarvy was reviewed to show that the photograph of the Duluth Mueller closely resembled the Johann Mueller he once knew at the old mill in Kacerov; also the testimony of the old housekeeper and other witnesses of Jessau, who were positive in their identification.

Mr. Conway then took up the question of handwriting. He said he found in Prague, on file, documents signed by Johann Mueller, and claimed that Johann's brothers recognized the signatures as those of their brother. Counsel claimed that while Johann Mueller of Jessau was in 1873 signing his name in German style, the Johann Mueller of Detroit was signing his name in English style of letters. Attention was called to other admitted signatures of Johann Mueller in later years, when he sometimes signed the letter "J" above the base line and sometimes below it.

Mr. Conway then compared by detail the personal appearance of the Johann Mueller of Jessau and of the Johann Mueller of Duluth to show they were the same man. He claimed the testimony on this similarity is convnicing to the smallest detail.

Mr. Conway pointed out the similarity which he claimed existed in the testimony of witnesses to whom the Duluth Mueller had talked of his early life, and that of the Bohemian witnesses who knew Johann Mueller of Jessau, Bohemia. He contended that the reticence of the Johann Mueller of Duluth as to his reason for leaving the old country bore out the presumption he was the same Mueller that forged his father's name for 4000 gulden and showed his ingratitude to the parent who had done so much for him. He urged that it was Mueller's shame that kept him from talking of his old home, and that his guarded admissions to various witnesses that he left home on account of trouble, went far to establish the identity of the Duluth Mueller as the Mueller of Jessau.

Mr. Conway closed his argument by stating that he would file his brief on the law points involved in the case.

Mr. Briggs, representing the defendant, Katherine Mueller, began his argument at 11 o'clock this morning. He will also file briefs on the law points involved. Mr. Briggs contended that the district court has jurisdiction in this case; that if the plaintiff's title can be overthrown, then it is for the court to decide who is the rightful claimant or claimants to the estate of Johann Mueller. As far as this case is concerned Mr. Briggs argued it made no difference whether the administrator is in it or whether he is not, the question for the court to decide is the ownership of the land. Mr. Briggs says that if the court is convinced that Katherine Mueller is the wife of Johann Mueller, then she is entitled to one-third of the estate anyway, and the other defendants will be out of the case entirely. Mr. Briggs stated his position in the attempted reformation of the Schweitzer deed which is that if the Kosmerl mortgage was all right, then no clouding of the title could arise by a subsequent deed. He held the title of a mortgage precedes any or all deeds that come after. Counsel claimed the complete repudiation of the mortgage by Father Kosmerl before the foreclosure, that Father Kosmerl said the money secured from him for the mortgage was obtained by fraud and he brought suit to recover it.

Mr. Briggs said that if the mortgage was not valid then the power to sell on foreclosure was suspended during the pendency of the suit to recover; that Father Kosmerl was not in a position to sell on foreclosure when the sale was made. Mr. Briggs read the complaint in the case of Kosmerl vs. Mueller, when former brought the suit to recover $300 with interest, for which a mortgage was given for security in the Mueller lands, representation being made that the lands were of great value. He argued that Father Kosmerl did not try to get the lands until he knew they were valuable for the minerals they contained; that Mueller agreed to use the $300 he borrowed in developing the land for ore. Parts of the complaint were read in which plaintiff stated defendants had not shown that the land was valuable, as he claimed, and that his representations were fraudulent and that, by reason of this alleged fraudulent representation, plaintiff desired a judgment. Mr. Briggs claimed that the efect of the repudiation of the mortgage on account of fraud, would be that it would stand, under the law.

Mr. Briggs claimed that Father Kosmerl forfeited all his claims to equity in the case by his action of repudiation; furthermore that his remarks were directed at the plaintiff's power to sell, not through any irregularity of proceedings. He held the records of the court must show there is no action pending when power to sell under foreclosure is given.

Mr. Briggs said it would probably be attempted to show the action had been dismissed, but he claimed that evidence would show that it was not dismissed, but a garnishment was made on money supposed to be due Mueller as a payment on his lands. He argued that after the garnishee summons had gone out it was out of the power of the plaintiff to dismiss the case without the order of the court or the consent of both parties. This was in reference to the suit for recovery.

Touching on the powers of the special administrator, Mr. Briggs argued that one of his duties was to preserve all the property of the deceased and that the special administration of the estate of Johann Mueller was within his duty when he made redemptions, a power which Mr. Severance, for the plaintiff, claimed the administrator exceeded.

Adjournment was then taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

AN ELECTROLYSIS CASE.

Depositions in Important Case at St. Paul.

Washington, Dec. 5.—M. D. Munn, of St. Paul, counsel for the Twin City Rapid Transit company, and Assistant City Attorney McDermot, of St. Paul, spent several days in Washington this week, taking depositions in a very important suit which the city of St. Paul has brought against the street railway company for damages due to electrolysis of water mains and other service pipes of the city. The amount of damages is set at $2,000,000. It is understood that the case is soon to come to trial in the Minnesota courts. Messrs. McDermot and Munn have been taking depositions in various cities for several weeks past. They have been in Cincinnati, Detroit, Buffalo and New York before visiting Washington. In this city they examined the city electrician and engineer commissioner, Major Biddle. The sittings lasted nearly the whole of last Tuesday night and were held at the new Willard hotel. Expert electrical engineers from Buffalo and Cincinnati, whom the two men were unable to see on their visits there, met them here by appointment for examination.

$9.00 Overcoats $4.75.

The Imperial brand—there is no better. Hundreds of $9 overcoats to choose from for $4.75.

AS ACCESSORY

To Manslaughter Lincoln Hotel Proprietor Is Arraigned.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Fred A. Smith, proprietor of the Lincoln hotel in which fourteen men were smothered to death yesterday, and Night Clerk E. C. Weber were arraigned in police court today on the charge of being accessories to manslaughter before the fact. They were arrested last night at the instigation of Coroner Traeger and Chief of Police O'Neil, but furnished bail and were released.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

TEN YEARS IN PRISON.

Sentence Given John Holmes of Shawans, Wis.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The trial of John G. Holmes, charged with an attempt to kill George and Martin Walter, his stepsons, on the night of Feb. 15, 1902, came to a termination this morning at Shawano, the prisoner receiving a sentence from Judge Goodland of ten years' imprisonment at Waupun. The jury was out three hours and returned a verdict of assault with intent to kill.

Suit Sale at Burrows.

$20, $22.50 and $25 suits selling tomorrow at choice for $14.50.

Shoe Sale at Burrows

Men's $3.50 Congress Shoes........	.48
Men's $4.00 Tan Shoes..........	.98
Men's Alaskas, small sizes........	.19

Rubbers for men, women and children at lowest prices in the city.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

Cuff Links. . .

A great variety in gold and silver, gold front and gold filled in all the

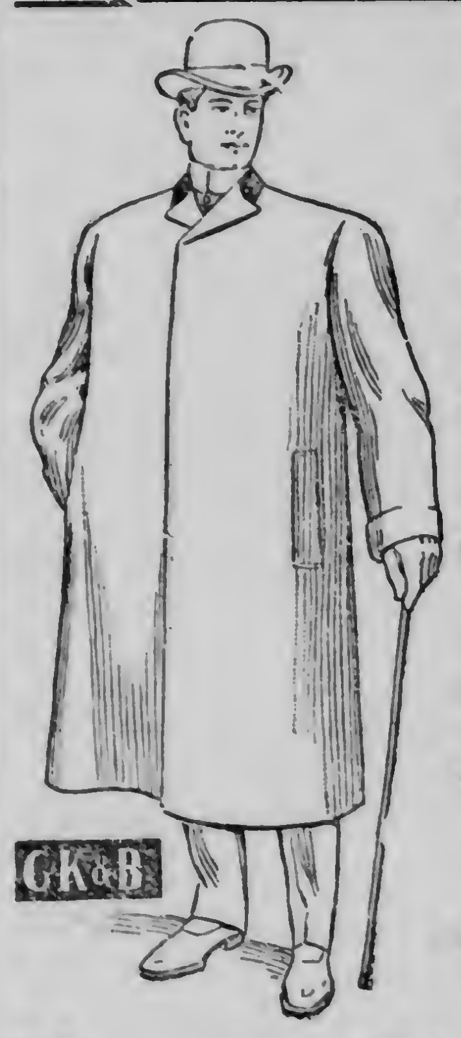
New Finishes and Designs

A pair of these dainty little novelties makes a useful and pretty Christmas gift, and one that you can buy at a saving.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,

334 West Superior street.
Providence Building.

The only perfectly equipped Jewelry Manufacturing Plant at the Head of the Lakes.



More bargains
FOR SATURDAY AT THE
Overstock sale

Remember the remarkable values offered in this sale cannot last much longer. Take advantage of it before it is too late. Do not delay in purchasing your suit or overcoat when you can buy the best at a saving of from—

ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF!

Eagle Clothing Co.
32 West Superior St.
Open Saturday Evening until 10:30 o'clock.

WOLVES MULTIPLY

Few Hunters Try to Exterminate the Dangerous Beasts.

Lack of Funds to Pay Bounties, the Principal Cause.

Provision of the Law as to Collection of Bounties.

Deer hunters in large numbers, headed by the attorney general of the state of Minnesota, have complained of the prevalence of wolves in this section this fall, and have urged that something be done to promote hunting them.

After inquiry among the settlers that might be supposed to do the wolf-hunting, they have apparently all come to the conclusion that the law providing for a wolf bounty is too strict, and that the red tape thrown about the process of collecting the bounties makes it hardly worth while to go into the business.

Some of them complain that the bounties offered are too small, and urge that they be increased.

One trouble for the past year or two is that the state has run out of money appropriated for the payment of wolf bounties, so it has been impossible to collect them at all, the best return for killing a wolf being an order payable when the state legislature appropriates money for that purpose. Undoubtedly this has had more to do with the cessation of wolf-killing than anything in the law, which is not particlarly stringent.

The bounties offered by the state are as follows: For a full-grown female wolf killed between January and May inclusive, $15; for a full-grown female wolf killed at any other season, or a full-grown male wolf killed at any season, $5; for a female cub wolf killed at any season, $4; for a male cub killed at any season, $2.

The bounties offered have been larger than this, and probably it might be worth while to increase them. The county stands one-third of the bounty and the state two-thirds, and the county is authorized by the law to increase its share if it sees fit. That is, it can increase the wolf bounties if it stands the additional amount itself, leaving the state's share unchanged.

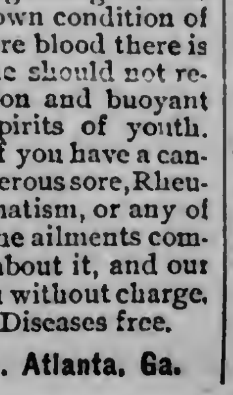
There is some red tape about the process of collection, but not so much as there was when the claimant was required to bring the carcass to the county seat to be destroyed by the county auditor. The claimant under the present law must bring the carcass to the town clerk, with the head and ears intact, in the presence of two witnesses of the town in which the wolf was killed, and make an oath that the animal exhibited is the one killed by the claimant. He must also swear to the time and place of the killing, and that he did not spare the life of any wolf within his power to kill.

The town clerk must then issue a certificate that the animal was exhibited to him, and that the scalp was removed in the presence of himself and witnesses. The body must then be buried or destroyed by the party who claims the bounty, in order that it may not become a nuisance. The town clerk must file the certificate in his office, and issue to the claimant a copy, for which the claimant must pay 35 cents. If the killing is in an unorganized town, the claimant may apply to the nearest town clerk.

The claimant must then take his certificate to the county auditor, who issues him a warrant upon the county treasurer. At present, as there are no funds available, an order payable when there is money for that purpose is issued. There is a punishment provided for fraud in pushing claims for wolf bounties.

About the only change that suggests itself to make the collection of wolf bounties easier is that the township officers should pay them, and that would be a cumbersome process. Still, parties living at considerable distances from the county seat in counties as large as this would have to kill quite a number of wolves before it would be worth their while to make a trip to the county seat to collect their bounties.

While all of the reports show that wolves are increasing, and that they are playing sad havoc among the deer, there is very little wolf-hunting, and very few applications for bounties are received.



Showing Age.

Some people begin to show age before the meridian of life is reached, or they have lived out half their days. They are prematurely gray, haggard and sickly, and seldom free from an ache or pain of some description.

Cold feet, chilly sensations, stiffness in muscles and joints, weak stomach and poor digestion, lack of energy, and drowsiness, nervousness, etc., show that old age has been reached ahead of time. Bad blood and weak circulation more often produce these miserable feelings and signs of decay than anything else. An inherited taint or poison of some description is at work in the system, causing stagnation and a general unhealthy condition of the blood; and this, and not the weight of years, is dragging you down to an untimely old age and making life a protracted torture.

For purifying the blood and toning up the circulation nothing is equal to S. S. S. It removes from the system all the waste matter that has been accumulating for years, and makes the blood rich and pure, stimulates the appetite and digestion, and invigorates the entire body.

S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, and the best purifier and tonic for old people, and those who are beginning to show age because of the run down condition of the blood. With rich, pure blood there is no reason why old people should not retain the happy disposition and buoyant spirits of youth.

SSS

If you have a cancerous sore, Rheumatism, or any of the ailments common to old age, write us about it, and our Physicians will advise you without charge. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD BOY

Taught By Father to Smoke and Drink.

Elgin, Ill., Dec. 5.—Roy Sullivan, 4 years old, is a smoker and a whisky drinker, and Timothy Sullivan, the boy's father, is accused of being responsible for his son's habits. There were few dry eyes in court when the case was heard. The little fellow was brought before the judge and asked what he liked most, and he answered, "cigars." One of the jurors offered a cigar as a test, and the boy took it eagerly. He testified that his father gave him beer and whisky, and one of the witnesses said that the tot had been brought home in a stupor from drink given him by some one. The mother of the boy died in September.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

CONWAY ARGUES

Represents the Austrian Claimants to Mueller's Estate.

Claims Detroit and Duluth Muellers Were Totally Unlike.

Attorney Severance Gives Surprise to J. B. Richards.

Attorney Severance, representing the plaintiff, Father Kosmerl, in the Mueller case, sprung a little surprise on the rest of the counsel and the court yesterday afternoon by asking Judge Cant that J. B. Richards, who last summer appeared for other claimants, as intervenors in the case, be directed to file the order of the court making his clients intervenors. Mr. Richards, who has been attending the recent sessions of court and listening to the argument of the counsel, was clearly as much surprised as any one, and stated that he did not suppose he was before the court. He said his intention at first had been to file the order, but that later he decided to stay out.

Mr. Severance contended, and was sustained by other of the counsel in the case, that so long as the order was asked for and granted, it was part of the court records and as such should be filed immediately and dated back to the time the order was granted.

Judge Cant held that the order would be considered of court record and should be filed, but he gave Mr. Richards an opportunity of explaining his reasons for withholding the filing, but if no reasons are forthcoming then the order is to be filed immediately. Mr. Severance's motive for asking for the filing is understood to be to make the intervenors represented by Mr. Richards parties to the judgment where, if not of court record, they would not appear.

The arrangements made yesterday noon to have Mr. Knowles, representative of certain foreign claimants, argue to the court, was changed, and Mr. Conway, who represents the alleged heirs discovered in Bohemia last summer, presented his argument.

Mr. Conway's argument was along the line of establishing the Duluth Johann Mueller and that of the Detroit Mueller as that of entirely different individuals. He had just begun to outline the story of Johann Mueller's birth in Bohemia, his home and surroundings, when court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Conway first took up the characteristics of the Detroit Mueller, as he claimed they had been conclusively proved by testimony of Mrs. Katherine Mueller, her sister-in-laws, and all that knew Mueller. The principal points in his description were that the Detroit Mueller was a blonde, was red-bearded, had a light moustache, rosy cheeks, carried himself erect like a soldier and was a great worker. These points were claimed to have been affirmed by Mueller's brother in Prague.

He argued that the testimony showed that the Detroit Mueller was born in Baden, Germany, could talk only German and English, left home in Germany because he could not live with his wife, and furthermore, that he finally sent for his wife, lived with her in Detroit as long as he could stand it, and then left for parts unknown, deserting his family of six children. Mr. Conway touched on the testimony relating to the different tattoo marks described on the arms of the Duluth Mueller and the Detroit Mueller, and called attention to the widely differing marks as seen by the witnesses, the circle with the letters "J. M." on the Detroit Mueller's arm, and the crucifix and letters inside the wreath on the Duluth Mueller's arm. Counsel pointed out the significance of the unanimity of testimony of the Detroit witnesses as to the tattoo design.

Mr. Conway discussed the occupation of the Detroit Mueller, and claimed all the witnesses agreed that he was a stone mason and worked hard at his trade; that he served in the German army two years, and while a Catholic by faith, he did not "work hard at his religion," rarely going to church. He claimed the testimony clearly showed that the Detroit Mueller had his leg injured by a stone and was lame; that his relatives, when the body of the Duluth Mueller was exhumed, looked for but did not find evidences of an old fracture which they knew existed in the limb of the Mueller they knew.

Referring to the photographs in the case, Mr. Conway claimed that the Mueller photograph of 1896 or 1897 is an undisputable likeness of the Duluth man. He said the testimony shows the Detroit Mueller was about 27 or 28 years old when he came out of the army, and about 37 or 38 years old when he left his wife in Detroit. Katherine Mueller claimed to recognize the photograph of the Duluth Mueller as that of her husband, twenty years after she last saw him, when her husband's own sister could not positively identify the same picture as that of the Detroit Mueller, neither did the Detroit Mueller's own brother in Germany recognize any likeness, when shown the photograph, but said it represented somebody he had never seen.

Mr. Conway then discussed the Duluth Mueller, told of his alleged birthplace, and declared that Johann Mueller repeatedly told people he was from Bohemia or Austria, especially whenever he signed papers requiring a declaration of birth place, etc. He also contended that the testimony well bore out the claim that the Duluth Mueller always asserted himself to be a Bohemian.

Mr. Conway argued that witness after witness had testified that Johann Mueller had told them that he came from Bohemia, that he talked Bohemian like a Bohemian, that numerous other witnesses claimed Mueller had come from Austria, and that he was called by some "Bohemian John." He referred to witnesses who testified that they had talked to Johann Mueller in Bohemian dialect. He held that all the evidence showed Johann Mueller was born in Bohemia, near the Moravian border, and spoke Bohemian, German and English.

Mr. Conway contended that Milwaukee witnesses testified that when Mueller came to Milwaukee, in 1884 or 1885, he could not speak English then, and had every appearance of a man recently from the old country, while the evidence showed that Katherine Mueller's husband came over in 1872, and could talk English long before Mueller was known in Milwaukee.

Testimony of other witnesses who knew Johann Mueller in Duluth and Milwaukee was reviewed on the point that it showed he had come to the United States in 1883, 1884 or 1885. He said it was not a reasonable inference that Mueller would falsely swear to the length of time he had been in the United States and in the state of Minnesota when there was no cause for it. He claimed no valid reason has been shown why he should make any misstatements. In further support of his claim that Johann Mueller came to this country in 1884 or 1885, reference was made to the testimony of witnesses who claimed that when they knew him, seventeen or eighteen years ago, he wore old country clothes, and was not familiar with the English language or American ways. Mr. Conway held the evidence as conclusive that the Duluth Mueller was born in 1843, came to America in 1884 or 1885, and could not speak good English in 1887.

With reference to the family relations of the Duluth Mueller, Mr. Conway claimed that the documents by which Mueller transferred ownership of timber lands, the Kosmerl mortgage, and the quit claim deed, all tended to show that Mueller was a single man, a bachelor. He claimed that Father Webber's testimony of Mueller's last hours showed that Mueller to his death never pretended to be anything else than a single man. Testimony was cited to show that Johann Mueller did not like women, had no relatives in this country, and did not want to marry, and never was married.

Mr. Conway urged that considerable weight should be put on Mueller's repeated statements of his single condition in life, and that he had brothers and sisters in the old country. He said it was not reasonable, even if a man went through life denying that he has a wife and children, to suppose he would at his dying hour forget the children which Mrs. Mueller says he used to love and fondle in Detroit; that no man with a spark of manhood in him would, just before meeting his Maker, deny to his confessor, his natural offsprings.

Referring to the Duluth Mueller he called attention to the testimony that Mueller was a miller in the old country; that his father was a miller and that he became stooped from the weight of flour sacks he carried on his shoulders, and to the statements of witnesses that Mueller had told that he was a miller by trade and owned a mill in the old country.

As to the reason Johann Mueller, of Duluth, left the old country, he said testimony of a West Duluth witness showed that Mueller once told a sensational story of killing a man in Germany; the testimony of another witness whom Mueller is said to have told that he left Bohemia because he lost his flour mill on account of money troubles. Mr. Conway said no matter whether witnesses were called for the plaintiff or for the defendants, the flour mill was sure to bob up.

Another witness was quoted to show Mueller once said his mill burned out and he had to leave, also testimony of others who understood Mueller had to leave his old home hurriedly because of some great trouble, either on account of money or because he killed somebody.

Mr. Conway said it was proved beyond a doubt that Mueller left Bohemia because he had to, and that he had to leave secretly. He held that there was nothing to prompt a man to tell the stories the Duluth Mueller told if he came to America to look the ground over and afterwards sent for his family, as his testimony showed that the Duluth Mueller did.

Mr. Conway then attempted a pen picture of the Duluth Johann Mueller; that he was a medium-sized man with dark hair, sunken eyes, stooped carriage, slouching walk, swarthy complexion, carried his hands behind his back. He held that this description as affirmed by those who knew Mueller. He utterly precluded the idea that Mueller was ever a blonde man with red cheeks or beard. Characteristics of the nose, eyes, hands and ears were discussed, and reference was made of his reticence to discussion of his affairs. The tattoo design on the arm, Mueller's roving disposition, lack of energy and ill-health was commented on by the counsel as things which distinguished the Duluth Mueller from the Detroit Mueller. Mr. Conway contended that a man of the personal description of the Detroit Mueller could not possibly change in ten years to resemble the admitted description of the Duluth Mueller.

The progression in the Duluth Mueller's handwriting from the German style to the English style was pointed out and it was held that the Detroit Mueller who signed scrip was not the man who signed his declaration in Milwaukee in 1887. Other signatures were compared and Mr. Conway contended that the improvement in the handwriting of Johann Mueller from 1887 to 1892 was an unsurmountable obstacle in the way of claims of Katherine Mueller.

Going back to the Johann Mueller known in the old country Mr. Conway drew comparisons to show resemblances between him and the Johann Mueller of Duluth.

He gave a short history of the birth of Johann Mueller in 1843 on the southeastern boundary of Bohemia and Moravia, in the village of Jessau, whose inhabitants were mixed German and Bohemia. The father of Johann Mueller was claimed to be Mathias Mueller, a German, who was a farmer, comfortably situated. Johann was the eldest son and counsel claimed records were found to show that Johann was born on Nov. 14, 1843. That he had two brothers, one named Andraes, born in 1847, who lives at the old homestead; that he had a sister, now dead; also another brother, Anton, who lives with his family in Jessau; Katherine, a sister who lives in Bohemia and a younger brother also in Bohemia.

At this point adjournment was taken.

CLOSE CALL

For Shamrock III From Destruction By Fire.

London, Dec. 5.—The Shamrock II, Sir Thomas Lipton's new challenger for the America's cup, had a narrow escape from being burned last night in a fire which did great damage to Denny's shipbuilding yards at Dumbarton. Only strenuous efforts saved the challenger, now well advanced in her construction. All the material parts of Shamrock III are safe, although the construction of the yacht will be delayed for some time.

Shipbuilder Denny said he feared at one time there was not the slightest hope of saving the challenger. The fire was of accidental origin. The damage is estimated at $100,000, and about 700 workmen will lose their employment temporarily by the fire.

TO EMPTY CHAIRS.

Judge Made Eloquent Speech and Displayed Gold.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 5.—An extraordinary proceeding was that in the chamber of the board of city affairs when Judge Dale appeared with $1000 in gold and made a speech to empty chairs tendering the money as an offer for a lot which is located in the bed of the Miami river, near the new Main street bridge, now under construction.

The judge represented Joseph Kinninger, who says that the lot belongs to him, as he had obtained an option on it from the owner, Mr. Johnson.

The latter sold the lot a short time ago to the city on the ground that the option was not recorded and that Kinninger had not paid any money to bind the deal. The city gave the bridge contractor the opportunity of digging on the ground for gravel which is now being used to make concrete, and Kinninger has kept tab as to the number of loads taken from what he considers his ground. On the day that Kinninger's option expired his attorney offered $1000 to Comptroller Ferguson, who informed him that he would have to make the offer to the city officials. The latter was not in session, and to make the formality complete, presumably to aid in any legal proceeding to be brought, the judge made his speech to the empty chairs, grew very eloquent and counted out the $1000 before an imaginary board.

SPECIOUS PLEA

By Which Suitor Got Possession of Property.

New York, Dec. 5.—Eben M. Betts, an insurance man, is the defendant in a suit for absolute divorce brought by Mrs. Louise Betts. He is 64 years old, and she is two years his junior. They were married only a year and a quarter ago. According to the plaintiff she gave her husband $25,000 in cash and jewels worth $2000 within thirty days after the wedding ceremony. With the exception of a summer home she owned in New Jersey, the money and jewelry were all the property she possessed.

Mr. Betts denies the allegations about the property and other things. One of the letters to be produced at the trial was received by Mrs. Betts just a few days before the marriage. It was signed with the initials, "E. M. B.," and said:

"I can see but one thing in the way of our becoming husband and wife and that is our financial inequality. That you can remove, if yonu will do so, and I trust you may, and divide your possessions. Such a division is reasonable.

"First—It is customary, when a woman has means and the 'intended husband' has not, usually, for the woman or her family to make a settlement on the poor fellow.

"Second—Such a division adds dignity to the relationship.

"Third—A division prevents friction.

"Fourth—Such a division is evidence of confidence and love."

STACK & CO.

COATS —AND— SKIRTS

At this time we are receiving many *sample garments* from manufacturers, giving us a chance to sell them at one-third less than regular figures. There are scarcely any two garments alike. The lot comprises many novelties not shown in Duluth before. It is a good opportunity to get seasonable up-to-the-hour *Coats, Skirts and Waists*—garments of pronounced fashion—made to meet the demands of exacting people at exactly ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES. COME AND SEE!

Ladies' Coats

20 Ladies' Satin Lined Coats in blacks and tans—$10.00 values, to be sold at........	$5.00
Ladies' fine Montagnac Coats — Skinner satin lining' $12.00 value, to be sold at........	$7.48
Ladies' heavy Boucle cloth winter coats—would be a bargain at $7.00, to be sold at........	$3.50
Ladies' $12.50, $15.00 and $17.50 sample Jackets, any one of a lot of about fifty, at........	$9.95
Capes, for ladies', wool Astrachan, fur trimmed, silk lined—extra wide sweep, $15.00 values to be priced....	$7.50

SKIRTS.

$5.00 Walking Skirts, black melton, with graduated flounce, fancy stitching and cording—Saturday at........	$2.98
$20.00 Dress Skirts, beautiful quality black velveteen, with metallic prints, dots, drop skirt, made in all the style of a $50 garment, on sale Saturday at...	$12.50
$15 Moreen Dress Skirts, silk trimmed, best lining, only 1 garment, price....	$7.98
$10, $8.50 and $7.50 samples of walking skirts, choice of a lot of thirty, at........	$5.00
$6.50 Dress Skirts, fine all wool Serges, homespuns and ladies' cloth—elegantly made and dressy skirts, one dozen at, each........	$3.98
$4.50 Dress Wallking Skirt samples, every garment new, clean and up-to-style—to close out at........	$2.98

Misses' Coats

A lot of about 100 Pattern Coats

in Monte Carlo, half fitting box, tight-fitting back, with box front, in black, blues, tans, castors, cardinals and at the greatest cut in prices ever known to the trade, the entire lot must be closed out in the shortest possible time. In the lot are the best known cloths—Kerseys, Meltons, Montagnacs, heavy Zibeline mixtures, Beavers, etc.

Don't lose a minute in selecting one of these coats for your girls. They are all worth nearly double what we ask

$3.98, $5.00, $6.50 $8.48 and $10.00 are the prices marked.

Fur Samples!

Over 1,000 pieces Scarfs, Boas and Collarettes from Chas. Meshel, N.Y. at greatly reduced prices.

Scarfs from 75 cts. to $20.00

Collarettes from $1.98 to $12.50

Don't fail to see the Little Princess, the handsome baby doll in our show window, to be given away Christmas eve. A ticket with every 50c purchase.

"THE SHOE STORE THAT MADE DULUTH FAMOUS."

PHILLIPS & CO.

No. 218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Rubbers

We have too many rubbers. For the next few days we will sell rubbers cheaper than ever sold in Duluth before.

TWO GREAT SHOES:

THE PRINCE—A trial of this shoe will convince you that there is more style and wear in this shoe than any shoe sold for less than $5.00—made in all shapes and of all kinds of leather—Price ---------- $3.50

$3.50

THE PRINCESS Ladies that have worn this popular shoe pronounce it the acme of shoe making. Made on twenty different lasts—Enamel, Patent Kid, Velour and Vici Kid. And the price is only ---------

$3.50

Ladies' first quality Storm Alaskas—in all shapes and sizes—regular price $1.00—at only **69c**

Two Buckle School Arctics Made of fine jersey cloth—heavy black fleece lined—

Ladies'----$1.15
Misses'------90c
Child's------75c

Ladies' Storm Rubbers, fleece lined, 1st quality; all sizes—worth 75c—sale price— **49c**

Misses' jersey cloth—heavy black lined buckle arctics—worth $1.00—sale price— **75c**

Misses' plain Rubbers—sizes 11 to 2—worth 40c a pair, and good value at that—sale price— **25c**

Children's jersey cloth, heavy black lined buckle Arctics, worth 75c. Sale price, **60c**

Child's Storm Alaskas, finest jersey fleece lined, all sizes; worth 65c. Sale price, **50c**

Boys' pure gum, protection edge Rubbers, sizes up to 6; regular price 90c. Sale price, **75c**

Men's light Jersey Arctics, new goods, all sizes; worth $1.50. Sale price, **98c**

Leather top Lumbermen's Rubbers; regular price $2.50. Sale price, per pair, **$1.98**

WOMAN IN POLITICS

Elected School Commissioner Twice In New York County.

She Appeared In the Convention and Opposition Melted.

Planked Down Her Money and Defied the Strikers.

White Plains, N. Y., Dec. 5.—With the filing of a certificate of expenses the other day, Miss Bertha E. H. Berbert, of Hastings-on-Hudson, completed her second successful campaign for the office of school commissioner in Westchester county.

According to her schedule the election cost her $264.20. The result of this expenditure is that she is re-elected to an office which pays $1500 a year with an additional $200 or $300 for expenses. Of the total amount the woman candidate paid $150 to the Republican County Committee.

"I planked the money down just as soon as I was nominated," said Miss Berbert, "because I knew that they might be backward about asking me for it, because I am a woman, and I didn't want to put them to any embarrassment."

The other expenses of Miss Berbert were for photographs, buttons, printing and trolley fares. Her district is very large, embracing the villages of White Plains, Ossining, Tarrytown, Dobb's Ferry and Hastings, and she had to do a great deal of traveling, the expenditures for trolley fares amounting to about $20.

On her trips Miss Berbert, like any other candidate, paid her own fare and that of any one who chanced to be with her. Nearly all the 10,000 school children in her jurisdiction wore her buttons.

"I suppose I should have put down $50 or $100 for strikers," said she. "They nearly bothered the life out of me. You'd think that they would let the women alone, but they came after me just the same as they did after everyone else.

"The way that they bothered me the most was with importunities to buy tickets. Some of the tickets were for affairs to take place next January. There were so many of them following me about and bothering me that they made life miserable.

"In some way they obtained my telephone number, and when I escaped them on the street they rang me up at the house. I finally had to have my brother answer the 'phone and tell them that I wasn't at home.

"Of course there were some persons whose intentions were really legitimate. I remember that in one case a woman wrote to me to say that her baby was entered in a contest, and she asked me to buy some chances to assist her.

"I took twenty for $2 and wrote that I hoped that the dear little thing would win and that its papa would please vote for Miss Berbert. In a few days I received a letter from the woman saying that the baby had won and that the father and the whole family would support me to a man.

"About the worst striker who had me in his clutches was an Italian. The day after I was nominated he came to my house. He was a stockily built man with a very important air.

"After he had been ushered into the parlor he confided to me that he was a boss and that he employed ten men who were engaged in repairing the highway some place down the road. The men, he said, wanted to vote the Republican ticket, but they could not get away to register unless they lost their entire day's work, which they could not afford to do, as they were very poor.

"I listened to the fellow and gave him $10 to pay his countrymen for the time lost in registering. I had scarcely parted with the money when I realized that I had made a mistake.

"The Italian did not make his appearance again until the night before the election. Then he came to the house and inquired for me; I told my brother not to let him in. But he was very persistent and finally he got in and began to talk.

"'Italiano he a too mucha know,' he explained, as he waved his hands in the air. 'Me a not controlla him a any more. Me no carry him in a veste pocket. He hava de mon; vota Repuba de tick; no mon; go Democrata de tick.'

"'See here, Mascagni, or whatever your name is,' said I, 'if you expect me to buy your votes you can just get out of here. I want you to understand that I am ready to help any one that needs help, but that I am not a boodler.'

"I showed him out and slammed the door and he went away mad, but he was not half as mad as I was."

Nearly every mail brought Miss Berbert letters from people who thought that they knew more about running a campaign than she did. One of these letters came from a man over on Long Island, who urged her to abjure politics and get married. Miss Berbert tore this letter up when she learned that he was an inmate of an asylum.

The plans pursued by Miss Berbert in her second campaign were innovations to the Westchester politicians. She made a trip over the district, and called on all of the Democratic politicians. Miss Berbert is a woman of good address and one would judge her to be about 28, a blonde, and very good-looking.

"See here," she would say to a Democratic leader, "I want your support. Haven't I made a good commissioner? My opponent, Wally Tompkins, is a very good man. He lives next door to me. But he is a butcher, and how can a butcher make a good school commissioner?"

Miss Berbert's smile proved to be the mighty factor in her campaign, and there is no doubt that it saved her from defeat, for she won out by the narrow margin of 61 votes.

At her home in Hastings Miss Berbert is very popular. At the recent convention she was the only woman present, and her appearance was such that all opposition to her melted away after the first ballot. She wore a large purple hat, on which rested a pure white dove, and was dressed in a neat-fitting tailor-made gown of tan cloth.

After receiving the nomination she advanced to the stage, and when she raised her hand every man in the hall became silent. One of the delegates who had placed her in nomination had declared that a former Republican candidate, a woman, had fallen in love with her Democratic opponent and permitted her canvass to wane.

"Gentlemen," said she, "some of you may be afraid I might marry the Democratic nominee. I'll state now that I could not marry the best Democrat on earth. Nothing can swerve me from my path of duty."

When Miss Berbert finished her speech the hall rang with cheers.

The board of education of Hastings always gives Miss Berbert leave of absence for the campaign, and when she first ran it also issued a public statement, recommending her for the office. As the board is Democratic its endorsement gave strength to her canvass.

Since the election of the woman commissioner there have always been school law, she says, protects her, for it says that no one shall be deprived of office on account of sex.

If you feel ill and need a pill
Why not purchase the best?
DeWitt's Early Risers
Are little surprisers,
Take one—they do the rest.
—Max Wirth.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Frank Mummenhoff, for years one of the largest commission merchants in Indianapolis, committed suicide at his home Thursday. Financial reverses are supposed to be the cause.

Maj. Estes G. Rathbun, who was convicted of irregularities during his incumbency as director of posts in Cuba and who was pardoned after the American occupation ended, was at the capitol Thursday for the purpose of passing his petition filed with the senate at the last session for an investigation of the methods used in his conviction by the Cuban courts.

The walls of a building which burned yesterday at Gilmore, Texas, J. M. Gilroy was killed outright and two others fatally injured. The fire destroyed a business block. The loss is $30,000, half insured.

Supreme Court Justice Wesley O. Howard has granted an injunction restraining Painters' union No. 62 of Schenectady, N. Y., from in any way treating William Potter as not a member of the union. Potter was expelled from the union because he is a member of the militia and as such served as a private during the Hudson Valley strike.

Two freight trains on the Big Four met in a head-end collision at Lynndale, Ohio, Thursday night, and five members of the crews were seriously hurt. One may die. Both engines were demolished and a number of cars were telescoped.

The Pickering Manufacturing company of Lowell, Mass., announced its failure Thursday night with liabilities of upwards of $300,000. The company makes all grades of knitted underwear.

Three bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the steamer Progreso, on which an explosion occurred Wednesday. The bodies found were those of Charles Glenn, Howard Dowe and Joseph Rox. The names of J. McGinty and John Barry were added to the list of missing, making the number still unaccounted for ten.

Capt. Eals, of the British steamship Clinton which arrived at Baltimore Thursday from Daquiri, Cuba, sent seven of his crew to the Maryland general hospital. Physicians at the institution are unable to determine whether the men are suffering from malaria or typhoid feve.

Two children of Mrs. Ainsley Powers, of Saginaw, Mich., were burned to death Thursday afternoon when their mother left them alone in the house for a few minutes. One child, a girl, was 6 years old and the other an infant of two months.

MAY NOT GO.

Some Doubt About the Wisconsin's Western Trip.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 5.—The Wisconsin team will probably not be allowed to make the trip to the Pacific coast. Such was the statement given out by Manager Kilpatrick last evening. The reason for the sudden change in the plan is the refusal of the university faculty for the team to play any teams except California and the university of Leland Stanford, the two teams which consented to post season games. The university has already gone out of training with the intention of not playing a post season game. The people who were promising the game on the coast wired that the only team to which the games could be transferred was the Carlisle Indians, and to that end efforts are being made.

KILLED HIS FATHER.

Glassboro, N. J., Dec. 5.—Angus Kinsburg, a farmer, of Aurora, near here, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday by his son Charles, aged 17 years. According to the youth's story, he and his father were at work in a field when a rabbit jumped out of a thicket. The boy grasped a gun he had brought with him and fired at the rabbit. His aim was bad and the shot truck his father in the head, killing him instantly.

PALMA'S SALARY.

Havana, Dec. 5.—La Lucha says that President Palma is drawing a larger salary than the former Spanish captains general or Gen. Wood. The paper states that President Palma receives $25,000 for the army, $25,000 for other defenses, and $9000 for his establishment. The captains general of Spain, the paper says, received a total of $41,000 and Gen. Wood $15,000.

Christmas Furs!

For an ideal gift buy her a Sealskin Coat, or a choice Fur Scarf.

DO IT NOW!

We have a superb assortment of made-up coats and neck novelties in the season's newest ideas.

H. G. Gross,

MANUFACTURING FURRIER. 106 W. Superior Street.

WEDDING

Gifts Had an Especial Fascination For This Burglar.

Philadelphia, Dec. 5.—Known to his friends as an energetic business man who had won partnership in his firm, George Dickinson, alias Westcott, is face to face with evidence that seems to stamp him as one of the most energetic burglars ever captured in this city.

He was arrested recently after a fierce battle with a policeman. Two hours after his arrest the police found a clew to the chain of evidence which now binds him hand and foot. They say they have learned that Dickinson has been operating in this city since October, 1901. Seventeen persons from various parts of the city appeared at police headquarters and identified silverware and other valuables found in Dickinson's rooms and place of business to the value of about $3000. He is believed to have committed at least 100 robberies here, while terms of imprisonment in Charlestown, Mass., and Trenton, N. J., fills out his record.

Detective Bond and Gallagher found that Dickinson was a good example of "Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde." Four years ago he went into the employ of A. Well, shirt manufacturer, at Tenth and Arch streets, and a few months ago was made a member of the firm, which then became known as Well & Dickinson. When Mr. Well was notified of his partner's arrest he could scarcely credit it. In an out-of-the-way corner of the shop was found, however, a valise that contained many of the valuables identified.

Well said he had noticed Dickinson bring it in several weeks ago, and upon picking it up he had remarked that it was heavy, but Dickinson said it contained samples of shirtings.

At the prisoner's boarding house, on Spring street, the detectives found more silverware and three crucibles. Dickinson's two brothers, who lived with him, knew nothing of his hidden life until after his arrest.

All of Dickinson's robberies were characterized by the same features, absence of matches and candle grease. When arrested a pocket electric lamp was found upon him, with a bunch of over 100 false keys, which he had used in entering houses. Every house was entered before midnight, so that Dickinson always was at home before his brothers were awake in the morning.

He made a specialty of stealing wedding gifts, and detective headquarters are stocked with silverware, ostrich plumes, buckles and other such trinkets. His brothers say they never suspected the prisoner was anything but an honest man. Dickinson is married, but has been separated from his wife.

UNEARTHLY

Was Yell That Preceded Leap of the Wild Cat.

Cumberland, Md., Dec. 5.—The timely arrival of Thornton Bosley saved Alexander Abernathy from being torn to death by a monster wild cat in the West Virginia mountains.

For weeks the people had been terrorized by the cat at Cross Church, W. Va. Monday night Abernathy was walking along a public highway when he was startled by an unearthly yell, and the next moment a wild cat leaped upon him from the top of the fence. Abernathy carried a stout walking stick, with which he tried to defend himself, but was being terribly lacerated when Bosley happened along. The latter is a famous pistol shot, and lost no time in going to Abernathy's rescue, and succeeded in killing the catamount. At the third shot it turned from Abernathy, and was about to leap at Bosley's throat when he shot the animal between the eyes.

Abernathy's clothes were stripped into shreds.

NEW COMET SEEN.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The United States naval observatory reports that W. W. Dinwiddie, one of the staff, Wednesday night observed a comet discovered by Giacobini at Nice Tuesday. The observation was made here at meantime, 12 hours 32 minutes night ascension, 7 hours 17 minutes 25 seconds; southern declination 1 degree 50 minutes. The comet is very nearly on a straight line joining Trocyon and Sirius and is about one-third of the distance from Trocyon to Sirius. The comet is moving northwest.

SHE ESCAPED THE KNIFE.

Ten Months of Peace After Dreadful Suffering.

Operations are becoming a fad; every young man, as soon as he is graduated from a medical college, considers himself capable of undertaking the most serious and complicated surgical work, and hundreds of lives are sacrificed annually to this mad frenzy of incompetent men, to rush into work should only be undertaken as a last resort, and then only by the most experienced and careful surgeons.

It is a pleasure, in view of these facts, to read the following letter from a woman who has been saved from one of these dangerous operations. "I know I should have informed you long ago regarding my case of piles and the good done me, and I believe I am cured. Last December I sent for your book. I have never been bothered since then, and before I had suffered for the last eleven years, and at the time I wrote I had given birth to a child, and they came down with the delivery of the child by the handful. I could not get them back, and I suffered everything, and the doctor said nothing but an operation would ever relieve me; but I read of your remedy in our daily newspaper and I told my husband to get me a box and I would give it a trial before consenting to the knife, and thanks be to your wonderful medicine, I was saved from the operating table.

Every person suffering from piles that my husband and myself hear of, we recommend your wonderful medicine. I just used one $1.00 box of Pyramid Pile Cure, and two boxes of Pyramid Ointment and two boxes of Pyramid Pills, and I was, I hope, completely cured. If they ever show the slightest return I will certainly get some more medicine, but I hardly think I will need any more for it will be a year the 8th day of December since I had them, and that makes it ten months and past now. Thanking you again and wishing you abundant success, I remain, Mrs. S. Hodgson, 105 W. 11th St., Des Moines, Iowa."

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists for fifty cents a package, or will be mailed to any address upon receipt of price, by Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich. Write this firm for little book describing the cause and cure of Piles.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended to—
Try us and see how well we can serve you.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store.

Every day we push the Standard of this Store

Further ahead. Our best of any yesterday must not be the limit of our services for any tomorrow. We welcome you to come here tomorrow and participate in the many timely bargains in needed merchandise.

Outing Flannel Bargains.

1000 yards English Flannelettes, in delicate pink and blue, stripes, checks and plaids for gowns, etc. Regular price 12½c, tomorrow, special—a yard-- **8½c**

1 case Daisy Flannels—in short lengths, cream and blue, for baby wear, dressing sacques, etc., regular 12½c kind—tomorrow special—a yard------- **7½c**

Limit—10 yards of each.

A GREAT BARGAIN—

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Wool and Cotton Fleeced Underwear.

Tomorrow we place on sale—one case Ladies' Natural Wool Underwear, pants and vests, regular 65c value; 1 case Jersey Ribbed Wool Fleece Underwear, regular 50c to 65c kind—your choice for tomorrow, per garment-------------------- **39c**

One case Misses' Jersey Ribbed Wool Fleeced Union Suits, splendid garments at 50c—tomorrow the special price for each will be only------------------ **43c**

Children's Jersey Ribbed Fleece-lined Sleeping Garments— The best thing out to keep the little ones warm over night; they can't kick this garment off. Regular 38c kind, tomorrow special, each-- **25c**

A Fortunate Purchase

Enables us to offer tomorrow: **1 case Boys' Extra Heavy Wool-ribbed Hose**, all sizes 6 to 9½, this hose made to sell at 40c. Our special price tomorrow will be only—per pair------------------------------------- **25c**

Limit 6 pairs to a customer.

Ladies' Wool Fascinators—At a special reduction we offer tomorrow: 10 dozen Ladies' 50-inch Square Wool Fascinators, plain black or white, splendid value at 38c—tomorrow special bargain—each, only---------------- **25c**

Special Lace Curtain Sale.

New Nottingham Lace Curtains, three yards long, choice patterns, regular price $1.50, Saturday, reduced to—a pair---------------------- **$1.19**

New Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, choice patterns, regular price $2.50, Saturday, special, a pair--------------------------- **$1.98**

1 lot Swiss Muslin Curtains, ruffled edge, choice patterns, regular $1.25 and $1.48 values, Saturday, special price, a pair------------------------ **98c**

1 lot Swiss Muslin Curtains, beautiful patterns, regular price $2.25, Saturday, a pair **$1.48**

In the Cloak Room.

We show a magnificent line of stylish winter garments. We offer for tomorrow a special lot of Ladies' 27-inch Box Coats, made of good wool kersey, storm collars, mercerized sateen lined; comes in black, castor and Oxford grey, regular price and good value at $6.98, extra special for tomorrow, choice—each ---- **$4.98**

It's a tremendous bargain.

Ladies' 45-inch Auto Coats—made in fine wool Kersey, castor and black, satin lined, storm collars, latest bell sleeves, regular price and great value at $15.00—special price---- **$12.50**

Ladies' Monte Carlo Coats

We show a beautiful line of "Monte Carlo" Coats, very swell, come in black, castor and tan, fine wool kersey; satin or mercerized lined, beautiful garments at—

$10.00, $12.50, $15.00,
$16.50, $18.50, $22.00.

As a Special Inducement

to visit our Cloak Department tomorrow, we shall include absolutely FREE one Ladies' Fine Wool Waist, worth $2.50, with any garment purchased at $15.00 or over tomorrow and Monday.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings
Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5 00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Saturday, Dec. 6.—It is colder in eastern states and the far Northwest and warmer in the western lake region, Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys and the Southwest. Zero weather prevails north of the Dakotas and Montana. Snow fell over the greater portion of the Northwest, and rain, sleet or snow in the Ohio valley and Atlantic states. A storm of much energy is central off the New York coast. Pressures are also low over the Rocky mountain districts and British Columbia and high in Northwest Canada. Western Gulf states and California. In the lake region the winds are fresh northeasterly with snow on Michigan and Superior.

Following are minimum temperatures recorded during the past 24 hours:

Abilene	36	Milwaukee	26
Battleford	—10	Minnedosa	—2
Bismarck	2	Modena	22
Boston	30	Montgomery	36
Buffalo	20	Moorhead	10
Calgary	—16	New Orleans	36
Chicago	28	New York	31
Cincinnati	30	North Platte	30
Davenport	24	Oklahoma	12
Denver	36	Omaha	14
Detroit	24	Pierre	22
Dodge City	24	Pittsburg	28
Duluth	18	Port Arthur	—2
Edmonton	—6	Portland	40
El Paso	28	Prince Albert	—18
Escanaba	18	Qu Appelle	—14
Galveston	40	Rapid City	—18
Green Bay	22	San Francisco	58
Havre	-1	Santa Fe	30
Helena	20	Shreveport	26
Houghton	18	Spokane	30
Huron	10	St. Louis	30
Kamloops	22	St. Paul	16
Kansas City	22	S. Ste. Marie	4
Lander	6	Swift Current	—14
Los Angeles	48	Washington	32
Marquette	20	Williston	—10
Medicine Hat	—10	Winnemucca	42
Memphis	36	Winnipeg	4
Miles City	8		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Saturday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries tonight and probably Saturday. Much colder tonight or Saturday. Fresh and brisk northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight and Saturday, with possibly light snow flurries.

Minnesota—Threatening tonight and Saturday with snow flurries. Colder tonight.

North and South Dakota—Threatening tonight and Saturday with probably light snow flurries. Colder in east portion tonight.

Upper Lakes—Winds mostly fresh and possibly brisk northeast tonight and Saturday. Threatening with snow flurries.

Real Wages and Real Prosperity.

Recent comparisons of prices and wages published in several Eastern papers have directed special attention to the distinction between "real wages" and "money wages." According to statistics collected by the labor department and confirmed by Dun's standard tables, there has been a steady rise of prices since 1897, averaging at least 30 to 35 per cent, and an average increase of wages not exceeding 12 per cent. Have "real wages" increased? Hardly. On the contrary, they have fallen. The income is from 5 to 21 per cent lower than in 1897 in those families supported by one breadwinner. That is to say, the actual ability to buy the necessaries of life is lower by those percentages. The same tables show that $1.21 buys about the same quantity of necessaries today as was bought in 1897 for $1. But against this rise in cost of living there is only an average rise in wages of 12 per cent, the extremes being 5 and 15 per cent. But the tendency is toward a further rise in wages, of which the recent very general increases made by leading railroads are an example. It should not be forgotten, also, that in 1897 there was an immense army of unemployed, and many men were unable to secure work and earn enough money to supply the needs of themselves and families even at the lower cost of living. Today everybody has a job. The man who wants work can get it, and it is steady, continuous work. All the industrial establishments are rushed with work and have orders many months ahead. This is real prosperity. "Real wages" may be lower, but, as has been well said, it is better to receive a small wage than none at all.

Women and the Civil Service.

Women are complaining that they are discriminated against by the civil service commission on account of the prejudice against the gentler sex that is conspicuously apparent at Washington. It is certain that the employment of women is becoming less frequent year by year. The trouble is not that women do not succeed in passing civil service examinations, but in the fact that the names of successful ones are not placed on the eligible lists in proportion to the number who pass. For some reason, heads of departments have conceived a prejudice against women in their capacity as employes, and it seems to be in the power of these chiefs to keep the names of women off the list from which employes are selected. If such power can be exercised without violation of law the civil service commission is the means of cheating women who need employment out of their turn. The study involved in fitting oneself for a certain line of work may be of very little use as preparation for another line of work. The woman, therefore, who prepares herself for a civil service examination and is denied an equal chance with men for employment, has cause for complaint. So long as the power of choice lies with men they should guard religiously against doing injustice to women. The man who fails to obtain employment knows that his failure was due to the fact that there were more applicants than places. It was his luck to fail on one occasion, and it may be his luck to succeed on another occasion. But the woman who fails after passing a successful examination, naturally attributes her failure to the fact that nature had made her a woman and she seems justified in her belief. This is all wrong. If the civil service is to be opened to women, they should receive equal treatment. If not, then close the examinations to them and do not cause them disappointment.

SERIOUS FOR SQUATTERS.

That part of the townsite of Cass Lake, which is on section 16, has been decided by the secretary of the interior to be the property of Mrs. George Lydeck and her two children. They, as Chippewa Indians, applied for allotments on this section before the establishment of the town of Cass Lake, and a decision on their application was delayed pending the result of a suit started by the state of Minnesota, which claimed the section had passed to the state under the school land act. The United States supreme court having decided the case adversely to the state, it followed that the land belonged to the Indians. This being the case, the applications of Mrs. Lydeck and her children were sustained as first in point of time and they get the land. It means a fair-sized fortune for the Lydeck family who, although classed as Chippewa Indians, are as civilized and educated as their white neighbors. George Lydeck is a white man and has long been a resident of the northern part of the state and engaged in the logging business.

The decision is a serious one for the "squatters" on section 16, who have made valuable improvements which now, under the law, become the property of the owner of the land. But they took a desperate chance when they squatted there, because the claim of Mrs. Lydeck was well known and the state was also claiming the land. They had due notice from the Indian bureau, and they cannot raise the plea that they were ignorant of the status of the land. Of course it seems hard that they should lose title to all the valuable improvements they have made, but they have no one to blame but themselves. It is probable, however, that a satisfactory arrangement can be made with Mr. Lydeck by which, on purchase of the lands, they can retain possession of their buildings.

THE COUNTRY'S PROSPERITY.

That the money power of the world is now vested in the United States is shown conclusively by the annual report of Controller of the Currency William B. Ridgely, which contains eloquent evidence of the country's prosperity. It shows a marvelous financial advance on the part of the republic, much greater even than was anticipated, but the most sanguine. The capital, surplus profit and circulation of all the banks in the United States are definitely known, and from reports obtained by the controller of the currency from national banks, state officials, and from the banks direct, the deposits of over 77 per cent of the banks in operation also are known. The deposits of 23 per cent of the banks have been carefully estimated by the controller from data at his command, and he figures the banking power of the United States as $12,435,000,000.

The bonding power of England is $6,030,000,000, and of Continental Europe $6,870,000,000. So it is seen that the United States has resources equal to all Europe. The figures show that the aggregate borrowing power of the world is $27,045,000,000, an increase since 1890 of $11,060,000,000, or 69.19 per cent.

On Sept. 15, 1902, 4601 associations reported with aggregate resources of $6,113,928,912.50. The individual deposits reached the highest point in the existence of the national banking system, $3,209,273,893.93. The individual deposits on Sept. 30, 1902, were $1,765,422,984, so in the ten years between 1892 and 1902 there was an increase in individual deposits of $1,443,850,909.93, or nearly 82 per cent.

On Sept. 15 of this year the loans and discounts of the 4601 associations which reported to the controller were $3,208,127,480.60, or more than 50 per cent of the total resources of the banks. The items of surplus and undivided profits amounted, respectively, to $326,393,953.66 and $169,216,512.03. In the past ten years the number of active banking associations in the United States has increased from 3773 to 4601, a net increase of 828. While the capital of the associations increased during the decade only to the extent of $18,962,402, the surplus and undivided profits are now greater than in 1892 by $155,086,287.

These figures speak more eloquently than words. They show the success of the United States.

INDIAN EDUCATION.

The Indian question is constantly bobbing up in one way or another, and by the time a person digests the various reports concerning the red wards, he hardly knows where he is at. The opponents of education at large national schools have been strongly antagonistic to the present system of education and have endeavored to have it changed. On the other hand the reports of some of the officers show remarkable success in educating the redskins. According to the report of Estelle Reed, the superintendent of Indian schools, a marked advance has been made in industrial training during the past year. The course of study has been of great assistance in teaching agriculture as a means of self-support. Following its directions, individual gardening has been made a part of the classroom curriculum, larger areas have been cultivated, and more and better crops raised. The central thought of the instruction is to fit the boy with the ability to improve his allotment or other land and to maintain himself and family. Training for the girls is arranged in the same practical manner. The report strongly recommends the outing system and a systematic transfer of pupils.

The importance of teaching the native industries as a means of self-support is emphasized, and an instance noted of a colony of women in an Oklahoma tribe receiving as high as $400 a month for their work. The Oneidas also have a considerable income from the sale of their lace and bead articles. The demand for native Indian work and curios far exceeds the supply, and it is possible for the basket-weaving tribes to maintain themselves by this industry alone. The necessity for more and better equipped day schools is urged, and the recommendation made that these be eventually suplanted by district schools attended by both races. In a number of states, the superintendent says, many of the Indians are citizens, and having attended the Indian schools, are now sending their children to the public school where they are brought into closer contact with civilization. The merging of the Indian and district schools should therefore be accomplished speedily. The enrollment has increased from 3578 pupils in 1877 to 28,610 in 1902. Other encouraging features mentioned are the improvement in the practical nature of the training given, the gradual disappearance of the "blanket Indian," the bettered condition of the homes, the cultivation of farms and the raising of stock. The superintendent says that with the practical instruction the children are receiving, the Indian of the future will be an independent, self-supporting citizen.

While this report is largely contradictory to the results reported from the higher schools, it savors of frankness and success. There seems to be no doubt that the Indian can be educated, and the point seems to be that, after education, he should be made to profit thereby.

The Republican party at the Philadelphia national convention of 1900 adopted this resolution: "We favor home rule for and the early admission to statehood of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma." If the pledges contained in platforms merit any respect whatever, then the Republicans are bound to pass this statehood bill, and not postpone the matter for another indefinite period. But if that platform be waived, and the question be considered on its merits, it should at least be said that the Republicans ought to keep out Oklahoma if they are determined to keep out the other two, because the admission of Oklahoma alone would look like partisanship. Yet this is what the senate committee recommends be done.

The appointment of T. Thomas Fortune, editor of the New York Age, to be a "special commissioner to the insular possessions," at a salary of about $5000, is received with some jealousy by the New Jersey negroes, who call him an interloper from New York, and declare that his two-years' residence in Red Bank does not justify his recognition at their expense. This is, however, a small matter. There is no doubt that Mr. Fortune has done much more for the Republican party in the nation at large than any negro in New Jersey, and that, doubtless, in addition to the fact that Mr. Roosevelt esteems him personally, has procured Mr. Fortune his appointment.

Some of the Eastern papers are contending that Grover Cleveland's attendance at the army and navy football game at Philadelphia last Saturday means that he is a candidate for the presidential nomination in 1904. They think that nothing but politics could induce him to give time to that sort of amusement.

Scientists calculate that the chance of two finger prints being exactly alike is only one in 64,000,000,000, and this estimate is confirmed in the experience of every young mother who has to wipe these scientific traces off the window panes.

Gen. William Booth's statement that Chicago and New York are the two wickedest cities in the world will hardly please Chicago, which admits of no rival. But has the general forgotten wicked London?

It is reported that Yale's net profits for the football season have been $30,000, which shows there is more money in it than in any other college sport.

Mrs. Sage says that Uncle Russell has not retired from business, but is only taking a rest to recuperate. But he may like the rest cure so well that he will not return to business.

Since Paul Kruger has asked permission to return to South Africa, the Boer war may be regarded as ended.

Jamaica also wants a reciprocity treaty. What does she want to exchange? Ginger?

Do you realize that it is less than three weeks to Christmas?

NEW IRON ORE DISTRICT.

Drills Are at Work Around Fort Frances.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 5.—Iron mining is likely to become an important industry in the Fort Frances district, Lewis Christie, a cattle dealer of that town, said in reply to inquiries: "Iron mines are being developed at Steep Rock, forty miles east of Fort Frances, and at Dinorwic, near the Canadian Pacific road.

"I understand the iron is showing up well. They are making further borings with the diamond drills and it will take some time to learn the full extent of the deposits. The properties are all owned by Fort Frances men, who have great faith in their value.

"I do not think any of the gold properties are in operation at present. They have all shut down."

POOR OIL

Caused the Explosion on the Steamer Progresso.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—Investigation into the cause which led to the explosion on the steamer Progresso at the Fulton Iron works Wednesday, by which thirteen men are supposed to have lost their lives and others badly maimed, has shown that the quality of oil which exploded on the steamer was poor. The law prescribes that oil to be used for fuel must flash at a temperature of 110 degrees while that furnished to the Progresso flashed at 101 degrees.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Senator E. T. Young of Appleton, Minn., one of the strongest and best-regarded members of the last senate, was at the St. Louis last night on his way home from Grand Rapids, where he has been attending a term of court. Senator Young did not run for the senate this time, having spent the primary election in a three-cornered fight for the Republican congressional nomination in the Seventh district against M. J. Dowling and A. J. Volstad, in which the latter won out.

"I have been so busy that I have not paid very much attention to the make-up of the new senate," said he at the St. Louis last evening, "but from what I have seen of it it appears to be a particularly strong one. Our section of the state has sent up several very fine men to the senate. The fact that Senator F. B. Daugherty and Senator C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, are not going back is a distinct loss, not only to this section, but to the state. Though a Democrat, Senator Baldwin stood high, and there was no member of the last senate with more influence, and who was held in higher respect and regard than Senator Daugherty. Duluth and this section are fortunate, however, in having returned Senator Hawkins."

Senator Young left last night for home.

* * *

Capt. Neil McInnes, of Eveleth, came down last night and is at the St. Louis.

"This snow is a great boon to loggers up in our section, as well as to those in every other section similarly blessed," he said this morning. "Many of the loggers were becoming alarmed at the situation. A peculiar feature, one that has never been noticed before, is the singular absence of frost so late in the year. It was not until within a few days that the swamps froze up so they could be traveled, and they have not yet frozen up as they should. Loggers in swampy sections want the frost to come before the snow, because if the snow falls on unfrosted ground it takes a long time to get the frost in deep enough to make good roads."

* * *

W. H. Blake, president of the new jobbing house, the Blake & White company, accompanied by Mrs. Blake, have made their home at the St. Louis for the winter.

* * *

Frank B. Kellogg, of St. Paul, general counsel for the United States Steel corporation interests in this section, and a member of the law firm of Davis, Kellogg & Severance, came up from St. Paul this morning on business and is at the Spalding.

* * *

Cy Wellington, of St. Paul, solicitor for the Great Northern railroad, is at the Spalding today, having come up from St. Paul on legal business.

* * *

C. M. Atkinson and S. H. Higgins, of Hibbing, publishers of the Mesaba Ore, are at the St. Louis. The plant of their newspaper was burned out a week ago, and they are here arranging for its repair and for the completion of the construction of a new building that will be the new home of the paper.

"I returned a week or so ago from Sturgeon Lake, twenty miles north of Hibbing," said Mr. Atkinson last night, "and I found that wolves were remarkably plentiful in that section. They have driven out all of the smaller deer, or killed them, leaving nothing but a few big bucks that are able to fight the wolves. Complaints of the prevalence of wolves and of the destruction of deer they are causing are common all over the county, and I am glad to see that the Duluth papers have taken up the fight for improvements in the wolf bounty laws."

* * *

C. H. Brush, of Washington, D. C., general agent of the land office, is at the Spalding.

* * *

Peter Schaefer, of Ely, publisher of the Ely Miner, is at the St. Louis, and he has another theory of the destruction of deer that does not accord with the ideas of those who have been talking about wolves.

"What is needed," he said this morning, "is not more wolf bounties but more game wardens. Those we have do their duty as best they can, no doubt, but this is a big county, and the hunting grounds are large. Violations of the game laws are open and notorious, for the last man a hunter expects to meet in the woods is a game warden, and he could not be expected to meet one when there are only a couple or so for 6000 square miles of territory."

* * *

W. B. Dixon, traveling passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, is at the Spalding.

* * *

At the St. Louis—George A. Fay, Grand Rapids; Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Smith, Cloquet; eGorge Pirath, Two Harbors; H. Sheridan, M. Irwin, Hibbing; Thomas J. Brown, Mrs. A. D. Halliday, Two Harbors; Will A. Blanchard, Anoka; Frank W. Walker, Two Harbors; H. P. Reed, Hibbing; Mr. and Mrs. G. Robinson, St. Paul; Frank Carlson, Mountain Iron.

* * *

At the Spalding: John B. Oliver, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Black, Buffalo, N. Y.; L. Birckhead, Milwaukee; H. S. Bryan, Two Harbors; L. A. Martin, Minneapolis; H. Hart, Cincinnati; James Masson, St. Paul; H. C. Johnstone, Chicago; M. F. Sanders, St. Paul; Silas Wright, New York; W. W. Strayer, Chicago.

* * *

At the McKay: J. H. Smith, St. Paul; W. R. Neustadt, St. Paul; Capt. H. Jarchow, Grand Rapids, Minn.; H. H. Wilkinson, St. Paul; F. C. Laird, Skibo; S. L. Lewis, St. Paul; W. A. Prideman, Madison, Wis.; A. L. Williams, St. Paul; O. H. Lehmann, St. Paul.

ALLEN AT LIBERTY.

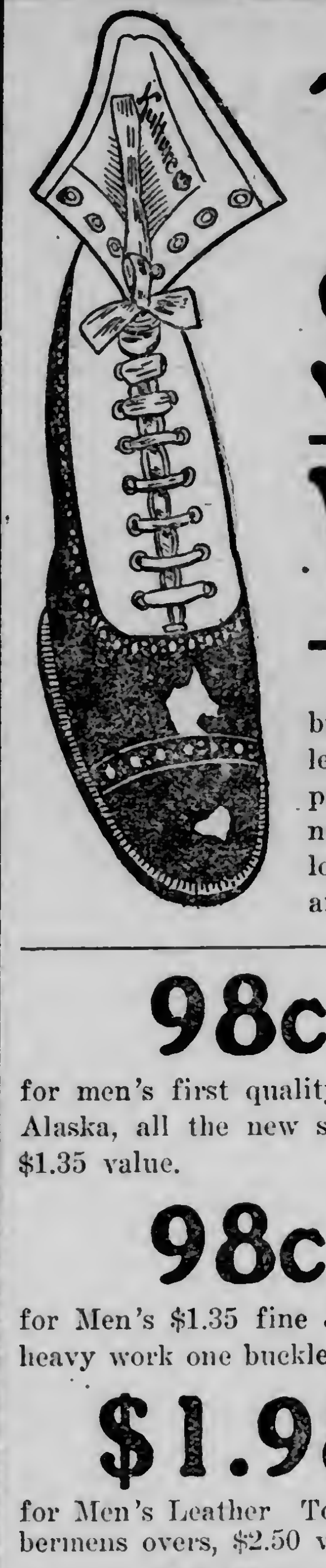
Member of Vanderbilts Released From Sanitarium.

New York, Dec. 5.—William S. Allen, great-grandson of Commodore Vanderbilt, was released yesterday from the sanitarium in Westport, where he has been an inmate for six years.

Mr. Allen came to New York with Dr. F. D. Ruland, under whose charge he had been since he went to the sanitarium. He was met at the Grand Central station by Samuel C. Harriman and ex-Senator Clarence Lexow, who have made arrangements for Mr. Allen's care for the present. He is to be with friends until he feels capable of deciding whether or not he wishes to remain at liberty. He will have every opportunity to practice his profession. He is to set to work again as an artist. Meanwhile the lunacy proceedings will be held in abeyance.

ADMIRALS MOVE.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—Rear Admiral Frederick Rodgers, former commander-in-chief of the Asiatic squadron, has relinquished his command and departed from the battleship New York. He will leave today for the Brooklyn navy yard. Rear Admiral Casey, now at San Diego on the Wisconsin, has been advised that the New York is at his disposal as his flagship.



RUBBER HEELS PUT ON QUICKLY.

The Famous Shoe Store,
115 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Safe Shoes for Winter Wear!

Quality, style and price are the three cardinal points to be observed in shoe buying. A majority of the shoes sold by us are made to our special order from leathers of our own selection. We know what we're selling and that's why we personally guarantee the durability of every pair. They are moulded over the newest and shapeliest lasts—graceful and comfortable in every line. The following prices are the lowest ever named for shoes of known quality and guaranteed reliability.

98c for men's first quality Storm Alaska, all the new style toes, $1.35 value.

98c for Men's $1.35 fine Jersey or heavy work one buckle Arctics.

$1.98 for Men's Leather Top Lumbermens overs, $2.50 value.

25c for Ladies', Misses and Child's Rubbers, 35c value.

35c for Ladies' regular 50c Storm Rubbers.

65c for Ladies' $1.00 felt Slippers, six different styles to select from

75c for Ladies' $1.00 fine Jersey one-buckle Arctics.

39c for Ladies' 50c house Slippers, red or black, in felt or leather.

$1.19 for Ladies' $1.50 leather foxed Felt Shoes, leather soles.

$1.48 for 20 different styles of Ladies' fine fur trimmed Nullifiers, hand turned, made in satin, melton and felt, all colors.

$1.69 Ladies' $2.50 vici kid Shoes, extension soles and fine wool lined.

59c for Ladies' fine Jersey Storm Alaska, 85c value.

THE STAGE

Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at the Lyceum the Duluth Operatic club, organized some months ago for the production of grand opera in Duluth, will present its first effort, and musicians of the city who have heard the rehearsals assert enthusiastically that the standard which will be set by this first production of the club will astonish the people of Duluth.

For the leading part a Chicago tenor, Alfred D. Shaw, who has appeared in Italian grand opera in some of the best companies in this country and other lands, has been engaged for the part of Manrico, and arrived here yesterday. He is said to have a superb voice, and at the rehearsal last evening delighted all connected with the production.

The opera will be given under the direction of Signor and Signora Valenza.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon and evening Clyde Fitch's play, "Barbara Frietchie," will be given at the Lyceum. In "Barbara Frietchie" Clyde Fitch is said by the papers everywhere to have written a most succinct, telling drama, full of tremendous suspense and strong dramatic interest. He has done no tiresome padding, with tiresome darkies and frisky juveniles, but is said to have adhered closely to the main story throughout. Some of the situations have been described as being tremendous in their dramatic interest. In the third act especially Mr. Fitch is said to have achieved a dramatic suspense which keeps the audience breathing hard as if the crisis were their own. Everything combines to prevent Barbara Frietchie from protecting her sick lover, and she succeds in keeping his enemies at bay by sheer force of will and frenzied determination. The dramatic thrill is felt with perfect intensity, and the cheaper thrills of melodrama are completely dethroned.

* * *

"Herrmann the Great," who appears at the Lyceum Monday, has the reputation for being a persistent originator, and his performance this season adds to that reputation many new laurels. An entirely new and startling program of magic is offered for the amusement of local theatergoers. Hermann made an extended trip to Europe this past summer, and while there secured many new and sensational feats of magic, which, combined with a number which are original with him, and built under his directions, gives him a program surpassed by none and superior to any ever presented on any stage.

ALMOST DIED.

La Crosse Family Dined Off of Poisoned Chicken.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 5.—As the result of eating chicken, supposed to have been poisoned, Charles Hanson, his wife and three children, were taken violently ill, and only prompt medical assistance saved their lives. An investigation proved that the chickens were sold to a local meat dealer by a farmer and it is alleged the chickens ate paris green. When the farmer saw they were about to die, he killed and sold them to a local market. Several other families were also taken sick, but none as seriously as Hanson's. The health authorities are making an investigation and the farmer may be prosecuted.

PAID FOR HIS FUN.

Cost Rose $3239 to Make His Campaign.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 5.—It cost David S. Rose $3239.50 to make the campaign for governor, according to his statement filed with the secretary of state yesterday afternoon. Two thousand of this was contributed to the campaign committee, $100 for incidentals and expenses of the special train $227 to the Northern Pacific and $162.50 to the Wisconsin Central railway company for transportation of the car and for miscellaneous expenses, estimated at $500.

STOVES TO COST MORE.

Columbus, O., Dec. 5.—The Ohio Valley stove manufacturers, at a meeting here, decided to increase the price of stoves 5 per cent.

HEAVY STORMS.

Greatly Injure the Govern-Jelby at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 5.—Reports from Westport state that the storms of Sunday and Tuesday night did great damage to the false work of the government jetty at the entrance to Gray's harbor. This is the superstructure upon which engines are run to carry stone and other materials for the permanent petty. The loss to the government is estimated at $60,000 and will probably be greater before the winter is over.

CHANGES

In Law Recommended By Game and Fish Commission.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—The annual report of the state game and fish commission to Governor Van Sant recommends some important changes in the laws.

It is urged that the legislature repeal the law allowing the state to sell confiscated game. This is held to be bad practice, and the commission suggests that the game be given instead to charitable institutions.

The game laws of the state are in almost unintelligible shape from constant revising, and it is urged that the legislature pass a new revised game law, so that laymen as well as lawyers can understand it.

Net fishing in Lake of the Woods has depleted the fish in those waters. It is no use to prohibit the practice so long as Canada allows it, but it is urged that an agreement be reached with Canada by which both countries prohibit net fishing in our international waters.

It is urged that the legislature pass a new wolf bounty law, and make suitable appropriation fo rit. Wolves are on the increase, and they not only destroy deer in heavy snow, but make inroads on farmers' stock.

The commission needs money for a car to distribute fish from the hatchery, also for cementing the old ponds and putting up new buildings at the hatchery.

An increase in the area of Itasca state park is recommended.

A law is urged to prohibit and punish buying of game, as well as the selling. This will permit punishing these who hold out the inducements to hunters.

The report recommends that a limit of fifty be placed on the number of game birds any man or cold storage plant may have at any one time.

An increase in the resident license fee from 25 cents to $1 is recommended.

The report says that Minnesota continue to be a game state. Prairie chickens are dying out, but quail are on the increase, and are spreading northward. Deer and moose are increasing in numbers, and when the lumber camps cease to exist, the big game will be still more plentiful.

If there's a hint of catarrh taint apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, minister of justice for the Dominion of Canada, endorses it. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—2.

Snow Weather!

and we are more than ready for it with a great line of

Sleds and Skates

and everything else carried by a live up-to-date hardware house at this season. We can convince you that you can save money here.

O. B. JOHNSON, & CO.,
1918 West Superior St.

Cutlery.

Razors, shears, pocket knives, butcher knives, carvers, strops, brushes, etc., at right prices.

F. L. Stoddard,
107 LAKE AVENUE SOUTH.
The only exclusive cutlery store at the head of the lakes.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Saturday, Dec. 6—Matinee and Night.

MARY ELIZABETH FORBES
—IN—
BARBARA FRIETCHIE

Dress circle $1, parquet $1 and 50c, family circle and balcony 50c. Matinee—dress circle and parquet 50c, family circle and balcony 25c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

DULUTH OPERATIC CLUB
First Season 1902-3.
DECEMBER 9 and 10.

"Il Trovatore,"

Grand Opera in four acts, by G. Verdi. "AZUCENA," Signora Elettra Armista-Valenza, Contralto of Italian Grand Opera, (formerly with French Grand Opera); "MANRICO", Alfred D. Shaw, Tenor of Italian Grand Opera; "LEONORA", Miss Daisy Bassett; "Inez", Miss Marie B. Frederick; "IL CONTE DI LUNA", Edgard W. Prophet; "FERRANDO", Roy Prytz; "RUIZ", H. W. Lanners; A gypsy, a messenger, Walter W. Richards.

Chorus of 50 voices.
Orchestra 20 musicians.

Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.

Sale of seats December 8.

Costumes furnished by Fritz Schoultz & Co., of Chicago.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

MONDAY, DEC. 8.
The World Famous
HERMANN
THE GREAT.

In a program replete with new and startling Magic Phenomena and Illusions, accompanied by the Musical Goolman's.

PRICES—D.C. $1.00; Parq. 75; F.C. and B. 50c.

Our "Belmar"—a Winter Shoe.

A Shoe so solidly made of the very best materials that every demand of this trying climate is fully met, $3.50 will not produce a better woman's Shoe—our price $2.98—why pay more?

GRAY-TALLANT CO.
(THE NEW STORE.)

69c and 75c Wool Waistings—59c.

A splendid bargain for Saturday's buyers—striped and self-dotted, wool waistings—a handsome assortment of colorings—qualities selling regularly at 69c and 75c—on sale Saturday at the low price of 59c.

Half Price Sale

of Women's, Misse's and Children's Coats.

Coats at half price right now at the beginning of our winter—a great opportunity—no use waiting until winter has passed for low prices—you have them now. How it happened: A large Eastern manufacturer offered us his entire sample line at 50c on the dollar. The lot was so exceptionally desirable that we purchased the line. We might have sold them at full value and netted a neat profit, but as usual we give our patrons the very best values available. To this line we add several lines in broken sizes from our own stock. You cannot find a more desirable line to select from at the head of the lakes and the prices are *just half what you will pay for equal values elsewhere.*

What the Lot Contains.

Women's 27, 45, 56-inch Coats, fitted backs and Monte Carlos, a large variety of styles to select from—velvet and fur trimmed, others neatly braided, storm and velvet collars, every good style in vogue is represented, every one offered Saturday at .... **Half Price**

Misses' long "High School" storm coats, Monte Carlos and fitted and half fitted coats - braid and velvet trimmed—every coat this season's best styles, to have bought these at ⅓ off would have been a big bargain, Saturday .... **½ price**

Children's Long Coats in a great variety of styles and trimmings, a large assortment of colors, some are of heavy cloths, unlined, others nicely lined throughout, whether it be a dress coat or school coat you can be satisfied, the price... **½ price**

Third Floor Toy Dept

Toys that delight children!

Our toy department keeps pace with the remainder of our store as it forges ahead each year. This year we have placed it on our spacious third floor. Plenty of daylight, lots of room, well ventilated and easy of access by a rapid elevator. You'll be delighted with our line; bring the children and allow them to enjoy it. Make your purchases while the stock is complete; we will store them and deliver them when you wish. Everything offered at a price which insures a saving for you.

You will find among our excellent assortment:

Undressed Dolls,
Dressed Dolls,
China Dolls,
Dolls' Carriages,
Dolls' Go-Carts,
Dolls' Rockers,
Dolls' Cradlesl
Boys' Sleds,
Girls' Sleds,
Games,
Books,
Electric Cars,
Automobiles,
Steam Engines,
Toy Pistols,
Pictures,
Pop Guns,
Hook and Ladders,
Patrol Wagons,
Pianos,
Violins,
Picture Frames,
China Closets,
Dressers,
Wash Tubs,
Animals,
Farm Outfits,
Fur Animals,
Hobby Horses,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Also a complete line of durable Mechanical Toys for the wide-awake boy.

Shoes—Warm, Dry, Comfortable.

A complete line of all styles Rubbers and Overshoes.

It is an easy matter to find shoes that are solidly made and heavy enough to keep out the cold and wet, but to find this heavy quality of women's footwear that will be comfortable in wearing is another proposition. You will find them here. Try these:

Women's Skating Boots, box calf tops, medium welted soles, newest shaped toes and heels; $2.48 the regular price. Saturday	$1.98
Women's heel and spring-heel two-buckle arctics; $1.25 the regular price. Saturday's price	98c
Women's Wool Fleeced Jersey Leggins, buttoned or half buttoned; a splendid quality at $1.25. Saturday's price	98c
Women's Storm Alaskas, extra grade. Secure a pair of this comfortable footwear Saturday at	69c
Misses' Box Calf Skating Shoes, school extension soles; others ask $2.00 for an equal	$1.49
Little Lord Fauntleroy Tan Leather and Corduroy Leggins; just what the boy needs for this snow. Saturday	98c
Boys' and Youths' Rubbers, heavy soles; a quality for hard wear. Saturday .... 49c and	39c
Children's Rubbers Saturday	30c

Women's Outing Undergarments.

Children's Bonnets and Night Dresses—a Superb Selection.

Do not overlook this department when fitting the child in warm wearables for the cold weather. Allow the salespeople to acquaint you with some of the new garments we have recently received—You will do less sewing after you have seen them.

Children's Silk Bonnets, the neat poke effects, a splendid assortment; 75c, $1.00, $1.25 qualities, Saturday	50c
Children's Silk Bonnets, trimmed with white and dark fur, all $3, $2.50 and $2 bonnets Saturday	$1.75
Women's Flannelette Gowns, hemstitched yokes, striped pink and blue, $1.25 qualities Saturday	98c
Extra Heavy Flannelette Gown, white tucked yoke, plain blue or pink, $2.50 quality Saturday	$1.50
Women's Short Flannelette Skirts, one row insertion, buttonhole stitched, $1 kind Saturday	69c
Extra Heavy Flannelette Skirt, two rows of insertion, edged with deep lace, extra wide, a splendid quality at $1.50, Saturday	$1.19
Women's All-wool Knit Skirts, fancy striped, two qualities, selling tomorrow at $1.50 and	$2.50
Children's Flannelette Gowns, heavy quality, striped blue and pink, our 89c qualities Saturday	69c

Kid Gloves--Famous Makes.

Also a fine line of serviceable Golf Gloves.

Duluth ladies who have purchased kid gloves of Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, and know their worth, will be pleased to learn that we carry the same lines this famous house sells to its fashionable clientelle. Four representative numbers:

Elbow length white or black Suede Gloves, neatly self-stitched back; other stores receive $3.50 for the same glove, our price	$2.50
The "Majestic" a fine street glove, overlaid seams, gusset in fingers, two-clasp, all colors, value exceptional at	$2.00
The "Modjeska" is our most popular glove; all new colors and evening shades; has the proper style	$1.50
The "Niobe," a glove made to sell at $1.25, all colors, and evening shades; three-pearl top clasp, is unequalled at	$1.00
Women's mercerized Golf Gloves, black, white, mode, slate and brown, a pretty and durable glove	75c
Women's all-wool Golf Gloves, plain and fancy colors, very neat effects, most serviceable quality	50c
Women's Golf Gloves, all-wool, plain or fancy colored; an exceptionally fine quality at our price	25c

AT WEST DULUTH

President A. B. Wolvin of the Zenith Furnace company will visit the plant on the bay front today in company with a number of the out of town shareholders, principally Chicago men. A thorough examination of the plant, which is now running with a full crew, will be made.

Officials of the company, while they will give out no information regarding building the coke ovens, do not deny that the comany has the matter under consideration, and it is thought that work will commence in the spring.

HIGHWAYMEN STILL AT IT.

Several attempts have been made to emulate the example of the highwayman who succeeded in holding up Conductor Bouselle on Thirty-ninth avenue Tuesday night. Two young ladies, in the employ of I. Chabet, were held up Wednesday evening and asked to deliver up their watches. The descriptions given of the man by the two young ladies corresponds, and it is thought probable that it was the same man who accosted them. Fortunately he did not succeed in securing any booty, as the young ladies were not carrying their watches at the time.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Walter Kritz will leave for Bay City today.

Arthur Jock and John Allen will leave for Split Rock today.

W. Labone and Fred Goodrow went to the north shore yesterday.

P. Deloyia has moved from his house on Central avenue to Main street.

Miss H. Neumann leaves Sunday for Chicago, where she will spend the winter with her sister-in-law.

A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Macauley, 4501 Rene street.

The Republican club will meet tomorrow night to elect officers for the ensuing year.

Rev. James Earl, of the Congregational church, has returned from a visit to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Thomas Glory has returned from California, where he has been looking over his claim.

Fred Arens has gone South to spend the winter.

Bert Beatty has returned to Hibbing to take his old position as filer there.

The Christian Endeavor of the Westminster Presbyterian church, will give a box social and entertainment in the church parlors Friday evening.

C. Butterfield returned from Tower yesterday with a partridge and a deer.

A farewell party was given A. Hanson last evening at the home of Louis Sorenson, on Sixty-fourth avenue. Mr. Hanson is leaving in a few days for his old home in Denmark.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Congregational church will give a social and an entertainment at the home of Mrs. I. M. Walker, 5308 Main street, this evening. A program has been arranged, which will include vocal solos by Miss Gertrude Stewart, Miss Alice Berry and Harry Smith, violin selections by J. E. Wilkinson and some instrumental solos by Mrs. R. D. Haven.

The driving of piles to support the bridge for the railroad over the Jenswold street subway will begin today.

C. C. Miller has returned from a two weeks' visit in Proctorknott.

William Blose has returned from the range, where he has been spending the summer.

Miss Minnie Heikmen, aged 25, died this morning of typhoid fever at 5311 Nicollet street. M. J. Fillatrault has charge of the funeral, which will take place tomorrow, at 2 o'clock, from the residence. Interment will be made in the Oneota cemetery. Miss Heikmen has but recently moved to West Duluth from Brainerd, and so far as is known has no relatives in this city. Two brothers live in Brainerd.

KLIPPER KLUB

Skates.

Barney & Berry,
Klipper Klub,
Peck & Snyder,
and Winslow,

These are the leading Skates made and we have all sizes and grades to select from. Also a full line of HOCKEY SKATES. In fact we are skate headquarters.

Prices .... 50c to $5.00

SKATES GROUND.

Stoves...

Remember that it will pay you to buy your stove now while our Stove Sale is on. We have cut prices on our RADIANT HOME heaters from $7.00 to $10.00 on each stove. In fact are selling them for less than we can buy them today. Jusst think of a RADIANT HOME for...... .... $33.00

Finest line of wood heaters at from... ....$2.00 to $15.00

Also bargains in a few second-hand stoves.

Wieland & Wade
WEST DULUTH.

THE DAKOTAS.

The Mystery Concerning Fireman Bolinger Is Cleared Up.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The mystery concerning the disappearance of Fremnn Fred Bolinger has been cleared up. Bolinger is in Topeka, Kan., where he is enjoying good health. There is no explanation as to why he left the city without advising his friends. The police are chagrined over the affair, as they spent a great deal of time looking for his body.

The city school board decided, after a heated discussion, not to install typewriting machines in the high school.

John Bohrer, of Minnow, S. D., was struck in the back by a Northern Pacific engine while attempting to cross the tracks. He was able to take the southbound train for his home, and unless there are internal injuries, will soon recover.

William Neef, a Northern Pacific brakeman, slipped from the tender of the engine while the train was going at a rapid rate near Geneva. He sustained severe internal injuries and was unconscious for some time, but will recover.

Bismarck—The original panel of seventy-two jurors were exhausted in the district court, and another venire of forty-five jurors summoned to complete the jury in the May murder case. It may take another day yet to complete the jury. "Governor" Griffin, charged with the murder of Brakeman Fred Stevens, of the Northern Pacific road, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Fargo—The rumpus over the piano contest has been adjusted by the committee representing the Elks and the Rescues agreeing to withdraw and give the piano to the North Dakota Children's home. The result of the committee's efforts pleases the public and is a boon to the children of the home.

Mayville—On Sunday Rev. Charles F. Clark, the new pastor of the Congregational church, preached his first sermons. He and his family arrived last week from Groveland, Mass. On Monday evening the church and congregation gave a reception for him and his family, and they were warmly welcomed to their new home.

Grand Forks—Judge Fisk has granted the motion made by Attorney General Comstock for a dismissal of the action brought against the state by Lind township to collect from the state monies that had been expended by the township to destroy noxious weeds on school lands. Attorney General Comstock contended that under the enabling act school land was inviolable and that an action could not be maintained by a township for the collection of money for the destruction of noxious weeds and that no provisions for maintaining such an action could be found in the state constitution. Te decision is a very important one, as had it been to the contrary hundreds of similar suits would have been started all over the state.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Thomas Burns, on trial on the charge of highway robbery and with shooting one of the victims of himself and his pal, one Andrews, was found guilty by the jury. Burns and Andrews were both arrested and demanded separate trials. They held up two harvest hands from Chicago and after getting their money, or so much of it as they could find, on searching them, fired a shot at both men as they were retreating. William Smerling, of Chicago, was one of the victims and was hit by the pistol ball in the ankle.

Huron—Lyman Davis, aged about 35 years, believed to belong in Salem, Ind., was taken into custody here Tuesday by Sheriff Kerr. He had been employed by Ed Morarity on a farm near Broadland and a few days since showed signs of insanity. He is sadly demented and will be sent to his parents in Indiana, as soon as an escort arrives to accompany him.

Brookings—B. J. Navarre, the Northwestern brakeman who fell from a car, receiving injuries that resulted in the amputation of his right leg above the knee, is reported some better, but his recovery is doubtful. It is asserted the attedlng physicians were hasty in their work and that the leg should not have been amputated.

Watertown—Six men started Thursday for the penitentiary at Sioux Falls, all having been convicted of grand larceny. Three are the men who robbed the Duffner jewelry store last July of rings valued at $600. The case has had more than a local interest, due to the fact that the theft was committed while the state guard was encamped here and the soldiers were suspected, and each man was subjected to a rigid search. Only seven of the 180 rings stolen have been recovered. Codington county has ten men in the state's prison, two of whom are there for life, having been convicted four years ago of murder.

Pierre—The total vote cast in South Dakota for congressman, was 74,363. Burke (Rep.), received 48,310; Martin, (Rep.), 45,400; Wilson, (Dem), 21, 113; Robinson, (Dem.), 20,814. For governor, Herried, (Rep.), received 48,196; Martin, (Dem.), 21,396. The Socialists polled 2738 votes and the Prohibitionists 2317.

$4 30 St. Paul & Minneapolis.

Dec. 6 to 11 the Northern Pacific (Duluth Short Line) will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $4.30, account of Dairymen's association, good returning Dec. 13. Three trains daily, including famous Lake Superior Limited, leaving at 1:55 p. m. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Two Very Exclusive Lines

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas.

In selecting your Gifts for Christmas, you will find in these superb goods something that cannot be approached for beauty and exclusiveness in the city.

Our whole display is ready for your inspection.

Lemaire's French Opera Glasses.

G. A. Klein, Jeweler,
325 W. Superior St.,
The Finest Jewelry Store in the Northwest.

EXPELLED.

The American Trotting Board Decides the Norseman Case.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—The cases before the board of appeals of the American Trotting association have been decided. Those who sat on the board were: W. J. Ijams, president, Terre Haute, Ind.; N. J. Colman, St. Louis; J. W. Fleming, Columbus, Ohio; E. C. Lewis, Chicago; and F. T. Morna, Detroit, Mich.

The charges against John Wood, of St. Catherines, Ont., were sustained by the board. The bay pacing gelding, which has been known as Dandy Hal, owned by Wood, the board affirmed is Norseman, 2:14¼, by Pennant. Wood was, by the decision of the board, expelled from the association, and James McPhee, of Toronto, who is also said to have been connected with the alleged "ringing" tour of the horse, was fined $250. According to the evidence presented, the horse, which will not be allowed on the track under the association rules, has been on a "ringing" tour of Canada and New York. Two charges were made against the owners of Norseman, and James McPhee, driver of the horse, who, it is said, was aware the horse was not performing under his true name and in his proper class. The horse, it is said, was performing under the name of Dandy Hal last summer, and won a number of slow paces for purses of from $300 to $600. A year ago last fall the horse was sold to Wood by Charles Cairns, a Chicago driver and trainer. Further trouble is expected to grow out of the case, as a civil action may be commenced under the Canadian laws for "ringing," which may put the offenders behind the bars.

Among the more important decisions were the following:

J. B. Gray, Des Moines, Iowa, vs. J. C. Scott, Minneapolis, Minn.; A. H. Powers, Hibbing, Minn.; and blk. m. Lucy P.—Protested first money in 2:30 pace, Hamline, Minn., Sept. 3, 1902. The records an devidence clearly showed the black mare started under the name of Lucy P, in the race was the identical mare started under the name of Meriam Marsh at Waterloo, Iowa, Aug. 7, 1900, and, as no recording fee for change of name has been paid, the mare was ineligible to start in the race. The evidence further showed the owner of the mare paid no attention to the demands made for information or for payment of a recording fee until finding that a case would be brought against them before the board of appeals at this meeting. Therefore J. C. Scott, A. H. Powers and the black mare Lucy P, formerly Meriam Marsh, were suspended until the winnings at Hamline, Minn., are returned for redistribution.

PRODUCE MARKET

Cold Weather Increases Business on Michigan Street.

Packing Companies Profit By Logging Camp Activity.

Poultry Continues Firm and Butter Is Very High.

The past week has been a very busy one in the wholesale district. The arrival of winter so long delayed has caused brisk trading in all lines. The wholesale meat firms were especially benefitted by the cold weather. The logging camps are laying in their winter supplies and great quantities of meat are being sent to the woods every day. New crews are also going out and taking their supplies with them. The prices remain unchanged.

The poultry market remained firm in spite of the big slump after the Thanksgiving trade. The two weeks after Thanksgiving are the dull weeks for the poultry dealers. After that time the trade begins to feel the effect of the Christmas traffic. Live poultry shipments are falling off and dressed poultry is coming in in large quantities.

Butter is very high, creamery bringing 29 and 30 cents per pound. California oranges are coming in freely and are becoming better in quality and lower in price.

Vegetables remain low in price for this season of the year. The cold weather brought brisker trading, but little change in price. Potatoes are two cents higher at 45 cents per bushel. Carrots are lower at 50 cents per bushel.

The commission dealers are anticipating a very busy December trade, culminating in a very heavy Christmas business.

The forecast of sudden changes in the weather serves notice that a hoarse voice and a heavy cough may invade the sanctity of health in your own home. Cautious people always have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure always at hand. It cures Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and all Throat and Lung troubles. Max Wirth.

Our bodies are protected, the face and hands neglected; no wonder skin improves, revives, clears, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

$9.00 Overcoats $4.75.

The Imperial brand—there is no better. Hundreds of $9 overcoats to choose from for $4.75.

CITY NATIONAL BANK

Authorized By Comptroller to Begin Business.

Washington, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The comptroller of the currency today authorized the City National Bank, of Duluth, to begin business with a capital of $500,000. John H. Upham is president, A. R. Macfarlane, vice president, and William I. Prince cashier of the new bank.

The comptroller also approved the conversion of the Citizens' State bank of Balston, Minn., into the First National Bank of Balston, with a capital of $25,000.

GOVERNOR SILENT.

Not Feeling Well Enough to Make Statement.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant was not feeling well this morning and remained at his office but a short time. Before going home he said there would no statement about the speakership today. So another day of silence ensues.

IS A SERIOUS MATTER.

The Most Serious and Fatal Diseases Arise From Indigestion.

Chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, while a very common trouble, has for sometime been looked upon by able physicians as a serious thing, and that no time should be lost in treating it properly at the start, because recent researches have shown that the most serious, fatal and insurable diseases have their origin in simple dyspepsia or indigestion.

Diabetes is simply one form of indigestion, the sugar and starchy food not being assimilated by the digestive organs. In Bright's disease the albumen is not properly assimilated.

While consumption and dyspepsia are twin diseases, and it is beyond question that dyspepsia makes a fertile soil for the seeds of consumption. But the trouble has been to find a remedy that could be depended upon to cure dyspepsia, as it is notoriously obstinate and difficult to cure.

This has been the question which has puzzled physicians and dyspeptics alike, until the question was solved three years ago by the appearance of a new discovery in the medical world known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which it was claimed was a certain, reliable cure for every form of stomach ach trouble.

Physicians, however, would not accept such statements without first giving the new remedy many tests and carefully observing results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be honestly claimed to be a specific, a radical lasting cure for indigestion in the various forms of acid dyspepsia or sour stomach, gas or wind on stomach, to much bile, undue fullness or pressure after eating and similar symptoms resulting from disordered digestion.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were not placed before the public until this three years' trial left no doubt as to their value and they have recently been placed in the trade and can be found on sale at all druggists at the nominal price of 50 cents per package.

No extravagant claims are made for the remedy, it will not cure rheumatism, pneumonia, typhoid fever nor anything, but just what it is claimed to cure and that is every form of stomach trouble. No dieting is necessary, good wholesome food and plenty of it and you may rest assured that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest it. Druggists claim for it that it is a pleasure to recommend it to dyspeptics, because it gives such universal satisfaction.

SATURDAY BARGAINS

Other stores make Friday their bargain day. We will make Saturday ours, as we want the workingman and his family to buy together, so that each can be suited in goods and prices. Some husbands are against their wives buying without their seeing the article. These are the ones we want to come to our store Saturday. We will sell you clothing, furniture and your presents for Xmas on credit at the price you pay cash for elsewhere. You use the goods while paying for them.

500 pairs Men's and Youths' Pants at special reduced prices—pick yours out early, **$1.00 a Week.**

500 Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats at 1/3 off Saturday—**$1.00 a Week.**

100 Girls' Jackets, Skirts and Waists on special sale Saturday— **$1.00 a Week.**

100 Boys' Reefers, Coats, Suits and extra Pants at special reduced prices Saturday — **$1.00 a Week.**

Be sure and come early tomorrow as our counters will be packed with good things.

Open Saturday Night till 10:30.

If you intend making an Xmas present of a Fur, now is your time to pick it out.

The terms are only $1 a week.

Street Car Fare allowed on all purchases over $5.00

We will cash your checks and charge you nothing for it.

The Satisfactory Credit Store

GATELY'S

8 E. Superior Street.

FIRE AT NEWPORT, N. J.

Bridgeton, N. J., Dec. 5.—A fire which started during the night in the village of Newport, near here, did much damage. The general store of State Oyster Commissioner Riley was burned. An unoccupied hotel, a livery stable and other structures are in flames and a high wind is spreading the fire.

Handsome

BATH ROBES

for both Ladies and Gentlemen,

$5 up.

SMOKING JACKETS RICh SCARFS and NECKWEAR, from Germany, France and England.

Modest Priced and the More Expensive Kinds.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

Stop Stammering!

Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh,

of Chicago, is now in Duluth, at the

Hotel McKay

where he will remain until Dec. 15, to cure those who may be afflicted with

Stammering or any form of Impediment of speech.

I remove the cause of stammering and therefore the cure is permanent.

The only scientific and successful method known and practiced.

I warrant to cure the worse case of stammering in a few days.

If you have tried to be cured and are not, remember I guarantee to cure.

I have made the treatment of stammering and all defects in speech a specialty for the past 32 years, and have cured over

3,000 Cases

My method has never failed. Hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States can be seen at my office.

If you have a child or friend that has any impediment, bring them to see me.

No charge for consultation.

Terms Reasonable for a Cure.

WILL PUSH THE CAUSE

Scandinavian Temperance Union Holds Its Annual Election.

Decides to Prosecute Vigorous Campaign Against Intemperance.

Series of Union Meetings---One In Each Month.

The Duluth Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee had its monthly meeting this week and elected officers for the ensuing year. The election was held over from the annual meeting some time ago. The meeting was held at the Norwegian church on Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street. A. Thoren was re-elected chairman. S. Eklund, secretary, and Christ Erickson, treasurer, were both re-elected.

The principal business before the meeting was the discussion of plans for further temperance work. It was recalled that last fall at the First Presbyterian church Dr. Cleland called attention to the urgent need of more temperance work, which sentiment was warmly concurred in by Dr. Elmquist in an interview later in the fall. The members of the temperance committee are gratified at the increased interest manifested in this important Christian work, and for the many encouraging words the work of the committee has received during its five years of existence.

In accordance with a suggestion of one of the leading Christian workers in the city, all ministers will be asked to help further the temperance cause in their parishes. They will be appealed to in the form of an address to both the Protestant and Catholic clergy in Duluth.

The committee decided to arrange union meetings, to be given once a month during next year, and a standing special committee was appointed to arrange the details. This special committee consists of Emil Johnson, Christ Peterson, S. Eklund, Christ Erickson and A. Thoren.

A letter was read from Gustave Eide, of Minneapolis, secretary of the Minnesota Total Abstinence association, in reply to a request that it send speakers up here when convenient to do so. Mr. Eide will gladly assist in this matter, and said he will himself make a tour in the northern part of the state and probably visit Duluth some time this winter.

Adelsten Berge, the prominent temperance advocate, has written the committee that he will be in Duluth Dec. 21. At present he is on a lecture tour in North Dakota.

MAY USE IT JOINTLY.

Northern Roads May Have Same Merchandise Dock.

There is a rumor current that the new merchandise dock that will be erected on the Great Northern's Superior bay front property in West Superior will be used jointly by the Geat Northern and the Northern Pacific roads for the handling of freight, although the Great Northern line of boats will probably have exclusive dockage.

During the past season both the Great Northern dock in Superior and the Northern Pacific dock in this city were crowded to their utmost capacity and it is claimed the new dock is very much needed to give the necessary added facilities for handling lake freight.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club program for tomorrow has as its subject, "Art," with particular attention to "Realists." It is as follows:

"The true work of art is but a shadow of the Divine perfection."—Michael Angelo.

John Ruskin—"England's High Priest of Beauty and Pre-raphaelitism," Mrs. Boyington.

Sir John Everitt Millar's "The Prince of Realists," Mrs. Ames.

Holman Hunt—"Microscopic Fidelity to Nature," Mrs. Paddock.

Ford Madox Brown—"A Most Forceful Realist," Mrs. Washburn.

Leader, Mrs. Gilman.

CURLING.

First Contest Between President and Vice President.

The curlers will inaugurate the first contest of the season between sides chosen by President George F. Mackenzie and Vice President J. E. Catlin tonight and tomorrow night. Tomorrow evening a supper will be served at the club house and it is to be made a general meeting of club members. Every member is wanted to be there, whether he plays in the games or not, for the directors of the club wish to discuss a number of matters connected with the club's policy and to have them decided by the members. Some complaints have been received as to various matters and the desire is to have a full and free expression at that time.

Eighteen rinks have been registered with the games committee up to the present time. It is not supposed that these represent all of the men who will curl this winter, but the rinks that may register later on will be taken into future contests. They are to be held every two weeks through the winter. The sides with the time of playing are as follows:

Friday evening—
G. F. Mackenzie vs. R. J. MacLeod.
C. F. Macdonald vs. C. A. Duncan.
D. Morrison vs. D W Stocking
W. E. Magner vs. G. H. Letteau.
Saturday afternoon—
Dr. Cleland vs. F. W. Hargreaves.
Saturday evening—
W. L. McLennan vs. S. L. Reichert.
Alex MacRae vs. W. B. Dunlop.
W. J. K. Osborne vs. F. A. Greene.
G. K. Taylor vs. R. N. Hoople.

Three practice games were played last evening.

Orpheus Society Concert.

A concert will be given next Tuesday evening at the Swedish Mission church by the Orpheus singing society and the program is as follows:

Vart Land ....Josephson
The Orpheus Male Chorus.
Piano duet—"Charge of the Uhlans." ....Bohm
Ella Johnson and Pearl Hanson.
Halleleuja—From Mount of Olives.... ....Bethoven
The Wennerberg Chorus.
Violin solo—Selected........................
Henry L. Winter.
Sleighing song ....Thompson
Nilsson Quartet.
Herdens Sondagssang ....C. Kreutser
The Orpheus Male Chorus.
Soprano solo—"Forgat Mig Ej"....Mattel
Mrs. K. J. Hagberg.
Cantata ....R. Lagerstrom
The Wennerberg Chorus.
Piano solo—"Shepherd's Dream"....... ....T. P. Ryder
Lillie Larson.
Stridsbon ....O. Lindblad
The Orpheus Male Chorus.

THE MOTIVE WAS WRONG.

Why the College Girls Object to Kissing.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Because the Northwestern co-eds who are to take part in the proposed junior class day object to kissing Robert Atchison, of Elgin—in public—the theatricals are threatened with an ignominious finish. It is not so much that Mr. Atchison's personality is objected to as it is to any public exhibition of their abilities along the lines which have made "Lovers' Lane" and other shady streets of Evanston famous.

"When Joshua Quits Joshing," the play which has been chosen since "The Rivals" was discarded, because it had too many "swear words" for the Puritanical maidens of Northwestern, hinges on a scene in which the hero is won from the path of duty by the kisses of his sweetheart.

The co-eds assert that this is a degradation of the noble art of osculation. A mass meeting of the class has been called for to have this second choice of the committee rejected.

CAN WRITE THEM.

Calkins the Story Teller.

Mr. Franklin W. Calkins, of Wyoming, Wis., who writes many interesting stories for the "Youth's Companion," says:

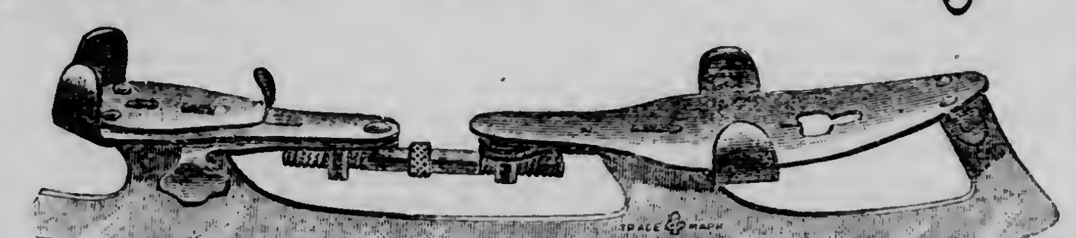
"Food can make or unmake a writer. For a number of years, living the sedentary life of the writer and student, I suffered all the ills of nervous dyspepsia. I could eat nothing in the morning save a dry crust of toasted bread and a cup of weak coffee. For my dinner at 6 o'clock, I had been in the habit of eating rare beef steak, the only food from which I seemed to get proper nourishment, but no meal was taken without the after pangs of indigestion; I was beginning to get disgusted with life.

About a year ago a friend suggested Grape-Nuts, telling me of the benefit he had received from the food, and I began with it as directed; I found immediate relief from my indigestion, and in a short time my dyspepsia left me entirely. I have now used Grape-Nuts for a year, and have had no trouble with my stomach, having eaten many enjoyable dinners.

I find in fact that all you say for Grape-Nuts is true, and it is certainly the food for brain workers, and the truth of your claims is proved in my own cure. I have no appetite for meats."

Hart Schaffner & Marx Hand Tailored

Copyright 1902 by Hart Schaffner & Marx, Chicago and New York



"Fitting" Overcoats!

If you want the right Overcoat for your uses; the one most becoming to you; most suitable for your purposes—the "fitting" Overcoat—let us show it to you. These Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats are "fitting" Overcoats; they're right in style and in the making; they fit your body and your station; and as we sell them the price fits your pocket. You can't make a mistake in wearing H. S. & M. clothes. We guarantee you absolute satisfaction with these goods.

Business Suits!

When you buy business clothes you want 'em business-like in price; but it isn't good business to have clothes that are not stylish, nor to pay too much or too little for them. We've got the famous Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits here for you, and with that statement we answer every question you can think to ask about looks, tailoring, fit and business-like prices. You can prove the truth of all we say in five minutes; we are waiting for you to come and see.

$9.75 500 Overcoats; worth $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $16.00 — Special cut price for Saturday ______ $9.75

500 Suits..... Worth $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $16.00 — Special cut price for Saturday ____________ **$9.75**

In Our Boys' Department

New department, new goods, the largest assortment of Boys' Overcoats and Suits made by Henry W. Caine & Co. Crescent Brand Boys' clothing, best made in America at prices 15 to 20 per cent less than you pay for inferior makes elsewhere. Everything that's new for Boys.

Skates Free
In our Boys' Dept. with every purchase of $5 or over.

Coasters Free
With every purchase of $3 or over in our Boys' Dept.

For Christmas Presents.

The largest line of Bath Robes, Smoking Jackets, Night Robes, Fur Gloves and Mittens, Fur Lined Gloves and Mittens, Silk Lined Gloves, Christmas Neckwear from 25c to $2.50; Silk Suspenders and everything you can think of in the furnishing goods line for Christmas gifts.

Kenney, Anker & Denny

409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth.

TROUBLE LIKELY

Timber and Stone Abuses Being Thoroughly Investigated.

Special Agents Determined to Make Examples of Offenders.

Next Term of Federal Court May Be Sensational.

The movement for the reform in the abuses of the stone and timber law, which has been causing so much stir and comment in the states of Oregon, Washington and California of late, has been quietly going on in Duluth for the past year. During that time the special agents at the Duluth land office have been accumulating evidence against certain persons in and around Duluth which will go far towards convicting them of perjury. One of the agents made the statement today that in the interest of the welfare of the community it will probably be necessary to make an example of some of these people at the next sitting of the grand jury, although the plan of the authorities has been to catch the lumber speculators who were behind these tools, rather than the tools themselves.

Many of these people do not realize that they are committing perjury. They receive $50 and a trip to the land and are content with the bargain. "And it is not the lumberjacks and laborers who are doing this," said the agent who is investigating the frauds. "It is the clerks, stenographers, lawyers and professional men and even their wives, who are to blame, people who are considered respectable and of good standing in the community."

The plan pursued in Minnesota is the same as that followed in the Western states. The person who is to be used as a tool is furnished with his expenses and sent to view the land. A bribe of $50 or $100 accompanies the expense money. He files his statement and swears that the land is intended for his own benefit only. The cruiser supplies the money to pay for the land and the title is turned over to him.

"The only reason that the frauds in the Duluth district have not caused the comment which the Western ones have is that the timber is not so valuable. All of the valuable government pine lands in Minnesota have been taken up," said the agent. "But next May is apt to prove to be an exciting month for many who are mixed up in these fraudulent dealings."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Abbett.

POISON IN HIS BEER.

Victim of a Murder Plot in Brooklyn.

New York, Dec. 5.—George F. Leyh, a wealthy manufacturer, is dead at his home in Brooklyn, from poisoning by cyanide of potassium, which he drank in a bottle of beer. The liquid was handed to him by an office boy, and a few minutes after he swallowed it he dropped dead. The police believe Leyh was murdered by a well arranged plot. The authorities are at a loss as to how to start to work on the mystery, for they are without the slightest clew.

Leyh poured some of the liquid into a glass, and after taking a morsel of food, drank half of it. He began gasping, and, noticing this, the boy ran to his side.

"Joseph," the old man said, "taste this beer and see if there is anything the matter with it."

The boy took a swallow and said the liquid was bitter. A few minutes later Layh fell to the floor, and the boy ran into the hallway screaming for help. The physicians worked fully an hour in an effort to save the old man's life, but he died without regaining consciousness.

WORMS

If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has Worms.

Kickapoo WormKiller

will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c. a box at druggists, or by mail from us. Your money back if not satisfactory.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Ct.

CONTENTS VALUABLE.

Seventy-nine Thousand Dollars in Stolen Mail Bag.

Danville, Ky., Dec. 5.—It has come to light that the mail bag which was lost or stolen about ten days ago contained checks and drafts to the value of $79,000. A portion of this sum was in revenue stamps from the internal revenue office here. Its total loss was about $39,000, though it is doubtful if the stamps, if stolen, would ever be seen again, as much risk would attend any effort to turn them to a cash account by any other than the proper authorities. The Farmers' bank had $17,365 in checks and drafts; the Citizens' bank about $15,000, and the Boyle bank $5303, also in checks and drafts. These sums will not be lost, but their disappearance caused much labor for the clerks in making duplicates. A number of other registered letters and packages were in the bag, the value of which is unknown. United States detectives have been at work on the case, but so far no clew has been discovered. The general opinion is that the bag was stolen at the depot.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

C. H. BAGLEY, Pres. and Treas. | F. D. DAY & CO , Inc. | GEO. C. SPALDING, Secy.

Open Evenings Until Christmas.

Christmas Silver French Gray. Butler. English Bright

The Name **F. D. Day & Co.** On any case or box containing a Xmas gift is a guarantee to the recipien of the gift that it is what it purports to be: a first class article from a reliable house.

For Table and Sideboard use---beautiful new patterns: heavy massive pieces and designs of great delicacy. A complete range from service sets down to tankard and cup.

Toilet Silver. Here the designer is untrammeled by tradition. Perfumery bottle, puff box, brush, atomizer and manicure tools are subservient to fancy. Nature has been coaxed into giving up all her subtle lines of beauty—and the result is one of great cleverness.

Desk Silver. Intensely practical, artistically fashioned Our collection shows not one ordinary design; we have so carefully garnered these stocks that the simplest gifts show artistic creativeness. Ink wells, blotters, rollers, paper weights, paper knives, gum pots and many other articles.

Libbey Cut Glass, Chain Bags and Purses. Opera Glasses and Lorgnettes.

Marble Pieces, Bric-a-Brac, Hall Clocks, Bronzes.

F. D. Day & Co. Inc.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers.

TO DETROIT

Board of Trade to Send Delegates to Convention.

The board of trade today decided to send representatives to the reciprocity convention at Detroit next week. Ward Ames, George Spencer and John Miller were chosen to represent the board. An effort is also being made to arrange for the attendance there of J. Adam Bede, congressman-elect. These will probably be Duluth's only representatives.

All of the grain men are interested in seeing the open door extended to Canadian grain.

Overcoat Sale at Burrows.

Men's $20, $22.50 and $25 overcoats selling tomorrow at choice, $14.50.

SAGE WINS

Suit Involving Lands of Huron & Dakota Railroad Grant.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Russell Sage has finally prevailed in one of his many actions brought to recover lands which came into his possession as assignee of the land grant of the Hastings & Dakota railroad in Minnesota. In this case, wherein George C. Glover is trying to wrest a Swift county quarter section from the financier. Sage wins, because, while several people have been located on the land and have cultivated it at different times, none ever before asserted title to it, but conceded that it belonged to the railroad company.

Sage now retains the land by virtue of having been in possession more than fifteen years.

The decision reverses the order of the Swift county district court. Many thousands of acres have been involved in the various suits.

DEATH LIST.

New York, Dec. 5.—Dr. Poundente Jose Morales, formerly president of Brazil, died on Wednesday in Pindamonhangaba, state of Sao Pablo, says a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro. Mr. Morales was the first president of Brazil chosen from civil life by the will of the people. There had been two presidents before him, but they had gained their power through military prowess. He was elected in 1894 and served through the full term of four years. While essentially a man of peace, his administration was filled with turmoil which developed into numerous attempts at assassination Plotters were detected and severely punished. Dr. Morales had been in poor health.

London, Dec. 5.—Mrs. W. L. Croll, a native of Chicago, best known in musical circles by her maiden name, Alice Maude Whatacre, is dead. Mr. and Mrs. Croll had long been residents of London.

HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS.

South Shore Road Announces Its Eastern Rates,

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company has set the pace for the holiday excursion business to the East, by announcing today that one fare will be made for the round trip from Duluth to all the principal points in Canada and that a special rate will be made to New York and New England points. The tickets under the single fare rate will be on sale Dec. 17 to 20, inclusive, and the special rates to New England and New York points will be effective Dec. 12 to 22. The time limit on all holiday excursion tickets will be Jan. 12, 1903.

It is expected that the other lines to the head of the lakes will follow suit in announcing their holiday rates to the East. What concessions will be made in transportation rates at this time of the year is always a matter of speculation in railroad circles, and owing to the direct connections with the East which the South Shore enjoys, the other lines usually withhold announcement of their rates until that road makes its announcements. It is expected that material cuts will be made in the regular rates to the East by the other roads.

The Police Court.

Fred Bury was somewhat mixed up when taken care of by the police last night, and gave his name as James Grant. He was charged with being a plain drunk, and in the police court sentence was suspended pending good behavior.

Martin Casper, also drunk, had his sentence suspended, and was given twenty-four hours to get out of town.

Peter Johnson brought the evidence of his guilt with him into court, as he had not sobered up yet, pleaded guilty, and after a severe lecture by the judge his sentence was suspended pending good behavior.

John Fox did not appear this morning and his bail of $12 was ordered forfeited.

LORENZO REFUSED

To Give Up His Arms When So Ordered.

Panama, Dec. 5.—Governor Salazar returned here today from his trip to the interior. He reports that the rebel Indian leader, Victorian Lozenzo, refused to surrender his arms when Gen. Herrera ordered him to do so, but that he was compelled by force to give them up and is now a prisoner on board the Colombian cruiser Bogota. As Lorenzo is held responsible for many crimes he will probably be severely punished. It was his intention to continue a guerilla warfare with his Indian followers.

CONDEMMS.

Emperor William Makes Strong Speech at Breslau.

Breslau, Prussia, Dec. 5.—Emperor William addressing a deputation of working men today made a bitter anti-Socialist speech declaring it was a lie to say that workmen had to rely on the Socialist party for a betterment of their position. The Socialists, he added, had terrorized and trod the workingmen under foot and as men of honor they must have no more to do with them.

CITY GUN STORE

Everything for Xmas Presents

Sporting Goods Dept. Boxing Gloves, Striking Bags, Exercisers, Fencing Foils, Guns, Fishing Tackle, Athletic Goods, Kodacks, Barney & Berry Skates and Hunting Clothing, Joseph Rogers Knives and Forks, Razors, Shears, etc.

Jewelry Dept. Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Society Emblems of all kinds, Fountain Pens that will not leak; full line of Ingersoll Watches from $1.00 up to $2.50; fully warranted one year; Gold Headed Canes.

Indian Curios Dept. Beaded Belts, Boys' Beaded and Unbeaded Moccasins, Alaska Baskets, Totem Poles, Burnt Leather Goods, Agate Novelties, Indian Dolls.

R. C. KRUSCHKE

402 West Superior Street--Sign of Gold Revolver.

BILL FOR PUBLICITY

Concerning Trusts Reported Favorably By Sub-Committee.

Provides For Complete Returns at Least Once a Year.

Applies Only to Concerns Whose Stock Exceeds $500,000.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The sub-committee of the house judiciary committee to which was referred anti-trust bills reported favorably to the full committee today on Mr. Littlefield's bill providing for giving publicity to the affairs of commercial combinations, with certain amendments.

Acting Chairman Jenkins, of the judiciary committee, appointed a sub-committee today consisting of Representative Littlefield (Me.), Overstreet (Ind.), Powers (Mass.), De Armond (Mo.), and Clayton (Ala.), to which all anti-trust bills, including the publicity bill have been referred. A meeting of the committee is called for tomorrow. The publicity bill as amended provides that every corporation, joint stock company or similar organization engaged in inter-state or foreign commerce, and every such corporation which shall hereafter be organized, shall file with the interstate commerce commission on or before Sept. 1 each year, a return stating among other things, its name, date or organization, where and when organized, the statutes under which organized, and if consolidated, the names of the constituent companies and the same information concerning them. If the concerns have been reorganized the original corporation or corporations is to be stated with information concerning them.

It is also provided that the amount of authorized capital stock, shares into which divided, par value, whether common or preferred and distinction between each, amount issued and outstanding, amount paid in—how much, if any, paid in cash, and how much, if any, in property, and if paid in property a description and cash market value of the property at the time it was received in payment shall be stated. The indebtedness, its nature and for what purpose incurred is to be given, also a statement of the assets at their present cash market value, giving the elements upon which the market value is based.

It also is required that the total earnings and income, operating expenses, interest, taxes, permanent improvement net earnings, dividends declared, with rate and date during the year preceding the first of the preceding July, salaries of officials and wages of employes be disclosed.

It is provided further that the treasurer or other officer of concerns affected by the bill having the requisite knowledge, shall answer on oath all inquiries that may be made in writing, under the direction of the interstate Commerce commission, relative to its financial condition of its capital stock. Such answer is not to be used as evidence against the person making it, except in prosecutions under the proposed act.

A tax of one per cent per annum is imposed on so much of the capital stock outstanding which is not fully paid in cash or other property at full cash market value, and provision is made for collecting the tax.

Any concern contemplated in this bill failing to make the return as required under this bill and any concern failing to pay a tax imposed is to be restrained on the suit of the United States from engaging in interstate or foreign commerce. It is made the duty of the attorney general at the request of the Interstate Commerce commission, to enforce the provisions of the proposed act, and suit may be brought in any district court of the United States at the election of the attorney general where an offending concern has a place of business.

Provision is made that the Interstate Commerce commission sall prepare and publish a statement showing a list of corporations and disclosing their condition. The bill does not apply to any concern the amount of capital stock of which does not exceed $500,000.

CHARTERS

Asked For Construction of New Grand Trunk Line.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 5.—Notice is given in the official Gazette of application for a charter for the construction of a railway to Hazelton, at the head of the Skeena, to Peace River pass, or Pine river, or both, thence to the eastern boundary of British Columbia. This is the route over which the Grand Trunk officials say the projected trans-continental line is to run across Canada.

Application is also made for a charter for a line from Hazelton to Teslin Lake or Atlin Lake or both. A charter is also sought for a line from Neiga Gulf to Naas river and thence to Telegraph Creek, with river steamers operating on the Stikil and Naas. Another charter is asked for a line from the coast near Burke channel or Bentinick arm, thence to a point on Burrard Inlet.

HEARING FOR PATRICK.

New York, Dec. 5.—Argument on the motion for a new trial for Albert T. Patrick, the lawyer, who was convicted of having murdered William M. Rice, the alleged millionaire, on Sept. 21, 1900, was begun today before Recorder Goff. No conclusion had been reached when an adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Elections committee No. 2 of the house, considering the case of Wagoner vs. Butler from St. Louis, today decided to report a resolution providing that the time to be given the contestants for preparing their cases be limited to thirty-five days instead of 150 as the rules now provide.

WATER RISING RAPIDLY.

Shreveport, La., Dec. 5.—The situation in the Red River valley shows no improvement today. About Shreveport the water is within a few inches of the danger line and rising rapidly. There has been great damage to property and stock. No loss of life has been reported.

THE MAYOR WINS.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city of Owatonna for eight months has had rival night watchmen, the mayor and council having locked horns on appointments, but the supreme court today decided that the appointive power rested with the mayor and Charles Gobaikewis must retire, giving place to the mayor's appointee.

Jewelry Wisdom!

It certainly is far from wise to buy jewelry whenever you see jewelry for sale.

The imitation looks like the genuine at first.

The wise way is to come right to us, then you'll know precisely what you're buying. You'll be sure to get your money's worth.

An additional safeguard is we Guarantee Everything to be as represented.

M. N. Berg,

THE WEST END JEWELER,
2003 W. SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH.

The Burglary at Hill Crest Manor

By William H. Osborne.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Well, sir!" exclaimed the Bakersville chief of police. The tall, well built young fellow stepped forward. "Could I get a place on the force, sir?" he inquired. "Heard you were short a man, sir."

Now the Bakersville force ordinarily consisted of a dozen men, excluding the chief himself—and they were all picked men, too. They were known as the Bakers' Dozen and their fame went far and wide. But at present their perfect symmetry was broken. Big Sam Berry, one of the tallest of the force, had been in a spree for three successive weeks and the chief had regretfully, but necessarily, dismissed him. So the chief did need a new man, and had been looking for one, when the applicant presented himself. The chief looked him over. He was a stranger, but with a clean, bright, honest face, withal.

"Um!—what do you know?" inquired the chief. The young fellow knew a good deal. He stood at attention and told the chief much that the chief did not know. The chief took him in the back room and put him through a few decisive tests. He proved himself to be the equal, if not the superior, of his examiner.

"You've seen some service, I reckon," remarked the chief, "where'd you hail from?" "New York," replied the man with a slight flush. "What did you leave for?" went on the chief. The young man looked the chief squarely in the eye. "I nearly killed a burglar that had too much pull," he returned, sententiously.

"Good, by George!" exclaimed the chief, "you'll do. We need you. Here, try on Sam Berry's uniform." From that hour he became a member of the Bakers' Dozen and his name was entered on the roll—it was Andrew Fellows. That very day he quelled a riot in the Diamond Palace and single handed took in two young giants, both fighting drunk. A day or two later he stopped a runaway saddle horse, and risked his life to save its rider. And its rider was none other than Miss Dorothy Mickle, the only daughter of Donald C. Mickle, the manufacturer, and the richest man in Bakersville. On that occasion he took Miss Mickle home and was entertained for half an hour at Hill Crest Manor, the place where Mickle lived, by a very grateful family. His reputation in Bakersville was made. And Bakersville was quite a place to make a reputation—or lose one, either. It was a quiet, prosperous manufacturing town on the edge of Baker's river. It had a number of wealthy citizens and supported two strong banks to boot. It was a growing, thriving place.

About a week after the runaway, Fellows, the new man, rushed up to the chief's desk at eight o'clock at night.

"Chief," he exclaimed, "there's something doing. A gang of strangers have just come into town and they've met in a back room down under Peely Rogers'. They're hatchin' up some scheme, and if you and I and another fellow can go down there, we can hear the whole thing by jumping the back fence." The chief sprang to his feet, opened a drawer and buckled on a brace of revolvers. "Come on!" he commanded. They moved silently down the street. Peely Rogers kept a tough place on a side alley. Before they reached it Fellows turned down a dark thoroughfare and reached a stone wall which he lightly leaped. They followed his example. He led them to an open window looking down into a smoky lamp-lit room. Around a table sat seven burly desperadoes. They were strangers. These men were waiting for another, it transpired. Finally he entered the room. He seemed to be the leader—a strapping, ugly fellow. He stepped up to the table and addressed the gang.

"Now gents," said he, evidently unsuspicious of being overheard, "you're to follow Biff Donovan's lead—understand? He's leader here, don't forget that." Fellows started and grasped the chief by the arm. "Biff Donovan!" he exclaimed, "Say, chief, he's the man I nearly killed—he's from New York, the slickest burglar in the business, too. By George, we're up against it." The chief nodded. The man inside went on. "Now, gents, are you well heeled? Got everything, eh? Show up." Each man in turn pulled out a brace of bulldog revolvers, a few yards of rope and a select assortment of gags, black jacks, braces, bits, jimmies, drills—every man, in short, was a walking magazine of burglars' tools. "Now," went on the spokesman, "the place is a place called Hill Crest Manor—the richest haul in town. It's along the main road and up the hill, you can't miss it—left-hand side. We'll all get there by different roads, by twelve o'clock. Hide in the brush along the road. When you hear the cuckoo call, somewhere's between one and two, meet me under the trees behind the house—understand. Now, look'ye here," he glanced darkly at the faces around him, "this here job is worth while, an' it may come to a question of force. The old man is lively and he's got a brace of lively sons. An' if any man is afraid of shedding blood let him back out now and start for New York tonight. As for the cops, there's only twelve in town, not countin' the chief (he don't count anyway), and they'll be all round town, and things'll be our own way. Only be ready for anything, mind. Here, I'm dry as they make 'em. Let's have somethin'." As he pushed a button, Fellows and the chief and the other man withdrew.

Fellows was dispatched to Hill Crest Manor. There he gave the alarm and told the people what to do. He instructed them also to pack all their jewels, money and valuables, entrust it to his care, and let him take it down to the town hall, where they would place a guard over it. It was a good idea, and they did it. He gave them some other brief instructions, and directed them to keep the house dark, the women upstairs and the men below. He assured them that every policeman in Bakersville would be on guard outside at the critical moment.

It was 11:30 when the chief disposed his forces—the entire dozen, and some volunteers—around the grounds at Hill Crest Manor. He proposed to hold them all in abeyance until the gang commenced operations, and then at one fell swoop to rush up and capture them—alive if possible; if not, why then, he was prepared to do his duty at all hazards. By 11:45 everything was ready; the house was in complete darkness. Within a small force stood on the alert. Without the dozen lay in ambush.

Suddenly, about the hour of one, there was a low whistle, that trembled uncertainly upon the night air. It was immediately followed by the call of the cuckoo. The forces inside and outside had been waiting for it—but they did not move; each man merely took a fresh grip on his gun and waited. They kept on waiting for some time. The gang did not answer the cuckoo call—probably it was but a preliminary signal. The minutes went slowly by and still the watchers waited. Suddenly they heard the strokes of a distant bell—it was the town clock striking two. Simultaneously they heard hoarse cries from the town below. They glanced down the hill and saw lights moving to and fro. Still no man moved. This time, however, they were startled by a noise close at hand. A man's white clad arm beckoned from a second-story window. The chief crept noiselessly up. "Chief," whispered Mickle, for it was he, "we—we've just had a telephone from town. Come—come here."

The chief heard what was said, then with a wild whoop, yelled to his men. They flocked around him. "For the town!" he commanded, "make for the town, hot foot!" They did. They didn't know what was up, but they rushed pellmell down the hill and into town, and there they found—.

Nothing much, except that the two banks had been broken into and looted of more than half a million dollars. That was all. But it was quite enough. The Bakers' Dozen got its dose that time.

Next day Mickle, the millionaire, called on the chief. Mickle had had but little in the banks, for he deposited in the neighboring town, so he was disposed to view the affair in a humorous light. He admired the cleverness of the gang.

"That big fellow they talked about—that Biff Donovan," he remarked, "he must have been a slick fellow, eh, chief." The chief snorted. "By the way," went on Mickle, "I thought I'd call in for those jewels and things we gave your man Fellows last night, for safe-keeping. Level-headed fellow, Fellows. Told us just what to do, and how to do it. And he brought everything we had right down here, where it would be safe. Smart chap, Fellows."

"Did Fellows take your jewels—and things?" inquired the chief, with a slight smile. "I—I didn't know."

"Why, yes," replied the other. But the chief stopped him.

"Mr. Mickle," he returned with a twinkle in his eye, as he fingered a yellow telegram, "that Biff Donovan, you know, the leader of the gang—which one of them was he, do you know."

"To be sure," returned Mickle; "Peters told me all about him. He was the big burly chap they say you three saw in Roger's dive——" The chief shook his head.

"You're way off," he returned. "That wasn't Biff Donovan."

"No?" exclaimed the other, "which one was he, then?" The chief smiled. "Oh, nobody in particular," he answered, "only Andy Fellows, the new man of the Bakers' Dozen—that's all."

"W—what!" gasped Mickle growing pale.

"Exactly," concluded the chief politely, "and the slickest burglar in three states, at that."

"W—what!" gasped the millionaire again, "and—and has he—gone?"

The chief smiled once more and shrugged his shoulders. It was such a superfluous question that it required no answer.

$13. 50 Suits Now $6.98.

It's a big saving, all new clothing, and on sale for the first time tomorrow.
M. S. BURROWS.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

Tomorrow, the Big Day for Shoes and Rubbers

Everytning in Winter Footwear is here. We sell first-quality Rubbers at lowest prices.

Extended to Sorosis Patrons.

A new plan for Gift-making.

SOROSIS TRADE MARK

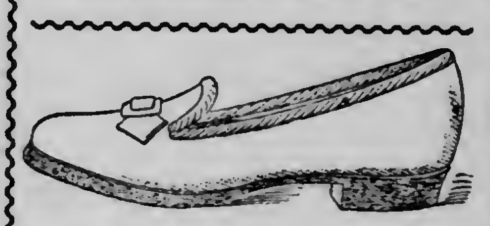
We issue a Sorosis Certificate for $3.50, which will be honored on presentation at our store or any store where Sorosis Shoes are sold in any city of the United States. Isn't this an ideal plan? Saves exchange, annoyance of misfits, and that of choosing for another. To such recipients no souvenir can be more serviceable and more pleasing or of more benefit than a pair of Sorosis Shoes or Slippers. For further particulars call at the store.

Sorosis Shoes in every style, every leather, for all kinds of wear, full stock—price always............... $3.50

SPECIAL RUBBER BARGAINS.

Men's $1.25 and $1.50 Hood's Arctics, heavy or light—special	98c
Ladies' Storm Alaskas—new style	69c
Ladies' coin toe, storm Alaskas, take them at	25c
Men's new style Rubbers—special at	50c
Men's $1.50 rolled edge Arctics	$1.25
Ladies' 50c Storm Rubbers	39c
Children's Arctics or Alaskas	49c
Misses' Arctics—special	59c

Men's Felt Shoes and Curling Shoes, $2, $2.50 and $3.

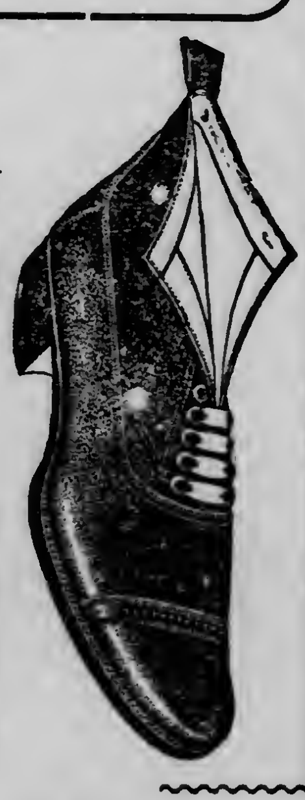


Felt Shoes and Slippers.

Ladies' Felt Shoes—leather soles	98c
Ladies' Felt Shoes good felt soles	$1.50
Ladies' leather sole slippers at	75c
Ladies' Felt Slippers—at	49c
Ladies' Lamb's Wool Soles	15c

Ladies' and Children's Leggings. Boys' leather and canvas Leggings.

Wauk-Easy $3.00 shoe—a perfect fitting shoe—**$3.00**



Men's Stylish Shoes $2.50 $3.50 $4.00 $5.00

Boys' Shoe Pacs—$1.50 and $1.25
High-cut Shoe Pacs—$1.50 and $1.75
German Socks and Rubbers with leather tops for men and boys.

An Interesting Game with every pair of Children's Shoes or Overshoes.

WIELAND'S

123 West Superior Street.

Holiday Books and other articles, of all descriptions, suitable for **Christmas Presents.** Come and see what we have to offer you before making your purchases.

Lundberg & Stone,

Booksellers and Stationers. 221 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,
Both 'Phones. Finest line of Cigars and Tobaccos in Duluth.

Wonderful Fall Weather.

Philadelphia Ledger: The enjoyment of this wonderful season, wherein summer has been prolonged almost to the meeting with winter, has been tempered by the constant thought that it could not last. The frost was due weeks ago, yet it has made only tenative appearances. Our Indian summer had but little marked separation from the real summer, and has extended nearly to Thanksgiving day. The grass in the squares has not lost its summer green, and in the country stray violets are to be seen, and an occasional buttercup in company with the asters. Strawberries are said to have ripened in Massachusetts, and migratory birds have delayed their passage South. At any moment all this may be changed to biting winter, but it has been an unspeakable boon to those who have not known where to get fuel to keep out of the cold. It has seemed like one of kind nature's compensations.

A Matter of Choice.

New York World: There's one thing about the tobacco trust. Nobody has to pay tribute to it unless he wants to.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Joseph Colt for the repair of frame building on lot 289, block 49, Rice's point, $3.00.

Ed Benson, frame building on the south side of Michigan street between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenue West, on lot 3, block 3, Helm addition, $750.

T. Musbaum, a brick store and hotel building costing $12,500 on south side of Superior street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues West, on lot 114, block 4, Third division.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

WYMAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Wyman, at 326 East Ninth street.

Undertaking and Embalming
Lagest Stock o Unlertaking Goods in the Northwest
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1th Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

APPLY SATIN-SKIN CREAM LIGHTly, then use Satin-Skin Powder. Result, a lovely satin-skin complexion. 25c.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!

Of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.

A full line of Lumbermen's supplies, and Children's and Youths' Clothing.

THE MINNESOTA CLOTHING CO.

bought of the Railroad company a $15,000 damaged stock. It will be sold at very low prices, some goods are not even damage and will be sold at the same price. Ladies and Gentlemen step in and examine the goods and prices and it wil convince you to buy. * * * * *

There is not a man in Duluth who can afford to miss this sale.

There is not a man in Duluth who can afford to miss this sale when such astonishing low prices for this high grade clothing is known. Some goods will almost be given away, and the early buyers will get the pick of the stock. We mean what we say, to come early and get your share of the bargains. Remember a $15,000 stock of merchandise to pick from.

This sale commences Saturday, Dec. 6, 1902, at 9 a. m.

—AT—

No. 30 E. Sup. St

Corner First Avenue East, Duluth, Minn.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. Father Giraux was in Duluth on Tuesday.

Mrs. Nevers left for her home at Willow River on Thursday, after spending two weeks in Cloquet, the guest of Mrs. Faust.

O. K. Oswald was a Duluth visitor on Wednesday.

F. P. Stevenson returned yesterday from Duluth, where he had gone to attend the funeral of a friend.

Mrs. Fornand transacted business in Carlton this week.

William Dunlap, of Scanlon, was a Cloquet business caller yesterday.

Joe Prevost and Norman Dea left yesterday for Stony Brook, where they will spend the winter.

Mr. J. Rabideaux went to Duluth on a business trip this week.

The Ladies' Catholic Guild met with Mrs. Joseph Loisel this week.

Gust Almquist and Hy Zimmerman returned from hunting yesterday and brought all the deer the law would allow them.

Mrs. T. Melville and daughter Jennie were Duluth visitors yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Gustafson were Duluth callers Thursday.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Laubbor on Wednesday.

W. H. Greenhagen, of St. Anthony Park, was among the business callers in the city this week.

Rev. H. C. Coolbaugh was in Duluth on Wednesday.

Mrs. Humes is on the sick list.

Dan Cameron, cruiser for the Northern Lumber Co., returned from a trip on the range this week.

Johnnie Shack and family have moved on their farm, about two miles from the city, which Mr. Shack purchased some time ago.

Among the arrivals on the afternoon train were Mrs. E. M. Rogers, of Scanlon; J. A. Wallace and D. C. Anderson, of Carlton, and William Russel, of the firm of Gamble Robinson-Seldon Co., of Duluth.

Miss Fee Young entertained a number of her young friends at her home on Third street Wednesday evening. A most enjoyable evening was spent.

ENDORSED.

Commissioner Sargent Says Point Loma School Is All Right.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Commissioner General Sargent of the immigration bureau has filed with Secretary Shaw his report on the question of admitting to the United States the eleven Cuban children who are now being detained in New York, pending the settlement of the question of the financial responsibility and general character of the theosophist institution known as the Universal Brotherhood school at Point Loma, Cal., to which the children were en route when stopped at New York. The report, which is based upon the personal inspection of Mr. Sargent, is an unqualified endorsement of the school, both as to its financial standing and general character. It will not be made public, however, until next Saturday, when Secretary Shaw will give a hearing to the parties interested.

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. For piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases De Witt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Max Wirth.

Public Opinion

is the strongest factor in the minds of the American people. That is the reason Brockton Shoes enjoy such large sales. Those who have worn them endorse them, then others buy them. Then, too, every pair is **Guaranteed**

$2.50. Brockton Standards. $3.50.

BROCKTON SHOE COMPANY,

311 West Superior Street.

WOULD BE ACTRESS

Dorothy Weston, Young and Rich, Will Sing In Chorus.

Says Money Is Not All There Is For Her.

Is of Age and Snaps Her Fingers at Guardians.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—A pretty girl sat on the edge of a sofa in a Ryan hotel parlor yesterday and snapped her pink finger and thumb.

"That for my guardian and my money. I am going to work."

Miss Dorothy Weston is a St. Louis heiress and society belle, who will join a theatrical company next Sunday in St. Paul. She is worth $300,000 in her own right, pretty as a picture and looked as though she was quite capable of snapping her rosy fingers in anybody's face.

"I know I'm rich," said Miss Weston, "but money—well it don't amount to that"——and she puckered her lips in a "poof."

"I want a name," continued Miss Weston, in a sweet contralto voice and she drew herself up to her full height of sixty-one inches.

"It is no fault of mine that I am wealthy—my grandfather is responsible for that, for he, dear man, left me a fortune so large that I will never be able to spend it all. But all this money does not bring me the happiness I seek and since my graduation from a convent school I have been miserable, and all because I have been unable to carry into execution my one long-cherished plan—to go on the stage.

"But my hopes are now about to be realized, for Sunday, when the 'Storks' opens its engagement at the 'Met' Dorothy Weston will appear before the footlights as a chorus girl."

Then Miss Weston blushed and pushed back her wavy chestnut hair, which fell in clusters about her forehead. Her dark blue eyes sparkled with the joy of anticipated success.

"But as much as I wish for my first appearance as a 'show girl,' do you know I dread that first appearance," confidentially declared the heiress-chorus girl. "But Mr. Marks—he's our manager—says that I won't mind it one bit when the time comes.

"Oh, no, I haven't a million, only $312,000, and it is invested so I guess a little girl can live comfortably on the income, and besides save a few pennies, so, although I'll draw a salary it is to be given to charity or to help my fellow chorus girls when in distress.

"Only $18. That is all. But Mr. Marks says that is big money for a beginner. Anyway, I don't care for the salary. I would work for nothing if obliged to in order to get started in the profession.

"No, I have no ambition to become an actress of great renown. All I want is to be a famous soubrette like Edna May. Then I will be contented.

"Stay in the chorus! Well I should say not. Now, if you won't laugh at me I will tell you of my plans. This year I will be a plain 'show girl.' Next season I will be a star. And what's more, Miss Dorothy Weston will own her own company. Some of that $312,000 will go into scenery and costumes—well, if it don't come out again I'll have experience as compensation."

Miss Weston has just passed her eighteenth birthday and would have joined the Storks last September had not her guardian, James Crunden, of St. Louis, objected. She had at that time secured an engagement, but Manager Mack refused to accept her until she received Mr. Crunden's consent. This the guardian refused to give. Nov. 15 Miss Weston became of age and at once again opened negotiations with Mr. Mack to secure a place in the chorus of the "Storks." Sunday she received word to join the company in St. Paul and on Monday morning left St. Louis. At Chicago she was met by an attorney representing Guardian Crunden, who tried to persuade Miss Weston to return to St. Louis. He even threatened the police, but his threats proved of no avail, as the little woman sweetly but firmly proclaimed that she was 18 and was therefore her "own boss."

Miss Weston is the granddaughter of the late Charles Weston, a wealthy St. Louis real estate man. Her mother and father died when Dorothy was an infant and the child was cared for by her grand-parent.

She was educated at the Visitation convent, St. Louis, from which institution she graduated last June.

"While at the convent," said Miss Weston, "I studied music, vocal and instrumental, also a little dramatic art. We had recitals and theatricals occasionally, and I always took part. It was great fun. Gradually I began to love the work and then that love grew into a passion.

"I know that I will do well. I can't help but succeed and before long you will hear of Dorothy Weston as the most famous soubrette in the whole world.

"But the sisters at the convent won't like it. They thought I was going to become a nun. Poor dears. I am sorry to disappoint them, but I must. I want to be a soubrette, and I am going to.'

Miss Weston will remain at the Ryan until the "Storks" concludes its engagement in St. Paul. She is now busy rehearsing the songs and chorus which she will sing. Accompanying Miss Weston is a maid, who accompanied her from St. Louis.

Manager Mack refused to talk about the affair. "She's going to join the show and she's of age. That's all I know about it," he said.

SAVED AT GRAVE'S BRINK

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbrash, Stomach and Bowel Dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters and a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Abbett's drug store.

Digests all classes of food, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs. Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Stomach Troubles and makes rich blood, health and strength. Max Wirth.

VERY HARD ON HEROES

England's Cool Welcome to Soldiers From South Africa.

Tommy Atkins Is Now Sorry He Went to Fight.

Shoved to the Rear When Applying For a Job.

London, Dec. 5.—Who would be a British soldier? There are many thousands of young men in the land who were wild to wear the red coat when the war against Paul Kruger was begun. They laid siege to the recruiting officers, bribed the recruiting sergeants with hard-earned gold, pulled every wire in order to be admitted to the ranks of the "50,000 horse and foot," and wept bitter tears of disappointment when they were told that they were not wanted, that the list of heroes was complete and that the high estate of the common soldier was but for the favored few. The lucky ones went gayly off to war with bands playing, colors flying, crowds cheering and sweethearts trotting devotedly alongside each regiment to the very gangplanks of the troopships. And now the last of the victorious heroes has come back to the home which sent him away with a perfect tornado of huzzahs. What does he find? Cheers and sandwiches and silver flung by the handfuls? No such thing. The mob in the streets scarcely turns its head to view the returning fighters. The Guards, the pets of London, the darling of every nursery, the pride of every park promenade, came home the other day. They certainly expected to be received in a maelstrom of metropolitan delight, but they were disappointed. London has forgotten the war, forgotten its erstwhile heroes, forgotten the very Guard who went out with so much glory three years ago.

In the place of the absentees has sprung up a new set of Guards, identical in stature, figure, color and swagger. The London nursemaid would have none of these ready-made substitutes when they were first foisted upon her by an indiscriminating war office, but gradually, when month after month the real, tried soldier boy at the front failed to make an appearance, she began to console herself with the new love and paid as cheerfully for the privilege of walking out with him and "stood him drinks" with the same alacrity that she displayed in antebellum days. So, now the Guardsman heroes of the Grenadiers, the Coldstreams, the Scots and the Irishmen come home and find their once doting London turning a cold shoulder to their war worn appearance. They are still in the khaki of the veldt, dirty, rough, unkempt, and everything but "smart." On the other hand, in the barracks which were once theirs they now find new regiments, dressed in the finery of home staying guards, while the real heroes are forced to house in temporary barracks on the outskirts of Aldershot. To make matters worse, the nursemaids continue to throng at the barrack gates in town, waiting for the men in red to come out and be treated to drink, whereas for the man from the front there are merely strange looks as if to say: "Well, you did well enough at the front, but you are too dirty and unkempt for the polite society of Hyde Park."

Worse and worse, however, is the refusal of many London saloon and restaurant keepers to serve soldiers in uniform. Even some theatrical managers have been found to object to the presence of a common soldier in their best seats, a form of snobbishness and stupidity which is much resented, not only by all classes and ranks of soldiers, but by many thinking civilians as well. Better-class houses refuse to serve drink or refreshment to a soldier, with the result that he naturally goes to public houses of a lower grade and where he will find companions on a par with the reputation of the house. This is, indeed, a serious matter, for the mere fact that soldiers are thus publicly degraded has caused a serious drop in recruiting. Many a young man imbued with military fervor thinks twice before placing himself in a position where he will be subjected to constant insult and humiliation solely on account of the uniform he wears.

The matter is engaging the attention of the authorities, who are much perplexed at the difficuty in obtaining suitable soldiers from the proper walks of life. The end of the war, the unpopularity of the service, the disappearance of the jingo and the discrimination against the redcoat by public house keepers have brought about a state of affairs for which the war office is for once not responsible, but which will have a most detrimental effect upon the service. I suppose Mr. Broderick will, as usual, grapple with the situation by ordering a new stripe on someone's trouser legs or an additional buttonhole in the tunic of the army service corps. The Brodericklan motto seems to be, "When in doubt, tinker with the army's coats."

All the morning and afternoon of yesterday men went down Buckingham street, off the Strand, to see what hope the National Association for the Employment of Reservists and Discharged Soldiers could afford them. They strolled and stood about in knots and groups discussing the hopelessness of the situation and talking vaguely of a public demonstration. "There must be 1500 or 1600 of us wanting work," said one. The others assented, and one added that it was a good basis for a procession and mass meeting. But when the commissaire of the association came out and reminded them gently that they were blocking the pavement, they stepped into the gutter promptly enough. Obedience to authority cannot be shed with the king's uniform in a day or two.

But the state of the reservists is still serious enough, and a reflection upon the country that sent them to war. Employers fight shy of them or offer them less wages because they are ex-soldiers.

"I went to a place yesterday," said a stalwart married man, "which was said to be a 30-bob job. The gentleman said, 'It'll be a guinea,' and I said I would take it, being fair sick of hanging about here. But after he had seen about forty of us he took one—a man who had been a dairyman— and started him at 28. He hadn't been a soldier —that was his qualification."

"Once a soldier always a soldier," was the comment of a comrade on this. "I'd never have joined the colors if I knew this would be the end of it," said another. "Me and another chap were sent on Friday night down to Fulham after a job from here, and 't turned out they wanted a lad at lad's pay."

The talk of a Hyde Park demonstration is grawing and finding favor with the reservists. But they are cautious to a degree lest they should offend the authorities. Beyond all, most have a lurking hope that the fate of the general body of reservists will not be theirs, and that something will turn up for them. The spirit of Micawber still survives in the army and out of it.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

The Cromwell K. N. & F. Suit

Copyright 1902 By Kuh, Nathan & Fischer Co.

PERFECT fitting collars and graceful shoulders are features of K. N. & F. clothing. K. N. & F. suits or overcoats are as satisfactory in every respect as made-to-order ones for which you must pay twice the amount. You may procure them at leading dealers everywhere.

KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO.
Chicago.

K. N. & F. Co.

Our Winter Stock of Men's Underwear Cannot Be Excelled in the City for Quality, and no Store Sells for less money

Overcoat Hunters—

ATTENTION!

IS QUALITY a factor in your choice of an Overcoat? Does its fit and finish interest you? If you are interested in these clothing essentials you'll come here for your coat. Nowhere are handsomer ones or better fitting; Nowhere are prices more fair. We have them at—

$8.50 to $35.00

Excellent Overcoats at....$10.00
Handsome Overcoats at $15.00
Elegant Overcoats at........$25.00
Superb Overcoats at..........$35.00

All the Latest Novelties in Gloves, Scarfs, Mufflers, Shirts, Etc.

Warm Wearables for the Little Folks.

Jack Frost is here and will be with us for some time, but we were expecting him and have provided a fine stock of clothing for the little fellows as well as their papas.

We can furnish your boys complete from **Head to Feet** and do it better and cheaper than any other store.

C. W. ERICSON

Reliable Clothier. 219 W. Superior St.

AN ISSUE

Before Legislature Will Be Resubmission of Gross Earnings Bill.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—Resubmission of the gross earnings bill will be one of the principal issues before the coming session of the legislature. It is believed that the governor will recommend it in his message and that it will be pushed as an administration measure.

The bill, which will make its appearance soon after the opening of the session, will be different from the one submitted to the people last election. Prominent administration members of the legislature are already conferring over its form.

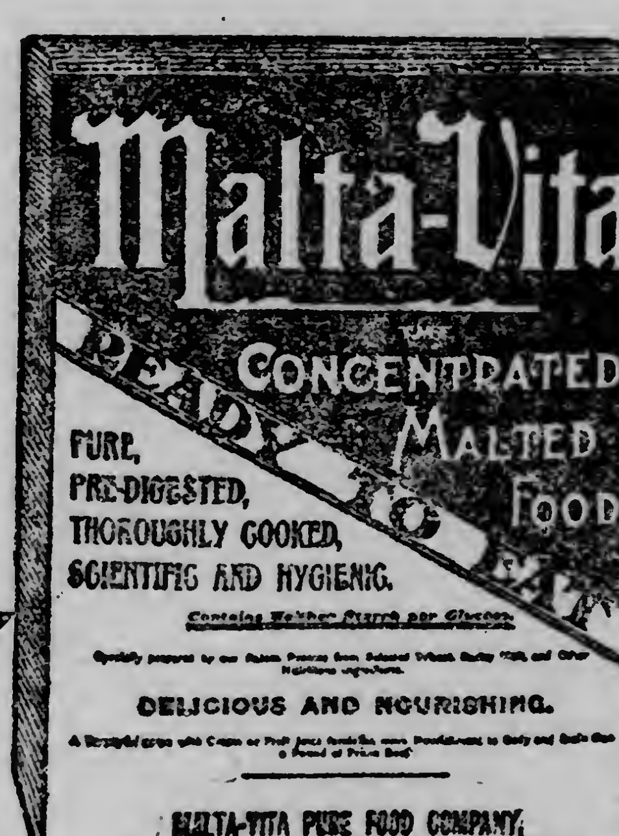
It is not likely that the system of assessing the gross earnings will be different. The mileage basis proposed in the law that failed is recognized as the only constitutional scheme, and it will have to be kept.

The change in the bill, however, will look toward providing more revenue. Disclosures made by the public examiner since the extra session have shown that the railroad companies have many items of income on which they pay no taxes at all. They make charges for various services which are not entered up as earnings from operation. They hold intangible property on which they not pay a gross earnings or any other kind of a tax. It is reported that examination of the books for the past six years shows $1,000,000 in taxes that the state might have collected, had all these items been listed as gross earnings. Some of them cannot be reached under the present law. Others, it is believed, can be, and amounts aggregating $1..,000 are said to be now in controversy with a fair prospect that the state will collect.

To reach these items in the future amendments will be made to the bill that failed, providing that the gross earnings corporations shall pay their tax on all income, whether it be derived from operation or not. With this provision it is believed that a 4 per cent law, even under the new mileage basis, will add a clean $500,000 to the state annual revenue.

A MILLION VOICES

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes—"It completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung trouble. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Abbett's Drug store.



Pure, Palatable, Popular.

Millions are Eating Malta-Vita.

Malta-Vita is the original and only *perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food,* and is manufactured under *letters patent.* Insist on getting **Malta-Vita,** the perfect food, manufactured by the

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD CO.,
Battle Creek, Michigan. Toronto, Canada.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

Overcoats!

An exceptionally strong and select variety of everything that is modish and novel in Overcoats,

embracing all the newest imported and domestic fabrics, by our combination of stores we are enabled to buy at the very lowest figures—that's how we can save you money on overcoats.

Prices $10 $15 $20 $25

Men's Winter Caps 50c, $1.00, $1.50.

GLOVES. MITTENS. UNDERWEAR.

STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

RUTH AND NAOMI

International Sunday School Lesson For December 7, 1902.

Ruth 1:16-22. "And Ruth said, Intreat me not to leave thee, and to return from following after thee: for whither thou goest, I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge: thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God: where thou diest, I will die, and there will I be buried. The Lord do so to me, and more also, if aught but death part me and thee. And when she saw that she was steadfastly minded to go with her, she left speaking unto her. So the two went until they came to Bethlehem. And it came to pass, when they were come to Bethlehem, that all the city was moved about them, and the women said, Is this Naomi? And she said unto them, Call me not Naomi, call me Mara: for the Almighty hath dealt very bitterly with me. I went out full, and the Lord hath brought me home again empty: why call ye me Naomi, seeing the Lord hath testified against me, and the Almighty hath afflicted me? So Naomi returned, and Ruth the Moabitess, her daughter-in-law, with her, which returned out of the country of Moab: and they came to Bethlehem in the beginning of barley harvest."

Golden text: "Be kindly affectioned one to another." Romans 12:10.

TO THE FIELD OF MOAB.

The historical atmosphere through which one passes in studying the book of Judges is rather gloomy and depressing when it is not enlivened by the story of stirring scenes of war. The trials of the Israelites were numerous and severe during all this unsettled period. Invader after invader left a trail of desolation in his track. The warfare of the time was very primitive, it was scarcely more than murder encounters between various roaming tribes and the Hebrews who had chosen settled homes in Canaan; but it was utterly discouraging to the Hebrew people. From reading the book of judges, one might easily come to think that the people did nothing but sin against God, suffer bitter consequences, repent, and then start in all over again on the same round of experience. But the book of Ruth serves as a sort of window to the structure, and through it one looks out on a bit of real Hebrew landscape of the time and sees what was transpiring when the people were not at war.

The scene is in the region about Bethlehem, which has so much of sacred story that lends it charm for the Christian. It was not in a time of plenty, when the fields and vineyards smiled back their abundance as a reward to the husbandman: but a famine was upon the land. The people had to contend with the adversities of nature as well as against the arms of the Canaanites and Midianites. One family, Elimelech, his wife and two boys, struggled along through the months of famine, bravely fighting against the wolf of starvation until they saw him, gaunt and cruel, turn his teeth upon them as if to take away their very lives. Then Elimelech arose, with his family, and went over into Moab, where the rich fields had not failed to bring forth their produce.

In Moab they lived for a time. Then sadness settled with a pall upon the family, for Elimelech died, then his two sons married daughters of the land and soon after died: so there were three widows left to mourn the loss of husbands and to comfort one another in their lonely sorrow. By this time ten years had passed since Elimelech led his family to the strange land. Now that the three men were dead, there was no means of protection and care left in Moab for Naomi and her daughters-in-law. The latter might have gone back to their parental homes, but Naomi realized at once that her only hope was in a return to Judah. Woman's lot was very different then from what it is now, and she could not live respectably apart from her husband's roof or the roof and protection of some proper person of kin. The chief beauty of the book of Ruth lies in the pathos attendant upon Naomi't breaking the ties formed in Moab to go back to Bethlehem and assume again the old life of her Hebrew parentage.

BACK TO CANAAN.

Nothing can add to the beauty of the simple story of Naomi's attempt to break away from her two daughters-in-law. They both started to go with her to Judah, and proceeded to some place on the way where a pause for rest, or some other incident, brought up what must have been an oft-discussed point during the days when they were trying to settle just what they should all do, viz., Should Orpah and Ruth return to Moab or proceed to Judah. Naomi, distrustful of her own future ability to do anything for the two young women, urged them both to go back to their native homes. They kissed, as if to part, but the ties of affection had become too strong and the young women avowed their firm determination to share the lot of Naomi, be that what it might. Once more, the mother-in-law, fond as she was of her daughters-in-law, urged them with strong emotion and sound reason to leave her and abide in Moab. Orpah kissed Maomi and turned her face toward her father's house, but Ruth clave unto her.

There is no reason to condemn Orpah for her decision; it was, from every standpoint of sound judgment, the wise course for her to pursue. The question of religion was only concerned in the decision. It was primarily a question as to whether personal devotion to Naomi should prevail over loyalty to the people of her fathers. It might be doubted whether or not she would have worshipped Jehovah even if she had gone across Jordan.

Ruth's course was determined by her love for the mother of her deceased husband. She could not bear the thought of their separation. Her avowal of this devotion was expressed in the most solemn terms. At the cost of renouncing her home and people and religion, she declared that she would cling to Naomi and follow her into whatever lot she should come, adopting her home, country and religion, and not permitting anything short of death to terminate the bond. It was a noble declaration of friendship and stands in the same class as the friendships of Damon and Pythias and of David and Jonathan. From Naomi's sympathetic heart came the ready response of appreciative love, and the two women left Moab behind and faced towards their future home and the smiling fields about Bethlehem, which they reached at the beginning of barley harvest.

When one has gone away from home to seek better fortunes, it is a trying experience for him to return, if he has failed. Old friends who have remained at home and kept what they had, even if they have added nothing to it, will be ready to insinuate unpleasant suggestions about knowing when one is well off; and many a taunt will wound the sensative soul of the despoiled wanderer. Many a person has preferred to starve in a strange land rather than seek the plenty of his native place after his own adventurous schemes have come to nought. Naomi must, according, have had much trepidation about going back to her husband's kindred. Would they not remind her that if Elimelech had but stayed at home, all might have been much better? In reading the story one would like to know what were the things which the women and men of Bethlehem actually said about the two women as they asked, Is this Naomi? Were their remarks disparaging? Hardly, for if they had been, Naomi would not likely have spoken in such terms of self-depreciation. It is not human nature to second the derogatory things others say of us. At such times we are apt to be self-assertive; but, when others treat us better than we had expected, our tongues are swift to multiply words expressing our our unworthiness. The chances are that Naomi and Ruth found themselves pleasantly received, and though they had to struggle against poverty for a living, yet there were friends to cheer them, and all the people who knew their sad lot doubtless treated them with a kindly consideration.

This story is very suggestive to the believer in Christ who has been led away from the Christian's native atmosphere of communion with God and finds himself there in spiritual poverty and loneliness. The path that leads to the home of God's people is the only way of sure spiritual prosperity for him to take. How many there are who have wandered away from their true heritage and have been hesitant about coming back! Their hearts have yearned for the delights of Christian fellowship and for the consciousness of God's approval, but they have been afraid of the censure of their old friends. To all such persons Christ gives the assurance of the parables of the lost sheep and of the prodigal son, that the welcome of the Heavenly Father and Good Shepherd awaits the return of every wanderer: and surely the people of God will always have a warm welcome for those to whom God gives abundant entrance into his kingdom.

FRIENDSHIPS THAT LEAD TO GOD.

Friendships always tell on character. They lead to God or away from him. Their influence is righteous or evil, defiling or purifying, debasing or ennobling. The writer now has before his immediate attention the case of a friendship between two young men which is detrimental to both of them. They seem to emulate each other in making sots of themselves. Their friends are unanimous in the opinion that the only thing that will save them will be to separate them. How dreadful it is to say that friendships may curse and even damn us! But nothing is truer. Only the other day a young naval officer came near the verge of committing a court-martial offense, because infatuation with a supposed friend kept him from his post of duty. Actual friends rescued him from his peril and almost by sheer physical force restored him to duty and to honor.

Ruth chose the friendship of Naomi in preference to Moabite friendships she might have formed. That choice resulted in the added choice of Jehovah as her God, because her love for Naomi led her to worship Naomi's God. How beautiful it is when our human loves and friendships lead us to God, the "friend that sticketh closer than a brother." Such friendships are of eternal worth. Some people seek to form and cultivate friendships that will advance them socially or financially, but those friendships that make one better are a thousandfold more valuable, even as the riches of heaven are more to be sought than the treasures of earth.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Only 35? You look at least 60. Restore color to your gray hair. Why not? J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

St. Paul-Minneapolis, Via Northwestern Line.

Account Buttermakers' convention the Northwestern line will sell round trip tickets to the twin cities at the low rate of $4.30. Tickets on sale Dec. 6 to 11, good returning until Dec. 13th. Take the Twilight Limited via the Northwestern Line, leaving Duluth daily, 4 p. m. Secure tickets at 405 West Superior street, or Omaha depot.

SKIN TORTURES
And all Forms of Itching Scaly Humours Instantly Relieved and Speedily
CURED BY CUTICURA.

Complete Treatment ($1), consists of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply humours, when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening the hands, for baby itchings and rashes, in baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which suggest themselves to women, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. In screw-cap vials, containing 60 doses, price 25c.

Sold throughout the world. SOAP, 25c., OINTMENT, 50c., PILLS, 25c. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

CONTRACT AWARDED

By Canadian Niagara Power Company to Get More Power.

Greatest Turbines Ever Used In Developing Water Power.

Equal to Force of an Army of 100,000 Men.

Niagara Falls, Dec. 5.—The Canadian Niagara Power company has just awarded a contract for three of the greatest turbines ever used in the development of a water power. Each unit will have an output capacity of 10,000 horse-power, or twice the amount of force developed by the mighty turbines in the two wheel-pits of the Niagara Falls Power company on the New York side at Niagara.

It is estimated that an able-bodied laborer is capable of the work of one-tenth of a horse power for eight hours a day. Accepting this as a fact, it will be seen that the new turbines will be able to develop the force of an army of 100,000 men, and this not only for eight hours, but constantly for twenty-four hours a day. The present-day visitor to Canadian Niagara must stand amazed at the enterprises in progress there. Two great power projects are being rushed to completion. Hundreds of men are toiling night and day in order that part of the power of the famous old Horseshoe Falls may be developed for the use of man.

The two projects contemplate the development of several hundred thousand horse power, and the flow of the river will be diminished to the extent the water is diverted. The hope is that the beauty of the cataract will remain unimpaired.

The Canadian Niagara Power company has sunk a deep wheel-pit in Victoria Free Park, only a short distance back from the brink of the Horseshoe. This pit is now more than 100 feet deep, and when finished it will have pierced the rocks of the Dominion 170 feet. It will be 480 feet long and 21 feet wide.

From the wheel-pit to the lower river a tunnel 2200 feet long has been driven through solid rock 170 or more feet below the surface of the earth. This tunnel is 25 feet high and 18 feet wide, four feet higher than the tunnel on the American side, and when the installation of the wheel-pit is in full operation, the stream of water that will rush through the tunnel will be double the quantity carried by many rivers on which boats ply with the commerce of their localities.

The big power tunnel on the New York side is nearly 7500 feet long, and it is lined with brick from end to end. It was proposed to line the Canadian tunnel in a similar manner, but the prevailing brick famine has forced the adoption of concrete for a portion of the lining. In this way over 3,000,000 brick will be saved, but 20,000 barrels of cement will be used in making the concrete mixture. In the arch of the tunnel more than 1,250,000 brick will be used.

This seems a large number of brick to bury underground. It is like returning earth to earth, but it is interesting to note that in the bog work on the New York side more than 20,000,000 brick are forever buried, together with thousands upon thousands of barrels of cement.

Great interest is manifested by scientists and others in a remarkable condition that has been developed at Canadian Niagara through the construction of an immense wing dam by the Ontario Power company, another concern that has secured power development rights in Victoria Free Park.

This wing dam is a fine piece of work. It extends out into and down the river from a point on the mainland a distance of about 800 feet, and it drives all the water that once flowed about the shores of the pretty Dufferin islands far out into the deeper channels.

Thus it has made the river bed for a vast area dry, and the rock spectacle is wonderful. For the first time since white man has known of the existence of the falls of Niagara he is able to inspect a large portion of the river bed. When the water was first diverted the barren rocks were crowded with relic hunters, who searched about the bed, in the potholes, the crevices and all depressions for strange things that the river in its flow had deposited there. Many were rewarded with such things as old army buttons, swords, guns, etc., which apparently had been dropped into the stream years ago when the Niagara border was the scene of warfare.

The Ontario Power company will erect a power station at the water's edge in the Gorge, close up to the base of the Horseshoe falls. Its water supply will be conducted through the boundaries of the park in pipes eighteen feet in diameter and sent down to the wheels in the power house through many penstocks.

This building will be the closest footprint made by industry upon the cataract of Niagara, and may be looked upon as significant of the probability that in time scenic Niagara will entirely be supplanted by industrial Niagara.

TOO MUCH JOHNSON GRASS

Louisiana Farmers Want Congress to Help Them.

New Orleans, Dec. 5.—Congress was asked at its last session to make an appropriation to be used in getting rid of the water hyacinth in the streams of Louisiana and it voted the money. At this session it will be asked to make another appropriation to assist the farmers in fighting an invasion of Johnson grass.

While the water hyacinth is damming up the streams the grass is at work in the fields, crowdig out the rice and corn crops. Johnson grass comes from the far West, brought by the railroads, it is said, and, once acclimated, it has thriven better here than in its birthplace. In the West the plant is killed annually by frost, but in Southern Louisiana there is little or no frost to keep it down.

For the past two years the sugar planters have been complaining of the damage done by it. The efforts to get rid of it by ordinary means having failed, the legislature was appealed to for relief.

The head of this movement was William Polk, a member of the legislature from Rapides, who introduced a bill declaring that the grass was being scattered over the entire state by the railroads and, therefore, requiring them to keep all grass along their lines cut down as on a lawn. This measure, it was insisted, would prevent the grass from going to seed, as it now does, and thus retard, if not prevent, its spread.

The railroads bitterly opposed the act, pointing out that it would require them to keep thousands of lawnmowers constantly at work and would subject them to a great and burdensome expense. It was also declared that there was no proof that the grass could not be got rid of by the farmers themselves if they went about it in the right way. The bill was defeated.

But, although defeated in the legislature, the campaign against the troublesome grass is not ended. Mr. Polk became very popular among the farmers through his efforts in their behalf and was a strong candidate for congress. He made Johnson grass one of the issues of the campaign, and since he was defeated the issue has been abandoned. Now congress will be appealed to.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

TOOK TWELVE YEARS

Lafayette, Ind., Dec. 5.—"The Fiancee," a new carnation, which Fred Dorner, Jr., is said to have sold for $15,000 to a Chicago company, is a result of nearly 12 years of experiments by Mr. Dorner. The variety was on public exhibition for the first time at the Chicago Flower show, and it won prizes offered by the show by different floral societies, and also the sweepstake prize.

The judges who passed on the Dorner carnation, as well as the others, were: Prof. A. Cowell, of the Buffalo Botanical gardens; Emil Beuttner, of Chicago, and A. Herrington, of Madison, N. J.

"The Fiancee" has three unusual points—size, color and form. Its greatest value lies in its color. It is a bright rose pink, with no shading or streaks, as are common to pink carnations. The flowers are uncommonly large, growing from three and a half to four inches and a half inches in diameter, most of them being of the larger size.

The formation of the flowers is also unusual. The petals are broad and thick, gracefully spreading from the center to the edge.

Mr. Dorner says that when he undertook to produce a new variety of carnation he had no idea what color it would be. For the last experiment, which resulted in "The Fiancee," he crossed a light pink blossom with a dark pink. Many times before, he said, he undertook to raise such a flower, but failed.

Mr. Dorner is to raise all the cuttings possible from the new variety by June 30, next year, which he is to turn over to the Chicago Carnation company. At present there are 150 plants of the variety in the Dorner greenhouses, and from these it is estimated that 4500 cuttings can be made, to be increased to 50,000 or 60,000 the first year they are in the hands of the buyers.

Pure Vegetable Oils

These alone are used in Jap Rose; and glycerin is one-sixth of all of it. So pure that it's clear; you can read through it.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

Can anyone claim to know more about soap than Kirk? Jap Rose represents the best that we know. 'Tis the result of a life-time's experience.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list.
F

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING....
ELECTRIC LIGHT ....
Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.
Duluth General Electric Co.
Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 295

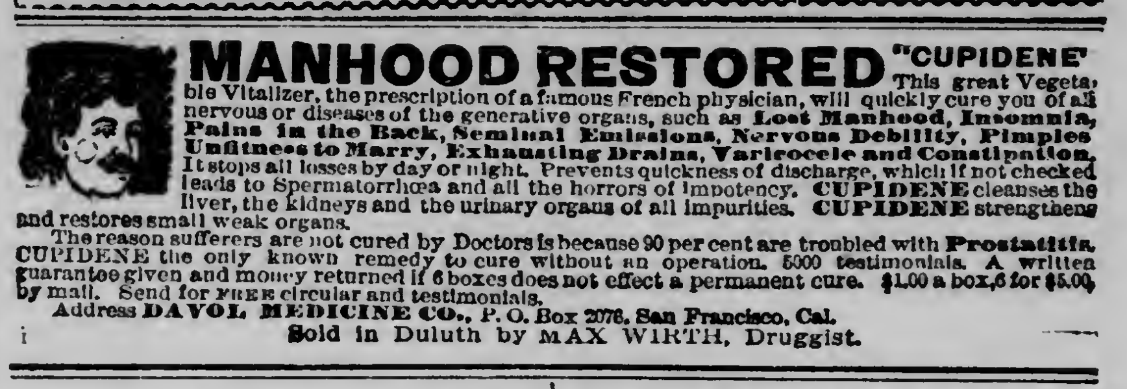
WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

A full set of the best artificial teeth.... $10

And no extra charge for extracting

Gold Crowns (22K)	$7.00
Porcelain Crowns	$5.00
Gold Fillings, up from	$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from	75c
Painless Extracting	50c

Zenith 'Phone 268. Open Sundays—10 to 12.
JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.


MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

...TO BE...
NOT "WELL DRESSED" BUT "BEST DRESSED"
costs no more effort than the looking for the Friend label in a garment's right hand inside pocket
FRIEND CLOTHING
has not a trace of the wholesale job-lot appearance usually associated with clothes that are "ready-to-wear."
Every garment has an individuality of its own, and a character that is not lost after the first week of wear.
Style, fit and finish find their best expression in these garments.
THE FRIEND GUARANTEED CLOTHING IS FOR SALE BY
KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY, DULUTH.

MARKET IS LOWER

Wheat Starts Lower, Advances and Then Recedes.

Grain Shippers May Continue a Few Days Longer.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and Prices a Cent Down.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 5.—Shippers placed 175,000 bus of wheat for Eastern shipment yesterday afternoon and today. An extension of the insurance rates of grain shipments to Monday at midnight with an advance of 25 per cent in the rate was secured and this will allow more cargoes to be shipped if the tonnage can be had. As Fort William is bidding 5 cents for tonnage and shippers here can only pay 3 cents the amount of tonnage available will not be large.

The wheat market started out slightly lower this morning, but soon sold up on firmer cables and small receipts. There was a slight reaction due to bearish Argentine advices, stating that the weather was favorable for harvesting, but the market turned firm again. It continued so until at the low points for the day. The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d lower and Paris unchanged to ¼c lower.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 571 cars, and at Chicago, 62, a total of 643 cars, against 2175 (two days) last week and 800 last year.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to decrease 300,000 bus this week.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was light. May opened ⅛c off at 74⅛c; sold up to 74⅜c at 10:15, at 74½c at 10:40, and at 74⅛@⅝c at 11:35. From there it slumped off to 74⅛c at 12:45 and closed at 74⅛c. This was a decline of ⅝c. December declined ⅝c. May in Chicago closed ⅜-½c off and December ¾c off. Minneapolis May closed ¾-⅞c off.

Cash prices were ¾c over December for No. 1 northern, 2c under No. 1 for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Sales were 200,-000 bus.

Flax trading was light and the market lower, declining 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c; No. 2 northern, 69¾c; No. 3 spring, 66¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c; December, 71c; May, 74⅛c; Macaroni, No. 1, 61c; No. 2, 59c. Oats, December, 31c; May, 31½c; on track, 31½c; to arrive, 31½c. Rye, May, 50c; on track, 48c; to arrive, $1.16¼; December, $1.16¼; May, $1.21; January, $1.16¾.

Cars Inspected—Wheat, 117; last year, 313; corn, 1; oats, 3; rye, 4; barley, 7; flax, 91.

Receipts—Wheat, 244,731; oats, 1536; rye, 867; barley, 42,214; flax, 99,542.

Shipments—Wheat, 407,071; rye, 15,282; barley, 225,200; flax, 52,205.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 4 cars	$0.73⅛
No. 1 hard, 1 cars	73
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	72⅛
No. 1 northern 29,183 bus	72
No. 1 northern, 39 cars	72
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	72⅛
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	72¼
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	72⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	71¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	71⅛
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	70½
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	70
No. 2 northern, 10,000 bus	70
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	70¼
Rejected, 2 cars	68½
Rejected, 2 cars	67⅞
Rejected, 2 cars	68
Rye, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	50
Barley, 1 car	52
Barley, 1 car	47½
Barley, 1 car	51
Flax, 17 cars, cash	1.16¼
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.17
Flax, 1000 bus, cash	1.17¼
Flax, 2500 bus, cash	1.16¼
Flax, 5000 bus, to arrive	1.16¼
Flax, 3 cars, rejected	1.12¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Sales Small With Prices Little Changed.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—There was little feature to trading in wheat today, the volume of business being small. Opening prices were about unchanged, firm cables and small receipts being offset by more favorable weather. Commission houses were the best buyers while locals sold. May opened a shade lower to ⅛@¼c higher at 75⅝@76c, but later an easier feeling developed on bearish Argentine advices stating the weather there was favorable for harvesting and the price dropped back to 75c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 571 cars, which with local receipts of 62 cars, none of contract grade made total receipts for the three points of 643 cars, against 2175 (two days) last week and 809 a year ago.

Weakness prevailed the latter part of the session, Argentine advices, which were bearish, causing some selling, and the close was near the bottom. May sold down to 75¼ and closed ⅜@½c lower at 75⅝c.

Corn opened firm on favorable cables, but there was nothing of special interest to the market, offerings being very light with a scattered demand. Receipts showed improvement in both quantity and quality, and this fact along with prospects of clearer weather induced considerable selling later in the session and the market became easier. May selling off to 43⅛@¼c after opening ⅛@¼c higher at 43½c. Local receipts were 139 cars, with 6 of contract grade.

Corn was dull and easier late in the day, and May closed unchanged at 43¼@⅜c.

Oats were extremely quiet and prices were about steady. A good cash demand was the only influence of any note and was mainly responsible for the steadiness of the market. May opened unchanged at 32½c, but sold off a trifle in sympathy with other grains. Local receipts were 18 cars.

There was a firm undertone in provisions, although the opening was a trifle easier on the liberal receipts of hogs at the yards. Trading was light and the only feature was a fair demand for pork which was wanted by commission houses. January pork was unchanged to 5c higher at $16.35@16.40 at the start, while lard was 2½c up at $9.82½, but ribs opened 2½c lower at $8.35.

Close: Wheat, December, 72⅜@½c; May, 75⅝c; July, 73@⅛c. Corn, December, 54⅝c; January, 41½c; May, 43⅛@⅜c; July, 42c. Oats, December, 30¾c; old, 29⅜@½c; May, 32c. Pork, January, $16.45; May, $15.32½. Lard, December, $10.55; January, $9.90; May, $9.02½. Ribs, January, $8.37½; May, $8.22½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.20; Southwestern, $1.14; December, $1.14; May, $1.20@1.21. Rye, December, 48c; May, 51c. Barley, cash, 38@60c. Timothy, January, $4.15. Clover, December, $10.85. Cash wheat, No. 2 red 74c; No. 3 red, 70@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 71½@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½c; No. 3 spring, 68@71c. Corn, No. 2, 55@½c; No. 3, 54½@55c. Oats, No. 2, 30½@31c; No. 3, 30@½c.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.
A. J. CUMMINGS,
Local Office — 306 West Superior St.
Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	71⅛B	72½	72⅞-73	79⅞B
High	71⅛	72¾	73⅜	80⅛
Low	71B	72¼	72⅜	80
Close	71B	72¼	72⅜-½	80⅛A
May—				
Open	74¼B	74½	75⅝-76	79⅝-¾
High	74⅜	74½	76	79⅝-⅝
Low	74⅛B	73⅞	75¼	79¼
Close	74⅛B	73¾-⅞	75⅝A	79⅜A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May	Pork. January.
Open	32½-32⅝	43½	$15.40
High	32½	43½	15.45
Low	32¼	43⅛	15.32
Close	32½	43¼-⅜	15.32

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 5.—Close: Wheat—December, 72½c; May, 73¾@⅞c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 5.—Wheat, spot, firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern, no stock; No. 1 California, 6s 7½d; futures, quiet; December, 5s 11½d; March, 5s 11⅝d; May, 5s 11⅝d. Corn, quiet; American mixed, 5s 4½d; futures, quiet; January, 4s 5⅜d; March, 4s 2⅝d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 209,000 centals, including 202,600 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 23,200 centals. Weather cold.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Cattle receipts, 4000, steady; good to prime steers, $5.90@7.50; poor to medium, $3.00@5.80; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.75; cows, $1.40@4.70; heifers, $2.00@5.65; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.75; calves, $3.50@7.00; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.75. Hogs receipts today, 23,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 8343; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.45; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.65; rough heavy, $5.95@6.35; light, $5.80@6.25; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.35. Sheep receipts, 14,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.24; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@3.75; Western sheep, $2.75@3.80; native lambs, $3.50@5.40. Official receipts yesterday—Cattle, 9477; hogs, 32,967; sheep, 12,116. Shipments—Cattle, 3274; hogs, 2866; sheep, 9198.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	29	@	30
Creamery, tubs	25	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Packing stock	15	@	16
EGGS.			
Fresh	23½		
Storage	22		
CHEESE			
Twins, full cream	13¼		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15		
Primos	7½		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	@	3 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	2 75	@	3 50
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 85
California pears	2 50		
Cranberries	8 50	@	9 00
Bananas	2 00	@	2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 50	@	4 75
Catawba grapes, basket	23	@	24
Dates, Ford, per box	1 60		
Sugar walnut dates	1 15		
Mexican oranges	4 00	@	4 50
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@	7 00
California oranges	3 50	@	3 75
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10		
Beets, bu	50		
Carrots, per bus	50		
Cabbage, per cwt	65		
Turnips, bushel	40		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 25		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	25		
Green onions, per dozen	65	@	75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per dozen	1 60		
Cauliflower, basket	2 25		
Mint, per dozen	30		
Radishes, per doz bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	43	@	45
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 25		
Red cabbage	75		
Pumpkins	1 25		
Squash	1 50		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	5		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	8½		
Geese	10		
Turkeys	12		
Ducks	12		
Spring chickens	11		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6		
Lamb	9		
Veal good	8		
Dressed beef	6½		8½
Hogs	7½	@	8½
Pork loins	9		
Pure lard	11¼		
Compound lard	7½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Butter, firmer; creameries, 18@29c; dairies, 17@24c. Eggs, steady, loss off, cases returned, 24c. Cheese, steady; twins, 11¼c; daisies, 11¾@12c; young Americas, 12½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 5.—Butter receipts, 4827 packages, steady; state dairy, 20@27c; creamery, extra, 29c; creamery, common to choice, 20@28c. Cheese receipts, 4935 packages, firm; fancy large new state full cream, colored and white, September, 13¾@¼c; colored, late made, 12¾c; white, 12¾@13c; small fancy, colored and white, September, 13¼@¼c; late made, 12¾@13c. Eggs receipts, 14,453 packages, firm; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 28@29c; Western poor to fancy graded, 20@27c.

IN MICHIGAN.

An Old Resident of Brimley Killed By a Train.

Brimley—James McGuire, an old resident of Brimley, was struck by a passenger train on the South Shore road and instantly killed. McGuire was crossing the track as the train was coming swiftly into the station and was struck and thrown a considerable distance, his back being broken in two places. The deceased was about 60 years of age and had resided in Brimley and Bay Mills for about thirty years.

Escanaba—An unknown man entered a fruit and confectionery store at Escanaba the other morning, and after purchasing goods to the amount of $5, tendered Thomas George, the proprietor, a cancelled check on the bank of D. Hammel & Son, of Gladstone, for $37. Mr. George is an Armenian, and not having been long in this country, is not familiar with our business methods. He cashed the check, giving his customer $32 in currency, but immediately took the document to a bank, where he was informed of its worthlessness. Chief Gabourla apprehended the fellow at the Stephenson dock as he was about to leave on the Lotus for Rapid River, and the money and goods were returned to Mr. George.

Menominee—John Henes, of Menominee, has purchased 2000 acres of cut-over lands in Ingallston township from the Menominee Abstract Land association. He bought these lands as a speculation, realizing that the development of sugar beet cultivation will mean much for the county and result in the increasing of land values. Most of the lands included in this tract are on the bay shore and are peculiarly adapted for sugar beet culture.

Sam H. Newman, the well-known horseman of Menominee, has the distinguished honor to own the largest horse in the United States today, if not in the whole world. The stallion Merton, now 3 years old, weighs 2500 pounds, and Mr. Newman has refused an offer of $8000 cash for his prize. This giant lives in a barn specially built for his accommodation by his owner at Algomah. Mr. Newman says the animal is in perfect health and without a blemish. He has been pestered with numerous offers from show men and exhibitors of one sort or another to permit the horse to be used for exhibition but purposes to keep him where he is for two more years at least. He expects to take the horse to Menominee in the spring for the purpose of showing him to the many local men who are customers of Mr. Newman.

Hallston—A bullet from a Mauser rifle nearly ended the life of John Lian, a Findlander, at Hallston, Alger county, and it is only pure luck that he is not now filling a grave. He and his chum were fooling with the rifle, which they supposed was unloaded, and they had snapped the hammer a number of times. Lian finally got behind the stove and, throwing his head from one side of the stove pipe to the other, told his chum to see if he could shoot off his ear. The chum raised the rifle, took a careful aim, and as Lian's head appeared at the proper point he pulled the trigger. He was astonished and horrified when Lian fell to the floor, as he supposed, dead. The bullet struck on the left cheek bone, took off the upper part of Lian's ear, plowed a furrow through the skull bone, came out back of the ear and then went through a window. The man was unconscious for half an hour. He was taken to Munising on a handcar and the wounds were dressed. The tissues were drawn together by twenty stitches. The doctor says the wound is not dangerous, but Lian will carry an ugly scar as long as he lives. If the bullet had struck him a half inch closer to the nose it would have killed him instantly.

COLD IN ENGLAND.

Gales and Seas Interfere With Channel Traffic.

London, Dec. 5.—Bitter cold weather continues to prevail throughout the United Kingdom. Gales and heavy seas interfere with the channel traffic, and there have been many minor casualties among the shipping. The fall of snow is general, including the channel islands, which is almost unprecedented. Londoners expect skating on Sunday. Similar conditions exist in the continent.

HETTY GREEN.

Has Made Another Good Deal in Stocks.

New York, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Hetty Green has added to her already large fortune the trifling amount of $1,500,000, according to Wall street gossip, by selling her large holdings of Louisville & Nashville at a figure between 140 and 150. She is credited with having bought it at 70. J. P. Morgan is said to have bought it at practically her own figures and at her request in order to avoid any possible trouble.

Mrs. Green's holdings consisted of a block of 20,000 shares.

AN IMMENSE SNOW SLIDE.

Baker City, Ore., Dec. 5.—A meagre report has just reached this city of an immense snow slide which occurred at Cornucopia last night. No details are obtainable save that two miners were killed and an immense amount of damage done.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

The Demand Was Light and Prices Declined Early.

Rally Due to Rebuying of Stocks Sold In Morning.

Prices Did Not Hold and the Close Was Heavy.

New York, Dec. 5.—The attendance at the stock exchange at the opening was very small. The dealings were unimportant and the price changes were insignificant and were evenly divided between gains and losses.

The light demand for stocks at the opening induced moderate sales for good accounts and Louisville & Nashville and Burlington & Ohio lost a point each. Other speculative favorites declined substantial fractions, including St. Paul, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Manhattan. Minor stocks also felt the pressure. North American dropped 10 points on two transactions with a rally of 5, General Electric 2 and Delaware & Hudson, Erie second preferred, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Kansas City Southern preferred and St. Louis & San Francisco and the second preferred 1 to 1½. Shorts bought here and there till near 11 o'clock and the market hardened slightly.

There was another dip which carried prices lower than before, and then a rally on covering by room shorts which caused some full recoveries. The market was narrow and listless and reflected an obvious disposition to await developments in the money market. Bonds were about steady and very quiet at noon.

The bulls attempted to unload stock on the rally, but the room traders took the market away from them. St. Paul ran off to 172½ and other leading stocks touched the lowest. Minneapolis, St. Paul and Ste. Marie deferred declined 2⅞ and Sugar, Consolidated Gas and Reading first preferred 1 to 1¼.

Leading stocks fluctuated narrowly and continued heavy on nominal dealings until near 2 o'clock when another rally occurred. Colorado Fuel advanced 1¼ and immediately lost it and Delaware & Hudson lost 3½.

The hardening of prices was due to rebuying of stocks sold earlier in the day by the room traders. As a result prices generally came back to last night's level and in some cases above. Manhattan gained about a point and Sugar ex dividend 1¾. Prices did not hold and the close was heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	57⅛	56¼	56⅝
American Sugar	119¾	117¼	119
Anaconda	87	87	87
Atchison Top & S. Fe	82½	81½	82
do pfd	98½	98⅛	98½
Baltimore & Ohio	98⅝	97⅝	98¼
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	64⅝	64	64½
Canadian Pacific	127⅝	127	127½
Chesapeake & Ohio	46	45½	45⅞
Chicago & Alton	33¼	33⅛	33⅛
Chicago Great Western	25⅜	25	25
Chi. Mil. & St. Paul	174⅛	172½	172⅝
Chi. Rock Island & P	41⅛	41¼	41⅜
Rock Island pfd	82¼	81	82¼
Colo. Fuel & Iron	86¼	84½	86
Duluth S. S. & A	16½	16½	16½
do pfd	24¼	24¼	24¼
Erie Common	33⅛	32⅞	33½
General Electric	177	176	176½
Illinois Central	143	142½	143
Iowa Central	39¼	39¼	39¼
Louisville & Nashville	128¼	126⅝	126⅝
Manhattan Elevated	149	147⅝	147Z
M., St. P. & S. M	74½	74½	74½
do pfd	125	122⅛	123
Missouri Pacific	106½	105¼	106⅛
New York Central	154¼	153¼	154⅛
Norfolk & Western	71	70⅝	70⅝
Pennsylvania	156⅝	155⅝	156½
Peoples Gas of Chicago	101	100⅝	101
Reading	59¼	58½	58⅞
Republic Iron and Steel	19⅝	19½	19½
Southern Pacific	62⅞	61⅞	62⅜
Southern Railway	32	31⅝	32
Tennessee Coal and Iron	56⅝	56	56⅝
Union Pacific	99⅝	98⅝	99¼
United States Leather	12½	12¼	12¼
U. S. Steel	36½	36	36¼
do pfd	83⅞	82¾	83½
Wabash	28½	28⅜	28⅜
Western Union	87¾	87⅝	87¾
Wisconsin Central	25½	25	25½
do pfd	50	50¼	50¼
Northern Securities	.....	.....	107a

The total sales were 362,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Fears of a bad bank statement dominated the market this morning and the list yielded sharply. Call money was in plentiful supply around 6 per cent and we predict that the bank statement will not be so bad as expected. Time money is scarce and there is no immediate prospect of abundant supply. The iron trade reports are a trifle bearish. The way St. Paul came out was a very discouraging feature. The first storm of the winter struck New York last night and Manhattan was laid up for several hours. Traders sold the stock, alleging that electrical equipment was inadequate. Only good stocks should be bought.

• • •

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: A narrow market purely the result of traders' operations and not much in it either way. Under the stress of public opinion speculative sentiment has assumed a morbid hue, notwithstanding that recent declines were brought about by fear of consequences more serious than any impending misfortune, no matter what color or spectacles you may wear. The short interest is extended and accordingly the bear side of the market is dangerous. Stocks may go lower, but they are more likely to rebound.

GOLD AT LONDON.

London, Dec. 5.—Gold premiums are quoted today as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.40; Madrid, 35.50; Lisbon, 25.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 5.—Cotton spot closed quiet; mid ups 8.50; mid gulf, 8.75. Sales 4100 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet; December and January, 8.26; February, 8.15; March and April, 8.18; May and June, 8.20; July, 8.21; August, 8.06.

FIRE AT ROCKFORD, ILL.

Rockford, Ill., Dec. 5.—The Mead building, a five-story brick structure, was destroyed by fire last night. It was occupied by the Wortham Bros. & Co. department store and the Rockford business college. Loss $275,000; insurance $250,000.

Shoe Sale at Burrows

Men's $3.50 Congress Shoes	.48
Men's $4.00 Tan Shoes	.98
Men's Alaskas, small sizes	.19

Rubbers for men, women and children at lowest prices in the city.

St. Paul and Return $4.30.

The Great Northern railway will sell, on December 6th to 11th, inclusive, round trip tickets to St. Paul at one fare, $4.30, on account of the meeting of the State Dairymen's Association and Buttermakers' Convention. These tickets will be good to leave St. Paul up to December 13th, and the Great Northern will make them available over any line desired for the return trip without extra charge. Call at ticket office, Spalding Hotel Corner.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Extension of Insurance Rates to Midnight of Monday.

Advance of Twenty-Five Per Cent Made In the Rate.

Fort William Is Bidding High For Tonnage.

Marine insurance expires ordinarily on Dec. 5 at noon, but an extension has been secured by grain shippers with an advance of 25 cents in the rate, making it $1.25 instead of $1 per $100. This rate will be good on all cargoes leaving port by midnight of Monday next.

The rate will not be of so much effect here as at Fort William, where 5 cents is being bid for tonnage by grain shippers. Naturally this diverts the tonnage to that point and the Duluth shippers are not in line for business at better than a 3-cent rate.

The Shenandoah left today light for Fort William, where she will load with 5-cent wheat.

AN ODD VESSEL.

Steamer Turret Crown's Peculiar Design Excites Comment.

The steamer Turret Crown, which cleared from Duluth Wednesday with a cargo of grain for Meaford, has been the subject of considerable comment on the part of marine men. She is an English boat and came to the great lakes in the early part of the season.

"She looks as if they had built her upside down and had forgotten to turn her right side up," was the opinion of one of the tug captains concerning the strange craft. A long turret about twelve feet in height runs from the bow to the stern and in this turret are the cabin, pilot house and other deck houses. The sides of the turret slope gradually to the sides of the boat, making the decks on each side concave in shape. Her lines, which are somewhat like those of a whaleback, are very fine, and while the opinions as to her general appearance are varied, marine men all express their admiration of her good hull lines.

HUSTLING THEIR LEAVE.

There was a large list of departures from the port of Duluth today as compared with the number of arrivals, owing to the fact that the marine insurance was expected to expire at noon today. The captains of the vessels in the harbor of Duluth during the past day or two have been hastening the loading of their vessels in order to have the advantage of the insurance.

WILL WINTER HERE.

Six more vessels have laid up for the winter in Duluth and Superior, making a total of ten now in winter quarters here. The names of the six vessels are: Selwyn Eddy, L. L. Lyons, Neptune, Saturn, B. W. Parker and Moravia.

CALM ON LAKE SUPERIOR.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Weather on Lake Superior today is clear and calm and navigation is not unpleasant. Up to a late hour this afternoon the tug Philadelphia towing the wrecked schooner Aloha has not arrived.

SOME WHEAT OFFERED.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Some wheat was offered by shippers to vesselmen today and a charter or two more may be made. Of course the grain must be carried on vessels without insurance, and rates are practically prohibitive on hulls. Cargoes, however, the rate of 1¼ per cent which will rule until next Monday, is such that business can be done by shippers.

CORMORANT AGROUND.

Menominee, Mich., Dec. 5.—The steamer Cormorant of the Edward Hines fleet of lumber boats is hard aground off Little Cedar, north of Menominee. She went on during the fierce storm Tuesday night or Wednesday morning while on her way from Escanaba to Menominee to take a cargo of lumber for the Hines Lumber company of Chicago. She arrived safely at Garth with the barge Norris before starting for Menominee. Capt. Hamilton, commodore of the Hines fleet, arrived from Chicago, and went to the scene Thursday morning on the tug Fellds. A big wrecker from Escanaba was also taken to work on the boat.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Schuylkill, 9:20 last night; Peck, 9:30; Parnell, 9:50; Kirby, Hartnell, 10; Nyanza, 11; Vulcan, 11:40; Boston, 12:30 a. m.; Douglass Houghton, 4; Maritana, 4:20; Sauber, Columbia, 4:40; Glasgow, Abyssinia, 6; Mariposa, 6:40; Spencer, 8:40; John Owen, Oades, 9:10; Saunders, Tyrone, Lycoming, Vega, 9:40; Wolvin, 10:40; Uranus, 10:50. Down: J. B. Ketcham, 5 a. m.; Shores and consort, 8:50; Neoshoto, Gogebic, Owego, 9:10; Schuyck, 9:20; Advance, 9:40; Zillah and consort, 10:50.

Up yesterday: Parks Foster, 10:40; Nicholas, 11; Cort, 1:50 p. m.; Northern Wave, 3:10; Shaw, 5:20; Pathfinder, 6; Tuscarora, 6:10; Samuel Mitchell, 9. Down: Mariska, Tower, 11:30; D. M. Whitney, 11:40; Mohawk, Muncy, noon; Pfohl, Buffalo, 12:20 p. m.; Albright, 12:30; Bransford, 12:40; Nye, Harper, 1; Codorus, 1:50; Australia, Amazon, 2; Maruba, 3:20; Cambria and whaleback, Lewiston, 5; Faustin and barge, 5:20; Steinbrenner, 5:30; Bradley, 6:40; Colgate Hoyt, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Masaba, Princeton, Northern Queen, Helena, 11:30 a. m. Down: Osborne, 9:30 last night; Colonel, L. G. mith, 11:30; Brower, Charles Eddy, Rosemount, 1:20 a. m.; Yakima, Manola, Craig, 3:30; Black Rock, Etruria, Pioneer, Presque Isle, Turret Cape, 8; Mahoning, Steel King, Castalia, Warner, 9:20; Griffin, Reis, Pope, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Sultana, George Peavey, 11:20 a. m.; Victory, Constitution, 12:30 p. m.; James Hoyt, 2:30; Stephenson, 3:40; Mataafa, 8:30. Down: Tacoma, 11:40 a. m.; W. L. Brown, 1:40 p. m.; Rees, America, Monarch, Midland Queen, 2:20; Edenborn and whaleback, 6:40; Manitoba, 8:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals: Rochester, New York, merchandise, Buffalo; Siemens, light for ore, Lake Erie.

Departures: W. W. Brown, Maytham, Spokane, Alva, Lake Shore, Mars, Brazil, Langham, Fleetwood, grain, Buffalo; Caledonia, Algeria, Gratwick, Hanna, ore, Lake Erie; Portage, John M. Nichol, Sevona, Troy, Buffalo, merchandise, Buffalo, Shenandoah, light, Fort William; Lansing, light, Two Harbors.

SIX YEARS A MAYOR.

Carter Harrison Says He Is Out.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—"It is not my fault if my friends talk of me as a candidate for mayor again," said Mayor Harrison, when questioned as to his candidacy for a fourth term. "I don't regard it as my duty to run again. I have been serving for nearly six years and have not had any great thanks for it. Personally, I am tired, played out, and the recent fight makes no difference with my original position. There are plenty of good Democrats to pick from."

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENT.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, Prest.
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cash.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cash.

The American Exchange Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposits allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION 25th NOVEMBER, 1902.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts		$1,621,841.41	Capital Stock	$ 500,000.00
Overdrafts		1,737.54	Surplus and Undivided Profits	206,466.16
Real Estate		85,924.62	Deposits	4,591,626.71
Bonds and Stocks		43,819.57		
RESERVE—				
Demand Loans	$2,480,000.00			
Due from Banks	833,394.04			
Cash on Hand	231,375.69	$3,544,769.73		
		$5,298,092.87		$5,298,092.87

We Invite the Accounts and Collections of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, Firms and Individuals.

DIRECTORS:

HAMILTON M. PEYTON
JOHN H. UPHAM
C. A. CONGDON
JOSIAH D. ENSIGN
G. A. TOMLINSON
JAMES C. HUNTER

CABLE TO THE EAST

To Cost $20,000,000 and Be Completed Within a Year.

Direct Communication With Hawaii Is Expected By Jan. 1.

The Most Difficult Bit of Engineering Ever Attempted.

Washington, Dec. 5. — President Roosevelt has signed the agreement between the United States and the Pacific Cable company, and Honolulu will be in direct communication with the outside world before Jan. 1.

The cable ship Silvertown, carrying 2200 miles of cable for the link between San Francisco and Honolulu, began laying the line yesterday. The shore ends have been made ready to the water's edge, and communication can be established as soon as the marine portion is laid.

The landing in the United States will be at a point south of the Golden Gate, whence an underground conduit will carry the cable to the Postal Telegraph company's building in Market street.

The Hawaiian landing will be on the Island of Oahu, and direct connection will be established with Honolulu. A site has already been secured in Honolulu and an office is now being constructed.

The contract signed by the president specifies that the entire line from San Francisco to the coast of China shall be completed within one year from the beginning of work, but the cable officials assert that it probably will be completed much earlier.

The construction of this work is the greatest and most difficult bit of cable engineering ever attempted. It will be laid across 8000 miles of practically unchartered ocean bottom, skirting fathomless fissures on the submerged part of the earth and only coming to the surface at intervals to take an electrical breath. The landings which will be made are to give renewed electrical energy to the cable and to prevent too long a section sagging and tearing away the termini.

Beyond Honolulu the next landing will be on Sand Island, in the Midway group. These islands take their name from the fact that they are midway between the United States and the Orient. They are practically uninhabited. Sand island is uninhabited, and rises but a few feet above the sea level. Its highest point, a sand dune, is 38 feet above the sea level.

Here the cable company will maintain a force of twenty-five or thirty operatives. Every supply for them will have to be transported thousands of miles. The company is planning to make these castaways as comfortable as possible. Homes will be built for them, and there will be a library, a gymnasium and a chapel. A distilling machine and an ice-making plant will be installed to contribute to their comfort.

The cable will keep these exiles in immediate touch with current happenings. One of the provisions of the agreement between the company and the government is that all operatives, so far as possible, shall be Americans.

From Sand island the next and longest link—2600 miles—will be to Guam, in the Ladrone islands. Guam is one of the islands ceded to the United States by Spain under the treaty of Paris, and is under the control of the navy, with a naval officer as governor. It is thirty-two miles long, with a maximum width of eight miles. It has a population of about 9000. The operatives here will be much better situated than their less fortunate brothers on Sand island.

Around the southern and eastern coast of Guam is a chasm or fissure of the greatest depth known to navigators. Sounding lines of 7000 fathoms have failed to reach bottom. It was found to be impracticable to lay a cable at so great a depth and the possibility of an all-American line was seriously questioned for a time. The officials of the company desired to touch at the Marshall islands, owned by Germany, but through patriotic motives and for the immense strategic benefit an all-American line would be to the United States they set about getting around the difficulty. A careful survey of the ocean's bottom about Guam showed that a practical landing could be made by skirting the edge of the fathomless chasm by way of the northern coast, where the depth is not so great.

Communication with this dependency of the United States can be had now only by the stopping of some chance vessel or by dispatch boat from Manila.

From Guam the cable will go to Manila, passing around the northern end of the island of Lazon. This link will put the United States in communication with its most easterly possession. From Manila the cable will be carried to Shanghai, to thenorth of Hongkong, where the present British cable connects Manila with the outside world. In the event of volcanic or other upheavals cutting off the Manila-Hongkong route the Shanghai line will be effective to communicate with China and the outside world, or messages could be sent via the United States and the Pacific route into Manila from China, should the easterly connections not be working.

The completion of this cable will give the Commercial Cable company control of a line circling two-thirds of the globe. The entire cost of the Pacific cable plant will be $20,000,000, and upon its completion the toll from the United States to Manila will be $1 a word, and the former rate of $2.35, which was charged during the early part of the war with Spain. The rate to Honolulu will be 50 cents a word for the present, but will later be reduced to 35 cents a word. Messages from the United States to Manila are now re-sent fourteen times. When the Pacific cable is finished they will be completed with three transmissions.

The agreement with the government provides that all government messages shall have priority at all times at rates fixed by the postmaster general, and that the United States shall have control of the cable during times of war or grave civil disturbances, or when war is threatened. The United States also reserves the right to cut all branches of the cable during time of war.

There is a provision prohibiting the Commercial Cable company from at any time entering into a combination or agreement to raise the toll rates. The government reserves the right to purchase the cable at an appraised value at any time.

The cable company will maintain two cable ships for the protection and quick repair of the line. One vessel will be stationed at San Francisco or Honolulu, and the other at the China end of the line or at Manila.

NO CONCERTED PLOT

Had Been Arranged to Assassinate King Leopold.

New York, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Brussells by way of London says that M. Nagles, the procurer du roi, who has returned to Brussels from London dispels the motion of a concerted plot to assassinate King Leopold. He says the Anarchist Rubino, formerly was employed by the Italian consulate in London to report the doings of anarchists. He betrayed both the anarchists and his employers and wished to regain the confidence of his colleagues by a single handed exploit.

CANFIELD WILL FIGHT.

Gambler Will Sue District Attorney Jerome.

New York, Dec. 5.—It has been decided by Richard A. Canfield and the owner of the establishment at 33 West Thirty-third street—commonly regarded as Frank Farrell's gambling house—that those responsible for the raids of Monday night shall be called to strict account. It is possible that a heavy damage suit may be brought, in which District Attorney Jerome, Inspector Brooks, Deputy Commissioner Piper and Special Sessions Justice Wyatt will be named as defendants.

The most important action looking toward such a procedure as this was the retention by John Delehanty, acting for Mr. Canfield, of ex-Supreme Court Justice Fursman to act as counsel for the proprietor of the famous gambling house at 5 East Forty-fourth street.

"Mr. Canfield has given me authority," said Mr. Delehanty, "to go ahead and bring any action, civil or criminal, that I think best. He has placed no limit upon the expenditure that shall be made."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

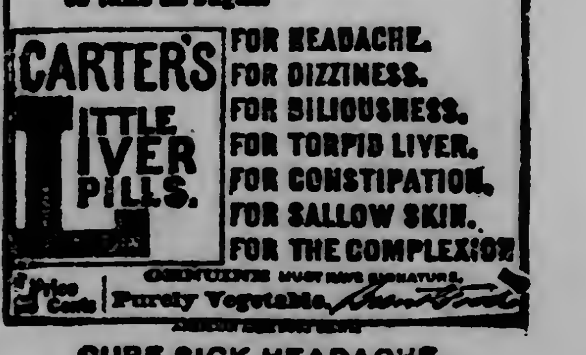
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.



CARTER'S
ITTLE
IVER
PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents
Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

LOANING ENGINES

Ore Handling Roads Leasing Them to Crowded Railroads.

A Dozen Large Ones Already on Their Way to Pittsburg.

Iron Range and Missabe Are Still Shipping Ore.

The iron range railroads are coming to the rescue of the Eastern lines that are suffering from a big blockade caused by a scarcity of motive facilities.

Within the past week twelve large-type locomotives have left Duluth on their way to Pittsburg to relieve the congested conditions of freight in that section.

Six of them went from the Duluth & Iron Range and six from the Duluth, Missabe & Northern.

Both roads are practically through with their ore shipments by rail, and they will have no use until spring for a large portion of their rolling stock. As they would be laid up in the roundhouses otherwise, the companies decided to lease them for the winter to Eastern railroads, and a dozen of the big engines were disposed of in this manner.

It is not known here what Eastern roads are to use the engines, but it is supposed that they will be operated on the Pennsylvania road. Both of the range roads have leased some of their engines in this manner during the past two winters, and the assistance will be especially valuable this year because of the great rush of freight and the serious blockade that is in effect in the East this fall.

STILL SHIPPING ORE.

Two Roads Have Not Yet Ceased Shipments.

The Great Northern finished its season of ore shipping yesterday, but the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the Duluth & Iron Range are still shipping. The Iron Range is not doing a great deal, simply cleaning up the work of the year, but the Missabe is shipping a good deal of ore yet, and it is thought that it will be running until about next Wednesday, when the season will be closed on all three ore-shipping roads. All three roads are preparing for heavy traffic next year, and all of them have new rolling stock ordered to take care of it.

Wisconsin Central Report.

The various lines running into Minneapolis have agreed upon a rates of a fare and a third for students desiring to return to their homes for the Christmas holidays. Tickets will be on sale the day the school closes and the following one, and will be good to return until the day school opens. The limit will probably be from Dec. 21 to Jan. 8. Certificates will be given to the principals of the schools to sign for the pupils.

Great Western Meeting.

President Stickney of the Chicago-Great Western railroad has issued a circular to stockholders requesting them to send him their proxies for the special meeting to be held in Chicago, Feb. 18, 1903, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to increase the common stock from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000.

In his circular President Stickney says:

"The company has arranged with the proprietors of the Mason City & Fort Dodge railroad to extend its lines to Omaha and Sioux City, and to purchase and improve certain branch lines belonging to this company, together making a system of about 503 miles, connecting with the main lines of the Chicago, Great Western at Oelwein, Ia., and Hayfield, Minn.

Holiday Rates.

The Wisconsin Central's report of earnings for October shows a continuation of the progress the road has been making in the matter of earnings. The gross receipts for the month increased $55,457, and the expenses increased but $31,722, leaving a net gain of $53,135, of which $51,651 appears as an increase in surplus. For four months the gross earnings show an increase of $250,411, and the surplus is $118,324 larger than for the same period last year. The annual report for 19 : showed 3.8 per cent earned on the preferred stock, and the progress thus far this year indicates that over 4¾ per cent is now being earned.

Cleans Glass as well as Silver

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

A novel preparation in a novel form. The best silver polish the world produces

All responsible jewelers keep it

25 cents a package

A ROMANCE.

L. W. Goodall Proves to Be of an Exceptional Sort.

L. W. Goodall is in the toils, and thereby hangs a tale, romantic enough to furnish material for a first-class detective story. Goodall is well known about town, being a clerk with one of the leading grocery firms. He stopped at the St. Louis until last Tuesday, when he left the hotel and a board bill amounting to $11.

There is a young lady in the case, and that is perhaps the cause of the undoing of Goodall. She has quite an interesting story to tell, of how she had met Mr. Goodall, how their acquaintance had ripened to love and that they were then engaged to be married. At that time she gave up her position and engaged rooms at the Tremont hotel. He gave her a beautiful diamond ring and the wedding was set to take place at the Tremont on Wednesday.

The young lady now says that she had no idea of marrying Goodall and that she merely humored him to spite another girl to whom he had been paying attention.

On account of the many conflicting stories Goodall had told her, the young lady declares, that she became very suspicious of his good character and therefore did a little private detective work, and, finally set the city detective force on his tracks.

While the young lady was waiting for her lover at the Tremont, Detectives Terry and Irvine appeared with a warrant for Goodall's arrest sworn out by Landlord Butchart of the St. Louis.

The would-be groom did not appear. Instead he sent a note telling the young lady, that by the time she would be reading his last message to her, he would be far, far away, that cruel fate had parted them and that she could keep the diamond ring and do what she liked with it.

The note was handed to the waiting detectives who, not believing that their man had left the city, set about to find him. Yesterday they went to the rooms occupied by another girl. Demanding admission they, at first did not receive any response. Looking through the transom they saw a woman in the room and she was compelled to open the door. The premises were searched and hidden among a lot of clothes, they found the man they were looking for. Being brought into court Goodall pleaded not guilty and he was held over until Saturday for trial.

It now appears that the diamond ring, which Goodall had presented to his lady love did not belong to him, but, according to his own version, it was found by him in a wash basin at the Wieland flats. The ring was recovered by the police this morning.

Some interesting developments are looked for to turn up at the trial of Goodall next Saturday, in which other parties, not yet mentioned, may be interested.

BEGINS ACTION

City Institutes Mandamus Suit Against Street Railway.

To Compel Double Truck Cars on West Duluth Line.

Provisions of Franchise Basis For the City's Demand.

Affidavit of information in mandamus, by the state of Minnesota, ex rel. city of Duluth, relator, against the Duluth Street Railway company, was filed in district court this morning. Also an alternate writ of mandamus to the defendant.

The affidavit was filed by City Attorney Oscar Mitchell, and asks that the court issue a writ of mandamus commanding the company to immediately forestall and put into operation on its tracks in the city of Duluth double-truck cars equal in style and class to those now in operation on the interstate line; and that the company begin immediate preparation to have the cars installed by a reasonable date to be designated by the court.

The city of Duluth, as relator, cites the various acts under which the street railway company obtained its rights and privileges, and alleges that the provisions of the franchise granted by the village of West Duluth July 13, 1891, which was accepted by the respondent company and by which it was bound to supply cars for the West Duluth patrons of the best style and class of cars used in other cities, have not been carried out or observed; that the cars now in operation on the West Duluth line are wholly inadequate and insufficient to provide for public necessities of the travel over the street railway line.

The relator cites the fact that the street railway company has been operating for some time double truck cars between Duluth and Superior, which cars are of a greater length, greater capacity and better style than the balance of the cars used on the system in Duluth, especially those running into what was formerly known as the village of West Duluth.

The city alleges that the small cars are a source of great inconvenience and discomfort, do not run evenly and jolt the passengers. The city further alleges that the council, by resolution, has called on the respondent to comply with the agreements, but that it has failed or refused to do so; that on Oct. 13, 1902, the city of Duluth, by ordinance, called on the street railway company to install and operate double truck cars, but that the respondent has refused to comply.

Overcoat Sale at Burrows.

Men's $20, $22.50 and $25 overcoats selling tomorrow at choice, $14.50.

PURELY PERSONAL

W. D. Hammond, of Buffalo, New York, is here for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Katherine E. Hammond and sister, Miss Hammond, of 216 West Fifth street.

John Washington, of North Dakota, arrived in the city last night and will leave for Toronto, Canada, on the South Shore train this evening.

Claude K. Groff, son of W. H. Groff, is home from Great Falls, Mont.

Miss Lillian Boyer, of 25 East First street, is ill with an attack of pneumonia.

George A. Fay, a mining man and land dealer of Grand Rapids, Minn., is in the city this afternoon.

Indian Agent S. M. Campbell, of Ashland, Wis., was in the city today on his way to the range.

W. C. Brown will leave this evening for Marquette.

Rev. Robert J. Taylor, of Eveleth, is at the McKay.

S. T. Hamilton, of Virginia, is at the Spalding.

Joseph F. Hayes, of Cleveland, chief engineer of the Pittsburg Steamship company, is at the St. Louis.

M. H. Barron, of Stillwater, is a St. Louis guest today.

W. C. Brown will leave tonight for Marquette over the South Shore.

W. H. Gilbert, of Ashland, is at the Spalding.

P. R. Vail, of Ely, is in the city today.

Rev. and Mrs. G. E. Pickard, of Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

Capt. E. Morcom, of Tower, came down today to attend the meeting of the board of county commissioners, of which he is chairman.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dont have wet feet. Get your overshoes and rubbers from the Ehle Shoe company, Torrey building, ground floor. Prices lowest, quality best.

Fidelity lodge, No. 105, A. O. U. W., held its annual election of officers last evening. The following were elected: M. W., W. J. Stephens; foreman, C. H. Johnson; overseer, F. J. Berhardt; recorder, W. W. Fenstermacher; financier, O. J. Murvold; receiver, E. G. Wahlgren; guide, J. A. Micholka; I. W., M. Cossi; O. W., C. G. C. Freeman; trustee, E. G. Wahlgren.

Rev. J. S. Detweiler, of St. Paul, Minn., formerly superintendent of the men's department of the Moody Bible institute, Chicago, is in the city. He speaks at the branch Bethel tonight and Saturday evening. He will speak again at Lake avenue Bethel Sunday and Monday evenings. Mr. Detweiler is one of the strongest Bible teachers of the country.

John Evans, who committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid, was buried today at Forest Hill cemetery, the services being held at Flood & Horgan's undertaking rooms.

"The storm is not yet over," said Local Forecast Official Richardson. "It will probably continue throughout the night with a slight fall in temperature. The total snowfall will be from three to four inches."

M. S. Burrows starts a big sale of suits and overcoats tomorrow. Ones that sold for $20, $22.50 and $25.00 now for $14.50.

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

The question of replatting the east side of Rice's Point to conform with the system used on other dock property in the city was considered by a council committee yesterday. The various owners of the property affected were represented at the conference. The property owners are in favor of the new plan, but no definite action was taken by the committee.

"Parlor Theater" cyclone of fun.

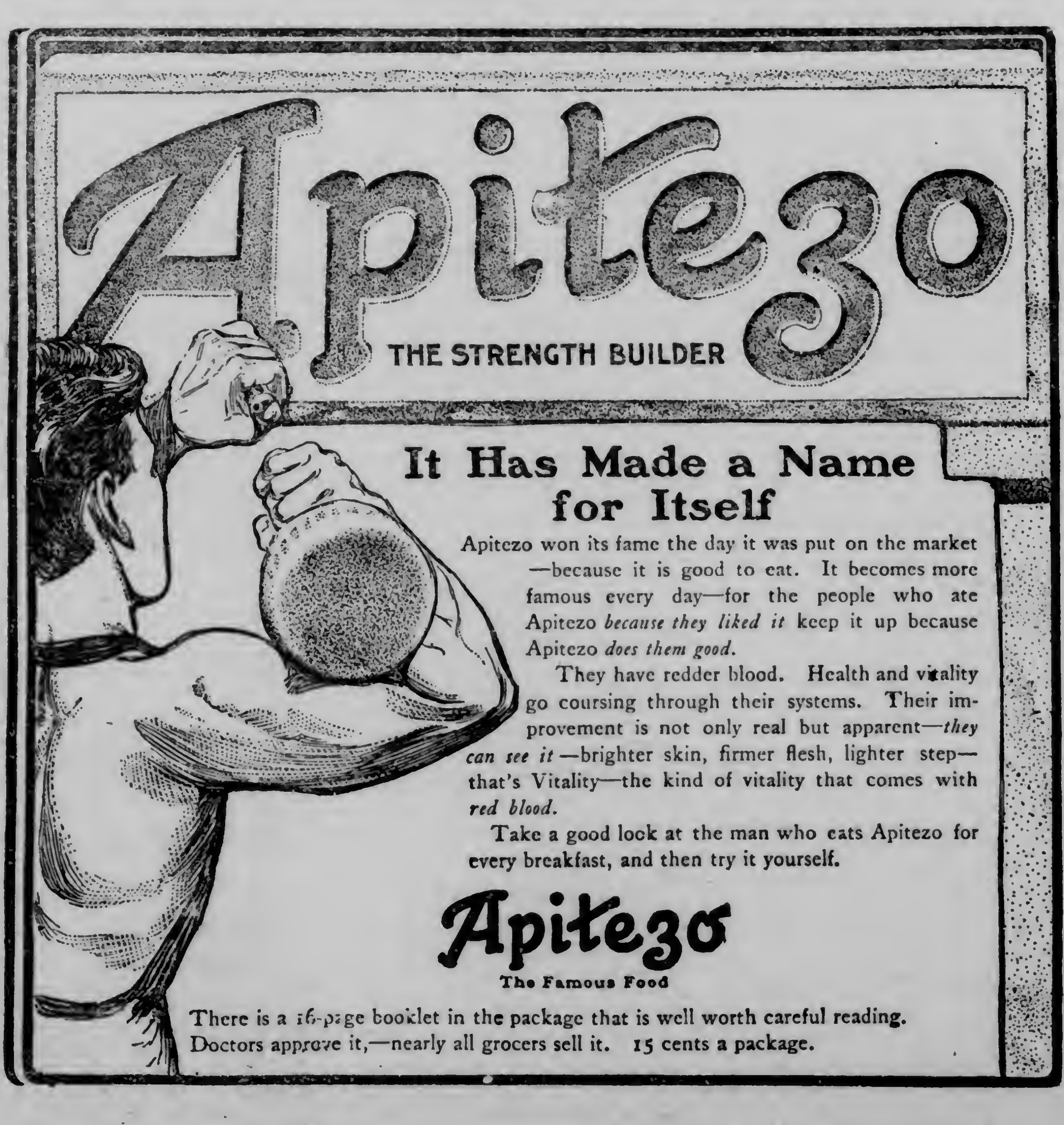
Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., pastor of Endion Methodist church, will speak this evening at the Star of Hope mission, 617 West Superior street. There will be special music.

Gold leaf frames. Engels' art store.

"Parlor Theater," entire new show.

Corn Not Furnished.

The Stone-Ordean-Wells company, of this city, has begun an action in district court, against the Port Huron Canning company to recover the sum of $3000, with interest from Nov. 1, 1902. The complaint alleges that in June, 1902, a contract was entered into whereby the defendant was to sell and deliver to the plaintiff during the corn packing season of 1902, five thousand cases containing two dozen cans each of corn, for 62½ cents per dozen cans; that the season ended Nov. 1, 1902, but defendant refused to carry out the contract. Mitchell & Reynolds represent the plaintiffs. The plaintiff has also filed an affidavit of garnishment against the defendant with the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company as garnishee.



Apitezo

THE STRENGTH BUILDER

It Has Made a Name for Itself

Apitezo won its fame the day it was put on the market—because it is good to eat. It becomes more famous every day—for the people who ate Apitezo *because they liked it* keep it up because Apitezo *does them good.*

They have redder blood. Health and vitality go coursing through their systems. Their improvement is not only real but apparent—*they can see it*—brighter skin, firmer flesh, lighter step—that's Vitality—the kind of vitality that comes with *red blood.*

Take a good look at the man who eats Apitezo for every breakfast, and then try it yourself.

Apitezo

The Famous Food

There is a 16-page booklet in the package that is well worth careful reading. Doctors approve it,—nearly all grocers sell it. 15 cents a package.

Saturday's Market Basket

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.

Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

SPECIAL PURE FOOD OFFERINGS FOR SATURDAY!

100 bushels of Northern Spy Apples, not large in size, but perfect in quality—per bushel—	**85 cents**
Fresh Eggs, direct from farmers—per dozen—	**25 cents**
Best Quality Creamery Butter—per lb—	**28 cents**
Sugar Cured Hams, sweet as a nut—per lb—	**12 cents.**
Fresh Killed Spring Chickens—per lb—	**12½ cents.**
Navel Oranges—per dozen—	**25c, 35c, 40c**

Call in and sample Appetizo, now demonstrated at our store.

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee, the best value in high grade Coffee on this market—3-lb cans—	**85 cents.**
Pure Ceylon Tea, rich fine flavor—per lb—	**50 cents.**
Best Quality Brick Cheese—2 lbs—	**25 cents.**

Saturday only.

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars—	**25 cents.**
New Season's Corn, Peas and Tomatoes—3 cans—	**25 cents**
High Grade Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, delicious flavor—2 cans—	**25 cents**
Pure Leaf Lard—2 lbs.—	**25 cents**
Egg Plums, Apricots and Pears, put up in good heavy Syrup, a special snap—3-lb cans—2 for—	**25 cents**
White Crisp Celery—4 heads—	**10 cents**

FULL LINE OF FRESH VEGETABLES.

New Season's Nuts, all varieties—per lb—	**15 cents.**
Highest Grade Seeded Raisins and Cleaned Vostizzo Currants—2 packets—	**25 cents**
Jersey Sweet Potatoes—6 lbs—	**25 cents**

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,

199—Both 'Phones—199.

17 East Superior Street.

Four stalks Fresh Celery	10c
Wax Beans, per quart	10c
Oranges, doz	15c, 20c, 25c
Bananas, per dozen	10c
Bananas, per bunch	$1.00
Catawba Grapes, per basket	25c
Apples, barrel	$2.50, $3.00, $3.50
Cook Apples, per peck	25c
Maple Flavored Syrup, per qt	20c
Per gallon	75c

Evaporated Fruits at Special Prices.

Evaporated Apples, per lb	6c
Evaporaded Peaches, per lb	7c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	8c
Evaporated Pears, per lb	10c
Cooking Figs, per lb	7c
Catsup, per gallon	50c
3 lbs. good Tea	$1.00
If you want a cup of delicious Coffee buy our 3-lb. can for	85c
3-lb. cans of Pears, each	10c
3-lb. cans of Peaches, each	10c
3-lb. cans of Plums, each	12c
3-lb. cans White Cherries, each,	15c
3-lb cans of Pineapples, each	15c
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, 3 cans	25c
Creamery Butter, per lb	25c
Pure Leaf Lard, 2 lbs	25c
10 bars Soap	25c

GRONSETH & OLSEN VIKING FANCY PATENT DULUTH, MINN. TRADE MARK VIKING

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Special Candy Sale for Saturday.

Peanut Bar, per lb	10c
Yankee Peanut, per lb	10c
Cocoanut Taffy, per lb	10c
Molasses Cocoanut Taffy, per lb	10c
Butter Scotch, per lb	10c
Cream Mixed Candies, per lb	10c
Old-fashioned Mint Drops, per lb	10c
Delicious Cream Chocolates, lb.,	20c
Cocoa Puffs, per lb	15c
Mint and Wintergreen patties, lb	15c
Cream Fudge, assorted flavors, lb	15c

THE BON-TON BAKERY and CANDY KITCHEN,

25 West Superior Street.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates per pound	25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per doz	20c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroone—per doz	15c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

Attend the Great Tea and Coffee Sale at the

Malcomson Tea Store...

Tomorrow we will sell our—

38c O. G. Java and Mocha coffee Or 3 lbs. for $1.00.	35c
35c O. G. Java and Mocha coffee Or 3½ lbs. for $1.00.	30c
28c Special Blend Or 4¼ lbs. for $1.00.	25c
22c Golden Santos Or 6 lbs. for $1.00.	18c
Best Japan Tea—60c quality	45c
Ceylon—60c quality	45c
English Breakfast—60c quality	45c
Gunpowder Tea—60c quality	45c
Oolong Tea—60c quality	45c

Try a pound of our pure Baking Powder.

Get your name on our list for one of our handsome 1903 calendars, entitled "Flowers in the Wheat."

G. F. AMBORN,

8 FIRST AVENUE WEST.

PHONES--Zenith 529; Old 1098.

Our wagons deliver everywhere.

Of Acknowledged Goodness,

and so well established that more is used in Duluth and vicinity than all the other brands combined, is

Primus Brand Butter

Made from the best of sweet cream in one of the cleanest and most up-to-date creameries in the world.

Ask your grocer for it.

Manufactured by

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,

16 West First Street.

Both phones, 352.

When the Bread Row Came Out

By W. Calver Moore.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Put dat nickel on de bread row; flat."

"What, Billie! You goin' up against the wheel again?"

"Yes, I got a straight steer for it, sure. Dreamed about bread last night and see a big pile of it at de baker's dis mornin'."

The policy writer put down the three "lucky numbers" and Billy went out of the shop with a little piece of paper upon which the numbers had been reproduced by means of a sheet of carbon paper placed under the "book."

It was not the first time he had played policy. The waif of the streets begins to indulge in this form of gambling at an early age, and Billie was one of those little city sparrows whose origin is more or less clouded in obscurity. He had been taken to raise by an Irish washerwoman who had succumbed to a too strenuous life when her protege was still a very small boy.

Billie did not become a public charge. He started out in life by selling newspapers for the other boys, and it was not long before he had his own bundle and was able to get along very well for a newsboy. With the same charitable spirit which had been such a pronounced trait of his foster mother, he had undertaken a trust. One of his competitors met with an accident which rendered him a helpless cripple. When Ben was brought back from the hospital Billie said he could "sell for both," and so the thing was settled. He had succeeded in "selling for both" so well that he was able to lay by a little money occasionally, and the hoard had grown to very comfortable proportions.

"Billie's savings were not the accumulations of an embryo miser. The doctor had said that Ben must have a brace for his back and Billie hoped to have enough money to buy one at Christmas.

In the evening Billie would carry his friend down from their garret room to the noisy street. They sat in front of the cigar store which served to conceal the policy shop and listened to the talk of the men and boys who frequented that branch of "the poor man's stock exchange." The whole atmosphere was laden with the vernacular of the game.

The boys had become great favorites with the players, and also with Jack Burk, who was the proprietor of the place. Burk was a little dark-skinned Irishman with a big grey mustache and the inevitable swagger that accompanies prosperity. His father had sold policy before him and he had been raised to it as a profession.

Billie had a period of bad luck. Newspapers did not sell as rapidly as they should have, and day followed day without any addition being made to his hoard. The brace seemed farther off than ever, when he had a sudden inspiration. He would "go up against the wheel." A few "hits" would give him all the money he needed. Then came the dream.

He would have been entitled to receive five dollars if his numbers had appeared among those drawn that evening. But his numbers did not appear and the next day he stacked five cents in the morning and the same amount again in the evening with no greater success. He continued to play twice daily, until the winning of five dollars would have only reimbursed him for the sum of his stakes; then he increased the amount of the stakes to ten cents. The possible profits on this was soon almost absorbed, and the amount rose from ten to fifteen, from fifteen to twenty, and from twenty to twenty-five. Billie became anxious. Twenty-five cents, twice a day, is a good deal of money to gamble when the gambler is a newsboy.

The weeks passed by rapidly. He was not as sturdy as he had been. It was becoming more and more difficult to carry his charge down to the street. Sometimes he brought food to Ben and sat quietly by while it was eaten. He "didn't feel hungry," or he had "eaten his on the way up." If Billie went to bed hungry, then nobody but Billie was to be any the wiser. As the pile of savings dwindled away, his habit of "eating it on the way up" increased proportionately. The hungry maw of Policy was ever open and required food almost as often as Ben; as for himself, well—. This condition of things could not continue forever. There is a limit even to the physical endurance of a newsboy.

Billie's absence was quickly noticed by the other players. "Where's Billie gone?" asked one of them one evening.

"Oh, he's sick," answered a young fellow who was busy chewing tobacco and spitting at regular intervals.

"You been running his play?" asked the first questioner.

"Yes, I was just goin' to take the slip up to him when you asked."

"What's the matter with him, anyhow?"

"Dunno. Just kind of fagged out and weak like a sick cat. Don't think he'll ever live to see it come out."

"Ben starvin' hisself to make his play, like as not."

"What? Takin' a play from a sick kid?" asked a man who felt jubilant over the winning of a few dollars. "Next thing it'll be like Sallie Wiggins, who played the rent row till she hadn't no money left for rent, and got put in the street the day afore it come out."

This anecdote appealed to his hearers, who joined in a loud guffaw. All except Burk. Burk, who laughed at anything and everything, dropped his cigar and followed the young man who had gone into the shop.

"Say, Mack, what's all this about Billie?"

"Why, he's been sick and I've been running his play for him, Murkie."

"How heavy is the kid playing?"

"Half a dollar flat."

"The deuce you say! Well, I'll be blowed."

The young fellow opened his eyes and muttered his astonishment under his breath. It was not the praofanity that caused his surprise. No, it was the expression on his employer's face, and he could see no reason why Burk should "go daft at a half dollar flat."

"Mack, I guess I'll go up and see the kid, myself."

The dusty stairs creaked out their misery, as Burk climbed to the top floor of the tenement house. One of the women told him that nothing more could be done for Billie, and there was a lump in his throat as he entered the dingy little room.

"Why, it's Burkie! Hello, Burkie! How are they knocking you?" called Billie.

Jack Burke was "Burkie" to everyone, but the friendly tone in which the nick name was uttered, the note of welcome and pleased surprise from his victim, made that lump in his throat grow larger and more obstinate. He crossed over to the bed and sat down. Billie feebly reached out his hand. Burk took it and then released it with a shudder. Could that little bunch of bones, such thin bones, really be the hand of a boy? His eyes became accustomed to the half light, and he saw that the hand was that of a little skeleton-like creature who had, without doubt, been Billie, the newsboy.

"How are they knocking you, I say?" He tried desperately to swallow the lump.

"Well, Billie, they ain't doin' a whole lot, that is, not many of them ain't."

"Somebody make a hit?" asked Billie, seeing the implication.

"Yes, you hit me, and hit me heavy, too."

"What! I hit you?"

"You was playin' the bread row, wasn't you?"

"Yes," cried Billie, excitedly. "I knew it would come out. Here's me play. Fifty flat."

"It's more than come out," said Burk, who was not going to underact his part, "it's come out in both wheels."

"Both wheels! Then I git a hundred!" Billie shrieked. His eyes bulged with the surprise of it all, and he rose to a sitting posture, but the exertion was too much and he sank back with a gasp.

"Yes, you git a hundred. I brought you the money."

Burk counted out one hundred dollars from the roll that fairly made the eyes of the boy water. There was a suspicious moisture in his own eyes. Water? Perhaps. Billie ran his hands lovingly over the money and then handed it to Ben.

"You can git de brace now. I guess I won't last long, but you can git de brace, anyhow."

The lump seemed to be rising again. So it had all been for the sake of the little cripple. Burk was suffering as he had never suffered before. Rum had dulled the edge of other sorrow, but this was the kind of a thing that would last. The little, pinched face of Billie, the newsboy, would haunt his dreams forever; would rise up between him and policy—yes, now was the time to close the shop.

"Did you bring a slip so I could see the numbers?"

Billie's voice was weaker and the room seemed to be growing darker and darker. The gnawing pain had left him and he felt very comfortable and drowsy—oh, so drowsy.

"No, I forgot it," said Burk, pretending to search in his pocket, "I'll bring you one in the morning."

"Yes—in—the—morning," said Billie, "in—the—morning."

When morning came it found the little cripple sitting sadly by the bed. He would get the brace for his poor, weak back, but his friend was gone, and the roll of green paper in his hand seemed to mean so little after all.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.

ZENOTA FLOUR

DULUTH, MINN.

Good Gem and Waffle Recipe.

Two cups of Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, two eggs, one tablespoonful sugar, piece butter size of walnut. Mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the flour. Get Falcon Self-Rising flour at any grocer's.

ROCK ISLAND NEW SERVICE

Road Representative Is Here to Boom It.

John B. Ryan, formerly traveling freight agent for the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, now acting in the same capacity for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway company, was a business caller in the city today. Mr. Ryan announces that the Rock Island system opened its new line to St. Paul and Minneapolis and the Minnesota Transfer the first of this month, and has inaugurated a through freight service between the Twin Cities and all points reached by the Rock Island system, including Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis and the Missouri river. The system also makes connections with fast service with all the lines north and west of the Twin Cities.

Suit Sale at Burrows.

$20, $22.50 and $25 suits selling tomorrow at choice for $14.50.

Answers come thick and fast when your little advertisement is in The Herald Want Columns---Everyone reads The Herald and it goes everywhere

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $500 will buy 25x140 feet on 4th St., near 13th Ave. E., upper side of street; lies fine. For sale exclusively by

GEO. H. CROSBY

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

5-acre tracts near Arnold school.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.

Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

200 feet corner Ninth avenue East and First street.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

40 ACRES

Adjoining Fond du Lac at a bargain. We can offer several small tracts fronting on St. Louis River, near New Duluth.

A.C.Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Building.

SUPERIOR STREET BARGAIN.

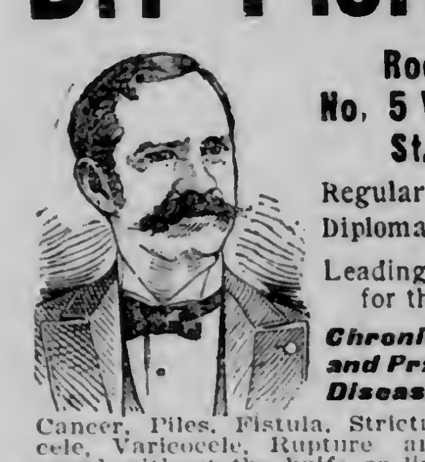
100 feet corner Seventh avenue West. Rents on improvements will carry investment.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
Ideal Beer Hall

Dr. Pierce,



Room 1,
No. 5 W. Sup.
St., Duluth,
Regular Graduate.
Diploma In Office.
Leading Specialist for the cure of
Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5.000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
Affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES—Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail. If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Wilson F. Showerman, Plaintiff,

vs.

Matie O. O'Keefe, Charles J. O'Keefe, Claude Seward Showerman, and all persons unknown having or claiming an interest in the property described in the complaint in this action, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff, in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for said county of St. Louis, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated October 7th, 1902. DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Duluth Minn., 400-406 First National Bank building.

To the Above Named Defendants: The property sought to be partitioned in and affected by the above action, is situated in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and is described as lot 41 in block 127, and lots 30 and 32, in block 87, all in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-7-14-21-28-Dec-5-12-1902.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

House.

We are offering a ten-room house near ore dock and the Bryant school in first class condition in every respect; would cost at least $1500 to build the house; lot valued at $400; the owner refuses to rent it; can be bought for $1000 very easy terms; we have offered no better bargain this year.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

STOCKS. STOCKS.

Cerro Escarlata Gold Mines Co., Sonora, Mexico.

Good Features: First—Low capitalization, $500,000; second—valuable properties; third—management almost same as Copper Glance.

For particulars call upon, address, phone or wire

WM. KAISER,
Both phones. 106 Palladio Building.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 50	7 40	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar	10 30	3 40
4 20	8 15	Lv.. Proctor.. Lv	10 00	3 10
6 13	10 12	Lv..Iron Jctn..Lv	8 01	1 13
......	10 40	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	......	12 20
7 07	10 35	Ar.. Virginia.. Lv	7 00	12 50
6 33	10 29	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7 42	12 57
......	10 56	Ar... Sparta... Lv	......	12 34
......	11 20	Ar.. Biwabik.. Lv	......	12 12
6 54	11 05	Ar .. Hibbing .. Lv	7 15	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00	6:3
1:25	7:25	Ar...... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:4
1:30	7:30	Ar...... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:4
2:05	7:55	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m. * 11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m. * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
win City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—.......LOCAL.......—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
a 8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 2:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Daniel Cole, applicant to have registered the land described as follows:

Lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block fifty-two (52), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, in which county said lots are situated,

Plaintiff.

vs.

Mary E. Robbins, Thomas J. Davis, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this fifth day of December, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. C. WEDMARK,
Deputy.

CORYATE S. WILSON AND WM. H. LAMSON,
Attorneys for Applicant Plaintiff.
400-406 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

(Seal of District Court, St. Louis, County, Minnesota).

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-1902.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$7000 Buys 50 feet, upper side 3rd street, West of Ninth avenue East, with fine improvements that pay 11 per cent net on the purchase price.

$1100 Buys cosy cottage in Endion, in fine condition, one block from street cars.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1100 Buys 7-room house on Seventh street in good condition.

$100 cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a 6-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

FIRE INSURANCE

Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MILLINERY.

DISCOUNT ON UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS flavor, use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First Ave. W. Both phones.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 17-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old, 765-5.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

IF JOHN P. MURRAY, LATE OF BRANDON, Man., engine driver on the C. P. R., now supposed to be running on some American road will write to me, it would be to his advantage. Anyone knowing him during the past four years please write. George R. Coldwell, Solicitor, Brandon, Man.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

TURKISH BATHS

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING DONE AT REASONable prices. Flat 4, 1104 West First St.

LADIES TAILORING—Good work, prices reasonable; new styles in shirt waists. Mrs. J.M.Stanley, rm 8, over Big Duluth.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NATIONal Bank building. Zenith phone 831.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK or in the American Exchange bank, a walking cane with name of Ch. Trautvetter on. Please return to Herald office.

LOST—LADIES' BEADED POCKETbook, Monday. Finder leave at L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

LOST — POCKETBOOK BETWEEN Fourth avenue east and Omaha Packing company, containing $60. Finder return to Herald and receive reward.

FOUND—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SET of drafting tools in case; owner can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this ad.

PALMISTRY.

THE ORIGINAL GYPSY QUEEN FROM Hindoo. The famous palmist, not a made-up gypsy, but comes from a long line of world-famed fortune tellers. Has told fortunes all over the world. Speaks seven different languages. Tells past, present and future; advice given in love, courtship and marriage. Gives height and complexion of your future wife or husband. Tells how to settle legal troubles without lawyers. A specialty of business readings, 1423 West Superior street.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'FG CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O. For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—HORSE, SIX YEARS OLD; weight 1200 lbs.; sound. Inquire Sunday, 28 West Second street.

FOR SALE—$75.00 KIMBALL ORGAN. Parties leaving the city. Will sell for $35.00. Address 2107 Piedmont avenue W.

FOR SALE — SHETLAND PONY, cart, harness and saddle, cheap. 4025 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — L. M. KANER WILL ARrive with a carload of fresh milch cows on Tuesday, Dec. 9. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—MEDIUM HEAVY PLATform sleigh. Apply at McMartin's blacksmith shop, 102 East First street.

HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP—28 WEST Second street. Apply Sunday.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, cheap, up stairs, 627 West First street.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPerty; four flats, well located, bringing 12½ per cent. Price $6500. Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—NICE PIECE OF WEST Superior rental property, half improved, yielding 10 per cent net. Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—A FINE VIOLIN. ADDRESS O 22, Herald.

Upright Piano $148 USED 8 months perfect condition, fine case and tone. $10 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—A CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows, just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue East.

Upright Piano $158 Elegant Walnut finish case, beautiful tone and action. $15 cash and $7 a month.
French & Bassett.

Square Piano $48 GOOD REpair and sweet tone. $5 cash and $3 a month.
French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY horse, perfectly gentle, with harness and runabout wagon, complete. Inquire 506 Board of Trade.

JUST RECEIVED—TWO CARLOADS OF horses, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and see them. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

Salaried loans on plain notes to male or female employes. No mortgage. No endorser. No publicity. You give your personal note and get $10.00 to $150.00 We make a specialty of loans on horses, cattle, pianos and furniture in amounts of $10.00 to $500.00. Loans to be paid in small weekly or monthly payments to suit borrower. Investigate and be convinced that our rates and terms are the best in the city. Information cheerfully given. All inquiries or business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
Zenith 'phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WOMAN WANTS POSITION AS housekeeper. Adress 1014 West Superior street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY FIRST-class janitor; 13 years experience. Best of reference. Address O 29, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK IN grocery store; experienced. Address 11 West Third street, second floor.

RELIABLE MAN WANTS PLACE IN private family to take care of horses, etc. O 30, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS WET NURSE by strong, healthy lady. Address XX Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING or any kind of housework. No. 11, upstairs. The Old St. Lukes Hospital.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOgrapher by young man. Has had experience. Will assist bookkeeping. O 23, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HARDWARE clerk would like position of some kind. Address O 20, Herald.

EDUCATED YOUNG LADY, WITH knowledge of bookkeeping wishes position for the afternoons. O 21, Herald.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, place to cook in boarding house or camp. O 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wishes position. Address O 11, Herald.

LADY, IN NEED OF WORK, WOULD like sewing of any kind to do at home. 704½ East Second street.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN as night clerk in hotel. Address O 17, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as stationary engineer or fireman. Three and one-half years' experience O 14, Herald.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTS evening work. Apply 413 Providence building.

WANTED—POSITION AS GROCERY clerk; best of references. Address Alfred Thompson, general delivery.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in law, real estate, loan or insurance office as stenographer. Has had experience. Address O. 13, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker would like sewing by the day. 230 Fourth avenue West.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD SECOND GIRL. GOOD home for a willing girl. 414 West Fourth street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESwomen in jewelry, handkerchiefs, and fancy goods. Also experienced bundle and cash boys. Apply in morning, I. Freimuth.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 1016 East First street.

WANTED — NORMAL OR HIGH school girl who is willing to assist with light housework in small family in exchange for her board. Address O 32, Herald.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second Ave. E.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. THREE in family. 130 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SALESWOMen for book, fancy goods, toys, crockery and glassware, and jewelry departments. Apply to superintendent between 8 and 10 a. m. Panton & White Co.

FIRST-CLASS COOK; ALSO A SECOND girl. Must be experienced. Best going wages. Apply 405 East Third street.

WANTED — 3 FIRST-CLASS SALESladies at La Ferte, 17 West Superior St.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY help, bosom ironer and shirt finisher. Yale Laundry.

WANTED AT ONCE — MIDDLE-AGED lady as housekeeper. Address 902 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. 1203 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. 2001 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — LADY TO TAKE CASH at Crystal restaurant nights. Must be accurate in making change. Bring references.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. ITASCA R. R. Hotel, Itasca, Wis.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third St.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEMAID at 513 West Second street.

SAVE—50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge; call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers, immediately. Parker.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CASH cash boys and bundle wrappers. I Freimuth.

WANTED—MAN TO WASH DISHES at the Boston Restaurant.

CAN SECURE LIBERAL CONTRACTS representing one of the best sick and accident insurance companies in state. Hospital benefits connected. Union Mut. Insurance, 305 Palladio bldg., Duluth.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; GOOD wages for right persons; out of town. Call at McKay hotel office at 2 p. m. Sunday, Dec. 7th.

WANTED — BOY TO DRIVE DELIVery. H. E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SALESMEN for linens, hardware and harness, crockery and chinaware, men's furnishing, hat and cap, books and stationery, and boys' clothing departments. Apply to superintendent between 8 and 10 a. m. Panton & White Company.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED EXAMINers and cash boys. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m., to superintendent. Panton & White Company.

WANTED—ONE GOOD COATMAKER and one trouser maker. Janzig.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS TROUSERS maker; steady employment. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAKER Steady employment; fine work. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

FIRST-CLASS TINNERS AND CORnice makers wanted. Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.

WANTED — A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, fair salary paid. Address applications to O 19, Herald.

EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR A good canvasser. Globe Cabinets, 9 First avenue West.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER men to learn the barber trade. Years saved by our method of free work, expert instructions, etc. Tools presented, wages Saturdays; board provided. Write. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED— THREE FIRST-CLASS coatmakers. Mels.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN SECURE LIBERAL CONtracts representing one of the best sick and accident insurance companies in state. Hospital benefits connected. Union Mutual Insurance, 305-6 Palladio building, Duluth.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

FOR PIANO, VOCAL OR VIOLIN LESsons attend "Bradbury School of Music." Instruction by best teachers in every branch of musical learning. 10 Columbus building.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, without damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW FOUR-ROOM HOUSE City water. 1034 West Second street.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE, MODERN improvements. 15½ East Fourth street alley. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 4314 Dodge street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. INquire 505 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; $8 per month. 912 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End, for a few months. Address K 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, EAST Fourth street, city water. Inquire 715 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—No. 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Charles A. Stark, 213 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water; $12. William Kaiser, No. 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-eighth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. $12. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE HOUSES from $7.50 to $12 per month, by George H. Crosby.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, coal heat. 1214 Second avenue west. Inquire upstairs.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, nicely furnished, with stove. 12 East Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, UPSTAIRS. Eleventh avenue West. Inquire 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, CITY water, sewer and closet, $6.00 per month. Inquire 223 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FINE ROOMS, WITH OR without board, for three or more persos. 20 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICE ROOMS. 826 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 16 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. 210 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen or man and wife. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS, 9 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. Inquire 7 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS SINgle or ensuite. Coal heat, call third floor brick building, corner Second avenue West and First street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room for party of two or three. 21 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED steam-heated room, for gentleman, in private family; centrally located. R 35, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 8½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT— ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping from $2 to $3 each, including water; centrally located Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN LUNDberg & Stone's bookstore.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT. 224 Mesaba avenue north.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat; central. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED BRICK flat, 13½ East Fourth street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange bank.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD; GOOD home cooking, at Mrs. Ranney's, 313 Second avenue West.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, 519-521 W. Mich. St., steam heated, electric light. Special rates by the week. Our meals are the best in the city. Get our rates.

TABLE BOARD AND NICELY FURnished rooms. Modern and central. Brick house and warm, 318 West Second street. Zenith 491.

RESTAURANT.

THE CHICAGO COMPANY CHINESE restaurant. Fine Chop Sue, 318 Lake avenue south; is now open for business.

TO EXCHANGE.

FINE HOUSE AND LOT NEAR BUSIness center, paying 7 per cent on value, to exchange for land within or near Duluth or Superior, suitable for dairying, gardening, and farming. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR SMALL house and barn on good-sized lot, centrally located. Must be cheap. Duluth Commission Agency, H. C. Whitmore, manager, 710 Torrey building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

I WANT $700 MORE IN MY BUSINESS. Will pay an honest, sober man $60 per month for the use of that sum and his services. Easy inside position and steady. Will give security for the money. Range town. Address R. F., Herald, Duluth, Minn.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van & Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

BETHEL RESCUE HOME.

FOR WOMEN, 432 SIXTH AVENUE east. Admission any hour of day or night. Phone 172.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEdium, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderat prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE SERVICE company. Offices 206-7 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT, AT reasonable rates. J. P. Rossman, 12 Torrey Bldg., new 'phone 11..

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office. 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props. 14 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, MASSAGE TREATMENTS. Relief from rheumatism guaranteed. Reference given. Old 'phone 680-5 rings.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St. Upstairs.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 1, 1902. Work—election of officers. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, acting secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 8, 1902. Work—Election officers. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 10, 1902. Work Election officers. F. W. Turner H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Dec. 2. Work—Templar degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Co.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Official visit of Deputy Grand Chancellor, and refreshments served, Dec. 2. Come! G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tuncil, clerk.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SECTION 1.
Pages 1 to 16

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY. DECEMBER 6, 1902. TWO CENTS.

IDLENESS AND DISTRESS AMONG THE LONDON POOR

Many Thousands Thrown Out of Employment.

Harrowing Tales Told of Half Clad Children.

London, Dec. 6.—The grip is unusually severe this winter, and has already been felt throughout England, with the result that all who can do so are leaving. Hundreds of people are on their way to India to attend the Delhi Durbar, and thousands are flocking to the south of France and the Channel islands.

Christmas house parties are being organized at all the big country places. In East London the winter is having a very different effect. Hundreds daily congregate at the dock yard gates, literally fighting for a chance to do a day's work. Unskilled laborers are there in strong force, and the police find it necessary to protect the foremen who distribute the work tickets each morning.

That portion of the fashionable world which can afford Christmas gifts is watching the purchases of members of the royal family in order to follow suit. King Edward's gifts this year run largely to pen and pencil holders, cigarette cases and delicate enamel work set with a new variety of soft tinted semi-transparent stones, heretofore unknown in the realm of jewelry. Queen Alexandra is also partial to enamel work. This year she is giving many photographs in artistic enameled frames.

It is long since the theaters and restaurants have experienced so profitable a season as the present. The West End is ablaze with light nightly, all the amusement places are crowded and theater supper parties keep the fashionable hotels and restaurants busy until long after midnight.

In the meantime it is estimated that 500,000 persons are idle in the United Kingdom, and the board of trade returns show the largest percentage for ten years of unskilled persons out of work, while the proportion of skilled men without employment is constantly growing. The Woolwich arsenal authorities have discharged 2000 mechanics since the winter set in, and are preparing to lay off 4000 more. To the army of people out of work must be added 56,000 members of the army reserve who have been released from service with the colors. The worst distress now is visible in the East End. A number of newspapers have started subscription columns, and daily print harrowing stories of half-clad school children, many of whom are without any food except scanty luncheons furnished by sympathetic teachers. A number of the London suburban councils are starting public works in order to employ a small portion of the idle persons. The canning town suburb, where the distress is keenest, has appropriated $50,000 for relief work. The London county council will meet Dec. 9 to consider the proposition for calling a conference of municipal bodies throughout the country to discuss what can be done towards establishing a permanent system for relieving the unemployed.

Coincident with the general distress and idleness, the Shipbuilders' federation is quietly preparing for a test of strength with the labor unions that may precipitate a general strike equal to the great engineers' strike of a few years ago. The shipbuilders, who have suffered for years from the restriction of the output, countenanced by the unions, have decided that it is necessary to introduce radical reforms in the way of labor-saving machinery. This means a reduction in the price of piece work, on which almost all of the yards are running.

* * *

DROWNED IN THE HOLD

Disastrous Fire On Steamer at Philadelphia Causes the Death of Two Firemen Who Were Fighting the Flames.

Philadelphia, Dec. 6.—One fireman was drowned, another is missing and two others were taken to a hospital overcome by smoke as the result of the fire which broke out early today on the steamship Saxon, owned by the Boston & Philadelphia Steamship company. The steamship lies in twenty-five feet of water at the foot of Pine street, burned to the water's edge.

The dead fireman is William Seville, who went into the hold of the vessel to fight the flames. Before he could reach the deck of the Saxon the vessel gave a lurch and Seville was caught in the rush of water and drowned. Another fireman who was in the hold is missing, and it is feared he too was drowned. All other firemen have been accounted for.

The fire was not extinguished until 9 o'clock this morning. Divers are now in the hold of the vessel searching for the bodies of Seville and the other fireman. It is not known how the fire originated. The loss on the Saxon is about $50,000. The Saxon was on the reguar line between Philadelphia, Providence and Fall River. She was built in 1862 and had a net tonnage of 938 and a gross tonnage of 1293 tons. She was 200 feet long, 30 feet beam and 18½ feet deep.

* * *

BUY ENGLISH CATTLE

Americans Are Purchasing High Class Breeding Stock Which Is Intended For Exhibition at the St. Louis Exposition.

London, Dec. 6.—The last few months have found in the United Kingdom an unprecedented number of American buyers of thoroughbred cattle, whose purchases of high-class breeding stock aggregate many thousands of pounds. A number of the animals bought are intended for exhibition at the St. Louis exposition. The prices paid range from $2100 to over $6250 per head. Scores of high-priced bulls and cows have been shipped during the summer and fall. Among the buyers now here is C. E. Marvin, of Lexington, Ky., who will take back twenty-five thoroughbreds in May and July. J. S. Goodwin, of Chicago, has purchased a number of Angus breeders, and the Armours' agent is sending 100 heifers to the United States. A number of purchases also have been made of tiny Dexter and Kerry cattle in Ireland, the breeding of which has recently become quite the fashion in England, under the patronage of Lady Lansdowne and other titled fanciers.

The ruling of Dr. Salmon, chief of the United States bureau of animal industry, allowing the importation of Jersey and Guernsey cattle into the United States without the tuberculin test, is expected to greatly stimulate purchases in those islands. The agricultural department's agents dunring the last ten years have inspected over 20,000 head of cattle in Jersey and Guernsey and have not found a single case of tuberculosis. On the other hand, England and Scotland are badly infected, and breeders here on that account apprehend the early adoption of more stringent quarantine measures by the United States.

* * *

MINERS BADLY INJURED

Two Men at the Quincy Hurled Violently Against Mine Walls By Premature Explosion of a Dynamite Blast.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—While blasting between shifts last night, T. J. Vernon and Manu Korfi, miners in Quincy mine, were caught in blast and so frightfully injured that they may die. The men were making new chutes, and several dynamite charges had been prepared and exuploded. One missed, and while another miner went for a fuse, Vernon and Korfi started to prepare the hole, when the explosion occurred. Both were blown twenty-five feet against a wall. Korfi has one arm and hand blown off, and both are terribly mangled and injured internally, and if they live will be blind. Both are married and have large families.

INSANE MOTHER

Attacks Her Husband With Knife While He Sleeps.

He Flees With Children to a Neighbor's Home.

Woman Fires the House and Is Fatally Burned.

Grand Meadow, Minn., Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Otis Finhart, living on a farm about two miles northwest of Grand Meadow, became insane Thursday and attacked her husband with a knife which she had concealed in bed.

Mr. Finhart was asleep when attacked, and sustained severe injuries about the neck. He seemed powerless to control his wife, but managed to secure the children and ran with them to a neighbor's about a quarter of a mile distant.

When he returned the house was in flames. His wife had set fire to it, and was making her way to the home of Christ Nelson, who lived about half a mile down the road.

The house and contents were destroyed, and Mrs. Finhart is so badly burned that she cannot recover.

Mr. and Mrs. Finhart are highly respectable people, and this occurrence is a shock to the neighborhood. It seems that Mrs. Finhart has lost her health and this finally affected her mind.

VAN SANT KEEPS OUT

Of the Fight For Speakership of the House.

Not the Province of the Governor to Interfere.

However, He Is Deeply Interested In the Matter.

St. Paul, Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant gave out the following today: "It is not my purpose to take any part in the speakership fight. It is not the province of the governor to do so. That prerogative rests with the members of the legislature. However, I am deeply interested in the matter, for in the campaign just closed certain issues of the greatest importance to the people of our state were involved, and I feel great interest in legislation affecting these issues and hope to see the legislature so organized that what the people voted for, and now demand, will be enacted into law; and I believe that every Republican in Minnesota desires to see this result accomplished.

"It is plain that the people spoke in no uncertain tones and that they most heartily approve the efforts made by the state officers to enforce the law against the threatened consolidation of parallel and competing lines of railroad. If any further legislation is required to safeguard the interests of the people against such consolidation, it should pass.

"The 4 per cent gross earnings bill should be resubmitted, and it should be so carefully drawn that there could be no question but it would secure 4 per cent instead of 3 per cent, and when submitted it should receive the active support of all Republicans, and the whole party machinery should be exerted to secure its passage.

"The constitutional amendments recently defeated should be [illegible]efully considered, especially thos[illegible]rring to

(Continued o[illegible]

* * *

AN OLD SOLDIER BA[illegible]

Winona, Minn., Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Deerman, an old soldier, residing at Dresbach, in this county, was assaulted and badly mauled by a young man named O'Neil at the depot in Dresbach.

Deerman was smoking a pipe and O'Neill's mother knocked it from his mouth. Young O'Neill then took up the matter, and Deerman was pounded up about the head with a sledge hammer. [illegible] O'N[illegible] up. D[illegible] cuts o[illegible] sfigured, bu[illegible] complications [illegible]

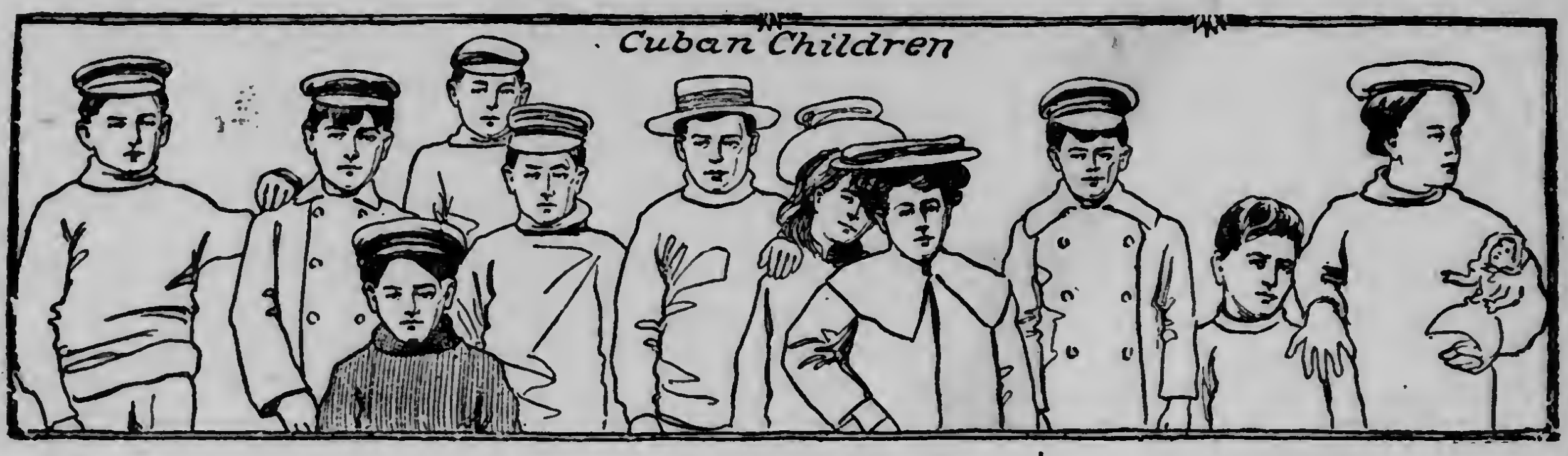
A wa[illegible] Deerman at the inst[illegible] and Deerman is in jail he[illegible] well known old soldier thr[illegible] this part of the state. It is [illegible] hat public sentiment at Dresbach is [illegible] ith Deerman.

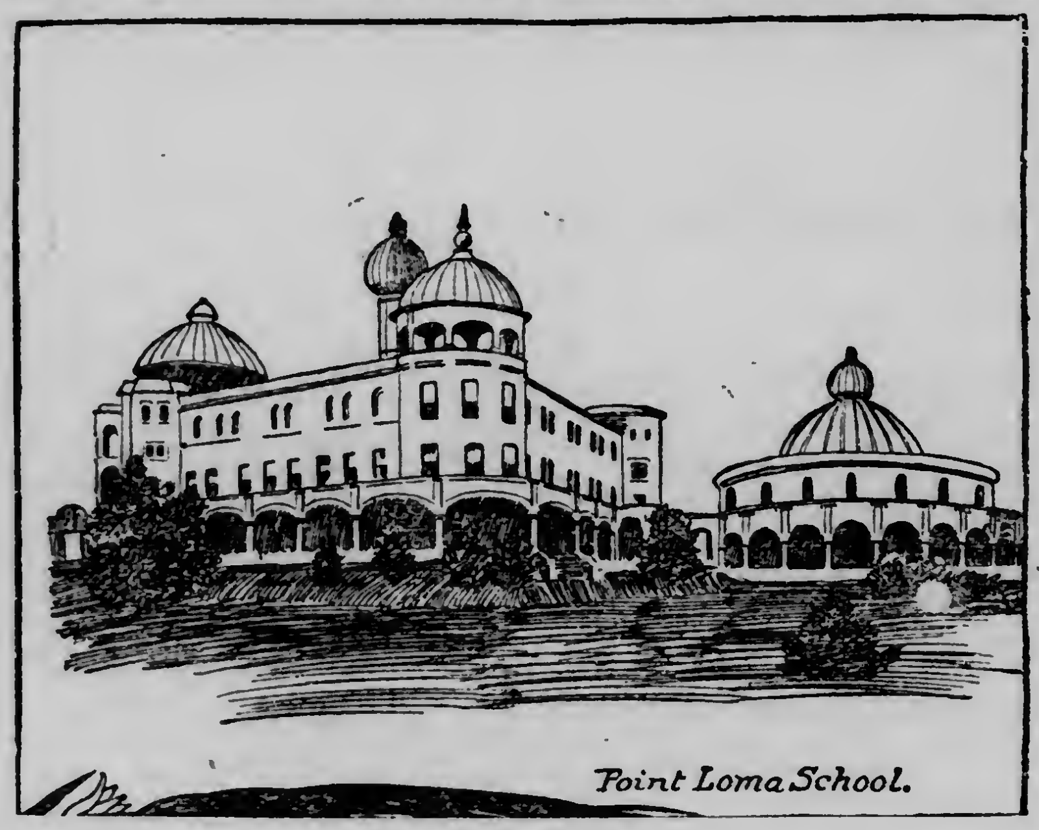
* * *

SILVELA TO FORM A CABINET

Madrid, Dec. 6.—King Alfonso today charged Silvela to form a conservative cabinet to succeed the Sagasta ministry, which resigned on Wednesday. The cortes will be dissolved, the king having consented to issue a decree to that effect before Christmas. Senor Silvela is busily conferring with his supporters. The portfolio of war has been offered to Gen. Linares, who was wounded at the battle of Santiago and who was minister of war in 1900.

GERRY SOCIETY IS BEATEN CUBAN CHILDREN RELEASED




Point Loma School.

Been Detained In New York For Several Weeks.

Will Immediately Proceed to Point Loma School.

Nothing Objectionable In Any Way Was Found to School.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The eleven Cnban children who have been detained at New York during the past several weeks by the immigration authorities were ordered released today by the treasury department and they will immediately proceed to Point Loma Universal Brotherhood school in California. This decision was reached after a hearing at the department today at which counsel for the Gerry society of New York and persons interested in the school were heard. The meeting was behind closed doors, but it developed the fact that the school is not objectionable in any way.

* * *

SIGNALS FROM PITCAIRN

Ship Passing the Island Saw Fires and Believes That the Mutineers From the Leicester Castle Were There.

New York, Dec. 6.—The captain of the British ship Howth, from Australia, reports, according to a Herald dispatch from San Francisco, that on Sept. 25, when off Pitcairn island, fire signals were noticeable. He says he made every effort to take his ship in, but he was baffled in his attempts by the severe weather. The captain is of the opinion that the mutineers of the Leicester Castle, whose story was told yesterday in a dispatch to the press from Queenstown, had reached Pitcairn island, and that the signals were due to the desire of the inhabitants to get rid of the undesirable visitors. The Leicester Castle shipped fourteen men at this port. These men signed the ship's articles before the British consul on July 25 last, the day before the vessel sailed out of the harbor. Among these men were James Turner, W. H. Hobbs and E. Sears and they were the only Americans among the crew.

They were shipped at a time when sailors were scarce in the port and Capt. Peattie refused to pay the regular shipping masters the price they asked for them. The fourteen men were picked up at various places along the water front, on street corners and in saloons.

* * *

HAD A BULLET IN HIS HEAD

St. Paul, Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Pomeroy, a young man rooming at 119½ West Third street, walked into Joseph Fecht's saloon, 147 West Third street, last night, with a bullet wound in his head, near the right temple. He said to Fecht that his revolver had been accidentally discharged while he was cleaning it in his room. Dr. Moore, police surgeon, dressed the wound, after which Pomeroy was taken to the city hospital in the ambulance. He will probably recover.

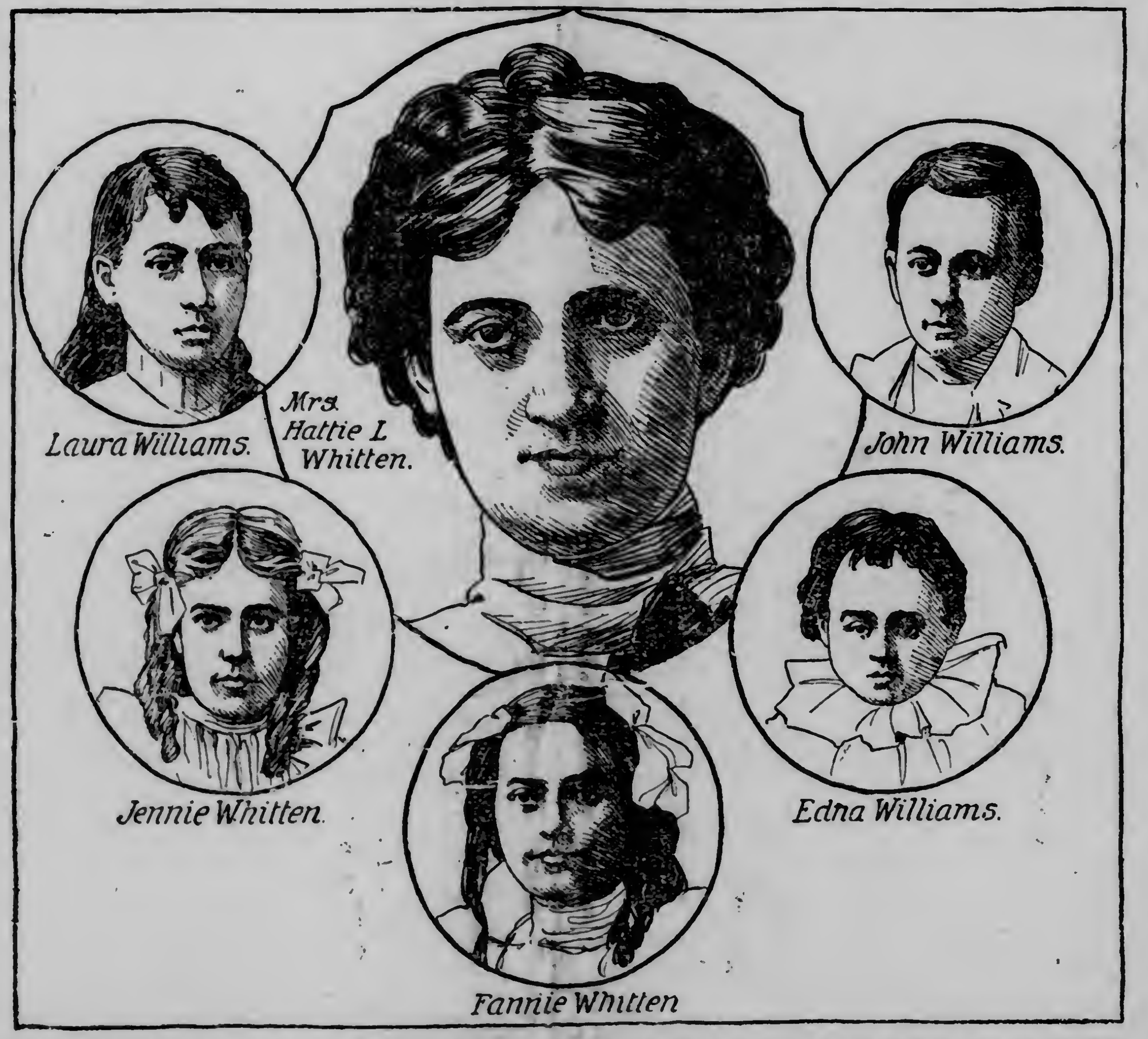
FOR TUMORS.

New Treatment Which Consists of Using Boiling Water.

New York, Dec. 6.—After tests covering two years, a physician of this city has announced a new method for treating tumors. It is by the use of boiling water. He uses a syringe with a metal cylinder and adjustable piton, with needles of varying size. Using the ordinary asceptic precautions, water is taken directly from a cauldron and injected into the substance of the tumor. The water must be at a temperature of from 190 to 212 degrees Fahrenheit, or even higher.

The water, he says, should be hot enough to coagulate the blood and the albuminoids of the tissues immediately, but it should not be forced in so extremely hot and under such pressure as to scald and produce a necesis of the skin. During the treatment the patient is put under the influence of narcotics.

* * *


Laura Williams.
Mrs. Hattie L. Whitten.
John Williams.
Jennie Whitten.
Edna Williams.
Fannie Whitten

FIVE YOUNG VICTIMS OF ALLEGED LIFE INSURANCE POISONERS AND AN ACCUSED MOTHER WHO KILLED HERSELF.

There seems to be strong evidence that child murder for insurance is increasing throughout the country. Mrs. Hattie I. Whitten of Dexter, Me., accused of poisoning her two children for a few hundred dollars of insurance money, hanged herself while under arrest. In Philadelphia the police are investigating the suspicious deaths of three Williams children and several others. It is said that hundreds of children are insured soon after they are born.

OUR MONETARY SYSTEM

Hugh H. Hanna Tells What Steps Should Be Taken For the Betterment of Present Financial Conditions.

Indianapolis, Dec. 6.—"What further steps should be taken at this time for the betterment of our monetary system?" Hugh H. Hanna was asked today.

"First," he replied, "our gold standard law of 1900 should be strengthened by machinery for maintaing parity between gold and silver. The public mind is prepared for as perfect a gold standard as can be established. A law providing for the payment of gold for silver at the treasury on demand is the one remaining step necessary to secure absolute parity of all our moneys. Both the Overstreet bill and the Hill bill introduced in the last session make full and wise provision.

"Second, an element of elasticity in our national bank currency should be provided. A small step, equal in amount to say 10 per cent of the capital of the bank, is sufficient for demonstrations of efficiency and safety.

"If its desirability is proved, gradual increase within a term of years to say 50 per cent of the amount of the capital with full and unquestioned provision for the redemption of notes of insolvent banks as afforded in the Lovering and other bills is the other step immediately necessary.

"The general subject appears complex and our people are therefore disinclined to study it. The principles are simple. The humblest citizen is interested in the perfection of money laws.

"Only the absolute assurance of parity will make a New York bill of exchange as acceptable in the commerce of the world as a bill of exchange on London.

"Assured parity of the metallic currency and scientific provision for elastic bank currency without risk of redemption, will not only strengthen the fibre of our domestic commercial interests, but will do more to make possible the sale of products of American labor than any other one act of legislation.

"That the president, secretary of the treasury, and the comptroller of the currency should also courageously at this time advocate such legislation indicates the growth of public opinion favorable to interest of all of our people without preference, the importance of which should arouse the business men to determined, timely support of the effort being made to secure congressional action."

* * *

SILVER CAUSED HIS DEATH

New York, Dec. 6.—A peculiar drowning is reported from Canarzie, L. I. With $300 in silver in his pockets, which he had saved for his wedding, Edward Porter was knocked from his sloop while returning to port and was drowned. Owing to the storm his crew could render no assistance, and weighted down by the coin, Porter, although a good swimmer, sank almost instantly.

* * *

A FARMER FROZEN TO DEATH

Rochester, Minn., Dec. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Schnorr, Jr., a young farmer living near Simpson, a few miles south of this city, was found yesterday in a corn field nearly buried in snow and frozen to death. He and a companin started home on foot during the intense cold of Wednesday night under the influence of liquor, and as Schnorr failed to reach his destination, a searching party was formed, which finally found the remains almost by accident, near St. Bridgett's church. He leaves a widow and three children.

DEFECTIVE PAGE